The European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice

Evaluation of the judicial systems 2024 (data 2022)



Spain

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Reference data 2022 (01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022)

Start/end date of the data collection campaign: 15/03/2023 - 01/10/2023

Objective:

The CEPEJ decided, at its 39th plenary meeting, to launch the nineth evaluation cycle 2024, focused on 2022 data. The CEPEJ wishes to use the methodology developed in the previous cycles to get, with the support of its national correspondents' network, a general evaluation of the judicial systems in the 46 member states of the Council of Europe as well as three observer states (Israel, Morocco and Kazakhstan).

The present questionnaire was developed by the Working group on evaluation of judicial systems (CEPEJ-GT-EVAL) in view of the previous evaluation cycles and considering the comments submitted by CEPEJ members, observers, experts and national correspondents. The aim of this exercise is to increase awareness of judicial systems in the participating states, to compare the functioning of judicial systems in their various aspects, as well as to have a better knowledge of the trends of the judicial organisation in order to help improve the efficiency of justice. The evaluation questionnaire and the analysis of the results becomes a genuine tool in favour of public policies on justice, in service of the European citizens.

For better understanding of the questions it is necessary to consult the Explanatory note that gives definitions and explanations on the CEPEJ evaluation questionnaire and the methodology needed for replying, You can download the Explanatory note as a whole document on the CEPEJ website. In addition to the Explanatory note, there is also the User manual that is a technical document to help you navigate through this application for data collection.

In case you have any questions related to these documents or on the use of the application, please do not hesitate to contact the Secretariat.

Instruction:

Explanatory note: https://rm.coe.int/explanatory-note-2024-cycle-cepej-2023-2-en/1680aae30a

Word version of the questionnaire - https://rm.coe.int/evaluation-scheme-2024-cycle-cepej-2022-9rev1-en-30-march-2023/1680aae309

CEPEJ COLLECT - User manual - you can download under Documentation tab

1.General and financial information

1.1.Demographic and economic data

1.1.1Inhabitants and economic general information

001. Number of inhabitants (if possible on 1 January of the reference year +1)

[48 059 777]

Comments National Institute of Statitistics (INE).



003. Per capita GDP (in €) in current prices for the reference ye	003.	Per cap	oita (GDP	(in	€)	in	current	prices	for	the	reference	yea
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[28 280]

Comments Published Information

004. Average gross annual salary (in €) for the reference year

[25 381]

Comments The increase can be explained by increase of minimum legal salary.

005. Exchange rate of national currency (non-Euro zone) in € on 1 January of the reference year +1:

[]	
Allow decimals	:	5
[X]NAP		

Comments

A1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Eurostat		

1.1.2Budgetary data concerning judicial system



006. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, in € (without the budget of the public prosecution services and without the budget of legal aid). If you cannot separate the budget allocated to the courts from the budget of public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please go to question 7. If you are able to answer this question, please answer NA to question 7.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
TOTAL - Annual public budget allocated to the functioning	4 018 981 240	3 942 873 476
of all courts $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$	[] NA	[] NA
,	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Annual public budget allocated to (gross) salaries	2 877 080 286	2 948 473 113
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Annual public budget allocated to computerisation (2.1 +	340 700 609	291 580 372
2.2)	[] NA	[] NA
2.2)	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.1 Investments in computerisation		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

[X] NA	[X] NA	
[] NAP	[] NAP	
93 254 549 []NA []NAP	84 719 281 []NA []NAP	
465 577 565 []NA []NAP	440 433 883 [] NA [] NAP	
123 364 462 [] NA [] NAP	76 747 406 []NA []NAP	
21 287 998 []NA []NAP	[X]NA	
	[] NAP 93 254 549 [] NA [] NAP 465 577 565 [] NA [] NAP 123 364 462 [] NA [] NAP 21 287 998 [] NA	[] NAP 93 254 549 [] NA [] NAP 465 577 565 [] NA [] NAP 465 577 565 [] NA [] NAP 123 364 462 [] NA [] NAP 123 364 462 [] NA [] NAP 21 287 998 [] NA [X] NA

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The increase in the budget allocated to computerisation is due in part to the Next Generation EU financial instrument. A first agreement was adopted by the Sectoral Conference on June 25, 2021, in which there were Priority Projects 2022-2023 on which common work is developed and financial distribution is made. The increases in the budget allocated to the justice expenses and the budget allocated to training is due to the higher budgetary prevision.

007. If you cannot answer question 6 because you cannot isolate the public budget allocated to courts from the budget allocated to public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please fill in only the appropriate line in the table according to your system:

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and the		
public prosecution services together	[X] NA	[X] NA
public prosecution services together	[] NAP	[] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and legal		
aid together	[X] NA	[X] NA
aid together	[] NAP	[] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts, public		
prosecution services and legal aid together	[X] NA	[X] NA
prosecution services and regar aid together	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

008. Are litigants in general required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction:

Litigants required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction?

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for criminal cases	() Yes, at the beginning of the
	procedure
	() Yes, at a later stage
	(X) No
for other than criminal cases	() Yes, at the beginning of the
	procedure
	() Yes, at a later stage
	(X) No

Comments - If there are exceptions to the obligation to pay these court fees, could you please provide comments on those exceptions?

008-1. Please briefly present the methodology of calculation of these court fees:

- It is a fixed amount.

In general terms, the civil procedure can be verbal and ordinary (less or more than 15,000 euros). Taking into account that natural persons are exempt from the fees.

The fixed sums are these:

Verbal: 150 eu Ordinary: 300 eu Payment order: 100 eu Enforcement: 200 eu Insolvency: 200 eu

008-2. The amount of court fees requested to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery:

[150]

[] NA

[]NAP

Comments

009. Annual income of court fees received by the State (in €):

[46 543 000]

[] NA

[]NAP

Comments

012. Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (12.1 + 12.2)	342 464 909 []NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP
12.1 for cases brought to court (court fees and/or legal representation)	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP

12.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

012-1. Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual implemented public budget	334 159 784		
allocated to legal aid (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
anocated to legal and (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12-1.1 for cases brought to court (court fees			
and/or legal representation)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
and of legal representation)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12-1.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

If the public budget actually implemented regarding legal aid is different from the annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:



012-3. Do legal aid budgets indicated in Q12 and Q12-1 include:

	Amount calculated/estimated included	
Coverage of court fees	() Yes	
	(X) No	
	() NAP (Legal aid does not include	
	coverage of court fees)	
Exemption from court fees	() Yes	
	(X) No	
	() NAP (Legal aid does not include	
	exemption from court fees)	

Comments

013. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in €.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in € (including 13.1)	365 266 042 []NA []NAP	373 399 744 []NA []NAP
13.1. Annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services	6 271 390 [] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The variation in the implemented budget are within normal parameters taking into account the variation in the price of money

in two years. The budget allocated to training includes a part of the training institution's budget corresponding to the prosecutors training. Regarding approved budget allocated to training the increase is related to the Program 111R "Training of Prosecution Career" that is financed from the State General Budget.

A2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: National Commission for Judicial Statistics
Budgetary public information
Budget General of the State - Program 111R

1.1.3Budgetary data concerning the whole justice system



015-1. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in € (this global budget includes the judicial system budget - see 15-2 and other elements of the justice system - see 15-3)

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system in €	6 948 500 834 []NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided above and specify if a large portion of the budget allocated to the whole justice system comes from an international organisation. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

015-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

	Included
Courts	(X) Yes () No
	[]NAP
Legal aid	(X) Yes () No
Public prosecution services	[]NAP (X)Yes
a done prosedución services	() No

Comments

015-3. Other budgetary elements

Included		

Prison system	(X) Yes
	() No [] NAP
Probation services	(X)Yes
	() No
High Judicial Council	(X)Yes
	() No [] NAP
High Prosecutorial Council	(X) Yes
21gh 110000 mo1m 00 mion	() No
Constitution of court	[]NAP ()Yes
Constitutional court	(X) No
	[]NAP
Judicial management body	(X) Yes () No
	[]NAP
Service for legal representation of the State	(X) Yes
	() No [] NAP
Enforcement services	(X)Yes
	() No [] NAP
Notariat	() Yes
TVOIM IN	(X) No
	[]NAP
Forensic services	(X) Yes () No
	[] NAP
Judicial protection of juveniles	(X) Yes () No
	[]NAP
Functioning of the Ministry of Justice	(X)Yes
	() No [] NAP
Refugees and asylum seekers services	() Yes
	(X)No
Immigration Service	() Yes
Immigration Service	(X) No
	[]NAP
Some police services (e.g.: transfer, investigation, prisoners' security)	() Yes (X) No
	[]NAP
Other	(X) Yes
	() No [] NAP

If "Other", please specify: Regarding the probation services, it does not exist a unit or department called 'probation services'. Depending on the phase of the proceeding (Judgement or Enforcement), the Court competent to order the suspension of the prison penalty can be the

Court that has judged the case or other specialized Courts (on Prison Supervision). The subsequent control of the compliance by the person sentenced of the legal conditions is followed by the Police, and by the 'Penalty and Alternative Measures Management Services' (both of them within the Ministry of Interior) and also by the competent Court. The Budget for the judicial system includes only the part for Courts and civil servants that serve in Courts. Not the control carried out by bodies within the Ministry of Interior. Regarding forensic services, these services are under the competences of the Ministry of Justice, and their buildings, material resources and main professionals are part of the budget for Justice provided.						
A3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part						
Sources: National Commission of Judicial Statistics						
	_					
2.Access to justice and all courts						
2.1.Legal Aid						
2.1.1Scope of legal aid		•				
016. Does legal aid apply to:						
	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases				
Representation in court	(X) Yes	(X) Yes				
	() No	() No				
	[] NAP	[]NAP				
Legal advice, ADR and other legal services	(X) Yes	(X) Yes				
	() No [] NA	() No [] NA				
	[] NAP	[] NAP				
016-1. Please briefly describe the organisa	tion of the legal aid syst	em in your country.				
- In each provincial capital, a Legal Aid Commission i	s set up as the body responsible, in	n its corresponding territorial area, for				
recognizing the right. The Legal Aid Commissions are	• •	•				
"Procuradores", or the lawyer or Procurador designated	l by them, and by two members de	esignated by the public Administrations on				
which they depend. The right to free legal aid will be recognized for those is	ndividuals who lack sufficient asso	ets, gross economic resources and income. It				
is computed annually for all concepts and per family un						
018. Can legal aid be granted for the fees t	hat are related to the enf	forcement of judicial decisions				
(e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?						
(X) Yes						
() No						

If yes, please specify: The right to legal aid includes the exemption of Court fees.

019. Can legal aid be granted for other costs (different from those mentioned in questions 16 to 18, e.g. fees of technical advisors or experts, costs of other legal professionals (notaries), travel costs etc.)?

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
Legal aid granted for other costs	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify: - Free insertion of announcements.

- Free expert assistance. - Free copies, testimonies, instruments and notarial acts. - Reduction of 80 per 100 (or exclusion) of the corresponding costs for the granting of public deeds. - Reduction of 80 per 100 (or exclusion) of the rights for obtaining notes, certifications, annotations, seats and inscriptions in the Registries.

2.1.2Information on legal aid

020. Please indicate the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted:

	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL	2 002 595		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
n criminal cases	1 447 261		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
In other than criminal cases	555 334		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate: Source 2022 data: "XVII Informe del Observatorio de la Justicia Gratuita"

Criminal cases = arrested person assistance of a lawyer (page 26) + genre violence (page 26) + officio lawyer criminal cases (page 28)

Probably the recovery of normal work after pandemic has had an impact reflected in the increase of number of cases.

020-0. Please indicate the number of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
n criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
n other than criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid			
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
comments			
20-0-3. Is it possible to divide the	number of recipie	nts of legal aid per	different categories o
ases?			
(X) Yes			
() No			
comment: If yes, please specify for which catego	ries of cases:		
20-0-4. Are there situations where	legal aid is autom	atically granted de	pending on categories
ases?	g		,
(X) Yes			
(X) Yes () No			
() No			
() No Comment: If yes, please specify:	42 af lacal aid and	.11 4	اد سه د مدان د سان د ا
() No			
() No Comment: If yes, please specify:	ts of legal aid are a	alleged victims of d	lomestic violence?
omment: If yes, please specify: 20-0-5. How many of the recipient			
() No Comment: If yes, please specify:	Total		
Onment: If yes, please specify: O20-0-5. How many of the recipient Number of recipients of legal aid who are	Total 70 206 [] NA [] NAP Genre Violence against W	Males [X]NA []NAP Tomen (cases in which the v	Females [X]NA []NAP victim is always a woman) has
comment: If yes, please specify: 20-0-5. How many of the recipient Number of recipients of legal aid who are alleged victims of domestic violence comments The number of cases of Legal Aid in 0.0.206. The number is a good estimation.	Total 70 206 [] NA [] NAP Genre Violence against Wees of the procedure	Males [X] NA [] NAP Tomen (cases in which the value of the state of	Females [X]NA []NAP victim is always a woman) has
comment: If yes, please specify: 20-0-5. How many of the recipient Number of recipients of legal aid who are alleged victims of domestic violence comments The number of cases of Legal Aid in 0.0.206. The number is a good estimation.	Total 70 206 [] NA [] NAP Genre Violence against Wees of the procedure	Males [X] NA [] NAP Tomen (cases in which the value of the state of	Females [X]NA []NAP victim is always a woman) has aid, in relation to the al aid request:

020-0-1. Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender in respect of recipients of legal aid?

020-0-2. If yes, please provide details on distribution by gender of recipients of legal aid:

() Yes

(X) No

Comments

	Assisted b	y a free of charge lawyer
Accused individuals	(X)Yes	
Accused individuals	() No	
Victims	(X) Yes	
· ACMAINS	() No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
022. In criminal cases are these individuals fre	e to choose their lawyer wi	thin the framework of
egal aid system?		
	free select	ion of lawyer
Accused individuals	() Yes	
1 toused marviduals	(X) No	
	[] NAP	
Victims	() Yes	
	(X) No	
023-0. Does your country have an income and aid?	assets evaluation for grant	ing full or partial leg
(X) Yes () No		
Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into act the data provided above: The figure is higher in case the person is more members). (Article 3 Legal Aid law). As for assets, there is no numerical value. The legal reference incides necessary to take into account whether the person has other real policy.	s integrated into a family unit (and ev	en higher if the family has 4 enough assets", and to assess
023. If yes, please specify in the table:	Annual income value (for	Assets value (for one
	one person), (in €)	person), (in €)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Full legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases	16 212	[X]NA

Comments - Please specify if the envisaged timeframe is set in a statutory law, or in other regulation. Furthermore, if different timeframes

are envisaged for criminal and other than criminal cases, please provide more information:

[X] NA [] NAP

Actual average duration

Full legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal cases	16 212	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[X] NAP	[] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal		
cases	[] NA	[X] NA
04303	[X] NAP	[] NAP

024. Is it possible to refuse legal aid for lack	of merit of the case	(for example for	frivolous action
or no chance of success)?			

(X) Yes
() No

Comments - If yes, please specify the exact criteria for denying legal aid:

025. Is the decision to grant or refuse legal aid taken by:

 $(\quad)\ the\ judge(s)\ dealing\ with\ the\ main\ case$

() another judge or official

(X) an authority external to the court

() several authorities (court and external bodies)

Comments

027. Can judicial decisions direct how legal costs, paid by the parties during the procedure, will be shared:

	Judicial decisions direct how legal costs will be shared
in criminal cases	(X)Yes
	() No
in other than criminal cases	(X) Yes
	() No

Comments - If no, please specify how legal costs are distributed:

B1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Law on Legal Aid, 10 January 1996.
Website IPREM - (Public Indicator of Rent for multiple effects)

2.2.Court users and victims

2.2.1Rights of the users and victims

028. Are there official internet sites/portals (e.g. Ministry of Justice, Judicial Council etc.) where

general public may have free-of-charge access to the following:

	Yes, internet adresse(es)	No
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)	(X) https://www.boe.es/	()
Case-law of the higher court/s	(X) https://www.poderjudicial.es/cg pj/es/Temas/Centro-de- Documentacion-Judicial CENDOJ-/	()
Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)	(X) https://www.administraciondeju sticia.gob.es/	()
Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online registration forms)	(X) https://www.mjusticia.gob.es/es /ciudadania/tramites/relacion- descarga-modelos	()

Comment - Please specify what documents and information are included in "Other documents"

029. Is there an obligation to provide information to the parties concerning the foreseeable timeframes of their proceedings?

