Human Rights & Artificial Intelligence

COUNCIL OF EUROPE



CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE

OCTOPUS 22 November, 2019 Patrick Penninckx Head of the Information Society Department

My personal data are public

Girls, if a guy remembers your birthday, knows what you enjoy, saves your pictures, understands your family and friends. This guy is not your man. This guy is not your man. Mark Zuckerberg.

Machines are smart

Machines can now allegedly identify anger, fear, disgust and sadness. 'Emotion detection' has grown from a research project to a \$20bn industry



Deep fake



"Fake news"



Public data are not protected

Almost entire population of Ecuador had data leaked !

"Once data has been exposed to the world, it can't be undone,"



I am always watched

Your face: a \$20bn industry

The Guardian



▲ Monitors display a video showing facial recognition software in use at the headquarters of the artificial intelligence company Megvii, in Beijing. Photograph: New York Times/eyevine



I feel threatened by machines



Drones make War and Peace

I like my phone



Who does not use a smartphone ?

My phone is my DNA



14 sensors!

I am always connected

13

IST ANTER AL

11

Aster



Al monitors my health

Medical wearables: will your doctor soon prescribe a fit bit ?



I am being profiled



What are we talking about?



Where do we meet AI ?



Where are we going ?



The future is uncertain

Artificial intelligence, quantum computing, 5G and the rise of the Internet of Things are just some of the emerging technologies that could aid cybercriminals in ways that could make them more dangerous than ever – and law enforcement must innovate quickly in order to help keep citizens safe.

What is at risk?

Right to private and family life

✓ Freedom of Expression

 Right to participate in democratic processes, such as elections, free from undue influences

Council of Europe action

CURRENT FOCUS



NEW PRIORITIES

- Data processing and human rights
- ✓ Use of AI by the Judiciary
- ✓ Criminal law implications of AI
- ✓ **Bioethics and AI**, Environment
- ✓ Education, Gender equality, Youth
- ✓ Children, Anti-discrimination
- ✓ Culture, Eurimages
- Elections

Develop a legal framework for the development, design and application of artificial intelligence (CAHAI)

CEPEJ ethical chart



5 principles

✓ Principle of respect of fundamental rights
✓ Principle of non-discrimination
✓ Principle of quality and security
✓ Principle of transparency, neutrality and intellectual integrity
✓ Principle "under user control"

ECRI study on discrimination



This study, entitled "Discrimination, Artificial Intelligence and Algorithmic Decision Making", prepared by Professor Frederik Zuiderveen Borgesius for the Council of Europe Anti-Discrimination Department, addresses the risks of discrimination caused by algorithmic decision-making and other types of artificial intelligence.

Data Protection

CURRENT FOCUS



NEW PRIORITIES Promote Guidelines on Artificial Intelligence and data protection Ensure ratification of the amending protocol of Convention 108 +

Set guidelines on safeguarding privacy in the fields of:

- facial recognition
- national education systems
- abuse of electoral data
- profiling

Cybercrime

CURRENT FOCUS



NEW PRIORITIES Promote guidance Note on **mobile devices** Promote guidance

Note on election interference

Adopt the second additional protocol to the Budapest Convention on access to electronic evidence in the cloud

Enhance the mechanism for international mutual legal assistance

Internet Governance

CURRENT FOCUS



NEW PRIORITIES Enhance the cooperation framework with business partners

Address the business models of large online platforms from the anti-trust and competition law point of view

Develop legal frameworks for the design and development of AI tools (ethics by design)

Promote balanced legislative frameworks for combatting illegal online content

Launch the Digital Governance Strategy 2020-2023

New Media

CHALLENGES AHEAD



NEW PRIORITIES

Social media distribution of news Growing information disorder Weak regulation in the field

Help users value and use quality media content

Guide public participation in content creation

Stimulate users engagement with hate speech online

PACE policy focus on Al

Parliamentary Assembly



Upcoming Reports

- New forms of public debate on the rapid advancement in science and technology
- Preventing discrimination caused by the use of artificial intelligence
- Need of democratic governance of AI
- The role of AI in policing and criminal justice systems
- The human being-machine connection: the rights or new threats to fundamental freedoms ?

CAHAI mandate

Governing the Game Changer Helsinki conference 26-27/02/2019



Strasbourg 18-20/11/2019 CAHAI starts

To examine, on the basis of broad multi-stakeholder consultations, the feasibility and potential elements of a legal framework for the development, design and application of artificial intelligence, based on **Council of Europe standards in the** field of human rights, democracy and the rule of law

Future outlook

CHALLENGES AHEAD



NEW PRIORITIES

- How to efficiently regulate Artificial Intelligence ?
- Cooperation with business involved in AI development in protecting and ensuring human rights
- How to integrate privacy and data protection in law enforcement in a balanced manner
- Law enforcement needs to be innovative and act now in order to keep face with near future criminal threats

http://www.coe.int/ai

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