THE CONGRESS OF LOCAL AND REGIONAL AUTHORITIES

Resolution 447 (2019)¹ Revision of the Congress Rules and Procedures

1. The rapporteurs on the Rules and Procedures of the Congress of Local and Regional Authorities of the Council of Europe propose several modifications aimed at improving the clarity and transparency of the Rules and Procedures.

2. The Congress adopts the proposed changes to the Rules and Procedures, as appended, which will be incorporated into the Rules and Procedures of the Congress and enter into effect immediately after adoption.

Appendix – Revisions of the Congress Rules and Procedures

Definitions

"representative" means a delegate nominated as a representative (as opposed to "substitute") by a member State in its national delegation. A representative is a full member of the plenary, of a chamber and of a committee;

Chapter II – Membership of the Congress and its chambers

Rule 1 – Appointment of national delegations

2. The Bureau of the Congress must examine each official procedure (or modification) submitted to the Secretary General of the Council of Europe and must report to the Congress, in the resolution on verification of credentials and official procedures, as to whether it meets the requirements set out in Articles [...] of the Charter as well as in these Rules.

Rule 3 – Term of office and general qualifications for membership

(new 4.) The partial renewal of a delegation must reflect the latest election results at the relevant local or regional level in accordance with Rule 3.7. These results should be communicated to the Congress secretariat at the same time as the list of new members. Members who have not lost their domestic mandate remain members of the Congress.

6. Where a member State wishes to nominate a delegate who does not hold a specific local or regional authority mandate resulting from direct elections but who is politically responsible to a directly elected assembly and who can be individually dismissed, it must bring this to the attention of the Secretary General of the Congress and must specify the offices and conditions of dismissal of the delegate concerned. In order to be accepted, each mandate must be included in the reference list of mandates. This is the list of all local and regional mandates which are considered to be in accordance with the Congress' rules on delegations and is regularly updated by the Bureau of the Congress. [...]

Rule 5 – Representatives and substitutes

[Paragraph 6 is deleted.]

Rule 8 – Honorary membership

1. Upon request by a member of the Bureau of the Congress, a head of a national delegation or a president of a political group, the Bureau may confer the title of honorary member upon former delegates to the Congress or its predecessor bodies who have shown outstanding commitment to the Congress and have been:

a. President of the Congress or president of a chamber; or

b. Vice-President of the Congress for at least two full mandates; or

c. chair of a committee or president of a political group or for at least two full mandates; or

d. a member for at least fifteen years (not necessarily consecutively).

(new 2.) Upon proposal of the President of the Congress and the presidents of the two chambers, the Bureau may confer the title of honorary member upon a former delegate who has served for at least one mandate and in that time has made an exceptional contribution to the Congress.

Chapter V – Presidency of the Congress and chambers

Rule 14 – Entitlement to stand for presidencies and vice-presidencies

1. Candidates for the posts of President of the Congress or president or vice-presidents of either chamber must be representatives to the Congress. Substitutes may not be candidates for these posts.

Rule 15 – Election procedures

6. Where there is more than one candidate, the Congress or chamber votes by secret ballot which may be held electronically. In the case of a non-electronic secret ballot, two tellers per ballot box, chosen by lot, are to observe the counting of the votes cast. If no candidate receives more than half of the votes cast, an additional round or rounds shall take place until one candidate has obtained more than half of the votes cast. At each round the candidate who has received the least number of votes shall be eliminated. In the event of a tie between several candidates in the final round, lots shall be drawn.

9. If more than one representative from the same national delegation is a candidate to be vice-president of the same chamber, only the representative with the highest number of votes can be declared elected. In the event of a tie between several candidates, lots shall be drawn.

Rule 16 – Term of office

(new 5.) An outgoing President of the Congress can participate in the Bureau and Statutory Forum, without voting rights, during the Bureau mandate which immediately follows his or her term of office.

6. Where there is more than one vacant position of vicepresident to be filled in the same chamber, election takes place in accordance with Rule 15.6. In the event of a tie between several candidates in the final round, lots shall be drawn.

Chapter VI – Bureaux of the Congress and chambers

Rule 18 – Constitution of the bureaux

1. No member of the Bureau of the Congress may at the same time:

a. be the president or the 1st vice-president of a political group;

b. be a chair or 1st vice-chair of a committee; or

c. act as rapporteur or head of a delegation during election observation exercises.

3. The outgoing President of the Congress, the presidents of the political groups and the chairs of the committees participate in the meetings of the Bureau of the Congress without voting rights. Chairs of committees may be replaced at such meetings by the 1st vice-chair of the committee concerned. Presidents of political groups may be replaced by their 1st vice-president, subject to the limitation set forth in Rule 12.4.

Rule 19 – Bureau procedure

3. The secretariat of the Congress draws up the agendas which are submitted to the bureaux for adoption. The draft agenda of a bureau meeting and all documents related to items on the agenda must be made available to participants in the bureau at least seven days before the date of the meeting. An item may be considered if this deadline has not been met, provided that more than half of the members of the bureau present agree.

7. Except for the President and the chamber presidents, who may be accompanied by two advisors, Bureau members and participants² may be accompanied to bureaux meetings by no more than one advisor who must not be under the authority of any national government for the purposes of this work. If a Bureau member or participant is unable to participate in a meeting, their advisor may attend the meeting without the right to speak.

(new Rule 21) – Appointment and duties of Bureau rapporteurs

The Bureau must appoint, from among its members, two co-rapporteurs for each report it wishes to bring before the Congress for examination. Rule 54 applies to these rapporteurs.

Chapter VIII – Procedure during sessions

Rule 23 - Agreement of agenda

1. The Bureau of the Congress, upon the proposal of a draft drawn up by the secretariat, approves a draft agenda for each session, co-ordinating the chambers' sittings in accordance with Article 9 of the Charter.

(new 6.) Reports under Rules 24.3, 102.2 and 103.1 must be included on the agenda and made available to delegates at least 30 days before the first sitting of the session at which they are to be considered.

Rule 30 - Speaking arrangements

5. The order of deliberations in the debate on a draft text is: presentation by the rapporteur or co-rapporteurs, opening of the debate to the floor, reply of rapporteur or corapporteurs to the debate, closure of the debate (and vote on amendments, if any, followed by vote on the text, possibly amended).

- 6. Speaking time for delegates is limited as follows:
- *a*. single rapporteurs presenting reports: 10 minutes;
- b. co-rapporteurs presenting reports: 6 minutes each;
- c. single rapporteurs replying to debates: 5 minutes;
- d. co-rapporteurs replying to debates: 3 minutes each;

e. chairs of committees replying to debates (at their request): 3 minutes;

f. other speakers (except on personal statements; on setting the agenda; on any procedural question or on amendments): 3 minutes;

g. speakers on personal statements; on setting the agenda; on any procedural question or on amendments or sub-amendments: 1 minute.

7. Depending on the available time, the president may decide that speaking time will be reduced or that not all those who have entered their name on the speakers' list may speak. In case not all speakers may speak, the president should allocate the speaking time according to a fixed procedure that reflects the size of political groups and national delegations in a fair manner.

Rule 31 - Voting arrangements

2. [...] Votes are decided by electronic voting or, if this is not possible:

c. by roll-call, if one sixth of the delegates present and entitled to vote request this, or the president so decides (if necessary, having ascertained whether a quorum is present).

Rule 33³ – Quorum

1. Business may be transacted whatever the number of delegates present who are entitled to vote, but a vote by standing or by roll call is not valid unless one sixth of those present and entitled to vote take part.

Rule 34⁴ – Amendments and sub-amendments

11. During the course of a debate, oral amendments as an alternative to previously tabled amendments may only be proposed by the rapporteur(s). During examination of the oral amendment only the following may speak: one rapporteur and one speaker against.

Rule 40 – Provisional President

1. When a President of the Congress is to be elected at a session which is not a renewal session, the outgoing President presides until the results of the election have been announced.⁵

5. A provisional president must leave the chair as soon as the results have been announced and the newly elected president is ready to preside.

Chapter X – Committees

Rule 43 - Constitution and role of committees

2. The terms of reference detailing the responsibilities and role of these committees must be approved by the Bureau and adopted by the Congress. The work programme of each committee must be adopted by the Bureau.

Rule 44 – Setting up of other committees

2. The terms of reference detailing the responsibilities and role of such committees must be approved by the Bureau and adopted by the Congress. The work programme of these committees must be adopted by the Bureau.

Rule 46 – Membership of committees

2. A representative may be assigned a seat on only one committee, except in the case of national delegations where the number of representatives is less than the number of committees. The appointments shall be notified to the Congress secretariat by the head or secretary of the national delegation.

3. Where a delegation does not assign representatives to committees, individual representatives of the delegation may ask the President of the Congress for permission to participate as a representative on an ad hoc basis in a committee of their choice until such time as their national delegation has distributed its seats on the committees.

4. Each national delegation must assign substitutes to replace the representatives for each committee. The number of substitutes so assigned must be the same as the number of representatives which that delegation appoints to the committee. A substitute in a delegation may be assigned as a substitute to only one committee, except in the case of national delegations where the number of representatives is less than the number of committees.

5. If a representative of a committee is not able to attend a meeting of a committee, he or she must notify the secretariat of his or her national delegation, who must:

a. appoint one of the committee's substitutes for the whole of the meeting; and

b. immediately inform the committee secretariat.

6. The substitute:

a. must come from the same national delegation;

b. exercises the same powers as the representative he or she replaces for the period of the replacement (except that if he or she replaces the chair or vice-chair of a committee, he or she may not perform any of the functions exercised by the chair or vice-chair by virtue of those offices).

7. All representatives of a committee may participate in all committee proceedings and have unrestricted voting rights.

Rule 47 – Election of chairs and vice-chairs of committees

1. Every committee must elect from among its representatives a chair, as well as a 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th vice-chair.

(new 2.) These elections must take place during the opening sitting of a renewal session, and at the opening sitting of the session taking place two years after a renewal session. Every representative of the committee, or duly mandated substitute, is entitled to vote in these elections.

2. Nominations for the elections provided for under Rule 47.1 must be sent to the secretary of the committee not later than 18.00 on the day before the meeting at which the election is to take place.

(new 5.) The committee shall first vote for its chair, by a secret, uninominal ballot (which may be held electronically) and, immediately after this election, shall vote for its 1st vice-chair under the same procedure.

4. Where there is only one candidate for chair or 1st vicechair, he or she is declared chair or 1st vice-chair without proceeding to a ballot, unless a ballot is requested by at least 10 representatives from at least 4 national delegations or their duly designated substitutes in accordance with Rule 46.4. Where a ballot is requested, it shall be held immediately, be secret and provide for votes in favour, votes against and abstentions.

5. Where there is more than one candidate, vote takes place by secret ballot, which may be held electronically. In the case of a non-electronic secret ballot, two tellers per ballot box, chosen by lot, are to observe the counting of the votes cast. If no candidate receives more than half of the votes cast, an additional round or rounds shall take place until one candidate has obtained more than half of the votes cast. At each round the candidate who has received the least number of votes shall be eliminated. In the event of a tie between several candidates in the final round, lots shall be drawn.

7. As soon as a committee has elected its 1st vice-chair, it must elect its remaining four vice-chairs by secret ballot. An election must take place even if there are fewer than four candidates. A committee member may vote for up to four candidates but must vote for at least three, using a single ballot paper. The four remaining vice-chairs are to be declared elected in order of precedence according to the number of votes each receives, except that no candidate may be declared elected as 4th or 5th vice-chair if four persons of

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the same gender as that candidate have already been elected as chair or vice-chairs of that committee.

10. No chair or 1st vice-chair of a committee may at the same time:

a. be a member of the Bureau of the Congress;

b. be the president of a political group; or

c. act as rapporteur in a monitoring exercise or as head of delegation for an election observation exercise.

Rule 49 - Time, frequency and nature of meetings

3. Committee meetings are public, though the committees may decide, on a case-by-case basis, whether a meeting or part of it is to be held *in camera*. Committees may hold hearings which are open to all members, the public and the press.

Rule 52 - Voting and quorum

2. The quorum of a committee is one sixth of the number of representatives present.

Rule 53 – Procedure

3. When the chair of a committee is to be elected at a nonrenewal session, the outgoing chair presides until the results have been announced and the newly elected chair is ready to preside (see Rule 40.1).

4. Until the chair of a committee is elected during a renewal session, the duties of the chair are discharged by the oldest representative present, and no discussion may take place unless it is concerned with the election of the chair.

Rule 54 - Appointment and duties of rapporteurs

1. [...] Co-rapporteurs appointed for thematic reports, where it is necessary to reflect both the local and regional dimensions of the issue, should, as far as possible, be from:

a. different chambers;

b. different national delegations.

3. Any representative of a committee, or substitute duly assigned to that committee, may present his or her candidature for the position of rapporteur on a given subject to the secretariat of the committee for the attention of the chair. The chair of the committee shall verify the conformity of the candidates' profile to ensure that there is a fair distribution of rapporteurships between the two chambers, the political groups and non-affiliated members, genders and national delegations. The chair shall notify the committee of the appointments at its next meeting.

(new 4.) Upon express derogation by the chair of the committee, a representative who is not a member of the committee may be appointed rapporteur.

7. A rapporteur is responsible for the preparation and presentation of his or her report for approval by the committee and for adoption by the Congress or a chamber, or the Statutory Forum between two sessions.

Rule 55 – Reports from committees

1. The terms of reference of all reports to be prepared by a committee, with the exception of reports following election observation, electoral assessment missions or fact-finding missions, shall be agreed upon by the committee prior to presentation to the Bureau of the Congress for its approval. The terms of reference shall specify whether the report is for adoption or for information and whether it will be examined in the plenary or the chambers.

(new 2.) Terms of reference shall also include the political objective, the relevance to the priorities of the Council of Europe and the Congress, the proposed follow-up after adoption or approval, as well as the timeline and implementation requirements of the report.

2. The final report of a committee must comprise one or more draft texts and an explanatory memorandum, except in the case of reports provided for under Rule 55.9.

7. Committees may present information or interim reports which do not contain a draft text for the attention of the Congress or a chamber.

Rule 56 – Common positions

4. It is for the Bureau, or for the three presidents as provided for under Rule 19.6, to decide whether the common position is to be included in the draft agenda of the Congress or of a chamber as a draft declaration.

Rule 58 – Applicability of committee rules

Rules 46 to 55, which apply to committees, also apply to working groups. However, a working group does not elect vice-chairs; in the absence of its chair, it may appoint another member of the working group to chair it for that meeting.

Chapter XII - Congress thematic spokespersons

Rule 59 – Appointment and role

(new 2.) Bureau members may not be thematic spokespersons.

Chapter XIII – Code of conduct of Congress members⁶

Rule 64 - Type of sanctions or disciplinary action

2. [...]

a. Temporary sanctions

Deprivation of the right to: [...]

- stand as a candidate for President of the Congress or president or vice-president of a chamber or for chair or vice-chair of a committee;

Chapter XV – Special status

Rule 67 – Special guest delegations

1. The Congress may, on request, grant special guest status to delegations from local and regional authorities in European non-member States.

2. Any request for special guest status must be made in writing and sent, no later than three months before a Congress session, to the President, who must submit this request to the Bureau of the Congress. The formal request must:

a. contain an explicit reference to the aspirations of the applicants to uphold, respect and promote at all levels of government the values and principles of the Council of Europe, and a commitment to base the activity of their delegation on the principles of the European Code of Conduct for all Persons Involved in Local and Regional Governance and of the Code of Conduct of Congress members; and

b. stipulate the procedure for consulting associations of local and/or regional associations in the process of appointing members of the delegation.

4. With regard to the composition of a special guest delegation:

a. the number of seats is laid down by the Bureau of the Congress on a case-by-case basis;

b. it consists of representatives and substitutes holding a local or regional mandate in accordance with Article 2 of the Charter;

c. it respects, as far as possible, the principles laid down in the Charter and the Congress' Rules and Procedures, in particular with regard to equitable geographic and political representation and gender provisions (at least one representative of the under-represented sex should be included among the representatives and one among the substitutes);

Rule 68 – Partner for Local Democracy status

4. The formal request shall contain an explicit reference to the aspirations of the applicants to uphold, respect and promote at all levels of government the values and principles of the Council of Europe, and a commitment to: [...]

c. base the activity of their delegation on the principles of the European Code of Conduct for all Persons Involved in Local and Regional Governance and on the Code of Conduct of Congress members;

9. The forms and conditions of participation of delegations with Partner for Local Democracy status in the work of the Congress and of its chambers and committees are as follows:

a. members may sit in all sessions of the Congress or its chambers and in meetings of the Statutory Forum, without the right to vote. Representatives or, in their absence, substitutes may speak subject to the president's consent. They may not table amendments but may table proposals as well as memoranda, though their names shall not be taken into account when counting the number of signatures required.

They may, at their own expense, submit documents relating to the different items on the Congress agenda;

b. members may participate in all committee meetings without the right to vote. Representatives or, in their absence, substitutes may speak with the authorisation of the committee chair and may make proposals concerning the draft agenda;

Chapter XVI – Other types of partnership⁷

Rule 70 – Granting, renewing, suspending or withdrawing partnership status

2. Partnership status is granted for a renewable period of five years. After the first five-year period the status is automatically renewed unless it has come to the Bureau's attention that this status should be suspended or withdrawn.

Rule 75 – Guest Observers

1. The Bureau of the Congress may, on an ad hoc basis, take a decision to grant "guest observer" status, for a renewable period of five years, to associations representing local and/ or regional authorities from territories without a national delegation to the Congress, or who are non-European, and which do not fulfil the criteria set out in Rules 72-74. After the first five-year period, the status is automatically renewed unless it has come to the Bureau's attention that this status should be suspended or withdrawn.

Chapter XVII – Organisation of the monitoring procedures of the Congress

Rule 78 - General provisions

1. The rules under this chapter define the arrangements for organising procedures for monitoring the commitments of Council of Europe member States which have signed and ratified the European Charter of Local Self-Government (ETS No. 122) with the aim of achieving the objective set forth in the aforementioned resolution.

3. The Monitoring Committee shall submit to the Bureau of the Congress for adoption its work programme containing, in particular, the timetable of visits to monitor the application of the Charter.

Rule 80 - Composition of a monitoring delegation

1. A monitoring delegation shall comprise two rapporteurs, either one from the Chamber of Local Authorities and one from the Chamber of Regions [...] or two from the Chamber of Local Authorities as appropriate, as well as one consultant, and one or more members of the Congress secretariat. The delegation is generally accompanied by interpreters to facilitate communication between speakers of the language of the country in question and the delegation, whose working language is English or French.

3. The rapporteurs shall be appointed from among the representatives or substitutes of the Monitoring Committee of the Congress who put forward their names as candidates.

Rule 82 – The monitoring visit programme

1. The Congress secretariat shall organise the visit. It shall draw up the programme with the rapporteurs in conjunction with the head and secretary of the national delegation to the Congress of the country to be monitored, the national associations of local and regional authorities where applicable, and the co-ordinating bodies of federate entities. The country's Permanent Representation to the Council of Europe shall be regularly kept informed during the drawing up of the programme.

Chapter XVIII – Practical organisation of election observation missions

Rule 87 – General provisions

2. The Congress may decide not to deploy an observation mission following an invitation, if the latter arrives too late to ensure a meaningful observation process. An official invitation should be received by the Congress at the latest 60 days prior to the Election Day.

(new 3.) The Congress may also decline an invitation in case of continuing uncertainty regarding the organisation of the elections or possible security risks in deployment areas.

(new 5.) The Congress examines the whole election environment, including elements which are key for the functioning of democratic elections, such as the political landscape, the legal framework, the role of the media, the financing of the parties and the election campaign or any other elements of possible relevance for the elections.

Rule 88 – Delegations, reports and co-operation with international observer institutions

1. The Congress secretariat will send a call for interest, including the application form,⁸ to the e-mail addresses of all Congress members. Secretaries and heads of national delegations will receive a copy. Any Congress members who express their interest in taking part in the mission and send back the form by a given deadline will be considered. Candidatures from members of national associations whose associations agree to cover their costs shall also be taken into consideration.

4. A delegation shall comprise the Congress members determined under Rule 88.3 and one or more members of the Congress secretariat as well as a consultant on electoral matters. The delegation is generally accompanied by interpreters to facilitate communication between speakers of the language of the country in question and the delegation, whose working language is English or French.⁹

15. The report will be drawn up by the rapporteur with the assistance of the Congress secretariat and the consultant on electoral matters. It should reflect the opinion of the members of the entire delegation. The report must be comprehensive, noting positive and negative factors, and distinguish between significant and insignificant factors. It should identify patterns that could have an impact on the integrity of the election process and on the authenticity of the vote.

Chapter XIX – Implementation of the postmonitoring/Post-electoral political dialogue

Rule 89 – General provisions

The present rules define the arrangements for organising the post-monitoring and post-electoral political dialogue with all levels of government of the Council of Europe member States, with the aim of achieving the objective set forth in the aforementioned resolution, namely to pursue a political dialogue with national authorities of member States in order to implement the Congress recommendations addressed to the authorities.

Chapter XX – Secretariat and budget

Rule 95 – Secretary General of the Congress

3. The Secretary General of the Congress is elected in accordance with the following procedure: [...]

h. Elections for the post of Secretary General must be by secret ballot (which may be held electronically) even where there is only one candidate, in which case the ballot must provide for votes in favour, votes against and abstentions.

Chapter XXI – Miscellaneous

Rule 98 – Official languages

3. Chairing of Congress and chamber sessions, as well as Statutory Forum, committee and bureaux meetings, must be done in an official language.

Rule 99 - Working languages

The working languages of the Congress shall be those of the member States which are major contributors to the Council of Europe budget, without prejudice to the provisions of Article 12 of the Statute of the Council of Europe, provided that the necessary appropriations for their funding are entered in the Congress' budget.

Rule 102 - Revision of the Congress Charter

1. The Congress may submit proposals to amend the Charter to the Committee of Ministers for decision.

2. The Bureau of the Congress may submit to the Congress proposals to amend the Charter. These proposals must be included in a sessional agenda and made available to delegates 30 days before the session.

Appendix III – Guidelines for the funding of political groups from the Congress budget

Preamble:

The Congress fully recognises the important role played by its political groups, in particular for the promotion of democratic dialogue and pluralism.

Political groups contribute to structuring and enriching the work of the Congress through the variety of opinions and views they put forward, in particular when the Congress is debating or adopting texts. Furthermore, when elections are held in the various Congress bodies, political groups contribute to fair electoral competition among candidates from different political parties.

In this spirit, the Bureau of the Congress, whilst fully respecting the autonomy of the Congress political groups, has adopted the following guidelines and has endorsed an administrative arrangement model which clarify the funding of political groups from the Congress budget and obligations stemming from these texts.

2. Each year, once the overall Congress budget has been approved by the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe, the Secretary General of the Congress shall allocate an amount for the functioning of all existing political groups. He/she shall inform the Bureau of the Congress of this allocation. In addition, he/she shall make provision for funds to cover the interpretation costs for group meetings during the Congress sessions into the official and working languages.

3. This amount – apart from the interpretation costs for group meetings during the Congress sessions – shall be allocated to the groups existing at the beginning of a given year.

8. The political groups shall use the allocation from the Congress exclusively for their functioning and in particular for the following expenses:

- expenditure of secretariat staff (salaries, insurance);

- administrative expenses (office postage, telephone, office supplies);

- group meetings, missions, interpretation costs (other than those covered by the Congress on the occasion of Congress sessions) and translation costs. 10. The political groups shall transmit to the Secretary General of the Congress of the Council of Europe, preferably before the end of the Congress spring session, a request for payment signed by the president of the political group together with: [...]

11. By signing the administrative arrangement, each political group commits itself to revise, if necessary, its statutes, at the latest by 31 March, in order to ensure full coherence with the financial regulations of the Council of Europe and to comply with the guidelines and in particular with the specific criteria listed above. Payment shall only be made once the statutes in force comply with these guidelines.



^{1.} Debated and adopted by the Congress on 29 October 2019, 1st sitting (see Document CG37(2019)20), co-rapporteurs : Liisa ANSALA, Finland (L, ILDG), Harald SONDEREGGER, Austria (R, EPP/CCE), Tamar TALIASHVILI, Georgia (R, SOC).

^{2.} Presidents of the political groups, chairs of the committees and the outgoing President of the Congress.

^{3.} Rules 25, 29, 32-34 and 38-39 on procedure during Congress sessions apply to each chamber *mutatis mutandis*.

^{4..} Rules 25, 29, 32-34 and 38-39 on procedure during Congress sessons apply to each chamber *mutatis mutandis*.

^{5.} This applies to chambers and committees, unless the outgoing president is a candidate for the presidency of the Congress, in which case the vice-president or vice-chair who is next in order of precedence – and who is not a candidate for elections in that chamber or committee – shall preside.

^{6.} This rule complements the conduct to be respected by the members of the Congress during a monitoring mission (Chapter XVII) and/or an election observation mission (Chapter XVIII).

^{7.} Rules 69, 70 and 71 apply to all three types of partnership status. 8. See Appendix IV.

^{9.} In meetings of the delegation with strategic Congress partners in the field, notably the Office for Democratic Institutions and Human Rights of the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe, the working language is English.