The European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice

Evaluation of the judicial systems 2024 (data 2022)



Generated on: 01/10/2024 14:36

Slovak Republic

Reference data 2022 (01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022)

Start/end date of the data collection campaign: 15/03/2023 - 01/10/2023

Objective:

The CEPEJ decided, at its 39th plenary meeting, to launch the nineth evaluation cycle 2024, focused on 2022 data. The CEPEJ wishes to use the methodology developed in the previous cycles to get, with the support of its national correspondents' network, a general evaluation of the judicial systems in the 46 member states of the Council of Europe as well as three observer states (Israel, Morocco and Kazakhstan).

The present questionnaire was developed by the Working group on evaluation of judicial systems (CEPEJ-GT-EVAL) in view of the previous evaluation cycles and considering the comments submitted by CEPEJ members, observers, experts and national correspondents. The aim of this exercise is to increase awareness of judicial systems in the participating states, to compare the functioning of judicial systems in their various aspects, as well as to have a better knowledge of the trends of the judicial organisation in order to help improve the efficiency of justice. The evaluation questionnaire and the analysis of the results becomes a genuine tool in favour of public policies on justice, in service of the European citizens.

For better understanding of the questions it is necessary to consult the Explanatory note that gives definitions and explanations on the CEPEJ evaluation questionnaire and the methodology needed for replying, You can download the Explanatory note as a whole document on the CEPEJ website. In addition to the Explanatory note, there is also the User manual that is a technical document to help you navigate through this application for data collection.

In case you have any questions related to these documents or on the use of the application, please do not hesitate to contact the Secretariat.

Instruction:

Explanatory note: https://rm.coe.int/explanatory-note-2024-cycle-cepej-2023-2-en/1680aae30a

Word version of the questionnaire - https://rm.coe.int/evaluation-scheme-2024-cycle-cepej-2022-9rev1-en-30-march-2023/1680aae309

CEPEJ COLLECT - User manual - you can download under Documentation tab

1.General and financial information

1.1.Demographic and economic data

1.1.1Inhabitants and economic general information



001. Number of inhabitants (if possible on 1 January of the reference year +1)

[5428792]

Comments Source

 $https://slovak.statistics.sk/wps/portal/ext/home/!ut/p/z1/04_Sj9CPykssy0xPLMnMz0vMAfIjo8ziA809LZycDB0NLPyCXA08QxwD3IO8TAwNTEz1wwkpiAJKG-AAjgZA_VFgJc7ujh4m5j4GBhY-$

=

003. Per capita GDP (in €) in current prices for the reference year

[16 300]

Comments

004. Average gross annual salary (in €) for the reference year

[15 540] [] NA

Comments

005. Exchange rate of national currency (non-Euro zone) in € on 1 January of the reference year +1:

Allow decimals: 5

Comments

A1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources:

 $https://slovak.statistics.sk/wps/portal/ext/home/!ut/p/z1/04_Sj9CPykssy0xPLMnMz0vMAfIjo8ziA809LZycDB0NLPyCXA08QxwD3IO8TAwNTEz1wwkpiAJKG-AAjgZA_VFgJc7ujh4m5j4GBhY-$

7qYGno4eoUGWgcbGBo7GUAV4zCjIjTDIdFRUBADse0bP/dz/d5/L2dBISEvZ0FBIS9nQSEh/;

Ministry of Finance of the Slovak republic

1.1.2Budgetary data concerning judicial system



006. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, in € (without the budget of the public prosecution services and without the budget of legal aid). If you cannot separate the budget allocated to the courts from the budget of public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please go to question 7. If you are able to answer this question, please answer NA to question 7.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
TOTAL - Annual public budget allocated to the functioning	228 718 905	265 762 068
of all courts $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$	[]NAP	[]NAP
1. Annual public budget allocated to (gross) salaries	142 269 149	150 944 642
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

2. Annual public budget allocated to computerisation (2.1 +	. 15 279 492	15 883 457
2.2)	[] NA	[] NA
2.2)	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.1 Immortus anto im accommutation	985 649	1 680 458
2.1 Investments in computerisation		
	[]NA	[]NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.2 Maintenance of the IT equipment of courts	14 293 843	14 202 999
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
	0.700.500	12.10.5.00.1
3. Annual public budget allocated to justice expenses	9 789 600	13 186 004
(expertise, interpretation, etc.)	[] NA	[] NA
(experiese, interpretation, etc.)	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Annual public budget allocated to court buildings	12 702 200	17 692 220
	[] NA	[] NA
(maintenance, operating costs)	NAP	NAP
F A 1 . 11' 1 . 1 11	0	7 509 478
5. Annual public budget allocated to investments in new	0	
(court) buildings	[] NA	[] NA
	E TATAB	I INTAR
	[] NAP	[] NAP
6. Annual public budget allocated to training	[] NAP 446 183	[]NAP 2 032 294
6. Annual public budget allocated to training		
6. Annual public budget allocated to training	446 183	2 032 294
	446 183 []NA []NAP	2 032 294 []NA
6. Annual public budget allocated to training7. Other (please specify)	446 183 []NA []NAP 48 232 281	2 032 294 []NA []NAP 58 513 973
	446 183 []NA []NAP	2 032 294 []NA

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: Investments in computerisation is implemented in some periods usually 4 years, therefore the degree of the budget.

Annual public budget allocated to training was higher implemented then approved because the growing possibility and will for trainings (after lack of personal training in the previous years).

In the category "Other" there are the expenditures on social insurance and health insurance, the supplements to sickness benefit for judges, the supplement to maternity pay for judges, the severance payment for retiring judges, food allowance for employees and others....

007. If you cannot answer question 6 because you cannot isolate the public budget allocated to courts from the budget allocated to public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please fill in only the appropriate line in the table according to your system:

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and the		
public prosecution services together	[X] NA	[X] NA
public prosecution services together	[] NAP	[] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and legal		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
aid together	[] NAP	[] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts, public		
prosecution services and legal aid together	[X] NA	[X] NA
probodulon bolvicos una logal dia togodioi	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:



008. Are litigants in general required to	pay a court fee	e to initiate a pro	ceeding at a court of
general jurisdiction:			

	Litigants required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction?
for criminal cases	() Yes, at the beginning of the
	procedure
	() Yes, at a later stage
	(X) No
for other than criminal cases	(X) Yes, at the beginning of the
	procedure
	() Yes, at a later stage
	() No

Comments - If there are exceptions to the obligation to pay these court fees, could you please provide comments on those exceptions? There is a

general rule that the plaintiff is obliged to pay a court fee to commence the civil proceedings. The Act on the Court fees (No. 71/1992 Coll.) provides for the exceptions to the general obligation to pay the court fee. The law stipulates the exhaustive list of the subjects who as a litigants are not obliged to pay the court fee (e.g. the state, prosecutor, foundations, consumers in disputes arisen from consumer contracts etc.) as well as the list of specific types of court proceedings wholy exempted from the court fees (e. g. the proceedings on guardianship and trusteeship, the maintenance proceedings, etc.).

Except for the situations stipulated in the Act on the court fees, in the civil procedure the court is entitled to grant the exoneration from the court fees in consideration the social and economical circumstances of the litigant.

008-1. Please briefly present the methodology of calculation of these court fees:

- The amount of the court fee depends on the type of claim. As a general rule, the amount should represent 6% of the claim value.

The minimum fee is 16,50 € and the maximum fee in civil matters is 16 596,50 €. With regard to commercial disputes the maximum is 33 193,50 €. If it is not possible to determine the value of a claim, the court fee is 99,50 €. For certain types of claims and/or applications, the Act No 71/1992 on court fees stipulates different rates or fix amounts of court fees.

008-2. The amount of court fees requested to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery:

[180]				
[]	NA		
Γ	1	NAP		

Comments If the request is applied electronically, then the court fee is 110 euros.

009. Annual income of court fees received by the State (in €):

[]
[X] NA	
[] NAP	

Comments

012. Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual approved public budget	8 515 871		8 515 871
allocated to legal aid (12.1 + 12.2)	[] NA	[X] NA	[] NA
anocated to legal and (12.1 + 12.2)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12.1 for cases brought to court (court fees and/or legal representation)	[X]NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP
12.2 for cases not brought to court (legal advice, ADR and other legal services)	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP

Comments The public budget allocated to legal aid is allocated in the organization called Legal Aid Center.

012-1. Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual implemented public budget	10 071 424		10 071 424
allocated to legal aid (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NA	[X] NA	[] NA
anocated to legal and (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12-1.1 for cases brought to court (court fees	499 590		499 590
and/or legal representation)	[] NA	[X] NA	[] NA
and/or legal representation)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12-1.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
advice, ADR and outer legal services)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

If the public budget actually implemented regarding legal aid is different from the annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The Center's implemented budget was 10 071 423 euros, which in percentage terms, represents 99.89% fulfillment of the approved budget. The difference was 10 991 euros due to the lower interest in the provided services than expected. The implemented budget is higher then approved due to the higher expenditures connected with the personal bankruptcy expenditures and expenditures connected with energy generally.

=

012-3. Do legal aid budgets indicated in Q12 and Q12-1 include:

	Amount calculated/estimated included	
Coverage of court fees	(X) Yes	
	() No	
	() NAP (Legal aid does not include	
	coverage of court fees)	
Exemption from court fees	() Yes	
_	(X) No	
	() NAP (Legal aid does not include	
	exemption from court fees)	

Comments

013. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in €.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in € (including 13.1)	119 509 809 []NA []NAP	128 119 628 []NA
13.1. Annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services	15 377 []NA []NAP	40 153 []NA []NAP

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The difference between the approved budget and the implemented budget is 8 609 822 Eurs. The increased funds were allocated to:

- valorisation of prosecutors' salaries
- implementation of the ECRIS TCN Third Country Citizens Registration Project
- expansion of the PATRICIA information system and its connection to the information system of the European Public Prosecutor's Office
- necessary reconstruction of district and regional prosecutor's offices
- more training relieve of COVID19 restrictions additional financing of energies.

A2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: General Prosecutor Office			

1.1.3Budgetary data concerning the whole justice system



015-1. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in € (this global budget includes the judicial system budget - see 15-2 and other elements of the justice system - see 15-3)

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the whole justice	715 605 396	708 330 781
system in €	[]NAP	[]NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided above and specify if a large portion of the budget allocated to the whole justice system comes from an international organisation. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic is in the answer 15-1 included for the first time in data 2022 since it has started its activity on 1st of August 2021.

015-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

	Included
Courts	(X)Yes
	() No
	[] NAP

Legal aid	(X)Yes
	() No
	[] NAP
Public prosecution services	(X) Yes
	() No
	[]NAP

Comments

015-3. Other budgetary elements

	Included
Prison system	(X) Yes () No [] NAP
Probation services	(X) Yes () No
High Judicial Council	(X) Yes () No
High Prosecutorial Council	() Yes () No [X] NAP
Constitutional court	() Yes (X) No
Judicial management body	() Yes () No [X] NAP
Service for legal representation of the State	() Yes () No [X] NAP
Enforcement services	() Yes (X) No
Notariat	() Yes (X) No [] NAP
Forensic services	() Yes (X) No
Judicial protection of juveniles	(X) Yes () No [] NAP
Functioning of the Ministry of Justice	(X) Yes () No [] NAP
Refugees and asylum seekers services	() Yes (X) No [] NAP

Immigration Service	() Yes
	(X)No
	[] NAP
Some police services (e.g.: transfer, investigation, prisoners' security)	() Yes
	(X) No
	[] NAP
Other	(X) Yes
	() No
	[] NAP

If "Other", please specify: In "Other" the budget of the Judicial Academy; the Office for the Management of Seized Property are subsumed.

A3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Ministry of Justice, Supreme Court, Supreme Administrative Court, General Prosecutors Office and Judicial Council of the Slovak Republic.

2. Access to justice and all courts

2.1.Legal Aid

2.1.1Scope of legal aid

016. Does legal aid apply to:

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
Representation in court	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Legal advice, ADR and other legal services	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

016-1. Please briefly describe the organisation of the legal aid system in your country.

- The Centre is an institution established for the purpose of providing legal assistance to citizens who, due to lack of funds, cannot utilize other legal services.

The competence of the Centre is quite extensive and the Centre provides legal assistance in civil law matters, commercial law matters, labour law matters, family law matters, in debt relief proceedings under a special regulation, in court proceedings within the administrative judiciary and in these matters also in proceedings before the Constitutional Court of the Slovak Republic, in asylum matters, in proceedings on administrative banishment, in proceedings on the detention of a third-country national or in proceedings on the detention of an asylum seeker, a whistle-blower of criminal or other anti-social activity or a person against whom the effectiveness of an employment law act has been suspended pursuant to a special regulation. The competence of the Centre was indirectly extended by Act no. 274/2017 Coll. on victims of criminal offences, when according to § 7 sec. 2 "Legal aid is provided to victims by the Legal

Aid Centre under the conditions and to the extent stipulated by a special regulation, the entity providing assistance to victims and the attorney under the conditions and to the extent stipulated in accordance with the Criminal Procedure Code."

Granting legal aid is an administrative proceeding. It proceeds by two Acts. Lex specialis is Act no 327/2005 Z. z. and lex generalis is Act no 71/1967 Sb. If the legal aid is granted, then Centre provides an advocate or lawyer from Centre for the applicant. Then the advocate or the lawyer represents the applicant. It is necessary to distinguish the legal aid in criminal proceedings and the legal aid in other than criminal matters.

In criminal proceedings the defendant has the right to free legal representation in the cases of compulsory defense stipulated by the Code of the Criminal procedure unless the defendant choose a lawyer by oneself. Legal aid is provided by an "ex officio" counsel appointed by the court The costs of the appointed counsel are borne by the state.

In other than criminal matters the Legal Aid Center is the institution granting legal aid to persons in material need. If a person meets the legal conditions for obtaining legal aid, the Center will issue a decision on the granting of legal aid. Legal aid may take the form of legal advice (consultation), mediation (extrajudicial dispute resolution), writing to the courts (preparation of proposals, actions, etc.), representation before a court by a lawyer designated by a center.

018. Can	legal aid be	granted for the	e fees that are	related to	the enforce	ement of j	udicial	decisions
(e.g. fees	of an enforc	ement agent)?						

() Yes
()	K) No
[] NAP

If yes, please specify:

019. Can legal aid be granted for other costs (different from those mentioned in questions 16 to 18, e.g. fees of technical advisors or experts, costs of other legal professionals (notaries), travel costs etc.)?

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
Legal aid granted for other costs	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes
	[]NA []NAP	[]NA []NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify: Legal Aid Centre grants such fees and other costs according to the art. 7 and 8 of the 2003/8/EC Directive in cross border disputes. The Legal Aid Centre may decide that the authorized person is obliged to compensate the Center in whole or in part the costs of translation of the request for the provision of legal assistance in a cross-border dispute or the documents that must be attached to it; if the request for the provision of legal assistance in a cross-border dispute was rejected by the competent authority of another Member State or the competent authority of the Member State decided that the entitled person is obliged to fully or partially reimburse the costs that have been spent on the legal assistance provided so far.

2.1.2Information on legal aid

020. Please indicate the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted:

Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to
		court

TOTAL				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
In criminal cases				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
In other than criminal cases	12 256			
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments - Please specify when appropriate:

020-0. Please indicate the number of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
In criminal cases			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
In other than criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate:

020-0-1.	Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender in respect of recipients of legal aid
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments	

020-0-2. If yes, please provide details on distribution by gender of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Males	Females	
Number of recipients of legal aid	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	

Comments

020-0-3. Is it possible to divide the number of recipients of legal aid per different categories of cases?

() Yes (X) No

Comment: If yes, please specify for which categories of cases:

020-0-4. Are there situations where legal aid is automatically granted depending on categories of cases?

() Yes
(X) No
Comment: If yes, please specify:

020-0-5. How many of the recipients of legal aid are alleged victims of domestic violence?

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid who are			
alleged victims of domestic violence	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

Comments

020-1. Please indicate the timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid, in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final decision on the legal aid request:

	Time in days
Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation	30
	[] NA [] NAP
Actual average duration	25
	[] NAP

Comments - Please specify if the envisaged timeframe is set in a statutory law, or in other regulation. Furthermore, if different timeframes are envisaged for criminal and other than criminal cases, please provide more information: Median length of the proceeding can be assessed as 25 days.

_

021. In criminal cases, can individuals who do not have sufficient financial means be assisted by a free of charge (or financed by a public budget) lawyer?

	Assisted by a free of charge lawyer
Accused individuals	(X) Yes () No
Victims	(X) Yes () No

Comments - If yes, please specify: The Legal Aid Centre does not have the competence to grant legal aid for accused individuals according to Act no 327/2005 Z. z., but accused individuals can and in some cases must have a lawyer in criminal proceedings. The details of granting a lawyer due to lack of finances and other circumstances are established in Act no 301/2005 Z. z. According to Act no 327/2005 Z. z. Centre is possible to grant legal aid for victims, but only in civil proceedings. These proceedings are known as adhesive proceedings and the victims are claiming damages caused by crimes

022. In criminal cases are these individuals free to choose their lawyer within the framework of the legal aid system?

free	selection	of lawyer	

Accused individuals	() Yes (X) No
	[]NAP
Victims	(X) Yes
	() No
	[]NAP

Comments In the criminal proceedings an "ex officio" counsel is appointed to the defendant by the court free of charge in the situations where compulsory defense is required by the law. Defendant is not entitled to choose the lawyer paid by state. If the defendant decides to choose a lawyer oneself, this lawyer does not fall within the legal aid scheme.

023-0. Does your country have an income and assets evaluation for granting full or partial legal aid?

()	X) Yes
() No

Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into account for the granting of legal aid and any comment that could explain the data provided above: According to Act no 327/2005 Z. z. an applicant is entitled to legal aid if he or she is in a state of material hardship, i.e. is a recipient of a benefit and contributions to a benefit in material hardship, or their income does not exceed 1.4 times the amount of the subsistence minimum ($329 \in \text{per month scaled up by number of grown persons/ children as jointly assessed persons)}$ and cannot secure the use of legal services with their property,

If a natural person exceeds 1.4 times the amount of the subsistence minimum (329 \in per month), but at the same time does not exceed 1.6 times the amount of the subsistence minimum (376 \in per month, aslo scaled up by jointly assessed persons) and they cannot secure the use of legal services with their property and meets all other conditions, they have the right to legal aid with financial participation in the amount of 20% of the costs of legal representation (26 – 40 \in for individual stages of procedures). When examining material hardship, the Centre for Legal Aid examines the amount of income for the calendar month in which the application for legal aid is submitted, while also taking into account the income for the last six calendar months prior to its submission (i.e. if the application is submitted in January, it is necessary to submit confirmation of the amount of income paid in January and confirmation of the income paid in the months of July to December).

When assessing income, the Centre for Legal Aid also assesses jointly assessed persons. Such persons are, for example, a spouse, a dependent child, or another natural person who has a dependent child in common with a natural person who has applied for legal aid. This does not apply if the jointly assessed persons are parties to a litigation (e.g. divorce proceedings).

Legal Aid Centre also considers assets and their value in relation to the possibility of securing legal representation from one's own resources:

- -Real estate (e.g. house, flat, garden, land). In order to prove ownership of real estate, it is not necessary to attach a certificate of ownership to the application for legal aid, but it is necessary to state the ownership of the real estate in the application for legal aid, -Movable property (motor vehicles, paintings),
- -Rights or other assets (e.g. securities, the right of a partner of a limited liability company to a payment of a share of profits), if their nature allows sale or other monetization.

These conditions must be met by the natural person in national disputes, they do not apply to proceedings for debt relief for natural persons.

023. If yes, please specify in the table:

	Annual income value (for one person), (in €)	Assets value (for one person), (in €)
Full legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Full legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal cases	3 948	
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP

Partial legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases			
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
Partial legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal	4 512		
cases	[] NA	[] NA	
Cabob	[] NAP	[X] NAP	

024. Is it possible to refuse	legal aid for lack	of merit of the case	(for example for	r frivolous actio
or no chance of success)?				

(X) Yes
() No

Comments - If yes, please specify the exact criteria for denying legal aid: It is possible, but only if there is lack of evidence, because applicant fails to prove. If there is enough evidence, the Center cannot prejudge if the case will or will not be successful and has to grant legal aid.

025. Is the decision to grant or refuse legal aid taken by:

() the judge(s) dealing with the main case

() another judge or official

(X) an authority external to the court

() several authorities (court and external bodies)

Comments

027. Can judicial decisions direct how legal costs, paid by the parties during the procedure, will be shared:

	Judicial decisions direct how legal costs will be shared
in criminal cases	(X)Yes
	() No
in other than criminal cases	(X) Yes
	() No

Comments - If no, please specify how legal costs are distributed:

B1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: The Legal Aid Center

2.2.Court users and victims

2.2.1Rights of the users and victims

028. Are there official internet sites/portals (e.g. Ministry of Justice, Judicial Council etc.) where general public may have free-of-charge access to the following:

	Yes, internet adresse(es)	No
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)	(X) https://www.slov-lex.sk/domov	()
Case-law of the higher court/s	(X) https://www.slov-lex.sk/domov	()
Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)	(X) https://www.justice.gov.sk/	()
Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online registration forms)	(X) https://www.justice.gov.sk/	()

Comment - Please specify what documents and information are included in "Other documents"

029. Is there an obligation to provide information to the parties concerning the foreseeable timeframes of their proceedings?

() Yes, always
()	X) No
() Yes, only in some specific situations

Comment - If "Yes, only in some specific situations", please specify:

030. Is there a public and free-of-charge information system for providing information and facilitating access to justice:

	Information system
General for citizens	[X] Online information
	[X] Telephone
	[X] Interactive chat
	[X] In-person (physical access on site)
	[] Other
	[] No
Specific for victims of offences	[X] Online information
	[X] Telephone
	[X] Interactive chat
	[X] In-person (physical access on site)
	[] Other
	[] No
Specific for minors (child-friendly systems)	[X] Online information
	[X] Telephone
	[X] Interactive chat
	[X] In-person (physical access on site)
	[] Other
	[] No

Comments - Please provide more information on these systems and specify how this assistance is provided: Public and free-of-charge information system for providing information and facilitating access to justice is available general for citizens at The Legal Aid Centre. The Centre for Legal Aid is a state budgetary organization established by the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic pursuant to Act no. 327/2005 Coll. on Granting of Legal Aid to Persons in Material Hardship. The Legal Aid Centre was established on 1

January 2006.

Public and free-of-charge information system for providing information and facilitating access to justice specific for victims of offences is available at the website of the Ministry of Justice.

031. Are there special favourable arrangements to be applied, during judicial proceedings, to the following categories of vulnerable persons:

	Information mechanism	Special arrangements in hearings	Other specific arrangements
Victims of sexual violence/rape	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Victims of terrorism	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
Minors (witnesses or victims)	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Victims of domestic violence	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Ethnic minorities	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Persons with disabilities	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Juvenile offenders	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Other (e.g. victims of human trafficking, forced marriage, sexual mutilation)	(X) Yes () No	(X)Yes ()No	() Yes (X) No

Comments - If "Other vulnerable person" and/or "Other specific arrangements", please specify:

031-0. If there are special arrangements for minors, what are the settings / tools / facilities / practises employed to protect them when they participate in judicial proceedings?

[X] Special and child-adequate preparation for participation in trials / lawsuits (explaining in a child-friendly manner the proceedings)
[X] Special room in court designated for child-friendly hearings
[] Special person / team of trained professional(s) (such as psychologists) to accompany a minor throughout the proceedings
[X] Special ways to communicate and explain meaning of court decisions
[] Interagency/multidisciplinary structure such as "Children's Houses"
Other, please specify
[]NAP

Comment

031-1. What are the main criteria for a person under 18 years of age to act in court proceedings or to be a witness?

Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings

Capacity to initiate a proceeding and take other procedural	[X] Age threshold	[X] Age threshold	
actions in his/her own name	[Comment]18	[Comment]18 [] Capacity for	
	[] Capacity for		
	discernment	discernment	
	[] Other	[] Other	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	
To be a witness	[] Age threshold	[] Age threshold	
	[Comment] [X] Capacity for	[Comment] [X] Capacity for	
	discernment	discernment	
	[] Other	[] Other	
	[]NAP	[]NAP	
an represent him/her in judicial proceedings?			
	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings	
	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings	
Parent/legal guardian			
Parent/legal guardian	Civil proceedings [] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some	Criminal proceedings [] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some	
Parent/legal guardian	[] Yes, always	[] Yes, always	
Parent/legal guardian	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some	
Parent/legal guardian Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations	
	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution	
	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional	
	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for	
	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors	
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for	
	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors	
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian) omment	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian) omment 31-3. What are the different criteria for the criteria	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian) omment 31-3. What are the different criteria for the criterial	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian) omment 31-3. What are the different criteria for the critesials (a) [X] Age threshold(s)	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian) omment 31-3. What are the different criteria for the critesials (a) [X] Age threshold(s) [X] Capacity for discernment	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian) omment 31-3. What are the different criteria for the criterial (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations [] No [X] Social care services of other public institution [X] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	

Criminal liability resulting in sentence of privation of liberty

[14]

[14] []NA []NAP

[] NAP
Comment - Please describe, briefly, the specifics of your system. Could you, please specify if the possibility of mitigation applies to the sanctions and how? For the offence of sexual abuse, the age threshold is 15 years of age.
<u>-</u>
032. Does your country allocate compensation for victims of offences?
() Yes, but only if the offender is unknown
() Yes, but only if compensation could not be obtained from the offender
(X) Yes, in both situations
() No
Comment
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify: State compensation is awarded to victims of violent offences
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify: State compensation is awarded to victims of violent offences
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
[] NAP
Comment - Please specify: State compensation is awarded to victims of violent offences

032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?

[] NA

Page 17 of 135

(X) Yes
() No
Comments
034. Is there a regular monitoring (official studies, reports etc.) allowing the evaluation of the
recovery rate of the damages awarded by courts to victims?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please illustrate with available data concerning the recovery rate, the title of the studies, the frequency of the studies and the coordinating body:
035. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to victims (protection and assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify: Prosecutors are authorized to receive any criminal complaint, orally or in writing, and to immediately arrange its proper execution. They always inform the notifier about their procedures. After the commencement of criminal prosecution, they supervise the observance of lawfulness in the preliminary proceedings, within which they pay special attention to respecting the rights of injured persons.
In this regard, the prosecutor may submit a motion for the inclusion of an endangered witness, a protected witness and their closely related persons, if they are in danger when providing evidence, into the protection program. The conditions are further regulated by Act No. 256/1998 Coll. of Laws on Witness Protection and on Amendments to Certain Acts.
035-1. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to minor victims (protection and
assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment - If yes, please specify: Prosecutors are authorized to receive any criminal complaint, orally or in writing, and to immediately arrange its proper execution. They always inform the notifier about their procedures. After the commencement of criminal prosecution, they supervise the observance of lawfulness in the preliminary proceedings, within which they pay special attention to respecting the rights of injured persons.
In this regard, the prosecutor may submit a motion for the inclusion of an endangered witness, a protected witness and their closely related persons, if they are in danger when providing evidence, into the protection program.
- -
036. Do victims of offences have the right to dispute a public prosecutor's decision to discontinue
a case? Please verify the consistency of your answers in this question and question 105 regarding
the possibility for a public prosecutor "to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a
judge".
(X) Yes
() No
[] NAP
Comment - If necessary, please specify:

037. Is there a system of compensation in the following circumstances:

	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
Total			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Excessive length of proceedings			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-execution of court decisions			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful arrest/detention			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful conviction			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Other			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Where appropriate, please give details on the compensation procedure and the calculation method for the amount of the compensation (e.g., the amount per day for unjustified detentions or convictions): The data are not collected in this structure in our judicial system.

037-1. Please specify which authorities are responsible for dealing with the requests and whether a legal time limit exists to deal with these requests:

	Responsible authorities	Legal time limit
Court concerned	[X]	[]
Other court	[X]	[]
Ministry of Justice	[X]	[]
High Judicial Council	[]	[]
Other external bodies (e.g. Ombudsman)	[]	[]

Comments

037-2. Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender concerning the number of:

	Existence of statistical data disaggregated by gender
Persons who initiate a case in other than criminal matters	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which categories of cases: [Comment]
	() No [X] NA

Victims recognised as such by the court	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which
	types of offences: [Comment]
	() No
	[X] NA
Perpetrators of criminal offences	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment]
	types of offences: [Comment]
	() No
	[X] NA

Comments It is not collected.

037-3. Are there statistical data on the relation between the perpetrator of the criminal offence and the victim recognised by the court?

(X) Yes

() No

If yes, please specify:

2.2.2 Confidence and satisfaction of citizens with their justice system

038. Does your country implement surveys to measure trust in justice and satisfaction with the services delivered by the judicial system?

	National level	Court level
Surveys for judges	[] Annual [X] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [X] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for court staff	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc
Surveys for public prosecutors	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for lawyers	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for other professionals	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for the parties	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for other court users (e.g. jurors, witnesses, experts, interpreters, representatives of governmental agencies, NGOs)	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for victims	[X] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc

Surveys for minors	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[X] Ad hoc
Surveys for the general public	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Other not mentioned	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[X] Ad hoc

[] NA

Comment - Please, indicate the references and links to the satisfaction surveys you mentioned above: The Slovak Bar association conducts internal surveys among its members on ad hoc basis. In past years following surveys were conducted:

Draft of a new court map – survey (2020)

Impact of the corona crisis on advocacy – survey (2020)

Results are published on official websites of the Slovak Bar Association:

https://www.sak.sk/web/sk/cms/document/219

3.Organisation of the court system

3.1.Courts

3.1.1Number of courts

042. Number of courts - legal entities.

	Number of courts
Total number of all courts - legal entities $(1 + 2)$	65
	[] NA
	[] NAP
1 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities $(1.1 + 1.2 + 1.3)$	63
	[] NA
	[] NAP
1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	54
1.1 1 lbt libation of golforal failbaleach 105at chitaes	[] NA
	[]NAP
1.2 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	8
	[] NA
	[]NAP
1.3 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1
	[] NA
	[] NAP
2 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	2
	[] NA
	[] NAP

Comments The new Supreme Administravive Court - specialized court of higher instance was establish in 2021 and started its full work in 2022.

043. Number of specialised courts – legal entities.

	First instance	Higher instances
Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	1	1
Total number of specialises course regardinates	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	[] IVAI	[] IVAI
Commissions Constituted Inspiredictly Courts)	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Insolvency courts	AJIVAI	[A] IVAL
	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Labour courts	[11]11111	[In] I was
	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Family courts		1.00
	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Rent and tenancies courts		
	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts		
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	1	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Internet related disputes		
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Administrative courts		1
	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA []NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts		
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Military courts		
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Juvenile courts	r 1 NIA	r 1 NTA
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Other specialised courts	I I NIA	I I NA
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments - If "Other specialised courts", please specify:

044. Number of courts - geographic locations.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)
First instance courts geographic locations (this includes 1st instance courts of	55
general jurisdiction and first instance specialised courts)	[] NA [] NAP

All the courts (geographic locations) (this includes 1st instance courts of	65
general jurisdiction, first instance specialised courts, all second instance courts	[] NA [] NAP
and courts of appeal and all Supreme Courts)	
Comments	
	4

C. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Ministry of Justice of the Slovak republic, regulation 371/2004 Z.z. https://www.slov-lex.sk/pravne-
predpisy/SK/ZZ/2004/371/20221201.html

3.2. Court staff

3.2.1Judges and non-judge staff

046. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for all types of courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts)

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of professional judges $(1 + 2 + 3)$	1 397	508	889	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	
1. Number of first instance professional judges	917	318	599	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)		155	245	
professional judges	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	
3. Number of Supreme Court professional	80	35	45	
judges	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	

Comment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above:

046-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportionally reduced remuneration?

() Yes

(X) No

Comments

046-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted (multiple replies possible).

[] Child-care

[] For the purposes of early retirement			
[] No specific reason required			
[] Other reason, please specify:			
mments			
046-1-3. If yes, what is the number of renumeration?	of professiona	l judges working par	t-time with reduce
	Total	Males	Females
Total $(1+2+3)$	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA	[] NA [] NAP
1. At first instance level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA	[] NA [] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA
3. At Supreme Court level	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
46-1-4. Are there other possibilities (ap	part from part	time) for regular ad	ustment of working time or
46-1-4. Are there other possibilities (ap	part from part	time) for regular ad	ustment of working time or with or without reduced
6-1-4. Are there other possibilities (ap conditions with or without reduced re	part from part	Adjustment conditions vermuneration () Yes	ustment of working time or with or without reduced
46-1-4. Are there other possibilities (aper conditions with or without reduced referenced reference	part from partemuneration?	Adjustment conditions viewness remuneration	ustment of working time or with or without reduced
46-1-4. Are there other possibilities (aper conditions with or without reduced references reduced references reduced references reduction of the workload	part from partemuneration?	Adjustment conditions remuneration () Yes (X) No () Yes	ustment of working time or with or without reduced
A6-1-4. Are there other possibilities (aper conditions with or without reduced reconditions with or without reduced reconditions. Temporary reduction of the workload Other measures Other measures	part from partemuneration?	Adjustment conditions remuneration () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No	ustment of working time or with or without reduced on
Cemporary reduction of the workload Cemporary reduction of the working time / special Other measures If such possibilities for regular adjustment exprovises NSSSR treba overi s p. Fialovou	part from partemuneration? al leave	Adjustment conditions remuneration () Yes (X) No	iustment of working time or with or without reduced on
Cemporary reduction of the workload Cemporary reduction of the working time / special Other measures mment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exprovisko NSSSR treba overi s p. Fialovou	part from partemuneration? al leave	Adjustment conditions remuneration () Yes (X) No	iustment of working time or with or without reduced on
Temporary reduction of the workload Temporary reduction of the working time / special Other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special Other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special Other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special Other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special Other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special Other measures	part from partemuneration? al leave	Adjustment conditions remuneration () Yes (X) No	iustment of working time or with or without reduced on
Temporary reduction of the workload Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures Temporary reduction of the working time / special other measures	part from partemuneration? al leave	Adjustment conditions remuneration () Yes (X) No	iustment of working time or with or without reduced on
[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care	part from partemuneration? al leave	Adjustment conditions remuneration () Yes (X) No	iustment of working time or with or without reduced on

[] N	No specific reason required
[](Other reason, please specify:
[X]	NAP
Comme	nts

046-2. Number of judges (FTE) by case type:

	Total	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
Total number of judges	1 408	931	301	79	97
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
First instance	926	668	208	0	50
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Second instance	402	221	77	57	47
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Supreme Court	80	42	16	22	0
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

If "Other", please explain which types of cases: For example hosting judges - can not be involved in one case type, presidents of the courts.

The distribution of administrative judges per instance is made based on the instance level of the court where they work and not based on the instance of the cases for which they are responsible.

When comparing the data presented in the table right above with the question Q046, a discrepancy of 11 judges in the overall count comes to light. It is imperative to clarify that Slovak Republic used a different methodology for these two questions. Here in the question Q046-2, it involved calculating an annual average for the number of judges per matter, instead of the critical moment of 31st of December as for Q046-2.

=

047. Number of court presidents.

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of court presidents $(1 + 2 + 3)$	61	38	23
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Number of first instance court presidents	51	32	19
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)	8	4	4
court presidents	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
court presidents	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Number of Supreme Court presidents	2	2	0
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments The new Supreme Administrative Court in the judicial system was established from January 1, 2021 by Constitutional Act No. 422/2020.

