#### The European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice

#### Evaluation of the judicial systems 2024 (data 2022)



Netherlands

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Reference data 2022 (01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022)

Start/end date of the data collection campaign: 15/03/2023 - 01/10/2023

#### Objective:

The CEPEJ decided, at its 39th plenary meeting, to launch the nineth evaluation cycle 2024, focused on 2022 data. The CEPEJ wishes to use the methodology developed in the previous cycles to get, with the support of its national correspondents' network, a general evaluation of the judicial systems in the 46 member states of the Council of Europe as well as three observer states (Israel, Morocco and Kazakhstan).

The present questionnaire was developed by the Working group on evaluation of judicial systems (CEPEJ-GT-EVAL) in view of the previous evaluation cycles and considering the comments submitted by CEPEJ members, observers, experts and national correspondents. The aim of this exercise is to increase awareness of judicial systems in the participating states, to compare the functioning of judicial systems in their various aspects, as well as to have a better knowledge of the trends of the judicial organisation in order to help improve the efficiency of justice. The evaluation questionnaire and the analysis of the results becomes a genuine tool in favour of public policies on justice, in service of the European citizens.

For better understanding of the questions it is necessary to consult the Explanatory note that gives definitions and explanations on the CEPEJ evaluation questionnaire and the methodology needed for replying, You can download the Explanatory note as a whole document on the CEPEJ website. In addition to the Explanatory note, there is also the User manual that is a technical document to help you navigate through this application for data collection.

In case you have any questions related to these documents or on the use of the application, please do not hesitate to contact the Secretariat.

#### Instruction:

Explanatory note: https://rm.coe.int/explanatory-note-2024-cycle-cepej-2023-2-en/1680aae30a

Word version of the questionnaire - https://rm.coe.int/evaluation-scheme-2024-cycle-cepej-2022-9rev1-en-30-march-2023/1680aae309

CEPEJ COLLECT - User manual - you can download under Documentation tab

#### 1.General and financial information

- 1.1.Demographic and economic data
- 1.1.1Inhabitants and economic general information

001. Number of inhabitants (if possible on 1 January of the reference year +1)

[ 17 811 291 ]

Comments Inhabitants 2022: 17 590 672

0

#### 003. Per capita GDP (in €) in current prices for the reference year

[53 817]

Comments To bring these numbers in line with the information shared with Eurostat, we have used the following calculation: National GDP: 958 549 000 000, divided by the number of inhabitants on Jan 1, ref year + 1 (17 811 291).

#### 004. Average gross annual salary (in €) for the reference year

[ 66 900 ]

Comments

### 005. Exchange rate of national currency (non-Euro zone) in € on 1 January of the reference year +1:

[ ] Allow decimals: 5

Comments

#### A1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: GDP: https://opendata.cbs.nl/#/CBS/nl/dataset/84432NED/table?ts=1699264334723 Salary: https://opendata.cbs.nl/#/CBS/nl/dataset/84163NED/table?ts=1699267196114

#### 1.1.2Budgetary data concerning judicial system



006. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, in € (without the budget of the public prosecution services and without the budget of legal aid). If you cannot separate the budget allocated to the courts from the budget of public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please go to question 7. If you are able to answer this question, please answer NA to question 7.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
TOTAL - Annual public budget allocated to the functioning	1 190 124 000	1 248 099 000
of all courts $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[]NA []NAP
1. Annual public budget allocated to (gross) salaries	945 886 000	1 004 439 000
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[]NA []NAP
2. Annual public budget allocated to computerisation (2.1 +	120 537 000	138 738 000
2.2)	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP

2.1 Investments in computerisation			
*	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
2.2 Maintanana of the IT equipment of counts			
2.2 Maintenance of the IT equipment of courts	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	
	[]NAP	[]NAP	
3. Annual public budget allocated to justice expenses	3 181 000	2 743 000	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
(expertise, interpretation, etc.)	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	
4. Annual public budget allocated to court buildings	100 934 000	81 961 000	
	[ ] NA	[ ]NA	
(maintenance, operating costs)	[]NAP	[ ]NAP	
		[]14211	
5. Annual public budget allocated to investments in new			
(court) buildings	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
(Court) bundings	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	
6. Annual public budget allocated to training			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	
7. Other (please specify)	19 586 000	20 218 000	
T	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[]NAP	[]NAP	

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The approved budget for 2020 was different than other years. When the budget was drafted for 2020, price agreements had just been reached, and there was a different payment system for the Judiciary. Those factors had not been included yet in the approved budget, and that specific data did not give a full image of the budget at that time (it was not corrected afterwards, because it would have been an artificial correction). The implemented budget of that year shows much higher actual costs and does show a realistic image of the budget.

# 007. If you cannot answer question 6 because you cannot isolate the public budget allocated to courts from the budget allocated to public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please fill in only the appropriate line in the table according to your system:

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and the		
public prosecution services together	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and legal	[X]NA	[X]NA
aid together	[ ] NAP	[]NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts, public	[X]NA	[X]NA
prosecution services and legal aid together	[]NAP	[]NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

\_

008. Are litigants in general required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction:

	Litigants required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction?
for criminal cases	( ) Yes, at the beginning of the
	procedure
	( ) Yes, at a later stage
	(X) No
for other than criminal cases	(X) Yes, at the beginning of the
	procedure
	( ) Yes, at a later stage
	( ) No

Comments - If there are exceptions to the obligation to pay these court fees, could you please provide comments on those exceptions?

#### 008-1. Please briefly present the methodology of calculation of these court fees:

- Civil cases: There are fixed court fee rates based on the underlying value of the claim. There is a flat rate in cases where the value of the claims is undetermined. There are different rates for individuals and legal entities.

Administrative cases: The rate depends on the type of case and whether the case is initiated by an individual or legal entity. There is a fixed rate for people with low income. Since 1 January 2011 court fees must be paid in advance by individuals initiating a case in the first instance.

#### 008-2. The amount of court fees requested to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery:

[ 244 ]

[ ] NAP

Comments The fee is 487 euro for legal entities, for individuals it is 244 euro, and for individuals with low income the fee is 86 euro.

#### 009. Annual income of court fees received by the State (in €):

[ 146 203 000 ]

[] NA

[ ] NAP

Comments

#### 012. Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (12.1 + 12.2)	621 200 000	191 200 000	430 000 000
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
12.1 for cases brought to court (court fees and/or legal representation)	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP

12.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[ X ] NA [ 1 NAP		[X]NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments In 2022, the government reserved 154 million extra to improve the rewards for legal aid providers in the legal aid system.

#### 012-1. Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual implemented public budget	553 291 000	174 459 000	378 832 000
allocated to legal aid (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
anocated to legal and (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
12-1.1 for cases brought to court (court fees			
and/or legal representation)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
and of legal representation)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
12-1.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

If the public budget actually implemented regarding legal aid is different from the annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The increase could be due to either more cases (so more legal aid provided), and the money invested to improve rewards for legal aid providers.

#### =

#### 012-3. Do legal aid budgets indicated in Q12 and Q12-1 include:

	Amount calculated/estimated included
Coverage of court fees	( ) Yes
<u> </u>	( X ) No
	( ) NAP (Legal aid does not include
	coverage of court fees)
Exemption from court fees	( ) Yes
<del>-</del>	( X ) No
	( ) NAP (Legal aid does not include
	exemption from court fees)

#### Comments

### 013. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in €.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in € (including 13.1)	582 473 000 []NA	671 324 000 [ ] NA [ ] NAP
13.1. Annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the

#### A2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: https://wetten.overheid.nl/BWBR0028899/2023-01-01#Bijlage
www.rijksfinancien.nl

#### 1.1.3Budgetary data concerning the whole justice system



015-1. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in € (this global budget includes the judicial system budget - see 15-2 and other elements of the justice system - see 15-3)

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the whole justice	15 273 901 000	18 228 641 000
system in €	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided above and specify if a large portion of the budget allocated to the whole justice system comes from an international organisation. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The large discrepancy between the approved and implemented budget is caused mostly by a high influx of refugees - both Ukrainian and asylum seekers. Over 2,3 bln were spent.

#### 015-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

	Included
Courts	(X) Yes () No
Legal aid	(X) Yes ( ) No
Public prosecution services	(X) Yes () No

Comments

#### 015-3. Other budgetary elements

	Included
Prison system	(X)Yes
	( ) No
	[ ] NAP

Probation services	(X) Yes ( ) No [] NAP
High Judicial Council	(X) Yes () No [] NAP
High Prosecutorial Council	(X) Yes () No
Constitutional court	( ) Yes ( ) No [X] NAP
Judicial management body	(X) Yes () No
Service for legal representation of the State	(X) Yes () No
Enforcement services	(X) Yes () No
Notariat	( ) Yes ( X ) No [ ] NAP
Forensic services	(X) Yes () No
Judicial protection of juveniles	(X) Yes () No
Functioning of the Ministry of Justice	(X) Yes () No
Refugees and asylum seekers services	(X) Yes () No
Immigration Service	(X) Yes () No
Some police services (e.g.: transfer, investigation, prisoners' security)	(X) Yes () No
Other	(X) Yes ( ) No [] NAP

If "Other", please specify: Other topics include the Privacy Protection Authority, the National Antisemitism Coordinator, and, most importantly, the contraterrorism coordinator. Also, under enforcement services we do include the police, but we do not include a type of civilian police, whose budgets are controlled by the Ministry of Domestic Affairs. Also not included is the highest judge on administrative law, the Raad van State.

Access to justice and all courts		
1.Legal Aid		
2.1.1Scope of legal aid		
016. Does legal aid apply to:		
	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
Representation in court	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No
Lagal advises ADD and other lagal services	[]NAP (X) Yes	[]NAP (X) Yes
Legal advice, ADR and other legal services	( ) No	( ) No
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[]NA []NAP
016-1. Please briefly describe the organis	ation of the legal aid syst	em in your country.
O16-1. Please briefly describe the organism - See general comment.	ation of the legal aid syst	em in your country.
- See general comment.		
- See general comment.  O18. Can legal aid be granted for the fees (e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?		
- See general comment.  O18. Can legal aid be granted for the fees (e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?  (X) Yes		
- See general comment.  O18. Can legal aid be granted for the fees (e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?		
- See general comment.  O18. Can legal aid be granted for the fees (e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?  (X) Yes  () No	that are related to the enf	
- See general comment.  O18. Can legal aid be granted for the fees (e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?  (X) Yes  () No	that are related to the enf	orcement of judicial decisi
- See general comment.  O18. Can legal aid be granted for the fees (e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?  (X) Yes  () No  [] NAP  If yes, please specify: Article 12, Criminal law on prosecu	that are related to the enf tion (Wetboek van Strafvordering) sts (different from those	forcement of judicial decisions 16

Legal aid granted for other costs	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	( ) No	( ) No
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify:

#### 2.1.2Information on legal aid

#### 020. Please indicate the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted:

	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL	298 100	256 296	41 804
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
In criminal cases	99 281	99 281	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
In other than criminal cases	198 819	157 015	41 804
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate: As a rule, prosecution (and thus a procedure/case brought to court) is a requirement for obtaining a legal aid certificate in criminal cases. This means that, in general, legal aid can only be granted for cases brought to court. However, there are two exceptions whereby it would be possible to receive legal aid for cases not brought to court in some cases. The first is a certificate for 'light advice' (lichte adviestoevoeging, LAT), wherewith three hours of advice can be given to a person. If more time is needed, it can be requested that the LAT-certificate is changed to a regular certificate. However, prosecution (procedure/case brought to court) is then still a requirement for a regular certificate.

Another exception is when a 'lighter' certificate is granted for cases that were ended before the case comes before the judge. This is determined afterwards, the certificate is adjusted afterwards when the case is ended before it comes before a judge. That means that the certificate was granted under the regular requirements. In civil and administrative cases, legal aid can be granted for advice. The number of stand-by duty lawyers assigned was over the years 110 000 (2010); 127 000 (2012), 126 000 (2014), 108 500 (2020), 96 500 (2021), and 103 000 (2022).

#### 020-0. Please indicate the number of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Cases brought to cour	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL	210 722	179 850	38 553
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP
In criminal cases	67 303	67 303	0
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
In other than criminal cases	149 606	117 504	38 553
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate: Due to the fact that recipients can receive legal aid more than once, the total numbers and the numbers per category do not add up evenly.

$\Omega\Omega\Omega$ $\Omega$ 1	Ara thara	atatistical	data	disaggregated	h	conder in r	ocnoct c	f raci	nianta	of 1	ഹഹ1	44
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/	`\	17
(	)	res

#### Comments

#### 020-0-2. If yes, please provide details on distribution by gender of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

Comments

### 020-0-3. Is it possible to divide the number of recipients of legal aid per different categories of cases?

(X) Yes
() No

Comment: If yes, please specify for which categories of cases: We can differentiate between the following civil categories: family, contract/consumer, labour/employment, housing, debt restructuring, Psychiatric Hospitals Act (compulsory admissions), other civil cases. Furthermore, we can differentiate between the following administrative categories: social benefits, social (security) insurance, asylum, immigration, pre-deportation detention, other administrative.

In criminal cases, we cannot differentiate between suspects and non-suspects.

### 020-0-4. Are there situations where legal aid is automatically granted depending on categories of cases?

(X) Yes
() No

Comment: If yes, please specify: Each criminal suspect, immigrant, or psychiatric patient who has been lawfully deprived of his/her liberty against his/her will, receives a certificate by order of the judge.

#### 020-0-5. How many of the recipients of legal aid are alleged victims of domestic violence?

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid who are			
alleged victims of domestic violence	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments There is only a category for all cases with victims, which includes victims of domestic violence.

### 020-1. Please indicate the timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid, in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final decision on the legal aid request:

	Time in days
Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation	40
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP

pplications fall under the High Trust regime, in which the applic	eation is granted automatically within	applications. Around 80% of the 11 days (after the income and
ssets check with the tax authorities ). Mean duration for High Tru	ust certificates was 3.4 days, for regula	ar certificates 11 days.
21. In criminal cases, can individuals who do	not have sufficient financia	al means be assisted by
ree of charge (or financed by a public budget)	lawyer?	
	Assisted by	y a free of charge lawyer
Accused individuals	(X) Yes () No	
Victims	(X) Yes () No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
022. In criminal cases are these individuals fre	e to choose their lawver wi	thin the framework of
egal aid system?	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	free selecti	on of lawyer
A	(V) Voc	
Accused individuals	(X) Yes () No	
Victims	[] NAP (X) Yes	
Victims	( ) No	
	[ ] NAP	
comments		
23-0. Does your country have an income and	assets evaluation for granti	ng full or partial legal
23-0. Does your country have an income and id?	assets evaluation for granti	ng full or partial legal
023-0. Does your country have an income and aid?  (X) Yes	assets evaluation for granti	ng full or partial legal
023-0. Does your country have an income and id?  (X) Yes  () No		
023-0. Does your country have an income and aid?  (X) Yes  () No  Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into accomments.	count for the granting of legal aid and	any comment that could explain
( ) No Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into acche data provided above: For married, cohabiting, and single pare	count for the granting of legal aid and	any comment that could explain
223-0. Does your country have an income and aid?  (X) Yes  () No  Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into accomments.	count for the granting of legal aid and nt households, the threshold is higher	any comment that could explain namely 41.600 euro in 2022.
223-0. Does your country have an income and aid?  (X) Yes  () No  Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into accome data provided above: For married, cohabiting, and single pare	count for the granting of legal aid and	any comment that could explain
O23-0. Does your country have an income and aid?  (X) Yes  () No  Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into accome data provided above: For married, cohabiting, and single pare	count for the granting of legal aid and nt households, the threshold is higher.  Annual income value (for	any comment that could explain, namely 41.600 euro in 2022.  Assets value (for one

Comments - Please specify if the envisaged timeframe is set in a statutory law, or in other regulation. Furthermore, if different timeframes are envisaged for criminal and other than criminal cases, please provide more information: The maximum duration is based on statutory

11 []NA []NAP

Actual average duration

Full legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal cases	29 400	30 846
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases	29 400	30 846
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal	29 400	30 846
cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Cuscis	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

024. Is it possible to refuse legal	aid for lack of merit of the c	case (for example for fr	ivolous action
or no chance of success)?			

(X) Yes
() No

Comments - If yes, please specify the exact criteria for denying legal aid:

#### 025. Is the decision to grant or refuse legal aid taken by:

 $(\quad)\ the\ judge(s)\ dealing\ with\ the\ main\ case$ 

( ) another judge or official

( X ) an authority external to the court

( ) several authorities (court and external bodies)

Comments

### 027. Can judicial decisions direct how legal costs, paid by the parties during the procedure, will be shared:

	Judicial decisions direct how legal costs will be shared
in criminal cases	( ) Yes
to the description of the second	(X) No
in other than criminal cases	(X) Yes

Comments - If no, please specify how legal costs are distributed:

#### B1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: https://www.rvr.org/zoeken/@7797/inkomen-vermogen-eigen-bijdrage-2022/				

#### 2.2.Court users and victims

#### 2.2.1Rights of the users and victims

028. Are there official internet sites/portals (e.g. Ministry of Justice, Judicial Council etc.) where general public may have free-of-charge access to the following:

id.nl/ ( htspraak.nl	)
`	)
praak.nl (	)
ak.nl/start/	)
•	`

Comment - Please specify what documents and information are included in "Other documents" Information, documents and forms on custody and guardianship, appealing verdicts, receivership (curatele), mentorship (mentorschap) and conservatorship (bewind).

Legal texts: www.rijksoverheid.nl/wetten-en-regelingen, https://www.overheid.nl/beleid-en-regelgeving

www.rechtspraak.nl Information about the judicial system: https://www.rijksoverheid.nl/onderwerpen/rechtspraak-en-geschiloplossing

Other documents: www.rechtspraak.nl

### 029. Is there an obligation to provide information to the parties concerning the foreseeable timeframes of their proceedings?

