The European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice

Evaluation of the judicial systems 2024 (data 2022)

0

Montenegro

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Reference data 2022 (01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022)

Start/end date of the data collection campaign: 15/03/2023 - 01/10/2023

Objective:

The CEPEJ decided, at its 39th plenary meeting, to launch the nineth evaluation cycle 2024, focused on 2022 data. The CEPEJ wishes to use the methodology developed in the previous cycles to get, with the support of its national correspondents' network, a general evaluation of the judicial systems in the 46 member states of the Council of Europe as well as three observer states (Israel, Morocco and Kazakhstan).

The present questionnaire was developed by the Working group on evaluation of judicial systems (CEPEJ-GT-EVAL) in view of the previous evaluation cycles and considering the comments submitted by CEPEJ members, observers, experts and national correspondents. The aim of this exercise is to increase awareness of judicial systems in the participating states, to compare the functioning of judicial systems in their various aspects, as well as to have a better knowledge of the trends of the judicial organisation in order to help improve the efficiency of justice. The evaluation questionnaire and the analysis of the results becomes a genuine tool in favour of public policies on justice, in service of the European citizens.

For better understanding of the questions it is necessary to consult the Explanatory note that gives definitions and explanations on the CEPEJ evaluation questionnaire and the methodology needed for replying, You can download the Explanatory note as a whole document on the CEPEJ website. In addition to the Explanatory note, there is also the User manual that is a technical document to help you navigate through this application for data collection.

In case you have any questions related to these documents or on the use of the application, please do not hesitate to contact the Secretariat.

Instruction:

Explanatory note: https://rm.coe.int/explanatory-note-2024-cycle-cepej-2023-2-en/1680aae30a

Word version of the questionnaire - https://rm.coe.int/evaluation-scheme-2024-cycle-cepej-2022-9rev1-en-30-march-2023/1680aae309

CEPEJ COLLECT - User manual – you can download under Documentation tab

1.General and financial information

1.1.Demographic and economic data

1.1.1Inhabitants and economic general information



001. Number of inhabitants (if possible on 1 January of the reference year +1)

[620 029]

Comments The figure related to the number of inhabitants according to the 2011 population census. No new census organized in the reporting period.

003. Per capita GDP (in €) in current prices for the reference year

[8002]

Comments

004. Average gross annual salary (in €) for the reference year

[10 596]

Comments

005. Exchange rate of national currency (non-Euro zone) in € on 1 January of the reference year +1:

[1]
Allow decimals: 5

Comments

A1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

1.1.2Budgetary data concerning judicial system



006. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, in € (without the budget of the public prosecution services and without the budget of legal aid). If you cannot separate the budget allocated to the courts from the budget of public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please go to question 7. If you are able to answer this question, please answer NA to question 7.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
TOTAI Appeal public budget ellocated to the functioning	26 041 953	27 646 460
TOTAL - Annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7)$	[]NA []NAP	[]NA []NAP
1. Annual public budget allocated to (gross) salaries	21 114 970	20 247 520
	[]NA []NAP	[] NA [] NAP
2. Annual public budget allocated to computerisation (2.1 +	187 258	121 013
2.2)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

2.1 Investments in computerisation	103 019	64 613	
•	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
2.2 Maintenance of the IT equipment of courts	84 239	56 399	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Annual public budget allocated to justice expenses			
(expertise, interpretation, etc.)	[X] NA	[X] NA	
(expertise, interpretation, etc.)	[] NAP	[] NAP	
4. Annual public budget allocated to court buildings	50 392	21 381	
(maintenance, operating costs)	[] NA	[] NA	
(maintenance; operating costs)	[] NAP	[] NAP	
5. Annual public budget allocated to investments in new	135 481	14 791	
(court) buildings	[] NA	[] NA	
(Court) buildings	[] NAP	[] NAP	
6. Annual public budget allocated to training	28 422	11 399	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	
7. Other (please specify)	4 525 431	7 230 357	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: -Differences relate to the enforcements via the Ministry of Finance (court experts and lawyers expenses) payed through enforcement procedures (e.g. baillifs etc.)

- Other costs are other personal incomes, jubilee awards, severance payments, one time assistance payments, separate family life bonus, administrative/office material, fuel costs, energy bills, communication services, lawyer services, consulting services, banking services, licenses, insurances, employment contracts, utilities etc.

007. If you cannot answer question 6 because you cannot isolate the public budget allocated to courts from the budget allocated to public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please fill in only the appropriate line in the table according to your system:

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and the		
public prosecution services together	[X]NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and legal	[X]NA	[X]NA
aid together	[] NAP	[]NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts, public	[X]NA	[X]NA
prosecution services and legal aid together	[]NAP	[]NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

008. Are litigants in general required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction:

	Litigants required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction?
for criminal cases	(X) Yes, at the beginning of the
	procedure
	() Yes, at a later stage
	() No
for other than criminal cases	(X) Yes, at the beginning of the
	procedure
	() Yes, at a later stage
	() No

Comments - If there are exceptions to the obligation to pay these court fees, could you please provide comments on those exceptions?

008-1. Please briefly present the methodology of calculation of these court fees:

- - In civil proceedings, the fee is paid according to the value of the case.

In the enforcement proceedings, the fee is paid according to the value of enforcement or security.

In a non-contentious proceedings, criminal proceedings based on a private lawsuit, administrative dispute and insolvency proceedings of companies, a tax shall be paid at a tariff fee.

Law on Court Fees states fee tariff for pleadings, decisions and court settlements in civil and enforcement proceedings, the amount of fees for non-contentious proceedings, the fees in proceedings on insolvency of companies, the amount of fees for pleadings and decisions in criminal proceedings conducted by private prosecution and in an administrative dispute

008-2. The amount of court fees requested to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery:

[70]

[] NA [] NAP

Comments For claims in civil proceedings with dispute value amounting over \in 500 and up to \in 5,000, a fee in the amount of \in 20 and 2% is payable on the difference of the amount exceeding \in 500. This means that the court fee for filing a debt claim in the amount of \in 3,000 would be \in 70.

009. Annual income of court fees received by the State (in €):

[1028558]

[] NA

[] NAP

Comments

012. Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual approved public budget			
allocated to legal aid (12.1 + 12.2)	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

12.1 for cases brought to court (court fees			
and/or legal representation)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
min or robin robinsonmiton)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
12.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[X]NA [INAP	[X] NA [1NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

Comments in 2022 no separate amount for legal aid for courts was allocated, but that was a part of the budget section 4146 - lawyer services. In 2022 for legal aid the amount implemented is 108.776 Eur

012-1. Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual implemented public budget	108 776		
allocated to legal aid (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
anocated to legar aid (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12-1.1 for cases brought to court (court fees			
and/or legal representation)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
and/or regar representation/	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12-1.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
advice, there and outer legal services)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

If the public budget actually implemented regarding legal aid is different from the annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: in 2022 no separate amount for legal aid for courts was allocated, but that was a part of the budget section 4146 - lawyer services. In 2022 for legal aid the amount implemented is 108.776 Eur

012-3. Do legal aid budgets indicated in Q12 and Q12-1 include:

	Amount calculated/estimated included
Coverage of court fees	() Yes
	(X) No
	() NAP (Legal aid does not include
	coverage of court fees)
Exemption from court fees	(X) Yes
-	() No
	() NAP (Legal aid does not include
	exemption from court fees)

Comments

013. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in €.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the public	9 207 899	9 752 592
prosecution services, in € (including 13.1)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

13.1. Annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services	[] NA [X] NAP		[] NA [X] NAP
Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided prosecution services actually implemented is different from the applifferences:			
A2. Please indicate the sources for answering the	e questions in	this part	
Sources:			
.1.3Budgetary data concerning the whole ju	stice system		
015-1. Annual (approved and implemented) pul	olic budget alle	ocated to t	he whole justice syster
€ (this global budget includes the judicial syste	m budget - see	e 15-2 and	other elements of the
ustice system - see 15-3)	Approved budge	et (in £)	Implemented budget (in €)
	Approved budge	≈ (m €)	implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system in €	54 590 196 [] NA [] NAP		[X] NA [] NAP
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the fig llocated to the whole justice system comes from an international or whole justice system actually implemented is different from the ap	[]NA []NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo	ver, if the ann	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the fig llocated to the whole justice system comes from an international of whole justice system actually implemented is different from the ap lifferences:	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	ver, if the ann ic budget, plea	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the fig llocated to the whole justice system comes from an international of whole justice system actually implemented is different from the ap lifferences:	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	ver, if the ann ic budget, plea	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the use indicate the main reasons for
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the fig llocated to the whole justice system comes from an international of whole justice system actually implemented is different from the ap lifferences:	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	ver, if the annic budget, plea	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the see indicate the main reasons for
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figure indicated to the whole justice system comes from an international of whole justice system actually implemented is different from the applifferences: O15-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	Q13) Included (X) Ye () No	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the see indicate the main reasons for
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figuillocated to the whole justice system comes from an international or whole justice system actually implemented is different from the applifferences: O15-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Courts)	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	Q13) Included (X) Ye	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the ase indicate the main reasons for
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figure llocated to the whole justice system comes from an international of whole justice system actually implemented is different from the applifferences: O15-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Courts)	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	Q13) Included (X) Ye () No [] NAP (X) Ye () No	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the ase indicate the main reasons for
System in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figure indicated to the whole justice system comes from an international of whole justice system actually implemented is different from the applifferences: O15-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Courts) Courts Legal aid	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	Q13) Included (X) Ye () No [] NAP (X) Ye	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the use indicate the main reasons for the second se
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figuillocated to the whole justice system comes from an international or whole justice system actually implemented is different from the applifferences: O15-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Courts)	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	Q13) Included (X) Ye () No [] NAP (X) Ye	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the use indicate the main reasons for the second se
System in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figural explaint the figural explaint to the whole justice system comes from an international explore justice system actually implemented is different from the applifferences: O15-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Courts Legal aid Public prosecution services	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	Q13) Included (X) Ye () No [] NAP (X) Ye () No [] NAP (X) Ye () No	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the use indicate the main reasons for the second se
system in € Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figuillocated to the whole justice system comes from an international or whole justice system actually implemented is different from the applifferences: O15-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Courts Legal aid	I] NA I] NAP ures provided above organisation. Moreo proved annual publi	Q13) Included (X) Ye () No [] NAP (X) Ye () No [] NAP (X) Ye () No	f a large portion of the budget ual public budget allocated to the use indicate the main reasons for the second se