() Yes, always
(X	() No
() Yes, only in some specific situations

Comment - If "Yes, only in some specific situations", please specify:

030. Is there a public and free-of-charge information system for providing information and facilitating access to justice:

	Information system
General for citizens	[X] Online information
	[X] Telephone
	[X] Interactive chat
	[X] In-person (physical access on site)
	[X] Other
	[] No
Specific for victims of offences	[X] Online information
-	[X] Telephone
	[] Interactive chat
	[X] In-person (physical access on site)
	[X] Other
	[] No

Specific for minors (child-friendly systems)	[X] Online information
	[X] Telephone
	[] Interactive chat
	[X] In-person (physical access on site)
	[X] Other
	[] No

031. Are there special favourable arrangements to be applied, during judicial proceedings, to the following categories of vulnerable persons:

	Information mechanism	Special arrangements in hearings	Other specific arrangements
Victims of sexual violence/rape	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Victims of terrorism	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Minors (witnesses or victims)	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Victims of domestic violence	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Ethnic minorities	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Persons with disabilities	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Juvenile offenders	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Other (e.g. victims of human trafficking, forced marriage, sexual mutilation)	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No

Comments-If "Other vulnerable person" and/or "Other specific arrangements", please specify:

031-0. If there are special arrangements for minors, what are the settings / tools / facilities / practises employed to protect them when they participate in judicial proceedings?

[X] Special and child-adequate preparation for participation in trials / lawsuits (explaining in a child-friendly manner the proceedings)
[X] Special room in court designated for child-friendly hearings
[X] Special person / team of trained professional(s) (such as psychologists) to accompany a minor throughout the proceedings
[X] Special ways to communicate and explain meaning of court decisions
[] Interagency/multidisciplinary structure such as "Children's Houses"
[] Other, please specify
[] NAP

Comment

031-1. What are the main criteria for a person under 18 years of age to act in court proceedings or to be a witness?

	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Capacity to initiate a proceeding and take other procedural	[X] Age threshold	[X] Age threshold
actions in his/her own name	[Comment]18	[Comment]18
	[] Capacity for	[] Capacity for
	discernment	discernment
	[] Other	[] Other
	[] NAP	[]NAP
To be a witness	[X] Age threshold	[X] Age threshold
	[Comment]14	[Comment]14
	[X] Capacity for	[X] Capacity for
	discernment	discernment
	[] Other	[] Other
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please specify if you selected "Other". Non-emancipated minors can initiate a proceeding in his/her own name through the representation or assistance

required by law (generally parents). Article 7 Civil Procedural Act.

Emancipation is possible from the age of 16, complying with the rules of the Civil Code. The emancipated minor can participate in trial. Minors under 14 years of age may testify as witnesses if, in the criterion of the Court, they possess the necessary discernment to know and to testify.

031-2. If a person under 18 years of age cannot act in court proceedings in his/her own name, who can represent him/her in judicial proceedings?

	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Parent/legal guardian	[] Yes, always	[] Yes, always
	[X] Yes, except in some	[X] Yes, except in some
	specific situations	specific situations
	[] No	[] No
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[] Social care services or	[] Social care services or
	other public institution	other public institution
	[X] Legal professional	[X] Legal professional
	[] Associations for	[] Associations for
	protection of minors	protection of minors
	[] Other	[] Other

Comment The minor is represented by his/her parents or guardian. Failing that, a 'judicial defender' is appointed. While the judicial defender is appointed, he/she is represented by the Prosecutor.

031-3. What are the different criteria for the criminal liability of minors? (multiple replies possible)

[X] Age threshold(s)

[X] Capacity for discernment

[X] Other criteria

Comment

031-3-1. What is the age threshold for the criminal liability of minors?

Criminal liability resulting in sentence without privation of liberty (for example, educational measures)
[14]
[] NAP Criminal liability regulting in contange of privation of liberty
Criminal liability resulting in sentence of privation of liberty
[14] []NA
[]NAP
Comment - Please describe, briefly, the specifics of your system. Could you, please specify if the possibility of mitigation applies to the sanctions and how? The 'Law of criminal responsibility of minors' applies to people over 14 and under 18. The law does not speak of penalties. The Law speaks of measures. Among them the internment, in a specific center for minors. For the choice of the appropriate measure, attention must be paid in a flexible manner, not only to the legal proof and assessment of the facts, but especially to age, family and social circumstances, personality and interest of the minor.
<u>-</u> -
032. Does your country allocate compensation for victims of offences?
() Yes, but only if the offender is unknown
(X) Yes, but only if compensation could not be obtained from the offender
() Yes, in both situations
() No
Comment
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify:
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify:
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X) Yes
() No

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032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
[] NAP
Comment - Please specify:
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments
034. Is there a regular monitoring (official studies, reports etc.) allowing the evaluation of the
recovery rate of the damages awarded by courts to victims?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please illustrate with available data concerning the recovery rate, the title of the studies, the frequency of the studies and the coordinating body:
035. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to victims (protection and assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
035-1. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to minor victims (protection and
assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment - If yes, please specify:
<u>-</u> -
036. Do victims of offences have the right to dispute a public prosecutor's decision to discontinue
a case? Please verify the consistency of your answers in this question and question 105 regarding
the possibility for a public prosecutor "to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a
judge".
(X)Yes
() No
[] NAP
Comment - If necessary, please specify:

037. Is there a system of compensation in the following circumstances:

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	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
Total	673	84	841 296
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Excessive length of proceedings			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-execution of court decisions			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful arrest/detention			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful conviction			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Other			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Where appropriate, please give details on the compensation procedure and the calculation method for the amount of the compensation (e.g., the amount per day for unjustified detentions or convictions):

037-1. Please specify which authorities are responsible for dealing with the requests and whether a legal time limit exists to deal with these requests:

	Responsible authorities	Legal time limit
Court concerned	[]	[]
Other court	[X]	[X]
Ministry of Justice	[X]	[X]
High Judicial Council	[]	[]
Other external bodies (e.g. Ombudsman)	[]	[]

Comments

037-2. Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender concerning the number of:

	Existence of statistical data disaggregated by gender
Persons who initiate a case in other than criminal matters	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which categories of cases: [Comment] (X) No

Victims recognised as such by the court	(X) Yes - If yes, please specify for
•	which types of offences:
	[Comment]Domestic Violence
	() No
	[] NA
Perpetrators of criminal offences	(X) Yes - If yes, please specify for
	which types of offences:
	[Comment]Domestic Violence, and
	Violence against women
	() No
	[] NA

Comments The General Council for the Judiciary offers statistical information by gender on perpetrators only for domestic violence and violence against woman. The National Institute for Statistics (INE) offers statistical information on perpetrators for all types of crimes.

037-3. Are there statistical data on the relation between the perpetrator of the criminal offence and the victim recognised by the court?

(X) Yes
() No

If yes, please specify: The National Institute for Statistics (INE) offers statistical information.

2.2.2 Confidence and satisfaction of citizens with their justice system

038. Does your country implement surveys to measure trust in justice and satisfaction with the services delivered by the judicial system?

	National level	Court level
Surveys for judges	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for court staff	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for public prosecutors	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for lawyers	[] Annual [X] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [X] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for other professionals	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for the parties	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for other court users (e.g. jurors, witnesses, experts, interpreters, representatives of governmental agencies, NGOs)	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc

Surveys for victims	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for minors	[] Annual	[] Annual
•	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Surveys for the general public	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Other not mentioned	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[X] Other regular	[X] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[X] Ad hoc

[] NA

Comment - Please, indicate the references and links to the satisfaction surveys you mentioned above: Council for the Judiciary published the results of a survey conducted to the Judicial Career, and another survey among the general public (February 2023 "La imagen de la Justicia entre los usuarios de sus servicios". The General Bar Association conducts surveys among lawyers on the problems of Justice and the treatment that they receive in Courts. The Ministry of Interior published a survey conducted among victims of hate crimes, that includes questions about the proceeding to report these kind of crimes.

3.Organisation of the court system

3.1.Courts

3.1.1Number of courts

042. Number of courts - legal entities.

	Number of courts
Total number of all courts - legal entities (1 + 2)	4 222
(- · -)	[]NA
	[] NAP
1 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities $(1.1 + 1.2 + 1.3)$	2 585
	[] NA [] NAP
1.1.12	2 342
1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	[] NA
	[] NAP
1.2 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	240
	[] NA
	[] NAP
1.3 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	3
	[]NA
	[] NAP
2 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	1 637
	[] NA [] NAP

Comments

043. Number of specialised courts – legal entities.

	First instance	Higher instances
Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	1 578 []NA []NAP	58 []NA []NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	101 []NA []NAP	4 []NA []NAP
Insolvency courts	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Labour courts	389 []NA []NAP	23 []NA []NAP
Family courts	137 []NA []NAP	6 []NA []NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	17 []NA []NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	7 []NA []NAP	2 []NA []NAP
Internet related disputes	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Administrative courts	243 []NA []NAP	23 []NA []NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Military courts	[]NA [X]NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Juvenile courts	82 []NA []NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Other specialised courts	602 []NA []NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments - If "Other specialised courts", please specify: Courts Labour specialised in enforcement; Courts on enforcement of Arbitration; Civil Registry; Courts on Penitentiary Surveillance; Courts for mortgage enforcement; Courts on capacity of persons; Criminal Courts of Violence against Women; other

044. Number of courts - geographic locations.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)
First instance courts geographic locations (this includes 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction and first instance specialised courts)	695 [] NA [] NAP
All the courts (geographic locations) (this includes 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction, first instance specialised courts, all second instance courts and courts of appeal and all Supreme Courts)	715 []NA []NAP

Comments

C. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: National Commission Judicial Statistics
Deputy Directorate of Territorial Cooperation and Coordination (MoJ)

3.2. Court staff

3.2.1Judges and non-judge staff

046. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for all types of courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts)

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of professional judges $(1 + 2 + 3)$	5 728	2 509	3 219	
1 ,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Number of first instance professional judges				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)				
professional judges	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
professional judges	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Number of Supreme Court professional				
judges	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
Juugos	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above:

046-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportionally reduced remuneration?

(X)	Yes
١.	4 L	,	100

() No

046-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted (multiple replies possible).

X] Child-care
[X] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
X] Training
] For the purposes of early retirement
] No specific reason required
[X] Other reason, please specify:

Comments Women Judges in case of being victim of gender violence, in order to make effective their protection or their right to comprehensive social assistance.

The Regulation of the judicial career contemplates other possible causes of reduction of the working day. This reduction does not always imply a reduction in the remuneration. It suposes a reduced remuneration when it affects the hours of public hearing.

046-1-3. If yes, what is the number of professional judges working part-time with reduced renumeration?

	Total	Males	Females
Total $(1 + 2 + 3)$	3	1	2
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. At first instance level	3	1	2
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level	0	0	0
, , ,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. At Supreme Court level	0	0	0
•	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

046-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart from part-time) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	(X) Yes
Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	(X) Yes
Other measures	() Yes (X) No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration?

[X] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care [] Training [] For the purposes of early retirement [] As part of induction process for new judges [] No specific reason required [X] Other reason, please specify:family conciliation punctual obligations Comments 046-2. Number of judges (FTE) by case type: Total Criminal Administrative Other Civil and/or commercial Total number of judges 5 728 [] NA [X] NA [X] NA [X]NA [X] NA [] NAP [] NAP [] NAP []NAP [] NAP First instance [X] NA [X] NA [X] NA [X] NA [X]NA [] NAP Second instance [X]NA [X] NA [X]NA [X]NA [X]NA [] NAP Supreme Court [X] NA [X] NA [X] NA [X] NA [X] NA

] NAP

] NAP

[] NAP

046-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

If "Other", please explain which types of cases:

[] NAP

=

[X] Child-care

047. Number of court presidents.

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of court presidents $(1 + 2 + 3)$	102	77	25	
- '	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Number of first instance court presidents				
_	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)	96	71	25	
court presidents	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
court presidents	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Number of Supreme Court presidents	6	6	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

[] NAP

048. 1	Number of p	professional	judges sittir	ng in courts	on an	occasional	basis a	and who	are p	aid as
such (if possible,	on 31 Dece	mber of the	reference y	ear):					

	Figure
Gross figure	1 008 []NA
In full-time equivalent	[X] NA [] NAP

Comments - If necessary, please provide comments to explain the answer provided: Number of Judges substitutes listed in the substitute pools.

048-1. Do these professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis deal with a significant part of cases?

()	X) Yes	If yes, please give specifications on the types of cases and an estimate in percentage.	
() No		
ſ] NAP		

Comments

049. Number of non-professional judges who are not remunerated but who may receive a simple defrayal of costs (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (e.g. lay judges or "juges consulaires", but not arbitrators or persons sitting on a jury):

	Figure
Gross figure	7 700 []NA
In full time equivalent	[] NAP
	[] NAP

Comments Judges of Peace

049-1. If such non-professional judges exist at first instance in your country, please specify for which types of cases:

	Yes	No	Echevinage / mixed bench
Criminal cases (severe)	()	(X)	()
Criminal cases (misdemeanour and/or minor)	()	(X)	()
Family law cases	()	(X)	()

Labour law cases	()	(X)	()
Social law cases	()	(X)	()
Commercial law cases	()	(X)	()
Insolvency cases	()	(X)	()
Other civil cases	(X)	()	()

[] NAP

Comments - If "Other civil cases", please specify:

050. Does your judicial system include trial by jury with the participation of citizens?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

050-1. If yes, for which type(s) of case(s)?

[X] Criminal cases

[] Other than criminal cases

Comments

051. Number of citizens who were involved in such juries for the year of reference:

[3906]

[]NA

[] NAP

Comments The higher number in 2022 is probably because of the higher number of jury trials.

_

052. Number of non-judge staff who are working in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled)

	Total	Males	Females
Total non-judge staff working in courts (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	49 802 []NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP
Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) (see Explanatory Note)	4 470	1 347	3 123
	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (case preparation, assistance during the hearing, helping to draft the decisions)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

3. Staff in charge of different administrative			
tasks and of the management of the courts	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
(human resources management, material and	[A]NAF	[A]NAF	[A]NAF
equipment management, including computer			
systems, financial and budgetary management,			
training management)			
4. Technical staff			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
5. Other non-judge staff	45 332		
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments - If "Other non-judge staff", please specify: The sum of the bodies [Gestor Procesal, Tramitador Procesal and Auxilio Judicial] destinated to Courts:45332

In adition to that, there are 1155 Forensic Doctors.

Regarding the distribution males / females: This distribution can only be given from the Autonomous Regions of the direct competence of the Ministry of Justice (5 out of 17). In these Autonomous Regions the proportion of females within the civil servants in Courts is 71% (therefore, 29% of males). This proportion is possibly applicable to the whole national system.

052-1. Number of non-judge staff by instance (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females
Total non-judge staff working in courts	49 802		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
(1+2+3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	44 869		
, ,	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
first instance level	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	4 452		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
second instance (court of appeal) level	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	481		
Supreme Court level	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Publeme Contriever	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

=

053. If there are Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies), please specify in which fields they have a role:

- [X] Legal aid
- [X] Family cases
- [X] Payment orders
- [X] Registry cases (land and/or business registry cases)
- [X] Enforcement of civil cases
- [X] Enforcement of criminal cases

[X] Non-litigious cases	
[X] Other cases not mentioned (please describe in comment)	
[] NAP	
Comments - Please briefly describe their status and exact duties: Letrado de la Administración de Justicia: L	egal body with the following
asks:	
Public authentication of judicial acts.	
Responsible of documentation and judicial archives. Responsible of the information about the proceedingsResponsible of the report to the Judge.	
Responsible of the deposit of movables and sources of evidence.	
Responsible of the bank account of the Court.	
Technical Direction of the personnel.	
Conciliation.	
Admission of the lawsuit or claim. Request of requisites to the party and/or report to the Judge in case of car	use of possible non-
admission. Impulse of proceedings according to Law.	
Procedural decisions on the course of the proceeding.	
Certification and legal guarantee in search or entry into home by police.	
Proceedings on judicial costs and fees of Lawyers.	
Collaboration with Tax Administration in the management of judicial fees.	
Judicial statistic of the Court.	arre i tala
Functions of collaboration and cooperation with other Public Administrations, with the General Council of the Autonomous RegionsPromotion on the use of technical, audio-visual and IT means.	he Judiciary and with the
054. Have the courts outsourced certain services under their responsibilities to	external providers?
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	
054-1. If yes, please specify which services have been outsourced:	
[] IT services	
[] Training of staff	
[X] Security	
[] Archives	
[X] Cleaning	
[X] Other types of services (please specify):interpreters	
Comments - If "Other types of services", please specify:	
[] NA	
71 Places indicate the sources for enswering the questions in this part	
C1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part	
Sources: Organic Law for the Judiciary	

3.3. Public prosecution

3.3.1Public prosecutors and staff

055. Number of public prosecutors (on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled.)

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of prosecutors $(1 + 2 + 3)$	2 679	891	1 788	
([] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Number of prosecutors at first instance leve	el			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
2. Number of prosecutors at second instance				
(court of appeal) level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
(court of appoint) 10 to 1	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
3. Number of prosecutors at Supreme Court	40	26	14	
level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
10 101	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment for interpreting the data above: As mentioned in previous exercises, the structure of the Prosecution service does not distinguish prosecutors by 'instance level'.

However, it distinguishes three categories: First, First category ("Fiscales de Sala") Prosecutor of Chamber: Total 40, Males 26, Females 14 (this category includes the Prosecutors of chamber of Supreme Court).

Second. "Fiscal": Total 1908, Males 704, Females 1204

Third: "Abogado-Fiscal": Total 771, Males 187, Females 584

055-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for prosecutors with proportionally reduced remuneration?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

055-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted? (multiple replies possible)

[X] Child-care

[X] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care

[X] Training

[] For the purposes of early retirement

[] No specific reason required

[X] Other reason, please specify:women prosecutors victims of gender violence, in order to make effective their protection or their right to comprehensive social assistance

Comments

055-1-3. If yes, what is the number of prosecutors working part-time with reduced remuneration?

	Total	Males	Females
Total $(1 + 2 + 3)$	0	0	0
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. At first instance level	0	0	0
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level	0	0	0
, , ,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. At Supreme Court level	0	0	0
•	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments 2 Women Prosecutors with reduced working time, but WITHOUT reduced remuneration.

055-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart of part-time work) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	(X) Yes
Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	(X) Yes
Other measures	(X) Yes

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration?

055-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

[X] Child-care
[X] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[X] Training
[] For the purposes of early retirement
[] As part of induction process for new prosecutors
[] No specific reason required
[X] Other reason, please specify:
[] NAP

Comments - Child-care

- Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
- Training
- Other reason, please specify Prosecutor victim of violenca against women

056. Number of heads of prosecution offices.

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of heads of prosecution offices (1	87	45	42	
+ 2 + 3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
+ 2 + 3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Number of heads of prosecution offices at				
-	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	
first instance level	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	
2. Number of heads of prosecution offices at				
•	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	
second instance (court of appeal) level	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
3. Number of heads of prosecution offices at				
-	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
Supreme Court level	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	

Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above: The structure of the Prosecutor's body is adapted to the territorial division of Spain in Autonomous Regions and Provinces.

Number of Heads of offices of the Autonomous Región: Total 17 (Males 9, Female 8)

Number of Heads of offices of Province: Total 44 (Males 25, Female 19)

Number of Heads of offices of Area: Total 26 (Males 11, Females 15)

057. 3	In your judicial	system, do ot	her persons l	have similar d	uties to the	ose of publ	ic prosecutors?
---------------	------------------	---------------	---------------	----------------	--------------	-------------	-----------------

()	X) Yes	
() No	

Comments - If yes, please specify their titles and functions:

057-1. If yes, please provide the number (in full-time equivalent):

[]
X I NA	

059. If yes, is their number included in the number of public prosecutors that you have indicated under question 55?

	() Yes
	(X	() No
[] NAF)

Comments

059-1. Do prosecution offices have prosecutors who are specially trained in areas of domestic violence and sexual violence?

1_			
1-			

Domestic violence		X] Yes	
Domestic Violence			Yes, specifically for minor	
		victims		
		[]	No	
		[] NA		
_		[] NAP		
Sexual violence			[X]Yes	
] Yes, specifically for minor	
		victims		
		[]	No	
		[] NA		
omments - If yes, please specify 60. Number of staff (non-public pro	osecutors) attac	thed to the public p	rosecution services,	
60. Number of staff (non-public proossible, on 31 December of the reference	erence year and	ched to the public produced without the number		
	erence year and	ched to the public produced without the number		
60. Number of staff (non-public proossible, on 31 December of the reference	erence year and and for posts a	ched to the public poly I without the number ctually filled).	er of non-judge staff,	

Sources: Ministry of Justice
Sub-Directorate for Access and Promotion of the Personnel of the Administration of Justice.

3.4. Gender equality

3.4.1 Specific provisions for facilitating gender equality

061-2. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for recruiting:

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	(X)	()
prosecutors	(X)	()
non-judge staff	(X)	()

lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	(X)	()
[] NA		

Comments - if the situation changed since the reference year, please specify in the comments. If you have additional comments please specify:

061-3. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for promoting:

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	(X)	()
prosecutors	(X)	()
non-judge staff	()	(X)
lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year or you have additional comments, please specify:

061-3-1. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for the appointment of:

	Yes / No
Court president	(X) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]
Head of prosecution services	(X) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]

Comments

3.4.2 At national level

061-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy/action plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?

(Χ)	Y	es

() No

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you specify the reference or internet link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? - The II Equality Plan for the Judicial Career, approved by the Plenary of the General Council of the Judiciary, on January 30, 2020. - Equality Plan for the Prosecution Career, approved by the Prosecution Council on December 3, 2015, and the Action Plan 2021-2022 for Equality, approved by the State Attorney General on July 20, 2021.

061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner) / institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:

	Yes, please specify	No
The recruitment of judges	(X) Equality Commission, within the General Council of the Judiciary.	()
The promotion of judges	(X) Equality Commission, within the General Council of the Judiciary.	()
The recruitment of prosecutors	(X) Equality Commission, within the Prosecution Council	()
The promotion of prosecutors	(X) Equality Commission, within the Prosecution Council	()
The recruitment of non-judge staff	()	(X)
The promotion of non-judge staff	()	(X)

Comments - Please specify the status of this person/institution and if it has a consultative function or if its opinions/decisions have legal consequences: In the Ministry of Justice there si also a Equality Unity: The functions of the Equality Unit are regulated in article 77 of Organic Law 3/2007, of March 22, for the effective equality of women and men, and article 3.2 of Royal Decree 259/2019, of April 12, which regulates the Equality Units of the General Administration of the State

3.4.3 At court/public prosecution services level

061-7. At the court or public prosecution services level, is there a person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner)/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in the organisation of judicial work?

	Yes	No
in courts (judges)	()	(X)
in public prosecution services (prosecutors)	()	(X)
for courts' non-judge staff	()	(X)

Comments - Please specify the details of this person/institution, in particular its titles and function:

061-9. In order to improve gender balance in access to different judicial professions and gender equality in promotion and in access to functions of responsibility, what are the measures, in your country, which:

have been already implemented (please specify): By legal norm, both the General Council of the

Judiciary and the Prosecution Council have a Equality Commissions.

Both Commissions have developed their Equality Plans. The breadth of both documents does not allow a brief summary of its objectives and actions.

The Judicial Career Plan contains 20 lines of action (including access to the judicial career, promotion, training, conciliation, equality mainstreaming, etc.).

On July 20, 2021, the Action Plan 2021-2022 for Equality in the Prosecution Career was approved. It is structured in 4 specific objectives, which set expected results, and concrete actions:

- 1. Take Knowledge of the situation of the Public Prosecution in matters of equality.
- 2. Raise awareness of the Prosecution on equality and gender perspective.
- 3. Strengthen / promote the exercise of the social rights of the

Prosecutors.

4. Promote the use of inclusive and non-sexist language.

In addition to that, the Ministery of Justice has implemented an Equality Unit. This Unit is in charge of ehe effective transversal application of equal treatment and opportunities between women and men that affect the department's personnel, as well as the exercise of the functions regulated by article 3 of Royal Decree 259/2019, of April 12, by which regulate the Equality Units of the General State Administration.

This unit has impelled relevant inititatives:

- a) Studies on equality in figures
- b) Training and awareness: Seminars, Institutional declarations.
- c) Guide for the use of more inclusive and egalitarian language

are planned (please specify): The Judicial Career Equality Plan contains 20 lines of action (including access to the judicial career, promotion, training, conciliation, equality mainstreaming, etc.).

On July 20, 2021, the Action Plan 2021-2022 for Equality in the Prosecution Career was approved. It is structured in 4 specific objectives, which set expected results, and concrete actions.

Comments - If the situation changed since reference year, please specify in the comments. Both commissions of Equality (General Council for the Judiciary and Prosecution) are active in the adoption of measures to implement the respective Plans for Equality. On the other hand, the Equality Unit of the Ministry of Justice organised sessions of training and relevant seminars. In this line, in 2023 has approved the Guide for the use of more inclusive and egalitarian language.

[] NAP

061-10. Are there evaluation studies or official reports regarding the main causes of possible gender inequalities with regard to:

[X] Recruitment procedures, please specify:	
[X] Appointment to the position of court president, please specify:	

[X] Appointment to the position of head of prosecution services, please specify:
[X] Promotion procedures and access to the functions of responsibility, please specify:
[X] Other studies, please specify:
Comments - Please specify also the reference documents. The Equality Plan of the Judicial Career includes sections for evaluation and diagnosis, and periodically reports are published on topics as discretionary positions in the Judicial Career by gender, professional promotion, Judicial Career access, and other.
3.5. Use of information technologies in courts
3.5.1 Governance
<u>ICT STRATEGY</u>
062-01. Do you have an overall Information and Communication Technology (ICT) strategy in the
judicial system?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments Given the territorial composition of Spain in 17 autonomous regions, 12 of which have jurisdiction over the means of the Administration of Justice, the coordination of the digitalization of Justice is carried out in two cooperation bodies: The State Technical Committee of the Administration of Justice Electronics and the Justice Sector Conference. Currently, Royal Decree Law 6/2023 determines a legal framework with a series of digital services and implementation commitments with specific deadlines, in relation to a budget mechanism that has been previously agreed at the Sectoral Conference.
062-02. If there is an overall ICT strategy in the judicial system, who was involved in the process
of its definition?
[X] Judges (Judicial council)
[] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)
[X] Ministry of justice
[] Lawyers (bar association)
[] Notaries (association of notaries)
[X] Enforcement agents (association of enforcement agents)
[X] Other (please specify)Public Administration of Autonomous Regions
[] NA [] NAP
Comments
LEGISLATION
062-03. Does a national legislation/regulation of ICT in the judicial system exist?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
062-04. If yes, how is this legislation/regulation of ICT in the judicial system structured?

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Comment - If more than one of the proposed models exist in your country, please select them all and explain the details [] NA		
MPACT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF ICT S		
62-05. Have you already organised audits/evalua	tions/assessments of the	e impact of the
mplementation of the ICT system?		
(X)Yes		
() No		
comments		
062-06. If these audits/evaluations/assessments modalities:	s were already organise	d, please specify their
	Format	Last conducted audit
ICT Governance	[X] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[X] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA
Security and risk management	[X] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[X] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA
Impact on efficiency and quality of the business processes and workflow	[X] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[X] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA

[X] Relevant norms are included in the general e-government legislation/regulation

[X] Relevant texts are included in dedicated technical documents/specifications

[] Other, please specify

[] NA

[X] Relevant norms are included in specific legislation/regulation only for the judicial system

Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[X] Internal	[X] In the last 2 years
	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA
Other, please specify in comments	[X] Internal	[X] In the last 2 years
/ 1 1 2	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA

Comment - If you have selected other area, please provide details. Please also add details on the content of the last organised evaluation. - The comprehensive security process must be continually updated and improved. The Judicial Interoperability and Security Scheme must be kept permanently updated.

The Security Subcommittee is the specialized and permanent body for judicial cybersecurity of the State Technical Committee of the Electronic Judicial Administration. It is up to the State Technical Committee of the Electronic Judicial Administration to approve the bases for updating the Judicial Interoperability and Security Scheme.

- There is a data-aimed system that allows to control in real time every Justice system in the territory. Thanks to this, it is possible to measure, in real time, the impact on the operation of the processes and their time, or the impact on the workload on human resources.
- Electronic communications or automatized processes are periodically assessed.

062-07. If these audits/evaluations/assessments were organised in the last 5 years, how did you apply their recommendations/results?

[X] Update applications
[X] Define new ICT projects/modules
[X] Adjust legislation
[X] Adjust working processes
[X] Withdraw/stop use of a module/application
[X] Reporting purpose only
[] Other, please specify
NA
NAP

3.5.2 Electronic case processing

[]

Comments

ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF CASES

062-08. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate

Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic submission is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic submission is not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic submission is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic submission is not possible
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic submission is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic submission is not possible

Comments In Spain, the Lawyer is not mandatory, exclusively, in procedures whose financial amount is less than 2,000 euros. It is mandatory in all other cases (claims for higher amounts, and cases on any other matter). Just because it is not mandatory does not mean that the party cannot hire a lawyer if they wish.

Electronic communication is mandatory for Justice professionals (consequently in all cases in which a lawyer participates). Electronic communication is voluntary for the citizen (non-professional).

062-09. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, please specify the modalities:

1 1	Possible to be submitted	Data integration
	electronically by:	

Civil	[X] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double	[X] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic submission is
	submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible []NA		not possible
Administrative	[X] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA
Criminal	[X] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible	[X] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA

SENDING ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS TO COURT

062-10. If it is possible to send case-related documents to the courts electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible

Comments

062-11. If it is possible to send electronically case related documents to the courts, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted	Data integration
	electronically by:	

Civil	·	by a party not represented by a lawyer [] Documents sent by another	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic delivery is not possible []NA	person/institution [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible [] NA	electronic delivery is not possible
Administrative	[X] Paper delivery is still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way) [] Double delivery (Paper delivery must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible [] NA	[X] Documents sent by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [] Documents sent by another person/institution [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP – electronic delivery is not possible [] NA
Criminal	[] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way)	[] Documents sent by a party not	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP – electronic delivery is not possible [] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Documents sent by another person/institution", please specify details. The presentation of documents in paper is an exception: - For citizens (not professionals) in cases in which Lawyer is not compulsory. - For those kind of especial documents that (for size or other especial circumstances) cannot be digitalized, or for which this option is particularly difficult.

ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS

062-12. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible

062-13. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Type of notification	Data integration

Civil	[X] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	
Administrative	[X] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
	[] 1.11	are not possible	

Criminal	[X] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	

Comment - If you have selected the option "Notifications sent to other persons/institutions", please specify details. Notifications in paper are also an exception: Only for citizens not represented by Lawyer.

Lawyers and private companies must be notified electronically.

CONSULTATION OF A CASE ONLINE

062-14. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	(X) 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - online consultation	() NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	(X) 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - online consultation	() NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	(X) 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - online consultation	() NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

062-15. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, please specify the modalities:

	Content	Access	Consultation format
Civil	[X] Case status [X] Documents [X] Notifications [X] Events/calendar [X] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Electronic access at the court premises [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA
Administrative	[X] Case status [X] Documents [X] Notifications [X] Events/calendar [X] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Electronic access at the court premises [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA
Criminal	[X] Case status [X] Documents [X] Notifications [X] Events/calendar [X] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [X] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Electronic access at the court premises [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other", please specify details. Public Prosecutor Office

REMOTE HEARINGS

062-16. If it is possible to organise remote hearings what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % (X) 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % (X) 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % (X) 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible

Comments

062-17. If it is possible to organise remote hearings, please specify the functionalities and modalities:

Functionalities	Modalities

Civil	[X] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text) [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible	[] NAP – remote hearings
Administrative	[X] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text) [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible [] NA	[] NAP – remote hearings

Criminal	[X] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[X] The judge can impose
	[] Publicly available tools	a remote hearing
	used by courts	[] NAP – remote hearings
	[] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[] NA	

ELECTRONIC ARCHIVES

062-18. If electronic archives of cases exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 %	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 %
	() 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %	() 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %
	do not exist	() NAP - electronic archives do not exist
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 %	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 %
	() 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic archives	() 1-25 % () 0 %
	do not exist	do not exist

Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic archives	() NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

062-19. If an electronic archive of cases exists, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper
Civil	[] Paper archiving is still possible [X] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist
Administrative	[] Paper archiving is still possible [X] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA
Criminal	[] Paper archiving is still possible [X] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA

Comments

3.5.3 Tools

CASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (CMS)

062-20. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
 Civil	(X)95-100%	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
riminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA

062-21. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

Functionalities

Civil	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	[] Case weighting
	[X] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[X] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Protected log files
	[X] Electronic signature
	[X] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA
A duration and the state of the	[V] Controliced and/or interconcreble
Administrative	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
Administrative	CMS databases
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number)
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register,
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register)
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature [X] Other special functionality, please
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [X] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", because of its importance please specify details. Guided processing, templates for resolutions, application to extract statistics digitally, other.

062-22. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Criminal	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	[] Case weighting
	[X] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[X] Interoperability with prosecution
	system
	[X] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Protected log files
	[X] Electronic signature
	[X] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details. Guided processing, templates for resolutions, application to extract statistics digitally, other.

WRITING ASSISTANCE TOOLS

062-23. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, what are their deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

Administrative	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

062-24. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, please describe their functionalities:

	Functionalities
Civil	[X] Templates
	[] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[X] Speech-to-text
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA
Administrative	[X] Templates
	[] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[X] Speech-to-text
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA

Criminal	[X] Templates
	[] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[X] Speech-to-text
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

RECORDING OF COURT HEARINGS

062-25. If a tool to record court hearings exists, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings

Comments

062-26. If a tool to record court hearings exist, please specify its functionalities:

Functionalities

Civil	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[X] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[X] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Administrative	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[X] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[X] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Criminal	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[X] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[X] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

DATABASE OF COURT DECISIONS

062-27. If there is a national database of court decisions, please provide the percentage of the decisions published at each instance.

		Percentage of Supreme
	instance decisions	court decisions
published	published	published

Civil	() 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	(X) 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	(X) 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	(X) 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

062-28. If there is a national database of court decisions, please specify the modalities in publishing these decisions:

	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme court
Civil	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[X] Published in an	[X] Published in an	[X] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

Administrative	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[X] Published in an	[X] Published in an	[X] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[X] Published in an	[X] Published in an	[X] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

⁻ If you have selected the option "Other" because the court decisions are published online in some other way then the presented modalities, please describe.

062-29. If there is a database of court decisions at national level, what are the functionalities of this database?

	Functionalities
Cii1	[X] Automatic anonymisation
Civil	
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	[X] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[X] Open data
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Machine-readable content
	[X] Structured content
	[X] Metadata
	[X] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[] NA

Administrative	[X] Automatic anonymisation
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	[X] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[X] Open data
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Machine-readable content
	[X] Structured content
	[X] Metadata
	[X] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[]NA
Criminal	[X] Automatic anonymisation
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	[X] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[X] Open data
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Machine-readable content
	[X] Structured content
	[X] Metadata
	[X] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details. Related to the point 'Open data', the use of the database for commercial uses, nor the massive downloading of information, is not permitted. The reuse of this information for the creation of databases or for commercial purposes must follow the procedure and conditions established by the CGPJ through its Judicial Documentation Center.

STATISTICAL TOOLS



062-30. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, what is their deployment rate?

Deployment rate

Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there are no statistical tools
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there are no statistical tools

062-31. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, please describe their functionalities and the data available for statistical analysis:

analysis

Civil	[] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
CIVII	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[] Age of a pending case
	[X] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[X] Number of hearings
	[X] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[] Case weights
	[X] Internal page and/or	[] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[X] External page with	[X] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[X] Result of the appeal
	[] Real-time data	[] NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[X] Automatic	[] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[X] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[] NA	
Administrative	[] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
	1	
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	with the CMS [] Business intelligence	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)
		_
	[] Business intelligence	pending)
	[] Business intelligence software	pending) [] Age of a pending case
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website)	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP—there are no
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP—there are no
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [X] Other special	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [X] Other special functionality, please specify	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [X] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – there are no	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
	[] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [X] Other special functionality, please specify	pending) [] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools

Crimina	al	[] Integration/connection with the CMS	[X] Case flow data (number of incoming, resolved,
		[] Business intelligence	pending)
		software	[] Age of a pending case
		[X] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
		predefined statistical reports	[X] Number of hearings
		[X] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
		customised statistical reports	[] Case weights
		[X] Internal page and/or	[] Number of parties in a
		dashboard	case
		[X] External page with	[X] Indicator of appeal
		statistics (public website)	[X] Result of the appeal
		[] Real-time data	[] NAP– there are no
		availability	statistical tools
		[X] Automatic	[] NA
		consolidation of data at the	
		national level	
		[X] Other special	
		functionality, please specify	
		[] NAP – there are no	
		statistical tools	
() Ye	o		
062	2-33. If yes, is there a maximum value	over which online court-re	lated dispute resolution
can	not be organised?		
() Yes, please specify the maximum value		
() No		
Comment	ds		
062	2-34. If yes, can the online court-relate	d dispute resolution be use	d in the following areas?
[] Small claim litigation		
[] Undisputed claim		
[] Payment order		
[] Misdemeanour criminal cases		
[] Enforcement of civil cases		
1			
L] Other, please specify		
Comment] Other, please specify:: Please describe the existing online procedures:		

062-35. Is there a computerised national record centralising all criminal convictions?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments
062-36. If yes, please specify the following information:
[] The computerised record includes biometric data (ex. fingerprint data, picture)
[X] The computerised record is linked to other European records of the same nature (ex. ECRIS)
[X] The content is directly available through computerised means for judges and/or prosecutors (ex. interoperability with the CMS)
[X] The content is directly available for purposes other than criminal (ex. civil and administrative matters)
[X] The record contains conviction information on third-country nationals and stateless persons
Comments The System of Administrative Records to support the Administration of Justice (SIRAJ) constitutes a single, non-public information system that allows the connection between the different records: Its main objective is to support the activity of Courts, the Public Prosecutor's Office, the State Security Forces and Police Bodies. The management of the databases that make up the SIRAJ corresponds to the Ministry of Justice.
062-37. Is there a Document Management System (DMS) in the registry of courts?
(X)Yes
() No
Comment: If yes, please provide details on the purposes and usage of this system.
062-38. In addition to the tools listed in the ICT section of this questionnaire does your judicial
system use other innovative ICT tools?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment: If yes, please list and describe these ICT tools. Among others: - The technological solution, Virtual Digital Immediation Desktop (EVID), is a virtual desktop that makes it possible to carry out actions by videoconference and other means, with full legal validity, allowing attention to citizens in exactly the same way and with the same guarantees as if they were at the headquarters in person - System for the systematised and digitalised management of judicial effects, deposits and evidence of judicial procedures, and whose management corresponds to the judicial bodies. - Single application on a national level for the management of the judicial bodies' bank accounts in which deposits and judicial consignments are constituted, in the field of judicial processes. It allows you to consult the economic status of the judicial procedure,
consult the deposits made into the account, as well as transfers and the issuance of payment orders. The application also allows the ordering of judicial embargoes, evidence management, as well as the publication of electronic judicial auctions in the Official Spanish

- Artificial Intelligence anonimisation systems.

- Carpeta Justicia.

Gazette (BOE).

3.6.Performance and evaluation

3.6.1 National policies applied in courts and public prosecution services

066. Are quality standards determined for the judicial system at national level (are there quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies)?

Comments - If yes, please specify: 067. Do you have specialised personnel entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards? Ves / No within the courts () Yes (X) No within the public prosecution services () Yes (X) No Comments 3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services 070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of productivity of judges and court staff [] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of assers (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] lamped of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify): Comments 070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] lampher of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] lumber of pending cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] lumber of pending cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of pending cases [X] lumber of pending cases [X] lumber of pending cases [X] lumber of pending cases [X] number of pending cases	(X) Yes	
067. Do you have specialised personnel entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards? Yes / No	() No	
quality standards? Yes / No within the courts	Comments - If yes, please specify:	
quality standards? Yes / No within the courts	067. Do you have specialised personnel entrust	ed with implementation of these national level
within the courts () Yes (X) No within the public prosecution services () Yes (X) No Comments 3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services O70. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: X number of incoming cases X length of proceedings (timeframes) X number of resolved cases X number of pending cases X length of proceedings (timeframes) X number of pending cases X productivity of judges and court staff satisfaction of court staff satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) X costs of the judicial procedures X number of appeals X appeal ratio X clearance rate X disposition time X other (please specify):	<u> </u>	
within the courts () Yes (X) No within the public prosecution services () Yes (X) No Comments 3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services 070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X number of incoming cases [X length of proceedings (timeframes) [X number of resolved cases [X number of pending cases [I hacklogs [X productivity of judges and court staff [satisfaction of court staff [satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X costs of the judicial procedures [X number of appeals [X appeal ratio [X clearance rate [X disposition time [X other (please specify):		Yes / No
within the public prosecution services (X) No Comments 3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services 070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of pending cases [] backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify);		
within the public prosecution services Comments 3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services 070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases [] backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify): Comments 070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases	within the courts	
Comments 3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services 070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of pending cases [backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [satisfaction of court staff [satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):	within the public procedution complete	
3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services 070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases [A] productivity of judges and court staff [A] satisfaction of court staff [A] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):	within the public prosecution services	
070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases [] backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify): Comments 070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases	Comments	
070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases [] backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify): Comments 070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases	3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution ser	vices
[X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases [J] backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [J] satisfaction of court staff [J] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):		
[X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases [J backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [J satisfaction of court staff [J satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify): Comments O70-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases		performance and quality) concerning:
[X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases [Jacklogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [Jatisfaction of court staff [Jatisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):	[X] number of incoming cases	
[X] number of pending cases [] backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):		
[] backlogs [X] productivity of judges and court staff [] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):	[X] number of resolved cases	
[X] productivity of judges and court staff [] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):	[X] number of pending cases	
[] satisfaction of court staff [] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):		
[] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts) [X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):		
[X] costs of the judicial procedures [X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):		
[X] number of appeals [X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):		e courts)
[X] appeal ratio [X] clearance rate [X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):	•	
[X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):		
[X] disposition time [X] other (please specify):		
[X] other (please specify):		
O70-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases	-	
070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality) concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases		
<pre>concerning: [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases</pre>	Comments	
 [X] number of incoming cases [X] length of proceedings (timeframes) [X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases 	070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecu	ution activities (performance and quality)
[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)[X] number of resolved cases[X] number of pending cases	concerning:	
[X] number of resolved cases [X] number of pending cases	[X] number of incoming cases	
[X] number of pending cases	[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)	
	[X] number of resolved cases	
[] backlogs	[X] number of pending cases	
	[] backlogs	

[X] productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		
[] satisfaction of prosecution staff		
[] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by	y the by the public prosecution)	
[] costs of the judicial procedures		
[] clearance rate		
[] disposition time		
[X] percentage of convictions and acquittals		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
071. Do you monitor the number of pending reasonable timeframe (backlogs) for:	cases and cases that are no	t processed within a
[X] civil law cases		
[X] criminal law cases		
[X] administrative law cases		
Comments		
072. Do you monitor waiting time during jud	licial proceedings?	
072. Do you monitor waiting time during jud		No
	Yes (If yes, please specify)	140
within the courts	(X)	()
within the public prosecution services	(X)	()
Comments		
073. Do you have a system to evaluate regula	arly court performance has	ed on the monitored
indicators of question 70?	mry court performance base	ed on the momtored
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
073-0. If yes, please specify the frequency	y:	
() Annual		
() Less frequent		
(X) More frequent		
Comments - If "Less frequent" or "More frequent", please spec	eify:	
073-1. Is this evaluation of the court activity	used for the later allocation	n of resources within th
court?		

(X) Yes

Comments
073-2. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[X] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[X] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[X] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
073-3. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly the performance of the public prosecution
services based on the monitored indicators of question 70-1?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments
073-4. If yes, please specify the frequency:
() Annual
() Less frequent
(X) More frequent
Comments - If "less frequent" or "more frequent", please specify:
073-5. Is this evaluation of the activity of public prosecution services used for the later allocation
of resources within this public prosecution service?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
073-6. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[X] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[X] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[X] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
=
079. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the courts (multiple replies possible)?
[X] High Judicial Council
[X] Ministry of Justice
[X] Inspection authority
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() No

[] Supreme Court
[] External audit body
[] Other (please specify):
	istry of Justice in the scope of its competences.
079	9-1. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the public prosecution services
(m	ultiple replies possible)?
[]	X] Public Prosecutorial Council
[] Ministry of Justice
[] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor
[]	X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[] External audit body
[] Other (please specify):
Con	nments Inspection Service, within the State Attorney General office
3.6	3.3Information regarding courts /public prosecution services activity
080	0. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the
	actioning of the courts?
()	X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution):National Commission for Judicial Statistics
() No
Con	nments
080	0-1. Are the statistics on the functioning of each court published?
	X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)https://www.poderjudicial.es/cgpj/es/Temas/Estadistica-Judicial/Informacion-general/
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)
() No
Con	nments
=	
	0-2. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding functioning of the public prosecution services?
()	X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution): Attorney General's office
() No
Con	nments
080	0-3. Are the statistics on the functioning of each public prosecution service published?
	X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)https://www.fiscal.es/
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)
() No

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Comments
=
081. Are individual courts required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data
on the number of resolved cases or pending cases, the number of judges and administrative staff,
targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. to whom the report is primarily intended):
081-1. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[] Internet
[X] Intranet (internal) website
[] Paper distribution
Comments
081-2. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
() Annual
() Less frequent
(X) More frequent
Comments
=
081-3. Are public prosecution services required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for
example, data on the number of incoming cases, the number of decisions, the number of public
prosecutors and administrative staff, targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. for whom the report is primarily intended):
081-4. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[] Internet
[X] Intranet (internal) website
[] Paper distribution
Comments
081-5. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
() Annual
() Less frequent
(X) More frequent

3.6.4 Performance and evaluation of judges and public prosecutors

083. Are there quantitative performance targets defined for each judge (e.g. the number of	
resolved cases in a month or year)?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	
083-1. Who is responsible for setting these targets for each ju	ıdge?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[] Legislative power	
[X] Judicial power (for example the High Judicial Council, Supreme Court)	
[] President of the court	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
083-1-1. What are the consequences for a judge if these targe	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by court's president [] Temporary salary reduction [X] Reflected in the individual assessment [X] Other, please specify: [Comment]Inspection by the Inspection Service of the General Council for the Judiciary
With disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by court's president [X] Temporary salary reduction [X] Reflected in the individual assessment [X] Other, please specify: [Comment]Depending on the severity, intentionality, or repetition, it may give rise to disciplinary sanctions. [] No consequences
	[] NAP (no targets defined)

Comments

114. Is there a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work?

	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work
Quantitative	(X) Yes () No
Qualitative	() Yes
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment purposes for which the results of the assessment are used:	t is based, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the
114-1. Please specify the frequency of this e	valuation:
() Annual	
() Less frequent	
() More frequent	
(X) Different frequencies used, please specify: quarterly (s $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	tatistics) and semi-annual (variable remuneration)
=	
083-2. Are there quantitative performance ta number of decisions in a month or year)?	rgets defined for each public prosecutor (e.g. the
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	
083-3. Who is responsible for setting these ta	argets for each public prosecutor?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[] Public Prosecutorial Council	
[] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superio	or public prosecutor
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
083-3-1. What are the consequences for a pro-	osecutor if these targets are not met?
	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by head of prosecution [] Temporary salary reduction [] Reflected in the individual assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment]

20. Is there a system of individual evaluation of th	ne public prosecutors' work?
omments	T. J. Carre
No consequences	[] No consequences
	[] NAP
	possibility of sanction
	[Comment]In case of disciplinary flie,
	[X] Other, please specify:
	assessment
	[] Reflected in the individual
	[X] Temporary salary reduction
Vith disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by head of prosecution

	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of thepublic prosecutors' work
Quantitative	(X)Yes
_	() No
Qualitative	() Yes
	(X) No

Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is based, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the purposes for which the results of the assessment are used:

120-1. Please specify the frequency of this evaluation:

() Annual
() Less frequent
(X) More frequent
() Different frequencies used, please specify:
[]NAP

Comments

C4. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: - Law 15/2003, of May 26, regulating the remuneration regime for judicial and fiscal careers.

