OECD PUBLIC SECTOR INTEGRITY STANDARDS

Carissa Munro Public Sector Integrity Division Public Governance Directorate, OECD

carissa.munro@oecd.org

EUROPEAN COMMITTEE ON DEMOCRACY AND GOVERNANCE (CDDG) WORKING GROUP ON PUBLIC ETHICS



OECD Recommendation on Public Integrity (2017)



A coherent and comprehensive integrity **SYSTEM**



Commitment

Top-level management develop the necessary legal and institutional frameworks and display high standards of personal propriety Public sector organisations coordinate well with each other, with well-defined responsibilities. It is clear 'who does what'

Responsibilities



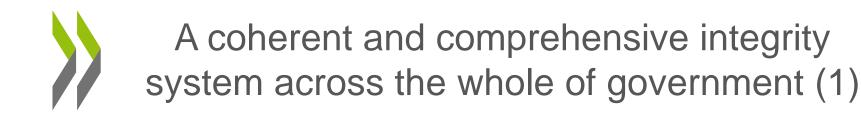
Strategy

Using data and indicators for evaluation and based on legitimate risks to integrity, a strategy is developed outlining objectives and priorities

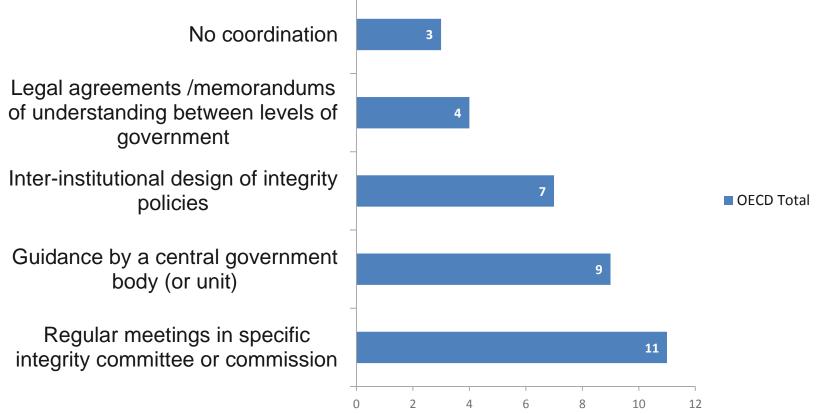


Standards

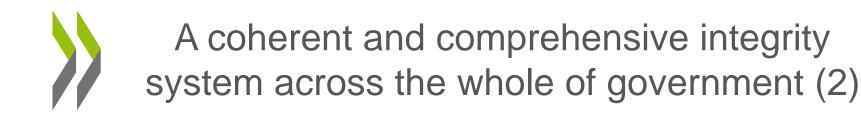
Rules and public sector values are reflected in laws and organisational policies and are effectively communicated

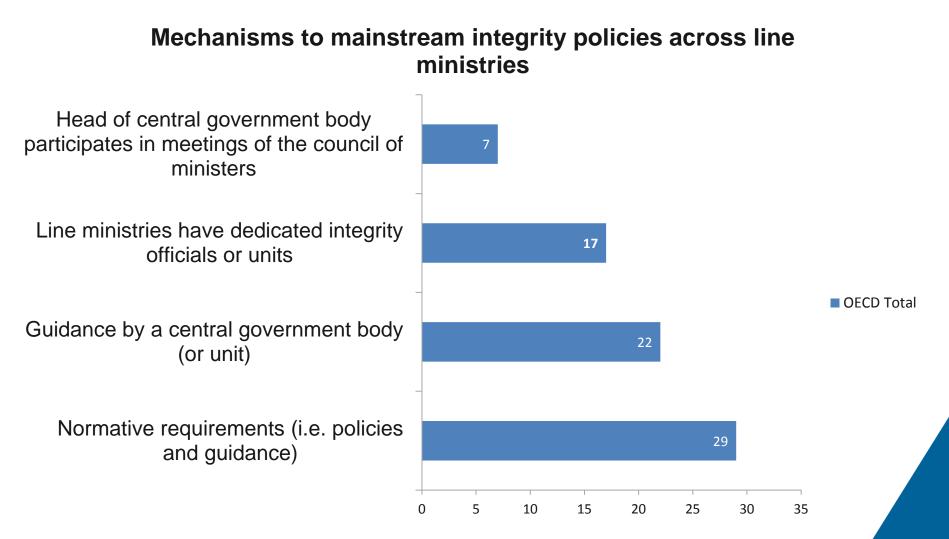


Mechanisms for co-ordination between central and subnational integrity bodies

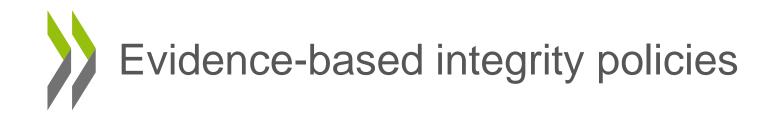


Source: OECD (2017), Government at a Glance 2017, OECD Publishing, Paris, <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/gov_glance-2017-en</u>.





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Case studies Public opinion polls Interviews/focus groups Employee survey polls Organisational administrative data

Methods used for evaluations

Showing results for Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Czech Republic, Finland, France, German, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States.

Yes No

Source: OECD (2017), *Government at a Glance 2017*, OECD Publishing, Paris, <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/gov_glance-2017-en</u>.



4 BEHAVIOURAL INSIGHTS FOR PUBLIC INTEGRITY

INTEGRITY DEPENDS ON



PEOPLE'S CHOICE

Integrity policies need to take behaviour into account.

IT IS NOT ALL ABOUT

CONTROL AND ENFORCEMENT

Over-strict control demotivates. Trust is more effective.



NO ETHICAL SUPERHUMANS

There are hundreds of ways for morals to slip your mind when taking a decision.

GUILT IS SMALLER WITH



DIFFUSED RESPONSIBILITY

Shared decisions and disclosed information do not guarantee ethical choices.





Whole of society



Leadership

Business, Individuals and nongovernmental actors uphold public integrity and do not tolerate corruption

Managers lead with integrity in public sector organisations; they carve out the 'integrity agenda' and communicate it to the organisation The public sector strives to employ professional and qualified people that have a deep commitment to the public service integrity values

Merit based

Public officials are skilled and trained to apply integrity standards

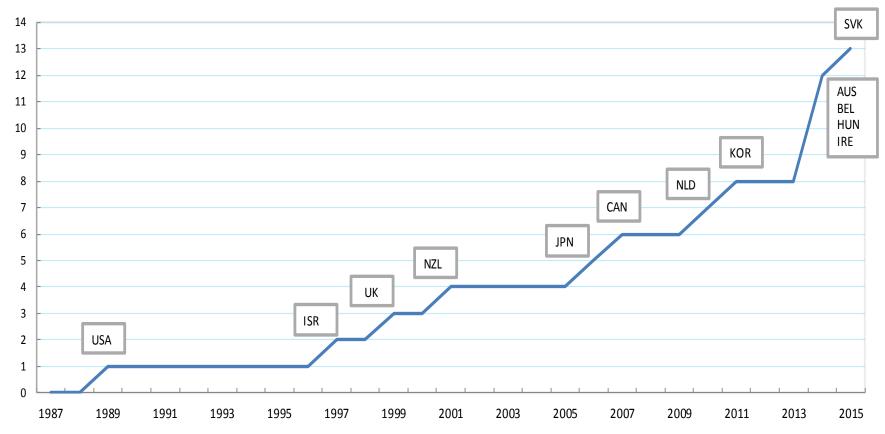
Capacity building



Openness

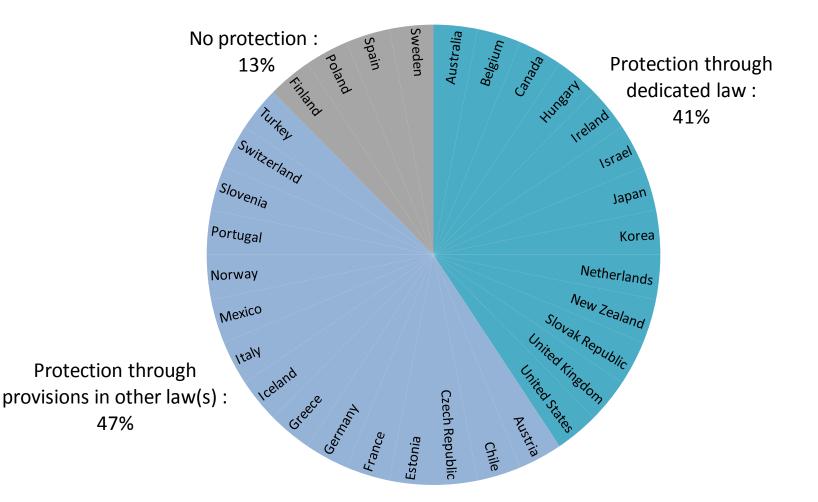
Integrity concerns are openly and freely discussed in the workplace and it is safe to report suspected violations of integrity

Entry into force of dedicated whistleblower protection laws



Source: OECD (2016), *Committing to Effective Whistleblower Protection*, OECD Publishing, Paris, http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/9789264252639-en.





Source: OECD (2015), Government at a Glance 2015, OECD Publishing, Paris, http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/gov_glance-2015-en.





Risk management

Enforcement

An effective integrity risk management and control system exists in public sector organisations Corruption and other violations to integrity are detected, investigated and sanctioned

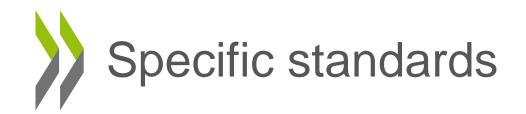


Oversight bodies, regulatory enforcement agencies and administrative courts perform external control

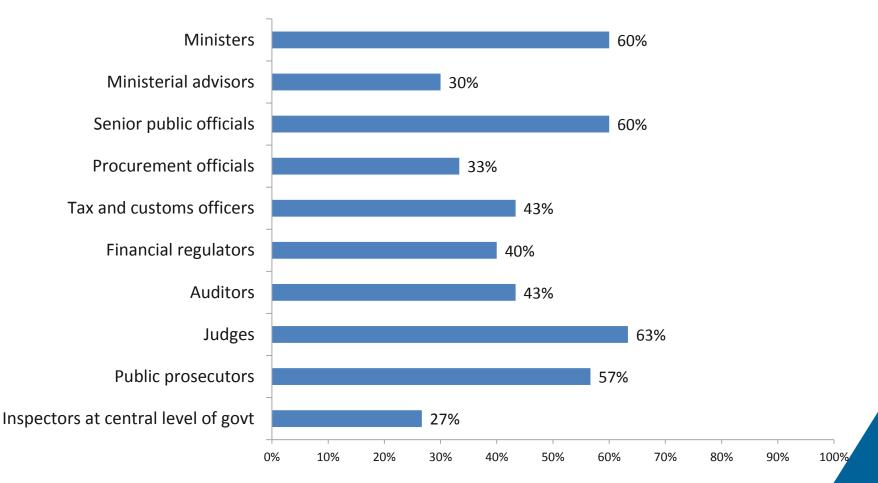


Participation

A transparent and open government allows for the meaningful participation of all stakeholders in the development and implementation of public policies

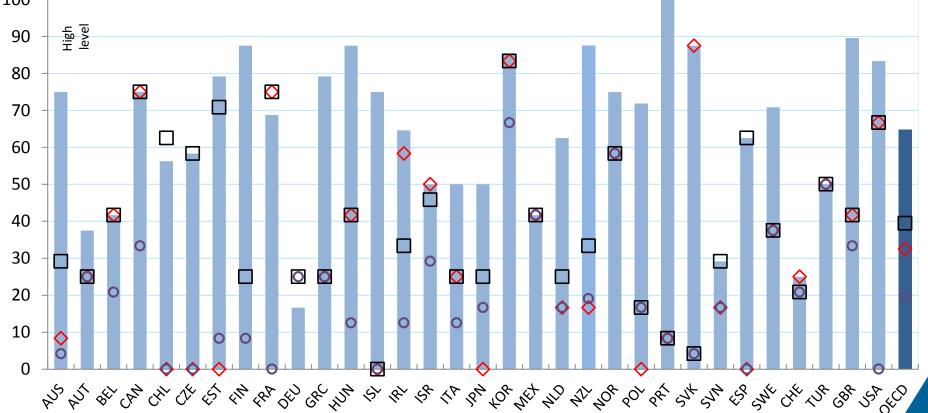


Are there specific conflict-of-interest policies in place for specific types of public officials according to the nature of their work?



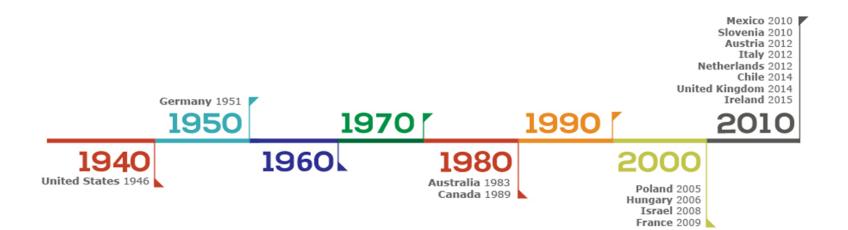






Principles for Transparency and Integrity in Lobbying

• Since 2010, the number of countries that have regulated lobbying practices have almost doubled



THANK YOU

carissa.munro@oecd.org

