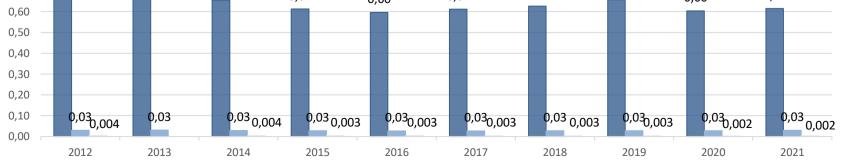


Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*

■ 1st instance ■ 2nd instance ■ Supreme Court

0,80										
0,80	0.69	0.00								
0.70	0,68	0,68	0,66				0.62	0.66		
0,70			0,00	0.61	0.60	0.61	0,63	0,00	0.60	0.61



1

* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Sweden

_											Trend	Varia	tions
Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	10 379 295	10 452 326		9,4%	0,7%
GDP per capita	43 867	44 384	42 800	46 378	46 125	46 632	46 117	43 560	47 455	50 876		16,0%	7,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	8,57	8,86	9,43	9,20	9,56	9,80	10,20	11,16	10,05	10,26		19,8%	2,1%
Average annual salary	41 733		39 948		41 168		40 706	37 955	43 092	43 384		4,0%	0,7%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	11,8	11,7	11,8	11,8	11,8	11,8	11,9	11,5	11,6	11,9		0,9%	2,6%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	54,1	48,9	49,2	48,7	48,6	50,3	50,9	47,6	48,1	47,7		-11,8%	-0,8%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									10,1	10,8			7,8%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									5,0	5,5			10,3%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	54,9	56,2	57,2	58,9	57,7	58,4	58,6	58,1	60,3	61,6		12,2%	2,1%
Mediators	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,685	0,679	0,656	0,612	0,596	0,612	0,627	0,657	0,604	0,615		-10,2%	1,8%
Administrative law cases	1,086	1,1	1,1	1,034	1,440	1,616	1,635	1,715	1,848	1,703	milli	56,9%	-7,9%
Total criminal law cases									1,156	1,171			1,4%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentange points)	2020-2021 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	99%	101%	104%	104%	99%	100%	97%	97%	103%	103%		3,86	-0,16
CR administrative law cases	105%	101%	103%	104%	94%	90%	97%	102%	102%	103%		-1,42	1,09
CR total criminal law cases									96%	100%			3,66

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	161	148		-17,3%	-8,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	107	102	IIIIIIIII	-19,4%	-4,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									149	142			-4,9%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,33	0,32	0,29	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,28	0,29	0,27	0,26		-22,8%	-6,7%
Administrative law cases	0,39	0,38	0,35	0,31	0,43	0,59	0,63	0,60	0,55	0,49	milli	<mark>24</mark> ,7%	-10,9%
Total criminal law cases									0,45	0,45			0,1%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentange points)	2020-2021 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			106%	102%	103%	98%	102%	95%	96%	101%			4,32
CR administrative law cases			90%	97%	97%	114%	93%	97%	110%	97%			-12,75
CR total criminal law cases									93%	92%			-0,06

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			106	107	100	109	96	117	128	111			-12,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)			178	188	148	63	96	106	68	92	lltau		35,4 %
DT total criminal law cases (days)									156	169			8,5%

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentange points)	2020-2021 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			99%	105%	106%	110%	96%	108%	101%	95%			-5,96
CR administrative law cases			112%	101%	99%	95%	110%	101%	97%	97%			0,56
CR total criminal law cases									96%	98%			1,43

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			159	139	112	98	117	96	127	134	linuit		5,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)			92	94	105	122	82	83	94	99			5,9%

DT total criminal law cases (days)



2

45

1. Judicial organisation in Sweden (2021 data)

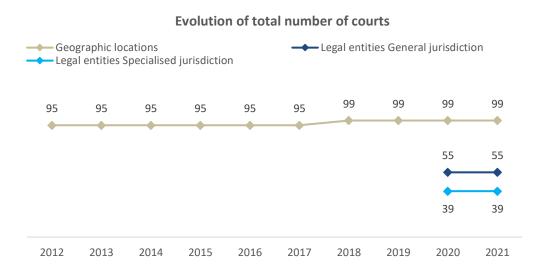
In 2021 in Sweden, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 94. Namely, there are 55 courts of general jurisdiction and 39 specialised courts. Among the 55 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 48 District courts act at first instance and deal with criminal and civil cases and various kinds of other matters such as adoption, administrators, bankruptcy and special representatives. The 6 Courts of appeal act as second instance courts of general jurisdiction, while the Supreme court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction.

Among the 39 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 31 are of first instance, while 8 are higher instance specialised courts (infra).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 99 courts among which 84 are of first instance. In fact, the number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction is 48, but five of these also operate in another location in addition to the main location. Thus, the total of first instance courts as geographic locations is equal to 48+5+31 (first instance specialised courts) = 84.

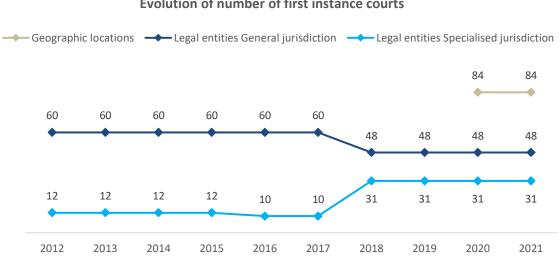
Evolution of total number of courts

.		Legal er	ntities
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	95		
2013	95		
2014	95		
2015	95		
2016	95		
2017	95		
2018	99		
2019	99		
2020	99	55	39
2021	99	55	39

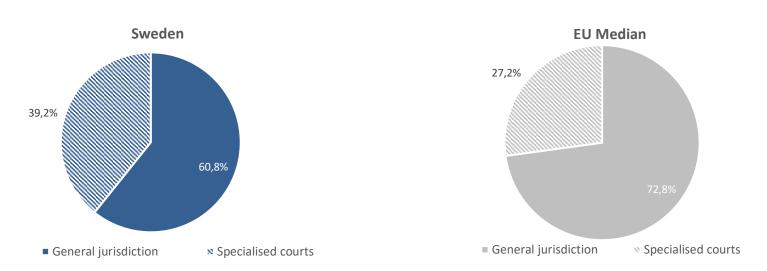


Evolution of number of first instance courts

	O	Legal er	ntities
First instance courts	Geographic locations	General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		60	12
2013		60	12
2014		60	12
2015		60	12
2016		60	10
2017		60	10
2018		48	31
2019		48	31
2020	84	48	31
2021	84	48	31



It should be recalled that the variations observed in 2018 stem from a change in the methodology of presentation of data and are not due to any reform or judicial reorganisation. More precisely, for the 2018-2020 evaluation cycle, the replies have been adjusted to comply with the CEPEJ definitions.



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts

The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 60,8% - 39,2% (distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%). Thus, the part of the specialised courts in Sweden is above the EU median.

Evolution of number of first instance courts

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	31	8
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	1	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	12	5
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	18	3

The 12 administrative courts are the courts of first instance that deal with cases involving disputes between individuals/companies and authorities. These courts settle more than 500 different types of cases. Common types of cases are tax cases, social insurance cases, cases under the Social Services Act and cases concerning compulsory care.

The Patent and Market Court deals with issues relating to market law and intellectual property. There is one first-instance Patent and Market Court. Its decisions can be appealed to the Patent and Market Court of Appeal.

Land and Environment courts process cases such as permits for water operations and environmentally hazardous operations, issues of health protection, nature conservation, refuse collection, polluted areas and hazardous waste, environmentally-related damages, and compensation issues, issues of building, demolition and land permits under the Planning and Building Act, site leaseholds, appeals in planning matters, land parcelling, utility easements and expropriation. There are five Land and Environment Courts, which are specialized courts at the District Courts in Nacka, Vänersborg, Växjö, Umeå and Östersund. The Land and Environment Courts' decisions can be appealed to the Land and Environment Court of Appeal in Stockholm.

Migration courts review decisions made by the Swedish Migration Board on matters concerning aliens and citizenship. There are four Migration Courts, they are specialized courts which are part of the Administrative Courts in Malmö, Göteborg, Stockholm and Luleå. The Migration Courts' decisions can be appealed to the Migration Court of Appeal in Stockholm.

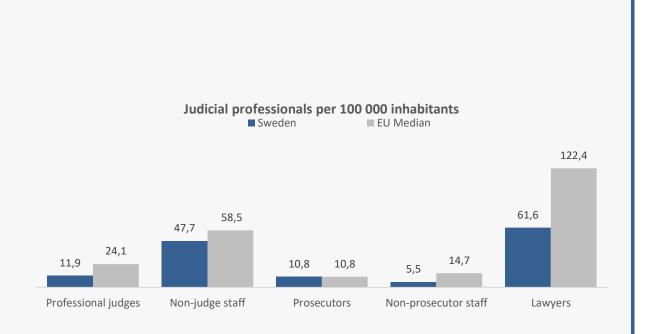
Maritime courts deal with cases under the Swedish Maritime Code (1994:1009). There are seven maritime courts, which are part of the District Courts in Luleå, Sundsvall, Stockholm, Kalmar, Malmö, Gothenburg and Karlstad.

Sweden also has 2 special courts, which are completely separated from the general and administrative courts and their organization, meaning that they have a more farreaching separation from the general and administrative courts. Those are the Labour Court and the Swedish Foreign Intelligence Court. The Labour Court deals with labour disputes, i.e., disputes in the frame of employers and employees' relationships; the Labour Court is normally the first and only instance competent in labour disputes. Nevertheless, some labour disputes are heard first in a district court, after which an appeal may be lodged with the Labour Court as the court of second and final instance. Rent and Tenancy Tribunals are not included because they are not courts, but administrative agencies. These are quasi-judicial bodies which hold similar powers to the courts and make decision on disputes involving rents, tenant-ownerships and leaseholds.

Judicial professionals (summary)

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	1 240	11,9	24,1
Non-judge staff	4 989	47,7	58,5
Prosecutors	1 133	10,8	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	580	5,5	14,7
Lawyers	6 436	61,6	122,4



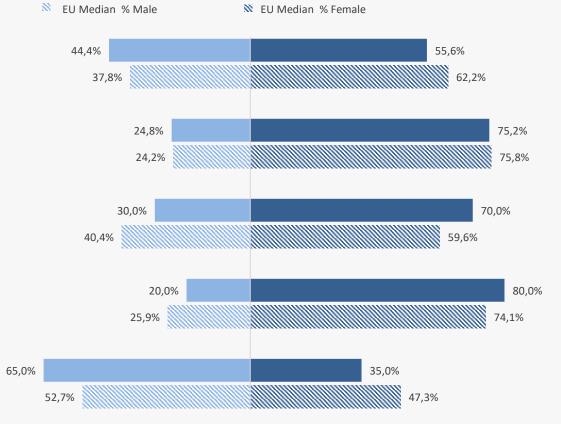
Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	44,4%	55,6%
Non judge staff	24,8%	75,2%
Prosecutors	30,0%	70,0%
Non-prosecutor staff	20,0%	80,0%
Lawyers	65,0%	35,0%





Sweden % Male

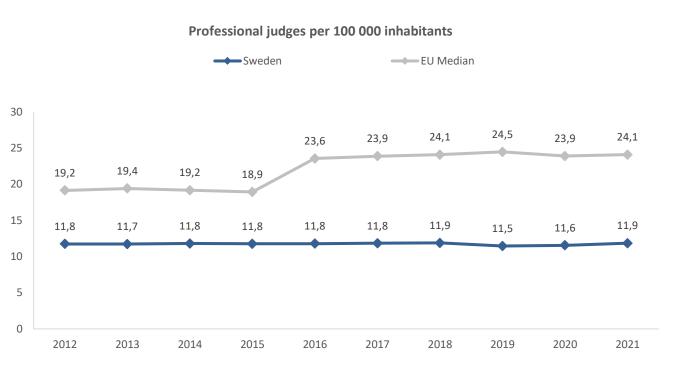


Sweden % Female

Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional	Absolute Number	Per 100 000) inhabitants
judges	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median
2012	1 123	11,8	19,2
2013	1 132	11,7	19,4
2014	1 150	11,8	19,2
2015	1 159	11,8	18,9
2016	1 179	11,8	23,6
2017	1 199	11,8	23,9
2018	1 217	11,9	24,1
2019	1 184	11,5	24,5
2020	1 200	11,6	23,9
2021	1 240	11,9	24,1



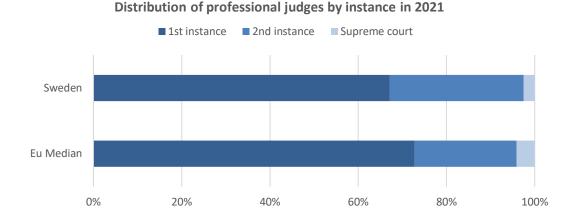
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Sweden is 1 240, which is 3,3% more than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Sweden, there are 11,86 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,02 non-judge staff per judge.

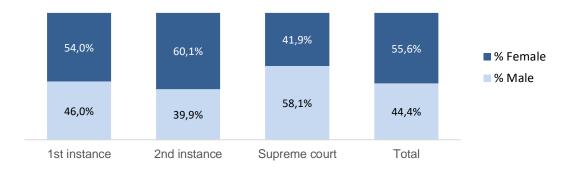
There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,16 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	833	67,2%	383	450	46,0%	54,0%
2nd instance	376	30,3%	150	226	39,9%	60,1%
Supreme court	31	2,5%	18	13	58,1%	41,9%
Total	1 240		551	689	44,4%	55,6%



Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Sweden



7

In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 689, which represents 55,6% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 833 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 450 are Female); 376 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 226 are Female) and 31 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 13 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Sweden is similar. However, we can notice that the predomination of first instance judges is less pronounced, second instance judges are more numerous, while third instance judges are fewer.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	833	NA	NA	218	NAP
2nd instance	376	NA	NA	121	NAP
Supreme court	31	NA	NA	15	NAP
Total	1 240	NA	NA	354	NAP

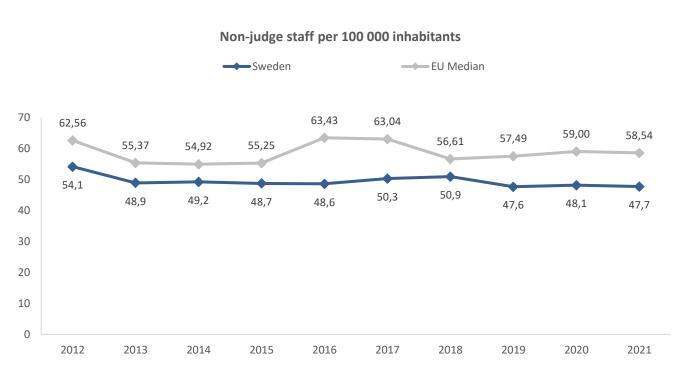
In Sweden, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	26,2%	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	32,2%	NAP
Supreme court	NA	NA	48,4%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	28,5%	NAP

Only the number of administartive judges can be identified given that in courts of general jurisdiction, judges working with civil and/or commercial cases also work with criminal cases and vice versa.

Number of non-judge	Absolute Number	Per 100 000) inhabitants
staff	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median
2012	5 173	54,1	62,6
2013	4 716	48,9	55,4
2014	4 797	49,2	54,9
2015	4 800	48,7	55,2
2016	4 859	48,6	63,4
2017	5 088	50,3	63,0
2018	5 208	50,9	56,6
2019	4 921	47,6	57,5
2020	4 996	48,1	59,0
2021	4 989	47,7	58,5



In 2021, Sweden has 4 989 non-judge staff (of which 3 754 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -0,1%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 48,1 in 2020 to 47,7 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 11,6 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 11,9 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	4 989	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	3 364	67,4%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	694	13,9%
Technical staff	174	3,5%
Other	757	15,2%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

 $_{\circ}$ 3 364 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 2 723 are Female);

694 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 456 are Female);

• 174 technical staff (of which 49 are Female);

• 757 other (of which 526 are Female);

The category "Other non-judge staff" includes junior judges and associate judges in the judicial training program. A junior judge deals with the court's (court of first instance) business in the same way as the permanent judges, but with a smaller workload and with some exceptions as to types of cases handled. An acting associate judge (in a court of appeal) deals with the court's business in the same way as the permanent judges, but with a smaller workload. However, an associate judge is never a presiding judge.

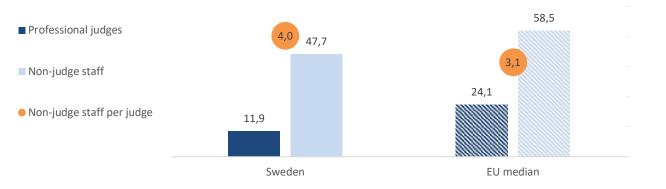
The numbers do not include staff on leave or Swedish National Courts Administration (SNCA) employees. The SNCA is a government agency responsible for the service organisation of courts,

namely the overall coordination and joint issues. It has no authority over the courts' judicial business or their verdicts. It also provides support to the courts, rental and tenancy tribunals and the National Legal Aid Authority and the Legal Aid Board. It deals with issues related to staff development, training and information, development of regulations, instructions and guidance. It ensures that operations are conducted in an effective and accessible way for citizens.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Sweden	EU median
Professional judges	11,9	24,1
Non-judge staff	47,7	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,0	3,1

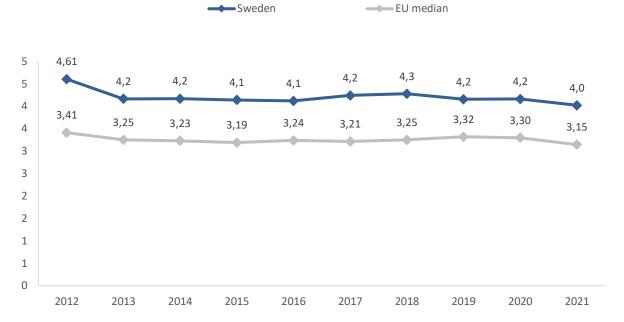
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.		ofessional judges and udge staff
	Sweden	Sweden	Sweden	EU median
2012	11,8	54,1	4,61	3,4
2013	11,7	48,9	4,2	3,3
2014	11,8	49,2	4,2	3,2
2015	11,8	48,7	4,1	3,2
2016	11,8	48,6	4,1	3,2
2017	11,8	50,3	4,2	3,2
2018	11,9	50,9	4,3	3,3
2019	11,5	47,6	4,2	3,3
2020	11,6	48,1	4,2	3,3
2021	11,9	47,7	4,0	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

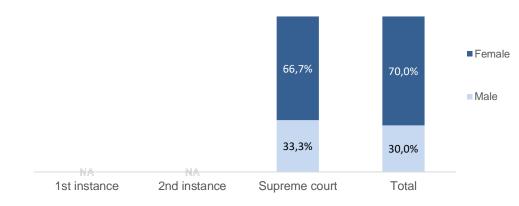


Public prosecutors

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Supreme court	12	1,1%	4	8	33,3%	66,7%
Total	1 133		340	793	30,0%	70,0%

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Sweden presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, cases at first and second instance level are handled by the same prosecutors. Indeed, all Swedish prosecutors have the mandate to act at first instance as well as second instance level. The total number of prosecutors at first and second instance level is 1121, 336 males and 785 females). However, only the Prosecutor General and specifically appointed prosecutors working in the Office of the Prosecutor General have the mandate to act in the Supreme Court.

In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 793, which represents 70,0% of the total number of prosecutors.

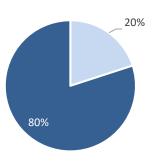
Within the total number of prosecutors 12 intervene at third instance (of which 8 are female).

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	580	116	464

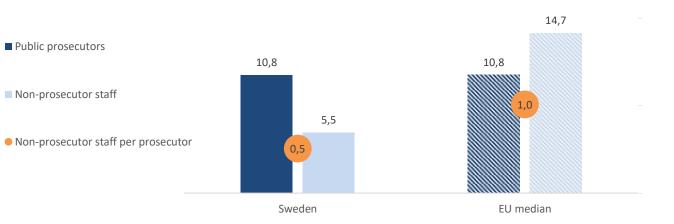
Non-prosecutor staff by gender

Male Female



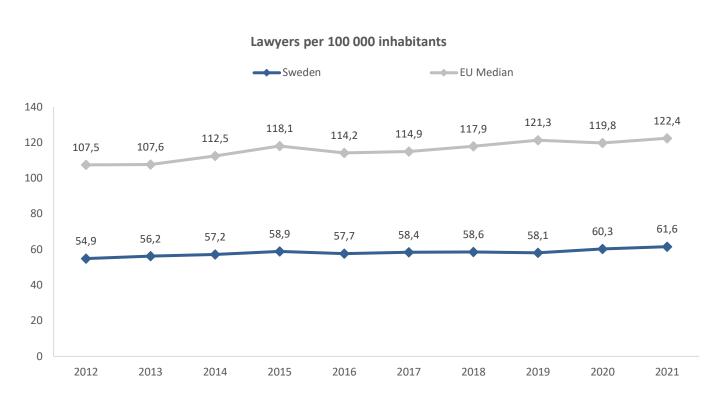
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Sweden	EU median
Public prosecutors	10,8	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	5,5	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,5	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Lawyers

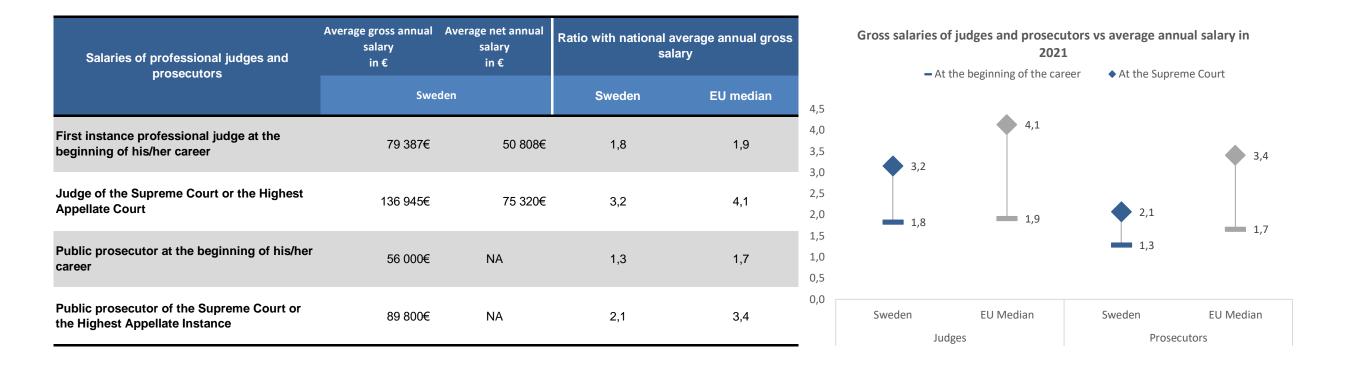
1	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants				
Lawyers	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median			
2012	5 246	54,9	107,5			
2013	5 422	56,2	107,6			
2014	5 575	57,2	112,5			
2015	5 800	58,9	118,1			
2016	5 767	57,7	114,2			
2017	5 911	58,4	114,9			
2018	6 000	58,6	117,9			
2019	6 000	58,1	121,3			
2020	6 257	60,3	119,8			
2021	6 436	61,6	122,4			



In 2021, there are 6 436 lawyers, which is 2,9% more than in 2020. There are 2254 female lawyers which is 35% of the total.

Sweden has 61,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Sweden of 79 387€ is more than 50% above when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 1,83 compared with EU median of : 1,90.

The Swedish Prosecution Authority cannot provide net annual salary, since it is not possible to calculate it accurately. More precisely, the net annual salary is not stated as the level of income tax varies depending on the income and domicile.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Sweden (2021 data)

In Sweden, legal aid is available for :

According to section 19 of the Legal Aid Act, an individual who is granted legal aid does not have to pay fees to the Swedish Enforcement Authority. Put differently, legal aid covers fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions, regardless of the type of case.

In criminal cases, legal aid can be granted for travel expenses and subsistence in respect of the accused person. The later can also be granted legal aid for expenses for witnesses who are not called by the prosecutor. In other than criminal cases, an individual granted with legal aid can have expenses covered for travelling and subsistence, evidence in court, investigation costs to a certain amount (10 000 SEK, approximately 1 000 EUR) and costs for a mediator appointed by the court, or advisor.

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Complete data on number of cases granted with legal aid cannot be provided. The National Legal Aid Authority (NLAA) has granted legal aid in 483 cases in 2021. However, the total number of cases for which legal aid has been granted cannot be properly estimated. This is due to the fact that decisions on granting of legal aid can also be issued by the Swedish courts and the NLAA cannot ensure that the courts have provided accurate data on the numbers of cases for which they have granted legal aid. However, according to the NLAA statistics regarding 2021, a total of 6 321 cases have been closed/settled by the NLAA. 5 814 of these cases have started in the courts, whereas 507 have been initiated directly at the NLAA.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

 Maximum duration 	n prescribed in law/regulations:	NAP
--------------------------------------	----------------------------------	-----

• Actual average duration: NA

According to the National Legal Aid Authority, when the application was being processed by the NLAA, the median from application to decision was 8 days in 2021.

4. Performance of courts in Sweden (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

• Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

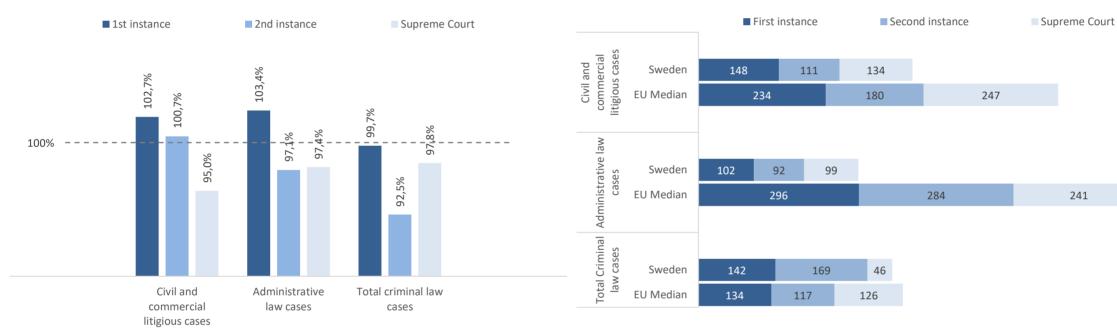
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	efficiency Ince and	Civil and comme	rcial litigious cases	Administrat	ive law cases	Total criminal law cases		
	e matter	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median	
	1st instance	102,7%	102,5%	103,4%	101,7%	99,7%	100,0%	
Clearance Rate (%)	2nd instance	100,7%	100,4%	97,1%	96,8%	92,5%	98,5%	
	Supreme Court	95,0%	98,9%	97,4%	100,4%	97,8%	98,3%	
	1st instance	148	234	102	296	142	134	
Disposition Time (days)	2nd instance	111	180	92	284	169	117	
	Supreme Court	134	232	99	241	46	126	

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)



DispositionTime by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)

Generally speaking, when analysing all instances combined, in 2021, administrative proceedings appear to be the fastest in Sweden. This is in contrast with the trend observed in the EU for the reference year; namely, administrative proceedings appear as the longest, while criminal proceedings seem to be the shortest in the EU. Indeed, in all matters, the total length of proceedings in Sweden is below the respective EU median, especially in administrative, but also civil litigations.

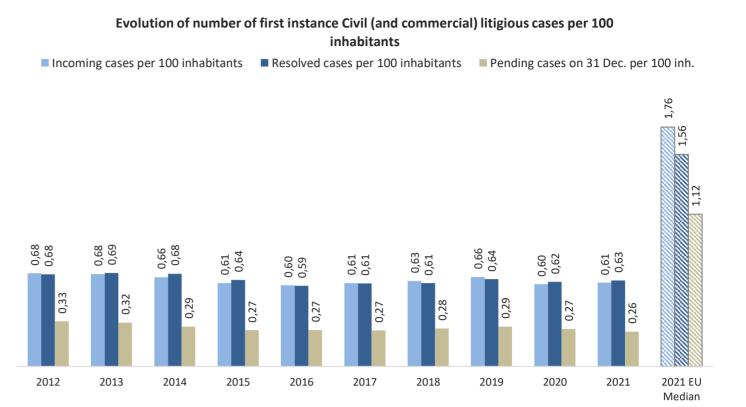
At first instance, the Clearance Rate indicator is satisfactory in all matters, while the Disposition Time indicator is slightly above the EU median only in respect of criminal cases. At second instance, courts also seem to be the less efficient in criminal matters with a Clearance Rate below the 100% threshold and a Disposition Time above the EU median. At third instance, for all matters the Clearance Rate indicator remains below the 100%, but the Disposition Time is considerably below the EU median values.

In 2021, it seems that courts experienced difficulties in terms of efficiency only in respect of second instance criminal cases. Indeed, the number of incoming criminal cases has increased at second instance, as well as the number of pending cases at the end of 2021, due to the fact that the number of criminal cases has increased in first instance during the last few years.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,68	0,68	0,33
2013	0,68	0,69	0,32
2014	0,66	0,68	0,29
2015	0,61	0,64	0,27
2016	0,60	0,59	0,27
2017	0,61	0,61	0,27
2018	0,63	0,61	0,28
2019	0,66	0,64	0,29
2020	0,60	0,62	0,27
2021	0,61	0,63	0,26
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



The number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Sweden (0,61 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants). The number of resolved civil (and commercial) litigious cases in 2021 in Sweden (0,63 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants). The number of pending civil (and commercial) litigious cases at the end of 2021 in Sweden (0,26 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

	Cleanan		Disposition Time (days)				
First instance Civil (and	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition Time (days)				
commercial) litigious cases	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median			
2012	98,8%	100,4%	179	218			
2013	101,0%	101,2%	171	247			
2014	103,9%	101,8%	157	201			
2015	103,9%	102,3%	152	190			
2016	99,3%	102,0%	164	196			
2017	99,7%	101,3%	159	204			
2018	97,5%	101,2%	166	220			
2019	97,5%	99,9%	167	213			

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases Sweden ----- CR 100%



					-				Sweden			♦ EU	Median			
2021	102,7%	102,5%	148	234	_	0										
2020	102,8%	98,5%	161	221	Dis	50	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	161	148

Clearance Rate (%)

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,7% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,2 points.

In 2021, first instance civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 148 days, which is considerably below the EU median of 234 days.

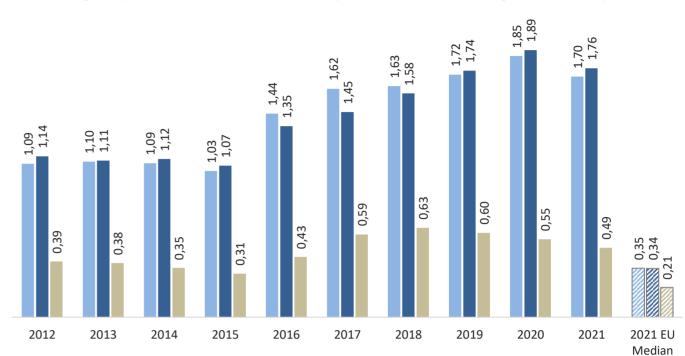
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -8,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

• Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	1,09	1,14	0,39
2013	1,10	1,11	0,38
2014	1,09	1,12	0,35
2015	1,03	1,07	0,31
2016	1,44	1,35	0,43
2017	1,62	1,45	0,59
2018	1,63	1,58	0,63
2019	1,72	1,74	0,60
2020	1,85	1,89	0,55
2021	1,70	1,76	0,49
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants
Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants
Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.

The number of incoming administrative cases in 2021 in Sweden (1,70 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

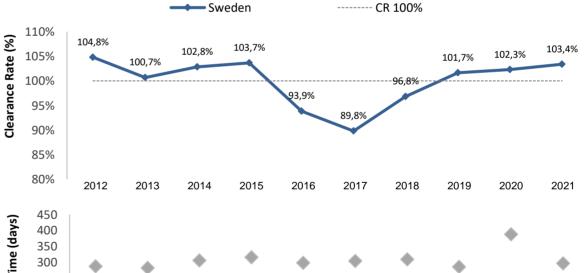
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2021 in Sweden (1,76 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Sweden (0,49 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition Time (days)			
Administrative law cases	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median		
2012	104,8%	101,0%	126	286		
2013	100,7%	100,3%	126	281		
2014	102,8%	99,6%	114	305		
2015	103,7%	103,7%	105	315		
2016	93,9%	103,0%	115	297		
2017	89,8%	102,1%	147	303		
2018	96,8%	99,7%	146	308		

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



2019	101,7%	102,1%	125	284	tion Ti	250 200	*	*						Ť		
2020	102,3%	100,1%	107	388	isposi	150 100										
2021	103,4%	101,7%	102	296		50 0	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	107	102
									Sweden			♦ E	U Median			

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,4% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its first instance administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,1 points.

In 2021, first instance administrative law cases are solved in approximately 102 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,4% decrease of the Disposition Time.

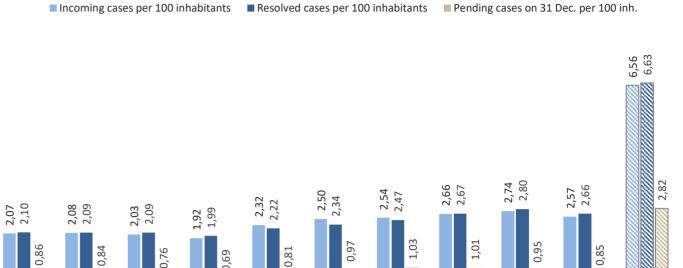
It is worth mentioning that in Sweden, migration cases are part of the administrative law cases.

The administrative courts (including migration cases) had the highest number ever of cases filed in 2020. During 2021 the number of cases filed was still high but with a seven percent decrease compared to last year. A large number of cases was resolved also in 2021 but slightly lower than in 2020. As in the district courts resolved cases in administrative courts exceeded the number of filed cases and pending cases decreased for the second year in a row. Cases pending older than two years decreased a lot compared to previous year. For the migration cases there was a decline of cases filed from previous year with 14 percent less cases filed, of which asylum cases decreased with 39 %. Resolved migration cases also decreased with 11 % but were higher than the number of cases filed which resulted in a lower number of pending migration cases than last year, a decrease of 20 % of which asylum cases decreased with 34 % (from high numbers).

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	2,07	2,10	0,86
2013	2,08	2,09	0,84
2014	2,03	2,09	0,76
2015	1,92	1,99	0,69
2016	2,32	2,22	0,81
2017	2,50	2,34	0,97
2018	2,54	2,47	1,03
2019	2,66	2,67	1,01
2020	2,74	2,80	0,95
2021	2,57	2,66	0,85
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82



2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

2021 EU Median

2014

2015

2016

The number of incoming other than criminal cases in 2021 in Sweden (2,57 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved other than criminal cases in 2021 in Sweden (2,66 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

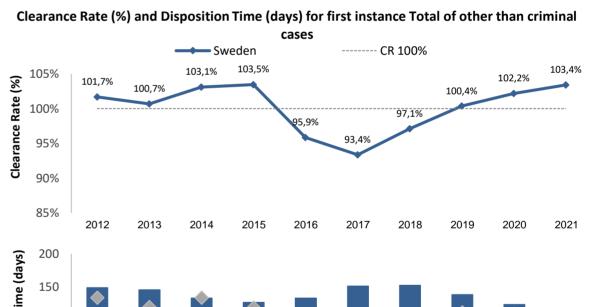
The number of pending other than criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Sweden (0,85 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

2012

2013

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition Time (days)			
Total other than criminal cases	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median		
2012	101,7%	100,5%	149	133		
2013	100,7%	100,7%	146	119		
2014	103,1%	101,9%	133	133		
2015	103,5%	101,0%	126	119		
2016	95,9%	101,5%	133	98		
2017	93,4%	100,6%	151	107		
2018	97,1%	100,6%	152	91		



Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants

2019	100,4%	99,8%	138	111	₩ 100		•	 Image: A main and the second se		•	•
2020	102,2%	98,7%	123	109	50						
2021	103,4%	101,2%	117	107	Sig 0 149	146 133 126	133	151 152	138	123	117
					_	Sweden		EU Median			

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,4% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,2 points.

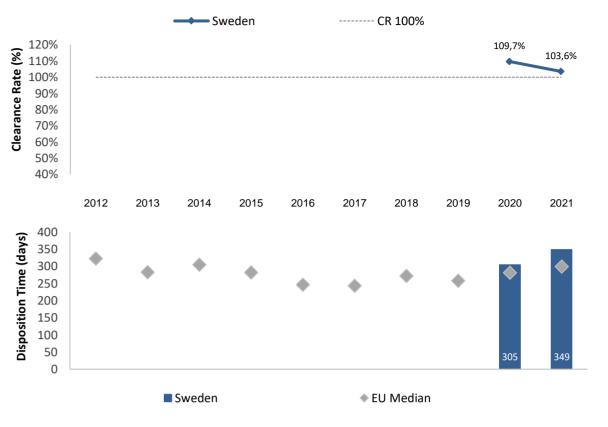
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 117 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -5,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition Time (days)		
Insolvency cases	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median	
2012	NA	95,0%	NA	323	
2013	NA	89,6%	NA	282	
2014	NA	96,9%	NA	304	
2015	NA	104,5%	NA	282	
2016	NA	102,0%	NA	246	
2017	NA	103,6%	NA	243	
2018	NA	101,5%	NA	271	
2019	NA	101,2%	NA	258	
2020	109,7%	109,7%	305	281	
2021	103,6%	103,3%	349	299	



Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for Insolvency cases

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 103,6% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -6,2 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 349 days, which is above the EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 14,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

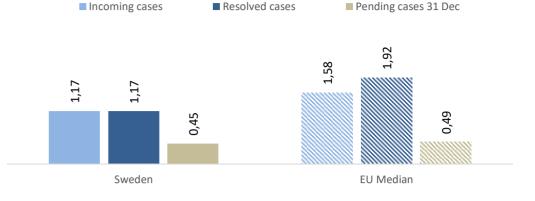
It is noteworthy that the category "insolvency cases" includes bankruptcy cases and company reconstruction cases. Insolvency cases mainly consist of bankruptcy cases in Sweden. Incoming, resolved and pending insolvency cases decreased during 2021. Insolvency cases older than two years were at the same level as in 2020 but slightly higher than in 2019.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

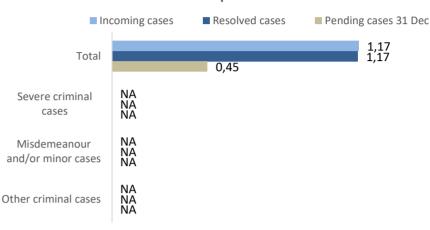
Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	46 939	122 417	122 015	47 341
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

First instance Total Criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants in 2021



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



First instance Pending Pending cases 31 **Criminal Law Cases** Incoming cases **Resolved cases** cases 1 Jan Dec Per 100 inh. Total 0,45 1,17 1,17 0,45 Severe criminal NA NA NA NA cases Misdemeanour NA NA NA NA and/or minor cases Other criminal cases NA NA NA NA

The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Sweden (1,17 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

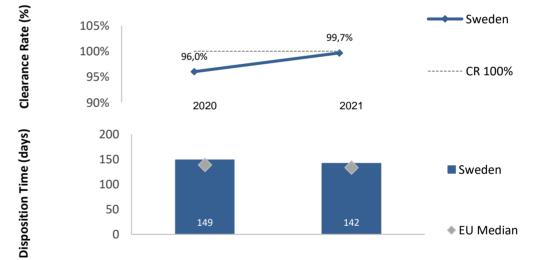
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Sweden (1,17 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Sweden (0,45 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition Time (days)		
	Sweden	EU Median	Sweden	EU Median	
2020	96,0%	95,2%	149	139	
2021	99,7%	100,0%	142	134	





With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,7% in 2021 Sweden seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,7 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 142 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

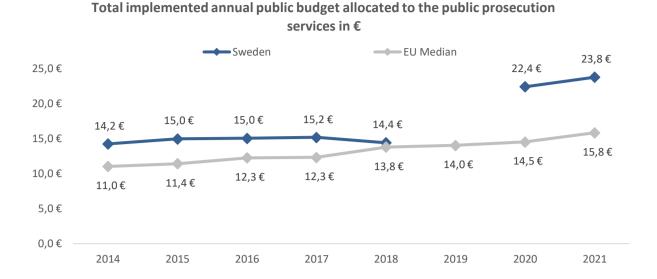
It should be recalled that in the Swedish case management system, there are no subcategories of criminal cases such as sevre, minor and other criminal cases. Some misdemeanour criminal cases, resulting in breach-of-regulations fine and summary imposition of fine, are not handled by the courts (but by the Swedish Police Authority/Prosecution Authority). The Swedish National Courts Administration's commission (as regards statistics) from the Government is about describing the operation of the courts and "details" about criminal cases are not needed to fulfill this task. Another authority, the Swedish National Council for Crime Prevention, describes the criminal statistics in Sweden, but only as regards reported cases and cases taken legal proceedings against, not the flow of cases to and from the courts. It is noteworthy that there are two different types of cases in the procedural framework (the Swedish Code of Judicial Procedure), civil cases and criminal cases.

The number of incoming criminal cases increased by two percent at the district court level. This could be related to an increased inflow of cases concerning appointment of a public defender. Another contributing aspect can be the fact that some criminal cases can be processed in a more swift and rapid manner as a result of the implementation of so-called "fast track" procedure for certain types of criminal cases. With the "fast track" project being extended to include more district courts at the beginning of this year, the number of incoming criminal cases might have increased as a consequence of the extended application of the fast track method for the prosecution and processing of criminal cases.

5. Public prosecution services in Sweden (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant		
to the public prosecution services in €	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median	
2014	138 875 248 €	14,2€	11,0€	
2015	147 410 202 €	15,0€	11,4€	
2016	150 418 994 €	15,0€	12,3€	
2017	153 528 265 €	15,2€	12,3€	
2018	147 464 139€	14,4 €	13,8€	
2019	NA	NA	14,0 €	
2020	232 692 480 €	22,4 €	14,5€	
2021	248 433 000 €	23,8 €	15,8 €	



Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant		
(included in the total)	Sweden	Sweden	EU Median	
2018	NA	NA	0,018€	
2019	32 700 000 €	3,166€	0,029€	
2020	NA	NA	0,011€	
2021	NA	NA	0,022€	

Starting from 2020, the budget of the public prosecution services includes also the budget of the Swedish Economic Crime Authority. The Swedish Economic Crime Authority is a specialised authority within the public prosecution service, responsible for investigating and prosecuting certain economic crimes in Sweden.

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

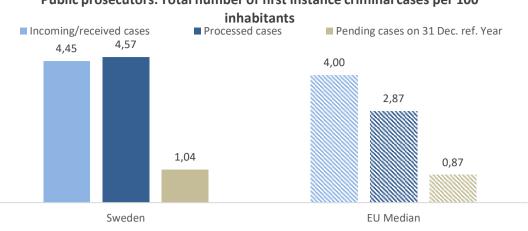
	Absolute N	umber *		Per 100 inhabitants		
accoming/received cases rocessed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4) 3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4) 3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified 3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or specific legal situation 3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity 3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons 3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor 3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	Sweden	% Var 2020 -		Sweden	Eu Median	
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	112 271	-	-5,5%	1,07	0,84	
2. Incoming/received cases	464 707	-	-6,6%	4,45	4,00	
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	477 877	-	-7,2%	4,57	2,87	
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	184 139	-	-5,0%	1,76	1,36	
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NA		NA	NA	NA	
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	32 178		0,7%	0,31	NA	
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	36 356	-	-8,0%	0,35	NA	
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	115 605	-	-5,5%	1,11	NA	
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	49 310	-	-11,8%	0,47	0,16	
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	60 239	-	-7,6%	0,58	0,28	
3.4. Cases brought to court	184 189	-	-7,9%	1,76	0,52	
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	108 581	-	-3,3%	1,04	0,87	

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

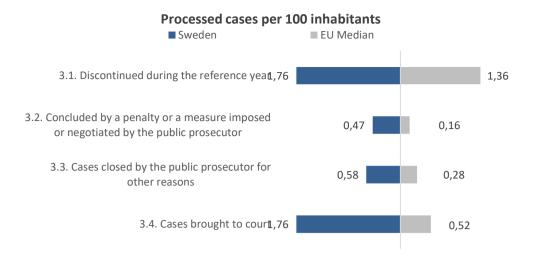
It is worth mentioning that vertical consistency in the table cannot be ensured. In fact, each case (suspicion of crime) usually gets registered only once. A suspicion of crime can, however, be "resolved" more than once. When it is reopened it does not receive a new registration date, as the old one is still valid. So it is not "incoming" again. But the next decision that closes the case generates a new date when the case is considered to be resolved. If these decisions are taken during different years the case is counted as "resolved" twice, but only "incoming" once. As a result, there are usually more resolved cases than incoming, even if the number of pending cases are the same. The most usual examples are: 1) when a summary imposition of a fine is issued, which means that the case is resolved. If the fine is not paid, the case will be reopened followed by a decision to prosecute, resolving the case a second time; 2) when the prosecutor decides that the police shall take over responsibility for the preliminary investigation. If the investigation later on returns from the police to the prosecution agency the case will be reopened and later resolved once again. But as it is the same case it will not receive a new registration date.

In respect of the category "3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified", it should be noticed that, on the one hand, the numbers are very small and do not affect the totals considerably and, on the other hand, these types of cases, when they occur, are included in other subcategories".

112 271 includes 21 081 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 464 707 includes 36 036 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 477 877 includes 38 223 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 184 139 includes 31 601 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 32 178 includes 8 078 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 36 356 includes 13 601 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 115 605 includes 9 922 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 49 310 includes 1 444 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 60 239 includes 948 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 184 189 includes 4 230 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority 108 581 includes 18 751 from the Swedish Economic Crime Authority



Public prosecutors: Total number of first instance criminal cases per 100



6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Sweden (2021 data)

Number of mediators

In Sweden, there is no formal accreditation/registration of mediators. Accordingly, this CEPEJ category of justice professional does not exist as such within the Swedish judicial system.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	NA	NA	NA
Civil and commercial	NA	NA	NA
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	NA	NA	NA
Criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

The Swedish National Courts Administration does not register whether (court-related) mediation was applied or nor, nor whether the mediation was successful or not.

7. ICT tools of courts in Sweden (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools		Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Writing assistance tools	Yes	100%	100%	100%
Simple dictation tools		not available	not available	not available
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Voice recognition feature		No	No	Yes

Financial management tools	Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communion other ministries	cating with
Budgetary and financial management of courts	100%	Yes	No	
Justice expenses management	100%	Yes	No	
Other	0% (NAP)	No	No	

In respect of financial management tools, it should be mentioned that since 2021, courts have access to statistical reports regarding expenses for legal assistance.

Measurement tools to assess the workload		Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges	Yes	100%	No	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors		100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff		100%	No	Yes	Yes

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Sweden (2021 data)

In Sweden, quality standards are not detemined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases		Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	⊗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)		Costs of the judicial procedures	8
Number of resolved cases		Number of appeals	
Number of pending cases		Appeal ratio	8
Backlogs		Clearance rate	8
Productivity of judges and court staff	\otimes	Disposition time	8
Satisfaction of court staff	8	Other	

The Swedish courts all use the same case management system but with different set-ups. The system is used for all categories of cases. Information is shared when a case is appealed to a higher instance court. In criminal cases the system communicates with the National Police Board and the prosecutors office. The system also provides the statistics system with data on a daily basis.

The statistics are found in ready-made reports and some people who are employed by a court can obtain the information quickly and easily. All courts have access to all available information. The statistics system contains operational statistics, as well as historical data and data which is updated continuously. The statistics database and reports are updated every night.

The statistics are mainly used for analysis and follow-ups for all courts and the National Courts Administration, annual reports to the government, official statistics (annual publication), inquiries from media, authorities and public as well as for allocation of budgetary resources between different courts.

"Other": Statistics concerning review permits in a superior court (this is often required when you appeal to a superior court); number of incoming cases where there is a demand for a review permit; number of cases that receives a review permit; time to examine if a review permit will be given; Statistics concerning hearings - number and duration of hearings in a case; number of cancelled hearings in a case; Statistics concerning parties - number and type of parties in a case (defendants, witnesses, parties injured, plaintiffs); number of cases with detained persons (in custody) in a criminal case; number of cases including minor offenders (< 18 years old); Statistics concerning various types of decisions - number of times a judicial decision is changed in a superior court.

In Sweden, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The evaluation is carried out on an annual basis and occasionally when needed.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	\otimes	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivere by the courts)	d 🚫
Length of proceedings (timeframes)		Costs of the judicial procedures	\otimes
Number of resolved cases	\bigcirc	Number of appeals	\otimes

Number of pending cases	\bigcirc	Appeal ratio	8
Backlogs		Clearance rate	\otimes
Productivity of judges and court staff		Disposition time	\otimes
Satisfaction of court staff	\otimes	Other	\otimes

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	\bigcirc	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	8
Length of proceedings (timeframes)		Costs of the judicial procedures	
Number of resolved cases		Clearance rate	\bigotimes
Number of pending cases		Disposition time	\otimes
Backlogs	8	Percentage of convictions and aquittals	\otimes
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	8	Other	\otimes
Satisfaction of prosecution staff			

In Sweden, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

More precisely, there is a regular evaluation of the Prosecution Authority, both by internal audit and external through, e.g. meetings between the Prosecutor-General and the Ministry of Justice once a year, and with the Swedish National Audit Office.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:			
Number of incoming cases	\bigotimes	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	\bigotimes
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	\bigotimes	Costs of the judicial procedures	\otimes
Number of resolved cases	\otimes	Clearance rate	\otimes
Number of pending cases		Disposition time	⊗
Backlogs	\otimes	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	⊗
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	\otimes	Other	
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	\bigotimes		

"Other": number of individuals and cases prosecuted (including decisions on summary imposition of a fine and waiver of prosecution); case handling time (including investigation time) and decision making time (time from a completed preliminary investigation to decision by a prosecutor); number of cases where prosecutors request confiscation of proceeds of crime. There are of course many more performance indicators, but these are the main ones as specified in SPA:s annual report.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

	Swede	n							(2012-20)21) da t	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	9 555 893	9 644 864	9 747 355	9 851 017	9 995 153	10 120 242	10 230 185	10 327 589	10 379 295	10 452 326	9,4%	0,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	43 867	44 384	42 800	46 378	46 125	46 632	46 117	43 560	47 455	50 876	16,0%	7,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	10	10	19,8%	2,1%
Indica	itor 1: Systen	ns for measu	ring and eva	aluating the	performance	e of courts a	nd prosecu	tion service	s			
(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-	1, Q78-1, Q73	3, Q73-0, Q73	-1, Q73-2, Q	73-3, Q73-4,	Q73-5, Q73-	6, Q70, Q70-	1, Q71, Q72	, Q83-2, Q8	3-3, Q120 ar	nd Q120-1)		
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False		
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False		
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							False	False	False	False		
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True		
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True		
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True		
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False		
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False		
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	False	False	False		
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
078.1.12 Clearance rate							False	False	False	False		

		(2012-2021) data tables										
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitativ stions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	False	False	False		
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	False		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									False	False		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and aquittals									False	False		
078-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	s Yes	True	e True	e True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					False	e False	e False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	e False	e False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					True	e True	e True	True	True	True		

Sweden								(2012-2021) data tables							
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions			
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021			
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True					
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True					
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True					
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True					
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False					
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True					
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False					
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False					
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True					
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True					
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True					
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True					
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True					
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False					
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True					
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True					
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True					
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True					
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True					
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False					

		(2012-2021) data tables										
Oursetiers	204.2	2012	2014	2045	2010	0047	2010	2010	2020	2024		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False		
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False		
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									False	False		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									True	True		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and aquittals									False	False		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Questian	2042	2042	2014	2045	2010	2017	2010	2040	2020	2024	Variations for quest	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance tagets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									False	False		
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									True	True		
			Indicator	2: The judic	cial organisa	tion						
				(Q42, Q43 ar	nd Q44)							
Q42.1.1Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	94	94	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	55	55	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	60	60	60	60	60	60	48	48	48	48	-20,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	6	6	-	0,0%

	Indicator 2: The judicial organisation													
				(Q42, Q43 aı	nd Q44)									
Q42.1.1Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	60	60	60	60	60	60	48	48						
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2013	2020	LULI	2012-2021	2020-2021
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-		-	-			-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	39	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	12	12	12	12	10	10	31	31	31	31	158,3%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	12	12	12	12	-	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	3	3	3	3	1	1	18	18	18	18	500,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

	Sweden									(2012-2021) data tables				
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions		
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021		
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-			
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-			
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-			
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-			
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-			
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	0,0%		
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-			
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-			
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-			
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%		
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	84	-	0,0%		
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	95	95	95	95	95	95	99	99	99	99	4,2%	0,0%		

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings												
First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)												
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	85 228	81 916	80 562	74 407	71 388	81 014	97 859	105 443	104 472	98 324	15,4%	-5,9%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	30 917	31 686	31 035	28 538	26 196	26 667	26 858	28 499	30 234	28 470	-7,9%	-5,8%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	9 128	8 744	8 399	8 385	8 692	8 701	9 078	9 032		-0,5%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	8 505	9 337	9 128	8 744	8 399	8 385	8 692	8 701	9 078	9 032	6,2%	-0,5%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

	Swede	en						(2012-2021) data tables						
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions			
	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013		2021	2012-2021	2020-2021		
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-									
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-									
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	42 654	37 724	37 003	34 000	33 796	42 627	59 299	64 646	61 698	57 410	34,6%	-6,9%		
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 152	3 169	3 396	3 125	2 997	3 335	3 010	3 597	3 462	3 412	8,2%	-1,4%		
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	197 441	200 644	197 953	189 467	231 823	253 319	260 016	274 598	284 482	269 022	36,3%	-5,4%		
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	65 418	65 467	63 902	60 313	59 591	61 931	64 117	67 885	62 676	64 267	-1,8%	2,5%		
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 382	21 489	21 366	21 729	21 490	22 331	22 682	19 907	-	-12,2%		
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	22 800	23 217	22 382	21 489	21 366	21 729	21 490	22 331	22 682	19 907	-12,7%	-12,2%		
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-									
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-									
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	103 745	106 094	106 085	101 889	143 970	163 550	167 245	177 144	191 832	178 003	71,6%	-7,2%		
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 478	5 866	5 584	5 776	6 896	6 109	7 164	7 238	7 292	6 845	25,0%	-6,1%		
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	200 774	201 996	204 109	196 006	222 225	236 486	252 458	275 581	290 710	278 184	38,6%	-4,3%		
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	64 651	66 112	66 421	62 668	59 146	61 758	62 507	66 155	64 457	65 992	2,1%	2,4%		
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	22 726	21 811	21 361	21 405	21 445	21 945	22 700	21 322	-	-6,1%		

		(2012-2021) data tables										
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013			2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	21 937	23 416	22 726	21 811	21 361	21 405	21 445	21 945	22 700	21 322	-2,8%	-6,1%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	-							
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	-							
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	-							
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	108 724	106 832	109 102	105 625	135 150	146 888	161 929	180 107	196 212	184 010	69,2%	-6,2%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	5 462	5 636	5 860	5 902	6 568	6 435	6 577	7 374	7 341	6 860	25,6%	-6,6%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	81 895	80 564	74 406	67 868	80 986	97 847	105 417	104 460	98 244	89 162	8,9%	-9,2%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	31 684	31 041	28 516	26 183	26 641	26 840	28 468	30 229	28 453	26 745	-15,6%	-6,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	8 784	8 422	8 404	8 709	8 737	9 087	9 060	7 617	-	-15,9%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	9 368	9 138	8 784	8 422	8 404	8 709	8 737	9 087	9 060	7 617	-18,7%	-15,9%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	-	-							
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	-							
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	-							
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	37 675	36 986	33 986	30 264	42 616	59 289	64 615	61 683	57 318	51 403	36,4%	-10,3%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 168	3 399	3 120	2 999	3 325	3 009	3 597	3 461	3 413	3 397	7,2%	-0,5%

	Swede	en							(2012-20)21) da t	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
	2012								2020		2012-2021	2020-2021
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.2 (all years) First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for other than criminal cases (Q91)												
Table 3.3.4 to	o 3.3.7 Variat	ion of Cleare	nce Rate an	d Dispositior	n Time of firs	st instance o	other than o	riminal cas	es (Q91)			
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (E	C) First insta	nce courts:	Disposition t	ime and clea	arance rate f	for other th	an criminal	cases (Q91)		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	101,7%	100,7%	103,1%	103,5%	95,9%	93,4%	97,1%	100,4%	102,2%	103,4%	1,72	1,22
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	98,8%	101,0%	103,9%	103,9%	99,3%	99,7%	97,5%	97,5%	102,8%	102,7%	3,86	(0,16)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	98,5%	99,8%	98,3%	100,1%	107,1%	-	7,03
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	96,2%	100,9%	101,5%	101,5%	100,0%	98,5%	99,8%	98,3%	100,1%	107,1%	10,89	7,03
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)		-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases		-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases		-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	104,8%	100,7%	102,8%	103,7%	93,9%	89,8%	96,8%	101,7%	102,3%	103,4%	(1,42)	1,09
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,7%	96,1%	104,9%	102,2%	95,2%	105,3%	91,8%	101,9%	100,7%	100,2%	0,51	(0,45)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	149	146	133	126	133	151	152	138	123	117	-21,4%	-5,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	179	171	157	152	164	159	166	167	161	148	-17,3%	-8,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	141	141	144	149	149	151	146	130	-	-10,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	156	142	141	141	144	149	149	151	146	130	-16,3%	-10,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

	Sweden										(2012-2021) data tables							
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	r quantitative tions						
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021						
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-						
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	-													
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	-													
DT Administrative law cases	126	126	114	105	115	147	146	125	107	102	-19,4%	-4,4%						
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	212	220	194	185	185	171	200	171	170	181	-14,6%	6,5%						

	Firs	t instance c	ourts, numb	er of cases f	for specific c	ase categor	ies (Q101)		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 JanLitigious divorce case	5 535	5 677	5 738	5 411	5 292	5 435	5 536	5 692	
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 JanEmployment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanInsolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanRobbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanIntentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8 972	9 503	9 254	8 939	9 174	9 402	9 457	9 545	
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 824	9 444	9 601	9 070	9 056	9 304	9 329	9 745	
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

5 490	5 205	-6,0%	-5,2%
NA	NA	-	-
10 559	9 546	-	-9,6%
NA	NA	-	-
NA	NA	-	-
9 163	8 564	-4,5%	-6,5%
NA	NA	-	
10 414	9 316	-	-10,5%
NA	NA	-	-
NA	NA	-	-
9 458	9 132	3,5%	-3,4%
NA	NA	-	-
11 429	9 649	-	-15,6%

	Sweden								(2012-2021) data tables						
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions			
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021			
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	NA	NA	-	-			
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-			
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 DecLitigious divorce case	5 683	5 736	5 391	5 280	5 410	5 533	5 664	5 492	5 195	4 637	-18,4%	-10,7%			
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 DecEmployment dismissal case	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-			
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecInsolvency	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9 544	9 213	-	-3,5%			
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecRobbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-			
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecIntentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	NA	NA	-	-			

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)													
CR Litigious divorce cases	98,4%	99,4%	103,7%	101,5%	98,7%	99,0%	98,6%	102,1%	103,2%	106,6%	8,28	3,41	
CR Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
CR Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	109,7%	103,6%	-	(6,17)	
DT Litigious divorce cases	235	222	205	212	218	217	222	206	200	185	-21,2%	-7,6%	
DT Employment dismissal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
DT Insolvency cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	305	349	-	14,3%	
		Seco	nd instance	other than o	criminal case	es (Q97)							
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 076	13 457	15 184	15 895	10 716	13 755	15 996	12 028	-	-24,8%	
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 046	874	825	748	804	750	882	990	-	12,2%	
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	

	Sec	cond instance o	other than cr	iminal cases	s (Q97)			
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)		11 076	13 457	15 184	15 895	10 716	13 755	
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases		1 046	874	825	748	804	750	
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			8 237	10 842	12 432	13 424	7 765	11 108	12 500	8 437	-	-32,5%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			1 793	1 741	1 927	1 723	2 147	1 897	2 614	2 601	-	-0,5%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			42 217	40 137	50 566	56 832	63 668	64 516	62 228	60 998	-	-2,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 824	2 771	2 646	2 740	2 801	2 888	2 931	3 153	-	7,6%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			24 837	23 362	34 099	39 085	45 614	44 555	41 044	38 779	-	-5,5%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			14 556	14 004	13 821	15 007	15 253	17 073	18 253	19 066	-	4,5%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			39 836	39 204	49 859	62 010	60 626	62 280	66 197	59 816	-	-9,6%

	(2012-2021) data tables											
Question	204.0	2012	2014	2045	2010	2017	2010	2010	2020	2024		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			2 996	2 820	2 723	2 684	2 856	2 756	2 824	3 174	-	12,4%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	-							
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	-							
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	-							
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	-							
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	-							
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	-							
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	-							
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			22 233	22 567	33 110	44 743	42 271	43 166	45 106	37 672	-	-16,5%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			14 607	13 817	14 026	14 583	15 499	16 358	18 267	18 970	-	3,8%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			13 457	14 390	15 891	10 717	13 758	15 991	12 027	13 210	-	9,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			874	825	748	804	749	882	989	969	-	-2,0%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	-	-							
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	-	-							
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	-	-							
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	-	-							
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	-							
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	-	-							
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	-							
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			10 847	11 637	13 421	7 766	11 108	12 497	8 438	9 544	-	13,1%

Sweden								(2012-2021) data tables							
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2024	Variations for ques				
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021			
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			1 742	1 928	1 722	2 147	1 901	2 612	2 600	2 697	-	3,7%			
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	2 247	105	110	474	112	82	-	-26,8%			
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	4	5	5	8	19	28	-	47,4%			
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	2 230	89	96	456	83	39	-	-53,0%			

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)													
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			94,4%	97,7%	98,6%	109,1%	95,2%	96,5%	106,4%	98,1%	-	(8,32)	
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106,1%	101,8%	102,9%	98,0%	102,0%	95,4%	96,3%	100,7%	-	4,32	
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR Administrative law cases			89,5%	96,6%	97,1%	114,5%	92,7%	96,9%	109,9%	97,1%	-	(12,75)	
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			100,4%	98,7%	101,5%	97,2%	101,6%	95,8%	100,1%	99,5%	-	(0,58)	
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			123	134	116	63	83	94	66	81	-	21,6%	
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			106	107	100	109	96	117	128	111	-	-12,8%	
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	

	Swede	en							(2012
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Administrative law cases			178	188	148	63	96	106	
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			44	51	45	54	45	58	

	Supreme courts'	other than c	riminal law c	ases (Q99)		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	4 235	3 237	2 831	2 649	3 014	2 211
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	149	153	135	113	84	99
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 856	1 996	1 905	1 987	2 402	1 711

2-2021) data tables

20	2024	Variations for ques	
20	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	
NAP	NAP	-	-
68	92	-	35,4%
52	52	-	-0,1%
	l		
2 273	2 626	-	15,5%
78	77		-1,3%
NAP	NAP	-	
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	
NAP	NAP	-	
NAP	NAP	-	
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	-
1 621	1 854	-	14,4%

	Swede	en	(2012-2021) data tables									
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 230	1 088	791	549	528	401	574	695	-	21,1%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			11 585	11 886	11 289	11 768	11 376	11 837	12 185	13 195	-	8,3%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			358	336	347	283	320	277	217	258	-	18,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			7 036	7 380	6 989	7 581	6 960	7 096	7 439	7 731	-	3,9%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			4 191	4 170	3 953	3 904	4 096	4 464	4 529	5 206	-	14,9%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			12 583	12 280	11 471	11 403	12 172	11 763	11 832	12 747	-	7,7%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			353	354	369	312	306	298	219	245	-	11,9%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

	Swede	en						(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables		
Questier	2012	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	204.0	2010	2020	2024		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			7 896	7 460	6 907	7 166	7 643	7 174	7 206	7 532	-	4,5%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			4 334	4 466	4 195	3 925	4 223	4 291	4 407	4 970	-	12,8%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			3 237	2 843	2 649	3 014	2 218	2 285	2 626	3 074	-	17,1%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			154	135	113	84	98	78	76	90	-	18,4%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non- litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			1 996	1 916	1 987	2 402	1 719	1 633	1 854	2 053	-	10,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			1 087	792	549	528	401	574	696	931	-	33,8%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	19	5	7	2	18	4	-	-77,8%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	2	2	3	1	-	1	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	14	3	4	1	17	3	-	-82,4%
	Clearance ra	ate and dispo	osition time fo	or Supreme o	courts' other	than crimin	al law case	s (Q97)				
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			108,6%	103,3%	101,6%	96,9%	107,0%	99,4%	97,1%	96,6%	-	(0,50)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			98,6%	105,4%	106,3%	110,2%	95,6%	107,6%	100,9%	95,0%	-	(5,96)

	Clearance rate an	nd disposition time fo	or Supreme	courts' othe	r than crimir	nal law case	es (Q97)	
CR Total of other than criminal law cases		108,6%	103,3%	101,6%	96,9%	107,0%	99,4%	!
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases		98,6%	105,4%	106,3%	110,2%	95,6%	107,6%	1

	Swede	en				(2012-20)21) da t	ta tables				
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
with the short	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			112,2%	101,1%	98,8%	94,5%	109,8%	101,1%	96,9%	97,4%	-	0,56
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			103,4%	107,1%	106,1%	100,5%	103,1%	96,1%	97,3%	95,5%	-	(1,84)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			94	85	84	96	67	71	81	88	-	8,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			159	139	112	98	117	96	127	134	-	5,9%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			92	94	105	122	82	83	94	99	-	5,9%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			92	65	48	49	35	49	58	68		18,6%

	Swede	en							(2012-2	021) dat	a tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
			First insta	nce crimina	l law cases ((Q94)						
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									42 178	46 939	-	11,3%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									119 936	122 417	-	2,1%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	
094.3.1 Total - resolved									115 152	122 015		6,0%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									46 962	47 341	-	0,8%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1 859	2 081	-	11,9%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	
wuestion	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
	Clear	ance rate ar	nd dispositio	on time for fir	st instance	criminal law	cases (Q94)				
CR of Total									96,0%	99,7%	-	3,7
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									149	142	-	-4,9%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
			Second ins	tance crimin	al law cases	s (Q98)						
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									3 444	4 249	-	23,4%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									10 765	12 052	-	12,0%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-

	Swede	en							(2012-20)21) da t	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative stions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									9 960	11 144	-	11,9%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									4 249	5 157	-	21,4%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									38	50	-	31,6%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									38	NA	-	-
	Cleara	nce rate and	l disposition	time for sec	ond instanc	e criminal la	w cases (Q	98)				
CR of Total									92,5%	92,5%	-	(0,06)
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									156	169	-	8,5%

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Quantian	2042	2012	2014	2045	2010	2017	2010	2040			Variations fo	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
			Supreme co	ourts' crimina	al law cases	(Q100)						
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									188	268	-	42,6%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									2 236	2 649	-	18,5%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									2 156	2 592	-	20,2%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									268	325	-	21,3%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									1	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									1	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)												
CR of Total									96,4%	97,8%	-	1,43
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									45	46	-	0,9%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
			Indicator 4	l: Public pro	secution se	rvices						
				0107 0107	4 0400							

Indicator 4: Public prosecution services													
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)													
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year								118 858	112 271	-	-5,5%		
2. Incoming/received cases								497 291	464 707	-	-6,6%		
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)								514 851	477 877		-7,2%		
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)								193 763	184 139	-	-5,0%		

	Sweden											
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2024	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NA	NA	-	
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									31 944	32 178	-	0,7%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									39 505	36 356	-	-8,0%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									122 314	115 605	-	-5,5%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									55 915	49 310	-	-11,8%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									65 159	60 239	-	-7,6%
3.4. Cases brought to court									200 014	184 189	-	-7,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									112 271	108 581	-	-3,3%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,04	0,96	-	-7,2%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,23	0,22	-	-3,3%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									NAP	NAP	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

	Swede	en							(2012-2	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	
		E	Budget of pu	blic prosecu	tion service	s (Q13)						
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	144 485 809	142 719 691	138 456 474	151 769 003	156 090 472	154 793 265	149 975 424	NA	232 518 046	250 676 000	73,5%	7,81%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-		138 875 248	147 410 202	150 418 994	153 528 265	147 464 139	NA	232 692 480	248 433 000	-	6,76%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-		-	-			NA	34 300 000	NA	NA	-	
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	32 700 000	NA	NA	-	-

			Indicator	5: Access to	o justice					
				Legal aid						
			(Q16, Q1	8, Q19, Q20,	Q20-1)					
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True

	Swede	en				(2012-2021) data tables						
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	r quantitative tions
QUESCION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2015	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True		
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.2 Broight to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.2 Not broight to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
			Syster	n for compe	nsating user	S						
				(Q37))							
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									2 125	2 085	-	-1,9%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									3	5	-	66,7%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									2 122	2 080	-	-2,0%

	Swede	en							(2012-2	021) da t	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									-	-	-	-
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									1 880	1 812	-	-3,6%
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									1	1	-	0,0%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									-		-	-
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									1 879	1 811	-	-3,6%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									-	-	-	-
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
037.3.1 Amount - Total									7 170 985 £	7 036 964 £	-	-1,9%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									985 £	964 £	-	-2,1%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									7 170 000 £	7 036 000 £	-	-1,9%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									-	-	-	-
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
		India	tor C. The K			or court usor						

	Indica	ator 6: The IC	CT tools of c	ourts and fo	r court users		
	(Q62-7	7, Q62-7-1, Q	62-8, Q62-8	-1, Q63-6, Q6	63-7, Q63-7-1))	
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level						True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter						100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter						100%	100%

True	True
100%	100%
100%	100%

	(2012-2021) data table											
Question	2012	2012	2014	2045	2016	2017	2010	2010	2020	2024	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%		
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True		
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	In some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	for this matter	in some courts / some pilot		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							not available for this matter	not available for this matter	not available for this matter	nhases in some courts / some pilot		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	phases in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							- 100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)							- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)							- False	False	False	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							- False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	False	False	False		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	False	False	False		

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non- prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non- prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

			Indicator 7:	Professional	s of justice			
	(Q46	6, Q46-2, Q52	, Q52-1, Q55,	, Q60, Q4, Q1	32, Q133, Q ⁴	144, Q145, G	2146)	
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	1 123	1 132	1 150	1 159	1 179	1 199	1 217	1 184
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	766	764	771	780	785	800	816	803
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	324	334	343	343	361	365	370	349
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	33	34	36	36	33	34	31	32
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	600	584	584	572	570	577	569	540
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	428	414	412	410	397	400	391	377
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	152	149	150	140	151	156	159	144

1 200	1 240	10,4%	3,3%
809	833	8,7%	3,0%
359	376	16,0%	4,7%
32	31	-6,1%	-3,1%
535	551	-8,2%	3,0%
374	383	-10,5%	2,4%
142	150	-1,3%	5,6%

	Sweden										(2012-2021) data tables						
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	r quantitative tions					
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021					
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	20	21	22	22	22	21	19	19	19	18	-10,0%	-5,3%					
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	523	548	566	587	609	622	648	644	665	689	31,7%	3,6%					
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	338	350	359	370	388	400	425	426	435	450	33,1%	3,4%					
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	172	185	193	203	210	209	211	205	217	226	31,4%	4,1%					
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	13	13	14	14	11	13	12	13	13	13	0,0%	0,0%					
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	1 200	1 240	-	3,3%					
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	809	833	-	3,0%					
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	359	376	-	4,7%					
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	31	-	-3,1%					
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-						
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-					
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-					
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-					
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-					
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-					
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-					
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-					
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	351	354	-	0,9%					
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	215	218	-	1,4%					
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	121	-	0,8%					

	(2012-2021) data tables											
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-			-	16	15	-	-6,3%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	5 173	4 716	4 797	4 800	4 859	5 088	5 208	4 921	4 996	4 989	-3,6%	-0,1%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	3 500	3 260	3 290	3 269	3 343	3 490	3 577	3 342	3 375	3 364	-3,9%	-0,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 054	688	707	708	706	724	733	710	700	694	-34,2%	-0,9%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	119	91	106	104	104	119	144	148	163	174	46,2%	6,7%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	500	677	694	719	706	755	754	721	758	757	51,4%	-0,1%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	1 047	1 060	1 098	1 105	1 198	1 216	1 156	1 226	1 235	-	0,7%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	559	565	595	597	658	659	613	660	641	-	-2,9%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	245	238	235	234	248	251	235	232	238	-	2,6%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	42	54	56	63	73	97	97	113	125	-	10,6%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	201	203	212	211	219	209	211	221	231	-	4,5%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	3 669	3 737	3 702	3 754	3 890	3 992	3 765	3 770	3 754	-	-0,4%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	2 701	2 725	2 674	2 746	2 832	2 918	2 729	2 715	2 723	-	0,3%

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) da	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
			2011	2010	2010		2010	2010			2012-2021	2020-2021
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	443	469	473	472	476	482	475	468	456	-	-2,6%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	49	52	48	41	46	47	51	50	49	-	-2,0%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	476	491	507	495	536	545	510	537	526	-	-2,0%
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									4 996	4 989	-	-0,1%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 973	3 940	-	-0,8%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									886	909	-	2,6%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									137	140	-	2,2%
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									1 226	1 235	-	0,7%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									995	984	-	-1,1%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									203	220	-	8,4%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									28	31	-	10,7%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									3 770	3 754	-	-0,4%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									2 978	2 956	-	-0,7%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									683	689	-	0,9%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									109	109	-	0,0%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 044	1 133	-	8,5%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									12	12	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									396	340	-	-14,1%

	Swede	en							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2024		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									NA	NA	-	-
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NA	NA	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									4	4	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									648	793	-	22,4%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									NA	NA	-	-
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NA	NA	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									8	8	-	0,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									522	580	-	11,1%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									99	116	-	17,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									423	464	-	9,7%
004 Annual average salary in the country									43 092 £	43 384 £	-	0,7%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € -Professional judge at the beginning of career									79 951 £	79 387 £	-	-0,7%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									138 395 £	136 945 £	-	-1,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									56 000 £	56 000 £	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									88 000 £	89 800 £	-	2,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									51 169 £	50 808 £	-	-0,7%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									76 117 £	75 320 £	-	-1,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									NA	NA	-	-
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		

	Swede	en							(2012-2	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									6	3	-	-50,0%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									6	3	-	-50,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	о	-	
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									0	0	-	-
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									0	0	-	-
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	-
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									0	0	-	-

Question	2012	2013										·
QUESTION	2012		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
		2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
45.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	C	-	
45.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									0	C	-	
45.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	C	-	
45.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									0	C	-	
45.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	C	-	
45.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	C	-	
45.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	C	-	
45.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	C	-	
45.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	C	-	
45.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									0	C	-	
45.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									0	C	-	
45.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									0	C	-	
45.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									0	C	-	
45.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of alary									0	C	-	
45.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									0	C	-	
45.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	C	-	
45.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	C	-	
45.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	C	-	
45.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	C	-	
				Lawyei (Q146, Q147								

	Sweden										(2012-2021) data tables					
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions					
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2016	2017	2010	2019	2020		2012-2021	2020-2021				
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	5 246	5 422	5 575	5 800	5 767	5 911	6 000	6 000	6 257	6 436	22,7%	2,9%				
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							4 065	4 065	4 117	4 182	-	1,6%				
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							1 935	1 935	2 140	2 254	-	5,3%				
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-				
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	-	-											

	Indic	ator 8: The	existence an	nd use of alte	ernative disp	ute resolutio	on methods		
	(Q166, Q157)								
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
167.1.1 Total number started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NAP	NAP	

NAP	NAP	-	-
NA	NA	-	-
NA	NA	-	-
NA	NA	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	-
NA	NA	-	-
NA	NA	-	-
NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%