- Royal Decree 432/2004, of March 12, which regulates the variable complement by objectives of the members of the Prosecution service.
- Agreement of November 29, 2018, of the Plenary of the General Council of the Judiciary, by which Regulation 2/2018 is approved, regulating the remuneration regime Judicial career .

4. Fair trial

4.1.Principles

4.1.1Principles of fair trial

Comments

084. Percentage of first instance criminal in absentia judgm attending the hearing in person nor is represented by a lawy	·
[] NAP	
Comments - Please add methodology for calculation used.	
085. Is there a procedure to effectively challenge a judge (r	ecusal), if a party considers that the
judge is not impartial?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - Please could you briefly specify:	
085-1. If yes, what are:	
	-
The total number of the initiated procedures in the reference year	[X] NA [] NAP
The total number of recusals pronounced in the reference year	[X]NA []NAP
Comment - Please, could you briefly specify:	
086. Is there in your country a monitoring system for the vi	olations related to Article 6 of the
European Convention on Human Rights?	iolations letated to rituele o of the
[X] For civil procedures (non-enforcement)	
[X] For civil procedures (timeframe)	
[X] For criminal procedures (timeframe)	
Comments - Please specify what are the terms and conditions of this monitoring sy by ECHR at the State/courts level; implementation of internal systems to prevent of measure an evolution of the established violations):	·
086-1. Is there in your country a possibility to review/reope	en a case after a finding of a violation of
the European Convention on Human Rights by the European	an Court of Human Rights?
[X] For civil cases	
[X] For criminal cases	
[X] For administrative cases	

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D1. Please indicate the sources for answeri	ng the questions in t	ns part	
Sources: Civil, Criminal Procedural Acts.			
General Council of the Judiciary website.			
Constitutional Court annual report.			
4.2.Timeframe of proceedings			
4.2.1 General information			0
087. Are there specific procedures for urger	nt matters regarding		
[X] civil cases			
[X] criminal cases			
[X] administrative cases			
[] There is no specific procedure for urgent matters			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
088. Are there simplified procedures for:			
[X] civil cases (small disputes)			
[X] criminal cases (misdemeanour cases)			
[X] administrative cases			
[] There is no simplified procedure			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
088-1. For these simplified procedures, mag	y judges deliver an c	ral judgement with a written o	orde
and without the full reasoning of the judger	nent?		
[] civil cases			
[] criminal cases			
[X] administrative cases			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
089. Do courts and lawyers have the possib	ility to conclude agr	eements on arrangements for	
processing cases (presentation of files, deci	sions on timeframes	for lawyers to submit their	
conclusions etc.)?			
	Yes	No	

()

()

Agreement on general arrangements

Agreement in specific cases

(X)

(X)

4.2.2 Case flow management – first instance

091. First instance courts: number of other than criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 969 766 [] NA [] NAP	2 834 976 []NA []NAP	2 711 212 [] NA [] NAP	2 091 634 []NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP
1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases (including litigious enforcement cases and if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3)	1 302 968 []NA []NAP	1 372 020 [] NA [] NAP	1 343 849 [] NA [] NAP	1 323 049 []NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP
2. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	491 414 []NA []NAP	1 279 083 [] NA [] NAP	1 189 272 [] NA [] NAP	588 327 []NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP
2.1. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases, e.g. uncontested payment orders, request for a change of name, non-litigious enforcement cases etc. (if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3; without registry cases and other cases, see categories 2.2 and 2.3)	491 414 []NA []NAP	1 279 083 [] NA [] NAP	1 189 272 [] NA [] NAP	588 327 [] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP
2.2. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry cases	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business registry cases	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
3. Administrative law cases	175 384 []NA []NAP	183 873 []NA []NAP	178 091 []NA []NAP	180 258 []NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP



4. Other cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				

Comments There are increases of incoming and resolved cases compared to the number of cases in 2020. It should be taken into account that information from 2020 represents the year of the pandemic. The recovery of normal work increased the number of cases, incoming and resolved.

092. If courts deal with "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases", please indicate the case categories included:

D		1	1	*.1	• , •	, ,	1' 1		1.	1 C '1		with mutual	
$-\mathbf{p}$	aument	order t	rocedures	without	annacitian'	realiects tor	undishiited	Cacec.	divorces	and famil	V 100HAC	with multiple	consent
	avincin	oruci i	noccuuics	willout		icuucsis ioi	unuispuicu	cases.	ur voices	and ranni	v issues	willi illutuai	COnsent

093. Please indicate the case categories included in the category "other cases":

. NAP			

094. First instance courts: number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of criminal law cases	395 299	766 522	755 978	419 948	
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases	284 198	326 349	322 873	296 839	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor	111 101	440 173	433 105	123 109	
criminal cases	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
3. Other criminal cases	b. d	h. d	A. d	h d	
J. J. Sales Gallina Gabes	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify There are increases of incoming and resolved cases compared to the number of cases in 2020. It should be taken into account that information from 2020 represents the year of the pandemic. The recovery of normal work increased the number of cases, incoming and resolved.

4.2.3 Case flow management – second instance

097. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of "other than criminal law" cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	171 921 []NA []NAP	235 486 [] NA [] NAP	210 961 []NA []NAP	196 470 [] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases (including litigious enforcement cases and if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3)	134 329 []NA []NAP	209 783 [] NA [] NAP	177 497 []NA []NAP	166 663 [] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
2. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
2.1. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases, e.g. uncontested payment orders, request for a change of name, non-litigious enforcement cases etc. (if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3; without registry cases and other cases, see categories 2.2 and 2.3)	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA
2.2. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry cases 2.2.2 Non-litigious business	[X] NA	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X]NA	[X]NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
registry cases	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Administrative law cases	37 592 []NA []NAP	25 703 []NA []NAP	33 464 []NA	29 807 []NA []NAP	[X]NA
4. Other cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments - If "Other cases" please specify 2020 was a year marked by the pandemic, the reduction of work in judicial bodies, despite digitalization, and by mobility restriction measures. The increase in the pace of work in 2022 is logical and it explains the increase in the

number of incoming civil (and commercial) litigious cases. The reduced clearance rate has been due to the increase in appeals against judgements in ordinary trials related to floor clauses (cláusulas suelo); clause that a specific financial institution can include in a variable interest mortgage loan contract and that establishes the minimum interest rate that customers will pay.

098. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of criminal law cases	9 926	54 975	54 368	10 580	
(1+2+3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
(1+2+3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases	6 832	38 041	37 248	7 886	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor	3 094	16 934	17 120	2 694	
criminal cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
Crimmar Cases	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify: 2020 was a year marked by the pandemic, the reduction of work in judicial bodies, despite digitalization, and by mobility restriction measures. The increase in the pace of work in 2022 is logical and it explains the increase of incoming and resolved cases compared to 2020.

4.2.4 Case flow management – Supreme Court



099. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of "other than criminal law" cases:

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of other than criminal law	34 828	27 483	24 742	36 416	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
Cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	26 996	16 162	14 464	27 391	
litigious cases (including litigious	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
, ,	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
enforcement cases and if possible					
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases					
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(2.1 2.2 2.3)	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

2.1. General civil (and	5.1374		5 3374		
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[] NA [X] NAP				
e.g. uncontested payment orders,		[]	[]	[]	[]
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry case	s				
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
•					
2.2. Registry cases	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registr	v				
cases	[] NA				
Cases	[X] NAP				
2.2.2 Non-litigious business					
registry cases	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
2.2.3. Other registry cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP	[X]NAP			
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
3. Administrative law cases	7 832	11 321	10 278	9 025	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	[]NA	[X] NA [] NAP
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Other cases	F 1.NIA	r I NI A	r I NI A	F 1 37 A	r 1 NI 4
	[] NA [X] NAP				

Comments - If "Other cases", please specify 2020 was a year marked by the pandemic, the reduction of work in judicial bodies, despite digitalization, and by mobility restriction measures. The increase in the pace of work in 2022 is logical and it explains the increase of incoming and resolved cases compared to 2020.

099-1. At the level of the Highest court (Supreme Court), is there a procedure of manifest inadmissibility?

(X) Yes, please indicate the number of cases closed by this procedure:	
() No	

Comments

100. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of criminal law cases.

Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case
				came to the Supreme Court
				Supreme Court

Total of criminal law cases	6 379	9 467	8 648	7 198	
(1+2+3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
(11213)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[X] NA				
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[X] NA				
Cimmar Cases	[] NAP				
3. Other criminal cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				

Comment - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify

4.2.5 Case flow management and timeframes - specific cases

101. Number of specific litigious cases received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Litigious divorce cases	30 886	36 253	35 676	30 609	
Lingious divorce cuses	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
Employment dismissal cases	62 253	120 935	115 094	66 855	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Insolvency	38 902	27 751	20 524	45 871	
,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Robbery case					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Intentional homicide					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments According to the economical information, increase of insolvencies has taken place in companies and in natural persons.



101-0. Number of cases relating to asylum seekers and to the right of entry and stay for aliens.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases for more than 2 years
Court cases relating to asylum	12 247	4 352	4 378	12 173	
seekers (refugee status under the	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[X]NA
1951 Geneva Convention)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Court cases relating to the right	14 235	26 782	27 380	14 028	
of entry and stay for aliens	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

Comments The increase in the number of cases on asylum seekers can be clearly related to migration flows.

101-1. Could you briefly describe the system in your country dealing with legal remedies relating to asylum seekers (refugee status under the 1951 Geneva Convention) and the right of entry and stay for aliens:

. The inadmissibility of the request for asylum by the Ministry of the Interior can be appealed before the Courts of Contentious Administrative by the abbreviated procedure (article 78.1 of Law on Contentious Administrative Jurisdiction). In addition, if the asylum seeker requests the suspension of the decisión (of the Ministry), the urgency procedure will be applicable. Then, the judge must decide (on the suspension) in two days without hearing the other party, who will be heard in the next three days

(Article 29 of Law regulating Right of Asylum, linked to Article 135 of Law of Contentious Administrative Jurisdiction).

101-2. Number of cases relating to child sexual abuse and child pornography received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Child sexual abuse					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Child pornography					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please explain what are the legal definitions of these categories of offences in your system: Article 181 Criminal Code. Article 189 Criminal Code.

Legal definitions.

102. Percentage of decisions subject to appeal, average length of proceedings and percentage of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances for specific litigious cases. The average length of proceedings has to be calculated from the date the application for judicial review is lodged to the date the judgment is made, without taking into account the investigation phase in criminal cases as well as enforcement procedure.

	% of decisions subject to appeal	Average length in 1st instance (in days)	Average length in 2nd instance (in days)	Average length in 3rd instance (in days)	Average length of the entire procedure (in days)	% of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances
Civil and commercial litigious cases	Allow decimals : 2	345 []NA []NAP	260 [] NA [] NAP	673 []NA []NAP	[X] NA	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP

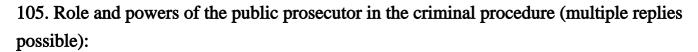
Litigious divorce cases		311	392	672		
Lingious divorce cuses	Allow decimals: 2	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	Allow decimals: 2
		[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
	[X] NA					[X] NA
	[] NAP					[] NAP
Employment dismissal cases		196	264	892		
Employment dismissar cases	Allow decimals: 2	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	Allow decimals: 2
	25	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	
	[] NA					[X] NA
	[] NAP					[] NAP
Insolvency cases		1 009	275	998		
msorvency cases	Allow decimals: 2	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA	[X] NA	Allow decimals: 2
	32	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	
	[]NA	[]	[] - 1.2.2	[]	[]	[X] NA
	[]NAP					[]NAP
Dobbowy oagos			173	729		
Robbery cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	Allow decimals : 2
		[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	
	[X] NA	[] 1 11 11	[] 1 11 12	[] 1 1 1 1	[]	[X] NA
	[]NAP					[]NAP
Intentional homicide cases		787	153	344		
intentional nonneue cases	Allow decimals: 2	707 [] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	Allow decimals: 2
		[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	
	[X] NA					[X] NA
	[] NAP					[]NAP

Comments The percentage of increases maybe minor if compared with 2021 data.

104. How is the length of proceedings calculated for the six case categories of question 102? Please give a description of the calculation method.

. Estimation made by	V Indicial Statisti	ic Deparment of	the General	Council for the	Indiciary
. Estimation made by	v Judiciai Statisti	ic Debarment of	me General	Council for the .	Judiciai v.

4.2.6 Case flow management – public prosecution



п	***	1 .	1 .				. •
	X	Ιt∩	conduct	α r	supervise	1nvestiga	f10n
П	2 N	l w	Conduct	OI	Super visc	mvesugu	HOH

- [X] when necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge
- [X] to charge
- [X] to present the case in court
- [X] to propose a sentence to the judge
- [X] to appeal
- [X] to supervise the enforcement procedure
- [X] to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge (ensure consistency with question 36!)
- [] to end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision
- [X] other significant powers (please specify):Ensure the procedural protection of victims, witnesses and experts, promoting their

effective aid and assistance. Exercise in matters of criminal responsibility of minors the functions entrusted by the specific legislation, addressed to the satisfaction of the best interests of the minor. Promote or, where appropriate, provide international judicial assistance.

Comments The prosecutor has competence 'to discontinue a case without the need for a judge's decision' only in two specific categories of cases: the investigation of crimes committed by minors, and the pre-procedural proceedings of article 773.2 of the Criminal Procedure Law.

106. Does the public prosecutor also have a role in:

- [X] civil cases
- [X] administrative cases
- [X] insolvency cases

Comments - If yes, please specify:

=

107. Public prosecutors: Total number of 1st instance criminal cases.

	Number of cases
1.Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	[X]NA []NAP
2.Incoming/received cases	2 077 465 [] NA [] NAP
3.Processed cases (3.1+3.2+3.3+3.4)	[] NA [X] NAP
3.1.Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)	[X]NA []NAP
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	[X]NA []NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	[X]NA []NAP
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	[] NA [X] NAP
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	[X]NA []NAP
3.2.Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	[X]NA []NAP
3.3.Cases brought to court	[X]NA []NAP
4.Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	[X]NA []NAP

107-1. If the guilty plea procedure exists, how many cases were concluded by this procedure?

	Total	Severe criminal cases	Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases
Total number of guilty plea procedures			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Before the main trial			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
During the main trial			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

$\overline{}$						
()	O)	m	m	e	nt	S

1	.09. Do the figures provided in Q107 include traffic offence cases?	
	(X) Yes	
	() No	

Comments

D2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: La Justicia Dato a Dato (documento published by the GCJ)	
The annual report of the General State Attorney.	

5. Career of judges and public prosecutors

5.1.Recruitment and promotion

5.1.1Recruitment and promotion of judges

110. How are judges recruited?

- [] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)
- [X] other (please specify): One from each four posts for Magistrate will be covered by jurists with recognised experience with more tan 10 years of profesional experience. These candidates also have to pass the training period at the Judicial School.

Comments

110-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for judges in your country:

. - In Spain, the access to the judicial and prosecutorial career is made through the same procedure: Candidates (with law degree) must pass a competitive and public exam composed of three phases (a written test, and two oral exams) before the recruitment tribunal. Once the candidates pass the theoretical exams and based on the scores obtained and the number of posts available, they

choose the career of judge or prosecutor. For both careers and after the theoretical exams, an initial training is needed. Judges have a long period of training at the Judicial School (Escuela judicial) and prosecutors at the Center of Judicial Studies (Centro de Estudios Jurídicos). In adittion to the training in the respective Schools, they have to overcome a period of traineeship in courts

- One from each four posts for Magistrate will be covered by jurists with recognised experience with more tan 10 years of profesional experience. These candidates also have to pass the training period at the Judicial School.

110-2. What are the recruitment requirements for judges (multiple replies possible)?

[X] Age
[X] Nationality
[X] Physical/Psychological capacity
[X] General studies in law
[X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[X] Number of years of relevant experience
[X] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[X] Validation of a general state examination in law
[X] Validation of a specific examination for judges
[X] Clean criminal record
[] Foreign languages
[X] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[] Other

Comments - If "other", please specify: Personal requirements are is inherent to the position of judge.

110-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of judge and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	4 865	1 344 []NA	3 499 [] NA
Number of recruited persons	206	69	137

Comments These figures include the people who took the exam (general procedure), and those others who applied through the shift of jurists of recognized competence (ten years experience). The total number of people recruited refers only to those who, once they passed the exam (common for judges and prosecutors) chose a judge position.

110-4. If the number of applicants decreased in the last years did you take any remedial measures

() Yes (X) No

[] NAP

Comments

110-5. If yes, please specify what i	remedies you	implemented:	
[] Increase of salary			
[] Other financial incentives			
[] Improving working conditions			
[] Workload reduction at the beginning of c	eareer		
[] Other adjustments in the frame of the ind	luction of new judg	es	
[] Other			
Comments: If "other", please, specify:			
=			
111. Authority(ies) responsible for rec	rnitment - are	e iudoes initially/at	the heginning of their career
recruited and nominated by:	iditilioni di	Juages milany/ac	are segming of their emper
[] An authority made up of judges only			
[] An authority made up of non-judges only			
[X] An authority/authorities made up of judges an	nd non-judges		
[] Other			
111-1. How many members compose	this authority	? Males	Females
	0	2	
Members	9 []NA []NAP	3 []NA []NAP	6 []NA []NAP
Comments – Please specify what is the status of this a qualificator number 2 111-2. May non-selected candidates ap			
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments – Please specify the procedure to be follow	read the commetent	authority, the moment for	exercising the right of appeal:
	wed, the competent	•	
112. Is the same authority (Q111) com	_	•	res?
112. Is the same authority (Q111) com	_	•	res?
• • • •	_	•	res?
() Yes	npetent for the	e promotion of judg	res?
() Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is con	mpetent for the	e promotion of judg	
() Yes (X) No	mpetent for the	e promotion of judg	
() Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is con 113. What is the procedure for the pro	mpetent for the	e promotion of judg	

[X] Other procedure(s) (interview or other	r)		
[] No special procedure			
Comments - Please specify how the promotion now the publicity of promotion processes is e		organised (especially if the	re is no competition or examination
113-0. In the frame of the promo	otion procedures, pl	lease indicate the n	umber of applicants and t
number of promotions actually r	nade during the ref	erence year:	
	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	[X] NA	[X]NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X]NA
Comments			
113-1. Please indicate the criteri	a used for the prom	notion of a judge? (multiple replies possible)
[X] Years of experience			
[X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative	performance)		
[] Performance (quantitative)			
[] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, repu	tation)		
[X] Other			
[] No criteria			
Comments - Please specify any useful comme	ent regarding the criteria (e	especially if you have chec	ked the box "performance" or "oth
5.1.2Status, recruitment and pr	romotion of prose	cutors	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
115. What is the status of public	-		
[] Has an independent status as a separat	, ,		
[] Is part of the executive power but enjoy	•		ow and to what extent)
[] Is part of the executive power (without			
[X] Is part of the judicial power but enjoy	-	(please briefly explain how	v and to what extent)
[] Is part of the judicial power (without f	functional independence)		
[] Is a mixed model (please explain)			
[] Has other status (please explain)			
Comments - When appropriate, please specificant constitution, legislation etc.).Further		•	•
115-1. Are specific instructions	addressed to a publ	ic prosecutor to pro	osecute or not prohibited
aw or other regulation?			
() Yes			
(X) No			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
			Page 86 of 133

115-2. If they are prohibited by law or other regulation, are there exceptions?
() Yes
() No
[X]NAP
Comments - Please describe these exceptions:
115-3. Which authority can issue such specific instructions?
[X] General Prosecutor
[X] Higher prosecutor/Head of prosecution office
[] Executive power
[] Other
[] NAP Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-4. What form these instructions may take?
[X] Oral instruction
[X] Oral instruction with written confirmation
[X] Written instruction
[] Other
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-5. In that case, are the instructions:
[X] Issued seeking prior advice from the competent public prosecutor [X] Mandatory
[X] Reasoned
[X] Recorded in the case file
[X] Other
[]NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-6. What is the frequency of this type of instructions:
() Exceptional
(X) Occasional
() Frequent
() Systematic
[]NAP
Comments
115-7. Can the public prosecutor oppose/report an instruction to an independent body?
(X) Yes

() No [] NAP
Comments - If yes, please specify to which body/institution and please describe under which conditions. The Prosecutor who receives a instruction that he/she considers contrary to the law or, for any other reason, inadmissible, will inform his/her Head Prosecutor by means of a reasoned report. The Head Prosecutor can raise the matter to the Board of prosecutors (Junta de Fiscalía) and, once it is manifested, will definitively resolve it by written means. (Article 27 Estatute of Prosecution).
116. How are public prosecutors recruited?
[X] through a competitive exam (open competition)
[] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)
[] other (please specify):
Comments
116-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for prosecutors in your country:
. The access to the judicial and prosecutorial career is made through the same procedure: Candidates (with law degree) must pass a competitive and public exam, composed of three phases, a written test, and two oral exams before the recruitment tribunal. Once the candidates pass the theoretical exams and based on the scores obtained and the number of posts available, they choose the career of judge or prosecutor. For both careers and after the theoretical exams, an initial training is needed. Judges have two year training at the Judicial School (Escuela judicial) and prosecutors 1 year training at the Center of Judicial Studies (Centro de Estudios Jurídicos).
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?
[X] Age
[X] Nationality
[X] Physical/Psychological capacity
[X] General studies in law
[X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[X] Number of years of relevant experience
[X] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[X] Validation of a general state examination in law
[X] Validation of a specific examination for prosecutors
[X] Clean criminal record
[] Foreign languages
[X] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[] Other

Comments - If "other", please specify:

116-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of prosecutor and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	3 862	[X]NA	[X]NA
Number of recruited persons	127	33 []NA	94

Comments The exam is common for Judge and Prosecutor position.

The figure (3862) refer the people who was admitted for the common exam.

116-4. If the number of applica	ants decreased in the last years	did you take any remedial measures?
() Yes		
(X) No		
Comments		

116-5. If ye	es, please	specify what	remedies	you imp	lemented:

[] Increase of salary
]] Other financial incentives
]] Improving working conditions
]] Workload reduction at the beginning of career
]] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new prosecutors
]] Other

Comments: If "other", please, specify:

117. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - Are public prosecutors initially/at the beginning of their career recruited by:

[] An authority composed of public prosecutors only
[] An authority composed of non-public prosecutors only
[]	X] An authority composed of public prosecutors and non-public prosecutors
[] Other

Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of public prosecutors. If there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles:

117-1. How many members compose this authority?

	Total	Male	Female
Members	9	3	6
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members: Composition of Tribunal qualificator number 2

117-2. May non-selected candid	ates appeal against	the decision on rec	ruitment/appointment?
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments – Please specify the procedure to	be followed, the competent	authority, the moment for	exercising the right of appeal:
118. Is the same authority (Q.11	7) competent for the	e promotion of pub	lic prosecutors?
() Yes			
(X) No, please specify which authority is	competent for promoting p	public prosecutors	
Comments			
119. What is the procedure for the	he promotion of pro	osecutors? (multiple	replies possible)
[] Competitive test / exam			
[] Previous individual evaluations			
[X] Other procedure(s) (interview or other	er)		
[] No special procedure			
Comments - Please specify how the promotion	on procedure for prosecutor	rs is organised (especially it	there is no competition or
examination) and how the publicity of promo	tion processes is ensured:		
119-1. In the frame of the promo	otion procedures, pl	ease indicate the nu	mber of applicants and
number of promotions actually r			
- ,	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X]NA
Number of promoted persons	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X]NA
Comments			
119-2. Please indicate the criteri	a used for the prom	otion of a prosecute	or:
[X] Years of experience	_	_	
[X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative	performance)		
[] Performance (quantitative)			
[] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, repu	itation)		
[X] Other			
[] No criteria			
Comments - Please, specify any useful comm	nent regarding the criteria (e	especially if you have chec	ked the box "performance" or "oth
5.1.3Mandate and retirement of	of judges and prose	ecutors	•
121. Are judges appointed to off	fice for an undeterm	ined period (i.e. "fe	or life" — until the officie
age of retirement)?	ice for an undeterm	mica perioa (i.e. 10	
(X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory i	etirement age:72		
(11) 100, pieuse maiente the compuisory i	carement age. 12		

Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
121-1. Can a judge be transferred to another court without his/her consent:
[X] For disciplinary reasons
[] For organisational reasons
[] For other reasons (please specify modalities and safeguards):
[] No
Comments
122. Is there a probation period for judges (e.g. before being appointed "for life")? If yes, how long is this period?
(X) Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):2
() No
Comments
123. Are public prosecutors appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)?
(X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:72
() No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
124. Is there a probation period for public prosecutors? If yes, how long is this period?
(X) Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):8 months
() No
Comments
125. If the mandate of judges is not for an undetermined period (see question 121), what is the length of the mandate (in years)?
[] NA [X] NAP
Comments
125-1. Is it renewable?
() Yes
() No
[X]NAP
Comments
126. If the mandate of public prosecutors is not for an undetermined period (see question 123),

() No

[] NA [X] NAP			
Comments			
126-1. Is it renewable?			
() Yes			
() No			
[X] NAP			
Comments			
E1. Please indicate the sources for ans	swering the ques	stions in this part	
Sources: Organic Law for the Judiciary Estatute of the Public Prosecution			
.2.Training 5.2.1Training of judges 127. Types of different trainings offer	ed to judges:	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school,	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
traineeship in a court) General in-service training	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
Solicial in Service daming	(X)No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
In-service training for management functions	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
of the court (e.g. court president)	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for the use of computer	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
facilities in courts	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on ethics	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
In complete training on shild friendly insting	(X) No	() No (X) Yes	(X) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on gender equality	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No

what is the length of the mandate (in years)?

Other in- service training	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No

Comments Article 312: Organic Law for the Judiciary, "To access selective or specialization tests [for the promotion Judge-Magistrate], it will be necessary to prove that you have participated in continuing training activities with a gender perspective".

128. Frequency of the in-service training of judges:

	Frequency of the judges training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the continuous training of judges:

128-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per judge:

Per judge

Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	
initial comparisory training minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	1
	[] NA
	[] NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	
initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	630
	[] NA
	[] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	
m-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[] NA
	[X] NAP
In comice commutes which as minimum number of days non-vec-	
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[] NA
	[XINAP

Comments The Initial (compulsory) Training of Judges is made up of the following phases:

- The phase in person (Judicial School, Barcelona) -10 months-.
- The supervised internship phase -6 months-
- The replacement and reinforcement phase -5 months-

The training process, based on the recommendations of the European Charter of Judges approved by the Council of Europe, aims to guarantee that all judges have the theoretical, social and cultural knowledge necessary for the development of the jurisdictional function. Once the person enter the Judicial School (after passing the civil examination), the person follow a in person course of one academic year for those in the examination shift (or one month for lawyers). And a subsequent period of supervised internships, in court (nine or three months, respectively). The practices are structured and directed by the EJ, under the supervision of the tutor Magistrates assigned throughout the national territory directed by specialized professors from the EJ. When these two phases are passed, the first jurisdictional destination is accessed.

There is a third and final phase in which the Judge develops replacement and reinforcement functions, assuming responsibility as Judge. Source: GCJ website and Teaching Plan.

5.2.2Training of prosecutors

129. Types of different trainings offered to public prosecutors:

	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training	(X) Yes	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
General in-service training	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutors specialised in organised crime)	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in office	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No

In-service training on ethics	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No
In-service training on gender equality	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No
Other in- service training	(X) Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No

Comments

130. Frequency of the in-service training of public prosecutors :

	Frequency of the in-service training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutor specialised in organised crime)	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in office	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the in-service training of prosecutors:

130-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per prosecutor:

	Per prosecutor
	_
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	
minual compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	1
	[] NA
	[] NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	
mittal compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	335
	[] NA
	[] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	
m-service compaisory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[] NA
	[X]NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	
mi-service compuisory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[] NA
	[X]NAP

Comments The selective course of the Prosecution Career takes 11 months approx: - Theoretical-practical phase: Middle January - Middle June, with the preference for in-person format

- Supervised internship phase: Middle June Middle November. Incorporation of trainee prosecutors to the Provincial and Area Prosecutor's Offices under the direction of a tutorial team.
- Intermediate phase. It will take place during the month of August. Consists of asynchronous teaching material.
- December, until the appointment as Prosecutors, training with online content.

Source: Centre of Legal Estudies (CEJ) Website and Teaching Plan

5.2.3 Training institutions

131. Do you have public training institutions for judges and / or prosecutors?

	Initial training only	Continuous training only	Initial and continuous training
Institution(s) for judges	[]	[]	[X]
Institution(s) for prosecutors	[]	[]	[X]
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	[]	[]	[]

Comments

131-0. If yes, what is the implemented budget of such institution(s)?

	Implemented budget of the institution for the reference year, in €
Institution(s) for judges	20 314 782
	[] NA
	[] NAP

Institution(s) for prosecutors	16 247 000
	[] NA
	[] NAP
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	
	[] NA
	[X] NAP

Comments Sources:

Statistics Department of the Judicial Council for the Judiciary

Program 111R: General Budget of the State - The budget for the Autonomous Body "Centre of Legal Studies" is 16.247.000. The specific part referred to Prosecution Career Training is 6.271.000 (as informed in Q 13)

131-1. If judges and/or prosecutors have no compulsory initial training in such institutions, please indicate briefly how judges and/or prosecutors are trained?

. NAP			

5.2.4 Number of trainings

131-2. Number of in-service trainings available and delivered (in days) by the public institution(s) responsible for training.

	Number of different live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings available	Number of live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings delivered	Number of days of delivered live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of internet-based trainings available on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total	830	729	2 405	178
1 9 9 9 9	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For judges	562	503	1 601	44
J G	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For prosecutors	131	99	546	49
•	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For non-judge staff	137	127	258	85
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For non-prosecutor staff	137	127	258	85
_	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments The numbers are different compared to 2020 because the question has changed a bit. The categories of civil servants are common for Judicial and Prosecutor Office. In order to non duplicate the numbers, their trainings are indicated in both categories non judge staff and non prosecutor staff trainings but counted only one once in the total (in order not to duplicate the number).

131-3. Number of participants in the trainings during the reference year.

	Number of participants in live (in-person, hybrid, videoconference) training	internet-based trainings
Total	8 232	7 532
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Judges	6 116	864
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Prosecutors	1 023	670
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-judge staff	1 093	5 998
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-prosecutor staff		
1	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP

Comments The categories of civil servants are common for Judicial and Prosecutor Office so the number of trainings for these categories cannot be separated. Therefore, the number of trainings for these categories is included in the line non-judge staff whereas in non-prosecutor staff the reply NA is selected.

E2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Statistics Department GCJ
Centre of Legal Studies

5.3. Practice of the profession

5.3.1 Salaries and benefits of judges and prosecutors

132. Salaries of judges and public prosecutors on 31 December of the reference year:

	Gross annual salary, in €	Net annual salary, in €	Gross annual salary, in local currency	Net annual salary, in local currency
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	57 855 []NA []NAP	42 234 [] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court (please indicate the highest salary of a judge at this level, excluding the salary of the Court President)	140 534 []NA []NAP	89 944 [] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	57 855 []NA []NAP	42 234 []NA []NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Court or the Highest Appellate Instance (please indicate the highest salary of a public prosecutor at this level, excluding the salary of the Attorney General).	140 534 []NA []NAP	89 944 []NA []NAP	[]NA []NA [X]NAP [X]NAP
Comment – Please describe briefly how to concepts must be taken into account: - Reference - Professional substitutions. Prosecution	emuneration for obje	ectives: Prosecution 3.462.886	
133. Do judges and public pro	osecutors have	additional benefits? Judges	Public prosecutors
Reduced taxation		() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Special pension		() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Housing		() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Other financial benefit		() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
[X]NAP = 135 Can judges combine the	ir work with ar	ay of the following fu	unctions/activities?
=	ir work with ar	ny of the following fu	unctions/activities? Without remuneration
=	ir work with ar		
= 135. Can judges combine the	ir work with ar	With remuneration (X) Yes	Without remuneration (X) Yes
Teaching	ir work with ar	With remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes
Teaching Research and publication	ir work with ar	With remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No () Yes	Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (Yes

cal function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
ator	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
ents - If rules exist in your country (e.g. authorisation Prior declaration of compatibility by the General C	n needed to perform these activities)	
Can public prosecutors combine their	With remuneration	Without remuneration
ning	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
arch and publication	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
rator	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
ultant	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
ral function	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No
cal function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
ator	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
ents - If rules exist in your country (e.g. authorisation) Productivity bonuses: do judges receivatives in relation to the number of resort dof time)? Yes No ents - If yes, please specify the conditions and if possible.	ive bonuses based on the folved cases (e.g. number	ulfilment of quantitative
No ents - If yes, please specify the conditions and if poss Body/institution of ethics	sible the amounts:	

138. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethical questions of the conduct of judges (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media by judges, etc.)?

(X) Yes

() No
Comment - Please specify:
138-1. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?
() Only judges
() Judges and other legal professionals
(X) Other, please specify:Six members of the judicial career. Who appoint another non-judicial member, an academic expert in Ethics or Philosophy of Law.
Comments
138-2. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of the guidelines and/or opinions, etc.:
138-2-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[3]
[] NA
Comments – Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions
138-3. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethical
questions of the conduct of prosecutors (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media by
prosecutors, etc.)
(X) Yes
() No
Comment: Please specify
138-4. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?
() Only prosecutors
() Prosecutors and other legal professionals
(X) Other, please specify:SIX Prosecutors and ONE academic expert in Ethics or Philosophy of Law.
Comments
138-5. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of opinions, etc.
138-5-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[X] NA

5.4.Disciplinary procedures

5.4.1Authorities responsible for disciplinary procedures and sanctions

140. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against judges (multiple replies
possible)?
[] Court users
[] Relevant Court or hierarchical superior
[X] High Court / Supreme Court
[X] High Judicial Council
[] Disciplinary court
[X] Disciplinary body
[] Ombudsman
[] Parliament
[] Executive power (please specify):
[] Other (please specify):
[] This is not possible
Comments
141. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against public prosecutors: (multiple
replies possible):
[] Citizens
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior public prosecutor
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[X] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)
[] Disciplinary court
[] Disciplinary body
[] Ombudsman
[] Professional body
[X] Executive power (please specify):
[] Other (please specify):
[] This is not possible
Comments
142 Which authority has disciplinant poyer over judges (multiple replies possible)?
142. Which authority has disciplinary power over judges (multiple replies possible)?
[] Court
[] Higher Court / Supreme Court
[X] High Judicial Council

[] Disciplinary court or body		
[] Ombudsman		
[] Parliament		
[] Executive power (please specify):		
[X] Other (please specify):President of the Court, and discipling	ary Commission	
Comments		
143. Which authority has disciplinary power ov	ver public prosecutors (m	ultiple replies possible)?
[] Supreme Court		
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior		
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor		
[X] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)		
[] Disciplinary court or body		
[] Ombudsman		
[] Professional body		
[X] Executive power (please specify):		
[] Other (please specify):		
Comments		
5.4.2Number of disciplinary procedures and	sanctions	
144. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiate public prosecutors. (If a disciplinary proceeding count the proceedings only once and for the materials.)	g is undertaken because o	
	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (1+2+3+4)	26 []NA	4 []NA

	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (1+2+3+4)	26	4
, ,	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Breach of professional ethics	0	
•	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Professional inadequacy	26	
_ ,	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Criminal offence	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Other	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

145. Number of sanctions pronounced during the reference year against judges and public

prosecutors:

	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (total 1 to 10)	33	
,	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Reprimand	5	
•	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Suspension	3	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	16	
5. Whitehawai Ironi ousos	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Fine	9	
4. FIIIC	[] NA	[X]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP
5 Tanananan and artism of a lam.	0	
5. Temporary reduction of salary	[] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP
6. Position downgrade	0 [] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
		[] Talk
7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location	0	
	[]NA	[X]NA []NAP
	[] NAP	[] NAP
8. Resignation	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
9. Other	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
10. Dismissal	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exists between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions, please indicate the reasons.

E3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Statistics Department GCJ	
Annual report General State Attorney - Inspection section -	

6.Lawyers

6.1. Profession of lawyer

6.1.1Status of the profession of lawyers

146. Total number of lawyers practising in your country:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of lawyers	148 388	82 168	66 220

Comments Lawyers 'census' [Abogacía en datos] (General Bar Association website): Information on practicing and resident lawyers. Percentage of women and men (45 and 55% aprox.)

147. Does this figure	e include "le	egal advisors"	who cannot	represent their	clients in	court	(for
example, some solic	itors or in-h	nouse counsell	ors)?				

Yes ()
No (X)
Commen	ts

148. Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:

[]
[] NA	
[X] NAP	
Comments	

149. Is legal representation in courts exclusively exercised by lawyers in: (multiple replies possible)

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil cases	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No
Dismissal cases	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No
Criminal cases – Defendant	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP
Criminal cases – Victim	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No

Administrative cases	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP
Comments - Please indicate any useful class			hou
49-0. If other than lawyers m	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance cour (Supreme Court)
Civil society organisation	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Family member	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Self-representation	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No
Trade union	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No
Other	(X)Yes	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
Comments - If "other", please specify. In a epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function that activities?			an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function			an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation			an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation			an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function ther activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager			an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function ther activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function ther activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function of the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent [X] Other (please specify):	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function of the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent [X] Other (please specify):	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function of the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent [X] Other (please specify):	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function of the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent [X] Other (please specify):	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function of the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent [X] Other (please specify):	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function of the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent [X] Other (please specify):	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
epresentation(s): 49-1. In addition to the function of the activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent [X] Other (please specify):	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci
A9-1. In addition to the function ther activities? [] Notarial activity [X] Arbitration / mediation [X] Proxy / representation [X] Property manager [X] Real estate agent [X] Other (please specify):	ons of legal representation		an a lawyer exerci

151. Is there a specific initial training and/or exam to enter the profession of lawyer?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - Please indicate if there are other specific requirements as regards diplomas or university degrees:
152. Is there a mandatory general in-service professional training system for lawyers?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
153. Is the specialisation in some legal fields linked to specific training, levels of qualification, specific diploma or specific authorisations?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
F1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Procedural Acts. Law 34/2006 regulates the access to the profession of lawyers and "procuradores
6.1.2Practicing the profession of lawyer
154. Can court users establish easily what the lawyers' fees will be (i.e. a prior information on the
foreseeable amount of fees)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments The answer is YES in the prior and direct negotiation with the Lawyer, because the Royal Decree 135/2021, (Estatute General for the profession of Lawyer) - Article 48 -obligates the private lawyer to present the client an 'order paper' or similar document to inform the client on possible costs. The answer would be NO in abstract (through website or other public information, without a direct contact with the professional).
155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely

Yes, laws provide rules	
[X] Yes, standards of the bar association provide rules	
[] No, neither laws nor bar association standards provide rules	
Comments	
5.1.3Quality standards and disciplinary procedures for 1	lawyers O
157. Have quality standards been determined for lawyers?	
(X)Yes	
() No	
Comments - If yes, what are the quality criteria used?	
158. If yes, who is responsible for formulating these quality	y standards:
[X] the bar association	
[] the Parliament	
[X] other (please specify):	
Comments	
159. Is it possible to file a complaint about:	
[X] the performance of lawyers	
[X] the amount of fees	
Comments - Please specify:	
160. Which authority is responsible for disciplinary proced	ures?
[X] a judge	
[] Ministry of Justice	
[X] a professional authority	
[X] other (please specify):	
Comments	
161. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If	a disciplinary proceeding is undertake
because of several reasons, please count the proceedings or	nly once and for the main reason.)
	Number of disciplinary proceedings
Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4)$	
	[X]NA []NAP
1. Breach of professional ethics	
	[X]NA []NAP
	[] + 1 + 4 +

negotiated)?

2. Professional inadequacy	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
3. Criminal offence	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
4. Other	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

162. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers.

	Number of sanctions
Total number of sanctions $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)$	
(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[X] NA
	[] NAP
1. Reprimand	
•	[X] NA
	[] NAP
2 Sugnantion	
2. Suspension	[X] NA
	[]NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
4. Fine	
4. 1 mc	[X] NA
	[]NAP
	[]
5. Other	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons.

7. Court related mediation and other alternative Dispute Resolution

7.1. Court related mediation

7.1.1 Details on court related mediation

163. Does the judicial system provide for court-related mediation procedures?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

163-1. In some fields, does the judicial system provide for mandatory mediation with a mediator?

[X] Before/instead of going to court

[] Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

() Yes (X) No				
()				
omments - If there are mandatory informa	tivo cossions, planso sp	ooify which fields a	ra cancarnad:	
onlinents - If there are mandatory informa	iive sessions, piease sp	becity which fields a	rie concerned.	
64. Please specify, by type of	cases, who provi	ides court-rela	ted mediation	services:
	Private mediator	Public authority	Judge	Public prosecutor
		(other than the court)		
Civil and commercial cases	(X)Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
Sivil and commercial cases	() No	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
Family cases	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Administrative cases	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X)No	(X)No	(X) No
Labour cases including employment	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
dismissals	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
Criminal cases	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X)No	(X)No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
Consumer cases	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
omments				
65. Is there a possibility to rec	eive legal aid fo	r court-related	mediation or	receive these service
ee of charge?				
() Yes				
(X) No				
[] NAP				
omments - If yes, please specify:				
66. Number of accredited or re	egistered mediat	ors for court-r	elated mediati	on:
	Total	Mal		Females
	1 2 2 51 24 1			

[] No mandatory mediation

Number of mediators	10 723		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments The figure provided is the number of mediators (natural and legal persons) registered in the Registry of Mediators. This Registry is not compulsory, so the number of persons that act as mediatos may be higher.

166-1. Could you please describe what are the requirements and what is the procedure to become an accredited or registered mediator in your country (educational requirements, working experiences, accrediting procedure etc.)?

. Acording to Article 11 of Law 5/2012, of July 6, on mediation in civil and commercial matters:

Natural persons who are in full exercise of their civil rights can be mediators.

Legal entities that are dedicated to mediation, whether professional companies or any other provided by the legal system, must designate a natural person who meets the requirements set forth in this Law for their exercise.

The mediator must be in possession of an official university degree or higher professional training and have specific training to practice mediation.

The mediator must take out insurance or equivalent guarantee that covers civil liability arising from his actions in the conflicts in which he intervenes.

167. Number of court-related mediations:

	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Civil and commercial cases	868	526	99
1. Civil and commercial cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Family cases	3 037	1 807	336
2. I diffiny cuses	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
3. Administrative cases			
J. Administrative cases	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X]NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Labour cases including employment	1 788	2 893	1 062
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
dismissal cases	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
5. Criminal cases	2 615	1 834	888
5 0 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
6. Consumer cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
7. Other cases			
7. Outer outer	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[X] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

=

168. Do the following alternative dispute resolution (ADR) methods exist in your country?

- [X] Mediation other than court-related mediation
- [X] Arbitration
- [X] Conciliation (if different from mediation)
- [] Other ADR (please specify):

Comments

G1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Source: National Commission of Judicial Statistics.

Procedural Laws

Law on Mediation in Civil and Commercial matters

8.Enforcement of court decisions

8.1.Execution of decisions in civil matters

8.1.1 Number of enforcement agents, status and mandate

169. Number and type of enforcement agents in your country.

	Total	Male	Female	
Total (1+2+3+4)	47 845			
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
1. Private professionals under the authority				
(control) of public authorities	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
(control) of public authorities	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
2. Enforcement agents working in a public	44 093			
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
institution (civil servants paid by state)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Judges	3 752			
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
4. Other				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	

Comments - If other, please specify their status and competences:

170. What are the requirements to access the profession of enforcement agent (multiple replies possible)?

[] diploma		
[] professional experience		
[X] specific exam		
[X] appointment procedure by the State		
[X] initial training		
[] other		
Comments - If "other", please specify:		
71. Are enforcement agents appointed to o	ffice for an undetermined	period (i.e. "for life" = 1
he official age of retirement)?		
(X) Yes, please indicate the age of retirement: 72 in case of vants	of Judges and Letrados de la Admini	istración de Justicia: 70 in case of
() No, please specify the duration of the appointment:		
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a di	isciplinary sanction)? Please specify	·:
.1.2 Activities/scope of competence		
71-1. Which debtor's information can the e	enforcement agent access	at the beginning of the
nforcement procedure?		
	Access to information	Direct electronic access to information
Address	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Date of birth	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Civil status	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Cohabitant	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Employer	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Motor vehicle	() No (X) Yes	() No (X) Yes
Movable property	() No (X) Yes	() No (X) Yes
Immovable property	() No (X) Yes	() No (X) Yes
Bank account	() No (X) Yes	() No (X) Yes
Other enforcement proceedings underway	() No (X) Yes	() No (X) Yes
Insolvency proceedings (bankruptcy, judicial	() No (X) Yes	() No (X) Yes
	() No	() No

Other	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No

Comments - If "other", please specify: Other enforcement proceedings underway - Not in general, but in two cases: a) When it is a bankruptcy proceeding, b) When the proceeding has caused anotation in the Real State Property Registry.

171-2. Can the enforcement agent carry out the following civil enforcement proceedings:

	Option
Seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Preventive seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Preventive seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Seizure from a third party of the debtor claims regarding a sum of money	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Seizure of remunerations	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Seizure of motorised vehicles	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP

Eviction measures	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizures of boats and ships	 (X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Seizure of aircrafts	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of electronic assets (e.g cryptocurrency)	 (X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Enforced sale by public tender of seized properties	() Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents (X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Other	 () Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents (X) No [] NAP

Comments

171-3. Apart from the enforcement of court decisions, what are the other activities that can be carried out by enforcement agents?

- [X] Service of judicial and extrajudicial documents
- [X] Debt recovery
- [X] Voluntary or public auctions of moveable or immoveable property

[X] Custody of goods
[] Recording and reporting of evidence
[] Court hearings service
[] Provision of legal advice
[X] Bankruptcy procedures
[X] Performing tasks assigned by judges
[] Representing parties in courts
[] Drawing up private deeds and documents
[] Building manager
[X] Other
Comments
3.1.3 Training and ICT
172-1. Is there a system of mandatory general continuous training for enforcement agents?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
172-2. Do you have an e-learning training system established for enforcement agents?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-3. Does the content of the continuous training system also include ICT (related to enforcement
procedures)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-4. Have an electronic service of documents or electronic notifications been introduced in your
country?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
172-5. Does the development of new technologies have an effect on the different stages of the
enforcement procedure?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - Please explain:
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8.1.4 Fees
174. Are enforcement fees easily established and transparent for parties?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
175-1. Are the fees charged in case of successful enforcement proceedings freely negotiated?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
175-2. Who has to pay these fees if the enforcement proceedings are successful?
[X] The debtor
[] The creditor
[] Other – please specify
Comments
176. Do laws provide any rules on enforcement fees (including those freely negotiated)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
H0. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Source: - Royal Decree 1373/2003, of November 7, which approves the tariff of Procuradores Law 10/2012, of November 20, which regulates certain taxes in the field of the Administration of Justice.
8.1.5 Organisation of profession and efficiency of enforcement services
177. Is there a body entrusted with supervising and monitoring the enforcement agents' activity
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
178. Which authority is responsible for supervising and monitoring enforcement agents?
[] professional body
[X] judge
[X] Ministry of Justice

[] public prosecutor	
[X] other (please specify):	
Comments	
181. Is there a specific mechanism for executing court dec	cisions rendered against public
authorities, including supervising such execution?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
182. Is there a system for monitoring how the enforcemen	nt procedure is conducted by the
enforcement agent?	•
(X)Yes	
() No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
183. What are the main complaints made by users concern	ning the enforcement procedure? Please
ndicate a maximum of 3.	
[] no execution at all	
[] non execution of court decisions against public authorities	
[] lack of information	
[X] excessive length	
[] unlawful practices	
[] insufficient supervision	
[] excessive cost	
[] unethical behaviour of enforcement agent	
[X] other (please specify):Insolvency, difficulty and/or impossibility to find a	assets of the debtor
Comments	
185. Is there a system measuring the length of enforcement	nt procedures:
	_
	Existence of the system
for civil cases	(X)Yes

Comments

186. Regarding a decision on debt collection, please estimate the average timeframe to serve and/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the city where the court sits (one option only):

(X) between 1 and 5 days

for administrative cases

(X) Yes () No

() between 6 and 10 days
() between 11 and 30 days
() more (please specify):
[]	NA
Comn	nents

187. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against enforcement agents. (If a disciplinary proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please count the proceedings only once and for the main reason.)

	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated
Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
1. For breach of professional ethics	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
2. For professional inadequacy	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
3. For criminal offence	
	[X]NA
	[] NAP
4.04	
4. Other	[X] NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

188. Number of sanctions pronounced against enforcement agents:

	Number of sanctions pronounced
Total number of sanctions (1+2+3+4+5)	
Total number of ballottons (112151115)	[X] NA
	[] NAP
1.5	
1. Reprimand	L M I M A
	[X]NA
	[] NAP
2. Suspension	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
2 W/4 1 1 C	
3. Withdrawal from cases	L M I M A
	[X]NA
	[] NAP
4. Fine	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
F 04	
5. Other	L M I M A
	[X]NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons: .
H1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Source: Civil Procedural Act
3.2.Execution of decisions in criminal matters
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters
189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
replies possible)
[X] Judge
[] Public prosecutor
[X] Prison and Probation Services
[X] Enforcement agent
[X] Other authority (please specify):
Comments - Please specify his/her functions and duties (e.g. initiative or monitoring functions).
190. Are the effective recovery rates of fines decided by a criminal court evaluated by studies?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
191. If yes, what is the recovery rate?
() 80-100%
() 50-79%
() less than 50%
Comments - Please indicate the source for answering this question:
2.Notaries

9.1. Profession of notary

9.1.1Number, status and mandate of notaries

192. Number and status of notaries in your country.

Total	Males	Females

TOTAL (1+2+3+4)	2 869	1 832	1 037
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Private professionals (without control from			
public authorities)	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
2. Holders of public offices appointed by the	2 869	1 832	1 037
State	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
State	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3.Civil servants (paid by the State)	F 3.NTA	F J NJA	F 1374
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
4. Other			
i. Galei	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
[] appointment procedure by the State			
[] appointment procedure by the State[] initial training[] other (please specify):			
[] initial training			
[] initial training [] other (please specify):		ermined period (i.e.	. "for life" = until the
[] initial training [] other (please specify):		ermined period (i.e.	. "for life" = until the
[] initial training [] other (please specify):	e for an undet	• `	
[] initial training [] other (please specify):	e for an undetendent the compulsory re	tirement age, but they can	
[] initial training [] other (please specify):	the compulsory re	tirement age, but they can	
[] initial training [] other (please specify):	the compulsory re	tirement age, but they can	
[] initial training [] other (please specify):	the compulsory related:	tirement age, but they can n)? Please specify:	request extension up to 72 years; fr

	Please select one option
Authentication	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP

	1
Certification of signatures	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP
Mediation	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP
Taking of oaths	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
Non-contentious judicial procedures (e.g. acting as court commissioner in a	() Yes, exclusively performed by
successions file, performing divorce, division of estate, please specify)	notaries (Y) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No [] NAP
Act as civil servant (for example performing marriage, please specify)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
. 120 an orth sortain (101 example performing marriage, picase specify)	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[]NAP
Other judicial functions (for example, payment orders)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
 	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP
Public auctions	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
Other (for example collect taxes, run registers etc.)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No []NAP
	[] - 14.88

Comments - If "other", please specify. Please indicate any useful clarifications regarding the content of the notaries' exclusive rights or, on the opposite, other bodies that also have competences for the listed activities.

194-2. In which areas of law do notaries perform their activities (multiple replies possible)?
[X] Real estate transaction
[X] Family law
[X] Succession law
[X] Company law
[X] Legality control of gambling activities
[X] Protection of vulnerable persons
[X] Other
Comments
9.1.3 ICT, organisation of the profession and training
194-3. Do notaries use specialised ICT systems in their activity?
[X] In their relations with the State (e.g. courts, registries, chambers of commerce, tax authorities)
[X] In their relations with their clients
[X] In their relations with other notaries (e.g. videoconferencing, system to exchange documents)
Comments
194-4. Which computerised registries can notaries consult?
[X] Land registry
[X] Business registry
[] Civil status / Population registry
[] Succession / Family law registry
[X] Any other registry (please specify)Cadaster, among others
[] None
Comments
194-5. Are there registries/ registry infrastructures run by the notaries?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify: The Single Digital Index, a huge database containing the relevant data provided by all the Spanish notaries out of the authentic instruments signed before them. The Beneficial Ownership Database, containing information about the natural persons who by way of ownership of shares or interests in the capital or by way of management hold the real control of companies and other moral persons.
194-6. In which computerised registries can notaries modify data (either directly or by submitting
an online request)?

Directly modifying

() Yes

(X) No

Land registry

Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request

(X) Yes

() No

Business registry	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No [] NAP	() No [] NAP
Civil status/ Population registry	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () No
Succession / Family law registry	[] NAP () Yes () No [X] NAP	[] NAP () Yes () No [X] NAP
Any other registry (please specify)	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
None	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No [] NAP
Comments		
=		
194-7. What ICT tools are used by nota	ries in their relations wit	h clients?
[X] Videoconferencing (e.g. digital advice)		
[X] Digital act		
[X] Digital identification		
[X] Digital archiving		
[X] Other, please specify		
[] None		
Comments Law 11/2023 modifies the Notarial Law in orinstruments, the possibility of motivated digital consult and Public Administrations and the introduction of a newideoconference and electronic appearance, as well as palready come into force on November 9, 2023, and will copies equipped with a secure verification code.	ation of a single general computer we article that establishes the possi provisions regarding security and f	ized index by the General Council of Notarie bility of granting certain instruments through iles. This modification of the Notarial Law h
194-8. Who is responsible to run the dig	gital archives?	
[X] Notariat / Professional body		
[] Other public authority		
[] Another entity (please specify)		
Comments		
195. Is there an authority entrusted with	supervising and monito	ring the notaries' work?
(X) Yes		•
() No		
Comments		

196. If yes, which authority is responsible for supervising and monitoring notaries (multiple

options possible)?		
[] professional body		
[] court		
[X] Ministry of Justice		
[] public prosecutor		
[X] other (please specify):		
Comments General Council of the Notariat General Directorate of Legal Security and Public Faith		
196-1. Is there a system of general continuous	training for all no	taries?
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
196-2. Do notaries have training on:		
	Yes	No
European law	(X)	()
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)	(X)	()
Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional cou	rses e-learning webinar)	and the major topics of the training activ
	_	
I1. Please indicate the sources for answering the	he questions in this	s part
Sources: Public Websites of the Notariat		
Legislation in force		
0.Judicial experts		
10.1.Profession of judicial expert		
<u> </u>		
10.1.1Status of judicial experts		
202. In your system, what types of judicial exp	perts can participat	te in judicial procedures (mul
replies possible):		
[X] Experts designated by the parties in support of their argu	ments but bound by a dut	y of independence and impartiality to the
[X] Experts appointed by the court or other authority indepen	ndent of the parties	
[V]Od down C' d'all a mod' a mala a mod'.		
[X] Other system of judicial expertise, please specify		

(X) Yes
() No
Comments
202-1-1. If yes, at which level is the list established (multiple replies possible):
[X] national
[] administrative district or federal entity
[X] judicial district
[] other
Comments - Please, indicate any other comment regarding these lists or databases of experts, if they do exist (e.g. does the expert take oath? How are his/her skills evaluated? By whom?):
202-1-2. Are these lists publicly available?
() Yes, available on the internet
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
202-2. Which authority is competent for the registration of judicial experts?
[X] Ministry of justice
[X] Courts
[] Administrative body
[] Independent body (association of judicial experts)
[] Other
Comments - Please also specify the registration criteria:
202-3. Is the registration of judicial experts limited in time?
(X) Yes, for how long1 YEAR
() No
Comments
202-4. Can an expert who is not on the list or not registered be appointed in a case?
() Yes
(X) No
Comment - If yes, please specify in which cases:
203. Is the title of judicial experts protected?
(X) Yes
() No

202-1. Are there lists or any other form of official registration for judicial experts?

an

Comments - If appropriate, please explain the meaning of this protection: There is not a title for judicial expert. However there are expertises that need a title and have a particular status. For example, accountant separating an inheritance bankruptcy administrator.

203-1. Does the judicial expert have an obligation of training?

	Obligation of training
Initial training	(X) Yes () No
Continuous training	(X) Yes () No

\sim					
()	വ	m	m	le:	nts

		() No	
Continuous training		(X) Yes () No	
Comments			
203-2. If yes, does this training con	ncern:		
[] judicial proceedings			
[X] the profession of expert			
[] other			
Comments			
=			
204. Is the function of judicial expe	erts regulated by legal 1	norms?	
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments			
204-1. On the occasion of a task en	trusted to him/her, doe	s the judicial exper	t have to report any
potential conflicts of interest?			
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
205. Number of accredited or regis	tered judicial experts:		
	Total	Males	Females

	Total	Males	Females
Number of experts			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

206-1. Number of cases where an expert opinion was ordered by a judge or requested by the parties

Number of cases	

Total (1+2+3+4)	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
1.Civil and commercial litigious cases	
-	[X] NA
	[] NAP
2.Administrative cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
3.Criminal cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
4.Other cases	
THE WARM CONTROL OF THE PARTY O	[X] NA
	[] NAP

Comments

205-1. Who defines the amount of the expert remuneration?

	In civil/administrative cases	In criminal cases
Defined by law/by-law or a special regulation	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Defined by the court/judge	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No [] NAP
Defined by the Ministry of Justice or another ministry (setting a tariff for example)	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No []NAP
Salary of public official (in case of forensic or another specialist – who is public employee)	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No []NAP
Freely agreed between expert and the parties	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Other	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No

Comments - If other, please specify:

206. Are there binding provisions for judicial experts regarding:

	Yes	No
Deadlines to provide expertise	(X)	()
Quality of expertise	(X)	()
Other	(X)	()

207-1. Does the judge or another body control the progress of the expertise?
(X) Yes
() No
If yes, please specify:
207-2. Are judicial experts' associations involved in:
[] Selection processes
[X] Initial or continuous training
[] Disciplinary procedures
Comments
K1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: - Civil Procedural Act Insolvency Law (Ley Concursal) Organic Law for the Judiciary Royal Decree 892/2013, of November 15, which regulates the Public Registry of Insolvency.
1.Reforms in judiciary
1.1.Foreseen reforms
11.1.1Reforms
208. Can you provide information on the current debate in your country regarding the functioning of justice? Are there undergoing or foreseen reforms? If possible, please observe the following categories:
208-1. (Comprehensive) reform plans
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: The Ministry has 'Justicia 2030' as a plan to promote projects to improve Justice. On the other hand, the agreements of the Sectoral Conference on the Administration of Justice, which formalize the criteria for the distribution of credit assigned by the Recovery and Resilience Mechanism (EU), have become relevant, especially in digitalization.

Comments - If yes, please specify, and provide details in case there are possible sanctions:

208-2. Budget

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[X] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: The Resolution of June 14, 2022, of the Secretary of State for Justice, and the Resolution of March 27, 2023, of the Secretary of State for Justice, publish Agreements of the Sectoral Conference of Administration of Justice, on credit assigned by the Recovery and Resilience Mechanism and the resulting financial commitments associated with projects are formalized.
208-3. Courts and public prosecution services (e.g. powers and organisation, structural changes -
e.g. reduction of the number of courts (geographic locations), competences of the courts,
management and working methods, information technologies, backlogs and efficiency, court fees,
renovations and construction of new buildings)
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Royal Decree 1170/2023, of December 27, creating seventy judicial units corresponding to the 2023 programming, and adapting the judicial plant.
208-4. Access to justice and legal aid
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: In his first appearance, the Minister of the Presidency, Justice and Relations with the Parliament announced the project of a new Law of Legal Aid.
208-5. High Judicial Council (competent for judges and/or prosecutors)
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-6. Legal professionals (judges, public prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, enforcement agents,
etc.): organisation, education and training, etc.
[] Yes (planned)

[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Royal Decree 775/2023, of October 3, which updates the remuneration regime for the judicial and prosecution careers, to comply with the Agreement between the State Administration and the representatives of the professional associations of the judicial and prosecution careers. Real Decreto 774/2023, of October 3, increased also the remuneration of Letrados de la Administración de Justicia (Rechtspfleger).
208-7. Gender equality
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-8. Reforms regarding civil, criminal and administrative laws, international conventions and
cooperation activities
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
Comments - If yes, please specify: - Royal Decree-Law 6/2023, of December 19, which approves urgent measures for the execution of the Recovery, Transformation and Resilience Plan in matters of public service of justice, public service, local regime and patronage, presents a total renovation of the legal framework of the digital justice. This Royal Decree Law is especially focused on digital transformation, but contains other rules for modifying civil, criminal, administrative and labor procedural laws, to regulate aspects related to the use of technologies and other points of streamlining procedures. - Organic Law 3/2023, of March 28, modifying the Criminal Code, regarding animal abuse. - Organic Law 4/2023, of April 27, for the modification of the Criminal Code, Criminal Procedural Law and Law on responsibility of Minors, on crimes against sexual freedom. - Organic Law 10/2022, of September 6, of comprehensive guarantee of sexual freedom.
208-9. Enforcement of court decisions and in particular regarding decisions against public
authorities
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If ves. please specify: Among the norms modified by the Royal Decree-Law 6/2023, mentioned before, there are certain rules

Co ules of the Civil Procedural Law related to civil enforcement.

208-10. Mediation and other Alternative Disput	: Resol	ution
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200-10. Wediation and other Atternative Dispute Resolution
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
Comments - If yes, please specify: The procedural efficiency measures bill remains a project of the Ministry of the Presidency, Justice and Relations with Parliament in order to give further relevance to the Appropriate Means of Dispute Resolution.
208-11. Fight against crime
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X]No []NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-12. Prison system
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-13. Child friendly justice
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-14. Domestic violence
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No

Comments - If yes, please specify: Resolution of March 16, 2023, of the Secretary of State for Equality and Against Gender Violence, by which the Agreement of the Sectoral Equality Conference is published, which approves the multi-annual joint plan on violence against women (2023-2027). It is not a Justice plan but it contains measures related to the Administration of Justice.

208-15. Nev	v information	and co	mmunication	technol	logies

[] Yes (planned)
[]	X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Royal Decree-Law 6/2023, of December 19, which approves urgent measures for the execution of the Recovery, Transformation and Resilience Plan in matters of public service of justice, public service, local regime and patronage, presents a total renovation of the legal framework of the digital justice. Among other measures, it presents:

- Digital services comparable in all regions.
- Rules on electronic files and documents.
- Rules on digital identification.
- The creation of a new tool, called 'carpeta justicia' (the justice folder), aimed at citizens and professionals.
- The general principle of data orientation of case management systems.
- Videoconferencing and non-face-to-face services.
- Rules on co-governance
- Cybersecurity standards
- Reforms of procedural rules to adapt to the increased use of technology.

208-16. Other

[] NA
[}	ζ] No
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (planned)

Comments - If yes, please specify: