### Data Protection in Korea



Korea Communications Commission

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## I Data Protection Framework in Korea



#### **1.** The Change of Data Protection in Korea



## I Data Protection Framework in Korea

### 2. Data Protection Authorities





# II Data Protection by the KCC



### 1. What does KCC do?

### Major roles of KCC (Korea Communications Commission)



- Independent Authority stated by the law
- Regulating "Act on Promotion of Information and Communications Network Utilization and Data Protection (The Network Act)" since 1999
- Notification/reports of breach of personal information
- Order correctional measures to the business operators who violates the relevant laws
- Imposition of a penalty surcharge and fines
- Power to request the submission of materials concerning violations and their examination and for the assurance of an order for remedial action



### 2. Main Principles of the Network Act

### **Network Act**

Collection Use Disclosure	Minimum Collection separate consent is required for collection of sensitive PI				
	Restriction of Use of Personal Data other than for the Consented Purpose				
	Explicit, Prior Consent for Collection, Use, Disclosure Notify purpose, PI items, period of retention prior to consent, Restriction of Use of ID Numbers				
Manage- ment & Destruction	Privacy Policy Notification accessible at any time, with a specified title, in a noticeable way				
	Designation of Privacy Officer duties of correction violation & report to the CEO				
	Technical, Administrative Measures establish Presidential Decree for specified measures, Minimize persons to process PI				
	Destruction destroy when purpose has been attained, period of retention has expired, etc.				
	Breach Notification notify user & report KCC/KISA within 24 hour upon awareness				
User's Right	Right of Access, Correction & Withdrawal of Consent Legal Representative's Right				
	Damages Claim for compensation up to 3million KRW or up to 3times of the amount of damages				
	Notification of Use Statement notify details on use, disclosure of PI at least yearly				



### 3. Implement & Enforcements

### **Network Act : enforcement & redress cases by KCC**

	Number of	Order for Correctional Measures	A penalty surcharge		Administrative fine	
	Institutions inspected		Number of institutions	Amount (KRW 1million, appx.1,000USD)	Number of institutions	Amount (KRW 1million, appx.1,000USD)
2014	285	110	3	388	89	610
2015	303	59	5	562	51	551
2016	267	80	5	4,722	59	680
2017	317	747	2	345	69	892



#### 3. Implement & Enforcements

A Strong Enforcement of the Network Act on both overseas and domestic companies

Apple Inc. (2011.8) – Collection of data without consent

Administrative fine **KRW 3 million(\$US2,660)** with correctional measures

Google Inc. (2014.1) – Collection of data without consent

Fine and Penalty Surcharge **KRW 212.3million(US\$188,292)** with correctional measures

Amendment of the Network Act in May 2014

- administrative fine maximum amount up to 3% of the ISP's annual turnover

#### **PPOMPU Communication** (Online Community, 2015.9)

▶ Data leakage out of failure of technical and managerial measures of the data controller

► Administrative Penalty KRW 102million (US\$94,200)

**INTERPARK** (E-commerce Website, 2016.5)

▶ Data leakage out of failure of technical and managerial measures of the data controller

Administrative Penalty KRW 4.8billion (US\$4.4million)



#### 4. International Cooperation



# Thank you

