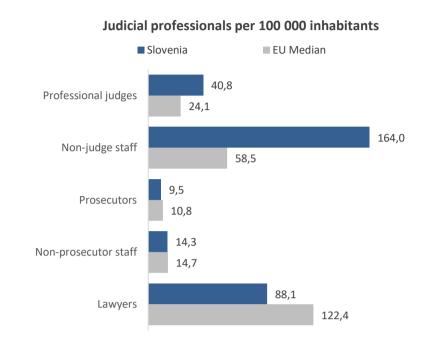
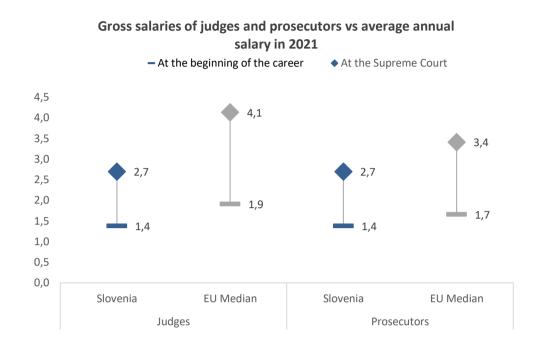
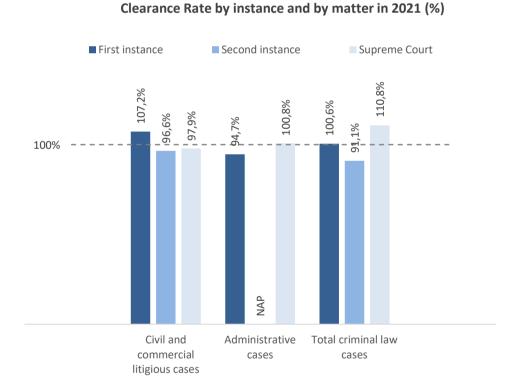
# Judiciary at a glance in Slovenia (2021 data) General data Population: 2 107 180 GDP per capita: 24 678 € Professionals Average annual salary: 23 635 € Professionals

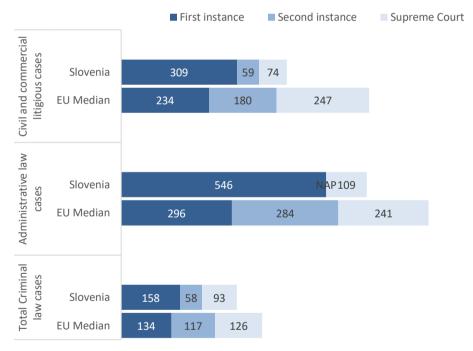




# Efficiency

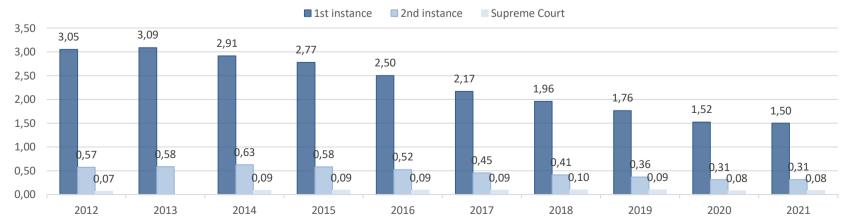
## Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)





#### **Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants**

# Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants\*



 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

#### Synthesis table for the main indicators for: **Slovenia Variations** Trend **Economic and demographic data** 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2012-2021 2012-2021 2020-2021 **Population** 2 058 821 2 061 085 2 061 085 2 064 188 2 065 895 2 066 880 2 080 908 2 095 861 2 108 977 2 107 180 2,3% -0,1% 24 678 **GDP** per capita 17 172 17 128 18 065 18 680 19 262 20 951 22 182 22 983 43,7% 12,1% 22 014 **Exchange rate (local currency needed to** NAP obtain 1€) 23 635 18 300 18 483 19 020 20 179 21 043 22 300 29,2% 6,0% Average annual salary **Trends** 2013 2015 2017 2020-2021 Resources 2012 2014 2016 2018 2019 2020 2021 2012-2021 2012-2021 -13,4% Professional judges per 100 000 inhab. 47,1 46,1 44,8 43,5 42,6 41,6 41,7 41,7 41,5 40,8 -1,6% 1,4% Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab. 161,7 157,2 162,8 159,9 161,2 161,0 163,0 163,5 162,5 164,0 0,9% Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants 9,5 -2,3% 9,8 Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab. 15,2 14,3 -5,8% 28,0% Lawyers per 100 000 inh. 68,8 74,2 79,0 80,9 82,8 84,0 85,0 86,5 87,0 1,3% -31,0% -5,0% **Mediators** 16,9 16,5 15,1 14,1 13,6 13,2 13,3 12,7 12,2 First instance incoming cases per 100 **Trends** 2012 2013 2020-2021 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2012-2021 2012-2021 inhab. Civil and commercial litigious cases 3,048 3,088 2,911 2,775 2,501 2,166 1,956 1,764 1,522 -50,9% -1,7% 0,239 0,233 0,150 0,131 -45,5% **Administrative law cases** 0,3 0,3 0,144 0,192 0,170 0,137 -4,8% **Total criminal law cases** 3,479 3,427 -1,5% 2020-2021 2012-2021 First instance performance indicators Trends 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 (percentange (percentange (Clearance Rate) 2012-2021 points) points) **CR civil and commercial litigious cases** 101% 102% 109% 105% 106% 108% 110% 109% 101% 5,76 6,72 **CR** administrative law cases 110% 102% 103% 101% 87% 67% 91% 89% 107% -15,36 -12,08 **CR total criminal law cases** 96% 101% 4,57 First instance performance indicators **Trends** 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2012-2021 2020-2021 (Disposition Time) 2012-2021 **DT** civil and commercial litigious cases 318 301 270 292 283 281 350 309 -2,8% 277 280 -11,8% (days) 319,4% 23,2% DT administrative law cases (days) 130 126 112 122 282 448 406 516 443 DT total criminal law cases (days) 165 158 -4,3% First instance pending cases per 100 **Trends** 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2012-2021 2020-2021 2012-2021 inhab. on 31 dec. Civil and commercial litigious cases 2,70 2,61 2,35 2,21 2,04 1,87 1,66 1,49 1,47 -49,6% -7,4% **Administrative law cases** 0,18 0,09 0,09 0,08 0,08 96,7% 0,10 0,16 0,17 0,19 0,18 4,0% 1,49 1,51 -1,3% **Total criminal law cases** 2020-2021 2012-2021 **Second instance performance indicators Trends** 2012 2013 2015 2017 2014 2016 2018 2019 2020 2021 (percentange (percentange 2012-2021 (Clearance Rate) points) points) CR civil and commercial litigious cases 106% 102% 100% 105% 105% 105% 112% 97% -15,77 CR administrative law cases NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP 106% 91% **CR** total criminal law cases -14,50 **Second instance performance indicators** Trends 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2012-2021 2020-2021 2018 2019 2020 2021 2012-2021 (Disposition Time) DT civil and commercial litigious cases 84 86 97 89 82 73 40 59 48,1% (days) NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP **DT** administrative law cases (days) DT total criminal law cases (days) 26 58 118,8% 2012-2021 2020-2021 **Supreme court performance indicators** Trends 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 (percentange (percentange (Clearance Rate) 2012-2021 points) points) 111% **CR** civil and commercial litigious cases 111% 97% 111% 98% 106% 102% 106% 12,98

101%

150

188

2016

115%

164

159

2017

139%

119

152

2018

126%

78

103

2019

100%

104%

59

122

147

2020

101%

111%

93

2021

**Trends** 

2012-2021

98%

146

220

2015

79%

167

220

2014

**CR** administrative law cases

**CR** total criminal law cases

(days)

**Supreme court performance indicators** 

(Disposition Time)

**DT** civil and commercial litigious cases

**DT** administrative law cases (days)

DT total criminal law cases (days)

2012

2013

2

0,48

7,01

24,6%

-10,5%

-37,1%

2020-2021

2012-2021

#### 1. Judicial organisation in Slovenia (2021 data)

In 2021 in Slovenia, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 66. Namely, there are 60 courts of general jurisdiction and 6 specialised courts.

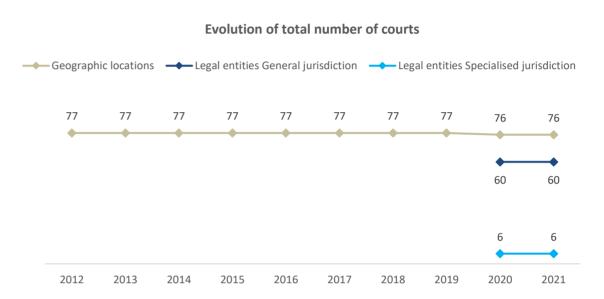
Among the 60 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 44 Local courts and 11 District courts act at first instance, while 4 Higher courts constitute the second instance courts of general jurisdiction. The Supreme Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction, as well as in respect of specialised courts.

Among the 6 legal entities of specialised jurisdiction, 5 are of first instance while the Higher Labour and Social Court constitutes the sole higher specialised court.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 70 courts of first instance encompassing the 55 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (44 Local courts and 11 District courts) and the first instance specialised courts (4 labour courts and social court + 7 branch offices of labour and social courts + 1 administrative court + 3 branch offices of the Administrative court). The number of all courts as geographic locations is 76, including the 70 first instance courts, the 4 Higher courts of general jurisdiction, the Higher Labour and Social Court, and the Supreme Court.

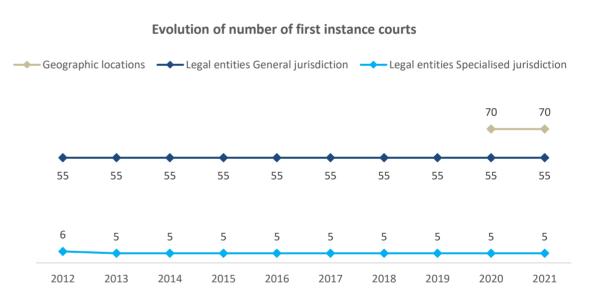
# **Evolution of total number of courts**

		Legal er	ntities
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	77		
2013	77		
2014	77		
2015	77		
2016	77		
2017	77		
2018	77		
2019	77		
2020	76	60	6
2021	76	60	6

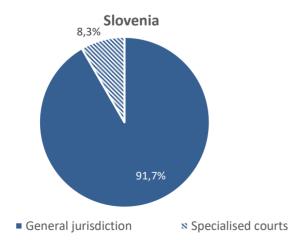


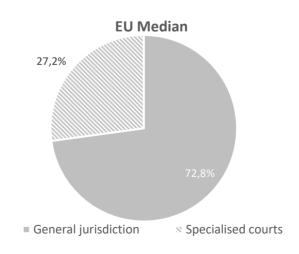
#### **Evolution of number of first instance courts**

		Legal er	ntities
First instance courts	Geographic locations	General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		55	6
2013		55	5
2014		55	5
2015		55	5
2016		55	5
2017		55	5
2018		55	5
2019		55	5
2020	70	55	5
2021	70	55	5



# Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts





The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts is 91,7% - 8,3% which is somewhat different from the distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

# **Specialised Courts**

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	5	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	4	1
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	1	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

The 6 specialsied courts refer to 3 labour courts (1st instance), the labour and social court (1st instance), the Administrative court (1st instance) and the Higher Labour and Social Court (2nd instance)

Although the given answer for 'labour courts' is 4 and 'insurance and/ or social welfare courts' at first instance is 1, the total number of these courts is 4, as one of the labour courts and the social court form a single legal entity – the Labour and social court in Ljubljana.

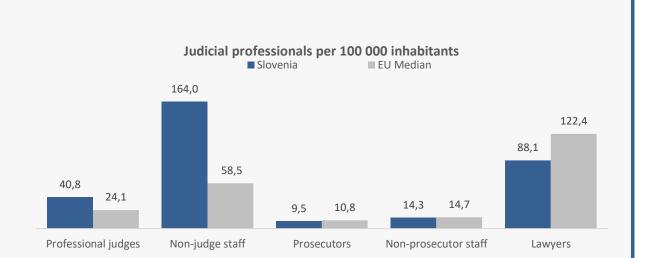
Concerning specialised courts – higher instances, although the given answer for 'labour courts' is 1 and 'insurance and/ or social welfare courts' is 1, the total number of these courts is 1, as they form a single legal entity – the Higher Labour and Social Court.

# 2. Professionals of justice in Slovenia (2021 data)

# Judicial professionals (summary)

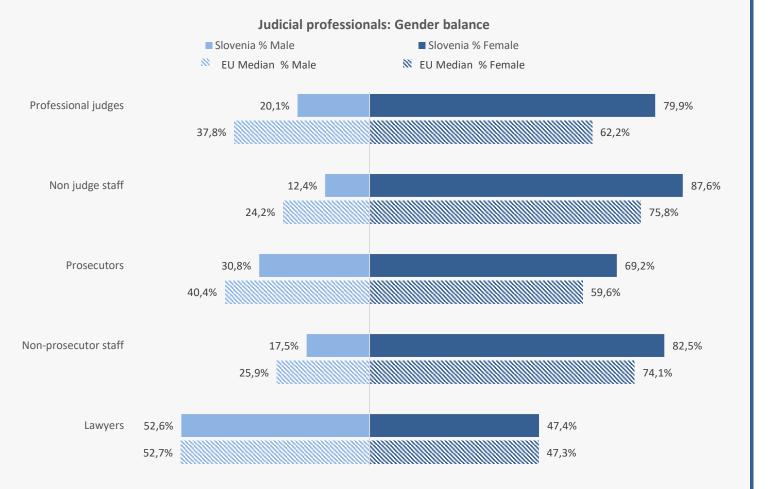
## Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	860	40,8	24,1
Non-judge staff	3 455	164,0	58,5
Prosecutors	201	9,5	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	302	14,3	14,7
Lawyers	1 856	88,1	122,4



#### Judicial professionals: Gender balance

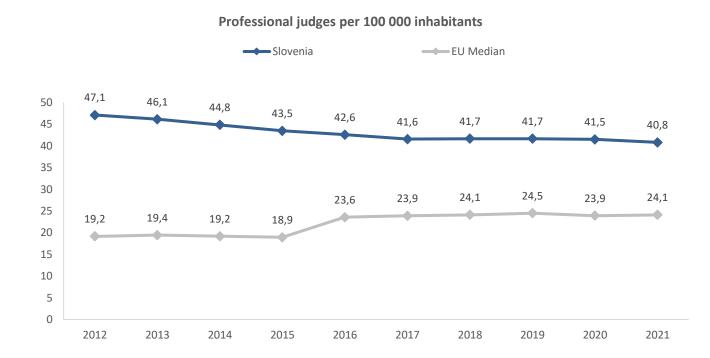
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	20,1%	79,9%
Non judge staff	12,4%	87,6%
Prosecutors	30,8%	69,2%
Non-prosecutor staff	17,5%	82,5%
Lawyers	52,6%	47,4%



# **Professional judges**

# Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional	Absolute Number	Per 100 000	inhabitants
judges	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	970	47,1	19,2
2013	951	46,1	19,4
2014	924	44,8	19,2
2015	897	43,5	18,9
2016	880	42,6	23,6
2017	859	41,6	23,9
2018	867	41,7	24,1
2019	873	41,7	24,5
2020	875	41,5	23,9
2021	860	40,8	24,1



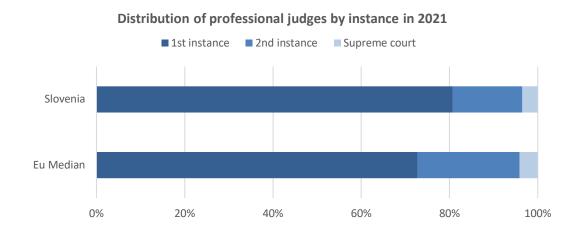
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Slovenia is 860, which is -1,7% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Slovenia, there are 40,81 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,02 non-judge staff per judge.

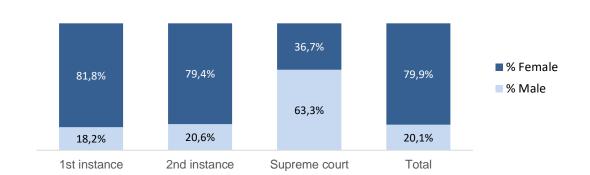
There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,92 non-judge staff per judge.

# Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	694	80,7%	126	568	18,2%	81,8%
2nd instance	136	15,8%	28	108	20,6%	79,4%
Supreme court	30	3,5%	19	11	63,3%	36,7%
Total	860		173	687	20,1%	79,9%



#### Distribution of professional judges by gender and by instance in Slovenia



In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 687, which represents 79,9% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 694 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 568 are Female); 136 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 108 are Female) and 30 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 11 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend in Slovenia is similar. However, we can notice that the predomination of first instance judges is more pronounced, second instance judges are less numerous, and third instance judges are slightly fewer.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that the provided total number of judges corresponds to the number of de facto occupied judicial posts performing their functions. Some judges are assigned to other duties (e.g. to the Judicial Council, Ministry of Justice, Supreme court) and are not included in the reported numbers. The information on actual presence (excluding the maternity or sick leave, but including the annual leave) is also available.

At the end of 2021, 880 judicial posts were formally occupied (FTE), although some posts were de facto vacant (e.g. judge absent due to maternity leave). Nevertheless, we report that 860 professional judges sit in courts (perform judicial function), since the rest of the judges (20 judges - difference to the total of 880 judges) were assigned to other duties (e.g. the Ministry of Justice. the Supreme Court, the Judicial Council) and do not sit in courts. The number of judges in the Slovenian judicial system in 2021 was 802,84 according to actual presence calculations.

It is worth highlighting that until 2021, approximately 30 judges at the administrative court (first instance court) and approximately 50 higher judges at local and district courts (first instance courts) were reported as second-instance judges (according to their rank: higher judge); from 2021 they are reported according to their court (first-instance judges).

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges do not have the majority only at the level of the Supreme Court.

#### Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

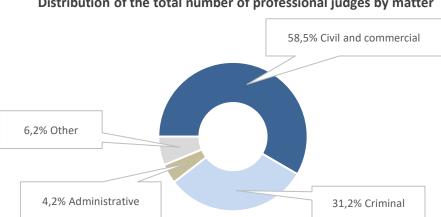
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	644	370	208	27	39
2nd instance	129	84	36	NAP	9
Supreme court	29	15	6	7	2
Total	802	469	250	34	50

In Slovenia, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible as presented in the graph below.

# Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	57,5%	32,3%	4,2%	6,1%
2nd instance	65,1%	27,9%	NAP	7,0%
Supreme court	51,7%	20,7%	24,1%	6,9%
Total	58,5%	31,2%	4,2%	6,2%

# Distribution of the total number of professional judges by matter



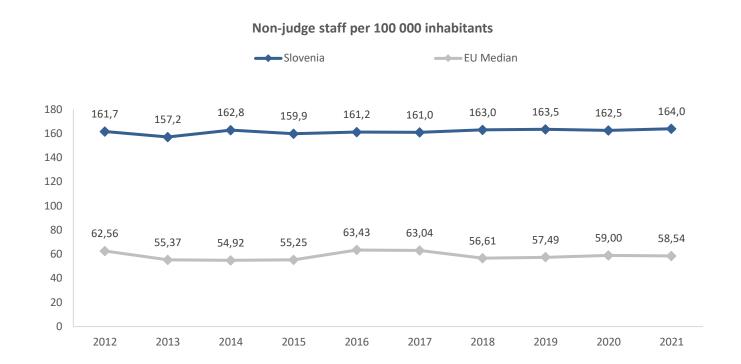
In 2021, the data on judges classified by legal fields was collected for the first time (by approximating the time an individual judge is working on a certain type of case). Since the methodology of reporting is yet to be revised and elaborated, we can only report approximate numbers. The distinction to Civil and/or Commercial/Criminal/Administrative/Other judges is roughly the same as for the number of cases.

The category "Other" includes judges involved in the court management. Judges involved in court management are partially or entirely relieved from adjudicating cases.

As alredy mentioned, data are reported as actual presence (not FTE).

#### Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge	Absolute Number	Per 100 000	) inhabitants
staff	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	3 330	161,7	62,6
2013	3 239	157,2	55,4
2014	3 355	162,8	54,9
2015	3 300	159,9	55,2
2016	3 330	161,2	63,4
2017	3 328	161,0	63,0
2018	3 391	163,0	56,6
2019	3 427	163,5	57,5
2020	3 427	162,5	59,0
2021	3 455	164,0	58,5



In 2021, Slovenia has 3 455 non-judge staff (of which 3 027 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 0,8%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 162,5 in 2020 to 164,0 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 41,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 40,8 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	3 455	
Rechtspfleger	469	13,6%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 119	32,4%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 680	48,6%
Technical staff	187	5,4%
Other	NAP	NAP

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 469 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal (among which 430 are Female);
- ∘ 1 119 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 966 are Female);
- $\circ$  1 680 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 1 544 are Female);
- 187 technical staff (of which 87 are Female);

The definitions of categories are as follows:

- 1. "Rechtspfleger" category includes only the staff (judicial assistants and judicial advisers) with autonomous competence to adopt final decisions (decisions on the merits of the case), set explicitly in procedural laws currently the Claim Enforcement and Security Act, the Financial Operations, Insolvency Proceedings and Compulsory Windingup Act, the Court Register of Legal Entities Act and the Land Register Act.
- 2. "Non-judge staff" category includes staff, whose tasks are generally set by the Courts Act. These are judicial assistants (filing applications and statements by parties for the record and, by order of a judge, perform less demanding tasks related to preparation for trial proceedings or other procedural acts, making calculations of costs, preparing drafts of decisions and performing other tasks in judicial proceedings under the orders of a judge), judicial advisers (performing work connected with the examination of parties, witnesses and experts (outside the main hearings), performing more complex preparatory work for hearings, reporting at panel meetings, drafting decisions, conducting hearings under the guidance of a judge and performing other work by order of a judge) and judicial trainees (typically do not perform significant amount of work as their role is to learn; however they can participate in hearings and drafting of court decisions in some cases).
- 3. All the other staff, not mentioned above and not corresponding to 4. "Technical staff" is included in 3. "Administrative staff". The latter includes, along with the court management staff, the office support staff, whose tasks are not specifically set by the law and include case registering, administrative case preparation, court fees, typing and/or recording of court sessions etc.

Approximately 3% of all court staff (115 persons) are judicial trainees (reported under "2. Non-judge (judicial staff").

# Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

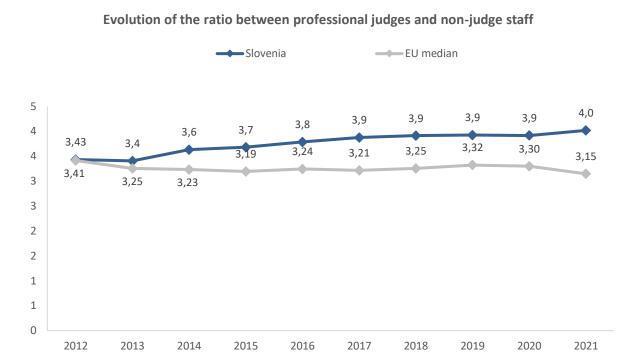
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovenia	EU median
Professional judges	40,8	24,1
Non-judge staff	164,0	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	4,0	3,1

#### Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



# Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.		fessional judges and udge staff
	Slovenia	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU median
2012	47,1	161,7	3,43	3,4
2013	46,1	157,2	3,4	3,3
2014	44,8	162,8	3,6	3,2
2015	43,5	159,9	3,7	3,2
2016	42,6	161,2	3,8	3,2
2017	41,6	161,0	3,9	3,2
2018	41,7	163,0	3,9	3,3
2019	41,7	163,5	3,9	3,3
2020	41,5	162,5	3,9	3,3
2021	40,8	164,0	4,0	3,1



# **Public prosecutors**

#### Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	144	71,6%	40	104	27,8%	72,2%
2nd instance	45	22,4%	16	29	35,6%	64,4%
Supreme court	12	6,0%	6	6	50,0%	50,0%
Total	201		62	139	30,8%	69,2%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance in 2021

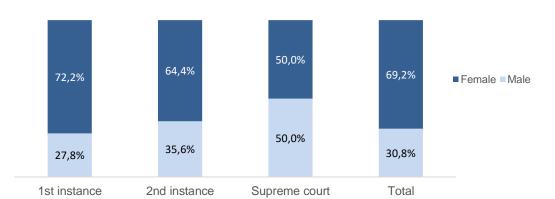
1st instance 2nd instance Supreme court

Slovenia

Eu Median

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Distribution of public prosecutors by instance and gender



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 139, which represents 69,2% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 144 in first instance (of which 104 are Female); 45 are in second instance (of which 29 are Female) and 12 in final instance (of which 6 are Female).

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of prosecutors, it should be noticed that the information is in form of gross data. For 2021 data, the FTE format is observed. The above data do not include six State prosecutors who perform other duties (assigned to The Council of State Prosecutors, appointed to European Public Prosecutor and the European Delegate Prosecutor).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, Slovenia presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the Slovenian state prosecutors perform their function in 13 organizational units – prosecution offices. There are 11 District State Prosecutor's Offices and one Specialized State Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Slovenia, where local, district and senior state prosecutors are positioned. At the Office of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Slovenia supreme state prosecutors and the State Prosecutor General perform their functions. Some state prosecutors of lower ranks are assigned to the office perform demanding professional tasks.

There are no higher state prosecutor's offices as the proceedings at the courts of appeal are governed by the district prosecutor's offices. According to the State Prosecution Service Act prosecutors with the rank of at least local state prosecutor may represent a case at local courts, prosecutors with the rank of at least senior state prosecutor may represent a case before higher courts and only supreme state prosecutors may represent a case at the Supreme Court. Local state prosecutors may also appear at district courts, if authorized by the head of state prosecutor's office for certain categories of matters, for a particular matter, for certain categories of procedural acts or for a particular procedural act. Local and district prosecutors may in their cases appear along with a senior prosecutor at courts of appeal, if authorized by the head of an appellate division of the state prosecutor's office for a particular case. Senior and supreme state prosecutors are competent to represent a case at before first instance courts.

Local and district prosecutors are reported as prosecutors at first instance level, senior prosecutors as prosecutors at second instance level and supreme prosecutors as prosecutors at Supreme Court level, without regard to the court instance where they perform their function, or that they are assigned to another institution for a limited period of time (e.g for the administration of State Prosecutorial Council).

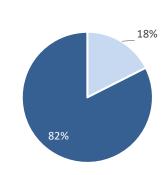
The number of posts of state prosecutors is set by the Government's Regulation. However the actual number of state prosecutors is lower than the number set by regulation due to different factors.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors have the majority at first and second instance level and are equal in number to those of male prosecutors at Supreme Court level.

# Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	302	53	249

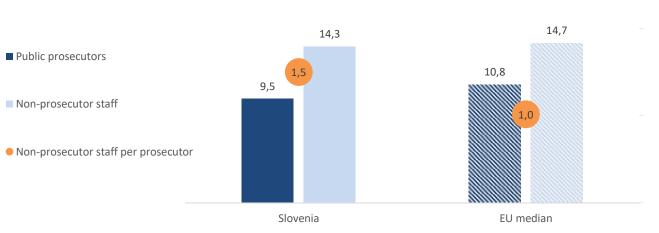




# Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

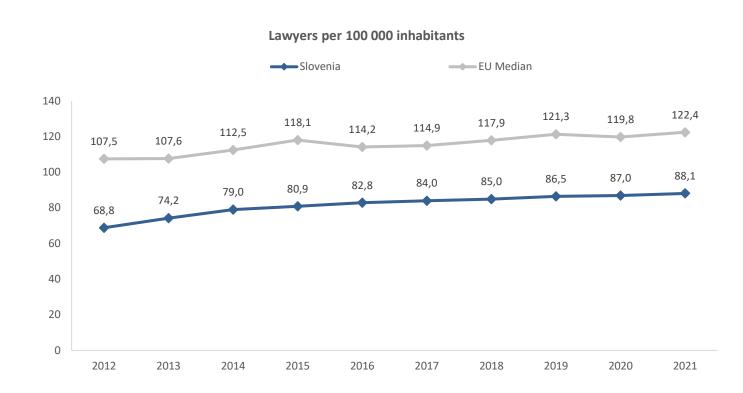
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Slovenia	EU median
Public prosecutors	9,5	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	14,3	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,5	1,0

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



# Lawyers

	Absolute Number	Per 100 000	) inhabitants
Lawyers	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	1 417	68,8	107,5
2013	1 529	74,2	107,6
2014	1 628	79,0	112,5
2015	1 669	80,9	118,1
2016	1 711	82,8	114,2
2017	1 737	84,0	114,9
2018	1 768	85,0	117,9
2019	1 813	86,5	121,3
2020	1 834	87,0	119,8
2021	1 856	88,1	122,4



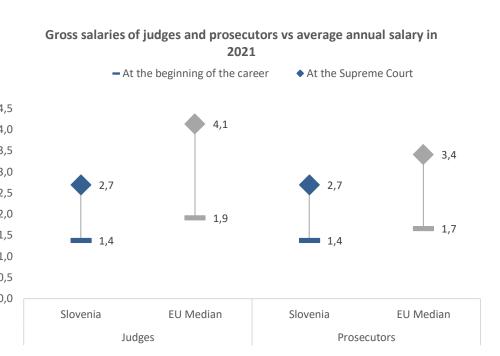
In 2021, there are 1 856 lawyers, which is 1,2% more than in 2020.

Slovenia has 88,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

There are 880 female lawyers which is 47% of the total.

# Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €		average annual gross lary
p. occounts to	Slove	enia	Slovenia	EU median
First instance professional judge at the peginning of his/her career	32 628€	20 568€	1,4	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	63 660€	36 984€	2,7	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	32 628€	20 568€	1,4	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	63 660€	36 984€	2,7	3,4



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Slovenia of 32 628€ is below the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,38 which is also below the EU median of 1,91.

The basic salary for judges and prosecutors is regulated by law, as well as promotion. The salary of the prosecutor is determined on the same basis, with the same supplements and in the same way as the salary of the judge. All employees in the country (including judges and public prosecutors) are also entitled to the supplement for the period of employment. As the calculation of the average pay would be too complicated, we report figures calculated from above criteria. All figures reported include the supplement for the period of employment.

Judge/prosecutor at the beginning of the career: starting salary for local court judge and for local state prosecutor (without promotion), including the supplement for the period of employment (5 years) - approximately 1-2% of the reported amount.

Judge/Prosecutor at the highest instance: starting salary of a supreme court judge and supreme state prosecutor – counselor (not president of the Supreme Court or State Prosecutor General) including the supplement for the period of employment (44 years) - approximately 15% of the reported amount.

#### 3. Legal aid and court fees in Slovenia (2021 data)

In Slovenia, legal aid is available for :

> Representation in court:

Criminal cases

Other than criminal cases

> Legal advice, ADR and other legal services:

Criminal cases

Other than criminal cases

> Fees related to enforcement of judicial decisions as fees for enforcement agents (Q18)

> Other costs than above (Q19)

The Free Legal Aid Act (FLAA) prescribes that legal aid shall mean the right of the eligible person to the entire or partial provision of funds necessary to cover the costs of legal assistance and the right to exemption of payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding. Further on the law defines that legal aid may be approved for legal advice, legal representation and other legal services, for all forms of judicial protection before all courts of general jurisdiction and specialised courts based in the Republic of Slovenia, before the Constitutional Court of the Republic of Slovenia, and before all authorities, institutions or persons in the Republic of Slovenia authorised for out-of-court settlement, as well as in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial proceeding.

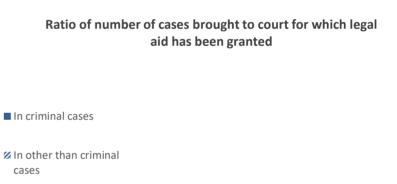
The law specifically lists the costs that can be covered by the approved legal aid: for legal advice; for the formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements; for legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; for legal advice and representation before courts in the first and second instances; for legal advice and representation involving extraordinary appeals; for legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; for legal advice and representation before international courts; for legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality; in the form of exemption from payment of the costs of the judicial or extrajudicial proceeding.

Legal aid may also be granted in the form of an exemption from payment of the costs of proceedings before courts, particularly in the form of an exemption from payment of: costs of experts, witnesses, interpreters, servicing orders and translations, costs of external operations of the court or other authority in the Republic of Slovenia, and other justified costs; security deposits for the costs or of the costs, of the implementation of the proceeding (advance payments); costs of public documents and receipts required for the proceeding before a court; other costs of the proceeding. The legal aid system does not cover the costs of the proceeding and actual expenditure of and remuneration for the person representing the opposing party.

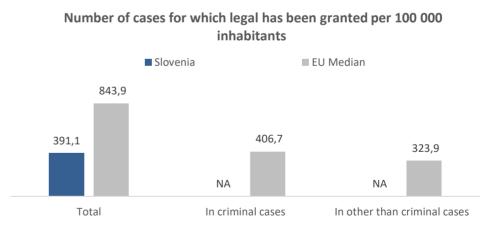
In the proceeding of enforcement of judicial decisions the exemption from court fees (according to the Court Fees Act) and legal aid in the form of legal advice, legal representation and the exemption from payment of the procedural costs (the Free Legal Aid Act) is possible.

#### Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	8 241	7 507	734
In criminal cases	NA	NA	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	NA	NA



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Slovenia	EU Median
Total	391,1	843,9
In criminal cases	NA	406,7
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9



The reported values use the categorisation by forms of legal aid granted. In a single legal aid case, the request can be granted for multiple forms of legal aid, therefore the reported numbers can be higher than the number of resolved legal aid cases. Data on the number of resolved legal cases are not reported, since one or more forms of legal aid can be granted in a single resolved case, making impossible the distinction to "cases brought to court" or "cases not brought to court".

Cases brought to court include: 1) legal advice and representation before courts at first and second instance and 2) involving extraordinary appeals.

Cases not brought to court include: 1) legal advice and representation in cases of out-of-court settlement; 2) formulation, verification and certification of documents on legal relations, facts and statements.

The following forms of legal aid are not included in the figures: 1) legal advice and representation involving constitutional action; 2) legal advice and representation at international courts; 3) legal advice and representation involving the filing of a petition for the assessment of constitutionality and 4) exemption from payment of costs of judicial or extrajudicial proceedings.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

• Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations:

NAP

Actual average duration:

30

If the applicant would miss the deadline or would loose a right in the time it takes to process the application for free legal aid, the court can approve an "urgent" free legal aid, without taking in regard the material criteria for eligibility (however, the lack of merits is still checked). The material criteria are subsequently checked at a later time.

#### 4. Performance of courts in Slovenia (2021 data)

#### Efficiency indicators

Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

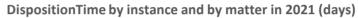
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

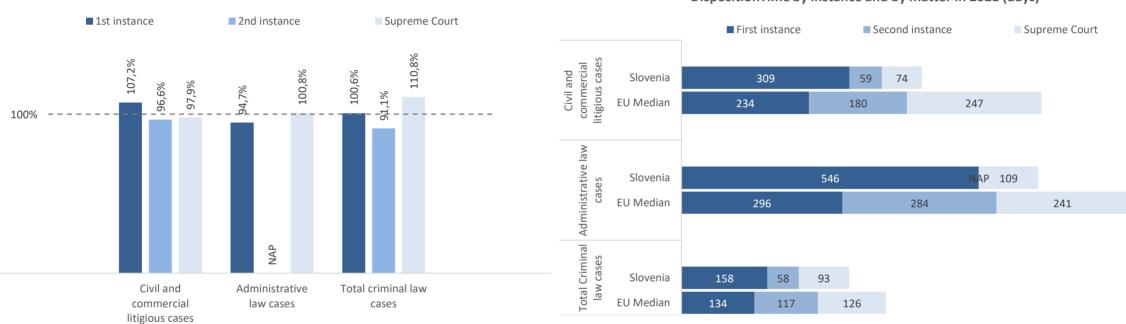
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

# Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
	e matter	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
	1st instance	107,2%	102,5%	94,7%	101,7%	100,6%	100,0%
Clearance Rate (%)	2nd instance	96,6%	100,4%	NAP	96,8%	91,1%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	97,9%	98,9%	100,8%	100,4%	110,8%	98,3%
	1st instance	309	234	546	296	158	134
Disposition Time (days)	2nd instance	59	180	NAP	284	58	117
	Supreme Court	74	232	109	241	93	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)





In 2021, criminal law cases appear to be the fastest in Slovenia, more specifically in the second instance, which is similar to the trend observed in the EU for the reference year. At the same time, first instance administrative law cases are the longest in Slovenia, as it appears also in the EU, but well above the EU median. However, in all matters, the total length of proceedings in Slovenia is below EU median, especially for civil cases but also administrative cases.

A breakdown of the analysis by instances reveals that, in all matters, the length of proceedings is a concern in Slovenia only at first instance. Moreover, in civil and criminal matters, the Disposition Time evolved positively between 2020 and 2021. Conversely, it increased for first instance administrative cases due a decrease in the number of resolved cases.

At first instance, the Clearance rate indicator is satisfactory for civil litigious and criminal law cases, while for administrative law cases, courts seem to be less efficient, with a Clearance Rate below the 100% threshold. In the second instance, courts also seem to be less efficient in civil and criminal matters with a Clearance Rate below the 100% threshold. At third instance, courts seem to be able to deal with cases, especially for administrative and criminal law cases, and the Disposition Time is considerably below the EU median values.

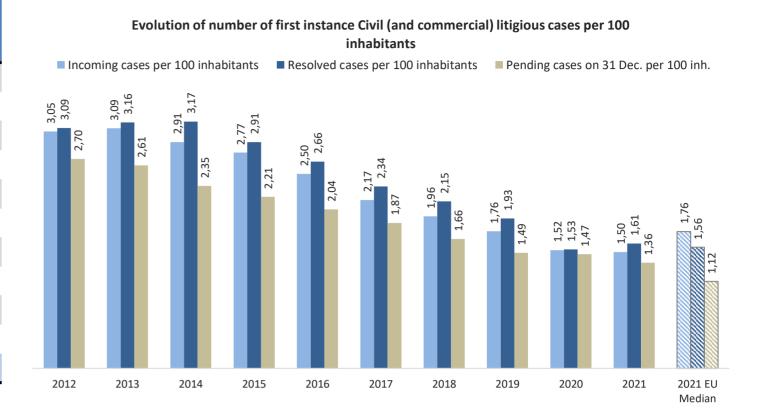
In 2020, the functioning of first instance courts was limited due to Covid-19 restrictions (and the number of resolved cases at first instance courts decreased). As second instance courts deal with the majority of cases without hearing of parties, their functioning was not affected that much. The number of appeals coming from first instance decreased, which resulted in the decrease of pending cases at second instance courts at the beginning of 2021.

The decrease in the number of second instance resolved cases is due to two factors: impact of Covid-19 pandemic, namely the higher number of judges and court staff on sick leave or quarantined (compared to 2020), and more general human resources issues (retirement of judges, prolonged sick leaves etc.).

# First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

# $\,{}^{\circ}$ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,05	3,09	2,70
2013	3,09	3,16	2,61
2014	2,91	3,17	2,35
2015	2,77	2,91	2,21
2016	2,50	2,66	2,04
2017	2,17	2,34	1,87
2018	1,96	2,15	1,66
2019	1,76	1,93	1,49
2020	1,52	1,53	1,47
2021	1,50	1,61	1,36
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



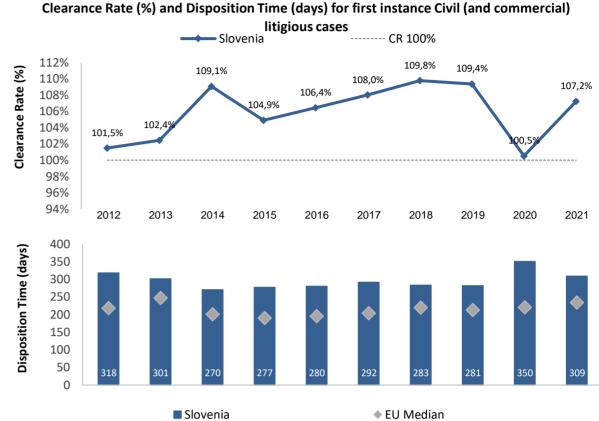
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovenia (1,50 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovenia (1,61 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovenia (1,36 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

#### Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

#### Clearance Rate (%) **Disposition Time (days)** First instance Civil (and commercial) Slovenia **EU Median** Slovenia **EU Median** litigious cases 2012 100,4% 101,5% 318 218 2013 102,4% 101,2% 301 247 2014 109,1% 270 101,8% 201 2015 104,9% 102,3% 277 190 2016 106,4% 102,0% 280 196 2017 108,0% 101,3% 292 204 2018 109,8% 101,2% 283 220 2019 109,4% 99,9% 281 213 2020 100,5% 98,5% 350 221 2021 107,2% 102,5% 309 234



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 107,2% in 2021, Slovenia seems to be able to efficiently deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 6,7 points.

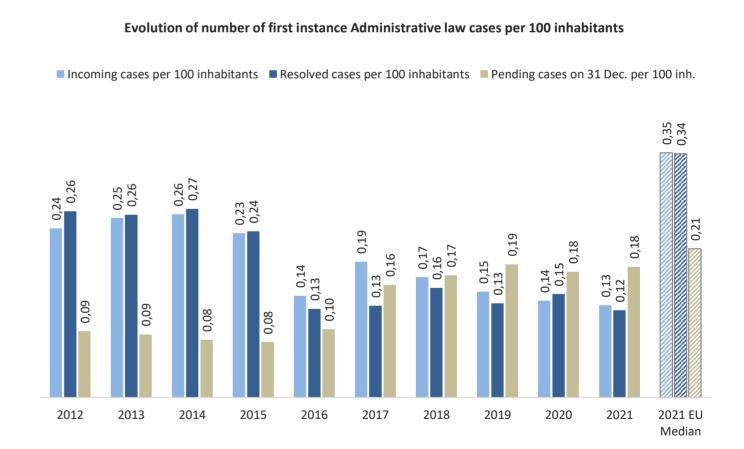
In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 309 days, which is still considerably above the EU median of 234 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -11,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

# First instance Administrative law cases

# ∘ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,24	0,26	0,09
2013	0,25	0,26	0,09
2014	0,26	0,27	0,08
2015	0,23	0,24	0,08
2016	0,14	0,13	0,10
2017	0,19	0,13	0,16
2018	0,17	0,16	0,17
2019	0,15	0,13	0,19
2020	0,14	0,15	0,18
2021	0,13	0,12	0,18
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovenia (0,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

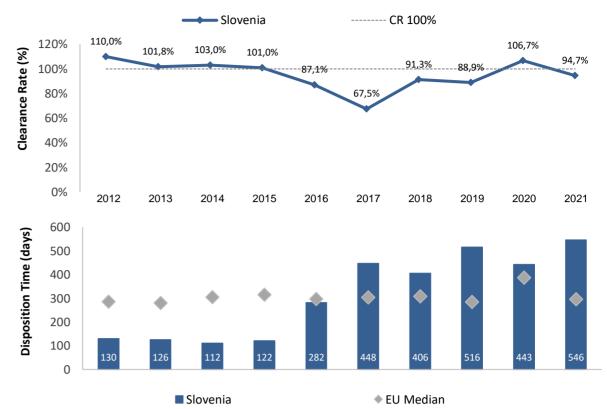
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovenia (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovenia (0,18 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

#### Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition	Time (days)
Administrative law cases	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	110,0%	101,0%	130	286
2013	101,8%	100,3%	126	281
2014	103,0%	99,6%	112	305
2015	101,0%	103,7%	122	315
2016	87,1%	103,0%	282	297
2017	67,5%	102,1%	448	303
2018	91,3%	99,7%	406	308
2019	88,9%	102,1%	516	284
2020	106,7%	100,1%	443	388
2021	94,7%	101,7%	546	296

#### Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 94,7% in 2021, Slovenia seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -12 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 546 days, which is significantly above EU median of 296 days.

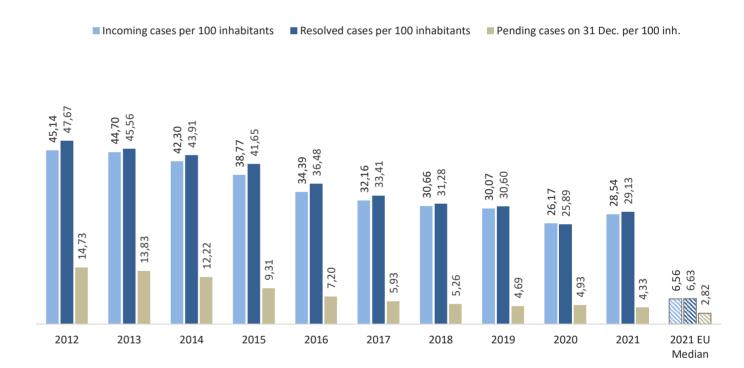
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 23,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

# First instance Total of other than criminal cases

#### Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	45,14	47,67	14,73
2013	44,70	45,56	13,83
2014	42,30	43,91	12,22
2015	38,77	41,65	9,31
2016	34,39	36,48	7,20
2017	32,16	33,41	5,93
2018	30,66	31,28	5,26
2019	30,07	30,60	4,69
2020	26,17	25,89	4,93
2021	28,54	29,13	4,33
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

# **Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants**



The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Slovenia (28,54 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

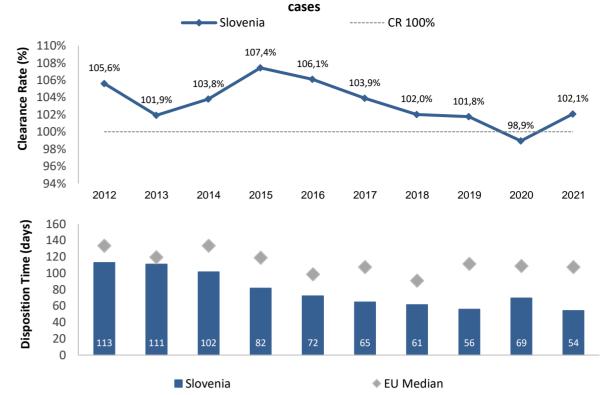
The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Slovenia (29,13 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Slovenia (4,33 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

#### Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition	Time (days)
Total other than criminal cases	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	105,6%	100,5%	113	133
2013	101,9%	100,7%	111	119
2014	103,8%	101,9%	102	133
2015	107,4%	101,0%	82	119
2016	106,1%	101,5%	72	98
2017	103,9%	100,6%	65	107
2018	102,0%	100,6%	61	91
2019	101,8%	99,8%	56	111
2020	98,9%	98,7%	69	109
2021	102,1%	101,2%	54	107

#### Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Total of other than criminal



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 102,1% in 2021 Slovenia seems be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,2 points.

In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 54 days, which is well below EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -21,8% decrease of the Disposition Time.

#### Insolvency cases

#### Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition	Time (days)
Insolvency cases	Slovenia	EU Median	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	66,6%	95,0%	936	323
2013	74,1%	89,6%	924	282
2014	41,2%	96,9%	1231	304
2015	54,6%	104,5%	1288	282
2016	81,9%	102,0%	1050	246
2017	131,0%	103,6%	754	243
2018	153,2%	101,5%	541	271
2019	140,7%	101,2%	545	258
2020	138,1%	109,7%	589	281
2021	146,5%	103,3%	566	299

# Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for Insolvency cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 146,5% in 2021 Slovenia seems to be able to efficiently deal with its insolvency cases, reducing backlogs.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 8,4 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 566 days, which is significantly above EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -3,9% decrease of the Disposition Time.

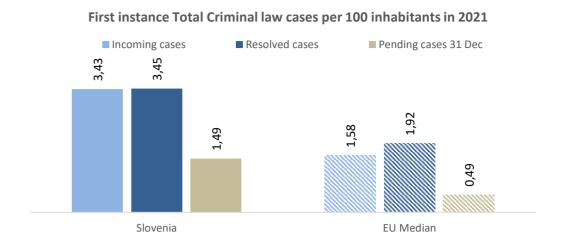
The biggest decrease is in the number of personal bankruptcies, which represent 71% of all pending cases, older than 2 years. Furthermore, the personal insolvency cases are considered resolved only when the assets have been liquidated and the trial period for the discharge of debts (that can be set to last from 6 months to 5 years) has ended.

#### **First instance Criminal Law Cases**

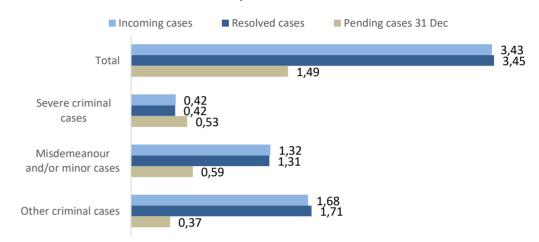
#### Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	31 802	72 212	72 616	31 398
Severe criminal cases	11 182	8 914	8 845	11 251
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	12 125	27 876	27 664	12 337
Other criminal cases	8 495	35 422	36 107	7 810

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	1,51	3,43	3,45	1,49
Severe criminal cases	0,53	0,42	0,42	0,53
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,58	1,32	1,31	0,59
Other criminal cases	0,40	1,68	1,71	0,37



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Slovenia (3,43 per 100 inhabitants) is signficantly above EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

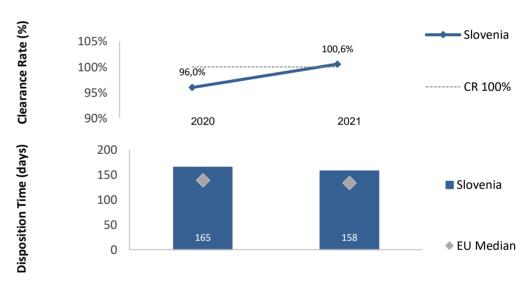
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Slovenia (3,45 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Slovenia (1,49 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

#### Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total	Clearanc	Clearance Rate (%)		Time (days)
criminal law cases	Slovenia EU Median		Slovenia	EU Median
2020	96,0%	95,2%	165	139
2021	100,6%	100,0%	158	134

#### Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,6% in 2021, Slovenia seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,6 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 158 days, which is slightly above EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

The figures in the table include the following cases:

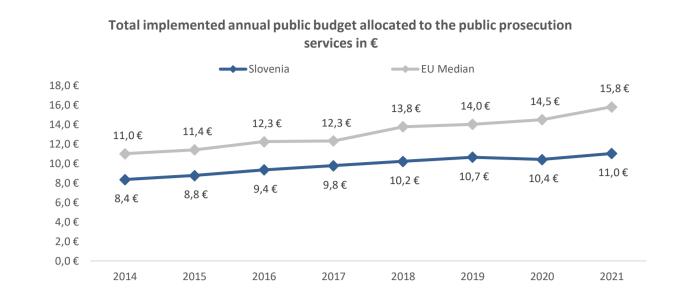
- -Severe criminal cases: criminal cases at local and district courts, criminal cases against juveniles at district courts.
- -Misdemeanour cases: minor offences in regular court procedure request for judicial protection, minor offences in regular court procedure accusation proposals, cancellation of validity of the driver's licence according to the legal limit of punitive points
- -Other cases: criminal investigations at district courts, criminal cases against juveniles in preparatory proceedings, execution of the sanction of prison, execution of criminal sanctions of foreign courts, criminal investigation actions at local and district courts, various criminal matters at local and district courts, cases of the out-of-hearing senate, clemency procedures at local and district courts, legal aid in criminal matters, international legal aid in criminal matters, cases of decisions to permit interventions within human rights and freedoms, legal aid in minor offences, international legal aid in minor offences, search of premises, setting a task for the good of the community or the local community, various cases in minor offences, compliance detention.

Regarding criminal investigations at district courts: Slovenia has a system where the state public prosecutor can request a (first instance) court to perform a criminal investigation (or individual investigatory acts). When this procedure at court is finished, the case is returned to the state prosecutor, who can decide whether to dismiss a case or file an accusatory act at the (same) court. When the accusatory act is filed, a criminal trial (i.e. deliberating on the responsibility and sanctioning of the offender) begins.

# 5. Public prosecution services in Slovenia (2021 data)

# Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated	Absolute Number	Per inh	abitant
to the public prosecution services in €	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2014	17 244 379 €	8,4 €	11,0 €
2015	18 134 349 €	8,8€	11,4 €
2016	19 351 893 €	9,4 €	12,3 €
2017	20 242 054 €	9,8€	12,3 €
2018	21 283 779 €	10,2€	13,8€
2019	22 345 112 €	10,7€	14,0 €
2020	21 981 158 €	10,4 €	14,5€
2021	23 263 042 €	11,0€	15,8 €



The indicated amount of implemented budget concerns the overall functioning of State Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Slovenia. It does not include budget for functioning of the State Prosecution Council.

Implemented annual public budget allocated to	Absolute Number	Per inh	abitant
training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2018	NA	NA	0,018€
2019	76 395 €	0,036 €	0,029€
2020	26 591 €	0,013€	0,011€
2021	27 523 €	0,013 €	0,022€

Due to the COVID- 19 epidemic, there were no educational events with physical participation, but rather virtual ones. For the aforementioned type of events there were no registration fees, or they were lower, compared to participation fees for events with physical participation. Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, the public prosecution's own educational event - Educational Prosecutor's Days, which represents the largest cost of the state prosecutor's office in the field of education, was held virtually.

#### Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

	Absolute N	umber *		Per 100 inh	abitants
Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Slovenia	% Var 2020 -		Slovenia	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	281 211		2,0%	13,35	0,84
2. Incoming/received cases	51 857	•	-16,1%	2,46	4,00
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	54 217		90,4%	2,57	2,87
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	43 400		12,0%	2,06	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP		NAP	NAP	NA
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	41 237	_	14,6%	1,96	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	2 163	•	-21,6%	0,10	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP		NAP	NAP	NA
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	1 597		23,0%	0,08	0,16
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	NAP		NAP	NAP	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	8 408	•	-7,9%	0,40	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	289 273	_	2,8%	13,73	0,87

<sup>\*</sup> Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

Methodology used - statistical data are kept on the accused, accused or convicted persons, and the data is related to the main crime per defendant (methodology as used in the Joint Annual Report on the Work of State Prosecutor's Offices). Data also include unfinished criminal complaints against unknown perpetrators (on average, between 27,000 and 60,000 complaints a year against unknown perpetrators). These are included in statistical data as unresolved cases until they are completed (for example, statute of limitations and no legal signs of a crime).

In 2021, the reporting changed to include cases of discontinued criminal complaints against unknown offenders due to the expiration of statute of limitations in the category (3) Processed cases (previously excluded).

Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year include transferred criminal complaints: against known perpetrators (11.951) and against unknown perpetrators (269.260).

Incoming cases include criminal denunciations: against known offenders (24.658) and against unknown offenders (27.199). Between 2020 and 2021, incoming cases decreased by 16%, for the following reasons: a) Covid-19 pandemics, especially limit of movement of population and related police control, b) changes in the registration of the number of criminal offences in police registers and c) increase in merging of different cases in one case at the Police and state prosecution level, compared to the previous year.

Processed cases include processed cases against known offenders (24.658) and discontinued criminal complaints against unknown offenders due to the expiration of statute of limitations (29.140).

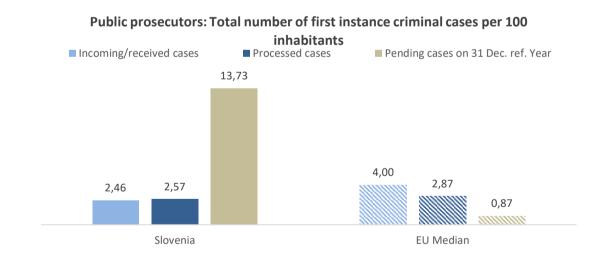
Cases discontinued during the reference year include dismissed criminal complaints: against known perpetrators (14.260) and against unknown perpetrators (29.140).

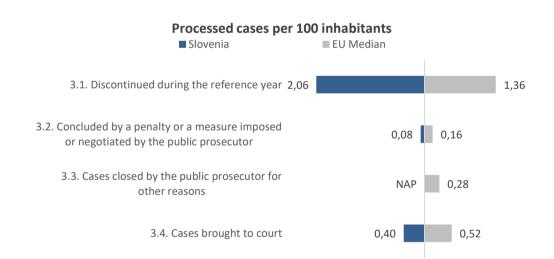
Cases discontinued due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation include: a) discontinued criminal complaints against known perpetrators due to the lack of procedural or material preconditions (10.022), b) cases discontinued (rejected) due to withdrawal of the motion of the injured party (2.000) and c) cases discontinued due to expiration of the statute of limitation: 75 (total 12.097 cases) and discontinued criminal complaints against unknown perpetrators due to the expiration of statute of limitations (29.140). Between 2020 and 2021, this type of cases increased by 17%, mainly due to a higher number of cases against unknown offenders, due to the expiration of statute of limitations, which is beyond the control of state prosecution. The number of discontinued cases against known offenders did not change significantly.

Between 2020 and 2021, cases discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity decreased by 22%. The number of cases remains comparable (despite the decrease in last year) and cannot be considered unusual, due to the structure of processed cases with the majority of offences against property and within it low value cases.

In 2021, cases concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor increased by 23% due to partial relief of preventive measures, related to Covid-19 pandemics.

Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year include unresolved criminal complaints: against known offenders (11.709) and against known offenders (277.564).

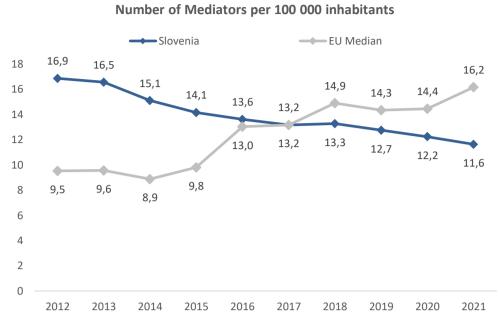




## 6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Slovenia (2021 data)

#### **Number of mediators**

Madiatava	Absolute Number	Per 100 000	) inhabitants
Mediators	Slovenia	Slovenia	EU Median
2012	347	16,9	9,5
2013	341	16,5	9,6
2014	311	15,1	8,9
2015	292	14,1	9,8
2016	281	13,6	13,0
2017	272	13,2	13,2
2018	276	13,3	14,9
2019	267	12,7	14,3
2020	258	12,2	14,4
2021	245	11,6	16,2



In 2021, there are 245 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 11,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about -5,0%.

The procedures for listing (and un-listing) individual medators are led by individual courts.

# Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	2 418	2 675	1 223
Civil and commercial	2 055	2 288	1 032
Family cases	NA	NA	NA
Administrative	NAP	NAP	NAP
Employment dismissal	363	387	191
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	NA	NA	NA

Under category "Civil and commercial cases", all mediation cases at local and district courts are reported (including family cases and consumer cases).

The number of finished mediations and settlement decreased from 2019 to 2020 (by 22% and 26% respectively; due to the impact of Covid-19 pandemics) and increased in 2021 (by 23% and 33% respectively). The number of mediations and settlements in 2021, compared to 2019, stayed roughly the same.

# 7. ICT tools of courts in Slovenia (2021 data)

#### The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

#### **Assistance tools**

Writing assistance tools
Simple dictation tools
Multiple speakers recording tools
Voice recognition feature

	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative
Yes	100%	100%	100%
	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
Yes	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts
	No	No	No

The writing assistance tools are included in the case management systems, provided by the Project mamagement Service at the Supreme Court. The templates (including pre-written texts) are verified by the judges.

All courts are equpped by voice recording tools, maintained by courts.

#### Financial management tools

Budgetary and financial management of courts Justice expenses management Other

Deployment rate	consolidated at national level	System communication other ministries	cating with
100%	Yes	Yes	
100%	Yes	Yes	
NA	No	No	

#### Measurement tools to assess the workload

Judges
Prosecutors
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff

	Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yes	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes

# 8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Slovenia (2021 data)

In Slovenia, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

The Office for Court Management Development at the Supreme Court promotes the improvement in leadership and management of courts and the increase in effectiveness and efficiency. It is responsible for the preparation of different reports and analysis regarding work of courts and the promotion of best practices.

The Department for the Organization and Development of Management of the Supreme State Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Slovenia is responsible for monitoring the implementation of the Prosecution Policy and the Criteria for the Success of Prosecution of State Prosecutor's Offices.

The Supreme Court's Data warehouse, containing all court cases, as well as financial data and human resources data was implemented in 2011. The data are collected based on CEPEJ Guidelines on Judicial statistics (GOJUST). A special office at the Supreme Court with specialised knowledge was introduced in order to monitor the quality and define quality policies on the level of entire judiciary and individual courts. Quality standards based on SATURN guidelines are taken into account in several predefined BI system reports.

The important role in the determination of quality standards is played by the Supreme Court's "Opening of the judicial year" document, in which a set of priorities is determined. The priorities are subsequently monitored throughout the judicial year by automated BI tools and customised analysis at the Supreme Court.

The 2013 amendment to the Courts Act provides that the Supreme Court shall adopt the Criteria for quality of work for courts for the next (judicial) year, based on its Yearly report on efficiency and effectiveness of courts. Since 2015, the Supreme Court has been adopting the timeframes for different types of procedures as well as for different procedural phases for next year (as a part of the Criteria for quality of work).

As for public prosecution, the criteria for quality of work are defined in the Prosecution Policy (adopted by the Prosecutor General), while the quantitative aspects of work are defined in the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices adopted by the State Prosecutorial Council.

# Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

# A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	<b>⊘</b>	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	<b>⊘</b>	Costs of the judicial procedures	
Number of resolved cases	<b>⊘</b>	Number of appeals	
Number of pending cases	<b>⊘</b>	Appeal ratio	
Backlogs	<b>⊘</b>	Clearance rate	
Productivity of judges and court staff	<b>⊘</b>	Disposition time	
Satisfaction of court staff		Other	8

In Slovenia, there is a regular monitoring system in a form of collecting data on court statistics. Court statistics are collected and published four times a year by the Ministry of Justice. They include the data on the number of judges and court staff, number of incoming, resolved and pending cases, age of unresolved cases, length of proceedings, average time to resolve a case, type of decision, court backlogs, legal remedies and time to issue a court decision.

Besides that, the data on court activities are automatically on national level, thus statistical analysis are made possible. All courts have access to a wide range of special reports, generated in the Court management information system. Reports include detailed information on court activities (for example length of specific phases of a court proceeding, top 20 oldest cases in certain area of law, etc.), human resources, court performance indicators (the critical indicators are marked red for unsatisfactory performance and green when meeting the standards) that provide guidance to presidents and directors of courts. The business intelligence system that creates priority reports derives the data from the Data warehouse of the Supreme Court. The same source is used for Court statistics publications by the Ministry of Justice. Each court is able to access the above mentioned reports at any moment, while some data are quarterly collected and published on national level (as prescribed by the Court rules).

The satisfaction surveys are performed and results published bi-annually.

In Slovenia, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

#### Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	<b>Ø</b>	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	<b>②</b>
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	<b>⊘</b>	Costs of the judicial procedures	
Number of resolved cases		Number of appeals	<b>②</b>
Number of pending cases		Appeal ratio	<b>②</b>
Backlogs		Clearance rate	<b>②</b>
Productivity of judges and court staff		Disposition time	<b>②</b>
Satisfaction of court staff	<b>②</b>	Other	×

The Annual work programme consists of the assessment of the expected number of incoming cases, timeframes for typical procedural acts and solving cases and the plan of operating results. The latter includes the expected number of resolved cases and criteria of efficiency (resolved cases to staff ratio), effectiveness (expected time to resolution) and economy (budgetary funds to solved cases ratio) (the Courts Act, art. 71.b).

The number of complaints is monitored as a performance indicator, however it is not directly considered as a measure of quality of work.

The data on satisfaction of court staff and users is collected bi-annually by the Supreme court and is taken into account by the Judicial Council when deciding on the nomination of court presidents. Consequently, the results of the aforementioned surveys have been included in the opinion of the President of the Supreme Court on the candidacy of court presidents, as well as on the data on work of courts for the purpose of assessment of judicial service for court presidents.

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

In 2021, the Judicial Council started taking into account the results of the satisfaction surveys of court staff and court users (performed bi-annually by the Supreme court) when deciding on the nomination of court presidents. Consequently, the results of the aforementioned surveys have been included in the opinion of the President of the Supreme Court on the candidacy of court presidents, as well as on the data on work of courts for the purpose of assessment of judicial service for court presidents. We consider that the aforementioned decision of the Judicial Council is the legal ground to include the satisfaction surveys amongst defined indicators.

# Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

#### A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	<b>Ø</b>	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	d 🛭
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	<b>Ø</b>	Costs of the judicial procedures	×
Number of resolved cases	<b>②</b>	Clearance rate	
Number of pending cases	<b>②</b>	Disposition time	
Backlogs	<b>②</b>	Percentage of convictions and aquittals	<b>②</b>
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	<b>②</b>	Other	
Satisfaction of prosecution staff			

The BI tools that use data gathered in information system of the State Prosecutor's Office provide the heads of prosecution offices with up-to-date overview of the performance of state prosecutors and the functioning of the office. Heads can customize the level and content of information presented to them for the purpose of making quantitative data supported decisions on allocation of work among prosecutors, control of the case-flow.

"Other": percentage of different types of decisions, value of proceeds of crime under freezing order, pronounced criminal sanctions etc.

In Slovenia, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

The quantitative indicators are defined in the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices adopted by the State Prosecutorial Council. General guidelines for the work of state prosecutors and priority fields of prosecution are defined in a Prosecution Policy by prosecutor general. Heads of offices implement both criteria in their Annual Work Program. Twice a year the prosecutor general, the State Prosecutorial Council and the Minister discuss the performance of state prosecutor's offices at joint meetings held with the heads of state prosecutor's offices and adopt and/or coordinate the measures required for implementation of annual work programmes. An evaluation of attained goals set in the adopted Annual Work Programme, Criteria and Prosecution Policy are an integral part of Annual Report of each prosecution office. The prosecutor general compiles Joint Annual Report on the work of the whole state prosecutor offices. The Minister and State Prosecutorial Council may submit their opinion to this report.

#### Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	8	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	8
Length of proceedings (timeframes)		Costs of the judicial procedures	8
Number of resolved cases		Clearance rate	$\bigcirc$
Number of pending cases		Disposition time	$\bigcirc$
Backlogs		Percentage of convictions and acquittals	$\bigcirc$
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		Other	$\bigcirc$
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	8		

The State Prosecutorial Council adopts the Criteria for evaluating the performance of the state prosecutor's offices on the proposal of the State Prosecutor General. The criteria define indicators and their target values for the appraisal of the work efficiency and realization of prosecution policy.

The criteria for the success of the prosecution of public prosecutors determine the following indicators: the number of unresolved cases at the end of the period, clearance rate, expected solution time, time criteria for typical process actions, (from the initiative of the police to the submission of a proposal to carry out urgent investigative actions, from the receipt to the rejection of the criminal complaint, from the receipt of the criminal complaint to the submission of a request for investigation or a proposal for individual investigative actions, from the receipt of the criminal complaint (without investigation) to the filing of the indictment, from the end of the investigation or individual investigative actions until the filing of the indictment, from the receipt of the complaint to the decision of the public prosecutor on the postponed prosecution and settlement, efficiency indicator, cost-effectiveness indicator, proportions of prosecution decisions, shares of rejected complaints according to individual reasons, shares of decisions alternative to criminal prosecution, share of penal orders, share of convictions, shares of imposed criminal sanctions.

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

Clavania

	Slover	nia							(2012-2	021) da	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	_
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	2 058 821	2 061 085	2 061 085	2 064 188	2 065 895	2 066 880	2 080 908	2 095 861	2 108 977	2 107 180	2,3%	-0,1%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	17 172	17 128	18 065	18 680	19 262	20 951	22 182	22 983	22 014	24 678	43,7%	12,1%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indica	ntor 1: Syster	ns for meas	uring and ev	aluating the	performanc	e of courts a	ınd prosecu	tion service	es			
(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)												
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system Yes Yes Yes True True True True True True												

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-	1, Q78-1, Q7	3, Q73-0, Q7	3-1, Q73-2, Q	Q73-3, Q73-4,	Q73-5, Q73-	6, Q70, Q70-	1, Q71, Q72	2, Q83-2, Q8	3-3, <b>Q120</b> ar	nd Q120-1)
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	True
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	True
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True
078.1.10 Number of appeals							True	True	True	True
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							True	True	True	True
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True

									\	<b>5–</b> 1, 44	ta tabioo	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative
Queen	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2010	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
078.1.13 Disposition time							True	True	True	True		
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and aquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
											•	

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True		
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True		
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True		

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quan tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2011	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	True	True	True		
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True		
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							True	True	True	True		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True		
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and aquittals									True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									True	True		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True		

Overtion	2042	2042	2014	2045	2046	2047	2040	2040	2020	2024	Variations for ques	quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									True	True		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance tagets defined for each prosecutors									True	True		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									False	False		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									True	True		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									False	False		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									False	False		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False	False		
			Indicator	2: The judio	cial organisa	tion						
				(Q42, Q43 aı	nd Q44)							
Q42.1.1Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	66	66	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	60	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	55	55	55	55	5 55	55	55	55	55	55	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	0,0%

Sioveilla							(2012-2021) data tables									
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest					
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021				
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%				
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	0,0%				
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	-16,7%	0,0%				
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.1.4 Labour courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0,0%	0,0%				
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.1.10 Administrative courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%				
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%				
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-				
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-										
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%				
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		NAP	NAP	-	-				
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-				
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%				

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	70	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	76	76	-1,3%	0,0%

	Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings														
First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)															
1.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than  356 071 303 220 285 279 251 889 192 231 148 701 122 514 109 533 98 134 103 842  -70,8%															
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	56 651	55 486	53 815	48 384	45 550	42 220	38 624	34 645	31 115	30 914	-45,4%	-0,6%			
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	187 198	170 745	118 604	82 719	61 003	49 196	44 288	42 189	-	-4,7%			
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	200 131	188 531	177 648	164 736	113 760	77 127	56 402	44 203	39 854	40 088	-80,0%	0,6%			
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	9 550	6 009	4 844	5 592	4 601	4 993	4 434	2 101	-	-52,6%			

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	_
											2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	44 990	14 705	8 593	5 376	4 442	5 179	4 119	4 610	4 061	1 778	-96,0%	-56,2%
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	839	477	957	633	402	413	482	383	373	323	-61,5%	-13,4%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-						
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-						
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 430	1 936	1 841	1 668	1 619	2 000	3 292	3 600	3 946	3 751	54,4%	-4,9%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	51 030	42 085	42 425	31 092	26 458	21 762	19 595	22 092	18 785	26 988	-47,1%	43,7%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	929 328	921 342	871 916	800 360	710 366	664 648	638 075	630 234	551 822	601 311	-35,3%	9,0%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	62 761	63 636	59 996	57 277	51 659	44 772	40 700	36 979	32 097	31 540	-49,7%	-1,7%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	587 442	533 591	483 065	457 958	437 669	438 320	382 730	446 889	-	16,8%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	250 169	250 918	228 724	205 756	184 457	169 702	163 899	164 614	135 459	141 947	-43,3%	4,8%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	358 718	327 835	298 608	288 256	273 770	273 706	247 271	304 942	-	23,3%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	306 951	284 854	295 833	266 056	240 849	234 035	222 701	224 102	204 992	260 603	-15,1%	27,1%
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	50 144	58 288	62 885	61 779	57 759	54 221	51 069	49 604	42 279	44 339	-11,6%	4,9%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-						
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-						
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	4 930	5 234	5 345	4 804	2 972	3 976	3 540	3 139	2 893	2 751	-44,2%	-4,9%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	254 373	258 412	219 133	204 688	172 670	157 942	156 166	151 796	134 102	120 131	-52,8%	-10,4%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	981 418	938 955	904 958	859 760	753 615	690 542	650 931	641 379	545 936	613 749	-37,5%	12,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	63 689	65 194	65 432	60 082	54 982	48 354	44 677	40 444	32 262	33 822	-46,9%	4,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	603 557	585 504	518 674	479 405	449 352	443 040	384 687	446 873	-	16,2%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	_
<b>4</b> 0000011	2012	2010	2017	2010	2010	2017	2010	2010	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	261 325	261 450	241 289	256 504	220 914	190 165	175 982	168 777	135 087	144 318	-44,8%	6,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	362 268	329 000	297 760	289 240	273 370	274 263	249 600	302 555	-	21,2%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	337 182	290 939	299 060	266 990	240 018	235 094	222 205	224 654	207 271	258 271	-23,4%	24,6%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	50 506	57 993	63 208	62 010	57 742	54 146	51 165	49 609	42 329	44 284	-12,3%	4,6%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-						
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-						
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	5 424	5 329	5 504	4 853	2 589	2 682	3 233	2 792	3 088	2 604	-52,0%	-15,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	263 292	258 050	230 465	209 321	177 370	160 101	153 669	155 103	125 899	130 450	-50,5%	3,6%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	303 220	285 117	251 814	192 153	148 653	122 613	109 512	98 206	103 876	91 286	-69,9%	-12,1%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	55 486	53 813	48 389	45 579	42 227	38 638	34 647	31 180	30 950	28 631	-48,4%	-7,5%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	170 653	118 497	82 668	61 078	49 175	44 298	42 187	42 088	-	-0,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	188 531	177 392	164 581	113 655	77 068	56 472	44 175	39 862	40 086	37 602	-80,1%	-6,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	6 072	4 842	5 600	4 606	5 000	4 436	2 101	4 486	-	113,5%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	14 705	8 615	5 438	4 440	5 181	4 118	4 614	4 058	1 778	4 108	-72,1%	131,0%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	477	1 011	634	402	419	488	386	378	323	378	-20,8%	17,0%
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-						
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-						
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	1 936	1 841	1 682	1 619	2 000	3 294	3 599	3 947	3 751	3 898	101,3%	3,9%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	42 085	42 445	31 090	26 458	21 758	19 603	22 091	18 781	26 988	16 668	-60,4%	-38,2%

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest		
Question .	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021	
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3.	.2.1.2 (all yea	rs) First inst	ance courts	: Clearance r	ate and disp	osition time	for other t	han crimina	al cases (Q9	1)			
Table 3.3.4 to 3.3.7 Variation of Clearence Rate and Disposition Time of first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)													
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC) First instance courts: Disposition time and clearance rate for other than criminal cases (Q91)													
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	105,6%	101,9%	103,8%	107,4%	106,1%	103,9%	102,0%	101,8%	98,9%	102,1%	(3,54)	3,14	
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	101,5%	102,4%	109,1%	104,9%	106,4%	108,0%	109,8%	109,4%	100,5%	107,2%	5,76	6,72	
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	102,7%	109,7%	107,4%	104,7%	102,7%	101,1%	100,5%	100,0%	-	(0,51)	
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	104,5%	104,2%	105,5%	124,7%	119,8%	112,1%	107,4%	102,5%	99,7%	101,7%	(2,79)	1,94	
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	101,0%	100,4%	99,7%	100,3%	99,9%	100,2%	100,9%	99,2%	-	(1,72)	
CR Non litigious land registry cases	109,8%	102,1%	101,1%	100,4%	99,7%	100,5%	99,8%	100,2%	101,1%	99,1%	(10,74)	(2,01)	
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	100,7%	99,5%	100,5%	100,4%	100,0%	99,9%	100,2%	100,0%	100,1%	99,9%	(0,85)	(0,24)	
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
CR Administrative law cases	110,0%	101,8%	103,0%	101,0%	87,1%	67,5%	91,3%	88,9%	106,7%	94,7%	(15,36)	(12,08)	
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	103,5%	99,9%	105,2%	102,3%	102,7%	101,4%	98,4%	102,2%	93,9%	108,6%	5,08	14,71	
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	113	111	102	82	72	65	61	56	69	54	-51,9%	-21,8%	
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	318	301	270	277	280	292	283	281	350	309	-2,8%	-11,8%	
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	103	74	58	47	40	36	40	34	-	-14,1%	
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	263	248	249	162	127	108	92	86	108	95	-63,9%	-12,2%	
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-		6	5	7	6	7	6	3	5	-	76,1%	
DT Non litigious land registry cases	16	11	7	6	8	6	8	7	3	6	-63,5%	85,4%	

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	3	6	4	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	-9,6%	11,9%
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	-	-							
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NAP	-	-							
DT Administrative law cases	130	126	112	122	282	448	406	516	443	546	319,4%	23,2%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	58	60	49	46	45	45	52	44	78	47	-20,1%	-40,4%

	First in	nstance coul	rts, number	of cases for	specific cas	se categories	s (Q101)					
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 JanLitigious divorce case	1 068	1 022	1 048	1 033	896	815	727	721	638	805	-24,6%	26,2%
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 JanEmployment dismissal case	622	657	743	598	551	570	412	370	361	583	-6,3%	61,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanInsolvency	3 667	4 558	5 288	9 169	11 999	12 995	11 661	9 449	7 916	6 758	84,3%	-14,6%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanRobbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122	136	-	11,5%
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanIntentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	17	-	13,3%
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	1 954	1 917	1 839	1 709	1 748	1 644	1 607	1 326	1 143	1 123	-42,5%	-1,7%
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	1 038	1 085	932	905	887	722	642	650	837	592	-43,0%	-29,3%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	2 669	2 819	6 596	6 224	5 517	4 306	4 158	3 766	3 033	2 471	-7,4%	-18,5%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	88	-	23,9%
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		14	13	-	-7,1%
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	2 000	1 891	1 851	1 842	1 829	1 732	1 614	1 409	975	1 211	-39,5%	24,2%
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	1 003	999	1 075	952	868	881	683	658	615	778	-22,4%	26,5%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	1 778	2 089	2 717	3 398	4 519	5 642	6 370	5 298	4 190	3 619	103,5%	-13,6%

Variations for quantitative

-53,5%

Quanting	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	quest	-
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	56	62	-	10,7%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	11	-	-15,4%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 DecLitigious divorce case	1 022	1 048	1 036	900	815	727	720	638	806	717	-29,8%	-11,0%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 DecEmployment dismissal case	657	743	600	551	570	411	371	362	583	397	-39,6%	-31,9%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecInsolvency	4 558	5 288	9 167	11 995	12 997	11 659	9 449	7 917	6 759	5 610	23,1%	-17,0%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecRobbery cases	-	-	1.	-	-	·	-	-	137	162	-	18,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecIntentional homicide	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	16	19	-	18,8%
F	First instance	e courts: Cle	arance rate a	and disposit	ion time for	specific case	e categories	s (Q101)				
CR Litigious divorce cases	102,4%	98,6%	100,7%	107,8%	104,6%	105,4%	100,4%	106,3%	85,3%	107,8%	5,48	22,53
CR Employment dismissal cases	96,6%	92,1%	115,3%	105,2%	97,9%	122,0%	106,4%	101,2%	73,5%	131,4%	34,79	57,94
CR Insolvency cases	66,6%	74,1%	41,2%	54,6%	81,9%	131,0%	153,2%	140,7%	138,1%	146,5%	79,84	8,31
DT Litigious divorce cases	187	202	204	178	163	153	163	165	302	216	15,9%	-28,4%
DT Employment dismissal cases	239	271	204	211	240	170	198	201	346	186	-22,1%	-46,2%
DT Insolvency cases	936	924	1 231	1 288	1 050	754	541	545	589	566	-39,5%	-3,9%
		Sec	cond instanc	e other than	criminal cas	ses (Q97)						
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 158	4 818	4 215	4 143	3 383	2 799	2 424	1 182	-	-51,2%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 924	3 141	2 887	2 868	2 388	1 996	1 614	805	-	-50,1%

1 677

1 328

1 275

995

803

810

2 234

97.1.3 2nd inst courts\_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases

(2.1+2.2+2.3)

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	_
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			2 129	1 590	1 249	1 207	922	763	789	361	-	-54,2%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			105	87	79	68	73	40	21	16	-	-23,8%
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			83	74	54	60	68	33	15	12	-	-20,0%
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			22	13	25	8	5	7	6	4	-	-33,3%
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	-	-							
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	-							
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			NAP	-	-							
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			-	NAP	-	-						
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			22 257	20 565	18 684	16 544	14 786	13 333	11 186	11 190	-	0,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			12 913	11 943	10 798	9 348	8 541	7 648	6 545	6 571	-	0,4%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			9 344	8 622	7 886	7 196	6 245	5 685	4 641	4 619	-	-0,5%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			8 730	8 096	7 442	6 718	5 775	5 265	4 250	4 262	-	0,3%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			614	526	444	478	470	420	391	357	-	-8,7%
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			526	411	345	403	367	360	324	296	-	-8,6%
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			88	115	99	75	103	60	67	61	-	-9,0%
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	-							
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	-							
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	-	-							
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			-	NAP	-	-						
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 597	21 170	18 756	17 304	15 370	13 708	12 428	10 918	-	-12,1%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	-
											2012-2021	2020-2021
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			13 696	12 199	10 817	9 828	8 933	8 030	7 354	6 347	-	-13,7%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			9 901	8 971	7 939	7 476	6 437	5 678	5 074	4 571	-	-9,9%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			9 269	8 437	7 484	7 003	5 934	5 239	4 678	4 224	-	-9,7%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			632	534	455	473	503	439	396	347	-	-12,4%
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			535	431	339	395	402	378	327	285	-	-12,8%
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			97	103	116	78	101	61	69	62	-	-10,1%
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			4 818	4 216	4 143	3 383	2 799	2 424	1 181	1 454		23,1%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 141	2 888	2 868	2 388	1 996	1 614	805	1 029		27,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			1 677	1 328	1 275	995	803	810	376	425	-	13,0%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			1 590	1 249	1 207	922	763	789	361	399	-	10,5%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			87	79	68	73	40	21	15	26	-	73,3%
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			74	54	60	68	33	15	11	23	-	109,1%
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			13	25	8	5	7	6	4	3	-	-25,0%
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			-	NAP	-	-						
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	2	1	3	-	-	6	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	2	1	3	-	-	6	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

	Clearance rate and	disposition time fo	or second ins	stance other	than crimina	al law cases	s (Q97)				
CR Total of other than criminal law cases		106,0%	102,9%	100,4%	104,6%	103,9%	102,8%	111,1%	97,6%	-	(13,53)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases		106,1%	102,1%	100,2%	105,1%	104,6%	105,0%	112,4%	96,6%	-	(15,77)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)		106,0%	104,0%	100,7%	103,9%	103,1%	99,9%	109,3%	99,0%	-	(10,37)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases		106,2%	104,2%	100,6%	104,2%	102,8%	99,5%	110,1%	99,1%	-	(10,96)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)		102,9%	101,5%	102,5%	99,0%	107,0%	104,5%	101,3%	97,2%	-	(4,08)
CR Non litigious land registry cases		101,7%	104,9%	98,3%	98,0%	109,5%	105,0%	100,9%	96,3%	-	(4,64)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases		110,2%	89,6%	117,2%	104,0%	98,1%	101,7%	103,0%	101,6%	-	(1,35)
CR Other registry cases		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)		-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases		75	73	81	71	66	65	35	49	-	40,1%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases		84	86	97	89	82	73	40	59	-	48,1%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)		62	54	59	49	46	52	27	34	-	25,5%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	quantitative tions
											2012-2021	2020-2021
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			63	54	59	48	47	55	28	34	-	22,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			50	54	55	56	29	17	14	27	-	97,8%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			50	46	65	63	30	14	12	29	-	139,9%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			49	89	25	23	25	36	21	18	-	-16,5%
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
		Supr	eme courts'	other than cr	iminal law c	ases (Q99)						
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 375	1 377	1 282	1 230	1 182	912	606	435	-	-28,2%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 091	903	798	759	806	690	467	291	-	-37,7%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			28	20	13	9	21	9	16	22	-	37,5%
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			25	15	11	8	18	9	14	17	-	21,4%
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			3	5	2	1	3	-	2	5	-	150,0%
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			3	5	2	1	3	-	2	5	-	150,0%
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			256	454	471	462	355	213	123	122	-	-0,8%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	•
											2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	-	-						
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 770	2 715	2 719	2 583	2 398	2 370	2 062	2 161	-	4,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 782	1 885	1 808	1 846	2 008	1 970	1 621	1 651	-	1,9%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			37	30	22	29	22	53	76	114	-	50,0%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			26	27	21	25	20	45	66	101	-	53,0%
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			11	3	1	4	2	8	10	13	-	30,0%
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			11	3	1	4	2	8	10	13	-	30,0%
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	-							
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	-							
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	-	-							
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			951	800	889	708	368	347	365	396	-	8,5%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	-	-						
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			2 768	2 810	2 770	2 631	2 668	2 676	2 233	2 133	-	-4,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			1 970	1 991	1 847	1 799	2 124	2 193	1 797	1 616	-	-10,1%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			45	36	26	17	34	46	70	118	-	68,6%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			36	30	24	15	29	40	63	103	-	63,5%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			9	6	2	2	5	6	7	15	-	114,3%
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			9	6	2	2	5	6	7	15	-	114,3%
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	-	-							
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	-							

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2010	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			753	783	897	815	510	437	366	399	-	9,0%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			1 377	1 282	1 231	1 182	912	606	435	463	-	6,4%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			903	797	759	806	690	467	291	326	-	12,0%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			20	14	9	21	9	16	22	18	-	-18,2%
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			15	12	8	18	9	14	17	15	-	-11,8%
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			5	2	1	3	-	2	5	3	-	-40,0%
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			5	2	1	3	-	2	5	3	-	-40,0%
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			454	471	463	355	213	123	122	119	-	-2,5%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	9	46	8	30	32	22	-	-31,3%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	6	5	-	3	3	11	-	266,7%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	3	40	8	27	29	11	-	-62,1%
	Clearance ra	te and dispo	osition time fo	or Supreme o	ourts' other	than crimin	al law case	s (Q97)				
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			99,9%	103,5%	101,9%	101,9%	111,3%	112,9%	108,3%	98,7%	-	(9,59)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			110,5%	105,6%	102,2%	97,5%	105,8%	111,3%	110,9%	97,9%	-	(12,98)

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Quodion	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2010	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			121,6%	120,0%	118,2%	58,6%	154,5%	86,8%	92,1%	103,5%	-	11,40
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			138,5%	111,1%	114,3%	60,0%	145,0%	88,9%	95,5%	102,0%	-	6,53
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	50,0%	250,0%	75,0%	70,0%	115,4%	-	45,38
CR Non litigious land registry cases			81,8%	200,0%	200,0%	50,0%	250,0%	75,0%	70,0%	115,4%	-	45,38
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			79,2%	97,9%	100,9%	115,1%	138,6%	125,9%	100,3%	100,8%	-	0,48
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			182	167	162	164	125	83	71	79	-	11,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			167	146	150	164	119	78	59	74	-	24,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			162	142	126	451	97	127	115	56	-	-51,5%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			152	146	122	438	113	128	98	53	-	-46,0%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			203	122	183	548	-	122	261	73	-	-72,0%
DT Non litigious land registry cases			203	122	183	548	-	122	261	73	-	-72,0%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			220	220	188	159	152	103	122	109	-	-10,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo	r quantitative tions
<b>QUESTION</b>	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
			First insta	nce crimina	l law cases (	Q94)						
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									28 879	31 802	-	10,1%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									9 170	11 182	-	21,9%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									12 393	12 125	-	-2,2%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									7 316	8 495	-	16,1%
094.2.1 Total -incoming									73 368	72 212	-	-1,6%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									9 550	8 914	-	-6,7%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									27 970	27 876	-	-0,3%
094.2.4 Other - incoming									35 848	35 422	-	-1,2%
094.3.1 Total - resolved									70 425	72 616	-	3,1%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									7 546	8 845	-	17,2%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									28 237	27 664	-	-2,0%
094.3.4 Other - resolved									34 642	36 107	-	4,2%
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									31 823	31 398	-	-1,3%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									11 174	11 251	-	0,7%
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12 126	12 337	-	1,7%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									8 523	7 810	-	-8,4%
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									4 272	4 546	-	6,4%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									3 222	3 656	-	13,5%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
euestion	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									521	345	-	-33,8%
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									529	545	-	3,0%
	Clear	ance rate ar	nd dispositio	n time for fir	st instance	criminal law	cases (Q94	)				
CR of Total									96,0%	100,6%	-	4,6
CR of Severe cases									79,0%	99,2%	-	20,2
CR of Misdemeanour cases									101,0%	99,2%	-	(1,7)
CR of Other									96,6%	101,9%	-	5,48
DT of Total									165	158	-	-4,3%
DT of Severe cases									540	464	-	-14,1%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									157	163	-	3,8%
DT of Other									90	79	-	-12,1%
			Second ins	tance crimin	al law cases	(Q98)						
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									606	351	-	-42,1%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									494	312	-	-36,8%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									104	32	-	-69,2%
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									8	7	-	-12,5%
098.2.1 Total -incoming									4 597	6 426	-	39,8%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									3 297	3 590	-	8,9%
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									979	2 453	-	150,6%

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
Question	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.4 Other - incoming									321	383	-	19,3%
098.3.1 Total - resolved									4 852	5 851	-	20,6%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									3 479	3 478	-	0,0%
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									1 051	1 991	-	89,4%
098.3.4 Other - resolved									322	382	-	18,6%
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									351	926	-	163,8%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									312	424	-	35,9%
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									32	494	-	1443,8%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									7	8	-	14,3%
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									2	2	-	0,0%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									-		-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									2	2	-	0,0%
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	
	Cleara	nce rate and	disposition	time for sec	ond instanc	e criminal la	w cases (QS	<b>)</b> 8)				
CR of Total									105,5%	91,1%	-	(13,73)
CR o2 Severe cases									105,5%	96,9%	-	(8,19)
CR of Misdemeanour cases									107,4%	81,2%	-	(24,39)
CR of Other									100,3%	99,7%	-	(0,57)
DT of Total									26	58	-	118,8%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2017	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT of Severe cases									33	44	-	35,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									11	91	-	714,9%
DT of Other									8	8	-	-3,7%
			Supreme co	ourts' crimin	al law cases	(Q100)						
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									303	278	-	-8,3%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									294	266	-	-9,5%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									9	12	-	33,3%
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									663	714	-	7,7%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									622	671	-	7,9%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									42	43	-	2,4%
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									688	791	-	15,0%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									650	754	-	16,0%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									38	37	-	-2,6%
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									278	201	-	-27,7%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									266	183	-	-31,2%
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									12	18	-	50,0%
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	-	-

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									2	5	-	150,0%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									2	5	-	150,0%
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	
	Clearar	nce rate and	disposition t	time for sup	reme courts'	criminal lav	v cases (Q1	00)				
CR of Total									103,8%	110,8%	-	7,01
CR of Severe cases									104,5%	112,4%	-	7,87
CR of Misdemeanour cases									90,5%	86,0%	-	(4,43)
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									147	93	-	-37,1%
DT of Severe cases									149	89	-	-40,7%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									115	178	-	54,1%
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
			Indicator 4	: Public pro	secution ser	vices						
			((	Q107, Q107-	1, Q109)							
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									275 591	281 211		2,0%
2. Incoming/received cases									61 789	51 857	-	-16,1%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									28 472	54 217	-	90,4%
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									38 743	43 400	-	12,0%

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									35 984	41 237	-	14,6%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									2 759	2 163	-	-21,6%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NAP	NAP		-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									1 298	1 597	-	23,0%
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-
3.4. Cases brought to court									9 130	8 408	-	-7,9%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									281 332	289 273	-	2,8%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									0,46	0,88	-	90,4%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									4,55	4,68	-	2,8%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									255	342		34,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	342	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-

									(======================================						
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions			
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021			
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NA	NA	-	-			
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-			
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-			
		Е	Budget of pu	blic prosecu	ition service	es (Q13)									
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	17 655 253	17 086 402	16 730 967	18 276 528	19 383 835	20 309 563	21 348 447	22 418 592	22 442 890	23 933 518	35,6%	6,64%			
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	17 244 379	18 134 349	19 351 893	20 242 054	21 283 779	22 345 112	21 981 158	23 263 042	-	5,83%			
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	87 101	74 171	67 320	-	-9,24%			
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)		-		-	-		NA	76 395	26 591	27 523	_	3,50%			

			Indicator	5: Access to	o justice					
				Legal aid						
			(Q16, Q1	8, Q19, Q20	, Q20-1)					
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
6.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True

									1			
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2011	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True		
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									9 876	8 241	-	(0,17)
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									9 138	7 507	-	(0,18)
020.2.2 Broight to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									738	734	-	(0,01)
020.3.2 Not broight to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									NAP	NAP	-	-
020-1.1.2 Average duration									30	30	-	-
			Syster	m for compe	nsating users	S						
				(Q37)	)							
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									32	18	-	-43,8%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									15	4	-	-73,3%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									15	11	-	-26,7%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									2	3	-	50,0%
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									NAP	NAP	-	
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									11	21	-	90,9%
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									3	7	-	133,3%
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									4	10	-	150,0%
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									4	4	-	0,0%
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									NAP	NAP	-	
037.3.1 Amount - Total									389 871 £	994 446 £	-	155,1%
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									61 615 £	107 129 £	-	73,9%
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									NAP	NAP	-	
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									242 108 £	836 738 £	-	245,6%
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									86 147 £	50 579 £	-	-41,3%
037.3.6 Amount - Other									NAP	NAP	-	
		Indica	ator 6: The IC	CT tools of c	ourts and fo	or court users	S					
		(Q62-	7, Q62-7-1, Q	62-8, Q62-8	-1, Q63-6, Q	63-7, Q63-7-1	1)					
62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level							True	True	True	True		

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%		
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True		
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts			
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)						-	100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)						-	100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)						-	. NA	0% (NAP)	NA	NA		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)						-	False	NAP	False	False		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)						-	True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)						-	False	NAP	False	False		

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo	r quantitativ
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-202
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							100%	100%	100%	100%		
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							True	True	True	True		
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False		
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False		

		1	ndicator 7: F	Professional	s of justice									
(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)														
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	970	951	924	897	880	859	867	873	875	860	-11,3%	-1,7%		
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	753	738	724	665	641	628	636	634	638	694	-7,8%	8,8%		
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	183	116	171	202	208	199	199	209	208	136	-25,7%	-34,6%		
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	34	33	29	30	31	32	32	30	29	30	-11,8%	3,4%		
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	217	212	202	201	185	187	186	181	176	173	-20,3%	-1,7%		
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	148	122	139	126	115	120	119	111	110	126	-14,9%	14,5%		
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	48	16	45	57	52	50	48	52	48	28	-41,7%	-41,7%		

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	
				_0.0	-0.0		-0.0	20.0			2012-2021	2020-2021
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	21	20	18	18	18	17	19	18	18	19	-9,5%	5,6%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	753	739	722	696	695	672	681	692	699	687	-8,8%	-1,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	605	589	585	539	526	508	517	523	528	568	-6,1%	7,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	135	73	126	145	156	149	151	157	160	108	-20,0%	-32,5%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	13	13	11	12	13	15	13	12	11	11	-15,4%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	802	-	-
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	644	-	-
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	129	-	
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	29	-	-
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	469	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	370	-	
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	84	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	15	-	
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	250	-	
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	208	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	36	-	
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal		-	-		-	-	-	-	NA	6	-	
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative		-	-		-	-	-	-	NA	34	-	
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	27	-	
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	-	-

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	
<b>Q</b> 40011011	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2010	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	7	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	50	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-		-	-		-	NA	39	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-		-	-		-	NA	9	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	2	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	3 330	3 239	3 355	3 300	3 330	3 328	3 391	3 427	3 427	3 455	3,8%	0,8%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	346	425	505	481	516	511	506	494	497	469	35,5%	-5,6%
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	481	838	1 080	659	826	802	970	1 068	1 005	1 119	132,6%	11,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	NA	1 562	1 639	1 998	1 796	1 822	1 716	1 679	1 734	1 680	-	-3,1%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	414	131	162	192	193	199	186	191	187	-	-2,1%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NA	NAP	-	-								
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	NA	420	405	406	411	402	407	435	428	-	-1,6%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NA	NA	NA	49	49	43	41	38	44	39	-	-11,4%
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	NA	NA	109	124	132	131	144	131	153	-	16,8%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	172	136	132	120	126	159	136	-	-14,5%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	75	97	104	110	99	101	100	-	-1,0%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NAP	-	-								
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	NA	2 935	2 892	2 924	2 917	2 989	3 020	2 992	3 027	-	1,2%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NA	NA	NA	429	467	468	465	456	453	430	-	-5,1%
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	550	702	670	839	924	874	966	-	10,5%

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
Question	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	1 826	1 660	1 690	1 596	1 553	1 575	1 544	-	-2,0%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	87	95	89	89	87	90	87	-	-3,3%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									3 427	3 455	-	0,8%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									3 035	3 041	-	0,2%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									269	280	-	4,1%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									123	134	-	8,9%
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									435	428	-	-1,6%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									349	339	-	-2,9%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									52	55	-	5,8%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									34	34	-	0,0%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									2 992	3 027	-	1,2%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									2 686	2 702	-	0,6%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									217	225	-	3,7%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									89	100	-	12,4%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									206	201	-	-2,4%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									151	144	-	-4,6%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									43	45	-	4,7%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									12	12	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									65	62	-	-4,6%

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Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
										2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									43	40	-	-7,0%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									15	16	-	6,7%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									7	6	-	-14,3%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									141	139	-	-1,4%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									108	104	-	-3,7%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									28	29	-	3,6%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									5	6	-	20,0%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									321	302	-	-5,9%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									64	53	-	-17,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									257	249	-	-3,1%
004 Annual average salary in the country									22 300 £	23 635 £	_	6,0%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									32 628 £	32 628 £	-	0,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									63 660 £	63 660 £	_	0,0%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									32 628 £	32 628 £	-	0,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									63 660 £	63 660 £	-	0,0%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									20 568 £	20 568 £	-	0,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									36 984 £	36 984 £	-	0,0%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									20 568 £	20 568 £	-	0,0%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									36 984 £	36 984 £	-	0,0%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		

									•			
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
		2013	2014	2015						2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									True	True		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									True	True		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									3	2	-	-33,3%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									3	2	-	-33,3%
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									0	0	-	
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									1	2	-	100,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									1	2	-	100,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									0	0	-	
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									0	0	-	
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									0	0	-	
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									0	0	-	
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	

Question	2012 2	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
		2013								2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									0	0	-	
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									1	1	-	0,0%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									1	1	-	0,0%
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									0	0	-	-
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									0	0	-	-
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									0	0	-	-
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									0	0	-	-
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									0	0	-	-
				Lawyei								
				(Q146, Q147	, Q148)							

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 417	1 529	1 628	1 669	1 711	1 737	1 768	1 813	1 834	1 856	31,0%	1,2%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							954	970	976	976		0,0%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							814	843	858	880		2,6%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NAP	-	-							

Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods												
(Q166, Q157)												
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	347	341	311	292	281	272	276	267	258	245	-29,4%	-5,0%
167.1.1 Total number started					2 844	3 093	2 818	2 787	2 437	2 418	-	-0,8%
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					2 320	2 625	2 451	2 414	2 076	2 055	-	-1,0%
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					524	NA	367	373	361	363	-	0,6%
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%