		I	
Gross figure		[]NA	
In full-time equivalent		[X] NAP	
omments. If necessary places provide account to	o ovalois the see	[X] NAP	
omments - If necessary, please provide comments to	_	_	
48-1. Do these professional judges signst of cases?	tting in courts	s on an occasional b	asis deal with a signifi
art of cases?	types of asses and	an actimate in narrounteer	
() Yes If yes, please give specifications on the() No	types of cases and	an estimate in percentage.	
[X]NAP			
omments			
49. Number of non-professional judg	es who are no	ot remunerated but v	who may receive a sim
efrayal of costs (if possible, on 31 De			•
the contract of the contr			-64) Jaaban or Jabon
onsulaires", but not arbitrators or pers	sons sitting of	n a jury):	
onsulaires", but not arbitrators or pers	sons sitting of	n a jury): Figure	
_	sons sitting of		
onsulaires", but not arbitrators or pers	sons sitting of		
Gross figure	sons sitting of	Figure	
_	sons sitting of	Figure [X]NA []NAP	
Gross figure In full time equivalent		Figure [X]NA []NAP	
Gross figure	inary Panels of the	Figure [X]NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP Supreme Administrative Co	=
Gross figure In full time equivalent omments Non-professional judges sit in the Discipli he only available data (number of non-profesional judges)	inary Panels of the udges) are from the	Figure [X]NA [NAP [X]NA [NAP Supreme Administrative Content of the content o	ourt - 66 non-profesional judge
Gross figure In full time equivalent omments Non-professional judges sit in the Discipli he only available data (number of non-profesional judges) 49-1. If such non-professional judges	inary Panels of the udges) are from the	Figure [X]NA [NAP [X]NA [NAP Supreme Administrative Content of the content o	ourt - 66 non-profesional judge
Gross figure In full time equivalent omments Non-professional judges sit in the Discipli he only available data (number of non-profesional judges)	inary Panels of the udges) are from the	Figure [X]NA [NAP [X]NA [NAP Supreme Administrative Content of the content o	ourt - 66 non-profesional judge
Gross figure In full time equivalent omments Non-professional judges sit in the Discipli he only available data (number of non-profesional judges) 49-1. If such non-professional judges	inary Panels of the udges) are from the	Figure [X]NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP Supreme Administrative Content of the content o	ourt - 66 non-profesional judge intry, please specify for Echevinage / mixed
Gross figure In full time equivalent omments Non-professional judges sit in the Discipline only available data (number of non-professional judges) 49-1. If such non-professional judges which types of cases:	inary Panels of the udges) are from the sexist at first	Figure [X]NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP Supreme Administrative Content of the content o	entry, please specify for Echevinage / mixed bench
Gross figure In full time equivalent omments Non-professional judges sit in the Discipline only available data (number of non-professional judges which types of cases: Criminal cases (severe)	inary Panels of the udges) are from the sexist at first Yes	Figure [X]NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP Supreme Administrative Content of the content o	Echevinage / mixed bench

048. Number of professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis and who are paid as

such (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year):

Social law cases	()	(X)	()		
Commercial law cases	()	(X)	()		
Insolvency cases	()	(X)	()		
Other civil cases	()	(X)	()		
[] NAP					
Comments - If "Other civil cases", please specify:					
050. Does your judicial system include trial by jury with the participation of citizens?					

050. Does your judicial system include trial by	iury with the 1	participation of	f citizens?
---	-----------------	------------------	-------------

() Yes (X) No

Comments

050-1. If yes, for which type(s) of case(s)?

[] Criminal cases

[] Other than criminal cases

Comments

051. Number of citizens who were involved in such juries for the year of reference:

[]
[] NA	
[X] NAP	

Comments

052. Number of non-judge staff who are working in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled)

	Total	Males	Females	
Total non-judge staff working in courts (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	4 642 []NA	733 []NA []NAP	3 909 []NA []NAP	
Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) (see Explanatory Note)	1 061 []NA []NAP	306 []NA []NAP	755 []NA []NAP	
2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (case preparation, assistance during the hearing, helping to draft the decisions)	2 167 []NA []NAP	59 []NA []NAP	2 108 [] NA [] NAP	

3. Staff in charge of different administrative	1 398	353	1 045
tasks and of the management of the courts	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
(human resources management, material and	[] IVAF	[] IVAF	[] NAF
equipment management, including computer			
systems, financial and budgetary management,			
training management)			
4. Technical staff	16	15	1
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
5 04			
5. Other non-judge staff			
5. Other non-judge staff	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA

Comments - If "Other non-judge staff", please specify: The judiciary, especially the non-judges' positions, are probably not attractive for the males because of the salary. Another possible explanation is that the position of Rechtspfleger is a starting position before judicial exams and subsequent application for the position of judge, which could have caused an outflow of male employees.

052-1. Number of non-judge staff by instance (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females	
Total non-judge staff working in courts	4 642	733	3 909	
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	
1. Total non-judge staff working in courts at first instance level	3 516 []NA []NAP	467 []NA []NAP	3 049 []NA []NAP	
2. Total non-judge staff working in courts at second instance (court of appeal) level	905 [] NA [] NAP	203 []NA []NAP	702 []NA []NAP	
3. Total non-judge staff working in courts at Supreme Court level	221 []NA []NAP	63 []NA []NAP	158 []NA []NAP	

_						
\mathbf{C}	$^{\circ}$	n	m	0	ní	to
	u					

_

053. If there are Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies), please specify in which fields they have a role:

- [] Legal aid
- [X] Family cases
- [X] Payment orders
- [X] Registry cases (land and/or business registry cases)
- [X] Enforcement of civil cases
- [X] Enforcement of criminal cases
- [X] Non-litigious cases
- [X] Other cases not mentioned (please describe in comment)

Comments

Comments - Please briefly describe their status and exact duties:

054. Have the courts outsourced certain ser	vices under their responsibilities to external providers?
(X)Yes	
() No	

054-1. If yes, please specify which services have been outsourced:

[X] IT services
[] Training of staff
[] Security
[] Archives
[X] Cleaning
[X] Other types of services (please specify):
Comments - If "Other types of services", please specify:
[] NA

C1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: The Ministry of Justice of the Slovak republic, the Department of Human Resources and Development.

3.3. Public prosecution

3.3.1Public prosecutors and staff

055. Number of public prosecutors (on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled.)

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of prosecutors $(1 + 2 + 3)$	1 014	498	516
* , , ,	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
1. Number of prosecutors at first instance level	684	314	370
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
2. Number of prosecutors at second instance	213	117	96
(court of appeal) level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
3. Number of prosecutors at Supreme Court	117	67	50
level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment for interpreting the data above:

055-1-1. Does your system allow	w part-time	work for prosecutors	with proporti	ionally red	luced
remuneration?					

()	X) `	Yes
() N	No

Comments

055-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted? (multiple replies possible)

[]	(] Child-care
[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[] Training
[] For the purposes of early retirement
[] No specific reason required

[X] Other reason, please specify:serious personal or family reasons

Comments

055-1-3. If yes, what is the number of prosecutors working part-time with reduced remuneration?

	Total	Males	Females
Total $(1 + 2 + 3)$			
1044 (1 1 2 1 3)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. At first instance level			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. At Supreme Court level			
•	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

055-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart of part-time work) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	() Yes (X) No

Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	() Yes (X) No
Other measures	() Yes (X) No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration?

055-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

L] Child-care
]] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[] Training
]] For the purposes of early retirement
[] As part of induction process for new prosecutors
[] No specific reason required
[] Other reason, please specify:
[X] NAP

Comments

056. Number of heads of prosecution offices.

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of heads of prosecution offices (1	63	36	27	
+ 2 + 3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
+ 2 + 3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Number of heads of prosecution offices at	54	29	25	
first instance level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
Inst histance level	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
2. Number of heads of prosecution offices at	8	6	2	
second instance (court of appeal) level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
second instance (court of appear) level	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Number of heads of prosecution offices at	1	1	0	
Supreme Court level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
Supreme Court level	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above:

057. In your judicial system, do other persons have similar duties to those of public prosecutors?

(X) Yes () No

Comments - If yes, please specify their titles and functions: Judicial assistants of the prosecutor's office and assistant prosecutors.

057-1. If yes, please provide the number (in full-time equivalent):

[90]

059. If yes, is their number included in the number of public prosecutors that you have indicated under question 55?

iolence and sexual violence?		-	
Domestic violence		[]] Yes] Yes, specifically for minor victim] No
Sexual violence		[]] Yes] Yes, specifically for minor victim] No
60. Number of staff (non-public propossible, on 31 December of the references to 52 (in full-time equivalent a	erence year and	l without the number	
ossible, on 31 December of the refe	erence year and	l without the number	
ossible, on 31 December of the refe	erence year and	without the number	er of non-judge staff, see
ossible, on 31 December of the references to said the second staff (non-public prosecutors)	Total 840 [] NA ff you have included, which ordered the second	Males 162 [] NA I in your reply: The dicrepostate authorities to reduce the state authorities to reduce the state authorities to reduce the state authorities are state authorities.	Females 678 [] NA acy ratio was caused mainly by the me number of state employees by 10

procedures for recruiting:

judges	()	(X)
prosecutors	()	(X)
non-judge staff	()	(X)
awyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)

specify:

061-3. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for promoting:

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	()	(X)
prosecutors	()	(X)
non-judge staff	()	(X)
lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year or you have additional comments, please specify:

061-3-1. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for the appointment of:

	Yes / No
Court president	() Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No
Head of prosecution services	() Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No

Comments

3.4.2 At national level

() Yes

(X) No

61-6. At national level, is there any spensitution dealing with gender issues in		
	Yes, please specify	No
The recruitment of judges	()	(X)
The promotion of judges	()	(X)
The recruitment of prosecutors	()	(X)
The promotion of prosecutors	()	(X)
The recruitment of non-judge staff	()	(X)
		(W)
omments - Please specify the status of this person/instansequences: A 3 At court/public prosecution serv		on or if its opinions/decisions
omments - Please specify the status of this person/instansequences: 4.3 At court/public prosecution served. 61-7. At the court or public prosecution	ritution and if it has a consultative function and if it has a consultative function vices level n services level, is there a perspecifically dedicated to ensure and the services level.	on or if its opinions/decisions rson (e.g. an equal
omments - Please specify the status of this person/instronsequences: 4.3 At court/public prosecution served. 61-7. At the court or public prosecution	ritution and if it has a consultative function and if it has a consultative function vices level n services level, is there a perspecifically dedicated to ensure and the services level.	on or if its opinions/decisions rson (e.g. an equal
omments - Please specify the status of this person/instansequences: 4.3 At court/public prosecution served. 61-7. At the court or public prosecution	ritution and if it has a consultative function and if it has a consultative function of the services level, is there a period of the specifically dedicated to ensure the services level, is there a period of the services level, is there as period of the services level, is there are a period of the services level, is there as period of the services level, is there are a period of the services level.	on or if its opinions/decisions rson (e.g. an equal ure the respect of ger
omments - Please specify the status of this person/instansequences: 4.3 At court/public prosecution served. 61-7. At the court or public prosecution prosecution prosecution prosecution prosecution prosecution quality in the organisation of judicial versions.	ritution and if it has a consultative function of the vices level n services level, is there a perspecifically dedicated to ensure of the vork? Yes	on or if its opinions/decisions rson (e.g. an equal ure the respect of ger

Page 34 of 135

061-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy/action

plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?

country, which:
have been already implemented (please specify):
are planned (please specify):
Comments - If the situation changed since reference year, please specify in the comments.
Comments in the stead on changed since reference year, pictuse speetry in the comments.
[X]NAP
061-10. Are there evaluation studies or official reports regarding the main causes of possible
gender inequalities with regard to:
[] Recruitment procedures, please specify:
[] Appointment to the position of court president, please specify:
[] Appointment to the position of head of prosecution services, please specify:
[] Promotion procedures and access to the functions of responsibility, please specify:
[] Other studies, please specify:
Comments - Please specify also the reference documents.
3.5. Use of information technologies in courts
3.5.1 Governance
ICT STRATEGY
062-01. Do you have an overall Information and Communication Technology (ICT) strategy in the
judicial system?
() Yes
(X)No
Comments
062-02. If there is an overall ICT strategy in the judicial system, who was involved in the process
of its definition?
[] Judges (Judicial council)
[] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)
Page 35 of 135

[] Ministry of justice		
[] Lawyers (bar association)		
[] Notaries (association of notaries)		
[] Enforcement agents (association of enforcement ag	ents)	
[] Other (please specify)		
[X] NA		
[] NAP		
Comments		
LEGISLATION		•
062-03. Does a national legislation/regula	tion of ICT in the judicial syste	em exist?
() Yes		
(X) No		
Comments		
062-04. If yes, how is this legislation/r	regulation of ICT in the judicial	system structured?
[] Relevant norms are included in the general e-g		
[] Relevant norms are included in specific legisla		
[] Relevant texts are included in dedicated techni	-	
[] Other, please specify		
Comment - If more than one of the proposed models exist	in your country, please select them all and e	explain the details
		•
IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF	CI SISIEMS	
062-05. Have you already organised audit	s/evaluations/assessments of th	e impact of the
implementation of the ICT system?		
() Yes		
(X) No		
Comments		
062-06. If these audits/evaluations/ass	essments were already organise	ed, please specify their
modalities:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Format	Last conducted audit
TOTAL C	f 37.60 1	f. H. d. L. 2
ICT Governance	[] Internal [] External	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has been organised

Security and risk management	[] Internal	[] In the last 2 years
200 mily mile 11011 millingomone	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA
Impact on efficiency and quality of the business processes	[] Internal	[] In the last 2 years
and workflow	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
and working	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[] Internal	[] In the last 2 years
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA
Other, please specify in comments	[] Internal	[] In the last 2 years
	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA

apply their recommendations/results?

L	J Update applications
[] Define new ICT projects/modules
[] Adjust legislation
[] Adjust working processes
[] Withdraw/stop use of a module/application
[] Reporting purpose only
[] Other, please specify
NA	
NAI	

3.5.2 Electronic case processing

[] []

Comments

ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF CASES

062-08. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, what are the deployment and

usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X)95-100%	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	(X) 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-09. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted	Data integration	
	electronically by:		

Civil	the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible
	submission) [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA		
Administrative	[X] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [] NAP - electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA
Criminal	[X] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is	[X] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA

SENDING ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS TO COURT

062-10. If it is possible to send case-related documents to the courts electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate
(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % (X) 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % (X) 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
· · ·	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % (X) 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible [] NA (X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible [] NA (X) 95-100 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () 1-25 % () 1-25 % () 1-25 % () 1-25 %

Comments Electronic communication was gradually introduced in 2018 and now courts communicate with the public/external users only electronically via the official central delivery module. If the natural person does not have an electronic mailbox, the submission is converted to paper form and sent via post.

062-11. If it is possible to send electronically case related documents to the courts, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted	Data integration
	electronically by:	

Civil	[X] Paper delivery	[X] Documents sent	[X] The data are
	is still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[] Paper delivery is	[X] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[] Documents sent	the CMS
	[] Double delivery	by another	[] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[] NA
	[] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		
Administrative	[X] Paper delivery	[X] Documents sent	[X] The data are
	is still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[] Paper delivery is	[X] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[] Documents sent	the CMS
	[] Double delivery	by another	[] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[] NA
	[] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		
Criminal	[X] Paper delivery	[X] Documents sent	[X] The data are
	is still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[] Paper delivery is	[X] Documents sent	
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the		manually re-entered in
	only way)	[] Documents sent	the CMS
	[] Double delivery	by another	[] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[] NA
	[] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA	l	I

Comment - If you have selected the option "Documents sent by another person/institution", please specify details.

ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS

062-12. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate

Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments Electronic notification was gradually introduced from 2018. Courts are sending electronic notifications as a confirmation of receipt of a submission or as confirmation of receipt from registrar for example. So there is a certain kind of notification for each electronic submission.

062-13. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Type of notification	Data integration

Civil	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[X] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[X] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[X] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	
Administrative	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[X] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[X] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[X] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
	1	L T MIA	

Guinnin -1	[] Donor	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
Criminal	[] Paper	[] Notifications	. ,
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[X] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[X] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[X] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	

Comment - If you have selected the option "Notifications sent to other persons/institutions", please specify details.

CONSULTATION OF A CASE ONLINE

062-14. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - online consultation is not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % (X) 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - online consultation is not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - online consultation is not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % (X) 1-25 % () 0 %

Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - online consultation	() NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments In Slovak republic, it is not possible to consult a case online with somebody in the court. But the modalities stated in section 062-15 such as case status, documents, calendar, court decision are available on the web page of the Ministry of Justice through application with relevant information in read-only format.

062-15. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, please specify the modalities:

	Content	Access	Consultation format
Civil	[X] Case status [] Documents [] Notifications [] Events/calendar [] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible []NA	[] Electronic access at the court premises [X] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA
Administrative	[X] Case status [] Documents [] Notifications [] Events/calendar [] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[] Electronic access at the court premises [X] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA
Criminal	[X] Case status [] Documents [] Notifications [] Events/calendar [] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible []NA	[] Electronic access at the court premises [X] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other", please specify details. There is created an application on the web page of the Ministry

REMOTE HEARINGS

062-16. If it is possible to organise remote hearings what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % (X) 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % (X) 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % (X) 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible

Comments Facilities for remote hearings have been available for courts since 2015. The usage of remote hearings fully depends on the court itself.

062-17. If it is possible to organise remote hearings, please specify the functionalities and modalities:

Functionalities	Modalities

Civil	[X] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text) [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible	[] NAP – remote hearings
Administrative	[X] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text) [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible [] NA	[] NAP – remote hearings

Criminal	[X] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[X] The judge can impose
	[] Publicly available tools	a remote hearing
	used by courts	[] NAP – remote hearings
	[] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[] NA	

ELECTRONIC ARCHIVES

062-18. If electronic archives of cases exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic archives	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic archives do not exist	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %

Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic archives	() NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

062-19. If an electronic archive of cases exists, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper
Civil	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist
Administrative	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA
Criminal	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA

Comments

3.5.3 Tools

CASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (CMS)

062-20. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
riminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA

062-21. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

Functionalities
Functionanties

Civil	[] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	[] Case weighting
	[] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[] Interoperability with other systems
	(civil register, tax register, insolvency
	register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[] Advanced search engine
	[] Protected log files
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA
Administrative	[] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[] Active case management
	dashboard
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number)
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register)
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [] Access to closed/resolved cases
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [] Access to closed/resolved cases [] Advanced search engine
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [] Access to closed/resolved cases [] Advanced search engine [] Protected log files
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [] Access to closed/resolved cases [] Advanced search engine [] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [] Access to closed/resolved cases [] Advanced search engine [] Protected log files
	dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [X] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [] Access to closed/resolved cases [] Advanced search engine [] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature [] Other special functionality, please

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", because of its importance please specify details.

062-22. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Criminal	[] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	[] Case weighting
	[] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[] Interoperability with prosecution
	system
	[] Interoperability with other systems
	(civil register, tax register, insolvency
	register)
	[] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[] Advanced search engine
	[] Protected log files
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

WRITING ASSISTANCE TOOLS

062-23. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, what are their deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	(X) 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

	(N) 05 100 o/	() 05 100 0/
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	(X) 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X)95-100%	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	(X) 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	l	1
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist

062-24. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, please describe their functionalities:

	Functionalities
Civil	[X] Templates [] Automatically generated text [] Automatically suggested decision [X] Speech-to-text [X] Electronic signature [] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – writing assistance tools do not exist
Administrative	[] NA [X] Templates
	[] Automatically generated text [] Automatically suggested decision [X] Speech-to-text [X] Electronic signature [] Other special functionality, please specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do not exist

Criminal	[X] Templates	
	[] Automatically generated text	
	[] Automatically suggested decision	
	[X] Speech-to-text	
	[X] Electronic signature	
	[] Other special functionality, please	
	specify	
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do	
	not exist	
	[] NA	

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

RECORDING OF COURT HEARINGS

062-25. If a tool to record court hearings exists, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings

Comments

062-26. If a tool to record court hearings exist, please specify its functionalities:

Functionalities

Civil	[X] Audio recording
	[] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Administrative	[X] Audio recording
	[] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Criminal	[X] Audio recording
	[] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

DATABASE OF COURT DECISIONS

062-27. If there is a national database of court decisions, please provide the percentage of the decisions published at each instance.

		Percentage of Supreme
	instance decisions	court decisions
published	published	published

Civil	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

062-28. If there is a national database of court decisions, please specify the modalities in publishing these decisions:

	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme court
Civil	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

Administrative	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

⁻ If you have selected the option "Other" because the court decisions are published online in some other way then the presented modalities, please describe.

062-29. If there is a database of court decisions at national level, what are the functionalities of this database?

	Functionalities
Civil	[X] Automatic anonymisation
	[] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	[] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[X] Open data
	[] Advanced search engine
	[] Machine-readable content
	[] Structured content
	[] Metadata
	[X] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[] NA

Administrative	[X] Automatic anonymisation [] Manual anonymisation [X] Free public online access [] Link to the case law of the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) [X] Open data [] Advanced search engine [] Machine-readable content [] Structured content [] Metadata
	[X] European Case Law Identifier (ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – There is no database for these decisions [] NA
Criminal	[X] Automatic anonymisation [] Manual anonymisation [X] Free public online access [] Link to the case law of the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) [X] Open data [] Advanced search engine [] Machine-readable content [] Structured content [] Metadata [X] European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) [] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – There is no database for these decisions

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

STATISTICAL TOOLS

062-30. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, what is their deployment rate?

	Deployment rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[] NA

Administrative	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[] NA

062-31. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, please describe their functionalities and the data available for statistical analysis:

	Functionalities	Data available for statistical analysis
Civil	Functionalities [] Integration/connection with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special functionality, please specify	1
	[] NAP – there are no statistical tools	

Administrative	[] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[X] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[X] Age of a pending case
	[X] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[] Number of hearings
	[X] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[] Case weights
	[] Internal page and/or	[] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[X] External page with	[] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[] Result of the appeal
	[] Real-time data	[] NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[] Automatic	[] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[] NA	
Criminal	[] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
Criminal	[] Integration/connection with the CMS	[X] Case flow data (number of incoming, resolved,
Criminal		
Criminal	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website)	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special functionality, please specify	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [X] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details

OTHER TOOLS

062-32. Is there any application for online court-related dispute resolution?

() Yes

(X) No

062-33. If yes, is there a maximum value over which online court-related dispute resolution cannot be organised?
() Yes, please specify the maximum value
() No
Comments
062-34. If yes, can the online court-related dispute resolution be used in the following areas
[] Small claim litigation
[] Undisputed claim
[] Payment order
[] Misdemeanour criminal cases
[] Enforcement of civil cases
[] Other, please specify
Comment: Please describe the existing online procedures:
062-35. Is there a computerised national record centralising all criminal convictions?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
062-36. If yes, please specify the following information:
[] The computerised record includes biometric data (ex. fingerprint data, picture)
[X] The computerised record is linked to other European records of the same nature (ex. ECRIS)
[X] The content is directly available through computerised means for judges and/or prosecutors (ex. interoperability with the CMS)
[X] The content is directly available for purposes other than criminal (ex. civil and administrative matters)
[X] The record contains conviction information on third-country nationals and stateless persons
Comments
062-37. Is there a Document Management System (DMS) in the registry of courts?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment: If yes, please provide details on the purposes and usage of this system. ESS (DMS) - electronic case file is a system used find management of electronic documents during their normal life cycle. It is a central element ensuring the management of electronic documents within the Electronic Court File system.
062-38. In addition to the tools listed in the ICT section of this questionnaire does your judicial
system use other innovative ICT tools?
() Yes

Comment: If yes, please list and describe these ICT tools.

3.6.Performance and evaluation

3.6.1 National policies applied in courts and public prosecution services

066. Are quality standards determined for the judicial system at national level (are there quality
systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies)?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments - If yes, please specify:

067. Do you have specialised personnel entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards?

	Yes / No
within the courts	(X) Yes () No
within the public prosecution services	() Yes (X) No

Comments

3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services

070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning:

[X] number of incoming cases

[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)

[X] number of resolved cases

[X] number of pending cases

[X] backlogs

[X] productivity of judges and court staff

[] satisfaction of court staff

[] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)

[] costs of the judicial procedures

[X] number of appeals

[] appeal ratio

[X] clearance rate

[X] disposition time

[X] other (please specify):the number of cases according to types of disputes, the results of the cases

Comments

concerning:		
[X] number of incoming cases		
[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)		
[X] number of resolved cases		
[X] number of pending cases		
[] backlogs		
[X] productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		
[] satisfaction of prosecution staff		
[] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the	e by the public prosecution)	
[] costs of the judicial procedures		
[X] clearance rate		
[X] disposition time		
[] percentage of convictions and acquittals		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
071. Do you monitor the number of pending cas	ses and cases that are no	t processed within a
reasonable timeframe (backlogs) for:		
[X] civil law cases		
[X] criminal law cases		
[X] administrative law cases		
Comments		
072. Do you monitor waiting time during judici	al proceedings?	
	Yes (If yes, please specify)	No
within the courts	()	(X)
within the public prosecution services	()	(X)
Comments		
073. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly	z court performance has	ed on the monitored
indicators of question 70?	court performance ous	od on the monitored
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
073-0. If ves, please specify the frequency:		

070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality)

(X) Annual
() Less frequent
() More frequent
Comments - If "Less frequent" or "More frequent", please specify:
073-1. Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of resources within this
court?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
073-2. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
073-3. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly the performance of the public prosecution services based on the monitored indicators of question 70-1? () Yes (X) No
Comments
073-4. If yes, please specify the frequency:
() Annual
() Less frequent
() More frequent
Comments - If "less frequent" or "more frequent", please specify:
073-5. Is this evaluation of the activity of public prosecution services used for the later allocation
of resources within this public prosecution service?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
073-6. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency

[] Other (please specify):
Comments
=
079. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the courts (multiple replies possible)
[X] High Judicial Council
[X] Ministry of Justice
[X] Inspection authority
[] Supreme Court
[] External audit body
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
079-1. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the public prosecution services
(multiple replies possible)?
[] Public Prosecutorial Council
[] Ministry of Justice
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[] External audit body
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
3.6.3Information regarding courts /public prosecution services activity
080. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the
functioning of the courts?
(X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution): Ministry of Justice - Analytical Center
() No
Comments
080-1. Are the statistics on the functioning of each court published?
(X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)https://web.ac-mssr.sk/
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)
() No
Comments
=
080-2. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding
the functioning of the public prosecution services?

Page 65 of 135

(X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution):General Prosecutor's Office of the Slovak Republic, Štúrova 2 812 85 Bratislava
() No
Comments
080-3. Are the statistics on the functioning of each public prosecution service published?
(X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)https://www.genpro.gov.sk/statistiky-12c1.html
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)
() No
Comments
=
081. Are individual courts required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data on the number of resolved cases or pending cases, the number of judges and administrative staff,
targets and assessment of the activity)?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. to whom the report is primarily intended):
081-1. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[] Internet
[] Intranet (internal) website
[] Paper distribution
Comments
081-2. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
() Annual
() Less frequent
() More frequent
Comments
=
081-3. Are public prosecution services required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for
example, data on the number of incoming cases, the number of decisions, the number of public
prosecutors and administrative staff, targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. for whom the report is primarily intended):
081-4. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:

Page 66 of 135

[X] Internet
[X] Intranet (internal) website
[X] Paper distribution
Comments The content of the report on the activities of the prosecutor's office for the relevant calendar year mainly includes: • Status and assurance of the fulfillment of the tasks of the prosecutor's office (evaluation of the fulfillment of tasks, staff status at the prosecutor's office, information on the education of prosecutors, judicial trainees and employees of the prosecutor's office, economic management of the prosecutor's office, details on information technologies); • Activities of the prosecutor's office in the criminal area and knowledge of the prosecutor's office about the state of legality in this area, including data on activities in the criminal area in the area of legal relations with foreign countries; • Activities of the prosecutor's office in the non-criminal area and knowledge of the prosecutor's office about the state of legality in this area; • Activities of the prosecutor's office in the field of legislation and constitutional law and knowledge of the prosecutor's office about the
state of legality in this area;
 Data on the activities of the prosecutor's office in the field of crime prevention and raising legal awareness; Data on representation of the state in proceedings on compensation for damage caused in the exercise of public authority, on handling requests under the Act on Free Access to Information or on providing protection to whistle-blowers of anti-social activity; Data on cooperation with the prosecutor's offices of other countries and activities of the prosecutor's office in national and transnational bodies and commissions, participation and activities in international events; Information on the status and management of the tasks of the prosecutor's office for the given year; Conclusions and priorities of the prosecutor's office for the given year. The recipient of the report on the activities of the prosecutor's office for the relevant calendar year is the National Council of the Slovak Republic, taking it into account after its discussion pursuant to Section 2 Subsection 2 letter k) of Act of the National Council of the Slovak Republic (Parliament) No. 350/1996 Coll. on the rules of procedure of the National Council of the Slovak Republic and Section 1 Subsection 1 of Act no. 153/2021 Coll. on the Prosecutor's Office as amended. The report is published on the website of the National Council of the Slovak Republic and the website of the General Prosecutor's Office of the Prosecutor's Office to the National Council of the Slovak Republic once a year. The General Prosecutor sends a copy of the report on the activities of the Prosecutor's Office to the President of the Slovak Republic and the Government of the Slovak Republic.
081-5. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
(X) Annual
() Less frequent
() More frequent
Comments
3.6.4 Performance and evaluation of judges and public prosecutors
083. Are there quantitative performance targets defined for each judge (e.g. the number of resolved cases in a month or year)? () Yes
(X)No
Comments
083-1. Who is responsible for setting these targets for each judge?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)
[] Legislative power

13

[] Judicial power (for example the High Judicial Council, So	upreme Court)
[] President of the court	
[] Other (please specify):	
[X] NAP	
Comments	
083-1-1. What are the consequences for a judg	ve if these targets are not met?
11. What are the consequences for a judg	
	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by court's president [] Temporary salary reduction [] Reflected in the individual assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by court's president [] Temporary salary reduction [] Reflected in the individual assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment] [] No consequences
	[]Tvo consequences
-	[X] NAP (no targets defined)
114. Is there a system of individual evaluation	of the judges' work? Existence of a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work
Quantitative	(X)Yes
	() No
Qualitative	(X) Yes () No
purposes for which the results of the assessment are used: The promotion report on every judge of his/her court on the web page of MoJ annualy, least at the April 30th of the form individual assessment (evaluation) of a judge performance is every five years in the office; in connection with the selection procedure of a judge (promotion at the request of the person authorised to initiate a disciplinary of the judge make a request for the evaluation; after one year immediately following the evaluation of judge we will be a fixed to the pudges elected by the Judical and the pudges of the pudges elected by the Judical and the pudges ele	s heppaning: on to higher court); proceedings against a judge; with conclusion 'unsatisfactory'. cial Council.
114-1. Please specify the frequency of this eva	มนสนอก:
(X) Annual	

() Less frequent	
() More frequent	
() Different frequencies used, please specify:	
=	•
083-2. Are there quantitative performance targets defined for each and the second seco	ach public prosecutor (e.g. the
number of decisions in a month or year)?	
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments	
083-3. Who is responsible for setting these targets for each pub	lic prosecutor?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[] Public Prosecutorial Council	
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments Prosecutors do not have quantitative performance targets within a certain perfor their work, and therefore the hierarchically superior public prosecutor is responsible prosecutor.	
083-3-1. What are the consequences for a prosecutor if these ta	rgets are not met?
	Consequences:

0

	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by head of prosecution
	[] Temporary salary reduction
	[X] Reflected in the individual
	assessment
	[] Other, please specify: [Comment]
	[] NAP

With disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by head of prosecution [X] Temporary salary reduction [] Reflected in the individual assessment
	[X] Other, please specify: [Comment]The Disciplinary Commission may impose some of the following
	disciplinary measures in disciplinary
	proceedings: - written reprimand -
	dismissal from the position of chief prosecutor - transfer to a lower-level
	prosecutor's office - dismissal from the
	position of prosecutor
	[]NAP
No consequences	[] No consequences
Comments	
20. Is there a system of individual evaluation	
	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of thepublic prosecutors' work
Quantitative	() Yes
	(X)No
Qualitative	() Yes
	(X)No
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is burposes for which the results of the assessment are used: 120-1. Please specify the frequency of this eval	based, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the luation:
() Annual	
() Less frequent	
() Less frequent() More frequent	
() More frequent	
() More frequent () Different frequencies used, please specify:	
() More frequent () Different frequencies used, please specify:	
() More frequent () Different frequencies used, please specify:	he questions in this part
() More frequent () Different frequencies used, please specify:	he questions in this part
() More frequent () Different frequencies used, please specify:	he questions in this part
() More frequent () Different frequencies used, please specify:	he questions in this part
() More frequent () Different frequencies used, please specify:	he questions in this part

4.1.Principles

[]NAP

4.1.1Principles of fair trial

+.1.11 Interpres of fair trial	
084. Percentage of first instance criminal in absentia judgm attending the hearing in person nor is represented by a lawy	· -
[] NAP	
Comments - Please add methodology for calculation used.	
085. Is there a procedure to effectively challenge a judge (rejudge is not impartial?	ecusal), if a party considers that the
(X) Yes	
() No Comments - Please could you briefly specify:	
085-1. If yes, what are:	
	-
The total number of the initiated procedures in the reference year	[X] NA [] NAP
The total number of recusals pronounced in the reference year	[X] NA [] NAP
Comment - Please, could you briefly specify:	
086. Is there in your country a monitoring system for the vi-	olations related to Article 6 of the
European Convention on Human Rights?	
[X] For civil procedures (non-enforcement)	
[X] For civil procedures (timeframe)	
[X] For criminal procedures (timeframe)	
Comments - Please specify what are the terms and conditions of this monitoring system by ECHR at the State/courts level; implementation of internal systems to prevent or measure an evolution of the established violations):	
086-1. Is there in your country a possibility to review/reope	n a case after a finding of a violation of
the European Convention on Human Rights by the European	n Court of Human Rights?
[X] For civil cases	
[X] For criminal cases	
[X] For administrative cases	

D1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part		
Sources: Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic. The office ECtHR	e of the Agent of	the Government of the Slovak Republic before the
4.2. Timeframe of proceedings		
4.2.1 General information		
087. Are there specific procedures for urgent ma	tters regardi	ng:
[X] civil cases		
[X] criminal cases		
[] administrative cases		
[] There is no specific procedure for urgent matters		
Comments - If yes, please specify: Criminal cases - all cases where	the perpetrator is	investigated in custody are matter of urgency.
088. Are there simplified procedures for:		
[X] civil cases (small disputes)		
[X] criminal cases (misdemeanour cases)		
[] administrative cases		
[] There is no simplified procedure		
Comments - If yes, please specify: Misdemeanour cases - can be fin	ished by the cour	t in simplified procedure without the main hearing.
088-1. For these simplified procedures, may judg	ges deliver a	n oral judgement with a written order
and without the full reasoning of the judgement	?	
[] civil cases		
[X] criminal cases		
[] administrative cases		
Comments - If yes, please specify: In criminal cases the full reasoni Criminal Order issued by the court in cases where are no doubts of maximum imprisonment (3years) and can not be used in cases again	the merits of the o	cases. There are some limitations in respect of
089. Do courts and lawyers have the possibility	to conclude	agreements on arrangements for
processing cases (presentation of files, decisions	on timefran	nes for lawyers to submit their
conclusions etc.)?		
	Yes	No
Agreement on general arrangements	()	(X)

Comments

4.2.2 Case flow management – first instance

091. First instance courts: number of other than criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of other than criminal law	180 593	782 082	787 758	174 917	25 937
cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	57 228	99 685	107 486	49 427	15 309
litigious cases (including litigious	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
enforcement cases and if possible	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases	97 364	431 415	418 849	109 930	8 167
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(2.112.212.0)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.1. General civil (and	26 200	121 586	120 615	27 171	824
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
e.g. uncontested payment orders,			į jivii	[] 1.1.1	[][
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases	8 645	230 627	211 949	27 323	3
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
,	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
cases	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business	8 429	218 233	199 827	26 835	3
registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases	216	12 394	12 122	488	0
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	62 519	79 202	86 285	55 436	7 340
2.5. Other non-nugious cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

3. Administrative law cases	8 143 [] NA	5 148 []NA	4 790 []NA	8 501 []NA	2 455 [] NA	
4. Other cases	17 858	245 834	256 633	7 059	6 []NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments Discrepancy between the pending cases on 31 Dec. 2021 and the pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year in the line 1. and Total is due to an administrative error caused by the court. In the rest lines, there is no discrepancy between the pending cases on 31 Dec. 2021 and the pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year (compared with the previous year).

A significant increase in the Business registry cases category in 2022 (comparing incoming and resolved to 2020) is related to legislative changes to Act no. 530/2003 Coll. on the Commercial Register. The amendment to the law - included the birth-number among the recorded data with the aim of unambiguously identifying natural persons registered in the business register. In the case that it was not possible to add this data automatically from other reference sources into the the business register, it had to be added based on a court proposal submitted by September 30, 2022 (increase in incoming cases).

Other discrepancies are reflection either of the submission activity of the public (incoming cases) or productivity of the judicial system itself - in resolved cases.

092. If courts deal with "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases", please indicate the case categories included:

. The category "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" includes all cases arisen from legal relationships regulated by family law
(maintenance cases, custody of the child, visiting rights, guardianship, divorce cases with the ruling on rights and obligations towards
the minor child etc.), cases related to assessment of the legal capacity of natural persons, reminder procedure (electronic payment
orders).

093. Please indicate the case categories included in the category "other cases":

. The category "other" encompasses bankruptcy and debt restructuring cases, including the debt elimination procedure (bankruptcy of
the natural persons), issuing of the enforcement permission for the enforcement agents, enforcement of court rulings on the visiting
rights to minor child and enforcement of court fees receivables.

094. First instance courts: number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of criminal law cases	23 144	65 246	64 745	23 645	2 630
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[X] NA				
Cilimital Cases	[] NAP				
3. Other criminal cases					
	[X] NA				
	[] NAP				

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify Among "Other criminal cases" it is possible to include, for example, motions regarding the expungement of a conviction, motions regarding the imposition of protective measures and the execution of detention, motions related to custody and the execution of a sentence, motions for conditional release, motions related to probation and mediation, requests from domestic and foreign authorities in criminal cases, motions that are decided in preliminary proceedings, etc.

Other discrepancies are reflection either of the submission activity of the prosecutors or productivity of the judicial system (judicial staff) in resolved cases.

4.2.3 Case flow management – second instance

0

097. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of "other than criminal law" cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	11 803	25 081	24 733	12 151	715
	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases (including litigious enforcement cases and if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3)	7 187	14 930	14 126	7 991	601
	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
2. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	2 510	8 136	8 718	1 928	11
	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
2.1. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases,	2 510	8 136	8 718	1 928	11
	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
e.g. uncontested payment orders, request for a change of name, non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases and other cases, see categories 2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[X] NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

2.2.1. Non litigious land registr	zy				
cases	[] NA				
Cases	[X] NAP				
2.2.2 Non-litigious business					
registry cases	[X] NA				
legistry cases	[] NAP				
2.2.3. Other registry cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
•	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
3. Administrative law cases	2 106	2 015	1 889	2 232	103
	[] NA				
	[] NAP				
4. Other cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				

Comments - If "Other cases" please specify The decline in litigious and non-litigious cases has been gradual since 2017. This phenomenon was not analysed in more detail. The decrease may be caused by the impact of the activity of courts of first instance as well as the behaviour of participants in court proceedings - a lower number of appeals.

There is some small amount of non-litigious registry cases, but they can not be monitored separately, they are part of the bigger group. In August 2021, the Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic was established as a separate institution and it took over all the administrative law cases of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic. The Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic acts as second instance court in the administrative cases.

Source: https://www.nssud.sk/web_object/stat_2022.pdf

098. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of criminal law cases	1 139	8 662	8 581	1 220	13
(1+2+3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(17273)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Offiniar Cases	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify: In the line "Total" of the table in Q 98 are data for all court registers in the criminal appeal agenda. Among the category "Other criminal cases" are included for example cases in which the appeals court decides on jurisdictional disputes, objections of bias, on complaints for inaction and other complaints filed after the filing of the indictment, etc.

Sources: Analytical center, Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic.

4.2.4 Case flow management – Supreme Court

099. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of "other than criminal law" cases:

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 630 []NA	2 560 [] NA [] NAP	2 957 [] NA [] NAP	2 233 [] NA [] NAP	56 []NA []NAP
1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases (including litigious enforcement cases and if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3)	I W I NI A	[X]NA	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	56 []NA []NAP
2. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA
2.1. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases, e.g. uncontested payment orders, request for a change of name, non-litigious enforcement cases etc. (if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3; without registry cases and other cases, see categories 2.2 and 2.3)	[X]NA	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
2.2. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
3. Administrative law cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
4. Other cases	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP

Comments - If "Other cases", please specify The collected statistical data for the Supreme Court do not distinguish the litigious and non-litigious cases. Information delivered by the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic available on internet

 $https://www.nsud.sk/data/att/f59/688231.22d3e0.pdf. \ The \ new \ Supreme \ Administrative \ Court \ of \ the \ Slovak \ Republic \ took \ over \ the \ Administrative \ law \ cases \ from \ the \ Supreme \ Court \ .$

Data for new Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic are not mentioned in the table, since the table is only for the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic.

The data for new Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic in 2022 were:

Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year - 2106

Incoming cases - 2015 Resolved cases - 1889

Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year - 2232

Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court - 103

Source: https://www.nssud.sk/web_object/stat_2022.pdf

099-1. At the level of the Highest court (Supreme Court), is there a procedure of manifest inadmissibility?

$()\ Yes,\ please\ indicate\ the\ number\ of\ cases\ closed\ by\ this\ procedure:$	
(X) No	

Comments

100. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of criminal law cases	316	942	922	336	9
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

Comment - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify Information delivered by Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic available on internet https://www.nsud.sk/data/att/f59/688231.22d3e0.pdf

4.2.5 Case flow management and timeframes – specific cases



101. Number of specific litigious cases received and processed by first instance courts.

Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases		Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court	
---	----------------	--	---	---	--

Litigious divorce cases	3 976	10 105	10 639	3 442		
Lingious divolce cuses	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA	[X] NA	
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
Employment dismissal cases	1 485	847	1 064	1 268	562	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
Insolvency	1 703	11 079	11 316	1 466		
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
Robbery case			266			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
Intentional homicide			49			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	

Comments The data listed in the category "Roberry case" and "Intentional homicide" represent the number of convicted persons in legally closed cases. These are data obtained from the database of legally closed cases, which are marked as completed in statistical reporting, and therefore the data are only available for the category "Resolved cases". Since 2018, the number of convicted persons is not reported according to the most severe criminal offense, but convictions for all criminal offenses are taken into account (i.e. in the event that a person was convicted of committing several criminal offenses, the person in question is reported as convicted for each criminal offense separately).



101-0. Number of cases relating to asylum seekers and to the right of entry and stay for aliens.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases for more than 2 years
Court cases relating to asylum	10	59	40	29	
seekers (refugee status under the	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
, ,	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1951 Geneva Convention)					
Court cases relating to the right					
of entry and stay for aliens	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
of entry and stay for affens	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments The growth ratio is not significant in the absolut numbers, reflects the situation in the area of asylum seekers.

101-1. Could you briefly describe the system in your country dealing with legal remedies relating to asylum seekers (refugee status under the 1951 Geneva Convention) and the right of entry and stay for aliens:

. If an application for international protection is rejected by the Migration Office of the Ministry of the Interior (MO), the applicant may bring an administrative action (submit the appeal) to one of the two Regional Courts: Regional Court in Bratislava or Regional Court in Košice; the court is determined by the applicant's residence.

The applicant submits the appeal to the competent Regional Court, which then notifies the Migration Office asking it to respond to the administrative action. In such a response Migration Office expresses its legal opinions and submissions. At this stage, the decision may be self-reviewed by the Migration Office

101-2. Number of cases relating to child sexual abuse and child pornography received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Child sexual abuse			248		
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Child pornography			131		
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please explain what are the legal definitions of these categories of offences in your system: The data listed in this category represent the number of convicted persons in legally closed cases. These are data obtained from the database of legally closed cases, which are marked as completed in statistical reporting, and therefore the data is only available for the category "Resolved cases".

102. Percentage of decisions subject to appeal, average length of proceedings and percentage of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances for specific litigious cases. The average length of proceedings has to be calculated from the date the application for judicial review is lodged to the date the judgment is made, without taking into account the investigation phase in criminal cases as well as enforcement procedure.

	% of decisions subject to appeal	Average length in 1st instance (in days)	Average length in 2nd instance (in days)	Average length in 3rd instance (in days)	Average length of the entire procedure (in days)	% of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances
Civil and commercial litigious cases	Allow decimals : 2 [X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2 [X] NA [] NAP
Litigious divorce cases	Allow decimals : 2 [X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2 [X]NA []NAP
Employment dismissal cases	Allow decimals : 2 [X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	Allow decimals : 2 [X]NA []NAP
Insolvency cases	Allow decimals : 2 [X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2 [X]NA []NAP
Robbery cases	Allow decimals : 2 [X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	Allow decimals : 2 [X]NA []NAP

		1				
Intentional homicide cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	Allow decimals : 2
	[X]NA	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NA
	[] NAP					[]NAP
Comments						
104. How is the length	of proceeding	gs calcula	ted for the s	ix case cate	gories of que	estion 102?
Please give a description	-			•	•	
. Not available						
4.2.6 Case flow manag	gement – pu	blic pros	ecution			•
		-		1 1		19
105. Role and powers o	i me public j	rosecuto	r in the crim	ınaı procedu	ire (muitipie	repnes
possible):						
[X] to conduct or supervise in	_		de C. A.			
[X] when necessary, to reque	st investigation m	easures from	the judge			
[X] to charge	art.					
[X] to present the case in cou						
[X] to propose a sentence to t [X] to appeal	nie judge					
[] to supervise the enforcem	ent procedure					
[X] to discontinue a case with	•	ision by a in	dge (ensure cons	istency with anes	tion 361)	
[X] to end the case by imposi						
[X] other significant powers (roquing a jaure		
Comments	(T		,			
106. Does the public pro	osocutor also	hove o re	olo in:			
[X] civil cases	oscentor arso	nave a r	oic iii.			
[X] administrative cases						
[X] insolvency cases						
Comments - If yes, please specify	w Saa tha ganaral	comment				
comments - 11 yes, piease specify	y. See the general	comment.				
=						
107. Public prosecutors	: Total numb	er of 1st	instance crir	ninal cases.		
				Numb	er of cases	

1.Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	
·	[X] NA
	[] NAP
2.Incoming/received cases	56 097
2.incoming/received cases	[] NA
	[]NAP
3.Processed cases (3.1+3.2+3.3+3.4)	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
3.1.Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)	
3.1.Dissolution during the following your (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)	[X]NA
	[]NAP
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be	
identified	[X] NA
	[] NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established	2 380
	[] NA
offence or a specific legal situation	[]NAP
	2.420
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	2 439
	[]NA
	[] NAP
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
2.2. Comply dod by a manufey on a manufey in-manufer day a secretary by the manufey of the secretary	5 866
3.2.Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public	
prosecutor	[]NA
	[]NAP
3.3.Cases brought to court	24 246
	[] NA
	[] NAP
4 Danding coses on 21 Day and years	
4.Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	I V I NA
	[X]NA
	[] NAP

Comments It is necessary to state that the required table, or criteria, are different from our legal system. In our criminal proceedings, a large number of cases in the preliminary proceedings are closed by the investigator or police officer, while the table only requires cases closed by the prosecutor. In addition, matters terminated by the prosecutor may also be terminated by the so-called diversions in criminal proceedings, while the table only requires cases stopped by the prosecutor. The inconsistency of data with previous years is also caused by the fact that the prosecutor in the Slovak Republic has slightly different powers in the preliminary proceedings in contrast to the legal systems of other countries, so the data differ according to the point of view of the processor of the data.

107-1. If the guilty plea procedure exists, how many cases were concluded by this procedure?

	Total	Severe criminal cases	Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases
Total number of guilty plea procedures	1 961		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Before the main trial			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
During the main trial			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments
109. Do the figures provided in Q107 include traffic offence cases?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
D2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: General Prosecurot's Office
5. Career of judges and public prosecutors
5.1.Recruitment and promotion
5.1.1Recruitment and promotion of judges
110. How are judges recruited?
[] through a competitive exam (open competition)
[X] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)
[] other (please specify):
Comments
110-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for judges in your country:
. The selection procedure for the position of judge at the district court is carried out as a collective selection procedure. The collective selection procedure is carried out as a collective selection procedure.
selection procedure consists of a written and an oral part. After the end of the selection procedure, the chairman of the selection
committee will provide the list according to the order of successful applicants. Based on the results of the collective selection procedure the Ministry of Justice creates a database of candidates for the position of judge. The Judicial Council decides on the
prerequisites of the candidate's judicial competence. The Judicial Council submits a proposal to the president of the Slovak Republ
for the appointment of a judge to the court.
110-2. What are the recruitment requirements for judges (multiple replies possible)?
[X] Age
[] Nationality
[X] Physical/Psychological capacity
[] General studies in law
[X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)

[X] Number of years of relevant experie	ence		
[] Traineeship/judicial functions in cou	rts		
[] Validation of a general state examination	ation in law		
[X] Validation of a specific examination	for judges		
[X] Clean criminal record			
[X] Foreign languages			
[X] Personal requirements (related to in	tegrity)		
[X] Other			
[] NAP			
Comments - If "other", please specify: Other consent to appointment as a judge.	er: the permanent residence i	n Slovakia, successfully co	empleted selection procedure, written
110-3. In the frame of these rec	ruitments, please in	dicate the number o	of applicants for the position
of judge and the number of reci	uitments actually m	ade during the refer	rence year:
	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of recruited persons	55	22	33
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
() Yes (X) No			
Comments			
110-5. If yes, please specify	what remedies you	implemented:	
[] Increase of salary	,	1	
[] Other financial incentives			
[] Improving working conditions			
[] Workload reduction at the begin	nning of career		
[] Other adjustments in the frame	of the induction of new judg	ges	
[] Other			
Comments: If "other", please, specify:			
=			•
	for magnitudent and	o indoor initially/st	the beginning of their core
111. Authority(ies) responsible	for recruitment - ar	e judges initially/at	the beginning of their care
recruited and nominated by:			
[] An authority made up of judges only			
[] An authority made up of non-judges	only		
			Page 84 of 135

[X] An authority/authorities made up of	of judges and non-judges		
[] Other			
Comments - Please indicate the name of the there are several authorities, please describe		or the whole procedure of	recruitment and nomination of judges
111-1. How many members co	ompose this authority	?	
	Total	Males	Females
Members	18 []NA []NAP	9 []NA []NAP	9 []NA []NAP
Comments – Please specify what is the sta Slovak Republic is a constitutional body o	-	is proposing/appointing its	members: The Judicial Council of the
111-2. May non-selected cand	idates appeal against	the decision on rec	ruitment/appointment?
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments – Please specify the procedure	to be followed, the competent	t authority, the moment for	exercising the right of appeal:
112. Is the same authority (Q1	11) competent for the	e promotion of judg	ges?
(X)Yes			
() No			
Comments - No, please specify which auth	nority is competent for promo	ting judges	
113. What is the procedure for	the promotion of jud	lges? (multiple repl	ies possible)
[X] Competitive test / Exam			
[X] Previous individual evaluations			
[X] Other procedure(s) (interview or o	ther)		
[] No special procedure			
Comments - Please specify how the promotion processes is		organised (especially if the	re is no competition or examination) a
113-0. In the frame of the pror	notion procedures, pl	ease indicate the n	umber of applicants and the
number of promotions actually	made during the ref	erence year:	
	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants			
	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA

Comments

Number of promoted persons

113-1. Please indicate the criteria used for the promotion of a judge? (multiple replies possible)

[X] Years of experience
[X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative performance)
[] Performance (quantitative)
[X] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation)
[] Other
[] No criteria
Comments - Please specify any useful comment regarding the criteria (especially if you have checked the box "performance" or "other")
5.1.2Status, recruitment and promotion of prosecutors
115. What is the status of public prosecution services?
[X] Has an independent status as a separate entity among state institutions
[] Is part of the executive power but enjoys functional independence (please briefly explain how and to what extent)
[] Is part of the executive power (without functional independence)
[] Is part of the judicial power but enjoys functional independence (please briefly explain how and to what extent)
[] Is part of the judicial power (without functional independence)
[] Is a mixed model (please explain)
[] Has other status (please explain)
Comments - When appropriate, please specify the objective guarantees of this independence (such as funding) and where they are enshrined (Constitution, legislation etc.). Furthermore, if "mixed model" or "other", please specify.
115-1. Are specific instructions addressed to a public prosecutor to prosecute or not prohibited by
law or other regulation?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify: Act No. 301/2005 Coll Code of Criminal Procedure
115-2. If they are prohibited by law or other regulation, are there exceptions?
() Yes
(X) No [] NAP
Comments - Please describe these exceptions:
115-3. Which authority can issue such specific instructions?
[] General Prosecutor
[] Higher prosecutor/Head of prosecution office
[] Executive power
[] Other [X] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:

116-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for prosecutors in your country:	
Comments The General Prosecutor can announce the vacant place of prosecutor which is filled by competitive selection procedure organised by the General Prosecutor Office.	
[X] other (please specify):see the comment	
[] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)	
[X] through a competitive exam (open competition)	
116. How are public prosecutors recruited?	
=	
Comments - If yes, please specify to which body/institution and please describe under which conditions.	
() No [X] NAP	
() Yes	
115-7. Can the public prosecutor oppose/report an instruction to an independent body?	
Comments	
() Systematic [X]NAP	
() Frequent	
() Occasional	
() Exceptional	
115-6. What is the frequency of this type of instructions:	
Comments - If "Other", please specify:	
[] Other [X]NAP	
[] Recorded in the case file	
[] Reasoned	
[] Mandatory	
[] Issued seeking prior advice from the competent public prosecutor	
115-5. In that case, are the instructions:	
Comments - If "Other", please specify:	
[X] NAP	
[] Other	
[] Written instruction	
[] Oral instruction with written confirmation	
[] Oral instruction	
115-4. What form these instructions may take?	

. The selection procedure for the position of prosecutor of the District Prosecutor's Office is announced by the General Prosecutor on the website of the General Prosecutor's Office, in a periodical press with nationwide coverage or in other means of communication generally accessible to the public at least 30 days before the selection procedure.

An applicant who meets the conditions for participation in the selection procedure for the position of prosecutor of the District Prosecutor's Office and who has delivered the application for inclusion in the selection procedure together with documents by the deadline specified in the announcement of the selection procedure, will be invited by the General Prosecutor to the selection procedure at least 14 days before its start. The selection procedure for the position of prosecutor of the District Prosecutor's Office consists of a written part, a professional psychological assessment and an oral part. The selection procedure is public, with the exception of the selection committee's vote. The oral part of the selection procedure is also recorded using technical equipment designed for sound recording.

116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?

•
[X] Age
[X] Nationality
[X] Physical/Psychological capacity
[] General studies in law
[X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[] Number of years of relevant experience
[] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[] Validation of a general state examination in law
[] Validation of a specific examination for prosecutors
[X] Clean criminal record
[X] Foreign languages
[X] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[] Other
[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

116-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of prosecutor and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	105	56	49
Number of recruited persons	74	42 [] NA	32 []NA

Comments

116-4. If the number of applicants decreased in the last years did you take any remedial measures?

(X)N	No
Commen	its
110	6-5. If yes, please specify what remedies you implemented:
[] Increase of salary
[] Other financial incentives
[] Improving working conditions
[] Workload reduction at the beginning of career
[] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new prosecutors
[] Other
Commen	ts: If "other", please, specify:
117. A	authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - Are public prosecutors initially/at the beginning
of thei	r career recruited by:
[X]A	An authority composed of public prosecutors only
[] A	n authority composed of non-public prosecutors only
[]A	n authority composed of public prosecutors and non-public prosecutors

Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of public prosecutors. If there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: Selection committee (Section 7a, Section 8, Section 24b Subsection 2 of Act No. 154/2001 Coll. on prosecutors and judicial trainees of the Prosecutor's Office), psychologist (Section 7 Subsection 7 of Act No. 154/2001 Coll.), the Council of Prosecutors of the Slovak Republic (Section 224 Subsection 2 letter f) of Act no. 154/2001 Coll.) and the General Prosecutor of the Slovak Republic, who based on the result of the selection procedure, taking into account the interest of the proper performance of the tasks of the General Prosecutor's Office, he will decide which successful candidate he will appoint without limitation to the designated District Prosecutor's Office for the position of prosecutor; Prosecutors of the Special Prosecutor's Office are appointed by the General Prosecutor on the basis of a selection procedure based on the proposal of the Special Prosecutor and after the prior approval of the Council of Prosecutors of the Slovak Republic.

117-1. How many members compose this authority?

() Yes

] Other

	Total	Male	Female
Members	35	14	21
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members: The selection committee has five members (only a prosecutor can be a member of the selection committee). In 2022, 7 selection committees were established. Databases of candidates for members of the selection committee are created by the Council of Prosecutors and the General Prosecutor. The members of the selection committee and the necessary number of substitutes are appointed and dismissed by the General Prosecutor. The General Prosecutor appoints the members of the selection committee so that at least three members of the selection committee are appointed from the database of candidates for members of the selection committee created by the Council of Prosecutors. The members of the selection committee will elect the chairman of the selection committee from among themselves. (Section 7a Subsection 2, Subsection 3 first sentence of Act No. 154/2001 Coll. on prosecutors and judicial trainees of the Prosecutor's Office).

117-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment?

ty, the mo	etent auth	ed, the comp	edure to be fo	cedure to b	be followed, the compet	ent autho	ority, the moment for	or exercising the right of appeal:
notion	r the pr	petent fo	(Q.117) c	y (Q.117	7) competent for	the pro	omotion of pu	iblic prosecutors?
	_	_			-	-	_	-
osecutors	ng public	t for promoti	hority is comp	thority is c	competent for promoting	g public p	prosecutors	
ors? (m	prosec	notion of	e for the p	re for th	he promotion of p	rosecu	ıtors? (multip	le replies possible)
			ons	ons				
			w or other)	ew or other	er)			
			_	_	otion processes is ensured ls and other facts (princi			s management, organizational and con
ndicate	, please	ocedures	promotion	promo	otion procedures,	please	indicate the r	number of applicants and the
e year:	referen	uring the	ually mad	tually m	nade during the r	eferenc	ce year:	
Males		Total			Total		Males	Females
[X] NA		[X] NA			[X]NA		[X] NA	[X] NA
[X] NA		[X] NA			[[X]NA		[[X] NA	[X] NA
of a pr	omotio	for the pr	criteria us	e criteria	a used for the pro	motio	n of a prosecu	itor:
		nce)	ualitative perfo	qualitative p	performance)			
			grity, reputatio	egrity, repu	utation)			
		_			nent regarding the criteri		• •	

Comments - Please, specify any useful comment regarding the criteria (especially if you have checked the box "performance" or "other"): Principles of the functional procedure of prosecutors approved by the Council of Prosecutors of the Slovak Republic and the Prosecutor General of the Slovak Republic. When selecting applicants, the selection committee takes into account the prosecutor's assessment according to Section 31 of Act no. 154/2001 Coll., management skills and social competences, evaluates the applicant's ability to motivate other workers to perform the required performance, the ability to resolve conflicts at the workplace, organizational and control skills, mediation skills, the ability to work in a team and the ability to represent the office externally, the length of time the prosecutor/head has been in office, language skills, journalistic, pedagogic, lecturing activity in the judicial field, participation in professional educational events, for the prosecutor's activity in the Prosecutor's Council, in selection committees, in the Council of the Judicial Academy, in

125-1. Is it renewable?

5.1.3Mandate and retirement of judges and prosecutors

121. Are judges appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official
age of retirement)?
(X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:67
() No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
121-1. Can a judge be transferred to another court without his/her consent:
[X] For disciplinary reasons
[] For organisational reasons
[] For other reasons (please specify modalities and safeguards):
[] No
Comments
122. Is there a probation period for judges (e.g. before being appointed "for life")? If yes, how
long is this period?
() Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):
(X)No
Comments
123. Are public prosecutors appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until
the official age of retirement)?
(X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:65
() No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
124. Is there a probation period for public prosecutors? If yes, how long is this period?
() Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):
(X)No
Comments
125. If the mandate of judges is not for an undetermined period (see question 121), what is the
length of the mandate (in years)?
[]
[]NA
[X]NAP
Comments

Page 91 of 135

() Yes			
() No			
[X] NAP			
Comments			
126. If the mandate of public prosecut	ors is not for an	undetermined per	iod (see question 122)
what is the length of the mandate (in y		undetermined per	iou (see question 123),
	,		
[] NA			
[X]NAP			
omments			
26-1. Is it renewable?			
() Yes			
() No			
[X]NAP			
omments			
onnients			
1. Please indicate the sources for ans	wering the ques	tions in this part	
Sources: General Prosecutor's Office, Ministry of	of Justice of the Sloval	k republic	
			_
2.Training			
.2.1Training of judges			•
07. T	. 4 4		
27. Types of different trainings offered			
	Compulsory	Optional	
		Орионал	No training proposed
Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school.	(X) Yes	-	No training proposed () Yes
	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No	
traineeship in a court)	() No	() Yes (X) No	() Yes
traineeship in a court)		() Yes	() Yes (X) No
traineeship in a court) General in-service training	() No () Yes	() Yes (X) No (X) Yes	() Yes (X) No () Yes
General in-service training In-service training for specialised judicial	() No () Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No (X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No
General in-service training In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or	() No () Yes (X) No () Yes	() Yes (X) No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	() No () Yes (X) No () Yes	() Yes (X) No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues) In-service training for management functions	() No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No
Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in a court) General in-service training In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues) In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president) In-service training for the use of computer	() No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No

In-service training on ethics	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on gender equality	() Yes	() Yes	(X)Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No
Other in- service training	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No

Comments Judicial Academy of the Slovak Republic also organize trainings in legal terminology in English, German and French to support language knowledge of judges, prosecutors and other judicial staff.

128. Frequency of the in-service training of judges:

	Frequency of the judges training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	[] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the continuous training of judges:

128-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per judge:

	Per judge
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	
	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	2
	[] NA
	[] NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	
initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	3
	[]NA
	[]NAP
T	
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[]NA
	[X]NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	ivini numeric value anowed . 0
	F 1374
	[]NA
	[X] NAP

Comments

5.2.2Training of prosecutors

129. Types of different trainings offered to public prosecutors:

Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
(X)Yes	() Yes	() Yes
() No () Yes	(X) No (X) Yes	(X) No
(X) No	() No	(X) No
(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
() NO	(A)No	(X) No
() Yes	() Yes	(X)Yes
(X) No	(X) No	() No
() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes	() Yes (X) No
(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes (X) No
() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
() Yes	(X) Yes	(X) No () Yes (X) No
	(X) Yes () No () Yes (X) No (X) Yes () No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No (X) Yes (No (X) Yes (No) (Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes (Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (Yes (X) Yes (X) Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (Yes (X) Yes (X) Yes (X) Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (Yes (X) Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (Yes (X) Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (X) No (Yes (X) Yes (X) Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (X) No (Yes (X) Yes (X) Yes (X) Yes (X) No (Yes (X) No (X) No (Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) Yes (X) Yes

Comments Judicial Academy of the Slovak Republic also organize trainings in legal terminology in English, German and French to support language knowledge of judges, prosecutors and other judicial staff. It is mostly continuous and intensive trainings, and every training has its own specialization (e.g. human rights, civil procedure, family law etc.) In 2022, due to the enormous interest in this type of language training, Judicial Academy organized the training as a preparation for the international language examination, which ended with an exam with the possibility of obtaining an internationally recognized TOLES certificate.

130. Frequency of the in-service training of public prosecutors :

	Frequency of the in-service training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed)
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutor specialised in organised crime)	[] No training proposed [X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in office	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the in-service training of prosecutors:

130-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per prosecutor:

Per prosecutor	

Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[] NA [X] NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[] NA [X] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[] NA [X] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments

5.2.3 Training institutions

131. Do you have public training institutions for judges and / or prosecutors?

	Initial training only	Continuous training only	Initial and continuous training
Institution(s) for judges	[]	[]	[]
Institution(s) for prosecutors	[]	[]	[]
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	[]	[]	[X]

Comments

131-0. If yes, what is the implemented budget of such institution(s)?

	Implemented budget of the institution for the reference year, in €
Institution(s) for judges	[]NA
	[X]NAP
Institution(s) for prosecutors	[] NA
	[X]NAP
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	1 109 187
	[]NAP

Comments

131-1. If judges and/or prosecutors have no compulsory initial training in such institutions, please indicate briefly how judges and/or prosecutors are trained?

. There is different legal regulation for initial training for judges and for prosecutors. In 2017, the Act No. 385/2000 Coll. on Judges and Lay Judges was amended and the main change related to the new type of selection procedure. According to the new legal regulation the initial training is considered as a necessary precondition to be appointed judge for those who successfully passed through all parts of selection procedure. The initial training for future judges is four-day training, organized by Judicial Academy, as a rule, once or a twice per year, following the completed selection procedure. It is an educational event where future judges are trained in disciplinary responsibility, professional ethics, the status of judges, and the second half of initial training deals with the practical issues from work with office rules of courts to practicing skills as a judge in simulated trial. Under the Act No. 154/2001 Coll. on Prosecutors and Trainees in Prosecutor's Office there is no compulsory or optional initial training for future prosecutors organized by Judicial Academy of the Slovak Republic. Another initial (preparatory) training are called specific type of optional education organized by Judicial Academy of the Slovak Republic. There are initial preparatory trainings for trainees in prosecutor's office. They are aimed to more theoretical legal problems in numerous fields of law, actual legal regulation on internal rules in organisation of prosecutors' offices, soft skills, and also practical issues. As of 2022, the judicial trainees are not part of the judicial system and were replaced by a new position in courts named "specialized judicial intern". It is the position opened to anyone who meets the criteria, mostly three years long experience in any law profession. During this judicial internshipinternship, there are no special initial (preparatory) trainings required. The court is responsible for the content and specialized preparation of the intern.

5.2.4 Number of trainings

131-2. Number of in-service trainings available and delivered (in days) by the public institution(s) responsible for training.

	Number of different live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings available	person, hybrid, videoconference)	Number of days of delivered live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of internet-based trainings available on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total	310	62	478	264
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For judges	61		125	
3 5	[] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For prosecutors	147	40	184	70
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For non-judge staff	53		115	
	[] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For non-prosecutor staff	49	22	54	24
•	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments Since 2020 Judicial Academy has its own e-library where are video and audio documents from lately organized trainings. This so-called Media Library is related to the modernization and innovation of the electronic library of educational materials, is an important part of the educational process. A total sum of 170 educational materials had been processed in the Media Library at the end of 2022. It is used to hear or watch the complex content of the training in max. 90 minutes anytime 365/24/7. For the purposes of the column about not live training in both tables (above and below) is considered the Media Library as a form of e-learning platform where only users of portal can see the content, since every user has possibility to browse all of the content, it is not possible to specify the numbers in last column in

131-3. Number of participants in the trainings during the reference year.

	Number of participants in live (in-person, hybrid, videoconference) training	internet-based trainings
Total	8 370	1 103
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Judges	1 964	254
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Prosecutors	1 015	121
	[] NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP
Non-judge staff	5 257	588
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-prosecutor staff	134	142
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

E2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: The basic information about every year activities of Judicial Academy are part of the Annual Report of Judicial Academy of the Slovak Republic.

5.3. Practice of the profession

5.3.1Salaries and benefits of judges and prosecutors

132. Salaries of judges and public prosecutors on 31 December of the reference year:

	Gross annual salary, in €	Net annual salary, in €	Gross annual salary, in local currency	Net annual salary, in local currency
First instance professional judge at the	45 775	32 480	F 1374	
beginning of his/her career	[]NA []NAP	[]NA []NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Judge of the Supreme Court or the	66 264	46 593		
Highest Appellate Court (please	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
indicate the highest salary of a judge at			[11]1111	[14]1444
this level, excluding the salary of the				
Court President)				
Public prosecutor at the beginning of	42 249	30 477	[] NA	[] NA
his/her career	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Public prosecutor of the Supreme	62 130	44 818		
Court or the Highest Appellate	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Instance (please indicate the highest	[] IVAI	[] IVAI		
salary of a public prosecutor at this				
level, excluding the salary of the				
Attorney General).				

Comment – Please describe briefly how the salaries are determined during the career of a judge/prosecutor:

133. Do judges and public prosecutors have additional benefits?

	Judges	Public prosecutors
Reduced taxation	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Special pension	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Housing	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
Other financial benefit	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No

Comments

134. If "other financial benefit", please specify:

. For example for judges:Supplement to maternity allowance of 55% of salary;paid preventive health check-up;paid rehabilitation;additional salary 2 times a year.....

The Prosecutor is paid an extra pay for the performance of the function of a prosecutor, extra pay to a pension, extra pay to health insurance, extra pay to a nursing allowance, extra pay to maternity leave, extra pay to compensate for income in the event of temporary incapacity for work.

[] NAP

=

135. Can judges combine their work with any of the following functions/activities?

	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
David and a 11 and		
Research and publication	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Arbitrator	() Yes	() Yes
Tholumor	(X) No	(X) No
Consultant	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X)No

Cultural function	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
Political function	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Mediator	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Other function	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No

	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
-	() No	() No
Research and publication	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Arbitrator	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Consultant	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Cultural function	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Political function	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Mediator	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Other function	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X)No

Comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. authorisation needed to perform these activities), please specify. If "other function", please specify: The public prosecutors can combine their work with the lectures activities, which is included in teaching line 1.

139. Productivity bonuses: do judges receive bonuses based on the fulfilment of quantitative objectives in relation to the number of resolved cases (e.g. number of cases resolved over a given period of time)?

() Yes (X) No

Comments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if possible the amounts:

5.3.2 Body/institution of ethics

138. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethical questions of the conduct of judges (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media by

judges, etc.)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment - Please specify:
138-1. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?
() Only judges
(X) Judges and other legal professionals
() Other, please specify:
Comments
138-2. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of the guidelines and/or opinions, etc.: Judicial Council comments and approves statements on the ethical dilemmas of judges at the meetings of the Judicial Council whenever there is an initiative. The statements are prepared by permanent ethical committee of the Judicial Council that is composed of 7 members of the Council.
138-2-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[1] []NA
Comments – Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions In 2022, the Judicial Council adopted only one resolution, resolution no. 159/2022 of August 17th 2022, which approved the opinion of the Judical Council on the ethical dilemma. This dilemma dealt with the sale of unnecessary clothing of one judge who asked whether she should admit acquired money from the sale of clothing in her asset declaration as profit.
138-3. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethical
questions of the conduct of prosecutors (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media by
prosecutors, etc.)
(X) Yes
() No
Comment: Please specify
138-4. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?
(X) Only prosecutors
() Prosecutors and other legal professionals
() Other, please specify:
Comments Wishingthe framework of the December of the Clause December of the De

Comments Within the framework of the Prosecutor's Office of the Slovak Republic, the Ethics Commission of the Prosecutor's Office has been created on the basis of the law, which, based on the request of an entity authorized to file a disciplinary proposal against the prosecutor, issues opinions or, even without such a request, issues recommendations on ethical issues and the ethical acceptability of the behavior of prosecutors.

138-5. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of opinions, etc. Available on internet https://www.genpro.gov.sk/eticka-komisia-prokuratury/stanoviska-a-odporucania-etickej-komisie-prokuratury-3986.html The Ethics Commission of the Prosecutor's Office was established in 2016 and since then has held a total of 33 meetings. At these meetings, the ethics commission discussed 6 requests to take the position of an entity authorized to file a disciplinary proposal against the prosecutor and also discussed a number of other issues related to the ethics of prosecutors. In its activity so far, the Ethics Commission has issued 6 opinions on the specific behavior of prosecutors and 2 recommendations for prosecutors, which are of a general nature and concern the ethical problems of prosecutors.
138-5-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[1] []NA
Comments – Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions The guidelines of the ethics commission concerned the performance of prosecutors in the electronic public space.
5.4.Disciplinary procedures
5.4.1Authorities responsible for disciplinary procedures and sanctions
140. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against judges (multiple replies
possible)?
[] Court users
[X] Relevant Court or hierarchical superior
[] High Court / Supreme Court
[X] High Judicial Council
[] Disciplinary court
[] Disciplinary body
[X] Ombudsman
[] Parliament
[X] Executive power (please specify):Minister of Justice of the Slovak Republic
[X] Other (please specify):President of the Judicial Council and the body of judicial self-government
[] This is not possible
Comments
141. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against public prosecutors: (multiple
replies possible):
[] Citizens
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior public prosecutor
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)

Page 102 of 135

[] Disciplinary court
[] Disciplinary body
[X] Ombudsman
[] Professional body
[X] Executive power (please specify): The President of the Slovak Republic, in the case of disciplinary proceedings of the General Prosecutor
[X] Other (please specify):at least three-fifths of the members of the Parliament (National Council of the Slovak republic), in the case of disciplinary proceedings of the General Prosecutor
[] This is not possible
Comments
142. Which authority has disciplinary power over judges (multiple replies possible)?
[] Court
[] Higher Court / Supreme Court
[] High Judicial Council
[] Disciplinary court or body
[] Ombudsman
[] Parliament
[] Executive power (please specify):
[X] Other (please specify):Disciplinary Panels of the Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic
Comments Disciplinary proceedings against the President of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic and Vice-President of the Supreme Court of the Slovak Republic are carried out by the Constitutional Court of the Slovak Republic.
143. Which authority has disciplinary power over public prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?
[] Supreme Court
[] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior
[] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)
[] Disciplinary court or body
[] Ombudsman
[] Professional body
[] Executive power (please specify):
[X] Other (please specify):Disciplinary Panels of the Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic
Comments
5.4.2Number of disciplinary procedures and sanctions

144. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated during the reference year against judges and public prosecutors. (If a disciplinary proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please count the proceedings only once and for the main reason.)

	Judges	Prosecutors	
Total number (1+2+3+4)	25	4	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	
1. Breach of professional ethics	0	0	
•	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	
2. Professional inadequacy	23	4	
1 .	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Criminal offence	0	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	
4. Other	2	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments - If "other", please specify: In the section "other", were listed two decisions which, could not be clearly assigned to any of the above categories.

The first of these decisions concerned multiple breaches of the obligation to wear a mask in the courtroom by a judge during the COVID-19 pandemic.

The second decision concerned the performance of judicial duties by a judge while being under the influence of alcohol.

Regarding question no. 144, we have collected disciplinary proceedings that were initiated in 2022. For the purposes of determining the number of each type of violation (e.g., breach of professional ethics, professional inadequacy), we relied on disciplinary decisions rather than the disciplinary motion. Since not all cases have been decided yet, we are unable to indicate the matter of the breach of law in all proceedings initiated in 2022. Therefore, there is a difference between the total number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of individual breaches of the law.

145. Number of sanctions pronounced during the reference year against judges and public prosecutors:

	Judges	Prosecutors	
Total number (total 1 to 10)	24	3	
, ,	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Reprimand	15	2	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
2. Suspension	0	0	
•	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Withdrawal from cases	0	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
4. Fine	0	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
5. Temporary reduction of salary	8	1	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	

7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location 7. Resignation 7. Other 7. Other 7. Other 8. Other 9. Oth	nctions, our conclusions on all be a difference in numbers be equestions in this par	l cases decided in 2022, regardless of tween questions 144 and 145.
O. Dismissal omments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exinctions, please indicate the reasons. On question 145 regarding santether they were initiated in 2022 or earlier. Therefore, there may 13. Please indicate the sources for answering the	O []NA []NAP O []NAP O []NA []NAP 1 []NAP sts between the number of disnctions, our conclusions on all be a difference in numbers be equestions in this par	O []NA []NAP O []NA []NAP O []NA []NAP O []NA []NAP sciplinary proceedings and the number of the second street
O. Dismissal omments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exinctions, please indicate the reasons. On question 145 regarding santether they were initiated in 2022 or earlier. Therefore, there may 13. Please indicate the sources for answering the	0 []NA []NAP 0 []NAP 1 []NAP sts between the number of disnctions, our conclusions on all be a difference in numbers be equestions in this par	O []NA []NAP 0 []NAP 0 []NAP cciplinary proceedings and the number of cases decided in 2022, regardless of tween questions 144 and 145.
O. Dismissal omments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exinctions, please indicate the reasons. On question 145 regarding santether they were initiated in 2022 or earlier. Therefore, there may 13. Please indicate the sources for answering the	0 []NAP 0 []NAP 1 []NAP sts between the number of disnctions, our conclusions on albe a difference in numbers be equestions in this par	O []NAP O []NAP O []NAP Coiplinary proceedings and the number of the second of the
O. Dismissal omments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exinctions, please indicate the reasons. On question 145 regarding san aether they were initiated in 2022 or earlier. Therefore, there may 13. Please indicate the sources for answering the	0 []NA []NAP 1 []NAP sts between the number of disnctions, our conclusions on all be a difference in numbers be equestions in this par	0 [] NA [] NAP 0 [] NAP sciplinary proceedings and the number of the service of
O. Dismissal omments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exinctions, please indicate the reasons. On question 145 regarding san aether they were initiated in 2022 or earlier. Therefore, there may 13. Please indicate the sources for answering the	I NAP I NAP I NAP I NAP sts between the number of disnctions, our conclusions on all be a difference in numbers be a questions in this par	O [] NA [] NAP O [] NAP sciplinary proceedings and the number of the second street of the s
omments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exinctions, please indicate the reasons. On question 145 regarding same ther they were initiated in 2022 or earlier. Therefore, there may also be a supplementary of the sources for answering the sources for answering the sources.	1 []NA []NAP sts between the number of disnctions, our conclusions on all be a difference in numbers be equestions in this par	0 [] NA [] NAP sciplinary proceedings and the number of cases decided in 2022, regardless of tween questions 144 and 145.
omments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exinctions, please indicate the reasons. On question 145 regarding same ther they were initiated in 2022 or earlier. Therefore, there may also be a supplementary of the sources for answering the sources for answering the sources.	sts between the number of disnctions, our conclusions on albe a difference in numbers be questions in this par	[] NA [] NAP sciplinary proceedings and the number 1 cases decided in 2022, regardless of stween questions 144 and 145.
nctions, please indicate the reasons. On question 145 regarding same ther they were initiated in 2022 or earlier. Therefore, there may a second secon	sts between the number of disnctions, our conclusions on al be a difference in numbers be equestions in this par	sciplinary proceedings and the number I cases decided in 2022, regardless of tween questions 144 and 145.
awyers		
.Profession of lawyer		
1.1Status of the profession of lawyers		
16. Total number of lawyers practising in your	country:	
Total	Males	Females
Number of lawyers 6 430	3 693	2 737 [] NA
omments	18.2	10.7
17. Does this figure include "legal advisors" wh	_	neir clients in court (for
cample, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?	
Yes ()		
No(X)		
omments		
has Number of legal advisors who cannot represent	sent their clients in co	ourt:

Comments

_

149. Is legal representation in courts exclusively exercised by lawyers in: (multiple replies possible)

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil cases	() Yes always (X) Yes in some cases () No [] NAP	() Yes always (X) Yes in some cases () No	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No []NAP
Dismissal cases	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No []NAP
Criminal cases – Defendant	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No
Criminal cases – Victim	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No []NAP
Administrative cases	() Yes always (X) Yes in some cases () No	() Yes always (X) Yes in some cases () No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases () No

Comments - Please indicate any useful clarifications regarding the content of lawyers' exclusive rights: Civil cases Mandatory representation by a lawyer – exhaustive list of cases:

- •disputes arising from or related to bankruptcy and restructuring, •disputes arising from the protection of competition,
- •disputes arising from unfair competition proceedings •disputes arising from the threat or infringement of the right to trade secrets
- •disputes related to the protection of intellectual property rights •proceedings of extraordinary appeal

The legal representative does not have to be a lawyer if the party is

- a) a natural person who has a university master degree in law,
- b) a legal person and its employee or the member acting on its behalf has university master degree in law in law.

Criminal cases - defendant

In criminal matters there are only certain cases in which legal representation is mandatory. In these cases a legal representative can only be a lawyer. In cases in which there is no obligation to have a legal representative the defendant can represent himself. Therefore, if the question is directed to whether only a lawyer can be a legal representative of the defendant (defense attorney) then the answer is "yes, always". In order to provide overall insight into legislation then the most appropriate answer is "yes, in some cases". Criminal cases - victim

In Slovakia there is no general obligation for victims to be represented in criminal proceedings.

However, they can decide to be represented by a proxy. In criminal proceedings in which classified information are concerned only lawyers or persons who can familiarize themselves with the classified information can represent a victim as a proxy. (Sec. 53 Criminal Procedure Code)

If the victim claims damages and does not have sufficient funds to cover the necessary costs, the court may appoint a representative from

the list of lawyers if it deems it necessary for the protection of the interests of the victim. (Sec. 47 Criminal Procedure Code)

If the victim is deprived of legal capacity and their statutory representative cannot exercise rights on their behalf, the court will appoint a guardian for the victim from the list of lawyers. (Sec. 48 Criminal Procedure Code)

Administrative cases

In the cases before administrative court, the plaintiff must be represented by a lawyer (except the cases specified by law, when the plaintiff does not have to be represented at all). This does not apply if the plaintiff, its employee or a member who acts on its behalf at the administrative court has a master degree in law.

As from January 1, 2022, the Supreme Administrative Court, which is competent to decide at the second instance on the remedy - cassation appeal against the first-instance decisions of the administrative courts, began its work. Therefore, in this table, the same applies to representation before the Supreme Administrative Court as it does to representation at the second instance.

149-0. If other than lawyers may represent a client in court, please specify who:

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil society organisation	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No
Family member	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No
Self-representation	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Trade union	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No
Other	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes	() Yes (X) No

Comments - If "other", please specify. In addition, for the categories selected please specify the types of cases concerned by this/these representation(s): Other - The Centre for Legal Aid (hereinafter only "the Centre") was created pursuant to the Act Nr. 327/2005 Coll. on the Provision of Legal Aid for People in Material Need (hereinafter only "the Act") as a state budgetary organization under the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic. If applicants meet the prescribed criteria for the award of legal aid, the Centre provides them with comprehensive legal aid, for example in the form of legal advice or representation before a court by a Centre in house lawyer or a lawyer (advokát) without charge to the applicant.

149-1. In addition to the functions of legal representation and legal advice, can a lawyer exercise other activities?

[] Notarial activity
[X] Arbitration / mediation
[X] Proxy / representation
[X] Property manager
[] Real estate agent

[X] Other (please specify):Registration of subjects to Register of Public Sector Partners, Contract on the property transfer authorization.

Comments

149-2. Professional lawyers may have the status of:

[X	[] Self-employed lawyer
[] Staff lawyer

[] In-nouse lawyer
Comments Licenced lawyers may only act as self-employed lawyers under the Act on the Legal Profession. Other law graduates may opt for working as in-house lawyers or staff lawyers, but this fields are not regulated in any way.
150. Is the lawyer profession organised through:
[X] a national bar association
[] a regional bar association
[] a local bar association
Comments
151. Is there a specific initial training and/or exam to enter the profession of lawyer?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - Please indicate if there are other specific requirements as regards diplomas or university degrees: The Master's degree in law of a law school in the Slovak Republic or a recognised university diploma if the Master's degree was awarded by a law school in a foreign country. If the applicant acquired first Bachelor degree and then Master degree, it is required that both degrees were awarded in the field of study of law.
152. Is there a mandatory general in-service professional training system for lawyers?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
153. Is the specialisation in some legal fields linked to specific training, levels of qualification, specific diploma or specific authorisations?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
F1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: The Slovak Bar Association
6.1.2Practicing the profession of lawyer
154. Can court users establish easily what the lawyers' fees will be (i.e. a prior information on the
foreseeable amount of fees)?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments

155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely
negotiated)?
[X] Yes, laws provide rules
[X] Yes, standards of the bar association provide rules
[] No, neither laws nor bar association standards provide rules
Comments
5.1.3Quality standards and disciplinary procedures for lawyers
157. Have quality standards been determined for lawyers?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, what are the quality criteria used? Quality criteria in the form of a code of conduct/rights and duties of a lawyer are formulated partly in the parliamentary Act on the Legal Profession and in more detail in the Rules of Professional Conduct adopted by the General Assembly of Lawyers and by-laws adopted by the Bar Association Presidency. Quality of knowledge is examined at the Bar exam that covers all the relevant areas. Every trainee is supervised by the lawyer-supervisor who is responsible for preparing the candidate for Bar exam.
158. If yes, who is responsible for formulating these quality standards:
[X] the bar association
[X] the Parliament
[] other (please specify):
Comments
159. Is it possible to file a complaint about:
[X] the performance of lawyers
[X] the amount of fees
Comments - Please specify:
160. Which authority is responsible for disciplinary procedures?
[] a judge
[] Ministry of Justice
[X] a professional authority
[] other (please specify):
Comments

161. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If a disciplinary proceeding is undertaken

Page 109 of 135

because of several reasons, please count the proceedings only once and for the main reason.)

	Number of disciplinary proceedings
Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4)$	81
, in the second	[] NA
	[] NAP
1. Breach of professional ethics	
1. Dreach of professional curies	[X] NA
	[]NAP
2 Professional inchasurant	
2. Professional inadequacy	[X] NA
	[]NAP
3. Criminal offence	
	[X]NA
	[] NAP
4. Other	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify: Total number of proceedings initiated in 2022 on the first instance.

162. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers.

	Number of sanctions
Total number of sanctions $(1+2+3+4+5)$	59
, , ,	[] NA [] NAP
1. Reprimand	17
	[] NA [] NAP
2. Suspension	2
	[] NA [] NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	0
	[]NAP
4. Fine	38
	[] NAP
5. Other	2 []NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons. Total number of proceedings initiated in 2022 on the first instance was 81. Only 69 of them were terminated in the reference year of 2022. In 10 cases the result was acquittal, number of sanctions pronounced was 59.

All of the sanctions pronounced in 2022 in the first instance proceedings were final. However, there are not kept statistical data on how many first instance decisions were appealed against. There is only available the total number of appellate proceedings in 2022.

7. Court related mediation and other alternative Dispute Resolution

7.1. Court related mediation

7.1.1 Details on court related mediation

[] Before/instead of going to court

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

free of charge?

163. Does the judicial system provide for court-related mediation procedures?

Comments - If there is mandatory mediation	n, please specify which	fields are concerned:		
63-2. In some fields, does the	legal system pro	vide for manda	tory informat	ive sessions with a
nediator?				
() Yes				
(X) No				
Comments - If there are mandatory informa	tive sessions, please sp	ecify which fields are	concerned:	
	_	•		•
64. Please specify, by type of	cases, who provi	ides court-relate	ed mediation s	services:
	Private mediator	Public authority (other than the court)	Judge	Public prosecutor
Civil and commercial cases	(X)Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Family cases	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X)No	(X) No	(X) No
Administrative cases	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
Training and To Cases	(X)No	() No	(X)No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Labour cases including employment	(X)Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
dismissals	() No	(X)No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Criminal cases	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
Consumer cases	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

165. Is there a possibility to receive legal aid for court-related mediation or receive these services

Page 111 of 135

163-1. In some fields, does the judicial system provide for mandatory mediation with a mediator?

[] Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

()	X) Yes
() No
Г	1 NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify: The Centre for Legal Aid that was created pursuant to the Act No. 327/2005 Coll. on the Provision on Legal Aid for People in Material Need as a state budgetary organization under the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic.



166. Number of accredited or registered mediators for court-related mediation:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of mediators	945		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

166-1. Could you please describe what are the requirements and what is the procedure to become an accredited or registered mediator in your country (educational requirements, working experiences, accrediting procedure etc.)?

- . The registered mediators have to meet the following criteria:
- 1.full legal capacity,
- 2.university degree (second level) earned in the Slovak republic or validated degree from a foreign university, 3.extract from the criminal record with no listed criminal conviction,
- 4.specific course regarding mediation, 5.no deletion from the register (except of deletion based on own request).

167. Number of court-related mediations:

	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Civil and commercial cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Family cases			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Administrative cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Labour cases including employment			
dismissal cases	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
uisiiiissai cases	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

5. Criminal cases	1 037	1 044		
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
6. Consumer cases				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
7. Other cases				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments -	Please	indicate	the	SOUTCE
Comments -	ricase	mulcate	uic	Source.

=

168. Do the following alternative dispute resolution	(ADR) methods exist in your country
--	-------------------------------------

- [X] Mediation other than court-related mediation
- [X] Arbitration
- [X] Conciliation (if different from mediation)
- [] Other ADR (please specify):

Comments

G1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

8.Enforcement of court decisions

8.1.Execution of decisions in civil matters

8.1.1 Number of enforcement agents, status and mandate

169. Number and type of enforcement agents in your country.

	Total	Male	Female	
Total (1+2+3+4)	251	170	81	
10tai (1+2+3+4)	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA	
1. Private professionals under the authority	251	170	81	
(control) of public authorities	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
(control) of public additionals	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
2. Enforcement agents working in a public				
institution (civil servants paid by state)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
institution (civil scriving para by succ)	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
3. Judges				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	

4. Other	[]NA []NA [X]NAP [X]NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Comments - If other, please specify their status and		[A]MI
170. What are the requirements to ac	ccess the profession of enforceme	ent agent (multiple replies
possible)?		
[X] diploma		
[X] professional experience		
[X] specific exam		
[X] appointment procedure by the State		
[X] initial training		
[] other		
Comments - If "other", please specify:		
171. Are enforcement agents appoin	ted to office for an undetermined	period (i.e. "for life" = unti
the official age of retirement)?		
(X) Yes, please indicate the age of retirement: I	NAP, it is changing according the sex and other	er indicators
() No, please specify the duration of the appoi	ntment:	
() No, please specify the duration of the appoint Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismi		
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismi	issal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify	
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus). 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competer.	issal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify 1CE	r: •
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus) 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competer 171-1. Which debtor's information of	issal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify 1CE	r: •
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismi	issal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify can the enforcement agent access	r: •
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus) 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competer 171-1. Which debtor's information of	issal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify 1CE	r: •
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus) 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competer 171-1. Which debtor's information of	issal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify can the enforcement agent access	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus). 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competer. 171-1. Which debtor's information competer. enforcement procedure?	issal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify can the enforcement agent access Access to information	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus). 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competer. 171-1. Which debtor's information competer. enforcement procedure?	can the enforcement agent access Access to information (X) Yes (No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus 1.2 Activities/scope of competer 171-1. Which debtor's information coefficient procedure? Address Date of birth	can the enforcement agent access Access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus). 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competer. 171-1. Which debtor's information of the enforcement procedure? Address	can the enforcement agent access Access to information (X) Yes (No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus of the state of	can the enforcement agent access Access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminstrated) 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competer of the compet	Access to information (X) Yes () No	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminus 1.2 Activities/scope of competer 1.71-1. Which debtor's information coefficient procedure? Address Date of birth Civil status	Access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminstrated) 3.1.2 Activities/scope of competer of the compet	Access to information (X) Yes () No	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminstrated) 3.1.2 Activities/scope of competer of the compet	Access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminstrated) 3.1.2 Activities/scope of competer of the compet	Access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) No	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. disminstrated) 3.1.2 Activities/scope of competer 171-1. Which debtor's information of the enforcement procedure? Address Date of birth Civil status Cohabitant Employer Motor vehicle	Access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No	at the beginning of the Direct electronic access to information (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No

Bank account	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	
	() No	() No	
Other enforcement proceedings underway	(X)Yes	(X)Yes	
	() No	() No	
Insolvency proceedings (bankruptcy, judicial	(X)Yes	(X)Yes	
reorganisation, collective debt settlement etc.)	() No	() No	
Other	() Yes	() Yes	
	(X)No	(X)No	

Comments - If "other", please specify:

171-2. Can the enforcement agent carry out the following civil enforcement proceedings:

	Option
Seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Preventive seizure of movable tangible properties	 () Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents (X) No [] NAP
Seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No []NAP
Preventive seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Seizure from a third party of the debtor claims regarding a sum of money	 () Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents (X) No [] NAP
Seizure of remunerations	() Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents (X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No []NAP

Seizure of motorised vehicles	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Eviction measures	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizures of boats and ships	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of aircrafts	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of electronic assets (e.g cryptocurrency)	() Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents (X) No
Enforced sale by public tender of seized properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Sale of shares	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Other	() Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No

Comments

171-3. Apart from the enforcement of court decisions, what are the other activities that can be

carried out by emorcement agents?
[X] Service of judicial and extrajudicial documents
[] Debt recovery
[] Voluntary or public auctions of moveable or immoveable property
[X] Custody of goods
[X] Recording and reporting of evidence
[] Court hearings service
[] Provision of legal advice
[] Bankruptcy procedures
[X] Performing tasks assigned by judges
[] Representing parties in courts
[] Drawing up private deeds and documents
[] Building manager
[] Other
Comments
8.1.3 Training and ICT
172-1. Is there a system of mandatory general continuous training for enforcement agents?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments
172-2. Do you have an e-learning training system established for enforcement agents?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-3. Does the content of the continuous training system also include ICT (related to enforcement
procedures)?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-4. Have an electronic service of documents or electronic notifications been introduced in your
country?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments

172-5. Does the development of new technologies have an effect on the different stages of the	
enforcement procedure?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - Please explain:	
8.1.4 Fees	•
174. Are enforcement fees easily established and transparent for parties?	
(X)Yes	
() No	
Comments	
175-1. Are the fees charged in case of successful enforcement proceedings freely negotiated?	
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments	
175-2. Who has to pay these fees if the enforcement proceedings are successful?	
[X] The debtor	
[] The creditor	
[] Other – please specify	
Comments	
176. Do laws provide any rules on enforcement fees (including those freely negotiated)?	
(X)Yes	
() No	
Comments	
H0. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part	
Source: Fees are determined according to ministerial decree No. 68/2017	
8.1.5 Organisation of profession and efficiency of enforcement services)
177. Is there a body entrusted with supervising and monitoring the enforcement agents' activity	?
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	

Page 118 of 135

178. Which authority is responsible for supervising and monitoring	ng enforcement agents?
[X] professional body	
[X] judge	
[X] Ministry of Justice	
[] public prosecutor	
[] other (please specify):	
Comments	
181. Is there a specific mechanism for executing court decisions r	rendered against public
authorities, including supervising such execution?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - If yes, please specify: Law provides that specific state property cannot be a subnecessary for the fulfilment of state tasks or for public benefit purpose can be excluded. The There are also peculiarities in the execution against medical facilities.	
182. Is there a system for monitoring how the enforcement proceed	dure is conducted by the
enforcement agent?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - If yes, please specify: The enforcement agent reports to the creditors within the the enforcement agent a binding instruction how to conduct the execution.	e statutory deadlines. The court may impose
183. What are the main complaints made by users concerning the	enforcement procedure? Please
indicate a maximum of 3.	
[] no execution at all	
[] non execution of court decisions against public authorities	
[] lack of information	
[X] excessive length	
[X] unlawful practices	
[] insufficient supervision	
[X] excessive cost	
[] unethical behaviour of enforcement agent	
[] other (please specify):	
Comments	
185. Is there a system measuring the length of enforcement proce	dures:
Ī	Existence of the system
L	

for civil cases	(X) Yes
	() No
for administrative cases	(X)Yes
	() No

186. Regarding a decision on debt collection, please estimate the average timeframe to serve and/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the city where the court sits (one option only):

	[X]NA
() more (please specify):
() between 11 and 30 days
() between 6 and 10 days
() between 1 and 5 days

Comments

187. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against enforcement agents. (If a disciplinary proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please count the proceedings only once and for the main reason.)

	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated
Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)	26
	[] NA [] NAP
1. For breach of professional ethics	0
	[] NA [] NAP
2. For professional inadequacy	26
	[] NA [] NAP
3. For criminal offence	0
	[] NA [] NAP
4. Other	0
	[]NA []NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

188. Number of sanctions pronounced against enforcement agents:

	Number of sanctions pronounced
Total number of sanctions (1+2+3+4+5)	21 []NA
1. Reprimand	5 []NA []NAP

2. Suspension	0
	[] NA
3. Withdrawal from cases	[] NAP
3. Withdrawai from cases	[X] NA
4. Fine	[] NAP 16
4. I'me	[] NA
5. Other	[] NAP 0
3. Onlo	[] NA [] NAP
Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between the sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons: H1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions.	
Source: Slovak Chamber of Executors, The Supreme Administrative C Regarding question no. 188, the main reason why there is a difference b of sanctions is the fact that in three cases the accused enforcement agent and in one case the appeal has been lodged by the enforcement agent.	between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the num
8.2.Execution of decisions in criminal matters	
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of	of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible)	of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge	of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor	of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services	of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services [X] Enforcement agent	
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services	
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services [X] Enforcement agent [] Other authority (please specify):	onitoring functions).
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services [X] Enforcement agent [] Other authority (please specify):	onitoring functions).
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services [X] Enforcement agent [] Other authority (please specify):	onitoring functions).
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [Y] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services [X] Enforcement agent [Y] Other authority (please specify): Comments - Please specify his/her functions and duties (e.g. initiative or most of the effective recovery rates of fines decided to (Yes)	onitoring functions).
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services [X] Enforcement agent [] Other authority (please specify):	onitoring functions).
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters 189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of replies possible) [X] Judge [] Public prosecutor [X] Prison and Probation Services [X] Enforcement agent [] Other authority (please specify):	onitoring functions).

9. Notaries

9.1. Profession of notary

9.1.1Number, status and mandate of notaries

192. Number and status of notaries in your country.

	Total	Males	Females	
TOTAL (1+2+3+4)	311	97	214	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Private professionals (without control from				
public authorities)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
public audiorities)	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
2. Holders of public offices appointed by the	311	97	214	
State	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
State	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3.Civil servants (paid by the State)				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
4. Other				
i. Calor	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	

Comments - If "Other", please specify the status, or if "holder of a public office appointed by the State", please indicate which ministry is mainly engaged in the appointment procedure: Ministry of Justice of the Slovak republic.

192-1. What are the access conditions to the profession of notary (multiple replies possible):

- [X] diploma
- [X] professional experience
- [X] specific exam
- [X] appointment procedure by the State
- [] initial training
- [X] other (please specify): A notary shall be commissioned by the Minister of Justice on the basis of candidate selection results. The candidate selection procedure consists of written and oral part and is initiated and conducted by the Chamber of notaries (in the presence of ministry representatives) and the results are communicated to Minister of Justice

Comments

192-2. Are notaries appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)?

ĮΛ	j yes,	piease	maicate	the age	01	retirement.o/	
----	--------	--------	---------	---------	----	---------------	--

[] no, please specify the duration of the appointment:

Comments - are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify: The Minister shall remove a notary from the

office:

- at the notary's request,
- if the notary has lost the citizenship of a Member State of the European Union or another state party to the Agreement on the European Economic Area,
- if the notary is subject to the deprivation or restriction of legal capacity by virtue of a final court order,
- if a judgement has become final convicting the notary of an intentional criminal offence, or a criminal offence concerned with his or her activity as a notary,
- in result of a disciplinary measure of dismissal,
- if the notary's professional liability policy expired or was terminated and the notary has failed to renew the policy upon the Chamber's demand within the time limit determined by the Chamber,
- if the notary has failed to establish an office and commence the activities as a notary in his or her designated seat within three months from the taking of the oath without serious reasons,
- if, based on a medical statement, the notary's health condition does not allow him or her to continuously pursue the activities as a notary and a court order to that effect has been issued at the Chamber's petition.

9.1.2 Activities/scope of competences

194. What kind of activities do notaries perform (multiple options possible)?

	Please select one option
Authentication	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries (X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries () No
Certification of signatures	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries (X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries () No
Mediation	 () Yes, exclusively performed by notaries (X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries () No [] NAP
Taking of oaths	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries () Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries (X) No [] NAP
Non-contentious judicial procedures (e.g. acting as court commissioner in a successions file, performing divorce, division of estate, please specify)	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries () Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries () No

Act as civil servant (for example performing marriage, please specify)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	(X) No
	[] NAP
Other judicial functions (for example, payment orders)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	(X) No
	[] NAP
rublic auctions	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP
Other (for example collect taxes, run registers etc.)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP

lso be performed by municipal offices, except for authentication and certification of signatures to be used abroad.

Mediation can be performed by Slovak notaries as other, voluntary activity.

Non-contentious judicial procedures (e.g. acting as court commissioner in a successions file, performing divorce, division of estate, please specify) - according to Slovak Civil Non-Dispute Code, notaries act as court commissioner in a successions file, in the judicial process of cancellation of deeds.

Chamber of Notaries of Slovak Republic runs registers e.g. Notarial Central Register of Pledges, Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Auctions, Notarial Central Register of Instruments or Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities.

194-2. In which areas of law do notaries perform their activities (multiple replies possible)?

[[X] Real estate transaction
[[X] Family law
[[X] Succession law
[[X] Company law
[Legality control of gambling activities
[[X] Protection of vulnerable persons
[[X] Other

Comments Other - Civil law (e.g. various registration rights relating to pledge and drafting of relevant documentation, tax law registration of designated legal entities entitled to tax share)

9.1.3 ICT, organisation of the profession and training

194-3. Do notaries use specialised ICT systems in their activity?

[X] In their relations with other notaries (e.g. video		
Comments		
194-4. Which computerised registries	can notaries consult?	
[X] Land registry		
[X] Business registry		
[X] Civil status / Population registry		
[X] Succession / Family law registry		
[X] Any other registry (please specify)e.g. register ealth insurance companies and social security authority		edges, registers maintained by public
[] None		
Comments		
194-5. Are there registries/ registry inf	rastructures run by the notarie	s?
(X) Yes		
() No		
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities.	tral Register of Auctions, Notarial Central	Register of Instruments or Notarial
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie	tral Register of Auctions, Notarial Central	Register of Instruments or Notarial ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie an online request)?	es can notaries modify data (eignored) Directly modifying	ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie	es can notaries modify data (eignorm) Directly modifying () Yes	Register of Instruments or Notarial ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie on online request)?	es can notaries modify data (eignored) Directly modifying	ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie on online request)?	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes	Register of Instruments or Notarial ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes (No) No No NAP (X) Yes
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie an online request)? Land registry	cs can notaries modify data (eignorm) Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP	Register of Instruments or Notarial ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie an online request)? Land registry	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No	Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP (X) Yes () No
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie an online request)? Land registry Business registry	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No	Register of Instruments or Notarial ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP (X) Yes () No [] NAP (X) Yes () No
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie an online request)? Land registry Business registry Civil status/ Population registry	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP (() Yes (X) No [] NAP (() Yes	Indirectly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP (X) Yes () No [] NAP (X) Yes
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie on online request)? Land registry Business registry	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP	Register of Instruments or Notarial ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP (X) Yes () No
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie an online request)? Land registry Business registry Civil status/ Population registry Succession / Family law registry	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP	Register of Instruments or Notarial ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie an online request)? Land registry Business registry Civil status/ Population registry	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP	Register of Instruments or Notarial ther directly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP (X) Yes () No
Business registry Civil status/ Population registry Succession / Family law registry	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP (X) Yes () No [] NAP (() Yes	Indirectly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes
Notarial Central Register of Testaments, Notarial Central Register of Designated Legal Entities. 194-6. In which computerised registrie an online request)? Land registry Business registry Civil status/ Population registry Succession / Family law registry	Directly modifying () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP () Yes (X) No [] NAP (X) Yes () No [] NAP () Yes (X) No	Indirectly or by submitting Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request (X) Yes () No [] NAP (Yes (X) No [] NAP (Yes (X) No

[X] In their relations with the State (e.g. courts, registries, chambers of commerce, tax authorities)

[X] In their relations with their clients

=

194-7. What ICT tools are used by notaries	in their relations v	vith clients?
[X] Videoconferencing (e.g. digital advice)		
[] Digital act		
[X] Digital identification		
[X] Digital archiving		
[] Other, please specify		
[] None		
Comments		
194-8. Who is responsible to run the digital	archives?	
[X] Notariat / Professional body		
[] Other public authority		
[] Another entity (please specify)		
Comments		
195. Is there an authority entrusted with sur	pervising and moni	itoring the notaries' work?
(X)Yes		
() No		
Comments		
196. If yes, which authority is responsib	le for supervising	and monitoring notaries (multiple
options possible)?		•
[X] professional body		
[X] court		
[X] Ministry of Justice		
[] public prosecutor		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
196-1. Is there a system of general continuo	ous training for all	notaries?
(X)Yes		
() No		
Comments		
196-2. Do notaries have training on:		
170 2. Do nomics have naming on.	Yes	No
	I I CS	LING

European law	(X)	()
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)	()	(X)
Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional course Mostly e-learning and webinar. The major topics vary according to cross-border execution of evidence and delivery of documents.	=	
I1. Please indicate the sources for answering th	e questions in thi	s part
Sources: The Notary Chamber of the Slovak republic		
O.Judicial experts		
0.1.Profession of judicial expert		
10.1.1Status of judicial experts		
202. In your system, what types of judicial exp	erts can participa	te in judicial procedures (multipl
replies possible):		
[X] Experts designated by the parties in support of their argum	nents but bound by a du	y of independence and impartiality to the cou
[X] Experts appointed by the court or other authority independ	dent of the parties	
[] Other system of judicial expertise, please specify		
Comments - Please specify who is proposing and appointing experts the institution that is responsible for administrating the list of justice believed by one of the parties. If there is no judicial expert register perform the expertise, then the court can appoint a judicial expert	ndicial experts. An experted in the list or if it is n	t from the list can be appointed by the court of
202-1. Are there lists or any other form of office	cial registration fo	or judicial experts?
(X)Yes	-	- -
() No		
Comments		
202-1-1. If yes, at which level is the list est	ablished (multiple	e replies possible):
[X] national	· -	·
[] administrative district or federal entity		
[] judicial district		
[] other		
Comments - Please, indicate any other comment regarding these loath? How are his/her skills evaluated? By whom?): The judicial full legal capacity,	-	

specific short-term course aimed at the legal norms regulating the profession of judicial experts, at least seven years of experience in the relevant field of expertise (wholly after earning a degree),
specific exam organised by the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic or by a delegated subject,
specific long-term course aimed at the legal norms regulating the profession of judicial experts and at the relevant section or subsection of
the list (required only for selected sections and subsections), necessary material equipment, no deletion from the list during last three years due to administrative delict as the judicial expert and no ongoing ban due to administrative delict as the judicial expert, oath of the judicial expert.
There are some specific rules regarding the enrolment of experts that are judicial experts abroad (EU member states or EEA member states). These experts are also obliged to take part in specific exam organised by the Ministry of Justice of the Slovak Republic or by a delegated subject, but they are not obliged to fulfil other general requirements. Foreign judicial experts are authorised to conduct the activity without registration as well, but only if it is on the occasional basis. There are also registered expert organisations and expert
institutes.
202-1-2. Are these lists publicly available?
(X) Yes, available on the internet
() Yes
() No
Comments
202-2. Which authority is competent for the registration of judicial experts?
[X] Ministry of justice
[] Courts
[] Administrative body
[] Independent body (association of judicial experts)
[] Other
Comments - Please also specify the registration criteria:
202-3. Is the registration of judicial experts limited in time?
() Yes, for how long
(X) No
Comments
202-4. Can an expert who is not on the list or not registered be appointed in a case?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment - If yes, please specify in which cases: If there is no judicial expert registered in the list or if it is not possible for any registered judicial expert to perform the expertise, then the court can appoint a judicial expert on an ad hoc basis.
203. Is the title of judicial experts protected?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If appropriate, please explain the meaning of this protection: Already answered above (question no. 202-1-1).

extract from the criminal record with no listed criminal conviction,

corresponding education (university degree, if possible),

203-1. Does the judicial expert have an obligation of training?

	Obligation of training
Initial training	(X) Yes () No
Continuous training	(X) Yes

Comments

203-2.	If y	es,	does	this	training	concern:

[X] judicial proceedings

[X] the profession of expert

[] other

Comments

=

204. Is the function of judicial experts regulated by legal norms?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

204-1. On the occasion of a task entrusted to him/her, does the judicial expert have to report any potential conflicts of interest?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments - If yes, please specify: The judicial expert is excluded, when he/she can be perceived as not impartial because of his/her relation to the subject matter of the dispute, the appointing person or any other person somehow related to the case.

205. Number of accredited or registered judicial experts:

	Total	Males	Females	
Number of experts	3 044			
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments

206-1. Number of cases where an expert opinion was ordered by a judge or requested by the parties

	Number of cases
Total (1+2+3+4)	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP

1.Civil and commercial litigious cases	
, and the second	[X] NA
	[] NAP
2.Administrative cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
3.Criminal cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
4.Other cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP

Comments

205-1. Who defines the amount of the expert remuneration?

	In civil/administrative cases	In criminal cases
Defined by law/by-law or a special regulation	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Defined by the court/judge	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Defined by the Ministry of Justice or another ministry (setting a tariff for example)	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Salary of public official (in case of forensic or another specialist – who is public employee)	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Freely agreed between expert and the parties	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Other	() Yes (X) No [] NAP	() Yes (X) No []NAP

Comments - If other, please specify: The amount of the expert remuneration is set as a tariff, when the judicial expert is appointed by the court (or by other public authority). In other cases, the amount of the expert remuneration is usually agreed between the judicial expert and the party.

206. Are there binding provisions for judicial experts regarding:

	Yes	No
Deadlines to provide expertise	(X)	()
Quality of expertise	(X)	()
Other	()	(X)

[]NAP

time limit is specifically designated by the court decision or by the agreement between the judicial expert and the party.
207-1. Does the judge or another body control the progress of the expertise?
() Yes
(X) No
If yes, please specify:
207-2. Are judicial experts' associations involved in:
[] Selection processes
[X] Initial or continuous training
[] Disciplinary procedures
Comments
K1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: Ministry of Justice
1.Reforms in judiciary
11.1.Foreseen reforms
11.1.1Reforms
208. Can you provide information on the current debate in your country regarding the functioning of justice? Are there undergoing or foreseen reforms? If possible, please observe the following categories:
208-1. (Comprehensive) reform plans
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[] NA
[] NA Comments - If yes, please specify: Judicial map reform -
[] NA Comments - If yes, please specify: Judicial map reform - legal framework in two regulations:
[] NA Comments - If yes, please specify: Judicial map reform -

Comments - If yes, please specify, and provide details in case there are possible sanctions: The expertise must be delivered in time, the

[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-3. Courts and public prosecution services (e.g. powers and organisation, structural changes -
e.g. reduction of the number of courts (geographic locations), competences of the courts,
management and working methods, information technologies, backlogs and efficiency, court fees,
renovations and construction of new buildings)
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Judicial map reform - legal framework in two regulations: https://www.slov-lex.sk/pravne-predpisy/SK/ZZ/2022/150/20230601 https://www.slov-lex.sk/pravne-predpisy/SK/ZZ/2022/151/20230601
208-4. Access to justice and legal aid
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-5. High Judicial Council (competent for judges and/or prosecutors)
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-6. Legal professionals (judges, public prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, enforcement agents,
etc.): organisation, education and training, etc.
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)

[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-7. Gender equality
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-8. Reforms regarding civil, criminal and administrative laws, international conventions and
cooperation activities
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Planned in criminal law Extract from news; the link for the amendment of the criminal law https://www.justice.gov.sk/tlacovespravy/tlacova-sprava-3780/ https://www.justice.gov.sk/tlacovespravy/reforma-trestnej-politiky-napreduje-pracami-na-zmenach-v-trestnom-poriadku/ https://www.slov-lex.sk/-/novela-trestneho-zakona-v-mpk-do-14-3-2023
208-9. Enforcement of court decisions and in particular regarding decisions against public
authorities
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-10. Mediation and other Alternative Dispute Resolution
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:

Page 133 of 135

208-11. Fight against crime
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-12. Prison system
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[]NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-13. Child friendly justice
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-14. Domestic violence
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-15. New information and communication technologies
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:

208-16. Other

] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[]	X] No
[] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: