Formal education
Access to formal
education for schoolage migrant children

INTRODUCTIO N

### HERVE LECOMTE

Secretary General of the International Office of Catholic Education



AUSTRIA

Integrating
Immigrant
Children
at Catholic
Schools in
Austria



## The Austrian Situation

- Two major peeks of refugee immigration in the more recent past (and present)
  - 2015 (from the Middle East)
  - Since 2022 from the Ukraine
- In 2015: 400 refugees admitted at Catholic schools free of charge
- Since 2022: over 300 Ukrainian students accepted at Catholic schools free of charge and with little buerocracy
- Many more children with a family background of migration (in some Cath. Schools over 60%)
- Good collaboration with state and religious authorities



# The Austrian specifity:

Religious Education for every acknowledged Religious Community

- > Students have to attend the religious education class of their own denomination or religion or choose a Christian RE class if they have no religious denomination
- ➤ Good cooperation between different RE classes: interreligious projects, cooperative models of RE → Building bridges between different cultures
- > RE essential contribution to (cultural) identity formation: learning about one's own culture in dialogue with the local culture
- > Interreligious and intercultural dialogue as contribution to democracy and peace formation



Intercultural learning through integration of different cultures

#### Samir from Bosnia:

"As a Muslim pupil representative of a Catholic School I can only praise my school, since it is only here that I experienced the great value of my mother tongue and my own cultural background. It is here that I really feel a sense of appreciation and acknowledged diversity."







# Challenges

Language deficits

Aligning
different levels
of achievement
and educational
systems

Psychological (post war) trauma

Cultural conflicts

radicalisation





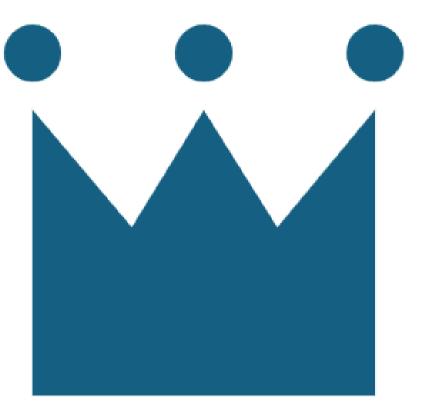
### Measures

- Conflict management programmes, peer mediation
- Peer learning
- "German as a second language"
- Intensive work with parents
- Workshops on gender sensitivity, gender roles
- Interreligious and intercultural projects
- Creating a "culture of welcome"









# SCOTLAND

# Welcome to OUR Communit

 $\mathbf{y}$ 

Anne Munro (Head Teacher)

Emanuella Victor-Asia (S6 Pupil)



### Our Context

- Roman Catholic secondary school
- Approximately 900 young people
- Greenock, outside Glasgow on the River Clyde
- Area of deprivation but increasingly rich in diversity. Welcoming young people from Italy, Ukraine, Philippines, Nigeria, Ghana, Pakistan and Sudan



#### **NOTRE DAME HIGH SCHOOL**

#### Belief '

We aspire to live by the Gospel Values, each

We believe in ourselves and in each other. We support and encourage each other to be the best versions of ourselves.

#### **Perseverance**

and every day.

We strive to develop our God-given talents to the best of our abilities.

We respond to challenges with determination and resilience.

We are confident in seeking support to help us achieve and progress.

#### Respect

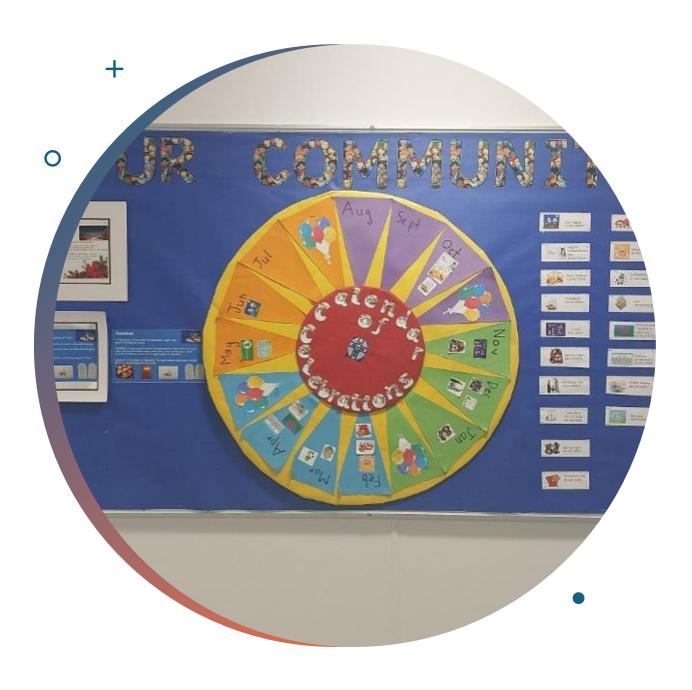
We are kind, caring and respectful of ourselves and others. We value positive relationships and they are at the centre of all that we do.

We are an important part of our school and wider community and take pride in it.

# Testimony





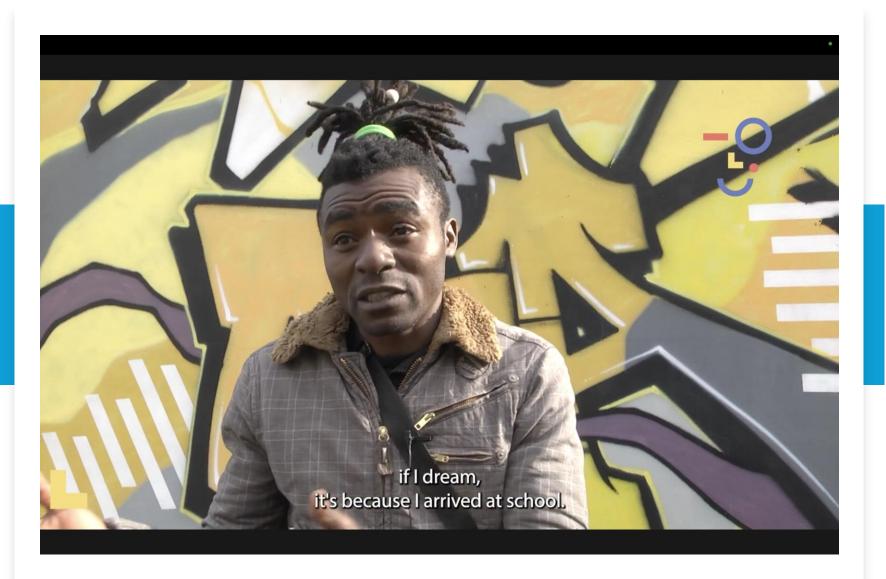


How Are We Doing and How Do We Know?

- Engagement
- Education
- Enrichment



## FRANCE



The reception of young migrants in Catholic schools in the West of France

Conclus ion

#### LOUIS-MARIE PIRON

Secretary General of the CEEC (European Committee for Catholic Education)