(	) Yes, always
( <b>X</b>	( ) No
(	) Yes, only in some specific situations

Comment - If "Yes, only in some specific situations", please specify:

### 030. Is there a public and free-of-charge information system for providing information and facilitating access to justice:

	Information system	
General for citizens	[ X ] Online information	
	[ X ] Telephone	
	[ ] Interactive chat	
	[ X ] In-person (physical access on site)	
	[ ] Other	
	[ ] No	
Specific for victims of offences	[ X ] Online information	
	[ X ] Telephone	
	[ ] Interactive chat	
	[ X ] In-person (physical access on site)	
	[ ] Other	
	[ ] No	

Specific for minors (child-friendly systems)			[ X ] Online information [ ] Telephone	
			[ ] Interact	
				on (physical access on site)
			[ ] Other	
			[ ] No	
Comments - Please provide more information on these	e systems and specify	how this assistance	ce is provided	:
031. Are there special favourable arran	gements to be	applied, durir	ng judicial	proceedings, to the
following categories of vulnerable personal	sons:			
	Information mechanism	Special aring in hearings	rangements	Other specific arrangements
Victims of sexual violence/rape	(X) Yes	(X) Yes		(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No		( ) No
Victims of terrorism	(X) Yes	(X) Yes		(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No		( ) No
Minors (witnesses or victims)	(X) Yes	(X) Yes		(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No		( ) No
Victims of domestic violence	(X) Yes	(X) Yes		(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No		( ) No
Ethnic minorities	( ) Yes	( ) Yes		( ) Yes
	(X) No	(X)No		(X)No
Persons with disabilities	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No		( ) Yes ( X ) No
T 11 00 1				
Juvenile offenders	(X) Yes () No	( X ) Yes ( ) No		( X ) Yes ( ) No
Other (e.g. victims of human trafficking, forced	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No		( ) Yes ( X ) No
marriage, sexual mutilation)	( ) NO	(A) No		(A) NO
Comments - If "Other vulnerable person" and/or "Oth able, the answer regarding ethnic minorities and person			•	
31-0. If there are special arrangement	·		•	
practises employed to protect them wh	en they particip	pate in judicia	u proceed	ings?
[ ] Special and child-adequate preparation for par	ticipation in trials / la	awsuits (explaining	g in a child-fri	endly manner the proceedings)
[ ] Special room in court designated for child-frien	ndly hearings			
[ ] Special person / team of trained professional(s)	(such as psychologic	sts) to accompany	a minor throu	ghout the proceedings
[ ] Special ways to communicate and explain mea	ning of court decision	ns		
[ ] Interagency/multidisciplinary structure such as	"Children's Houses"			
[ X ] Other, please specifySee general comment.				
[ ] NAP				
Comment				

031-1. What are the main criteria for a person under 18 years of age to act in court proceedings or

to be a witness?

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	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Capacity to initiate a proceeding and take other procedural	[ ] Age threshold	[ ] Age threshold
actions in his/her own name	[Comment]	[Comment]
actions in mis/not over marie	[ ] Capacity for	[ ] Capacity for
	discernment	discernment
	[X] Other	[ ] Other
	[ ] NAP	[X]NAP
To be a witness	[ ] Age threshold	[ ] Age threshold
	[Comment]	[Comment]
	[ ] Capacity for	[ ] Capacity for
	discernment	discernment
	[ X ] Other	[X] Other
Comments - Please specify if you selected "Other".  231-2. If a person under 18 years of age cannot	act in court proceedings	in his/her own name, v
an represent him/her in judicial proceedings?	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Parent/legal guardian	[X] Yes, always	[X] Yes, always
	[ ] Yes, except in some	[ ] Yes, except in some
	specific situations	specific situations
	[ ] No	[ ] No
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[ ] Social care services or	[ ] Social care services or
	other public institution	other public institution
	[ X ] Legal professional	[ X ] Legal professional
	[ ] Associations for	[ ] Associations for
	protection of minors	protection of minors
	[ ] Other	[ ] Other
Comment  O31-3. What are the different criteria for the criterial	minal liability of minors	? (multiple replies
[ X ] Age threshold(s)		
[ X ] Capacity for discernment		
[ ] Other criteria		
Comment		
31-3-1. What is the age threshold for the crimi	nal liability of minors?	
Criminal liability resulting in sentence without privation or	f liberty (for example, education	nal measures)
[12]		
[ ] NA		
[]NAP		
Criminal liability resulting in sentence of privation of liber	rty	

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[18] []NA
[ ] NAP
Comment - Please describe, briefly, the specifics of your system. Could you, please specify if the possibility of mitigation applies to the sanctions and how?
- -
032. Does your country allocate compensation for victims of offences?
( ) Yes, but only if the offender is unknown
( ) Yes, but only if compensation could not be obtained from the offender
(X) Yes, in both situations
( ) No
Comment
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
( X ) For all types of offences
( ) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify:
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
(X) For all types of offences
( ) For some types of offences
[]NAP
Comment - Please specify:
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
( X ) For all types of offences
( ) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify:

032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments
034. Is there a regular monitoring (official studies, reports etc.) allowing the evaluation of the
recovery rate of the damages awarded by courts to victims?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please illustrate with available data concerning the recovery rate, the title of the studies, the frequency of the studies and the coordinating body: Data collection on recovery rates by CBS has ended as of 2018.
035. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to victims (protection and assistance)?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
035-1. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to minor victims (protection and assistance)?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comment - If yes, please specify:
-
036. Do victims of offences have the right to dispute a public prosecutor's decision to discontinue a case? Please verify the consistency of your answers in this question and question 105 regarding the possibility for a public prosecutor "to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge".  (X) Yes
( ) No
[] NAP
Comment - If necessary, please specify:
037. Is there a system of compensation in the following circumstances:
Number of requests for Number of Total amount of

### 03

	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
Total			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Excessive length of proceedings			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Non-execution of court decisions				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
Wrongful arrest/detention				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
Wrongful conviction				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
Other				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	

Comments - Where appropriate, please give details on the compensation procedure and the calculation method for the amount of the compensation (e.g., the amount per day for unjustified detentions or convictions): There are compensation regulations for certain situations (see 4th Book, Title VIa of the Penal Code). If an offender is acquitted, he/she may request compensation for travel- and accommodation costs, the costs of a lawyer, or because of being held in temporary custody.

### 037-1. Please specify which authorities are responsible for dealing with the requests and whether a legal time limit exists to deal with these requests:

	Responsible authorities	Legal time limit
Court concerned	[X]	[ ]
Other court	[ ]	[ ]
Ministry of Justice	[ ]	[ ]
High Judicial Council	[ ]	[ ]
Other external bodies (e.g. Ombudsman)	[ ]	[ ]

Comments The suspect's request for compensation is handled by the court. There is no legal term for handling these requests.

#### 037-2. Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender concerning the number of:

	Existence of statistical data disaggregated by gender
Persons who initiate a case in other than criminal matters	( ) Yes - If yes, please specify for which categories of cases: [Comment] ( ) No [X] NA
Victims recognised as such by the court	( ) Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment] ( ) No [X] NA
Perpetrators of criminal offences	( ) Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment] ( ) No [X] NA

Comments

the victim recognised by the court?						
( ) Yes						
( X ) No						
If yes, please specify:						
2.2.2 Confidence and satisfaction of citizens with their justice system						
038. Does your country implement surveys to	measure trust in justice	e and satisfaction with the				
services delivered by the judicial system?						
	National level	Court level				
Surveys for judges	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for court staff	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for public prosecutors	[ X ] Annual [ ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ X ] Annual [ ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for lawyers	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for other professionals	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for the parties	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for other court users (e.g. jurors, witnesses, experts, interpreters, representatives of governmental agencies, NGOs)	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for victims	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for minors	[ ] Annual [ ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Surveys for the general public	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular [ ] Ad hoc				
Other not mentioned	[ ] Annual [ X ] Other regular	[ ] Annual [ ] Other regular				

037-3. Are there statistical data on the relation between the perpetrator of the criminal offence and

#### 3.Organisation of the court system

#### 3.1.Courts

#### 3.1.1Number of courts

#### 042. Number of courts - legal entities.

	Number of courts
Total number of all courts - legal entities (1 + 2)	19
Total number of an courts - legal endices (1 + 2)	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP
1 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities $(1.1 + 1.2 + 1.3)$	16
1 Town number of course of general jurisdiction Tegal children (1.1 + 1.2 + 1.5)	[ ] NA
	[]NAP
1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	11
1.1 That instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal chities	[ ] NA
	[]NAP
1.2 Second instance counts of concept insighication. Local autities	4
1.2 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	[ ] NA
	[ ]NAP
1.3 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP
2 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	3
5	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP

Comments

#### 043. Number of specialised courts – legal entities.

	First instance	Higher instances
Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	2	1
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)		
•	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Insolvency courts		
mborroney courts	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Labour courts		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Family courts		
i miniy vourus	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

Rent and tenancies courts		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Fight against townsign, arganized arims and compution		
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Internet related disputes		
morney related disputes	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
		[]
Administrative courts	2	1
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Military accepts		
Military courts	r 1 NIA	r 1 NIA
	[]NA	[]NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Juvenile courts		
V W I VARRAN V WAY!	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
	[]	r - 1
Other specialised courts		
_	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

Comments - If "Other specialised courts", please specify:

#### 044. Number of courts - geographic locations.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)
First instance courts geographic locations (this includes 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction and first instance specialised courts)	34 []NA []NAP
All the courts (geographic locations) (this includes 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction, first instance specialised courts, all second instance courts	43 []NA

Comments

#### C. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: www.rechtspraak.nl

#### 3.2. Court staff

#### 3.2.1Judges and non-judge staff

046. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for all types of courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts)

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of professional judges $(1 + 2 + 3)$	2 671	1 047	1 624
J	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Number of first instance professional judges	1 931	717	1 214
Janger	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)	705	309	369
professional judges	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
professional judges	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Number of Supreme Court professional	35	21	14
judges	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Juagos	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above: Numbers for first and second instance are on posts filled, not fte. Total fte for first and second instance together is 2 451. We cannot provide more detailed information. For the Supreme Court, fte and posts filled are the same.

=

### 046-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportionally reduced remuneration?

(X) Yes

( ) No

Comments

### 046-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted (multiple replies possible).

[X] Child-care

[X] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care

[X] Training

[X] For the purposes of early retirement

[X] No specific reason required

[ ] Other reason, please specify: .....

Comments

### 046-1-3. If yes, what is the number of professional judges working part-time with reduced renumeration?

Total	Males	Females

Total $(1 + 2 + 3)$	954	195	765
, ,	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. At first instance level	714	136	583
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level	240	59	182
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. At Supreme Court level	0	0	0
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

### 046-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart from part-time) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	(X) Yes
Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	(X) Yes () No
Other measures	(X) Yes () No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration? There is always the possibility for adjustment of working times without reduced remuneration. Other measures like care leave (zorgverlof) come without reduced remuneration depending on length. At this moment there is also the PAS possibility for older employees to reduce working time with partial reduced remuneration, see: https://www.p-direkt.nl/informatie-rijkspersoneel-2020/mijn-werk/wijziging-in-werk/pas-regeling

#### 046-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

[X] Child-care
[ X ] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[ X ] Training
[ X ] For the purposes of early retirement
[ X ] As part of induction process for new judges
[ X ] No specific reason required
[ ] Other reason, please specify:
[ ] NAP

Comments

=

#### 046-2. Number of judges (FTE) by case type:

	Total	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
Total number of judges	2 671				
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
First instance	1 931				
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Second instance	705				
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Supreme Court	35	13	11	11	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

If "Other", please explain which types of cases: Numbers are on posts filled, not fte. Fte for first and second instance is 2 451.



#### 047. Number of court presidents.

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of court presidents $(1+2+3)$	18	8	10
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
1. Number of first instance court presidents	11	5	6
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)	6	3	3
court presidents	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
3. Number of Supreme Court presidents	1	0	1
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP

Comments

## 048. Number of professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis and who are paid as such (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year):

	Figure
Gross figure	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
In full-time equivalent	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP

Comments - If necessary, please provide comments to explain the answer provided:

### 048-1. Do these professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis deal with a significant part of cases?

_			
			•
	_	ear) (e.g.	lay judges or "juges
isons sitting of	i a jury).	Figure	
		[ X ] NA	
		[ ] NAP	
		[ X ] NA	
chter-plaatsvervange	ers) are taken ind	ependently, a	are binding, and can be appe
s exist at first i	nstance in y	our coun	try, please specify for
Yes	No		Echevinage / mixed bench
( )	( X	)	( )
(X)	( )	ı	( )
(X)	( )		( )
(X)	( )		( )
(X)	( )		( )
(X)	( )	)	( )
(X)	( )	ı	( )
( )	( X	)	( )
·			·
le trial by jury	with the par	ticipation	of citizens?
le trial by jury	with the par	ticipation	of citizens?
le trial by jury	with the par	ticipation	of citizens?
	echter-plaatsvervange es exist at first i  Yes  (X)  (X)  (X)  (X)  (X)	Pecember of the reference yersons sitting on a jury):  Sechter-plaatsvervangers) are taken independence in years at first instance in years at first instance in years (X) (X) (X) (Y) (X) (Y) (Y) (Y) (Y) (Y) (Y) (Y) (Y) (Y) (Y	Figure

[ ] Criminal cases			
[ ] Other than criminal cases			
omments			
51. Number of citizens who were inv	olved in such	juries for the year	of reference:
[ ]			
[ ] NA			
[ X ] NAP			
Comments			
052. Number of non-judge staff who a	re working in	courts (if possible	on 31 December of the
• •	•	· -	
eference year) (this data should not in		• •	-
60) (please give the information in full	l-time equival	ent and for posts ac	ctually filled)
	Total	Males	Females
Total non-judge staff working in courts $(1 + 2)$	7 736		
+ 3 + 4 + 5)	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
1 Dealtanflager (or similar hadies) (see	[ ] IVAI	[ ]IVAI	[ ]IVAI
Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) (see     Explanatory Note)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Explanatory Note)	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to			
assist the judges such as registrars (case	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP
preparation, assistance during the hearing,	[ ] 1721	[ ]1771	[ ] TALL
helping to draft the decisions)			
3. Staff in charge of different administrative			
tasks and of the management of the courts	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA
(human resources management, material and	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
equipment management, including computer			
systems, financial and budgetary management,	1	1	i e

050-1. If yes, for which type(s) of case(s)?

training management)

5. Other non-judge staff

4. Technical staff

Comments - If "Other non-judge staff", please specify: The Council of the Judiciary is not able to make a distinction between different types of non-judge staff working in courts, and thus, the entry is NA (total fte = 7 477). The Supreme Court can make the distinction between the number of non-judge staff whose task it is to assist judges (fte= 101) and staff in charge of different administrative tasks (fte= 158).

[ X ] NA

] NAP

[ X ] NA

[ ] NAP

[ X ] NA

] NAP

[ X ] NA

[ ] NAP

052-1. Number of non-judge staff by instance (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year)

[ X ] NA

1 NAP

[ X ] NA

[ ] NAP

(this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females	
Total non-judge staff working in courts	7 736			
(1+2+3)	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
(1+2+3)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
1. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	6 474			
	[]NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
first instance level	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	
2. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	1 003			
	[ ] NA	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	
second instance (court of appeal) level	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	
3. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	259			
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
Supreme Court level	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	

Comments
----------

=

#### 053. If there are Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies), please specify in which fields they have a role:

[	] Legal aid
[	] Family cases
[	] Payment orders
[	] Registry cases (land and/or business registry cases)
[	] Enforcement of civil cases
[	] Enforcement of criminal cases
[	] Non-litigious cases
[	] Other cases not mentioned (please describe in comment
[	X ] NAP

Comments - Please briefly describe their status and exact duties:

#### 054. Have the courts outsourced certain services under their responsibilities to external providers?

(X) Yes
() No

Comments

#### 054-1. If yes, please specify which services have been outsourced:

[ X ] IT services
[ ] Training of staff
[X] Security
[ ] Archives
[X] Cleaning

[ ] Other types of services (please specify):			
Comments - If "Other types of services", please specific building maintenance, technical services, facility man	-		<del>-</del>
C1. Please indicate the sources for ans	wering the qu	estions in this part	
Sources: Annual report Council for the Judiciary Website Supreme Court Personnel registration system P-Direkt			
3.3. Public prosecution 3.3.1Public prosecutors and staff 055. Number of public prosecutors (or information in full-time equivalent and		•	vear). (Please give the
_	Total	Males	Females
Total number of prosecutors (1 + 2 + 3)	1 026 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	405 []NA []NAP	621 []NA
1. Number of prosecutors at first instance level	918 []NA []NAP	354 []NA []NAP	564 []NA []NAP
2. Number of prosecutors at second instance (court of appeal) level	108 []NA	51 []NA []NAP	57 []NA []NAP
3. Number of prosecutors at Supreme Court level	[ ]NA [ X ]NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Comments - Please indicate any useful comment for in	nterpreting the dat	a above:	_
= 055-1-1. Does your system allow part- remuneration? (X) Yes () No Comments  055-1-2. If yes, please specify in w replies possible) [] Child-care			· -
			Page 28 of 130

[ ] Training			
[ ] For the purposes of early retirement			
[ X ] No specific reason required			
[ ] Other reason, please specify:			
ments			
055-1-3. If yes, what is the number of	of prosecutors	working part-time v	with reduced
remuneration?	Total	Males	Females
	Total	Iviales	remates
Total $(1+2+3)$	149	17	132
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
1. At first instance level	124	11	113
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level	25	6	19
- The second second of Spread, 10, 10	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[]NA	[]NA
	[ ] IVAI	[ ] IVAI	[ ] IVAI
2 At Suprama Court laval			
3. At Supreme Court level	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP

### 05

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	(X) Yes
Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	(X) Yes
Other measures	(X) Yes () No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration? Under various circumstances (see 55-1-5), it is possible to request short-term or longer-term special leave. Short-term special leave (in case of calamities) will usually not imply reduced renumeration, while longer-term special leave will usually imply (partially) reduced renumeration (e.g. special arrangements exist for child care and early retirement).

#### 055-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

- [X] Child-care
- [ X ] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
- [X] Training

[ ] As part of induction process for new prosecutors. [ X ] No specific reason required	rs		
[ X ] Other reason, please specify:child birth (partner)	er), weddings/fune	rals (attending, as well as r	naking arrangements for), political
[ ] NAP			
Comments Furthermore, one can request long term lead secondment, etc. These arrangement may be with or we contains arrangements for this. Labour agreements can	ithout renumeration	on. The Law Labour and Ca	
056. Number of heads of prosecution of	offices.		
	Total	Males	Females
Total number of heads of prosecution offices $(1 + 2 + 3)$	15 []NA []NAP	9 []NA []NAP	6 []NA []NAP
1. Number of heads of prosecution offices at first instance level	14 []NA []NAP	9 []NA []NAP	5 []NA []NAP
2. Number of heads of prosecution offices at second instance (court of appeal) level	1 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	1 []NA []NAP
3. Number of heads of prosecution offices at Supreme Court level	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the	e data above:		
057. In your judicial system, do other p	ersons have	similar duties to the	ose of public prosecutors
(X) Yes			
( ) No			
Comments - If yes, please specify their titles and funct	ions:		
057-1. If yes, please provide the nu	mber (in full	-time equivalent):	
[ 242 ] [ ] NA			
059. If yes, is their number include	d in the numl	per of public prosec	cutors that you have
indicated under question 55?			
( ) Yes			
( X ) No			
[ ] NAP			
Comments			
059-1. Do prosecution offices have pro	secutors who	are specially train	ed in areas of domestic

[ X ] For the purposes of early retirement

violence and sexual violence?

Domestic violence		[ ]N	[X] Yes  Yes, specifically for minor victir  No  A  AP
Sexual violence		[ ]N	[X] Yes [ ] Yes, specifically for minor victir [ ] No A AP
omments - If yes, please specify			
:			
960. Number of staff (non-public propossible, on 31 December of the refequestion 52 (in full-time equivalent a	rence year and	without the num	-
· · · · · · · · ·	Total	Males	Females
Number of staff (non-public prosecutors) attached to the public prosecution service	4 594 [] NA	1 444 [ ] NA	3 150 []NA
22. Please indicate the sources for an			
Sources: Annual report public proseuction Other sources			
Other sources  4. Gender equality  4.1 Specific provisions for facility  61-2. Are there specific provisions		<u> </u>	within the framework of th
Other sources  4. Gender equality  4.1 Specific provisions for facility  61-2. Are there specific provisions	for facilitating g	<u> </u>	within the framework of th
4. Gender equality 4.1 Specific provisions for facility 61-2. Are there specific provisions procedures for recruiting:	for facilitating g	gender equality	
Other sources  4. Gender equality  4.1 Specific provisions for facility	for facilitating g	gender equality v	No

lawyers	( )	(X)
notaries	( )	(X)
enforcement agents	( )	(X)
[ ] NA	,	
omments - if the situation changed since the reference yearify:	year, please specify in the con	mments. If you have additional comments p
51-3. Are there specific provisions for f	facilitating gender eq	uality within the framework of
rocedures for promoting:	Yes, please spe	cify No
	Tes, please spe	Lily No
udges	( )	(X)
prosecutors	( )	(X)
non-judge staff	( )	(X)
awyers	( )	(X)
- otomica	( )	(X)
lotaries		(,
enforcement agents  comments - If the situation changed since the reference y	year or you have additional c	(X) comments, please specify:
enforcement agents  omments - If the situation changed since the reference years.  61-3-1. Are there specific provisions fo	year or you have additional c	omments, please specify: equality within the framework
enforcement agents  comments - If the situation changed since the reference y  61-3-1. Are there specific provisions for rocedures for the appointment of:  Court president	year or you have additional c	(X)  comments, please specify:  equality within the framework  Yes / No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]
comments - If the situation changed since the reference of the situation changed since the situatio	year or you have additional c	(X) comments, please specify: equality within the framework  Yes / No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please
comments - If the situation changed since the reference yes  61-3-1. Are there specific provisions for rocedures for the appointment of:  Court president	year or you have additional c	(X)  comments, please specify:  equality within the framework  Yes / No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]
enforcement agents  omments - If the situation changed since the reference years of the situation changed since the reference years.  61-3-1. Are there specific provisions for rocedures for the appointment of:  Court president  Head of prosecution services	year or you have additional c	(X)  comments, please specify:  equality within the framework  Yes / No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]
enforcement agents  comments - If the situation changed since the reference years of the situation changed since the reference years of the specific provisions for rocedures for the appointment of:  Court president  Head of prosecution services  omments  4.2 At national level	year or you have additional cor facilitating gender	(X)  comments, please specify:  equality within the framework  Yes / No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No
enforcement agents  comments - If the situation changed since the reference years of the situation changed s	year or you have additional cor facilitating gender or facilitating gender or facilitating document (e.g.	(X)  comments, please specify:  equality within the framework  Yes / No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No
enforcement agents  omments - If the situation changed since the reference years of the specific provisions for rocedures for the appointment of:  Court president  Head of prosecution services  4.2 At national level  61-5. Does your country have an overar	year or you have additional cor facilitating gender or facilitating gender or facilitating document (e.g.	(X)  comments, please specify:  equality within the framework  Yes / No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No  ( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you specify the reference or internet link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us?

### 061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner) / institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:

	Yes, please specify	No
The recruitment of judges	( )	(X)
The promotion of judges	( )	(X)
The recruitment of prosecutors	( )	(X)
The promotion of prosecutors	( )	(X)
The recruitment of non-judge staff	( )	(X)
The promotion of non-judge staff	( )	(X)

Comments - Please specify the status of this person/institution and if it has a consultative function or if its opinions/decisions have legal consequences:

#### 3.4.3 At court/public prosecution services level

061-7. At the court or public prosecution services level, is there a person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner)/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in the organisation of judicial work?

	Yes	No
in courts (judges)	( )	(X)
in public prosecution services (prosecutors)	( )	(X)
for courts' non-judge staff	( )	(X)

Comments - Please specify the details of this person/institution, in particular its titles and function:

061-9. In order to improve gender balance in access to different judicial professions and gender equality in promotion and in access to functions of responsibility, what are the measures, in your country, which:

have been already implemented (please specify):	
are planned (please specify):	

Comments - If the situation changed since reference year, please specify in the comments.
[ X ] NAP
061-10. Are there evaluation studies or official reports regarding the main causes of possible
gender inequalities with regard to:
[ ] Recruitment procedures, please specify:
[ ] Appointment to the position of court president, please specify:
[ ] Appointment to the position of head of prosecution services, please specify:
[ ] Promotion procedures and access to the functions of responsibility, please specify:
[ ] Other studies, please specify:
Comments - Please specify also the reference documents.
3.5. Use of information technologies in courts
3.5.1 Governance
ICT STRATEGY
062-01. Do you have an overall Information and Communication Technology (ICT) strategy in the
judicial system?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments There is not one policy or strategy that binds all organisations in the judicial field (or nationwide). There are projects that involve various partners, but these may still operate alone in other projects.
062-02. If there is an overall ICT strategy in the judicial system, who was involved in the process
of its definition?
[ ] Judges (Judicial council)
[ ] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)
[ ] Ministry of justice
[ ] Lawyers (bar association)
[ ] Notaries (association of notaries)
[ ] Enforcement agents (association of enforcement agents)
[ ] Other (please specify)
[X]NAP
Comments NAP
LEGISLATION

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062-04. If yes, how is this legislatio	n/regulation of ICT in the judicial	system structured?
[ X ] Relevant norms are included in the genera	l e-government legislation/regulation	
[ X ] Relevant norms are included in specific le	gislation/regulation only for the judicial system	
[ ] Relevant texts are included in dedicated tea	chnical documents/specifications	
[ ] Other, please specify		
[ ] NA		
Comment - If more than one of the proposed models ex [ ] ${\rm NA}$	cist in your country, please select them all and e	xplain the details
IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTATION	OF ICT SYSTEMS	•
implementation of the ICT system?  (X) Yes  () No		
O62-06. If these audits/evaluations/a modalities:	assessments were already organise	d, please specify their
062-06. If these audits/evaluations/a	assessments were already organise	Last conducted audit
062-06. If these audits/evaluations/a		

062-03. Does a national legislation/regulation of ICT in the judicial system exist?

(X) Yes

( ) No

Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[ ] External [ ] NAP - no audit has been organised [ ] NA	[ ] Between 2 and 5 years ago [ ] More than 5 years ago [ ] NAP - no audit has been organised [ ] NA
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	been organised	[ ] More than 5 years ago [ ] NAP - no audit has been organised [ ] NA
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[ ] NA	[ ] NAP - no audit has been organised
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)		been organised
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[ X ] Internal	[ ] NA
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[ X ] Internal	
		[ X ] In the last 2 years
	[ ] External	[ ] Between 2 and 5 years
	[ ] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[ ] More than 5 years ago
	[ ] NA	[ ] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
	[ ] Internal	[]NA
Other, please specify in comments	[ ] External	[ ] In the last 2 years [ ] Between 2 and 5 years
	[ X ] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[ ] More than 5 years ago
	[ ] NA	[X] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[ ] NA

#### 3.5.2 Electronic case processing

[ ] Reporting purpose only

[ ] NA [ ] NAP

Comments

#### **ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF CASES**

[ ] Other, please specify .....

062-08. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate

Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - electronic	( ) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic	( ) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic	( ) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Comments Usage rate: please note that this is an overall average, the level of digitization differs from subdiscipline to subdiscipline withing civl and administrative law.

### 062-09. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted electronically by:	Data integration
Civil	[X] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [] NAP - electronic submission is not possible	[ X ] Lawyer   [ X ] Party not represented by a lawyer   [ ] Other, please specify   [ ] NAP – electronic submission is not possible   [ ] NA	[ X ] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS)   [ X ] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS   [ ] NAP — electronic submission is not possible   [ ] NA

Administrative	[X] Paper	[ X ] Lawyer	[ X ] The data are
	submission is still	[X] Party not	electronically transferred
	possible	represented by a lawyer	to the Case Management
	[ ] Paper	[ ] Other, please	System (CMS)
	submission is not	specify	[X] The data are
	possible anymore	[ ] NAP –	manually re-entered in
	(electronic submission is	electronic submission is	the CMS
	the only way)	not possible	[ ] NAP –
	[ ] Double	[ ] NA	electronic submission is
	submission (paper must		not possible
	accompany the electronic		[ ] NA
	submission)		
	[ ] NAP –		
	electronic submission is		
	not possible		
	[ ] NA		
Criminal	[X] Paper	[X] Lawyer	[ X ] The data are
	submission is still	[ ] Party not	electronically transferred
	possible	represented by a lawyer	to the Case Management
	[X] Paper	[ X ] Other, please	System (CMS)
	submission is not	specify	[ ] The data are
	possible anymore	[ ] NAP –	manually re-entered in
	(electronic submission is	electronic submission is	the CMS
	the only way)	not possible	[ ] NAP –
	[ ] Double	[ ] NA	electronic submission is
	submission (paper must		not possible
	accompany the electronic		[ ] NA
	submission)		
	1	1	
	[ ] NAP –		
	[ ] NAP – electronic submission is		

Comments Criminal - Possible to be submitted electronically by: other, public prosecutor

### SENDING ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS TO COURT

# 062-10. If it is possible to send case-related documents to the courts electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic delivery	( ) NAP - electronic delivery
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - electronic delivery	( ) NAP - electronic delivery
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic delivery	( ) NAP - electronic delivery
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Comments Usage rate: Please note: this is an overall average, the level of digitization differs from subdiscipline to subdiscipline within civil and administrative law.

# 062-11. If it is possible to send electronically case related documents to the courts, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted electronically by:	Data integration
Civil	[ X ] Paper delivery is still possible     [ ] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way)     [ ] Double delivery (Paper delivery must accompany the electronic	[ X ] Documents sent by a lawyer [ X ] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [ ] Documents sent by another person/institution [ ] NAP –	[ X ] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [ ] NAP – electronic delivery is not possible
	one)  [ ] NAP – electronic delivery is not possible []NA	electronic delivery is not possible	[ ] NA

Administrative	[ X ] Paper delivery	[ X ] Documents sent	[ X ] The data are
	is still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[ ] Paper delivery is	[ ] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[ X ] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[ ] Documents sent	the CMS
	[ ] Double delivery	by another	[ ] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[ ] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA	
	possible		
	[ ] NA		
Criminal	[ X ] Paper delivery	[ X ] Documents sent	[ X ] The data are
	is still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[ X ] Paper delivery	[ ] Documents sent	to the CMS
	is not possible anymore	by a party not	[ ] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[ ] Documents sent	the CMS
	[ ] Double delivery	by another	[ ] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[ ] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA	
	possible		
	r		

Comment - If you have selected the option "Documents sent by another person/institution", please specify details.

### **ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS**

# 062-12. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic	( ) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic	( ) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic	( ) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Comments Please note: this is an overall average, the level of digitization differs from subdiscipline to subdiscipline within civil and administrative law.

### 062-13. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Type of notification	Data integration
Civil	[ X ] Paper	[ X ] Notifications	[ X ] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[ ] Paper	[ X ] Notifications	[ X ] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[ ] NAP –
	the only way)	[ ] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[ ] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[ ] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[ ] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[ ] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[ ] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[ ] NA	are not possible	
		[ ] NA	

Administrative	[X] Paper	[ X ] Notifications	[ X ] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	Paper	[ X ] Notifications	[ X ] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is		NAP –
	the only way)	[ ] Notifications	electronic notifications
	Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[ ] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[ ] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[ ] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[ ] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[ ] NA	are not possible	
		[ ] NA	
Criminal	[ X ] Paper	[ X ] Notifications	[ X ] The electronic
Criminal	[ X ] Paper notification is still	[ X ] Notifications sent by the court to the	[ X ] The electronic notification is generated
Criminal	_		
Criminal	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
Criminal	notification is still possible	sent by the court to the lawyer	notification is generated from the CMS
Criminal	notification is still possible [ X ] Paper	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic
Criminal	notification is still possible [X] Paper notification is not	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually
Criminal	notification is still possible [ X ] Paper notification is not possible anymore	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated
Criminal	notification is still possible [X] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible [X] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP – electronic notifications
Criminal	notification is still possible [X] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [] Double	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ X ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [ ] Double notification (paper	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [X] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [] Double notification (paper notification must	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [X] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [X] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one)	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions  [ ] NAP –	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [X] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one)  [] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [X] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one)  [] NAP — electronic notifications	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions  [ ] NAP –	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible

Comment - If you have selected the option "Notifications sent to other persons/institutions", please specify details.

### CONSULTATION OF A CASE ONLINE

062-14. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate
-----------------	------------

Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - online consultation	( ) NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - online consultation	( ) NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - online consultation	( ) NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Comments Please note: this is an overall average, the level of digitization differs from subdiscipline to subdiscipline within civil and administrative law.

062-15. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, please specify the modalities:

	Content	Access	Consultation format
Civil	[ X ] Case status [ X ] Documents	[ X ] Lawyer [ ] Party not	[ X ] Electronic access at the court
	[ X ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar	represented by a lawyer [ X ] Other, please	premises  [ ] Other, please
		specify	specify
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] NAP – online	[ ] NAP – online
	specify	consultation is not	consultation is not
	[ ] NAP – online	possible	possible
	consultation is not	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	possible		

Administrative	[ X ] Case status	[ X ] Lawyer	[ X ] Electronic
	[ X ] Documents	[ ] Party not	access at the court
	[ X ] Notifications	represented by a lawyer	premises
	[ X ] Events/calendar	[ X ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please
	[ X ] Court decision	specify	specify
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] NAP – online	[ ] NAP – online
	specify	consultation is not	consultation is not
	[ ] NAP – online	possible	possible
	consultation is not	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	possible		
	[ ] NA		
	. ,		
Criminal	[ X ] Case status	[ X ] Lawyer	[ X ] Electronic
Criminal		[X] Lawyer [] Party not	[ X ] Electronic access at the court
Criminal	[ X ] Case status	-	
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ X ] Documents	[ ] Party not	access at the court
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ X ] Documents [ X ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar	[ ] Party not represented by a lawyer	access at the court premises
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ X ] Documents [ X ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar	[ ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ X ] Other, please	access at the court premises  [ ] Other, please
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ X ] Documents [ X ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar [ X ] Court decision	[ ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ X ] Other, please specify	access at the court premises  [ ] Other, please specify
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ X ] Documents [ X ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar [ X ] Court decision [ ] Other, please	[ ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ X ] Other, please specify [ ] NAP – online	access at the court premises  [ ] Other, please specify [ ] NAP – online
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ X ] Documents [ X ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar [ X ] Court decision [ ] Other, please specify	[ ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ X ] Other, please specify [ ] NAP – online consultation is not	access at the court premises  [ ] Other, please specify [ ] NAP – online consultation is not
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ X ] Documents [ X ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar [ X ] Court decision [ ] Other, please specify [ ] NAP – online	[ ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ X ] Other, please specify [ ] NAP – online consultation is not possible	access at the court premises  [ ] Other, please specify [ ] NAP – online consultation is not possible

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other", please specify details. Other: public prosecutor office

#### **REMOTE HEARINGS**

### 062-16. If it is possible to organise remote hearings what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - remote hearings are not possible	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( X ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( ) NAP - remote hearings are not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( X ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - remote hearings are not possible	( ) NAP - remote hearings are not possible

Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - remote hearings	( ) NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

# 062-17. If it is possible to organise remote hearings, please specify the functionalities and modalities:

	Functionalities	Modalities
Civil	[ ] Dedicated tool	[ X ] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[ ] The judge can impose a
	[ ] Publicly available tools	remote hearing
	used by courts	[ ] NAP – remote hearings
	[ X ] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[ ] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[ ] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[ ] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[ ] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[ ] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[ ] NA	

Administrative	[ ] Dedicated tool	[ X ] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[ ] The judge can impose a
	[ ] Publicly available tools	remote hearing
	used by courts	[ ] NAP – remote hearings
	[ X ] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[ ] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[ ] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[ ] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[ ] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[ ] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[ ] NA	
Criminal	[ ] Dedicated tool	[ X ] Agreement of the
Criminal	[ ] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use	[ X ] Agreement of the parties is needed
Criminal		_
Criminal	specially designed for the use	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion,	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation  [ ] Tools for automatic	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation  [ ] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation  [ ] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)  [ ] NAP – remote hearings	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ X ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation  [ ] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible

### **ELECTRONIC ARCHIVES**

062-18. If electronic archives of cases exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate

Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	(X)0%	(X)0%
	( ) NAP - electronic archives	( ) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic archives	( ) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	(X)0%	(X)0%
	( ) NAP - electronic archives	( ) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

### 062-19. If an electronic archive of cases exists, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper
	[ ] Paper archiving is still possible [ ] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [ ] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [ ] NAP – electronic archives do not
	exist [X]NA
Administrative	[ X ] Paper archiving is still possible [ ] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only
	way)  [ ] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one)  [ ] NAP – electronic archives do not exist
	[]NA

Criminal	[ ] Paper archiving is still possible
	[ ] Paper archiving is not possible
	anymore (electronic archiving is the only
	way)
	[X] Double archiving (paper archiving
	must accompany the electronic one)
	[ ] NAP – electronic archives do not
	exist
	[ ] NA

Comments Only cases regarding aliens are archived completely digitally.

### **3.5.3 Tools**

### CASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (CMS)

## 062-20. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - CMS does not	( ) NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	(X) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - CMS does not	( ) NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - CMS does not	( ) NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Comments Please note: this is an overall average, the level of digitization differs from subdiscipline to subdiscipline within civil and administrative law.

062-21. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities

### of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Civil	[ X ] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[ ] Active case management
	dashboard
	[ ] Random allocation of cases
	[ ] Case weighting
	[ X ] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[ ] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[ ] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[ X ] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[ X ] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Protected log files
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[ ] NA
Administrative	[ X ] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[ ] Active case management
	dashboard
	[ ] Random allocation of cases
	[ ] Case weighting
	[ X ] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[ ] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[ ] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[ X ] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[ X ] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Protected log files
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[ ] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", because of its importance please specify details.

# 062-22. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Criminal	[ X ] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[ X ] Active case management
	dashboard
	[ ] Random allocation of cases
	[ ] Case weighting
	[ X ] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[ X ] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[ ] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[ X ] Interoperability with prosecution
	system
	[ X ] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[ X ] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Protected log files
	[ X ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[ ] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

### WRITING ASSISTANCE TOOLS

### 062-23. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, what are their deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - writing assistance	( ) NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA

	(	
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - writing assistance	( ) NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - writing assistance	( ) NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA

Comments In principle, there is some type of support for every case type.

### 062-24. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, please describe their functionalities:

	Functionalities
Civil	[ X ] Templates
	[ X ] Automatically generated text
	[ ] Automatically suggested decision
	[ ] Speech-to-text
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ X ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[ ] NA
Administrative	[ X ] Templates
	[ X ] Automatically generated text
	[ ] Automatically suggested decision
	[ ] Speech-to-text
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ X ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[ ] NA

Criminal	[ X ] Templates	
	[ X ] Automatically generated text	
	[ ] Automatically suggested decision	
	[ ] Speech-to-text	
	[ ] Electronic signature	
	[ X ] Other special functionality, please	
	specify	
	[ ] NAP – writing assistance tools do	
	not exist	
	[ ] NA	

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details. Automatically fill in data from CMS, like names, dates, and type of case.

#### RECORDING OF COURT HEARINGS



### 062-25. If a tool to record court hearings exists, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Administrative	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Criminal	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings

Comments

062-26. If a tool to record court hearings exist, please specify its functionalities:

	Functionalities
Civil	[ ] Audio recording [ ] Video recording [ ] Systematic recording for all hearings [ ] Automatically indexed recording [ ] Automatic transcript from recording [ ] Possibility to request a copy of the recording [ ] Other special functionality, please specify [ X ] NAP – there is no tool for recording hearings [ ] NA
Administrative	[ ] Audio recording [ ] Video recording [ ] Systematic recording for all hearings [ ] Automatically indexed recording [ ] Automatic transcript from recording [ ] Possibility to request a copy of the recording [ ] Other special functionality, please specify [ X ] NAP – there is no tool for recording hearings
Criminal	[ ] Audio recording [ ] Video recording [ ] Systematic recording for all hearings [ ] Automatically indexed recording [ ] Automatic transcript from recording [ ] Possibility to request a copy of the recording [ ] Other special functionality, please specify [ X ] NAP – there is no tool for recording hearings [ ] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

### DATABASE OF COURT DECISIONS

062-27. If there is a national database of court decisions, please provide the percentage of the decisions published at each instance.

	Percentage of 1st instance decisions published	Percentage of 2nd instance decisions published	Percentage of Supreme court decisions published
Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%
	( ) 75-95 %	(X) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - There is no	( ) NAP - There is no	( ) NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	(X) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	(X) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - There is no	( ) NAP - There is no	( ) NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	(X) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - There is no	( ) NAP - There is no	( ) NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

# 062-28. If there is a national database of court decisions, please specify the modalities in publishing these decisions:

	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme court
Civil	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

			,
Administrative	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

<sup>-</sup> If you have selected the option "Other" because the court decisions are published online in some other way then the presented modalities, please describe.

### 062-29. If there is a database of court decisions at national level, what are the functionalities of this database?

	Functionalities
Civil	[ X ] Automatic anonymisation
	[ X ] Manual anonymisation
	[ X ] Free public online access
	[ ] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[ X ] Open data
	[ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Machine-readable content
	[ X ] Structured content
	[ X ] Metadata
	[ X ] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[ ] NA

Administrative	[ X ] Automatic anonymisation [ X ] Manual anonymisation [ X ] Free public online access [ ] Link to the case law of the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) [ X ] Open data [ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Machine-readable content [ X ] Structured content [ X ] Metadata [ X ] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)  [ ] Other special functionality, please specify  [ ] NAP – There is no database for these decisions
	[X] Automatic anonymisation [X] Manual anonymisation [ ] Free public online access [ ] Link to the case law of the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) [ X ] Open data [ X ] Advanced search engine [ X ] Machine-readable content [ X ] Structured content [ X ] Metadata [ X ] European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) [ ] Other special functionality, please specify [ ] NAP – There is no database for these decisions [ ] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details. Anonymization is in fact pseudonymization.

### STATISTICAL TOOLS

### 062-30. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, what is their deployment rate?

	Deployment rate
Civil	(X)95-100%
	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%
	( ) NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[ ] NA

Administrative	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%
	( ) NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%
	( ) NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[ ] NA

# 062-31. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, please describe their functionalities and the data available for statistical analysis:

	Functionalities	Data available for statistical analysis
Civil	[ X ] Integration/connection	[ X ] Case flow data
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[ X ] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[ X ] Age of a pending case
	[ ] Generation of	[ X ] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[ X ] Number of hearings
	[ ] Generation of	[ X ] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[ ] Case weights
	[ X ] Internal page and/or	[ X ] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[ ] External page with	[ ] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[ ] Result of the appeal
	[ ] Real-time data	[ ] NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[X] Automatic	[ ] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[ ] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[ ] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[ ] NA	

Administrative	[ X ] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[ X ] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[X] Age of a pending case
	[ ] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[X] Number of hearings
	[ ] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[ ] Case weights
	[ X ] Internal page and/or	[ X ] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[ ] External page with	[ X ] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[ ] Result of the appeal
	[ ] Real-time data	NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[ X ] Automatic	[]NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[ ] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[ ] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[ ] NA	
Criminal	[ X ] Integration/connection	X Case flow data
Criminal	[ X ] Integration/connection with the CMS	[ X ] Case flow data (number of incoming, resolved,
Criminal	_	[ X ] Case flow data (number of incoming, resolved, pending)
Criminal	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
Criminal	with the CMS [ X ] Business intelligence	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)
Criminal	with the CMS [ X ] Business intelligence software	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case [ X ] Length of proceedings
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports  [ X ] Internal page and/or	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports  [ X ] Internal page and/or dashboard	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports  [ X ] Internal page and/or dashboard  [ ] External page with	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ ] Result of the appeal
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports  [ X ] Internal page and/or dashboard  [ ] External page with statistics (public website)  [ ] Real-time data	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP— there are no
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [] Real-time data availability	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [] Real-time data availability  [X] Automatic	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [] Real-time data availability  [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [] Real-time data availability  [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [] Real-time data availability  [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level  [] Other special	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [] Real-time data availability  [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level  [] Other special functionality, please specify	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ X ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP— there are no statistical tools

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details

### OTHER TOOLS

062-32. Is there any application for online court-related dispute resolution?

( ) Yes

(X) No

062-33. If yes, is there a maximum value over which online court-related dispute resolution cannot be organised?
( ) Yes, please specify the maximum value
( ) No
Comments
062-34. If yes, can the online court-related dispute resolution be used in the following areas
[ ] Small claim litigation
[ ] Undisputed claim
[ ] Payment order
[ ] Misdemeanour criminal cases
[ ] Enforcement of civil cases
[ ] Other, please specify
Comment: Please describe the existing online procedures:
062-35. Is there a computerised national record centralising all criminal convictions?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments
062-36. If yes, please specify the following information:
[ ] The computerised record includes biometric data (ex. fingerprint data, picture)
[ X ] The computerised record is linked to other European records of the same nature (ex. ECRIS)
[ X ] The content is directly available through computerised means for judges and/or prosecutors (ex. interoperability with the CMS)
[ X ] The content is directly available for purposes other than criminal (ex. civil and administrative matters)
[ X ] The record contains conviction information on third-country nationals and stateless persons
Comments
062-37. Is there a Document Management System (DMS) in the registry of courts?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comment: If yes, please provide details on the purposes and usage of this system. DMS might be a narrow description of the system. case contains more than only documents, so a case management system is used for providing digital proceedings. Central purpose is have a central digital location for a complete case, used by parties and the courts.
062-38. In addition to the tools listed in the ICT section of this questionnaire does your judicial
system use other innovative ICT tools?
( ) Yes

1	w	1	NΙ	١
		١,	- 13	"

Comment: If yes, please list and describe these ICT tools.

#### 3.6.Performance and evaluation

### 3.6.1 National policies applied in courts and public prosecution services

066. Are quality standards determined for the judicial system at national level (are there quality
systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies)?

(X) Yes

( ) No

Comments - If yes, please specify:

## 067. Do you have specialised personnel entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards?

	Yes / No
within the courts	(X) Yes () No
within the public prosecution services	(X) Yes

Comments

#### 3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services

#### 070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning:

[ X ] number of incoming cases

[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)

[X] number of resolved cases

[X] number of pending cases

[X] backlogs

[ ] productivity of judges and court staff

[X] satisfaction of court staff

[X] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)

[ ] costs of the judicial procedures

[X] number of appeals

[ ] appeal ratio

[ ] clearance rate

[X] disposition time

[ ] other (please specify):

Comments

concerning:		
[X] number of incoming cases		
[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)		
[ X ] number of resolved cases		
[ X ] number of pending cases		
[ ] backlogs		
[ ] productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		
[ ] satisfaction of prosecution staff		
[ ] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the	by the public prosecution)	
[ ] costs of the judicial procedures		
[ ] clearance rate		
[ ] disposition time		
[ ] percentage of convictions and acquittals		
[ ] other (please specify):		
Comments		
<ul> <li>[X] civil law cases</li> <li>[X] criminal law cases</li> <li>[X] administrative law cases</li> </ul> Comments <ul> <li>O72. Do you monitor waiting time during judicia</li> </ul>	al proceedings?	
	Yes (If yes, please specify)	No
within the courts	( X ) see general comment	( )
within the public prosecution services	( X ) see general comment	( )
Comments		
073. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly	court performance base	d on the monitored
indicators of question 70?		
(X) Yes		
( ) No		
Comments		
073-0. If yes, please specify the frequency:		

070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality)

( ) Annual
( ) Less frequent
(X) More frequent
Comments - If "Less frequent" or "More frequent", please specify:
073-1. Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of resources within this
court?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments
073-2. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[ X ] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[ X ] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[ ] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency
[ ] Other (please specify):
Comments There is a strong and direct relaties between de outcomes of the annual evaluation (e.g. the number of cases dissolved) and the budget, but this already takes place in the pending year (balancing).
073-3. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly the performance of the public prosecution services based on the monitored indicators of question 70-1?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments
073-4. If yes, please specify the frequency:
( ) Annual
( ) Less frequent
(X) More frequent
Comments - If "less frequent" or "more frequent", please specify:
073-5. Is this evaluation of the activity of public prosecution services used for the later allocation
of resources within this public prosecution service?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments
073-6. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[ X ] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[ X ] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[ X ] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency

[X] Other (please specify):Every year, the internal budget allocation is reviewed and adjusted. The budget for the ten local divisions of the public prosecution service ('arrondisementsparketten') and the specialized national divisions (such as the division for higher appeals, the 'ressortspartket') is comprised of a fixed amount of resources and an amount of resources based on the number of cases processed (taking into account complexity).
Comments
<b>●</b> =
079. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the courts (multiple replies possible)?
[ X ] High Judicial Council
[ ] Ministry of Justice
[ ] Inspection authority
[ ] Supreme Court
[ ] External audit body
[ ] Other (please specify):
Comments
079-1. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the public prosecution services
(multiple replies possible)?
[ ] Public Prosecutorial Council
[ ] Ministry of Justice
[ ] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor
[ X ] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[ X ] External audit body
[ ] Other (please specify):
Comments
3.6.3Information regarding courts /public prosecution services activity
080. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts?
( X ) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution): Council of the Judiciary
( ) No
Comments
080-1. Are the statistics on the functioning of each court published?  (X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)There is no open data, but data can be made available online when requested.
( ) No, only internally (on an intranet website)
( ) No
Comments There is no open data, but data can be made available online when requested.
=

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080-2. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding
the functioning of the public prosecution services?
( X ) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution):Public Prosecutors Office
( ) No
Comments
080-3. Are the statistics on the functioning of each public prosecution service published?
( ) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)
( ) No, only internally (on an intranet website)
(X) No
Comments
081. Are individual courts required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data
on the number of resolved cases or pending cases, the number of judges and administrative staff
targets and assessment of the activity)?
( ) Yes
(X)No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. to whom the report is primarily intended):
081-1. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[ ] Internet
[ ] Intranet (internal) website
[ ] Paper distribution
Comments
081-2. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
( ) Annual
( ) Less frequent
( ) More frequent
Comments
=
081-3. Are public prosecution services required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data on the number of incoming cases, the number of decisions, the number of public
prosecutors and administrative staff, targets and assessment of the activity)?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. for whom the report is primarily intended):
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[ ] Internet	
[ ] Intranet (internal) website	
[ ] Paper distribution	
Comments	
081-5. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at whi	ch the report is released:
( ) Annual	•
( ) Less frequent	
( ) More frequent	
Comments	
3.6.4 Performance and evaluation of judges and pul	olic prosecutors
083. Are there quantitative performance targets defined resolved cases in a month or year)?	d for each judge (e.g. the number of
( ) Yes	
(X)No	
Comments	
083-1. Who is responsible for setting these targets for e	each judge?
[ ] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[ ] Legislative power	
[ ] Judicial power (for example the High Judicial Council, Supreme Cou	rt)
[ ] President of the court	
[ ] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
083-1-1. What are the consequences for a judge if these	e targets are not met?
	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[ ] Warning by court's president [ ] Temporary salary reduction [ ] Reflected in the individual assessment [ ] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[ ] Warning by court's president [ ] Temporary salary reduction

081-4. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:

[ ] Reflected in the individual

[ ] Other, please specify: [Comment]

-	[ ] No consequences
-	[ X ] NAP (no targets defined)
Comments	<u>'</u>
114. Is there a system of individual evaluation of the	e judges' work?
	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work
Quantitative	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Qualitative	( ) Yes (X) No
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is based, purposes for which the results of the assessment are used:	the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the
114-1. Please specify the frequency of this evaluation	on:
( ) Annual	
( ) Less frequent	
( ) More frequent	
( ) Different frequencies used, please specify:	
=	
083-2. Are there quantitative performance targets de	efined for each public prosecutor (e.g. the
number of decisions in a month or year)?	
( ) Yes	
(X) No	
Comments	
083-3. Who is responsible for setting these targets f	For each public prosecutor?
[ ] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[ ] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[ ] Public Prosecutorial Council	
[ X ] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public	prosecutor
[ ] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
083-3-1. What are the consequences for a prosecuto	or if these targets are not met?
	Consequences:

Without disciplinary procedure	[ ] Warning by head of prosecution [ ] Temporary salary reduction
	[ ] Reflected in the individual
	assessment
	[ ] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[ ] Warning by head of prosecution
	[ ] Temporary salary reduction
	[ ] Reflected in the individual
	assessment
	[ ] Other, please specify: [Comment]
No consequences	[ ] No consequences
Comments	
20. Is there a system of individual evaluation of the	public prosecutors' work?
	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of thepublic prosecutors' work
Quantitative	( ) Yes
	(X)No
Qualitative	(X)Yes
	( ) No
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is based, the surposes for which the results of the assessment are used:	
20-1. Please specify the frequency of this evaluation (X) Annual	<b>.</b>
( ) Less frequent	
( ) More frequent	
( ) Different frequencies used, please specify:	
Comments	
24. Please indicate the sources for answering the que	stions in this part
Sources: no specific sources	
Fair trial	
1.Principles	

4.1.1Principles of fair trial

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084. Percentage of first instance criminal in absentia judgments (	cases in which the suspect is not
attending the hearing in person nor is represented by a lawyer)?	
[	
Comments - Please add methodology for calculation used.	
085. Is there a procedure to effectively challenge a judge (recusa	), if a party considers that the
judge is not impartial?	-,, <u></u>
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comments - Please could you briefly specify:	
085-1. If yes, what are:	
5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	_
The total number of the initiated procedures in the reference year	725 []NA []NAP
The total number of recusals pronounced in the reference year	17 []NA []NAP
Comment - Please, could you briefly specify: Initiated procedures at first and second instant Initiated procedures at the Dutch Supreme Court: 4, 0 rewarded recusals	nce courts: 721, 17 rewarded recusals.
086. Is there in your country a monitoring system for the violatic European Convention on Human Rights?	ns related to Article 6 of the
[X] For civil procedures (non-enforcement)	
[ X ] For civil procedures (timeframe)	
[ X ] For criminal procedures (timeframe)	
Comments - Please specify what are the terms and conditions of this monitoring system (in by ECHR at the State/courts level; implementation of internal systems to prevent other vio measure an evolution of the established violations): An overview is kept of all Dutch cases. There is no specific monitoring system.	lations (that are similar) and if possible to
086-1. Is there in your country a possibility to review/reopen a ca	ase after a finding of a violation of
the European Convention on Human Rights by the European Convention	art of Human Rights?
[ ] For civil cases	
[ X ] For criminal cases	
[ ] For administrative cases	
Comments	

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### D1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: https://www.rechtspraak.nl/SiteCollectionDocuments	s/Jaarverslag%20Rechtspraak%2	202022.pdf
https://www.hogeraad.nl/jaarverslag/hoge-raad/vierde-kamer/ https://wetten.overheid.nl/BWBR0001903/2023-03-01/#BoekD	Derde HoofdstukB TiteldeelVIII	AfdelingEerste
https://wetten.overheid.nl/jci1.3:c:BWBR0001827&boek=Eers		· ·
01&g=2023-07-01 https://wetten.overheid.nl/jci1.3:c:BWBR00	005537&hoofdstuk=8&titeldeel=	-8.6
4.2.Timeframe of proceedings		
4.2.1 General information		•
087. Are there specific procedures for urgent ma	atters regarding:	
[X] civil cases		
[X] criminal cases		
[ X ] administrative cases		
[ ] There is no specific procedure for urgent matters		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
088. Are there simplified procedures for:		
[ ] civil cases (small disputes)		
[ X ] criminal cases (misdemeanour cases)		
[ ] administrative cases		
[ ] There is no simplified procedure		
Comments - If yes, please specify: In small civil disputes, there are civil commercial cases is considered a small case, we do not view to	•	
088-1. For these simplified procedures, may jud	lges deliver an oral judg	gement with a written order
and without the full reasoning of the judgement	?	
[ ] civil cases		
[ X ] criminal cases		
[ ] administrative cases		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
089. Do courts and lawyers have the possibility	to conclude agreement	s on arrangements for
processing cases (presentation of files, decisions	•	
conclusions etc.)?		<b>,</b>
,	Yes	No
	200	

Agreement on general arrangements	(X)	( )
Agreement in specific cases	(X)	( )

### 4.2.2 Case flow management – first instance

### 091. First instance courts: number of other than criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of other than criminal law		1 088 809	1 072 219	239 632	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	L 3V 1 NI A	r 3/ 1 N/A	123 994	L X 1 NIA	L X I NI A
litigious cases (including litigious	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[]NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
enforcement cases and if possible	, , , , , , ,	[ ]		[ ]	[ ] - 11 - 12
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases			856 256		
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2.1. General civil (and			856 256		
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
, <u>-</u>					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[X]NA
	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry	r I NI A	r ana	[ ] NA	[ ] NIA	L X I NIA
cases	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
2.2.2 Non 144-1 1					
2.2.2 Non-litigious business	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
registry cases	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[]NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases					
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ ] NAP

3. Administrative law cases		92 752	91 969	64 877	
	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP				
4. Other cases					
	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				

Comments In previous years, we were able to produce the number of incoming and pending cases for categories 1, 2, and 2.1, but not this year. The Judiciary has decided on a different norm for one of the components needed for this number, so these numbers are no longer available as of 2022.

### 092. If courts deal with "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases", please indicate the case categories included:

. Non-litigious cases include default judgments (undefended cases), unconquested requests (e.g. a married couple asking for a
divorce together).

#### 093. Please indicate the case categories included in the category "other cases":

. NAP			

#### 094. First instance courts: number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of criminal law cases		260 380	250 241	60 750	
	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
(1+2+3)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases		153 465	153 012	33 594	
	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor		106 915	97 229	27 156	
criminal cases	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
Cililinal cases	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify Increase in Category 1 - This is due to a technical change in registration, where it was found that some 14.500 cases were effectively resolved (from a legal standpoint) but had remained 'open' in the administration. This has lead to a decrease of the number of pending cases. Increase in Category 2 - These cases are both minor criminal offences and also traffic fine cases (so-called WAHV- or Mulder-cases). The latter

### 4.2.3 Case flow management – second instance



### 097. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of "other than criminal law" cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of other than criminal law		23 897	22 832	27 122	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases (including litigious enforcement cases and if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3)	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
2. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2.1. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases, e.g. uncontested payment orders, request for a change of name, non-litigious enforcement cases etc. (if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3; without registry cases and other cases, see categories 2.2 and 2.3)	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA
	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
2.2. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business registry cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
3. Administrative law cases	[X]NA []NAP	13 271 []NA []NAP	11 306 []NA	15 126 []NA []NAP	[X]NA

4. Other cases					
	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				

Comments - If "Other cases" please specify

### 098. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of criminal law cases		26 371	26 367	21 315	
(1+2+3)	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
(1+2+3)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
Crimmar cases	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify:

# 4.2.4 Case flow management – Supreme Court

# 099. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of "other than criminal law" cases:

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of other than criminal law	1 407	1 346	1 175	1 193	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
Cases (1+2+3+4)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	459	376	403	410	
litigious cases (including litigious	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[]NA	[]NA	[X]NA
enforcement cases and if possible	[ ]NAP	[ ]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases					
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP

	1		1	1	1
2.1. General civil (and					
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP				
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[ 24 ] 14231	[24] 14711	[ 24 ] 14231	[ 24 ] 14231	[24]1421
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases	F 1374	F 1374	F 1374	F 1374	F 1274
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP				
	[21]11/11	[21] 14711	[21]11/11	[21]11/11	[24] 1471
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry	E INTA	F 1 NTA	E INTA	F 1 3 T A	F 1 3 T A
cases	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP				
		[ ]			[ ]
2.2.2 Non-litigious business	[ ] NA				
registry cases	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.2. Other resistant sees					
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[ ] NA				
	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
2.3. Other hon-hughous cases	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				
3. Administrative law cases	948	970	772	783	
3. 1 tallimistrative law cuses	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP				
4. Other cases					
3 4121 94505	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				

Comments - If "Other cases", please specify

# 099-1. At the level of the Highest court (Supreme Court), is there a procedure of manifest inadmissibility?

( 2	X) Yes, please	indicate the nu	umber of ca	ses closed by	this procedu	e: NA
(	) No					

Comments

# 100. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases			Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of criminal law cases	2 015	3 174	2 849	2 183	
(1+2+3)	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP

1. Severe criminal cases						
	[ X ] NA					
	[ ] NAP					
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor						
criminal cases	[ X ] NA					
	[ ] NAP					
3. Other criminal cases						
	[ X ] NA					
	[ ] NAP					

Comment - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify

## 4.2.5 Case flow management and timeframes – specific cases

# 101. Number of specific litigious cases received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Litigious divorce cases			3 967		
Lingious divorce cuses	[X]NA	[X]NA	[ ] NA	[X]NA	[ X ] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
Employment dismissal cases			1 480		
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Insolvency					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Robbery case					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Intentional homicide					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

=

# 101-0. Number of cases relating to asylum seekers and to the right of entry and stay for aliens.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases for more than 2 years
Court cases relating to asylum seekers (refugee status under the 1951 Geneva Convention)	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP
Court cases relating to the right of entry and stay for aliens	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA

Comments

# 101-1. Could you briefly describe the system in your country dealing with legal remedies relating to asylum seekers (refugee status under the 1951 Geneva Convention) and the right of entry and stay for aliens:

. All requests for a residence permit (including those for asylum/refugee status) are assessed by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (IND). Asylum-seekers are provided with free legal assistance by a lawyer during the asylum procedure. During the procedure the applicants have lawful residence according to article 8 f of the Aliens Act 2000 and in accordance with article 9 of Directive 2013/32 EU. Exceptions can be made in certain cases of subsequent applications or (criminal) extradition.

In the event of a negative decision, applicants are provided with procedural information and legal representation (free of charge), both in procedures for the court in first instance (Rechtbank Den Haag, with ancillary seats in the capitals of the other arrondissements) and in final instance (Raad van State/ Council of State).

The appeal in asylum cases has suspensive effect by default. This implies that the alien's stay during the period of pending his appeal is as a regular lawful within the meaning of Article 8 of the Vw 2000. Exceptions are provided for in the second to fifth paragraphs of Article 82 of the Vw 2000. In the event that an exception occurs, the applicant can ask District Court of The Hague for a provisional measure of the to obtain suspensive effect.

# 101-2. Number of cases relating to child sexual abuse and child pornography received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Child sexual abuse					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Child pornography					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - Please explain what are the legal definitions of these categories of offences in your system:

102. Percentage of decisions subject to appeal, average length of proceedings and percentage of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances for specific litigious cases. The average length of proceedings has to be calculated from the date the application for judicial review is lodged to the date the judgment is made, without taking into account the investigation phase in criminal cases as well as enforcement procedure.

	1					1
Civil and commercial	Allow decimals : 2	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	422 [ ] NA	[ X ] NA	Allow decimals : 2
litigious cases						
_		[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
	[ X ] NA					[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP					[ ] NAP
Litigious divorce cases						
	Allow decimals : 2	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	Allow decimals: 2
		[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	
	[X]NA					[ X ] NA
	[]NAP					[]NAP
	[ ] NAP	+				[ ] NAP
Employment dismissal cases		91				
Employment dishiissai cases	Allow decimals : 2	1	E I DIA	r I NIA	r ana	Allow decimals : 2
		[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
		[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	
	[ X ] NA					[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP					[ X ] NAP
Insolvency cases						
·	Allow decimals: 2	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	Allow decimals: 2
		[ ] NAP	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
	[X]NA	[ ] 1 11 11	[ ] 1 11 11	[ ] 1 1 1 1	[ ] 1 11 12	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP					[ ] NAP
Dakkamaaaaa						
Robbery cases	Allow decimals : 2					Allow decimals : 2
	7 mow decimals . 2	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	7 mow decimals . 2
		[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
	[ X ] NA					[ X ] NA
	[]NAP					[]NAP
						C 1
Intentional homicide cases						
	Allow decimals: 2	[X]NA	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	Allow decimals: 2
		[] NAP	[] NAP	1 1		
		[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
	[ X ] NA					[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP					[ ] NAP

Comments Average length is no longer an official number at the Council of the Judiciary, as they have transferred to a different system (they also were not presented last year). For this year, we tried reconstructing the numbers, but the changes seemed quite large. Therefore, I decided to omit them for now, and we will have to see if we can deliver the numbers in the coming years.

# 104. How is the length of proceedings calculated for the six case categories of question 102? Please give a description of the calculation method.

. The length within one instance is from the formally defined start of the case until the termination of the case at that instance. The average length is calculated over all cases terminated at that instance during the year we report on.

The length of proceedings in civil cases (first instance) is calculated from the date of the administrative proceeding/appointment till the date of the case is closed (by a final judgment in 1st instance, or a friendly settlement).

# 4.2.6 Case flow management – public prosecution

# 105. Role and powers of the public prosecutor in the criminal procedure (multiple replies possible):

- [ X ] to conduct or supervise investigation
- [X] when necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge
- [X] to charge

[ X ] to present the case in court
[ X ] to propose a sentence to the judge
[ X ] to appeal
[ X ] to supervise the enforcement procedure
[ X ] to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge (ensure consistency with question 36!)
[ X ] to end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision
[ ] other significant powers (please specify):
Comments
106. Does the public prosecutor also have a role in:
[ ] civil cases
[ ] administrative cases
[ ] insolvency cases
Comments - If yes, please specify:

# 107. Public prosecutors: Total number of 1st instance criminal cases.

	Number of cases
1.Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	64 506 []NA []NAP
2.Incoming/received cases	187 600 []NA []NAP
3.Processed cases (3.1+3.2+3.3+3.4)	186 800 []NA []NAP
3.1.Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)	58 400 []NA []NAP
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	39 100 []NA []NAP
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	15 400 []NA []NAP
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	3 900 []NA []NAP
3.2.Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	48 600 []NA []NAP

			79 800 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	
4.Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year			55 760 []NA []NAP	
Comments There are a few numbers available, but	_			
107-1. If the guilty plea procedure e	Total		criminal cases	y this procedure?  Misdemeanour and / o minor criminal cases
Total number of guilty plea procedures	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAF		[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Before the main trial	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAF		[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
During the main trial	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAF		[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
(X) Yes  ( ) No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO	Γ traffic violations. O			uted as traffic offence, the
	Γ traffic violations. Ο (wet Mulder).	nly serious traffic	issues are prosect	uted as traffic offence, the
(X) Yes  ( ) No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice	Γ traffic violations. Ο (wet Mulder).	nly serious traffic	issues are prosect	uted as traffic offence, the
(X) Yes  ( ) No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice  D2. Please indicate the sources for a	Γ traffic violations. Ο (wet Mulder).	nly serious traffic	issues are prosect	uted as traffic offence, the
(X) Yes  ( ) No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice  D2. Please indicate the sources for a Sources: no specific sources	T traffic violations. O (wet Mulder).  Answering the q	nly serious traffic	issues are prosect	uted as traffic offence, the
(X) Yes  ( ) No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice  D2. Please indicate the sources for a	T traffic violations. O (wet Mulder).  Answering the q	nly serious traffic	issues are prosect	uted as traffic offence, the
(X) Yes  ( ) No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice  D2. Please indicate the sources for a Sources: no specific sources  Career of judges and public prose	T traffic violations. O (wet Mulder).  Inswering the queen the que	nly serious traffic	issues are prosect	uted as traffic offence, the
(X) Yes  () No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice  D2. Please indicate the sources for a Sources: no specific sources  Career of judges and public prose  1. Recruitment and promotion	T traffic violations. O (wet Mulder).  Inswering the queen the que	nly serious traffic	issues are prosect	uted as traffic offence, the
(X) Yes  () No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice  D2. Please indicate the sources for a Sources: no specific sources  Career of judges and public prose  1. Recruitment and promotion  5.1.1 Recruitment and promotion	T traffic violations. O (wet Mulder).  Inswering the queen of judges	nly serious traffic	issues are prosect	uted as traffic offence, the
(X) Yes  () No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice  D2. Please indicate the sources for a Sources: no specific sources  Career of judges and public prose  1. Recruitment and promotion  5.1.1 Recruitment and promotion of the sources in the sou	T traffic violations. O (wet Mulder).  Inswering the queen of judges  tion)  enced legal profession	nly serious traffic  uestions in th	is part	
(X) Yes  ( ) No  Comments These include traffic offences, but NO erious as violation of even administrative justice  D2. Please indicate the sources for a Sources: no specific sources  Career of judges and public prose  1. Recruitment and promotion  5.1.1 Recruitment and promotion of the sources of the so	T traffic violations. O (wet Mulder).  Inswering the queen of judges  tion)  enced legal profession	nly serious traffic  uestions in th	is part	

### 110-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for judges in your country:

. To become a judge, one must apply for the Judges Education (Rechtersopleiding). To be eligible for this education, one needs a law degree with a so-called civil effect (civiel effect, a combination of specific courses taken during university education, to be allowed to practice in certain fields of law), at least two years of legal working experience outside of judicial organizations or public prosecution after obtaining their law degree, and have the Dutch nationality.

## 110-2. What are the recruitment requirements for judges (multiple replies possible)?

[	] Age
[ ]	X ] Nationality
[	] Physical/Psychological capacity
[	] General studies in law
[ ]	X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[ ]	X ] Number of years of relevant experience
[	] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[	] Validation of a general state examination in law
[	] Validation of a specific examination for judges
[	] Clean criminal record
[	] Foreign languages
[	] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[	] Other
Г	1 NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify: During the selection procedure, the selection committee requests a candidate's judicial antecedents (at Dienst Justis). The selection committee decides if potential facts on the summary are an obstacle for becoming a judge. Additionally, candidates from the public prosecution, or that are lawyers or notaries, are asked for references in light of disciplinary antecedents. If a candidate passes the selection, the court requests a VOG (declaration of behavior) before the labor conditions meeting.

# 110-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of judge and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	240	[X]NA	[X]NA
Number of recruited persons	128	52 []NA	76

Comments

110-4. If the number of applicants decreased in the last years did you take any remedial measures?

( ) Yes			
( X ) No			
Comments			
110-5. If yes, please sp	pecify what remedies you	implemented:	
[ ] Increase of salary			
[ ] Other financial incentive	es		
[ ] Improving working con-	ditions		
[ ] Workload reduction at t	ne beginning of career		
[ ] Other adjustments in the	e frame of the induction of new judge	es	
[ ] Other			
Comments: If "other", please, specif	·y:		
=			•
	ogible for reaguitment are	indoor initially/at	the heginning of their core
recruited and nominated b		gudges initially/at	the beginning of their care
[ ] An authority made up of judg	•		
[ ] An authority made up of non [ X ] An authority/authorities made			
[ ] Other	e up of judges and non-judges		
	a of the authority(ies) responsible fo	or the whole precedure of	recruitment and nomination of judges
there are several authorities, please of	• • • •	if the whole procedure of h	recruitment and nonlination of judges
111-1. How many membe	rs compose this authority	7	
111 1. 110 w many memoc	Total	Males	Females
	Total	Wates	remates
Members	27	10	17
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
Comments – Please specify what is	the status of this authority and who i	s proposing/appointing its	members:
	·		
111-2. May non-selected	candidates appeal against t	the decision on rec	ruitment/appointment?
( ) Yes			
( X ) No			
Comments – Please specify the proc	edure to be followed, the competent	authority, the moment for	exercising the right of appeal:
112. Is the same authority	(Q111) competent for the	promotion of judg	ges?
( ) Yes			
( X ) No			
Comments - No, please specify which	h authority is competent for promot	ing judges	

113. What is the procedure for t	he promotion of jud	dges? (multiple rep	lies possible)
[ X ] Competitive test / Exam			
[ ] Previous individual evaluations			
[ X ] Other procedure(s) (interview or other	er)		
[ ] No special procedure			
Comments - Please specify how the promotion how the publicity of promotion processes is		organised (especially if the	re is no competition or examination) a
113-0. In the frame of the promo	otion procedures, p	lease indicate the n	umber of applicants and the
number of promotions actually	_		**
	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	[X]NA
Number of promoted persons	88	31	57
rumber of promoted persons	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Comments			
<ul> <li>[ X ] Professional skills (and/or qualitative)</li> <li>[ X ] Performance (quantitative)</li> <li>[ X ] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, rep</li> <li>[ ] Other</li> <li>[ ] No criteria</li> <li>Comments - Please specify any useful comments - Please specify any useful comments - Please specify and points - Please specify - Please speci</li></ul>	utation)  nent regarding the criteria (		ked the box "performance" or "other"
5.1.2Status, recruitment and p	romotion of prose	<u>cutors</u>	
115. What is the status of public	prosecution service	es?	
[ ] Has an independent status as a separa	te entity among state instit	utions	
[ ] Is part of the executive power but enj	oys functional independent	ce (please briefly explain h	ow and to what extent)
[ ] Is part of the executive power (without	ut functional independence	)	
[ X ] Is part of the judicial power but enjoy	ys functional independence	e (please briefly explain how	w and to what extent)
[ ] Is part of the judicial power (without	functional independence)		
[ ] Is a mixed model (please explain)			
[ ] Has other status (please explain)			
Comments - When appropriate, please specifies enshrined (Constitution, legislation etc.).Further		•	<u> </u>

115-1. Are specific instructions addressed to a public prosecutor to prosecute or not prohibited by

law or other regulation?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
115-2. If they are prohibited by law or other regulation, are there exceptions?
( ) Yes
( ) No
[X]NAP
Comments - Please describe these exceptions:
115-3. Which authority can issue such specific instructions?
[ ] General Prosecutor
[ X ] Higher prosecutor/Head of prosecution office
[ X ] Executive power
[ ] Other [ ] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify: This answer has changed a little compared to last year, as internal instructions are given by the head of the prosecution. Furthermore, not the entire executive power has the power to issue instructions, see for specifics the explanations on who can issue instructions in the other questions.
115-4. What form these instructions may take?
[ ] Oral instruction
[ ] Oral instruction with written confirmation
[ X ] Written instruction
[ ] Other
[]NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-5. In that case, are the instructions:
[ X ] Issued seeking prior advice from the competent public prosecutor
[ X ] Mandatory
[X] Reasoned
[ X ] Recorded in the case file
[ ] Other [ ] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify: If an instruction is given, it is mandatory to execute it.
115-6. What is the frequency of this type of instructions:
(X) Exceptional
( ) Occasional

( ) Frequent	
( ) Systematic	
[ ] NAP	
Comments	
115-7. Can the public prosecutor oppose/report an instruction to an independent bo	ody?
( ) Yes	
( X ) No	
[ ] NAP	
Comments - If yes, please specify to which body/institution and please describe under which conditions.	
=	
116. How are public prosecutors recruited?	
[ X ] through a competitive exam (open competition)	
[ X ] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)	
[ ] other (please specify):	
Comments	
116-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for prosecutors in your	country
. see general comment.	
. see general comment.	
	sible)?
	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies poss	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies post	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies post [ ] Age [ X ] Nationality	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies post [ ] Age [ X ] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possed [ ] Age [ X ] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity [ ] General studies in law	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possed [ ] Age [ X ] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity [ ] General studies in law [ X ] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies pose [ ] Age [ X ] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity [ ] General studies in law [ X ] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD) [ X ] Number of years of relevant experience	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies pose [ ] Age [ X ] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity [ ] General studies in law [ X ] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD) [ X ] Number of years of relevant experience [ ] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possed [ ] Age [ X ] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity [ ] General studies in law [ X ] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD) [ X ] Number of years of relevant experience [ ] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts [ ] Validation of a general state examination in law	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies pose [ ] Age [X] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity [ ] General studies in law [X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD) [X] Number of years of relevant experience [ ] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts [ ] Validation of a specific examination for prosecutors	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies pose [ ] Age [ X ] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity [ ] General studies in law [ X ] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD) [ X ] Number of years of relevant experience [ ] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts [ ] Validation of a general state examination in law [ ] Validation of a specific examination for prosecutors [ X ] Clean criminal record	sible)?
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possed [ ] Age [X] Nationality [ ] Physical/Psychological capacity [ ] General studies in law [X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD) [X] Number of years of relevant experience [ ] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts [ ] Validation of a general state examination in law [ ] Validation of a specific examination for prosecutors [ X] Clean criminal record [ ] Foreign languages	sible)?

# 116-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of prosecutor and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	242 []NA	121	121 []NA
Number of recruited persons	69	31	38 []NA

Comments For number of applicants, the average percentages of the last period are used, as information on applicants is saved for a only a short period of time.

116-4. If the number of applicants	decreased in the last years	did you take any	remedial measures?
(X)Yes			

( ) No

Comments

### 116-5. If yes, please specify what remedies you implemented:

[ ] Increase of salary
------------------------

[ ] Other financial incentives

[ ] Improving working conditions

[ ] Workload reduction at the beginning of career

[ ] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new prosecutors

[X] Other

Comments: If "other", please, specify: Adjustments in recruitment marketing

# 117. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - Are public prosecutors initially/at the beginning of their career recruited by:

ĺ	Γ ]	An authority	composed of	of public	prosecutors	only
П		All audiority	composed o	n public	prosecutors	OHILLY

[ ] An authority composed of non-public prosecutors only

[X] An authority composed of public prosecutors and non-public prosecutors

[ ] Other

Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of public prosecutors. If there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles:

## 117-1. How many members compose this authority?

	Total	Male	Female
Members	3		
	[]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ 1NAP

Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members:

117-2. May non-selected candid	ates appear against	the decision on reci	ruitment/appointment?
( ) Yes			
( X ) No			
Comments – Please specify the procedure to	be followed, the competent	t authority, the moment for	exercising the right of appeal:
118. Is the same authority (Q.11	.7) competent for th	e promotion of pub	lic prosecutors?
( ) Yes			
( X ) No, please specify which authority is	competent for promoting p	public prosecutorssee gener	al comment
Comments			
119. What is the procedure for t	he promotion of pro	osecutors? (multiple	replies possible)
[ ] Competitive test / exam	-	` -	• •
[ ] Previous individual evaluations			
[X] Other procedure(s) (interview or other	er)		
[ X ] No special procedure			
Comments - Please specify how the promotion examination) and how the publicity of promotions	•	rs is organised (especially if	there is no competition or
	_		1 0 11 11
119-1. In the frame of the promo	-		imber of applicants and the
number of promotions actually 1			
	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	38 []NA	16 []NA	22 [ ] NA
Number of promoted persons	38 []NA	16	22 [ ] NA
Comments			
119-2. Please indicate the criteri	ia used for the prom	notion of a prosecute	or·
[X] Years of experience	a asoa for ano prom	outon of a proposal	
[ X ] Professional skills (and/or qualitative	e performance)		
[ ] Performance (quantitative)	,		
[ X ] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, rep	utation)		
[ ] Other			
[ ] No criteria			
Comments - Please, specify any useful comm	nent regarding the criteria (	especially if you have chec	ked the box "performance" or "other"):
5.1.3Mandate and retirement of	of judges and prose	ecutors	•
121. Are judges appointed to of	lice for an undetern	nined period (i.e. "fo	or life" = until the official
age of retirement)?			
( X ) Yes, please indicate the compulsory	retirement age:70		

Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
121-1. Can a judge be transferred to another court without his/her consent:
[ ] For disciplinary reasons
[ ] For organisational reasons
[ ] For other reasons (please specify modalities and safeguards):
[ X ] No
Comments
122. Is there a probation period for judges (e.g. before being appointed "for life")? If yes, how long is this period?
( ) Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):
(X)No
Comments
123. Are public prosecutors appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until
the official age of retirement)?
( X ) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:70
( ) No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
124. Is there a probation period for public prosecutors? If yes, how long is this period?
(X) Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):No fixed duration
( ) No
Comments
125. If the mandate of judges is not for an undetermined period (see question 121), what is the
length of the mandate (in years)?
[ ] NA
[X]NAP
Comments
125-1. Is it renewable?
( ) Yes
( ) No
[X]NAP
Comments
126. If the mandate of public prosecutors is not for an undetermined period (see question 123),

( ) No

[ ] NA			
[X]NAP			
Comments			
126-1. Is it renewable?			
( ) Yes			
( ) No			
[ X ] NAP			
Comments			
E1. Please indicate the sources for ans	swering the ques	stions in this part	
Sources: No specific sources.			
.2.Training			
•			(
5.2.1Training of judges			
127. Types of different trainings offer	ed to judges:		
	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school,	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
traineeship in a court)			
General in-service training	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
In-service training for specialised judicial	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
functions (e.g. judge for economic or	( ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
administrative issues)			
In-service training for management functions	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
of the court (e.g. court president)	( ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training for the use of computer	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes	( ) Yes ( X ) No
facilities in courts			
In-service training on ethics	( ) Yes ( X ) No	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	( ) Yes	(X)Yes	( ) Yes
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(X)No	( ) No	(X)No
In-service training on gender equality	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	(X) No	( ) No	(X)No
Other in- service training	( ) Yes ( X ) No	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No

what is the length of the mandate (in years)?

# 128. Frequency of the in-service training of judges:

	Frequency of the judges training
General in-service training	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[ ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ X ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[ ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ X ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the continuous training of judges:

# 128-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per judge:

	Per judge
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed : 0  18
	[ ] NAP

Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed : 0	
	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0	
	[X]NA []NAP	
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0	
	[X]NA []NAP	

Comments The complete initial training consists of 252 hours of (compulsory) courses in two years (126 hours = 18 courses per year). The standard for judges and prosecutors is to follow 30 hours on average per year over a period of three years. Within the judiciary and public prosecution serious work is being done on professional development and thus on achieving the minimum number of hours. The SSR (the training institute) offers trainings as often as needed.

# 5.2.2Training of prosecutors

## 129. Types of different trainings offered to public prosecutors:

	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	( ) No	( X ) No	( X ) No
General in-service training	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training for specialised functions	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
(e.g. public prosecutors specialised in	( ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
organised crime)			
In-service training for management functions	(X) Yes	(X)Yes	( ) Yes
(e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	( ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training for the use of computer	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
facilities in office	( ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training on ethics	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
<i>g</i>	( ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training on gender equality	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	(X) Yes
	( X ) No	(X)No	( ) No
Other in- service training	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No	(X)No

Comments There is not specific training on gender equality. Diversity in general is a part of some trainings. These trainings are optional for general trainings and compulsory for initial training. At this moment the public prosecution is expanding their training on diversity and inclusivity.

# 130. Frequency of the in-service training of public prosecutors :

	Frequency of the in-service training
General in-service training	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutor specialis in organised crime)	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution officemanager)	(ce, [X] Regularly (for example every year)  [] Occasional (as needed)  [] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in office	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[ ] Regularly (for example every year) [ X ] Occasional (as needed) [ ] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed

expected to complete 30 hours of training every year. SSR (the training institute) offers trainings as often as needed.

The Public Prosecution Service (Openbaar Ministerie) has various obligatory training modules for public prosecutors. Compliance is seen in terms of whether or not these are completed (in full), not in terms of how many hours of training are completed. The Public Prosecution Service is in the process of implementing the monitoring of compliance with this obligation (more closely).

# 130-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per prosecutor:

	Per prosecutor
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X]NA

Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP

Comments Initial training takes 20% of the total time in service of a starting public prosecutor. After the initial training, there can be compulsory training, but there not a fixed minimum for those trainings. It depends on the tasks of the prosecutor.

The Public Prosecution Service (Openbaar Ministerie) has various obligatory training modules for public prosecutors. Compliance is seen in terms of whether or not these are completed (in full), not in terms of how many hours of training are completed. The Public Prosecution Service is in the process of implementing the monitoring of compliance with this obligation (more closely).

# 5.2.3 Training institutions

### 131. Do you have public training institutions for judges and / or prosecutors?

	Initial training only	Continuous training only	Initial and continuous training
Institution(s) for judges	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
Institution(s) for prosecutors	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	[ ]	[ ]	[X]

Comments

## 131-0. If yes, what is the implemented budget of such institution(s)?

	Implemented budget of the institution for the reference year, in €
Institution(s) for judges	
	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP
Institution(s) for prosecutors	
	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	
misutunon(s) for both judges and prosecutors	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP

Comments

131-1. If judges and/or prosecutors have no compulsory initial training in such institutions, please indicate briefly how judges and/or prosecutors are trained?

. NAP			

# 5.2.4 Number of trainings

# 131-2. Number of in-service trainings available and delivered (in days) by the public institution(s) responsible for training.

	Number of different live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings available	Number of live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings delivered	Number of days of delivered live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of internet-based trainings available on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total				
Total	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
For judges				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
For prosecutors				
_	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
For non-judge staff				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
For non-prosecutor staff				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments It is not possible the split up the numbers in this manner. We can provide the following information:

Total learning activities (including multi-day trainings, part-day trainings): 2123 with 870 initial trainings, and 942 permanent education. For the question below (I cannot enter a comment there): Like Q131-2 is it not possible to split up numbers in this manner. We can provide the following information:

Total number of registrations: 28.331 (13.896 initial training, 12.692 permanent education)

Total number of individual participants: 8.613 (2.829 public prosecution, 5.451 Judicial System).

## 131-3. Number of participants in the trainings during the reference year.

	Number of participants in live (in-person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of participants in internet-based trainings provided on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total		
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Judges		
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Prosecutors			
11050040015	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
Non-judge staff			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
Non-prosecutor staff			
_	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	

Comments

### E2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: information from the SSR, the learning institute.	

### 5.3. Practice of the profession

# 5.3.1Salaries and benefits of judges and prosecutors

## 132. Salaries of judges and public prosecutors on 31 December of the reference year:

	Gross annual salary, in €	Net annual salary, in €	Gross annual salary, in local currency	Net annual salary, in local currency
First instance professional judge at the	89 236	51 501		
beginning of his/her career	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
beginning of his/her career	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Judge of the Supreme Court or the	160 741			
Highest Appellate Court (please	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
indicate the highest salary of a judge at				
this level, excluding the salary of the				
Court President)				
Public prosecutor at the beginning of	87 637	51 555		
his/her career	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Public prosecutor of the Supreme				
Court or the Highest Appellate	[ X ] NA	[X]NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Instance (please indicate the highest	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
salary of a public prosecutor at this				
level, excluding the salary of the				
Attorney General).				

Comment – Please describe briefly how the salaries are determined during the career of a judge/prosecutor: Discrepancy comment: In 2021 we needed to look for a different methodology to calculate the net annual salary for a public prosecutor. This year, we believe we have found a reliable simulation method, and using this, we came to this answer. Using this methodology, answers for previous years would be:

2020: 84.058 (B) en 49.185 (N) 2021: 85.195 (B) en 50.175 (N) 2022: 87.637 (B) en 51.555 (N)

### 133. Do judges and public prosecutors have additional benefits?

	Judges	Public prosecutors
Reduced taxation	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Special pension	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Housing	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Other financial benefit	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No

Comments

# 134. If "other financial benefit", please specify:

. Other financial benefits: an annual tax free allowance for expenses. For judges (at first instance courts, appeal courts, and the supreme court) this allowance was 1 541 euros, for public prosecutors the allowance ranged from 620 to 1709 euros in 2022. Please refer to the legislation (https://wetten.overheid.nl/BWBR0006530/2023-07-01/0#Hoofdstuk2b\_Artikel7) and regulation (https://wetten.overheid.nl/BWBR0031765/2021-01-23) on this subject.

[ ] NAP

=

## 135. Can judges combine their work with any of the following functions/activities?

	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
Research and publication	( ) No (X) Yes	( ) No (X) Yes
Arbitrator	( ) No (X) Yes	( ) No (X) Yes
Consultant	( ) No (X) Yes	( ) No (X) Yes
Cultural function	( ) No (X) Yes	( ) No (X) Yes
Political function	( ) No ( ) Yes	( ) No ( ) Yes
Mediator	(X) No (X) Yes	(X) No (X) Yes
Other function	( ) No ( X ) Yes	( ) No ( X ) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No

Comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. authorisation needed to perform these activities), please specify. If "other function", please specify.

### 137. Can public prosecutors combine their work with any of the following functions/activities?

	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Research and publication	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Arbitrator	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Consultant	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Cultural function	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Political function	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Mediator	(X) Yes () No	( X ) Yes ( ) No
Other function	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No

Comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. authorisation needed to perform these activities), please specify. If "other function", please specify:

139. Productivity bonuses: do judges receive bonuses based on the fulfilment of quantitative
objectives in relation to the number of resolved cases (e.g. number of cases resolved over a given
period of time)?

( ) Yes ( X ) No

Comments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if possible the amounts:

# 5.3.2 Body/institution of ethics

138. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethical questions of the conduct of judges (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media by judges, etc.)?

( ) Yes

(X) No

Comment - Please specify:

# 138-1. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?

( ) Only judges

( ) Judges and other legal professionals

( ) Other, please specify:
Comments
138-2. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
( ) Yes
( ) No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of the guidelines and/or opinions, etc.:
138-2-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[ ] NA
Comments – Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions
138-3. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethical
questions of the conduct of prosecutors (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media by
prosecutors, etc.)
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comment: Please specify
138-4. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?
( ) Only prosecutors
( ) Prosecutors and other legal professionals
(X) Other, please specify:Integrity Bureau
Comments
138-5. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
( ) Yes
( X ) No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of opinions, etc.
138-5-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[
Comments - Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions
5.4.Disciplinary procedures
5.4.1 Authorities responsible for disciplinary procedures and sanctions

140. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against judges (multiple replies

possible)?

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[	] Court users
[ X	X ] Relevant Court or hierarchical superior
[	] High Court / Supreme Court
[	] High Judicial Council
]	] Disciplinary court
[	] Disciplinary body
[	] Ombudsman
[	] Parliament
[	] Executive power (please specify):
[	] Other (please specify):
[	] This is not possible
Comi	ments
141	. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against public prosecutors: (multiple
	lies possible):
_	] Citizens
	X ] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior public prosecutor
	X ] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[	Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)
[	] Disciplinary court
[	] Disciplinary body
[	] Ombudsman
[	] Professional body
[	] Executive power (please specify):
[	] Other (please specify):
[	] This is not possible
Comi	ments
142	2. Which authority has disciplinary power over judges (multiple replies possible)?
	K] Court
[ X	X ] Higher Court / Supreme Court
[	] High Judicial Council
[	] Disciplinary court or body
[	] Ombudsman
[	] Parliament
[	] Executive power (please specify):
[	] Other (please specify):
Comi	ments

[ ] Dissiplinary separt or hadr		
[ ] Disciplinary court or body		
[ ] Ombudsman		
[ ] Professional body		
[ ] Executive power (please specify):		
[ ] Other (please specify):		
omments		
4.2Number of disciplinary procedure	es and sanctions	
44. Number of disciplinary proceedings ublic prosecutors. (If a disciplinary proc	•	
over the masses dines only once and for	the main reason )	
ount the proceedings only once and for	me mam reason.)	
ount the proceedings only once and for	Judges	Prosecutors
	·	Prosecutors 7
	Judges  0 []NA	7 []NA
Total number (1+2+3+4)	Judges 0	7
Total number (1+2+3+4)	Judges  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NA	7 []NA []NAP [X]NA
Total number (1+2+3+4)  1. Breach of professional ethics	Judges  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NA	7 []NA []NAP
Total number (1+2+3+4)  1. Breach of professional ethics	Judges  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NA	7 []NA []NAP [X]NA
Total number (1+2+3+4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy	Judges  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NA []NAP  0	7 []NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP
Total number (1+2+3+4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy	Judges  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NAP  0 []NAP  0	7 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP
Total number (1+2+3+4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy	Judges  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NAP	7 []NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP
Total number (1+2+3+4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy  3. Criminal offence	Judges  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NA []NAP  0 []NAP  0 []NAP  0 []NA	7 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP

145. Number of sanctions pronounced during the reference year against judges and public

Judges

0

[ ] NA

[ ] NAP

143. Which authority has disciplinary power over public prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?

[ ] Supreme Court

prosecutors:

Total number (total 1 to 10)

[ X ] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior

[ X ] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor

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**Prosecutors** 

7

[ ] NA

[ ] NAP

. Reprimand	0	1
. Itopimuna	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
. Suspension	0	0
. Dusponsion	[ ] NA	[]NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
. Withdrawal from cases	0	0
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
. Fine	0	0
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
5. Temporary reduction of salary	0	0
rompormy roduction of smary	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
5. Position downgrade	0	0
č	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location	0	0
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Resignation	0	1
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
O. Other	0	4
· · ·	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
10. Dismissal	0	1
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

of Dismissal is dismissal from a temporay contract

# E3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

,	Sources: Annual report Council of the Judiciary, internal numbers from the prosecution

# 6.Lawyers

# 6.1. Profession of lawyer

# 6.1.1Status of the profession of lawyers

# 146. Total number of lawyers practising in your country:

Total	Males	Females

example, some solicitors or in-l	iouso courisonois).		
Yes ( )			
No ( X )			
Comments			
48. Number of legal advisors	who cannot represent their	clients in court:	
[ ]			
[ ] NA			
[ X ] NAP			
Comments			
:			,
40. To local manuscantation in a		1	-14imla mamliaa
49. Is legal representation in c	ourts exclusively exercised	i by lawyers in: (m	unipie repnes
oossible)		T	1
	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance cour (Supreme Court)
Civil cases	( ) Yes always	(X) Yes always	(X) Yes always
Civil cases	(X) Yes in some cases	( ) Yes in some cases	( ) Yes in some cases
Civil cases		-	-
Civil cases  Dismissal cases	(X) Yes in some cases () No	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No
	(X) Yes in some cases () No []NAP () Yes always () Yes in some cases	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases
	(X) Yes in some cases () No []NAP () Yes always	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always
	(X) Yes in some cases () No []NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No
Dismissal cases	(X) Yes in some cases () No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP ( X ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP ( X ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases
Dismissal cases	(X) Yes in some cases () No []NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No []NAP  () Yes always	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP ( X ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP ( ) Yes always	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP ( X ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP ( X ) Yes always
Dismissal cases	(X) Yes in some cases () No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases (X) No	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No
Dismissal cases  Criminal cases – Defendant	(X) Yes in some cases () No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases (X) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases (X) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes always	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP  (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP  (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP  ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes always
Dismissal cases  Criminal cases – Defendant	(X) Yes in some cases () No []NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No []NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No []NAP  () Yes always () Yes always () Yes always	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( X ) No []NAP ( ) Yes always	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP ( ) Yes always
Dismissal cases  Criminal cases – Defendant	(X) Yes in some cases () No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases (X) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases (X) No []NAP ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases (X) No	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP  (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP  (X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP  ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes always ( ) No []NAP
Dismissal cases  Criminal cases – Defendant  Criminal cases – Victim	(X) Yes in some cases () No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP  () Yes always () Yes always () Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP  ( X ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP  ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( X ) No [ ] NAP  ( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( X ) No [ ] NAP	( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP  ( X ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP  ( X ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP  ( ) Yes always ( X ) Yes in some case ( ) No [ ] NAP

149-0. If other than lawyers may represent a client in court, please specify who:

9 822

[ ] NA

8 396

[ ] NA

18 218

[ ] NA

Number of lawyers

Comments

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	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance cour (Supreme Court)
Civil society organisation	(X)Yes	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	( ) No	( ) No	( ) No
Family member	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No	( ) No
Self-representation	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Trade union	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Trade union	( ) No	( ) No	( ) No
Other	(X)Yes	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No	( ) No
149-1. In addition to the function the function that the function of the function is a second contract that the function is a second contract to the second contract to the function is a second contract to the second contract to	ons of legal representat	ion and legal advice	, can a lawyer exerci
[ ] Notarial activity			
[ X ] Arbitration / mediation			
[X] Proxy / representation			
[ ] Property manager			
[ ] Real estate agent			
[ X ] Other (please specify):In general mu	ach of the work of lawyers is dra	afting contracts	
Comments			
149-2. Professional lawyers ma	y have the status of:		
[ X ] Self-employed lawyer			
[X] Staff lawyer			
[ X ] In-house lawyer			
Comments			
150. Is the lawyer profession or	ganised through:		
[ X ] a national bar association			
[ X ] a regional bar association			
[ ] a local bar association			
Comments			

Comments - Please indicate if there are other specific requirements as regards diplomas or university degrees:

(X) Yes

( ) No

151. Is there a specific initial training and/or exam to enter the profession of lawyer?

132. Is there a mandatory general m-service professional training system for lawyers?	
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comments	
153. Is the specialisation in some legal fields linked to specific training, levels of qualification	tion,
specific diploma or specific authorisations?	
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
F1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part	
Sources: Annual report Nederlandse Orde van Advocaten 2022 https://www.rechtspraak.nl/Naar-de-rechter/Paginas/Advocaat-wel-of-niet-verplicht.aspx	
6.1.2Practicing the profession of lawyer	•
154. Can court users establish easily what the lawyers' fees will be (i.e. a prior information	ı on th
foreseeable amount of fees)?	
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comments	
155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?	
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comments	
156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely negotiated)?	
[ ] Yes, laws provide rules	
[ X ] Yes, standards of the bar association provide rules	
I. The well-sale constant with the state of	
[ ] No, neither laws nor bar association standards provide rules	
[ ] No, neither laws nor bar association standards provide rules  Comments	

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58. If yes, who is responsible for formulating these quality	y standards:
[ X ] the bar association	
[ ] the Parliament	
[ ] other (please specify):	
Comments	
59. Is it possible to file a complaint about:	
[ X ] the performance of lawyers	
[ X ] the amount of fees	
omments - Please specify:	
60. Which authority is responsible for disciplinary proced	lures?
[ ] a judge	
[ ] Ministry of Justice	
[ ] a professional authority	
[ X ] other (please specify):A special chamber of the court, namely the Council	of discipline (Raad van discipline).
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If	
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If	
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or	Number of disciplinary proceedings
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If	Number of disciplinary proceedings
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If secause of several reasons, please count the proceedings of the Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4)$	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965    NA
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If secause of several reasons, please count the proceedings of the Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4)$	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965    NA
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If because of several reasons, please count the proceedings of Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy  3. Criminal offence	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy  3. Criminal offence	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If secause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy  3. Criminal offence  4. Other	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy  3. Criminal offence  4. Other	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP
61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If secause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)  1. Breach of professional ethics  2. Professional inadequacy  3. Criminal offence	Number of disciplinary proceedings  965 []NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP  [X]NA []NAP

( ) No

Total number of sanctions $(1+2+3+4+5)$	267 []NA
1. Reprimand	[] NAP 79 [] NA
2. Suspension	[] NAP  17 [] NA
3. Withdrawal from cases	[ ] NAP
	[]NA [X]NAP
4. Fine	1 []NA []NAP
5. Other	170 []NA []NAP
Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between anctions exists, please indicate the reasons. In 2022, 965 complaints were deemed unfounded. Furthermore, 291 cases were founded. Of these, 24 complaints in 267 cases, a sanction was given. Other sanctions: 170 in total. 123 warnings, 5 conditional fines, 32 conditioner disbarred).	re filed. 905 cases were handled, and of these, 614 cases were cases were founded, but handled without sanction.
<ol> <li>Court related mediation</li> <li>1.1 Details on court related mediation</li> <li>163. Does the judicial system provide for court-related</li> </ol>	ted mediation procedures?
(X)Yes	
( ) No	
Comments	
163-1. In some fields, does the judicial system provi	de for mandatory mediation with a mediator?
<ul><li>[ ] Before/instead of going to court</li><li>[ ] Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public</li></ul>	authority in the course of a judicial proceeding
[ X ] No mandatory mediation	audiority in the course of a judicial proceeding
Comments - If there is mandatory mediation, please specify which fields	are concerned:
	are concerned.
63-2. In some fields, does the legal system provide	
163-2. In some fields, does the legal system provide mediator?  ( ) Yes (X) No  Comments - If there are mandatory informative sessions, please specify vertically and the sessions.	for mandatory informative sessions with a

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1/1	T)1	• •	1 .	_	1	• 1	. 1 . 1	1 1 , 1	•
164	PIESCE CH	APC1TV	hw tw	AP OT CAS	SAS WHA	nrovides	court-related	l mediation	COLMICOC.
TOT.	i i icase sp	COII y,	Uy Ly	JC OI Car	oco, will	PIO VIGOS		modianon	BOI VICOB.

	Private mediator	Public authority (other than the court)	Judge	Public prosecutor
Civil and commercial cases	( X ) Yes ( ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Family cases	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Administrative cases	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	[ ] NAP ( ) Yes ( X ) No	[] NAP () Yes (X) No
Labour cases including employment dismissals	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	[] NAP () Yes (X) No	[ ] NAP ( ) Yes ( X ) No
Criminal cases	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	[ ] NAP ( ) Yes ( X ) No
Consumer cases	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	[ ] NAP ( ) Yes ( X ) No
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP

Comments

# 165. Is there a possibility to receive legal aid for court-related mediation or receive these services free of charge?

(	X	() Yes
(		) No
	[	] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify:

\_

# 166. Number of accredited or registered mediators for court-related mediation:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of mediators	768		
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

# 166-1. Could you please describe what are the requirements and what is the procedure to become an accredited or registered mediator in your country (educational requirements, working experiences, accrediting procedure etc.)?

<sup>.</sup> There is a quality register for mediators, the MfN-register, where mediators for both judicial matters and other matters are registered. Since the Legal Aid Board and the Council for the Judiciary exclusively work with registered mediators, only the MfN-

requirements are described here.

To become a registered mediator, a basic training mediation must be completed at a MfN-recognized institution. Next, the person must pass a theoretical exam and an assessment at an independent exam institution. After this, a declaration of behavior (VOG) must be obtained before one can register as mediator at the MfN-register.

If a mediator is not registered at the MfN-register, the quality of their work cannot be guaranteed.

### 167. Number of court-related mediations:

	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$	2 264	2 052	1 335
,	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Civil and commercial cases			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. Family cases			
•	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Administrative cases			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
4. Labour cases including employment			
dismissal cases	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
dismissar cases	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
5. Criminal cases	853	830	708
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
6. Consumer cases			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
7. Other cases			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - Please indicate the source: During the covid pandemic, court houses were closed for a while, and face-to-face mediations were not possible. The number of referrals has increased, but is not yet at the same level as before the pandemic.

Settlements or agreements can be full agreements or partial agreements.

Source: Annual Report Council of the Judiciary

=

## 168. Do the following alternative dispute resolution (ADR) methods exist in your country?

- [X] Mediation other than court-related mediation
- [X] Arbitration
- [ ] Conciliation (if different from mediation)
- [ X ] Other ADR (please specify):

### G1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Source: Annual reports Council for the Judiciary, Legal Aid Council
https://mfnregister.nl/mediators/hoe-word-ik-mediator-in-het-mfn-register/

### 8.Enforcement of court decisions

### 8.1.Execution of decisions in civil matters

## 8.1.1 Number of enforcement agents, status and mandate

## 169. Number and type of enforcement agents in your country.

	Total	Male	Female	
Total (1+2+3+4)	604	435	169	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
1. Private professionals under the authority	604	435	169	
(control) of public authorities	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
(control) of public authorities	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
2. Enforcement agents working in a public				
institution (civil servants paid by state)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
institution (civil servants paid by state)	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	
3. Judges				
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	
4. Other				
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	

Comments - If other, please specify their status and competences: These are the numbers on Jan. 2, 2023. Number of enforcements agents on Jan. 2, 2022 was 631 (455 male, 176 female). These numbers only include those enforcement agents that are member of the Royal Professional Organization of Judicial Officers in the Netherlands.

# 170. What are the requirements to access the profession of enforcement agent (multiple replies possible)?

[ X ] diploma
[ X ] professional experience
[ ] specific exam
[ X ] appointment procedure by the State
[ ] initial training
[ ] other

Comments - If "other", please specify:

# 171. Are enforcement agents appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)?

( .	X) Yes, please indicate the age of retirement: 70	
(	) No, please specify the duration of the appointment:	

Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify: -At his/her request

- -Dismissal as a disciplinary sanction
- -When he/she no longer has the Dutch nationality, or the nationality of another EU-member state, EEA or Switzerland.
- -Legal restraint
- -Prison sentence for a criminal offence
- -Civil imprisonment due to debts after an irrevocable court sentence
- -Bankruptcy, moratorium, or debt restructuring
- -Permanent unfitness for the job due to illness or infirmity.

#### 8.1.2 Activities/scope of competence

## 171-1. Which debtor's information can the enforcement agent access at the beginning of the enforcement procedure?

	Access to information	Direct electronic access to information
Address	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No
Date of birth	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	( ) No	( ) No
Civil status	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	( ) No	( ) No
Cohabitant	( ) Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	( ) No
Employer	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
2 mproyer	( ) No	( ) No
Motor vehicle	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Nation volled	( ) No	( ) No
Movable property	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
Movable property	(X) No	(X)No
Immovable property	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
minovacie property	( ) No	( ) No
Bank account	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
Dank account	( ) No	( ) No
Other enforcement proceedings underway	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Omer emorcement proceedings underway	( ) No	( ) No
Incolvenov proceedings (honlymentay, indicial	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Insolvency proceedings (bankruptcy, judicial	( ) No	( ) No
reorganisation, collective debt settlement etc.)		
Other	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( X ) No

Comments - If "other", please specify:

## 171-2. Can the enforcement agent carry out the following civil enforcement proceedings:

	Option
Seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No [] NAP
Preventive seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) No
Seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) No
Preventive seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) No  [ ] NAP
Seizure from a third party of the debtor claims regarding a sum of money	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No [] NAP
Seizure of remunerations	<ul> <li>(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) No</li> <li>[ ] NAP</li> </ul>
Seizure of motorised vehicles	( X ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No

Eviction measures	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) No
Seizures of boats and ships	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) No
Seizure of aircrafts	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) No
Seizure of electronic assets (e.g cryptocurrency)	<ul> <li>(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) No</li> <li>[ ] NAP</li> </ul>
Enforced sale by public tender of seized properties	<ul> <li>(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) No</li> <li>[ ] NAP</li> </ul>
Sale of shares	( X ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No [] NAP
Other	<ul> <li>( ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( X ) No</li> </ul>

Comments

# 171-3. Apart from the enforcement of court decisions, what are the other activities that can be carried out by enforcement agents?

- [X] Service of judicial and extrajudicial documents
- [ X ] Debt recovery
- [ X ] Voluntary or public auctions of moveable or immoveable property

[ X ] Custody of goods
[ X ] Recording and reporting of evidence
[ X ] Court hearings service
[ X ] Provision of legal advice
[ X ] Bankruptcy procedures
[ X ] Performing tasks assigned by judges
[ X ] Representing parties in courts
[ X ] Drawing up private deeds and documents
[ X ] Building manager
[ ] Other
Comments
8.1.3 Training and ICT
172-1. Is there a system of mandatory general continuous training for enforcement agents?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments
172-2. Do you have an e-learning training system established for enforcement agents?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-3. Does the content of the continuous training system also include ICT (related to enforcement
procedures)?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-4. Have an electronic service of documents or electronic notifications been introduced in your
country?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments
172-5. Does the development of new technologies have an effect on the different stages of the
enforcement procedure?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments - Please explain:
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## 8.1.4 Fees 174. Are enforcement fees easily established and transparent for parties? (X) Yes ( ) No Comments 175-1. Are the fees charged in case of successful enforcement proceedings freely negotiated? (X) Yes ( ) No Comments Yes, and no: the fees between a creditor and the bailiff are subject to a free market process, while the fees the debtor pays for the acts of the bailiff are fixed in a Resolution. The Law on Judicial Officers was introduced in 2001, and since then free market forces influence the fees between creditors and bailiffs. This can – and was supposed to – positively influence the quality of service, but in practice, the independence of the bailiff may be influenced as well. The Commission on Boundaries Tariff models (Commissie Grenzen Tariefmodellen) has researched different models, which resulted in the Regulation Boundaries Tariff models (Verordening Grenzen Tariefmodellen). The Regulation was enacted on Jan 1, 2021. Due to the Regulation, creditors cannot earn anything due to acts of bailiffs, and financial risks are not put on bailiffs. In the last few years, more attention has been given to individuals with problems in paying claims at once. An effort is made by the government, public and private sectors, and bailiffs, to collect debts in a way that is socially acceptable, and to improve the quality of service, and the revision of seizure and enforcement law. The sector aims to reduce the number of public acts and the costs for debtors. 175-2. Who has to pay these fees if the enforcement proceedings are successful? [X] The debtor [ ] The creditor ] Other – please specify ..... Comments 176. Do laws provide any rules on enforcement fees (including those freely negotiated)? (X) Yes ( ) No Comments H0. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part Source: https://www.kbvg.nl/wetten-en-regels/tarievenstelsel

8.1.5 Organisation of profession and efficiency of enforcement services

(X) Yes

( ) No

177. Is there a body entrusted with supervising and monitoring the enforcement agents' activity?

[ X ] professional body	
[ ] judge	
[ ] Ministry of Justice	
[ ] public prosecutor	
[ ] other (please specify):	
Comments	
181. Is there a specific mechanism for executing cou	rt decisions rendered against public
authorities, including supervising such execution?	
( ) Yes	
(X) No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
182. Is there a system for monitoring how the enforc	ement procedure is conducted by the
enforcement agent?	
( ) Yes	
( X ) No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
183. What are the main complaints made by users co	ncerning the enforcement procedure? Please
indicate a maximum of 3.	
[ ] no execution at all	
[ ] non execution of court decisions against public authorities	
[ ] lack of information	
[ ] excessive length	
[ ] unlawful practices	
[ ] insufficient supervision	
[ ] excessive cost	
[ ] unethical behaviour of enforcement agent	
[ ] other (please specify):	
Comments	
185. Is there a system measuring the length of enforce	ement procedures:
	Existence of the system
for civil cases	( ) Yes
101 CIVII CASES	(X) No

178. Which authority is responsible for supervising and monitoring enforcement agents?

roceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, ple or the main reason.)	ease count the proceedings only once
	Number of disciplinary proceeding initiated
otal number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)	477 []NA []NAP
. For breach of professional ethics	[X]NA []NAP
2. For professional inadequacy	[X]NA []NAP
3. For criminal offence	[X]NA
1. Other	[X]NA
omments - If "other", please specify: This number represents complaints that 88. Number of sanctions pronounced against enforcem	ent agents:
	Number of sanctions pronounced
Total number of sanctions (1+2+3+4+5)	55 []NA []NAP
	24 []NA
1. Reprimand	[ ] NAP

186. Regarding a decision on debt collection, please estimate the average timeframe to serve

and/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the city where the court sits (one option only):

for administrative cases

( ) between 1 and 5 days

) between 6 and 10 days

) between 11 and 30 days

) more (please specify):

Comments

( ) Yes

(X) No

3. Withdrawal from cases	0 [ ] NA
	[]NAP
4. Fine	9 []NA []NAP
5. Other	17 []NA []NAP
Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant differe sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons: Other sanctions:	ence between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of a 16 warnings, and 1 removal from office.
H1. Please indicate the sources for answerin	ng the questions in this part
Source: Annual report, https://www.rechtspraak.nl/SiteC	CollectionDocuments/Jaarverslag-2022-gerechtsdeurwaarders.pdf
8.2.Execution of decisions in criminal matter	rs
8.2.1Functioning of execution in crimina	
6.2.11 uncuoming of execution in crimina	1 matters
189. Which authority is in charge of the enf	forcement of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
replies possible)	
[ ] Judge	
[ ] Public prosecutor	
[ ] Prison and Probation Services	
[ ] Enforcement agent	
[ X ] Other authority (please specify):CJIB	
Comments - Please specify his/her functions and duties (e.g. Justice and Safety since 2020 (see law USB).	initiative or monitoring functions). The CJIB acts in name of the minister of
190. Are the effective recovery rates of fine	es decided by a criminal court evaluated by studies?
( ) Yes	
( X ) No	
Comments	
191. If yes, what is the recovery rate?	
( ) 80-100%	
( ) 50-79%	
( ) less than 50%	
Comments - Please indicate the source for answering this que	estion:
9. Notaries	

#### 9.1. Profession of notary

#### 9.1.1Number, status and mandate of notaries

#### 192. Number and status of notaries in your country.

	Total	Males	Females
			1.00.1
TOTAL (1+2+3+4)	3 414	1 518	1 896
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Private professionals (without control from			
public authorities)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
public authorities)	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2. Holders of public offices appointed by the	3 414	1 518	1 896
State	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
State	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3.Civil servants (paid by the State)			
,	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
4.04			
4. Other			
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

Comments - If "Other", please specify the status, or if "holder of a public office appointed by the State", please indicate which ministry is mainly engaged in the appointment procedure: These are numbers on January 1st 2022.

Notaries (or notary-entrepreneurs) are formally appointed by the King. A notary is also an entrepreneur, running his/her own business. The notary may hire 'assigned notaries'. An assigned notary is formally appointed by the Minister, and is employed by a notary. Both notaries and assigned notaries are entitled to sign notarial acts.

Additionally, there are deputy (civil law) notaries, who are either a person in training to become a notary, or people who choose to continue working under a notary (they are not entitled to sign notarial acts (in their own name). One can remain a deputy notary forever.

#### 192-1. What are the access conditions to the profession of notary (multiple replies possible):

[X]	dip	loma
-----	-----	------

[X] professional experience

[X] specific exam

[X] appointment procedure by the State

[X] initial training

[ X ] other (please specify):business plan (art. 7 Wna, Law on the office of the notary)

Comments Specific exam: according to art. 33 Wna, Law on the office of the notary.

## 192-2. Are notaries appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)?

	X J yes, please indicate the age of retirement:70
Г	I no please specify the duration of the appointment:

Comments - are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify: Yes, dismissal as a disciplinary sanction is possible, so is voluntary early retirement from office.

### 9.1.2 Activities/scope of competences

## 194. What kind of activities do notaries perform (multiple options possible)?

	Please select one option
Authentication	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No [ ] NAP
Certification of signatures	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No
Mediation	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No
Taking of oaths	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No
Non-contentious judicial procedures (e.g. acting as court commissioner in a successions file, performing divorce, division of estate, please specify)	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No
Act as civil servant (for example performing marriage, please specify)	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No [X] NAP
Other judicial functions (for example, payment orders)	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No [X]NAP

Public auctions	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	( ) No [ ] NAP
Other (for example collect taxes, run registers etc.)	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries
	(X) No
	NAP
Comments - If "other", please specify. Please indicate any useful clarifica on the opposite, other bodies that also have competences for the listed active	
194-2. In which areas of law do notaries perform their	r activities (multiple replies possible)?
[ X ] Real estate transaction	
[ X ] Family law	
[ X ] Succession law	
[X] Company law	
[ X ] Legality control of gambling activities	
[ X ] Protection of vulnerable persons	
[ ] Other	
Comments	
9.1.3 ICT, organisation of the profession and train	oing O
194-3. Do notaries use specialised ICT systems in the	<del></del>
[X] In their relations with the State (e.g. courts, registries, chambers of	•
[X] In their relations with their clients	commerce, tax audiorities)
[X] In their relations with other notaries (e.g. videoconferencing, system	m to exchange documents)
Comments	in to exchange documents)
194-4. Which computerised registries can notaries co	onsult?
[ X ] Land registry	
[ X ] Business registry	
[ X ] Civil status / Population registry	
[ X ] Succession / Family law registry	
[X] Any other registry (please specify)Central Guardianship and Admi	inistration Register
[ ] None	
Comments The register of last wills (Centraal testamentenregister, CTR) is	s managed by the KNB (Royal Dutch Association of Civil-lav

Notaries), as well as the register for living wills (CLTR). There is furthermore a digital registry of acts (Centraal Digitaal Repertorium -

CDR).

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194-5. Are there registries/ registry infi	rastructures run by the notarie	s?
(X) Yes		
( ) No		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
194-6. In which computerised registrie	s can notaries modify data (ei	ther directly or by submitting
an online request)?		
	Directly modifying	Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request
Land registry	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Business registry	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Civil status/ Population registry	( ) Yes ( ) No [ X ] NAP	( ) Yes ( ) No [X] NAP
Succession / Family law registry	( ) Yes ( ) No [X] NAP	( ) Yes ( ) No [X] NAP
Any other registry (please specify)	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
None	( ) Yes ( ) No [ X ] NAP	( ) Yes ( ) No [ X ] NAP
Comments		
=		•
194-7. What ICT tools are used by nota	aries in their relations with cli	ents?
[ X ] Videoconferencing (e.g. digital advice)		
[ X ] Digital act		
[ X ] Digital identification		
[ X ] Digital archiving		
[ ] Other, please specify		
[ ] None		
Comments		
194-8. Who is responsible to run the di	gital archives?	
[ X ] Notariat / Professional body		
[ ] Other public authority		
[ ] Another entity (please specify)		

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(X) Yes		
( ) No		
Comments		
196. If yes, which authority is responsible	for supervising ar	nd monitoring notaries (multiple
options possible)?		
[ X ] professional body		
[X] court		
[ ] Ministry of Justice		
[ ] public prosecutor		
[X] other (please specify): Supervision and monitoring of KNB), and in part by an independent administrative body (B responsible for observing the availability of notaries, but doe actions, a disciplinary law court is available.	FT, Bureau of Financial	Supervision). The Ministry of Justice is
Comments		
196-1. Is there a system of general continuous	training for all no	otaries?
(X) Yes		
( ) No		
Comments		
196-2. Do notaries have training on:		
	Yes	No
European law	Yes (X)	No ( )
Law of another Member State (cross-border training		
•	(X) (X) rses, e-learning, webinar	) and the major topics of the training activities:
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)  Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional could be sources for answering to sources: www.knb.nl	(X) (X) rses, e-learning, webinar	) and the major topics of the training activities:
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)  Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional cou  I1. Please indicate the sources for answering to Sources: www.knb.nl  Annual Report KNB	(X) (X) rses, e-learning, webinar	) and the major topics of the training activities:
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)  Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional could be sources for answering to sources: www.knb.nl	(X) (X) rses, e-learning, webinar	) and the major topics of the training activities:
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)  Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional could be sources for answering to sources: www.knb.nl  Annual Report KNB  Law on the notarial profession (Wet op het notarisambt)	(X) (X) rses, e-learning, webinar	) and the major topics of the training activities:
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)  Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional cou II. Please indicate the sources for answering to Sources: www.knb.nl Annual Report KNB Law on the notarial profession (Wet op het notarisambt) KNB Fact Sheets 2022-1	(X) (X) rses, e-learning, webinar	) and the major topics of the training activities:
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)  Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional cou II. Please indicate the sources for answering to Sources: www.knb.nl Annual Report KNB Law on the notarial profession (Wet op het notarisambt) KNB Fact Sheets 2022-1	(X) (X) rses, e-learning, webinar	( )  ( )  and the major topics of the training activities:

195. Is there an authority entrusted with supervising and monitoring the notaries' work?

### 10.Judicial experts

### 10.1.Profession of judicial expert

## 10.1.1Status of judicial experts

[X] Independent body (association of judicial experts)

[ ] Other

•	

202. In your system,	what types of judicial	experts can pa	rticipate in judi	icial procedures	(multiple
replies possible):					

202. In your system, what types of judicial experts can participate in judicial procedures (multiple
replies possible):
[ X ] Experts designated by the parties in support of their arguments but bound by a duty of independence and impartiality to the countries of their arguments.
[ X ] Experts appointed by the court or other authority independent of the parties
[ ] Other system of judicial expertise, please specify
Comments - Please specify who is proposing and appointing experts in an individual case.
202-1. Are there lists or any other form of official registration for judicial experts?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments
202-1-1. If yes, at which level is the list established (multiple replies possible):
[X] national
[ ] administrative district or federal entity
[ ] judicial district
[ ] other
Comments - Please, indicate any other comment regarding these lists or databases of experts, if they do exist (e.g. does the expert take a oath? How are his/her skills evaluated? By whom?): The NRGD (Netherlands Register of Court Experts) is responsible for the register Experts who want to register with the NRGD, are validated with established norms from the field, and this validation is repeated every five years using the norms of that moment, or by recognition of education.
202-1-2. Are these lists publicly available?
(X) Yes, available on the internet
( ) Yes
( ) No
Comments Netherlands Register of Court Experts: www.nrgd.nl
202-2. Which authority is competent for the registration of judicial experts?
[ X ] Ministry of justice
[ ] Courts
[ ] Administrative body

Comments - Please also specify the registration criteria: There are various standards, but specific requirements depend on the Standards

per field.	
202-3. Is the registration of judicial experts limited in time?	
( X ) Yes, for how long5 years	
( ) No	
Comments	
202-4. Can an expert who is not on the list or not registered b	e appointed in a case?
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comment - If yes, please specify in which cases: Registry is not mandatory	
203. Is the title of judicial experts protected?	
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comments - If appropriate, please explain the meaning of this protection: In some was experts are allowed to call themselves 'registered experts' in criminal law cases.	y: in criminal law cases – only NRGD-registere
203-1. Does the judicial expert have an obligation of training	?
	Obligation of training
Initial training	( ) Yes
Continuous training	(X) No
Continuous training	(X) No
Comments	
203-2. If yes, does this training concern:	
[ ] judicial proceedings	
[ ] the profession of expert	
[ ] other	
Comments	
=	
204. Is the function of judicial experts regulated by legal norm	ns?
( ) Yes	
(X) No	
Comments	
204-1. On the occasion of a task entrusted to him/her, does th	e judicial expert have to report any

potential conflicts of interest?

(X) Yes

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1	\ N1	_
	)   \	O

Comments - If yes, please specify:

### 205. Number of accredited or registered judicial experts:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of experts			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

# 206-1. Number of cases where an expert opinion was ordered by a judge or requested by the parties

	Number of cases	
Total (1+2+3+4)		
	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	
1.Civil and commercial litigious cases		
	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	
2.Administrative cases		
2.1 Idillinisativ O Gasos	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	
3.Criminal cases		
3.Cimina cases	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	
4.Other cases		
4. Ouici cases	[X]NA	
	[ ] NAP	

Comments

### 205-1. Who defines the amount of the expert remuneration?

	In civil/administrative cases	In criminal cases
Defined by law/by-law or a special regulation	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Defined by the court/judge	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	(X) No	(X)No
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Defined by the Ministry of Justice or another ministry	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
(setting a tariff for example)	(X) No	(X) No
( <b>3</b>	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Salary of public official (in case of forensic or another	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
specialist – who is public employee)	(X) No	( X ) No
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Freely agreed between expert and the parties	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Other	( ) Yes (X) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
	[] NAP	[]NAP
omments - If other, please specify:		
06. Are there binding provisions for judici	ial experts regarding:	
	Yes	No
Deadlines to provide expertise	( )	(X)
Quality of expertise	(X)	( )
Other	( )	(X)
[ ] NAP	ı	1
omments - If yes, please specify, and provide details in cas	e there are possible sanctions	:
07-1. Does the judge or another body cont (X) Yes	rol the progress of th	e expertise?
( ) No		
f yes, please specify:		
207-2. Are judicial experts' associations in	volved in:	
[ ] Selection processes		
[ ] Initial or continuous training		
[ ] Disciplinary procedures		
[ X ] NAP		
Comments		
X1. Please indicate the sources for answerin	ng the questions in th	is part
Sources: https://english.nrgd.nl/about-the-nrgd		
https://www.nrgd.nl/registreren/documenten/publicaties/	2021/11/11/stroomschema-re	gistreren
https://www.rechtspraak.nl/Naar-de-rechter/rol-in-rechts	100	
	zaak/Paginas/Deskundige.asp	X
	zaak/Paginas/Deskundige.asp	OX.
	zaak/Paginas/Deskundige.asp	)X
	zaak/Paginas/Deskundige.asp	OX
.Reforms in judiciary	zaak/Paginas/Deskundige.asp	OX

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11.1.1Reforms

208. Can you provide information on the current debate in your country regarding the functioning of justice? Are there undergoing or foreseen reforms? If possible, please observe the following categories:

<b>208-1.</b> (	(Compre	hensive)	reform	plans
-----------------	---------	----------	--------	-------

[ ] Yes (planned)
[ ] Yes (adopted)
[ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ X ] No
[ ] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-2. Budget
[ ] Yes (planned)
[ ] Yes (adopted)
[ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ X ] No
[ ] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify:

208-3. Courts and public prosecution services (e.g. powers and organisation, structural changes - e.g. reduction of the number of courts (geographic locations), competences of the courts, management and working methods, information technologies, backlogs and efficiency, court fees,

renovations and construction of new buildings)

[ ] Yes (planned)	
[X] Yes (adopted)	
[ X ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +	1
[ ] No	
[ ] NA	

Comments - If yes, please specify: In 2019, the courts started with the program 'Justice on Time', and as a part of this, a 'firefighters brigade' has been introduced in recent years. This brigade is a partnership consisting of five teams (family law, civil law first instance, civil law appeal, administrative law, criminal law), that help reduce backlogs in the courts. Generally, the oldest cases at the courts that have not been handled yet are turned over to the brigade. The brigade then renders a judgement in the name of the original court. In 2021 the teams rendered approximately 3.000 judgements, and another 16.554 in 2022.

https://www.rechtspraak.nl/Organisatie-en-contact/Organisatie/Raad-voor-de-rechtspraak/Kwaliteit-van-de-rechtspraak/Paginas/landelijke-inloopkamer-jaarcijfers-2021-2022.aspx

The Judiciary has focused on enhancing the social effectivity and accessibility of the judiciary from a people-centred perspective. Innovative ideas are tested through pilots at courts throughout the country. Among others, these have focused on complex divorces, (problematic) debts, simplifying civil procedure and community judges. Where proven successful, the innovations are implemented country-wide. An example of this is the pilot with debt officers who act as a link between the judiciary and municipal debt assistance. They will be widely deployed within the judiciary in the coming years to better approach parties who are faced with problematic debts. A new phase has commenced with the entry into force of a new law on experiments in civil procedure law in 2023. This law enables experiments to be conducted within a mandatory framework which is expected to result in an increase of the number of cases tried in the

context of the experiment, thereby strengthening the conclusions that can be drawn from the pilots and thereby better support decisions on country-wide implementation of innovative ideas.

https://www.rechtspraak.nl/Organisatie-en-contact/Organisatie/Raad-voor-de-rechtspraak/Kwaliteit-van-de-rechtspraak/innovatie-binnen-de-rechtspraak

208-4.	Access	to	iustice	and	legal	aid
			J 42 42 C			

[	] Yes (planned)
[ ]	X] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
[	] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Studies on the Dutch justice system show that individuals and SMEs do not always find satisfactory, lasting solutions to resolve their legal disputes. Failure to resolve legal conflicts can lead to dissatisfaction, injustice and legal uncertainty and a broader sense of distrust of the government. These situations can hinder people in their daily lives, hamper trade and ultimately lead to harm and/or disrupt society. Therefore, access to justice is one of the key priorities of the government. Ensuring and improving access to justice not only strengthens the justice system as a whole, but it also builds trust between the people and the government. A national plan on strengthening access to justice was presented to parliament on 27 June 2023. The national plan focuses on strengthening access to justice across three pillars, namely access to information, access to advice and support, and access to a decision from a neutral body. On top of a significant number of concrete measures to strengthen access to justice, including several new measures such as the reduction of court fees in civil proceedings, the continuation of the legal aid renewal program and the allocation of funds to encourage restorative justice and mediation, the letter of 27 June further announced the development of a long term approach and vision to access to justice as well as the setting up of a consultation mechanism with partners. These efforts will contribute to ensuring citizens can find accessible and affordable resolution of legal problems and conflicts.

Also worth mentioning is a specific program within the ministry of Justice and Security comprising several efforts and specific measures aimed to renew or modernize the system of state funded legal aid. This program itself is set to be completed in 2025, followed by the legislative process required to set in place an amended Legal Aid Act. The total expenditure for the system of legal aid is estimated to be EUR 591,7 for the year 2022 and EUR 598,8 million for the year 2023. Furthermore, EUR 154 million was made available for improvements in legal representation in the social sector, pursuant to the 2021-2022 coalition agreement. Next steps of the reform include an evaluation of more than thirty pilots that were carried out between 2019 and 2022 aimed at identifying successful citizen-oriented innovations providing the building blocks for the design of the renewed system, as well as the implementation of those working methods within the relevant government bodies and other organizations.

#### 208-5. High Judicial Council (competent for judges and/or prosecutors)

[ ]	Yes (planned)
[ ]	Yes (adopted)
[ ]	Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X]	No
[ ] N	ĪA.
Comme	ents - If yes, please specify:

208-6. Legal professionals (judges, public prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, enforcement agents, etc.): organisation, education and training, etc.

[	] Yes (planned)
[	] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ ]	K ] No

[ ] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-7. Gender equality
[ ] Yes (planned)
[ ] Yes (adopted)
[ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ X ] No
[ ] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-8. Reforms regarding civil, criminal and administrative laws, international conventions and
cooperation activities
[X] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ ] No
Comments - If yes, please specify: The Dutch government is working on a modernization of the Dutch Code of Criminal Procedure. In 2022, the Supreme Court advised on the content of the Code, and in 2023 the proposal was presented to the Second Chamber. The Code aims to improve the position of victims in legal proceedings, introduces new powers so that investigators are better equipped to fight new forms of (digital) criminal behavior, introduces instructions that may shorten the duration of proceedings, and the option for the lawyer of the suspect to fulfill a more active role earlier in the process.  https://www.rijksoverheid.nl/onderwerpen/nieuw-wetboek-van-strafvordering/nieuws/2023/03/17/wetboek-van-strafvordering-klaar-voorde-toekomst  The new law Punishment and Protection was enacted in 2022.
208-9. Enforcement of court decisions and in particular regarding decisions against public
authorities
[ ] Yes (planned)
[ ] Yes (adopted)
[ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ X ] No
[ ] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-10. Mediation and other Alternative Dispute Resolution
[X] Yes (planned)
[ ] Yes (adopted)

[ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)

[ ] No

Comments - If yes, please specify: In the new Dutch Code of Criminal Procedure, mediation in criminal cases will be included and have a legal base. A new development is that a judge can choose to end a case (either conditional or not) after mediation has been done. A pilot for mediation in criminal cases will show how this works in practice. https://mfnregister.nl/nieuwsbrief/een-blik-in-de-praktijk-van-mediation-in-hetstrafrecht/#:~:text=%27In%20het%20nieuwe%20Wetboek%20van,dit%20in%20de%20praktijk%20uitwerkt 208-11. Fight against crime [ ] Yes (planned) [ ] Yes (adopted) [ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1) [X] No []NA Comments - If yes, please specify: 208-12. Prison system [ ] Yes (planned) [ ] Yes (adopted) [ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1) [X] No [] NA Comments - If yes, please specify: 208-13. Child friendly justice [ ] Yes (planned) [ ] Yes (adopted) [ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1) [X] No [] NA Comments - If yes, please specify: 208-14. Domestic violence [ ] Yes (planned) [ ] Yes (adopted) [ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1) [X] No [ ] NA Comments - If yes, please specify: 208-15. New information and communication technologies [ ] Yes (planned) [X] Yes (adopted) [ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)

[		] No	
	[	] NA	

Comments - If yes, please specify: To implement the new Dutch Code of Criminal Procedure, and shortening the duration of legal proceedings, digitalization and further development of the administrative information services important. Two digitalization goals from 2018-2022 are still important in 2023: the digital proceedings file (DPD) and multimedia (realizing multimedia services with police, prosecution and judiciary).

https://www.strafrechtketen.nl/samenwerken-in-de-strafrechtketen/prioriteiten-2022-2027

#### 208-16. Other

[	] Yes (planned)
[	] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ ]	X ] No
[	] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: