



End Violence Global threats and trends

21 November 2019

Council of Europe, Strasbourg

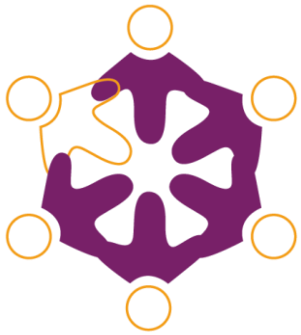
Octopus Cybercrime Conference



WHAT IS END VIOLENCE?

- Global Partnership to End Violence against Children
- Platform for movement to end violence against children everywhere in all forms
- Supports actions that realise commitment to **SDG 16.2 and related targets**

End Violence **three objectives:**



**Grow demand
for change**



**Mobilise new
resources**



**Equip
practitioners**



1 billion


children experience violence every year. That's at least half of the world's children.

120 million

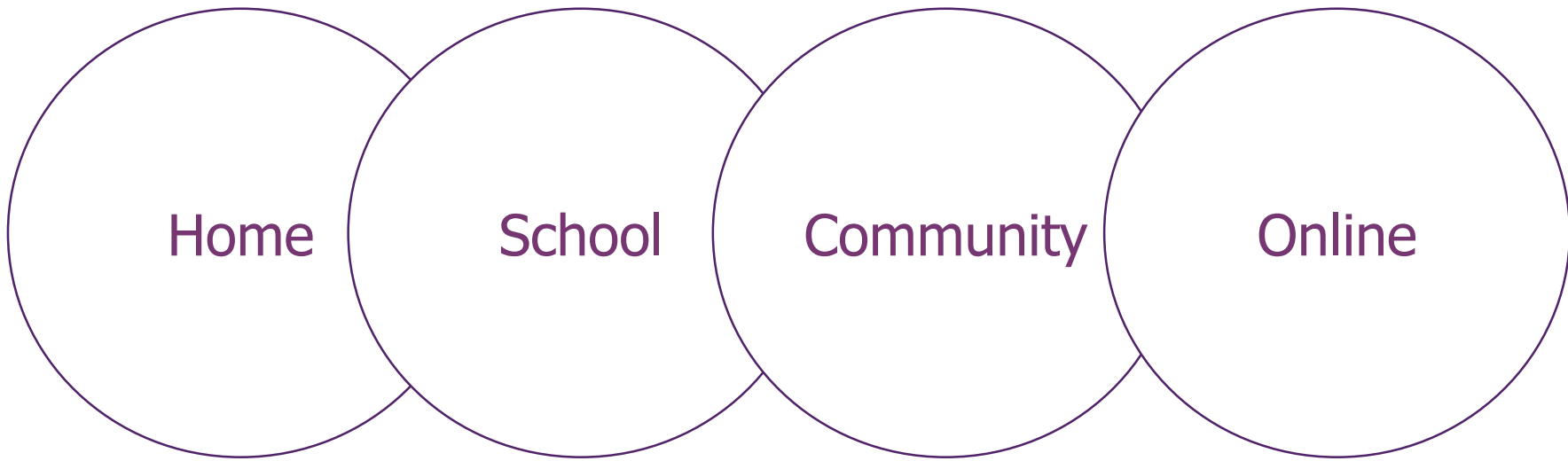
girls have experienced **sexual violence**

9 in 10

children live in countries where **corporal punishment** is not fully prohibited.



Environments





Going Online: Opportunity, Risk & Harm

- Increasing Internet penetration and use of ICTs
- Unprecedented opportunities for communication and exchange
- Ease of access to and use of social media apps
- More children and adults going online

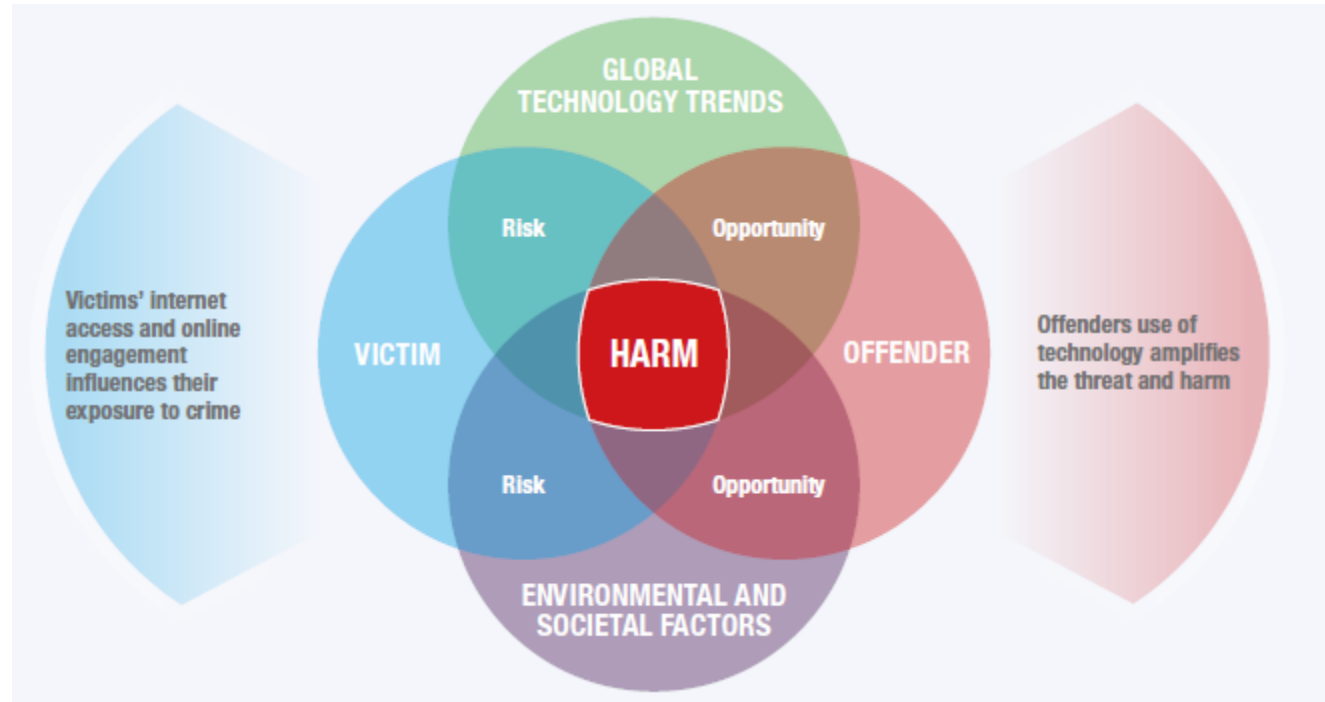


Victimisation



Global Threat Assessment 2018

WePROTECT Global Alliance

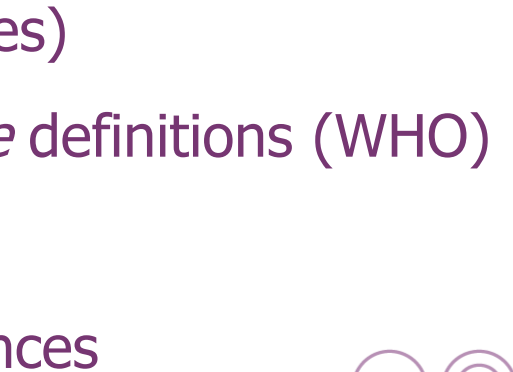




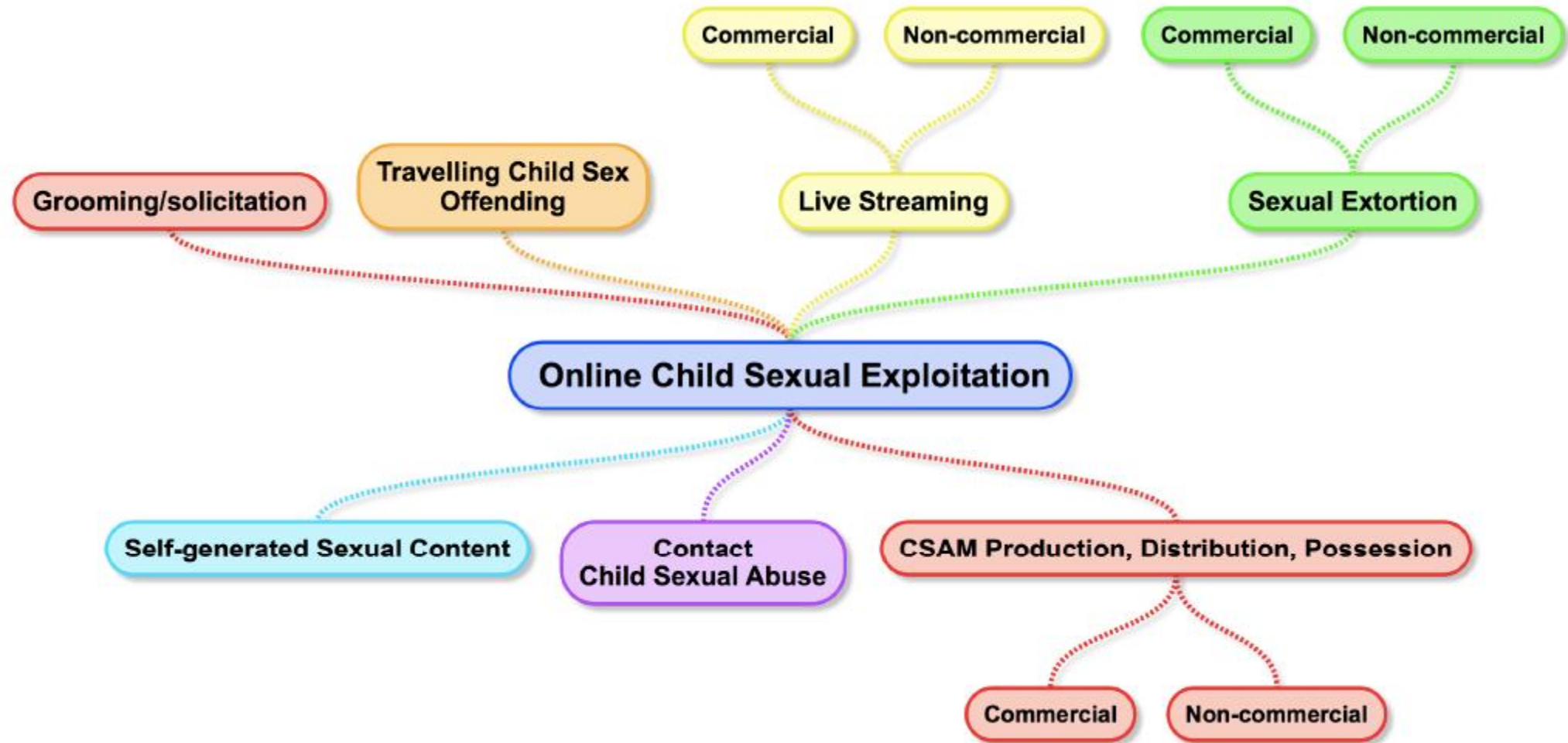
Definitions

- Lack of universal definitions, typologies and terminology
- Conceptual challenges
- Language and cultural challenges



- Terminology Guidelines for the Protection of Children from Sexual Exploitation and Sexual Abuse (Luxembourg Guidelines)
 - *Legal* (CRC, Council of Europe, EU) vs. *descriptive* definitions (WHO)
 - *Online* and *offline* environments
 - *Content*-related offences and *contact*-related offences
- 

Online Child Sexual Exploitation Activities



Online Child Sexual Exploitation: Towards an Optimal International Response

Victoria Baines, Oxford Internet Institute and Bournemouth University

<https://www.researchgate.net/publication/327306300> Online Child Sexual Exploitation Towards an Optimal International Response




Trends

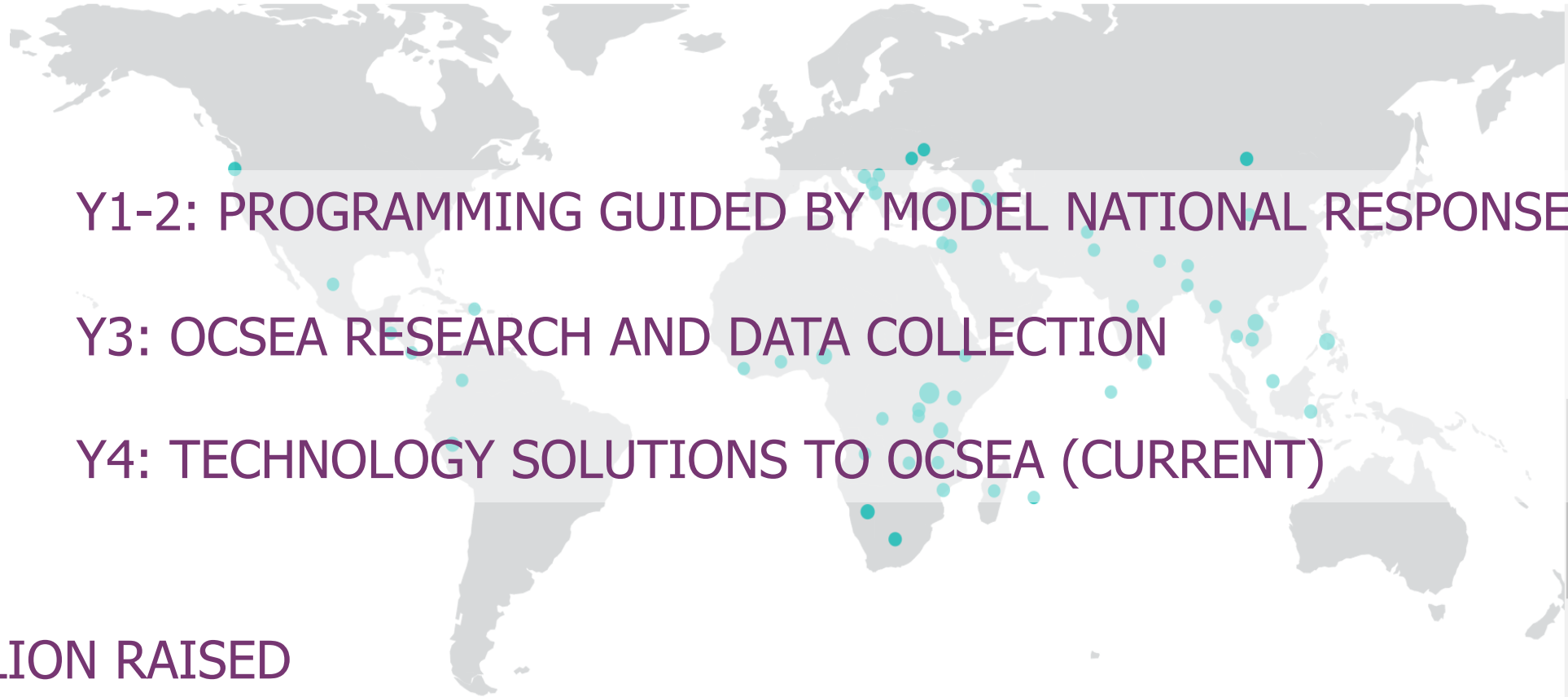
- Child Sexual Abuse Material (CSAM) volume/circulation continues to increase
 - Self-generated exploitation material (SGEM) more common and problematic
 - CSEA to order including via live streaming → new commercial models
 - Detected CSAM shows increase in reports relating to Global South
 - Most CSAM still hosted on image hosting sites on open web
 - Darknet bulletin boards increasingly popular for sharing
 - Offences may involve multiple tech platforms and services
 - Increased use of social media apps used to victimize children
 - Continued use of anonymization and encryption by perpetrators
- 



Victims and perpetrators

- Girls and boys
 - All age categories but majority pre-pubescent (CSAM)
 - More severe abuse associated with younger victims (CSAM)
 - Younger children falling victim to OCSEA inc. grooming, sexual extortion
 - No clear profile of perpetrators
 - Perpetrators include under 18s
 - Online dimension of CSEA
 - Expands demographic and relationships between victims & perpetrators
 - Amplifies impact for victims and survivors (revictimisation)
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Equipping Practitioners: End Violence Fund



Y1-2: PROGRAMMING GUIDED BY MODEL NATIONAL RESPONSE

Y3: OCSEA RESEARCH AND DATA COLLECTION

Y4: TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS TO OCSEA (CURRENT)

\$ 68 MILLION RAISED

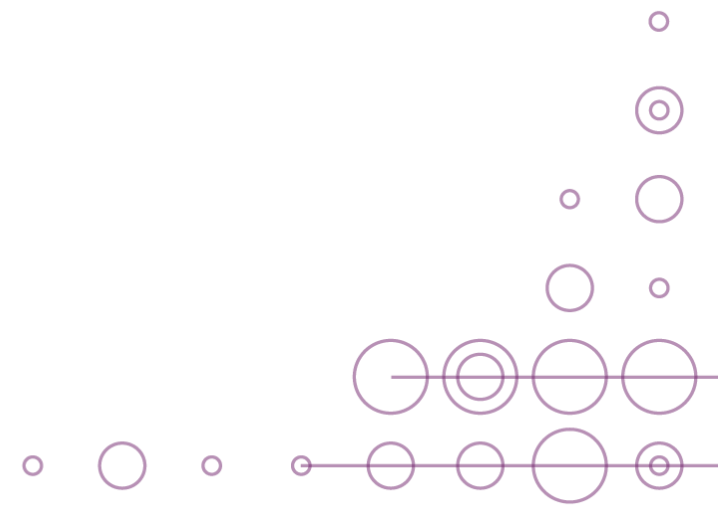
\$ 37.6 MILLION INVESTED

49 RECIPIENTS OF GRANTS

27 NATIONAL + REGIONAL + GLOBAL AWARDS



End Violence and the Council of Europe

- **Who:** Child Rights Division
 - **When:** July 2018 – December 2020
 - **What:** End Online Child Sexual Exploitation and Abuse @ Europe
 - **With:** All 47 Council of Europe Member States
 - **Focus:** Albania, Bosnia & Herzegovina, Georgia, Republic of Moldova, Montenegro, Serbia, Turkey
 - **Pilot:** Armenia, Azerbaijan, Ukraine
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Common Challenges → Response

- Improve legislation & enforcement
 - Secure stakeholder commitment
 - Build multi-stakeholder collaboration
 - Develop localized capacity & expertise
 - Support research & data collection
 - Ensure evidence-based interventions to inform policy & programming
 - Educate to inform & address social norms and taboos
 - Expand access to technology solutions
 - Address prevention & response in relation to perpetrators of CSEA
 - Streamline advocacy & communications
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Researching OCSEA: Disrupting Harm

Evidence from 14 countries on the context, threats and children's perspectives of online child sexual exploitation and abuse

Three Partners

Context: ECPAT














Threat: INTERPOL

Voices of Children: UNICEF

Office of Research Innocenti

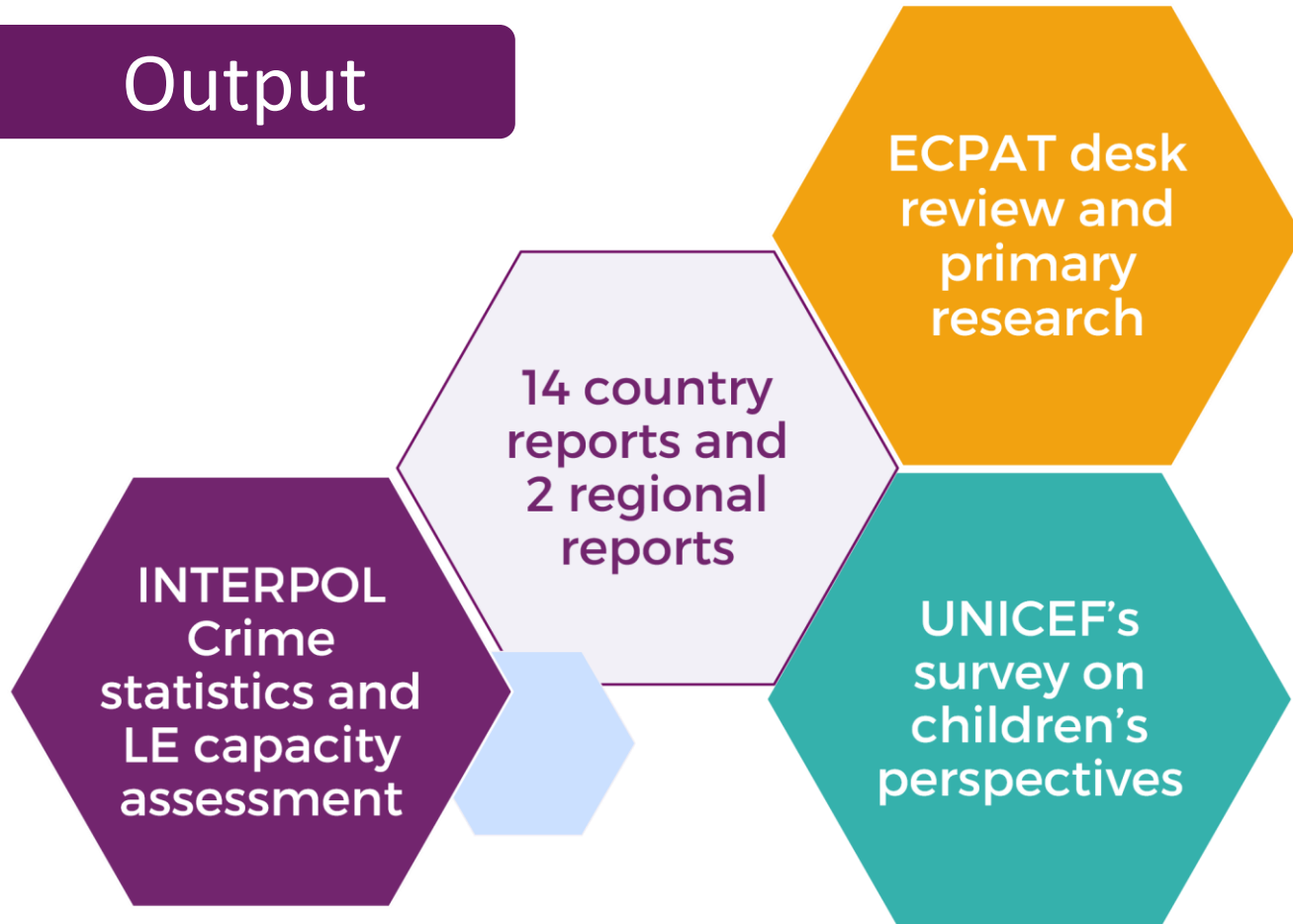


14 Countries

 Ethiopia	 Indonesia
 Uganda	 Malaysia
 Kenya	 Thailand
 Rwanda	 Cambodia
 Tanzania	 Vietnam
 Mozambique	 Philippines
 South Africa	
 Namibia	

Disrupting Harm

Output



Investing in tech solutions – 2019 Open call

2019 OPEN CALL



WE ARE LOOKING FOR TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS
TO MAKE DIGITAL SPACES SAFE FOR CHILDREN

THE FOUR OBJECTIVES:

- 1** – Detect, remove and report images and videos of child sexual abuse
- 2** – Block adults' access to children on digital platforms intended to sexually abuse them
- 3** – Stop live-streaming of child sexual abuse
- 4** – Prevent online sexual abuse of children



THANK YOU

www.end-violence.org

@GPtoEndViolence



**End Violence
Against Children**