Prison system	(X)Yes
Tilson system	() No
	[]NAP
Probation services	(X) Yes
	() No
	[] NAP
High Judicial Council	(X) Yes
	() No [] NAP
High Programmed Council	(X) Yes
High Prosecutorial Council	() No
	[]NAP
Constitutional court	(X) Yes
	() No
	[] NAP
Judicial management body	() Yes
	(X) No
	[] NAP
Service for legal representation of the State	() Yes
	(X) No
Enforcement services	() Yes
Emoreoment services	(X)No
	[]NAP
Notariat	() Yes
	(X) No
	[] NAP
Forensic services	() Yes
	(X) No
Tradicial masteration of invanilar	() Yes
Judicial protection of juveniles	(X) No
	[]NAP
Functioning of the Ministry of Justice	(X) Yes
	() No
	[] NAP
Refugees and asylum seekers services	() Yes
	(X) No
Immigration Service	() Yes (X) No
	[]NAP
Some police services (e.g.: transfer, investigation, prisoners' security)	() Yes
r r	(X) No
	[]NAP
Other	(X) Yes
	() No
	[]NAP

If "Other", please specify: Centre for Training in Judiciary and State Prosecution Office Centre for Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)

Access to justice and all courts		
1.Legal Aid		
.1.1Scope of legal aid		•
16. Does legal aid apply to:		
10. Does logal and apply to.	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
Representation in court	(X) Yes () No [] NA	(X) Yes () No []NA []NAP
Legal advice, ADR and other legal services 16-1. Please briefly describe the organisa	(X) Yes () No [] NA [] NAP	(X) Yes () No [] NA [] NAP

Legal aid granted for other costs		(X) Yes	X) Yes
	() No) No
	[]		
	[]	NAP []	NAP
omments - If yes, please specify: Accord	ling to the Law on Legal Aid.	Article 25. Granting any form of	legal aid implies also the
emption from paying costs of proceeding	-		
		1	
1.2Information on legal aid	<u>1</u>		
20. Please indicate the numb	er of cases for which	legal aid has been grant	ed:
	Total	Cases brought to cou	rt Cases not brought to
			court
TOTAL	396		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
n criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
In other than criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Comments - Please specify when appropri			12.2
00 0 Dlagge in diagraphs also man	.h	1 -: 4.	
20-0. Please indicate the nun	_		ut Cocce not brought to
20-0. Please indicate the nun	nber of recipients of le	egal aid: Cases brought to cou	rt Cases not brought to
	_		_
	Total	Cases brought to cou	court
	Total [X]NA	Cases brought to cou	court [X]NA
ΓΟΤΑL	Total	Cases brought to cou	court
	Total [X]NA	Cases brought to cou	court [X]NA

018. Can legal aid be granted for the fees that are related to the enforcement of judicial decisions

If yes, please specify: Law on free Legal Aid, Article 24a: Free legal aid in the proceedings before public bailiff includes exemption from paying expenses for preparation of enforcement proposals and from paying deposit for expenses to the public bailiff. See also general

019. Can legal aid be granted for other costs (different from those mentioned in questions 16 to 18,

Criminal cases

e.g. fees of technical advisors or experts, costs of other legal professionals (notaries), travel costs

(e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?

(X) Yes

() No

comment

etc.)?

Other than criminal cases

In other than criminal cases	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
Comments - Please specify when appropriate:			
020-0-1. Are there statistical data dis	saggregated by	gender in respect of	f recipients of legal aid?
() Yes			
(X) No			
Comments			
020-0-2. If yes, please provide de	etails on distrib	ution by gender of r	ecipients of legal aid:
	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
Comments			
020-0-3. Is it possible to divide the n	umber of recip	ients of legal aid pe	r different categories of
cases?	•	5 1	
() Yes			
(X) No			
Comment: If yes, please specify for which categories	es of cases:		
020-0-4. Are there situations where l	egal aid is auto	matically granted d	epending on categories
cases?			
() Yes			
(X) No			
Comment: If yes, please specify:			
020-0-5. How many of the recipients	of legal aid ar	e alleged victims of	domestic violence?
•	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid who are alleged victims of domestic violence	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X]NA
Comments	12.3	17 3	1, 7
020-1. Please indicate the timeframe	s of the pr oced	ure for granting legs	al aid in relation to the
duration from the initial legal aid req	-		

Time in days

	[] NA
	[] NAP
Actual average duration	
_	[X] NA
	[] NAP
emments - Please specify if the envisaged timeframe is set in a statutor envisaged for criminal and other than criminal cases, please provide	-
)1. To oniminal access can individuals who do not b	vovo grifficient financial magne he aggista
 In criminal cases, can individuals who do not he ee of charge (or financed by a public budget) lawy 	
	Assisted by a free of charge lawyer
A consed individuals	(X) Yes
Accused individuals	(X) Yes () No
	() No
Victims comments - If yes, please specify:	() No (X) Yes () No
Accused individuals Victims omments - If yes, please specify: 22. In criminal cases are these individuals free to cegal aid system?	() No (X) Yes () No
Victims omments - If yes, please specify: 22. In criminal cases are these individuals free to c	() No (X) Yes () No
Victims omments - If yes, please specify: 22. In criminal cases are these individuals free to cegal aid system?	() No (X) Yes () No choose their lawyer within the framework free selection of lawyer
omments - If yes, please specify: 22. In criminal cases are these individuals free to cegal aid system?	() No (X) Yes () No Phoose their lawyer within the framework
Victims omments - If yes, please specify: 22. In criminal cases are these individuals free to c	() No (X) Yes () No Choose their lawyer within the framework free selection of lawyer () Yes
Victims omments - If yes, please specify: 22. In criminal cases are these individuals free to cegal aid system?	() No (X) Yes () No Choose their lawyer within the framework free selection of lawyer () Yes (X) No
Victims Domments - If yes, please specify: 22. In criminal cases are these individuals free to coegal aid system? Accused individuals	() No (X) Yes () No Choose their lawyer within the framework free selection of lawyer () Yes (X) No [] NAP

the data provided above: see general comment

023. If yes, please specify in the table:

		Assets value (for one person), (in €)
Full legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Full legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal cases		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal		
cases	[X] NA	[X] NA
cuscs	[] NAP	[] NAP

024. Is it possible to ref	fuse legal aid for lack	of merit of the case	(for example for	frivolous action
or no chance of success	s)?			

(]	X)	Yes
()	No

Comments - If yes, please specify the exact criteria for denying legal aid:

025. Is the decision to grant or refuse legal aid taken by:

() t	he j	jud	ge(s)	deal	ling	with	the	main	case
---	-----	------	-----	-----	----	------	------	------	-----	------	------

(X) another judge or official

() an authority external to the court

() several authorities (court and external bodies)

Comments president of the court or other judge he designates.

027. Can judicial decisions direct how legal costs, paid by the parties during the procedure, will be shared:

	Judicial decisions direct how legal costs will be shared
in criminal cases	(X) Yes
in other than criminal cases	(X) Yes

Comments - If no, please specify how legal costs are distributed:

B1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Law on Legal Aid		

2.2.Court users and victims

2.2.1Rights of the users and victims

028. Are there official internet sites/portals (e.g. Ministry of Justice, Judicial Council etc.) where general public may have free-of-charge access to the following:

	Yes, internet adresse(es)	No
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)	(X) sudovi.me gov.me	()
Case-law of the higher court/s	(X) sudovi.me	()
Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)	(X) sudovi.me	()
Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online registration forms)	(X) sudovi.me gov.me	()

Comment - Please specify what documents and information are included in "Other documents"

029. Is there an obligation to provide information to the parties concerning the foreseeable timeframes of their proceedings?

(Y	(X) Yes, always
() No
() Yes, only in some specific situations

Comment - If "Yes, only in some specific situations", please specify:

030. Is there a public and free-of-charge information system for providing information and facilitating access to justice:

	Information system
General for citizens	[X] Online information [X] Telephone [] Interactive chat
	[X] In-person (physical access on site) [] Other [] No
Specific for victims of offences	[X] Online information [X] Telephone [] Interactive chat [X] In-person (physical access on site) [] Other [] No
Specific for minors (child-friendly systems)	[X] Online information [] Telephone [] Interactive chat [] In-person (physical access on site) [] Other [] No

Comments - Please provide more information on these systems and specify how this assistance is provided: Though the websites of institutions. Also there are telephone lines and help lines for special categories such as victims of violence, minors etc. In person contact is also available with designated services and professionals from the relevant institutions.

031. Are there special favourable arrangements to be applied, during judicial proceedings, to the following categories of vulnerable persons:

	Information mechanism	Special arrangements in hearings	Other specific arrangements
Victims of sexual violence/rape	() Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	() No	() No
Victims of terrorism	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Minors (witnesses or victims)	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No
Victims of domestic violence	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
Ethnic minorities	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Persons with disabilities	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No
Juvenile offenders	() Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	() No	() No
Other (e.g. victims of human trafficking, forced marriage, sexual mutilation)	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No

Comments - If "Other vulnerable person" and/or "Other specific arrangements", please specify:

031-0. If there are special arrangements for minors, what are the settings / tools / facilities / practises employed to protect them when they participate in judicial proceedings?

[] Special	and child-adequate preparation for participation in trials / lawsuits (explaining in a child-friendly manner the proceedings)
[X] Special	room in court designated for child-friendly hearings
[X] Special	person / team of trained professional(s) (such as psychologists) to accompany a minor throughout the proceedings
[X] Special	ways to communicate and explain meaning of court decisions
[] Interage	ency/multidisciplinary structure such as "Children's Houses"
[] Other, p	please specify

Comment

[]NAP

031-1. What are the main criteria for a person under 18 years of age to act in court proceedings or to be a witness?

	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Capacity to initiate a proceeding and take other procedural actions in his/her own name	[] Age threshold [Comment]	[X] Age threshold [Comment]16
	[] Capacity for discernment [X] Other	[] Capacity for discernment [] Other
	[] NAP	[] NAP

To be a witness	[] Age threshold [Comment] [] Capacity for discernment [X] Other	[X] Age threshold [Comment]16 and less [X] Capacity for discernment [] Other
Comments - Please specify if you selected "Other". Civil proceed 1. Other - A minor, who has not acquired full legal capacity is legal recognized. 2. Other - A child may be heard as a witness if the Court determined proceedings.	ally capable within the limits within	
Criminal proceedings For minors and persons who are completely deprived of legal capa Exeptionally, a minor who has reached the age of 16 may also file 2. Capacity for discernment - A minor who, given his/her age and not to have to testify. Age threshold - The summoning as a witness of a minor who has representative, unless this is not possible due to the need for urgen	a private lawsuit by himself/hersel mental development is unable to un not reached the age of 16 is made the	if. Inderstand the significance of the
031-2. If a person under 18 years of age cannot	act in court proceedings	in his/her own name, w
can represent him/her in judicial proceedings?		
	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Parent/legal guardian	[X] Yes, always [] Yes, except in some specific situations	[X] Yes, always [] Yes, except in some specific situations
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other	[] No [X] Social care services or other public institution [] Legal professional [] Associations for protection of minors [] Other
Comment		
031-3. What are the different criteria for the cripossible) [X] Age threshold(s) [X] Capacity for discernment	minal liability of minors	? (multiple replies
[] Other criteria		
Comment		
031-3-1. What is the age threshold for the crimi	inal liability of minors?	
Criminal liability resulting in sentence without privation of	of liberty (for example, education	nal measures)
[14] []NA []NAP		

Criminal liability resulting in sentence of privation of liberty
[16]
[] NA
Comment - Please describe, briefly, the specifics of your system. Could you, please specify if the possibility of mitigation applies to the sanctions and how?
032. Does your country allocate compensation for victims of offences?
() Yes, but only if the offender is unknown
() Yes, but only if compensation could not be obtained from the offender
(X) Yes, in both situations
() No
Comment
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify: The Law defines compensation for violent crimes
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments The condition is that the criminal offence of violence has been reported to the police or prosecution not existence of the court decision.
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify: The Law defines compensation for violent crimes
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments The condition is that the criminal offence of violence has been reported to the police or prosecution not existence of the court decision.
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences

Г	7	T.T	Α	D	
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<u> </u>	T)1		T1 T	1 (*	. •		1
Comment -	Please sr	APC1TVI	The L	aw detines	compensation	tor vi	olent crimes
Comment -	I ICasc sp	occii y .	THE L	aw acrincs	Compensation	TOT VI	Offile Criffics

() Yes
(X) No
Comments The condition is that the criminal offence of violence has been reported to the police or prosecution not existence of the court decision.
034. Is there a regular monitoring (official studies, reports etc.) allowing the evaluation of the
recovery rate of the damages awarded by courts to victims?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please illustrate with available data concerning the recovery rate, the title of the studies, the frequency of the studies and the coordinating body: ad hoc basis
035. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to victims (protection and assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
035-1. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to minor victims (protection and
assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment - If yes, please specify: According to the Law, a prosecutor for minors must be a person who gained special knowledge in the area of the child rights and minors in criminal proceedings. Also, for the purpose of provision of assistance, a specific expert services are organised within the high courts and Supreme State Prosecutor's Office. These expert services are comprised of employees of specific professional backgrounds such as social workers, psychologists, pedagogues etc. which may provide expert opinions, information and other assistance to the minors in criminal proceedings. These services cooperate with relevant institutions.
-
036. Do victims of offences have the right to dispute a public prosecutor's decision to discontinue
a case? Please verify the consistency of your answers in this question and question 105 regarding
the possibility for a public prosecutor "to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a
judge".
(X) Yes
() No []NAP
Comment - If necessary, please specify: See general comments. Prosecutor can decide to discontinue the case (drop charges) until the end of the main hearing. Injured person in that case has the right to continue the prosecution as a private prosecutor.

032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?

037. Is there a system of compensation in the following circumstances:

	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
Total			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Excessive length of proceedings	113	59	52 200
3 1 1 1 1 3 1	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-execution of court decisions			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful arrest/detention	44	5	5 813
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful conviction			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Other			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Where appropriate, please give details on the compensation procedure and the calculation method for the amount of the compensation (e.g., the amount per day for unjustified detentions or convictions):

037-1. Please specify which authorities are responsible for dealing with the requests and whether a legal time limit exists to deal with these requests:

	Responsible authorities	Legal time limit
Court concerned	[X]	[X]
Other court	[]	[]
Ministry of Justice	[X]	[X]
High Judicial Council	[]	[]
Other external bodies (e.g. Ombudsman)	[]	[]

Comments

037-2. Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender concerning the number of:

	Existence of statistical data disaggregated by gender
Persons who initiate a case in other than criminal matters	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which categories of cases: [Comment]
	(X)No

Victims recognised as such by the court	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment] (X) No
Perpetrators of criminal offences	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment] (X) No
Comments	

037-3. Are there statistical data on the relation between the perpetrator of the criminal offence and the victim recognised by the court?

() Yes (X) No

If yes, please specify:

2.2.2 Confidence and satisfaction of citizens with their justice system

038. Does your country implement surveys to measure trust in justice and satisfaction with the services delivered by the judicial system?

	National level	Court level
Surveys for judges	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc
Surveys for court staff	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc
Surveys for public prosecutors	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc
Surveys for lawyers	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc
Surveys for other professionals	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc
Surveys for the parties	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc
Surveys for other court users (e.g. jurors, witnesses, experts, interpreters, representatives of governmental agencies, NGOs)	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc
Surveys for victims	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [X] Ad hoc

Surveys for minors	[] Annual	[] Annual
•	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[X] Ad hoc
Surveys for the general public	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[X] Ad hoc
Other not mentioned	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[X] Ad hoc

[] NA

Comment - Please, indicate the references and links to the satisfaction surveys you mentioned above:

3.Organisation of the court system

3.1.Courts

3.1.1Number of courts

042. Number of courts - legal entities.

	Number of courts
Total number of all courts - legal entities (1 + 2)	25
Total number of the course regimentation (1 + 2)	[] NA [] NAP
1 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities (1.1 + 1.2 + 1.3)	19
	[]NA []NAP
1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	15
	[]NA []NAP
1.2 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	3
	[]NA []NAP
1.3 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1
	[] NA [] NAP
2 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	6
	[]NA []NAP

Comments 1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities = Basic Courts

- 1.2 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction legal entities = 2 High Courts and Appellate court
- 1.3 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction legal entities = Supreme Court
- 2 Total number of specialised courts legal entities = Administrative Court, Commercial Court and 3 Offense courts

043. Number of specialised courts – legal entities.

First instance	Higher instances

Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	5	1
roun number of specialises cours regarenates	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolveney courts)	1	
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X]NAP
	[]	[]
nsolvency courts		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
abour courts		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
iamily courts		
Family courts	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X] NAP
	[27]1471	[22] 14131
Rent and tenancies courts		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Inforcement of criminal sanctions courts		
more ement of eminiar salictions courts	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X] NAP
nternet related disputes		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Administrative courts	1	
Administrative courts	[] NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[X] NAP
	[] NAF	[A] NAF
nsurance and / or social welfare courts		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Ailitary courts		
vinuary cours	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
	[] - ·- ··	£ J ^ \
uvenile courts		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Other specialised courts	3	1
Autor production contra	[] NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If "Other specialised courts", please specify: High Misdemeanor Court, Misdemeanour Court in Podgorica, Budva and Bijelo Polje

044. Number of courts - geographic locations.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)
First instance courts geographic locations (this includes 1st instance courts of	15
general jurisdiction and first instance specialised courts)	[]NA []NAP

All the courts (geographic locations) (this includes 1st instance courts of	16
general jurisdiction, first instance specialised courts, all second instance courts	[] NA [] NAP
and courts of appeal and all Supreme Courts)	[]

Comments There are 25 courts on 16 geographic locations.

Podgorica (Basic court, Administrative court, Commercial court, High court, Appellate court, Supreme court, Misdemeanour court, High misdemeanour court) Bijelo Polje (Basic court, High court, Misdemeanour court)

Basic courts: Ulcinj, Bar, Cetinje, Kotor, Herceg Novi, Nikši, Žabljak, Pljevlja, Danilovgrad, Kolašin, Berane, Plav, Rožaje

Budva: Misdemeanour court

C. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sour	rces: Law on Courts			

3.2. Court staff

3.2.1Judges and non-judge staff

046. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for all types of courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts)

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of professional judges $(1 + 2 + 3)$	263	112	151	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Number of first instance professional judges	184	82	102	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)	63	27	36	
professional judges	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
professionar judges	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Number of Supreme Court professional	16	3	13	
judges	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
Judges	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above: some of the judges were retired and in the meantime new judges were elected

=

046-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportionally reduced remuneration?

(X)Y

() No

Comments

dges working pa	rt-time with reduced Females
Males	
Males	
	Females
	Females
[X] NA	
[X] NA	
[]NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
[X] NA	[X] NA [] NAP
()	
[X]NA	[X] NA [] NAP
[] IVI	
[X]NA	[X] NA [] NAP
[] 11111	
e) for regular ad	iustment of working
,	,e
Adjustmen	t of working time or
	with or without reduced
conditions remunerati	
remunerati	
remunerati () Yes (X) No () Yes	
remunerati () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No	
remunerati () Yes (X) No () Yes	
	[] NAP [X] NA [] NAP

046-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted (multiple

replies possible).

[X] Child-care

] Training
[] For the purposes of early retirement
[] As part of induction process for new judges
[] No specific reason required
[] Other reason, please specify:
Con	nments
=	

046-2. Number of judges (FTE) by case type:

	Total	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
Total number of judges	263				
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
First instance	184				
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Second instance	63				
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Supreme Court	16				
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

If "Other", please explain which types of cases:

=

047. Number of court presidents .

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of court presidents $(1+2+3)$	25 []NA	15 [] NA	10 []NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Number of first instance court presidents	20 [] NA [] NAP	11 []NA []NAP	9 []NA []NAP	
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal) court presidents	4 []NA []NAP	4 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	
3. Number of Supreme Court presidents	1 [] NA	0 [] NA	1 []NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments

048. Number of professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis and who are paid as such (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year):

		[] NA	
		[X]NAP	
In full-time equivalent		[] NA [X] NAP	
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments to	o explain the answe	er provided:	
048-1. Do these professional judges si	tting in courts	s on an occasional ba	asis deal with a significat
part of cases?			
() Yes If yes, please give specifications on the	types of cases and	an estimate in percentage	
() No [X] NAP			
Comments			
049. Number of non-professional judg	res who are no	ot remunerated but w	vho may receive a simple
defrayal of costs (if possible, on 31 De			
consulaires", but not arbitrators or pers		• , ,	5. In Jungos of Jugos
, cut not aronators of per		Figure	
		5	
Gross figure		[] NA [X] NAP	
In full time equivalent		[]NA	
In full time equivalent Comments		[] NA [X] NAP	
Comments	s exist at first	[X]NAP	ntry, please specify for
Comments 049-1. If such non-professional judges	s exist at first	[X]NAP	ntry, please specify for
Comments 049-1. If such non-professional judges	exist at first	[X]NAP	ntry, please specify for Echevinage / mixed bench
Comments 049-1. If such non-professional judges		instance in your cou	Echevinage / mixed
Comments 049-1. If such non-professional judges which types of cases:	Yes	instance in your cou	Echevinage / mixed bench
Comments 049-1. If such non-professional judges which types of cases: Criminal cases (severe)	Yes ()	instance in your cou	Echevinage / mixed bench
Comments 049-1. If such non-professional judges which types of cases: Criminal cases (severe) Criminal cases (misdemeanour and/or minor)	Yes () ()	instance in your cou	Echevinage / mixed bench
Comments 049-1. If such non-professional judges which types of cases: Criminal cases (severe) Criminal cases (misdemeanour and/or minor) Family law cases	Yes () () ()	instance in your cou	Echevinage / mixed bench () ()

Figure

Insolvency cases	()	()	()
Other civil cases	()	()	()
[X] NAP	1		
Comments - If "Other civil cases", please	e specify:		
050. Does your judicial syste	m include trial by jury v	with the participati	on of citizens?
() Yes			
(X) No			
Comments			
050-1. If yes, for which ty	pe(s) of case(s)?		
[] Criminal cases			
[] Other than criminal cases			
Comments			
051. Number of citizens who	were involved in such j	juries for the year	of reference:
[]NA			
[X] NAP			
Comments			

052. Number of non-judge staff who are working in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled)

	Total	Males	Females	
Total non-judge staff working in courts (1 + 2	1 110	283	827	
+ 3 + 4 + 5)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	
1. Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) (see				
Explanatory Note)	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	
2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to	687	58	629	
assist the judges such as registrars (case	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	
preparation, assistance during the hearing,	[]1421		Llivin	
helping to draft the decisions)				

3. Staff in charge of different administrative	134	52	82
tasks and of the management of the courts	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
(human resources management, material and	[] IVAI	[] IVAI	[] WAI
equipment management, including computer			
systems, financial and budgetary management,			
training management)			
4. Technical staff	127	58	69
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
5. Other non-judge staff	162	115	47
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If "Other non-judge staff", please specify:

052-1. Number of non-judge staff by instance (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females
Total non-judge staff working in courts	1 110	283	827
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
1. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	865	238	627
first instance level	[]NA []NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP
2. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	210	38	172
second instance (court of appeal) level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
3. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	35	7	28
Supreme Court level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA

Comments

=

053. If there are Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies), please specify in which fields they have a role:

[] Family cases
[] Payment orders

[] Legal aid

Registry cases (land and/or business registry cases)

] Enforcement of civil cases

[] Enforcement of criminal cases

[] Non-litigious cases

Other cases not mentioned (please describe in comment)

[X] NAP

Comments - Please briefly describe their status and exact duties:

054. Have the courts outsourced certain	n services un	der their responsib	ilities to external providers?
(X)Yes			
() No			
Comments			
054-1. If yes, please specify which	services hav	e been outsourced:	
[] IT services			
[] Training of staff			
[X] Security			
[X] Archives			
[] Cleaning			
[X] Other types of services (please specify): .			
specialized firm to handle the storage of critical equipengagement with external vendors also covers the main the Commercial Court, due to space constraints, an exactivity is specific only for the Commercial Court and INA C1. Please indicate the sources for answers.	intenance of gener ternal vendor has does not apply to	rators, air conditioning, ala been contracted for archive o other courts.	rm, and fire suppression systems. For ing and digitizing old case files. This
Sources: Judicial Council Secretariat			
3.3. Public prosecution 3.3.1Public prosecutors and staff 055. Number of public prosecutors (on information in full-time equivalent and		•	vear). (Please give the
	Total	Males	Females
Total number of prosecutors $(1 + 2 + 3)$	103 []NA	39 []NA []NAP	64 []NA []NAP
1. Number of prosecutors at first instance level	64 []NA	23 []NA	41 []NA

33

6

[] NA [] NAP

[] NA [] NAP 14

2

[] NA

[] NAP

[]NA []NAP

2. Number of prosecutors at second instance

3. Number of prosecutors at Supreme Court

(court of appeal) level

level

19

4

[] NA

[] NA

[] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment for in court of appeal) level) includes also prosecutors of the			f prosecutors at second instance
court of appear) lever) includes also prosecutors of the	e Special State Prosec	utor's Office	0
=			•
055-1-1. Does your system allow part-t	time work for p	rosecutors with pro	oportionally reduced
remuneration?			
() Yes			
(X) No			
Comments			
055-1-2. If yes, please specify in wl	hich situation(s) part-time work ca	an be granted? (multiple
replies possible)	`	. 1	
[] Child-care			
[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' c	are		
[] Training			
[] For the purposes of early retirement			
[] No specific reason required			
[] Other reason, please specify:			
Comments			
055-1-3. If yes, what is the number	of prosecutors	working nart-time	with reduced
remuneration?	or prosocutors	orking pur unic	WILLI 1000000
iomanotation;	T-4-1	Malaa	Provide a

	Total	Males	Females	
Total $(1 + 2 + 3)$				
Total (1 2 3)	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
1. At first instance level				
1. The first mistalies level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level				
2. The second impulsion (court of uppose) to voi	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
3. At Supreme Court level				
3. The supreme country to	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	

Comments

055-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart of part-time work) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

Adjustment of working time or
conditions with or without reduced
remuneration

Temporary reduction of the workload Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave		, ,	() Yes (X) No (X) Yes	
			() No	
Other measures			() Yes (X) No	
omment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment are - parental leave there is no reduction in the legal				
55-1-5. If yes, please specify in which	h situation(s) these possibilities	can be used?	
[X] Child-care				
[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care				
[] Training				
[] For the purposes of early retirement				
[] As part of induction process for new prosecuto	rs			
[] As part of induction process for new prosecuto[] No specific reason required	rs			
[] No specific reason required				
[] No specific reason required [] Other reason, please specify:				
[] No specific reason required [] Other reason, please specify:				
[] No specific reason required [] Other reason, please specify:		Males	Females	
[] No specific reason required [] Other reason, please specify:	offices.		Females 9 []NA []NAP	
[] No specific reason required [] Other reason, please specify:	Total	Males 8 []NA	9 []NA	
[] No specific reason required [] Other reason, please specify:	Total 17 []NA []NAP 13 []NA	Males 8 []NA []NAP 6 []NA	9 []NA []NAP 7 []NA	

(X) No

[[]NA

Comments - If yes, please specify their titles and functions:

]

057-1. If yes, please provide the number (in full-time equivalent):

indicated under question 55?			
() Yes			
() No [X] NAP			
domments			
959-1. Do prosecution offices have p	prosecutors wh	o are specially train	ned in areas of domestic
violence and sexual violence?			
		-	
Domestic violence		[X] Yes
] Yes, specifically for minor
		victims	No
		[] NA	,110
Sexual violence] Yes
		[X] Yes, specifically for minor
		victims	
		[] NA] No
		[] NAP	
60. Number of staff (non-public proossible, on 31 December of the reference to 52 (in full-time equivalent a	rence year and	without the number	
	Total	Males	Females
Number of staff (non-public prosecutors)	270	77 []NA	193
attached to the public prosecution service	[]1471	[]IVI	[] 1421
Comment - please describe which categories of sta	ff you have included	in your reply: According	to internal organization and
ystematization acts in state prosecutor's offices, th	= -	=	· ·
ead of registry office, independent advisor I, indepedvisor III, advisor I, advisor II, advisor III, indepe		=	
uvisoi III, auvisoi I, auvisoi II, auvisoi III, ilidepe	ildelit cierk, cierk, se	moi empioyee, empioyee a	and tramee.
C2. Please indicate the sources for a	nswering the q	uestions in this part	;
Sources: .			

059. If yes, is their number included in the number of public prosecutors that you have

3.4. Gender equality

3.4.1 Specific provisions for facilitating gender equality

061-2. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for recruiting:

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	(X)	()
prosecutors	(X)	()
non-judge staff	()	(X)
lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)

[]NA

Comments - if the situation changed since the reference year, please specify in the comments. If you have additional comments please specify: Decisions of the Judicial Council shall be final and unless otherwise provided by the present Law, an administrative dispute may be

initiated against them. When making a decision on the appointment of judges and court presidents, the Judicial Council shall take into account the proportional representation of minorities and other minority communities and gender balanced representation.

The similar regulation is a part of the Law on State Prosecution: When making a decision on the appointment of judges and court presidents, the Prosecutorial Council shall take into account the proportional representation of minorities and other minority communities and gender balanced representation.

061-3. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for promoting:

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	(X)	()
prosecutors	(X)	()
non-judge staff	()	(X)
lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year or you have additional comments, please specify: Decisions of the Judicial Council shall be final and unless otherwise provided by the present Law, an administrative dispute may be

initiated against them. When making a decision on the appointment of judges and court presidents, the Judicial Council shall take into account the proportional representation of minorities and other minority communities and gender balanced representation.

The similar regulation is a part of the Law on State Prosecution: When making a decision on the appointment of judges and court presidents, the Prosecutorial Council shall take into account the proportional representation of minorities and other minority communities and gender balanced representation.

061-3-1. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for the appointment of:

	Yes / No
Court president	(X) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]see comment () No
Head of prosecution services	(X) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]see comment () No

Comments Decisions of the Judicial Council shall be final and unless otherwise provided by the present Law, an administrative dispute may be

initiated against them. When making a decision on the appointment of judges and court presidents, the Judicial Council shall take into account the proportional representation of minorities and other minority communities and gender balanced representation.

The similar regulation is a part of the Law on State Prosecution: When making a decision on the appointment of judges and court presidents, the Prosecutorial Council shall take into account the proportional representation of minorities and other minority communities and gender balanced representation.

3.4.2 At national level

061-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy/action plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?

()	1 68
(X)	No

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you specify the reference or internet link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us?

061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner) / institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:

	Yes, please specify	No
The recruitment of judges	()	(X)
The promotion of judges	()	(X)
The recruitment of prosecutors	()	(X)
The promotion of prosecutors	()	(X)
The recruitment of non-judge staff	()	(X)

The promotion of non-judge staff	()	(X)
Comments - Please specify the status of this person/institution and consequences:	if it has a consultative function or	if its opinions/decisions have legal
3.4.3 At court/public prosecution services lev	<u>rel</u>	•
061-7. At the court or public prosecution service	es level, is there a person	ı (e.g. an equal
opportunities commissioner)/institution specific	-	-
equality in the organisation of judicial work?		
	Yes	No
in courts (judges)	()	(X)
in public prosecution services (prosecutors)	()	(X)
for courts' non-judge staff	()	(X)
Comments - Please specify the details of this person/institution, in	particular its titles and function:	
061-9. In order to improve gender balance in acc	cess to different indicial	professions and gender
equality in promotion and in access to functions	•	-
country, which:	1 3,	, ,
have been already implemented (please specify):		
are planned (please specify):		
Comments - If the situation changed since reference year, plea	se specify in the comments.	
[X] NAP		
061-10. Are there evaluation studies or official 1	eports regarding the ma	in causes of possible
gender inequalities with regard to:		•
[] Recruitment procedures, please specify:		
[] Appointment to the position of court president, please specia	fy:	
[] Appointment to the position of head of prosecution services	, please specify:	

[] Promotion procedures and access to the functions of responsibility, please specify:
[] Other studies, please specify:
[X] NAP
Comments - Please specify also the reference documents.
3.5. Use of information technologies in courts
3.5.1 Governance
ICT STRATEGY
062-01. Do you have an overall Information and Communication Technology (ICT) strategy in the
judicial system?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments https://www.gov.me/en/documents/7af1b58d-a6aa-4e62-8de2-75979dd42d0c
062-02. If there is an overall ICT strategy in the judicial system, who was involved in the process
of its definition?
[X] Judges (Judicial council)
[X] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)
[X] Ministry of justice
[] Lawyers (bar association)
[] Notaries (association of notaries)
[] Enforcement agents (association of enforcement agents)
[X] Other (please specify)
[] NA [] NAP
Comments Administration for Enforcement of Criminal Sanctions, Ministry of Public Administration
LEGISLATION
062-03. Does a national legislation/regulation of ICT in the judicial system exist?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
062-04. If yes, how is this legislation/regulation of ICT in the judicial system structured?
[] Relevant norms are included in the general e-government legislation/regulation
[] Relevant norms are included in specific legislation/regulation only for the judicial system
[X] Relevant texts are included in dedicated technical documents/specifications
[] Other, please specify

IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF ICT SYSTEMS

062-05. Have you already organised audits/evaluations/assessments of the impact of the implementation of the ICT system?

()	X) Yes
() No
Com	ments

062-06. If these audits/evaluations/assessments were already organised, please specify their modalities:

	Format	Last conducted audit
ICT Governance	[X] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [X] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA
Security and risk management	[X] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [X] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA
Impact on efficiency and quality of the business processes and workflow	[X] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [X]NA
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[X] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [X]NA

Other, please specify in comments	[] Internal [] External	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years
	[X] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[X] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA

Comment - If you have selected other area, please provide details. Please also add details on the content of the last organised evaluation.

062-07. If these audits/evaluations/assessments were organised in the last 5 years, how did you apply their recommendations/results?

[X]	Update applications
[X]	Define new ICT projects/modules
[X]	Adjust legislation
[X]	Adjust working processes
[]	Withdraw/stop use of a module/application
[]	Reporting purpose only
[X]	Other, please specifycreation of new internal rules and work procedures
[] NA	
[] NAP	

Comments

3.5.2 Electronic case processing

ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF CASES

062-08. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

062-09. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted electronically by:	Data integration
Civil	[] Paper submission is still	[] Lawyer [] Party not	[] The data are electronically transferred
	possible [] Paper	represented by a lawyer [] Other, please	to the Case Management System (CMS)
	submission is not possible anymore	specify [X] NAP –	[] The data are manually re-entered in
	(electronic submission is the only way)	electronic submission is not possible	the CMS [X] NAP –
	[] Double submission (paper must	[] NA	electronic submission is not possible
	accompany the electronic submission)		[] NA
	[X] NAP – electronic submission is		
	not possible		

Administrative	[] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore	[] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [X] NAP –	[] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in
	(electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic	electronic submission is not possible	the CMS [X] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA
	submission) [X] NAP – electronic submission is not possible		
Criminal	[] NA [] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [X] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [X] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [X] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA

SENDING ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS TO COURT

062-10. If it is possible to send case-related documents to the courts electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Ciii	() 05 100 0/	() 05 100 %
Civil	() 95-100 % () 75-95 %	() 95-100 % () 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() NAP - electronic delivery	() NAP - electronic delivery
	is not possible	is not possible
	[X] NA	[X] NA

Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - electronic delivery	() NAP - electronic delivery
	is not possible	is not possible
	[X] NA	[X] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - electronic delivery	() NAP - electronic delivery
	is not possible	is not possible
	[X] NA	[X] NA

Comments Courts sometimes receive certain documents via email from parties, lawyers or expert witnesses but there is no statistical data for these option.

062-11. If it is possible to send electronically case related documents to the courts, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted electronically by:	Data integration
Civil	[] Paper delivery is still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way) [] Double delivery (Paper delivery must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic delivery is not possible [X] NA	[] Documents sent by another person/institution	[] The data are electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible [X] NA

Administrative	[] Paper delivery is	[] Documents sent	[] The data are
	still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[] Paper delivery is	[] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[] Documents sent	the CMS
	[] Double delivery	by another	[] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[X] NA
	[] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[X] NA	
	possible		
	[X] NA		
Criminal	[] Paper delivery is	[] Documents sent	[] The data are
Criminal	[] Paper delivery is still possible	[] Documents sent	[] The data are electronically transferred
Criminal		by a lawyer	
Criminal	still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not	electronically transferred to the CMS
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not	electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way)	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer	electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way)	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [] Documents sent	electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way) [] Double delivery	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [] Documents sent by another person/institution	electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way) [] Double delivery (Paper delivery must accompany the electronic one)	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [] Documents sent by another person/institution [] NAP — electronic delivery is not	electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP – electronic delivery is not
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way) [] Double delivery (Paper delivery must accompany the electronic	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [] Documents sent by another person/institution [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible	electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way) [] Double delivery (Paper delivery must accompany the electronic one)	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [] Documents sent by another person/institution [] NAP — electronic delivery is not	electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP – electronic delivery is not possible
Criminal	still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way) [] Double delivery (Paper delivery must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP –	by a lawyer [] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [] Documents sent by another person/institution [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible	electronically transferred to the CMS [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible

Comment - If you have selected the option "Documents sent by another person/institution", please specify details.

ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS

062-12. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

		,
Administrative	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - electronic notifications are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - electronic notifications are not possible
	NA	NA
Criminal	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - electronic notifications are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - electronic notifications are not possible

062-13. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Type of notification	Data integration
Civil	[] Paper notification is still possible	[] Notifications sent by the court to the lawyer	[] The electronic notification is generated from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[X] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[X] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[X] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	

Administrative	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[X] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[X] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[X] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	
Criminal	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
Criminal	[] Paper notification is still	[] Notifications sent by the court to the	[] The electronic notification is generated
Criminal			
Criminal	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
Criminal	notification is still possible	sent by the court to the lawyer	notification is generated from the CMS
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer [] Notifications	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP – electronic notifications
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [] Double	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer [] Notifications with attached official	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [] Double notification (paper	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer [] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [] Double notification (paper notification must	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer [] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts [] Notifications sent to other	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer [] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts [] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one) [X] NAP — electronic notifications	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer [] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts [] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions [X] NAP —	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one) [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer [] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts [] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions [X] NAP — electronic notifications	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible [] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one) [X] NAP — electronic notifications	sent by the court to the lawyer [] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer [] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts [] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions [X] NAP —	notification is generated from the CMS [] The electronic notification is manually generated [X] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible

Comment - If you have selected the option "Notifications sent to other persons/institutions", please specify details.

CONSULTATION OF A CASE ONLINE

062-14. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate
-----------------	------------

Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAP - online consultation	() NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[X] NA	[X] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - online consultation	() NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[X] NA	[X] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - online consultation	() NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[X] NA	[X] NA

Comments Certain information about the specific case such as dates and places of scheduled hearings, acting judges, parties etc. are available at the website sudovi.me

062-15. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, please specify the modalities:

	Content	Access	Consultation format
Civil	[] Case status	[] Lawyer	[] Electronic access
	[] Documents	[] Party not	at the court premises
	[X] Notifications	represented by a lawyer	[X] Other, please
	[X] Events/calendar	[X] Other, please	specify
	[X] Court decision	specify	[] NAP – online
	[] Other, please	[] NAP – online	consultation is not
	specify	consultation is not	possible
	[] NAP – online	possible	[] NA
	consultation is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		

Administrative	[] Case status	[] Lawyer	[] Electronic access
	[] Documents	[] Party not	at the court premises
	[X] Notifications	represented by a lawyer	[X] Other, please
	[X] Events/calendar	[X] Other, please	specify
	[X] Court decision	specify	NAP – online
	[] Other, please	[] NAP – online	consultation is not
	specify	consultation is not	possible
	NAP – online	possible	[] NA
	consultation is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		
Criminal	[] Case status	[] Lawyer	[] Electronic access
	[] Documents	[] Party not	at the court premises
	[X] Notifications	represented by a lawyer	[X] Other, please
	[X] Events/calendar	[X] Other, please	specify
	[X] Court decision	specify	[] NAP – online
	[] Other, please	[] NAP – online	consultation is not
	specify	consultation is not	possible
	[] NAP – online	possible	[] NA
	consultation is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other", please specify details. Certain information about the specific case such as dates and places of scheduled hearings, acting judges, parties etc. are available at the website sudovi.me Access available for citizens, parties, general public

Format - online via website sudovi.me E.G. scheduled hearings at the link https://sudovi.me/sdvi/rocista

REMOTE HEARINGS

062-16. If it is possible to organise remote hearings what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - remote hearings	() NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[X] NA	[X] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	(X)0%	(X)0%
	() NAP - remote hearings	() NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - remote hearings	() NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[X] NA	[X] NA

Comments Regarding remote hearings, the equipment for remote hearings is not available in the courtrooms or offices, but that is provided by the Secretariat of the Judicial Council in each particular situation. In civil cases remote hearings are mostly organised in the inheritance proceedings and in criminal matters mostly before the specialized unit of the High Court. In administrative matters there are no remote hearings. We are not able to provide statistics for the remote hearings, but hope that will be able in future period.

062-17. If it is possible to organise remote hearings, please specify the functionalities and modalities:

	Functionalities	Modalities
Civil	[] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[X] The judge can impose
	[X] Publicly available	a remote hearing
	tools used by courts	[] NAP – remote hearings
	[] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[X] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[] NA	

Administrative	[] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[] The judge can impose a
	[] Publicly available tools	
	used by courts	[] NAP – remote hearings
	[] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[X] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[X] NA	
Criminal	[X] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
Criminal	[X] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use	[] Agreement of the parties is needed
Criminal		-
Criminal	specially designed for the use	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [X] Tools for witness	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [X] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion,	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [X] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [X] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [X] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [X] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text) [] NAP – remote hearings	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [X] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)	parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible

ELECTRONIC ARCHIVES

062-18. If electronic archives of cases exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate

Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%
	(X) NAP - electronic archives	(X) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	(X) NAP - electronic archives	(X) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	(X) NAP - electronic archives	(X) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

062-19. If an electronic archive of cases exists, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper
Civil	[] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [X] NAP – electronic archives do not
	exist
Administrative	[] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only
	way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [X] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA

Criminal	[] Paper archiving is still possible
	[] Paper archiving is not possible
	anymore (electronic archiving is the only
	way)
	[] Double archiving (paper archiving
	must accompany the electronic one)
	[X] NAP – electronic archives do not
	exist
	[]NA

3.5.3 Tools

CASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (CMS)

062-20. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X)95-100%	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 1 23 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	

Comments

062-21. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Civil	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	[] Case weighting
	[] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[X] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Protected log files
	[] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[]NA
Administrative	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	[] Case weighting
	[] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[X] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Protected log files
	[] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[]NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", because of its importance please specify details.

062-22. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Criminal	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	[] Case weighting
	[] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[] Interoperability with prosecution
	system
	[X] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Protected log files
	[] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

WRITING ASSISTANCE TOOLS

062-23. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, what are their deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
		tools do not exist
	[X] NA	[X] NA

Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[X] NA	[X] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[X] NA	[X] NA

Comments As for the writing assistance, e.g. templates are used in courts, but there is no statistical data available on usage and deployment rates

062-24. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, please describe their functionalities:

	Functionalities
Civil	[X] Templates [] Automatically generated text [] Automatically suggested decision [] Speech-to-text [] Electronic signature [] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – writing assistance tools do not exist [] NA
Administrative	[X] Templates [] Automatically generated text [] Automatically suggested decision [] Speech-to-text [] Electronic signature [] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – writing assistance tools do not exist [] NA

Criminal	[X] Templates
	[] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[] Speech-to-text
	[] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

RECORDING OF COURT HEARINGS

062-25. If a tool to record court hearings exists, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	recording hearings
Administrative	() 95-100 % () 75-95 %	() 95-100 % () 75-95 %
	() 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 %	() 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 %
	() 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for	() 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for
	recording hearings [X]NA	recording hearings [X]NA
Criminal	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 %	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 %
	() 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	() 1-25 %() 0 %() NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
	[X]NA	[X] NA

Comments There are tools that may be used for recording of court hearings but no statistical data available

062-26. If a tool to record court hearings exist, please specify its functionalities:

Functionalities

Civil	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Administrative	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
Criminal	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from recording
	[] Possibility to request a copy of the recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	1 NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

DATABASE OF COURT DECISIONS

062-27. If there is a national database of court decisions, please provide the percentage of the decisions published at each instance.

instance decisions	instance decisions	Percentage of Supreme court decisions
published	published	published

Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	(X) 50-75 %	(X) 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	(X) 75-95 %	(X)75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	(X)75-95 %	(X) 75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

Comments Notice: In the CMS are stored all court decisions except those from misdemeanor courts. However, it should be noted that at the website of courts final judgements are published, and with with anonymization. So it is about percentage of final decisions. It is also important to know that some types of court decisions are not published regardless of anonymization, e.g. decision on minors and similar categories with the privacy sensitive aspects.

The percentage of decisions published bz the supreme court is around 85%

062-28. If there is a national database of court decisions, please specify the modalities in publishing these decisions:

	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme court
Civil	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

Administrative	[X] Published online		
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
- If you have selected the option "Other" because the	court decisions are published	ed online in some other wa	v then the presented

062-29. If there is a database of court decisions at national level, what are the functionalities of this database?

	Functionalities
Civil	[] Automatic anonymisation [X] Manual anonymisation [X] Free public online access [] Link to the case law of the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) [] Open data [] Advanced search engine [] Machine-readable content [] Structured content [] Metadata [] European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) [] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions

⁻ If you have selected the option "Other" because the court decisions are published online in some other way then the presented modalities, please describe. After becoming final, anonymized judgements are published at the website https://sudovi.me/sdvi/odluke available on search.

Administrative	[] Automatic anonymisation
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[] Open data
	[] Advanced search engine
	[] Machine-readable content
	[] Structured content
	[] Metadata
	[] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[] NA
Criminal	[] Automatic anonymisation
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	[] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[] Open data
	[] Advanced search engine
	[] Machine-readable content
	[] Structured content
	[] Metadata
	[] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

STATISTICAL TOOLS

062-30. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, what is their deployment rate?

	Deployment rate
Civil	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[X] NA

Administrative	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[X] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[X] NA

Comments When it comes to a statistical tools, CMS is able to generate predefined statistical reports, control screens, other tools etc. but we are not able to define percentage of use or deployment. However we can say that these possibilities are being used by all courts and instances.

062-31. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, please describe their functionalities and the data available for statistical analysis:

	Functionalities	Data available for statistical analysis
Civil	Functionalities [] Integration/connection with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data	
	availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – there are no statistical tools	statistical tools [] NA

Administrative	[] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
7 Kullinistati võ	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[X] Age of a pending case
	[X] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[X] Number of hearings
	[] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[] Case weights
	[X] Internal page and/or	[X] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[X] External page with	[] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[X] Result of the appeal
	[] Real-time data	NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[X] Automatic	NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[] NA	
Criminal	[] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
Criminal	[] Integration/connection with the CMS	[X] Case flow data (number of incoming, resolved.
Criminal	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
Criminal	_	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website)	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [X] Internal page and/or dashboard [X] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [X] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special functionality, please specify	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details

OTHER TOOLS

062-32. Is there any application for online court-related dispute resolution?

() Yes

(X) No

062-33. If yes, is there a maximum value over which online court-related dispute resolution cannot be organised?
() Yes, please specify the maximum value
() No
Comments
062-34. If yes, can the online court-related dispute resolution be used in the following areas
[] Small claim litigation
[] Undisputed claim
[] Payment order
[] Misdemeanour criminal cases
[] Enforcement of civil cases
[] Other, please specify
Comment: Please describe the existing online procedures:
062-35. Is there a computerised national record centralising all criminal convictions?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
062-36. If yes, please specify the following information:
[] The computerised record includes biometric data (ex. fingerprint data, picture)
[] The computerised record is linked to other European records of the same nature (ex. ECRIS)
[X] The content is directly available through computerised means for judges and/or prosecutors (ex. interoperability with the CMS)
[] The content is directly available for purposes other than criminal (ex. civil and administrative matters)
[] The record contains conviction information on third-country nationals and stateless persons
Comments
062-37. Is there a Document Management System (DMS) in the registry of courts?
() Yes
(X) No
Comment: If yes, please provide details on the purposes and usage of this system.
062-38. In addition to the tools listed in the ICT section of this questionnaire does your judicial
system use other innovative ICT tools?
() Yes
(X) No
Comment: If yes, please list and describe these ICT tools.

3.6.Performance and evaluation

3.6.1 National policies applied in courts and public prosecution services

066. Are quality standards determined for the judicial syste	em at national level (are there qual	lity
systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies)?	•	•
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
067. Do you have specialised personnel entrusted with imp	Namentation of these national leve	1
quality standards?	dementation of these national leve	71
quanty standards:	F2 - 122	
	Yes / No	
within the courts	() Yes	
	(X)No	
within the public prosecution services	() Yes (X) No	
Comments	(A)110	
3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services		
070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance	e and quality) concerning:	
[X] number of incoming cases		
[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)		
[X] number of resolved cases		
[X] number of pending cases		
[X] backlogs		
[X] productivity of judges and court staff		
[] satisfaction of court staff		
[] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)		
[X] costs of the judicial procedures		
[X] number of appeals		
[] appeal ratio		
[X] clearance rate		
[X] disposition time		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		

070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality) concerning:

[X] number of incoming cases		
[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)		
[X] number of resolved cases		
[X] number of pending cases		
[X] backlogs		
[X] productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		
[] satisfaction of prosecution staff		
[] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by	y the by the public prosecution)	
[X] costs of the judicial procedures		
[X] clearance rate		
[X] disposition time		
[X] percentage of convictions and acquittals		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
071. Do you monitor the number of pending	cases and cases that are no	t processed within a
reasonable timeframe (backlogs) for:		•
[X] civil law cases		
[X] criminal law cases		
[X] administrative law cases		
Comments		
072. Do you monitor waiting time during jud	licial proceedings?	
072. Do you momitor waiting time during juc		N ₀
	Yes (If yes, please specify)	No
within the courts	()	(X)
within the public prosecution services	()	(X)
Comments		
073. Do you have a system to evaluate regula	arly court performance base	ed on the monitored
indicators of question 70?	ary court performance cars	
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
073-0. If yes, please specify the frequenc	y:	
() Annual		
() Less frequent		
(X) More frequent		

Comments - If "Less frequent" or "More frequent", please specify:
073-1. Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of resources within this
court?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
073-2. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
073-3. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly the performance of the public prosecution
services based on the monitored indicators of question 70-1?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
073-4. If yes, please specify the frequency:
(X) Annual
() Less frequent
() More frequent
Comments - If "less frequent" or "more frequent", please specify:
073-5. Is this evaluation of the activity of public prosecution services used for the later allocation
of resources within this public prosecution service?
() Yes
(X)No
Comments
073-6. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency
[X] Other (please specify):

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[X] High Judicial Council	
[] Ministry of Justice	
[] Inspection authority	
[X] Supreme Court	
[] External audit body	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
079-1. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the public prose	ecution services
(multiple replies possible)?	
[X] Public Prosecutorial Council	
[] Ministry of Justice	
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor	
[] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[] External audit body	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
3.6.3Information regarding courts /public prosecution services activity	•
080. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistic	cal data regarding the
functioning of the courts?	,
(X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution):	
() No	
Comments	
080-1. Are the statistics on the functioning of each court published?	
(X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)	
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)	
() No	
Comments	
=	•
080-2. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statis	tical data regarding
the functioning of the public prosecution services?	
(X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution):	
() No	
Comments	
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	_

079. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the courts (multiple replies possible)?

080-3. Are the statistics on the functioning of each public prosecution service published?
(X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)
() No
Comments
=
081. Are individual courts required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, da on the number of resolved cases or pending cases, the number of judges and administrative states.
targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. to whom the report is primarily intended):
081-1. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[X] Internet
[] Intranet (internal) website
[X] Paper distribution
Comments
081-2. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
(X) Annual
() Less frequent
() More frequent
Comments
=
081-3. Are public prosecution services required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data on the number of incoming cases, the number of decisions, the number of public
prosecutors and administrative staff, targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. for whom the report is primarily intended):
081-4. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[X] Internet
[X] Intranet (internal) website
[] Paper distribution
Comments

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(X) Annual	
() Less frequent	
() More frequent	
Comments	
3.6.4 Performance and evaluation of judges a	nd public prosecutors
083. Are there quantitative performance targets	defined for each judge (e.g. the number of
resolved cases in a month or year)?	defined for each judge (e.g. the number of
(X)Yes	
() No	
Comments	
083-1. Who is responsible for setting these target	ets for each judge?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[] Legislative power	
[X] Judicial power (for example the High Judicial Council, Sup	reme Court)
[] President of the court	
[] Other (please specify):	
[] NAP	
Comments	
083-1-1. What are the consequences for a judge	if these targets are not met?
	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by court's president [] Temporary salary reduction [X] Reflected in the individual assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by court's president [] Temporary salary reduction [X] Reflected in the individual assessment [X] Other, please specify: [Comment]indirectly, not meeting a target can under a certain condition pose a severe disciplinary offence which can result with dismissal.
-	[] No consequences
-	[] NAP (no targets defined)

081-5. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:

114. Is there a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work?

	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work
Quantitative	(X) Yes () No
Qualitative	(X) Yes () No

Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is based, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the purposes for which the results of the assessment are used: Criteria are: expert knowledge general capability for performing a judicial function.

Competent authority for carrying assessment is Commission for Evaluation, formed by the Judicial Council.

Purpose of evaluation: to measure level of expertise, quantity and quality of work, ethical aspects and need for training a well as for promotion to a court of higher instance.

	1	. 1	4-	1.	P	lease	S	pecif	y t	he	frec	uenc	y o :	f th	is	eva	luat	ion	ı:
--	---	-----	----	----	---	-------	---	-------	-----	----	------	------	--------------	------	----	-----	------	-----	----

() Annual
(X) Less frequent
() More frequent
() Different frequencies used, please specify:
[] NAP

=

083-2. Are there quantitative performance targets defined for each public prosecutor (e.g. the number of decisions in a month or year)?

()	X)	Yes
()]	No

Comments As regards to quantity of work, the state prosecutor shall be evaluated "not satisfactory" if the results of work are more than 20% below average benchmarks for quantity of work in particular category of cases which are determined by Prosecutorial Council according to the size of subject prosecution office, and unless a prosecutors do not provide justified reasons for that.

083-3. Who is responsible for setting these targets for each public prosecutor?

Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)
[] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[X] Public Prosecutorial Council
[] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor
[] Other (please specify):
[] NAP

Comments

083-3-1. What are the consequences for a prosecutor if these targets are not met?

	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by head of prosecution [] Temporary salary reduction [X] Reflected in the individual assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by head of prosecution [] Temporary salary reduction [X] Reflected in the individual assessment [X] Other, please specify: [Comment]if quantitative targets are not met it can indirectly lead to disciplinary responsibility and possible dismisal. [] NAP
No consequences	[] No consequences
Comments 120. Is there a system of individual evaluation	Existence of a system of individual
	evaluation of thepublic prosecutors' work
Quantitative	(X) Yes () No
Qualitative	(X) Yes () No
purposes for which the results of the assessment are used: Gene general capability for performing a prosecutorial function. Competent authority for carrying assessment is Commission for	
120-1. Please specify the frequency of this eva	aluation:
() Annual	
(X) Less frequent	
() More frequent	
() Different frequencies used, please specify:	
Comments	
C4. Please indicate the sources for answering	the questions in this part
Sources: Law on State Prosecution Service	

4.Fair trial	
4.1.Principles	
4.1.1Principles of fair trial	

084. Percentage of first instance criminal in absentia judgments (cases in which the suspect is not attending the hearing in person nor is represented by a lawyer)?

[]
[X] NA	
[] NAP	

Comments - Please add methodology for calculation used.

085. Is there a procedure to effectively challenge a judge (recusal), if a party considers that the judge is not impartial?

()	X)	Yes
()]	No

Comments - Please could you briefly specify:

085-1. If yes, what are:

	-	
The total number of the initiated procedures in the reference year	2 765 [] NA [] NAP	
The total number of recusals pronounced in the reference year	2 705 [] NA [] NAP	

Comment - Please, could you briefly specify:

086. Is there in your country a monitoring system for the violations related to Article 6 of the European Convention on Human Rights?

[X] For civil procedures (non-enforcement)
[X] For civil procedures (timeframe)
[X] For criminal procedures (timeframe)
[] NAP

Comments - Please specify what are the terms and conditions of this monitoring system (information related to acknowledged violations by ECHR at the State/courts level; implementation of internal systems to prevent other violations (that are similar) and if possible to measure an evolution of the established violations):

086-1. Is there in your country a possibility to review/reopen a case after a finding of a violation of the European Convention on Human Rights by the European Court of Human Rights?

[X] For civil cases

[X] For administrative cases			
[] NAP Comments			
D1. Please indicate the sources for answe	ering the questions i	n this part	
Sources: Judicial Council, relevant legislation			
1.2.Timeframe of proceedings			
4.2.1 General information			•
087. Are there specific procedures for urg	gent matters regardi	ng:	
[X] civil cases			
[X] criminal cases			
[X] administrative cases			
[] There is no specific procedure for urgent matters			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
088. Are there simplified procedures for:			
[X] civil cases (small disputes)			
[X] criminal cases (misdemeanour cases)			
[X] administrative cases			
[] There is no simplified procedure			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
088-1. For these simplified procedures, n	nay judges deliver a	n oral judgement with a writte	en orde:
and without the full reasoning of the judg	gement?		
[] civil cases			
[X] criminal cases			
[] administrative cases			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
089. Do courts and lawyers have the poss	sibility to conclude	agreements on arrangements f	or
processing cases (presentation of files, de	ecisions on timefran	nes for lawyers to submit their	ſ
conclusions etc.)?			
	Yes	No	

[X] For criminal cases

Agreement on general arrangements	()	(X)	
Agreement in specific cases	()	(X)	

4.2.2 Case flow management – first instance

091. First instance courts: number of other than criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of other than criminal law	29 500	41 465	30 049	40 535	4 646
cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
,	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	18 887	22 160	18 992	21 677	4 223
litigious cases (including litigious	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
enforcement cases and if possible	[] 14711				[] 14211
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases	1 319	3 570	3 404	1 485	252
_	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
2.1. General civil (and	1 041	2 596	2 474	1 163	170
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry	5 3374	5 2274	5 3374	5 3 3 7 4	5 3 3 3 4
cases	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
2227 177	[22] 1111	[22]1721	[12]11111	[22]1721	[12]1411
2.2.2 Non-litigious business	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
registry cases	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases					
2.2.3. Outof logistry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	278	974	930	322	82
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

3. Administrative law cases	9 040	13 341	5 287	17 092	140
	[] NA				
	[] NAP				
4. Other cases	254	2 394	2 366	281	31
	[] NA				
	[] NAP				

Comments The significant increase if administrative cases is predominantly generated due to the high number of initiated cases before the Administrative Court against the decisions of the public authorities. This is also related to the application of the Law on Free Access to Information and there have been high number of requests towards the authorities (institutions) for free access to information which ended by decisions against which the complaints are not allowed or there have been requests which remained unanswered, the institution did not decide on request or complaint in the administrative procedure. According to the Law on Administrative dispute, such or similar situations provide legal basis that administrative dispute may be initiated, which means a law suit to the Administrative court may be filed. In practice, many law suits were initiated by different subjects such as civil society organizations dealing with promotion of the right to free access to information, citizens or legal persons.

092. If courts deal with "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases", please indicate the case categories included:

- . Basic and commercial courts deal with:
- Civil cases (P)
- Civil cases small value (Mal)
- Complex non-litigious cases (Rs)
- Other civil and non-litigious cases (R)
- Legacy cases (O)

093. Please indicate the case categories included in the category "other cases":

. Basic and commercial courts	
- Execution cases (I)	

094. First instance courts: number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of criminal law cases	40 070	75 005	60 720	52 136	
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases	2 428	3 543	3 304	2 656	371
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP

2. Misdemeanour and / or minor	18 532	52 755	40 349	30 695	
criminal cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
criminal cases	[] NAP				
3. Other criminal cases	19 110	18 707	17 067	18 785	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify Higher inflow (number of received cases by misdemeanour courts due to the fact in practice that the subject with jurisdiction of issuing misdemeanour orders (fines) were using the legal possibility to initiate misdemeanour proceedings before the courts instead. That led to higher inflow of cases which reflected to the number of unresolved cases. This was mainly the issue related to the slowdown of public procurance system (major cyber attacks etc.) in the refence year and a lack of relevant forms for issuing misdemeanour orders (fines).

4.2.3 Case flow management – second instance



097. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of "other than criminal law" cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 044	9 452	8 415	3 044	964
	[] NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases (including litigious enforcement cases and if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3)	1 762 []NA []NAP	8 077 [] NA [] NAP	7 155 []NA []NAP	2 649 [] NA [] NAP	938 []NA []NAP
2. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	53	210	190	73	26
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
2.1. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases, e.g. uncontested payment orders, request for a change of name, non-litigious enforcement cases etc. (if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3; without registry cases and other cases, see categories 2.2 and 2.3)	40 []NA []NAP	160 []NA []NAP	151 []NA []NAP	49 []NA []NAP	17 [] NA [] NAP
2.2. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry cases	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP

2.2.2 Non-litigious business registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	13 []NA []NAP	50 []NA []NAP	39 []NA []NAP	24 []NA []NAP	9 []NA []NAP	
3. Administrative law cases	220 []NA []NAP	1 109 [] NA [] NAP	1 011 []NA []NAP	316 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	
4. Other cases	9 []NA	56 []NA	59 []NA	6 []NA	0 []NA	

Comments - If "Other cases" please specify

098. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of criminal law cases	296	3 439	2 871	863	
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases	212	1 463	1 198	477	14
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor	84	1 976	1 673	386	
criminal cases	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify: During 2021 the High Court in Podgorica operated with 6 judges less. In the same year there were no new appointments to fill the missing judicial positions in the court. That affected the efficiency of the court, which is the one with the highest number of criminal cases in the second instance.

4.2.4 Case flow management – Supreme Court



099. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of "other than criminal law" cases:

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases		year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of other than criminal law	1 126	2 002	1 720	1 406	1 016
cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

1. Civil (and commercial)	877	873	685	1 065	994
litigious cases (including litigious	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
enforcement cases and if possible	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
• •	28	18	23	23	20
2. Non litigious cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
2.1. General civil (and	28	16	23	21	18
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry					
cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Cuses	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business					
registry cases	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	0	2	0	2	2
2.3. Other hon-intigious cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Administrative law cases	220	1 109	1 011	316	0
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Other cases	1	2	1	2	2
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If "Other cases", please specify By decision of the Judicial Council in August 2021, the function of the acting president and 5 judges of the Supreme Court ended, so the Supreme Court at the end of 2021 remained with 6 judges out of 19 (including president). This situation significantly affected workload and as a consequence the backlog of cases increased.

099-1. At the level of the Highest court (Supreme Court), is there a procedure of manifest inadmissibility?

(X) Yes, please indicate the number of cases closed by this procedure: not possible
() No

Comments

100. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of criminal law cases	13	143	151	5	0
(1+2+3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(1+2+3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases	10	24	33	1	0
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Cilimiai cases	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
3. Other criminal cases	3	119	118	4	0
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comment - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify section 2. does not include misdemeanour cases, no such cases before Supreme Court

Other cases can be: cases upon requests to expedite the proceedings (the control request) and a claim for just satisfaction, cases of solving issues of jurisdiction etc.

4.2.5 Case flow management and timeframes – specific cases

101. Number of specific litigious cases received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Litigious divorce cases	330	1 089	934	455	27
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
Employment dismissal cases					
1 0	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Insolvency	351	635	510	476	107
•	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Robbery case	29	39	34	34	6
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Intentional homicide	35	21	8	48	23
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP

Comments

0

101-0. Number of cases relating to asylum seekers and to the right of entry and stay for aliens.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases for more than 2 years
Court cases relating to asylum	33	26	41	18	0
seekers (refugee status under the	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
1951 Geneva Convention)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Court cases relating to the right					
of entry and stay for aliens	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments

101-1. Could you briefly describe the system in your country dealing with legal remedies relating to asylum seekers (refugee status under the 1951 Geneva Convention) and the right of entry and stay for aliens:

- . Law on International and Temporary Protection of Foreigners governs the principles, conditions, and procedures for granting international and temporary protection to a foreigner seeking international protection; the rights and duties of a foreigner seeking international protection, an asylee, a foreign granted subsidiary protection, a granted temporary protection; as well as the conditions and the procedure for the withdrawal and cessation of asylee status, subsidiary and temporary protection. This Law shall apply from 1 January 2018.
- •Asylum shall be granted to a foreigner seeking international protection, who is outside the country of his origin, and owing to a well founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group or political opinion, is unable or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself of the protection of that country.
- •The procedure upon an application for international protection, as well as the reception and accommodation of a foreigner seeking international protection, temporary protection, subsidiary protection shall be conducted by the state administration authority responsible for internal affairs (Ministry of the Interior).
- •The tasks regarding the accommodation and reception of a foreigner above shall be carried out by the Ministry through its unit for providing accommodation to foreigners seeking international protection (the Reception Centre). The tasks regarding the accommodation of asylees, foreigners granted subsidiary protection and foreigners granted temporary protection shall be carried out by the state administration authority through its unit for providing help for integration of these persons into society.
- •The Ministry of the Interior decides on the asylum application. Against the decision of the Ministry a lawsuit can be filed to the Administrative Court.

The procedure for granting asylum is a administrative procedure and body of the state administration charged with interior affairs shall conduct the procedure in the first instance, receive applications and take decisions on applications, conduct the procedure and take decisions on the cessation and revocation of asylum and perform other tasks. The State Asylum Appeals Commission shall adjudicate appeals lodged against decisions of the first-instance body. The State Commission shall take a decision on each appeal by a majority of votes of the total number of members, within two months from the day on which the appeal was lodged, unless a shorter period is provided by this Law. The State Commission is made up of a president and four members. The president, deputy president and members of the State Commission shall be appointed by the Government of the Republic of Montenegro (hereinafter: Government) for a four-year term. An administrative dispute can not be initiated against the decision of the second-instance body.

The Law on Aliens regulates conditions for the entry, movement and the work of aliens and the conditions of stay and work. An administrative dispute may be started against an administrative or other act that has been passed in second instance before the Administrative Court of Montenegro. An administrative or other act may be disputed: in the case of violation of the codes of procedure, in the case of inaccurate and incomplete establishment of the facts; in the case of inaccurate application of the material law.

The complaint shall be accepted, or refused as unsubstantial by a judgment. If the complaint is accepted, the Administrative Court shall nullify the disputed act. When found that the disputed act shall be nullified, the Administrative Court may, if the character of affairs allows so and if the established facts offer a reliable ground for it, settle the matter by a judgment, under the rules stated in Law

on Administrative Dispute. Against the legally binding decision of the Administrative Court the following extraordinary legal remedies may be submitted: a request for exceptional reconsideration of a court decision and request for repeat of the procedure. The request for extraordinary reconsideration of a court decision shall be decided on by the Supreme Court in a panel of three judges, in a non public session, The request for extraordinary reconsideration of a court decision may be filed in the following cases: violation of the material law; violation of the codes of procedure in the administrative dispute, which might affect the deciding on the matter.

Upon request for a repeat of the procedure decides Administrative Court, in a panel of three judges, in a non-public session.

Aprocedure concluded by a judgment or a decision shall be repeated upon request of a party: if the party discovers new facts, or finds or acquires the possibility to use new evidence, on which grounds the dispute might be settled more favorably for him/her, had these facts, i.e. evidence been put forward or used in the previous court procedure; if the court decision was reached due to a criminal act of the judge or an employee of the court, or the decision was achieved by deceit of the representative or attorney of the party, his/her opponent or the opponent's representative or attorney, and such a proceeding represents a criminal act; if the decision had been based on a judgment passed in a criminal or civil matter, and this judgment was later cancelled by another legally binding court decision; if a Page 62 of 106

document, on which the decision is based, was false or altered falsely, or if a witness, assessor or party, has given a false statement during the hearing before court, and the court decision is based on that statement; if a party finds or acquires the possibility to utilize an earlier decision passed in the same administrative dispute; if an interested party had not been granted the possibility to participate in the administrative dispute; if the decision of the Administrative Court contradicts the judgment of the European Court of Human Rights in the same matter.

Ministry of the Interior:

Law on International and Temporary Protection of Foreigners governs the principles, conditions, and procedures for granting international and temporary protection to a foreigner seeking international protection; the rights and duties of a foreigner seeking international protection, an asylee, a foreign granted subsidiary protection, a granted temporary protection; as well as the conditions and the procedure for the withdrawal and cessation of asylee status, subsidiary and temporary protection.

The tasks regarding the accommodation and reception of a foreigner above shall be carried out by the Ministry through its unit for providing accommodation to foreigners seeking international protection (the Reception Centre).

The decision on the restriction or deprivation of the right to reception in cases referred to (if: fails to stay at the Reception Centre he has been assigned to; leaves the Reception Centre for more than 24 hours without permission; has the means to afford an adequate standard of living; violates the rules of stay and house rules at the Reception Centre;) shall be issued by the Ministry of interior. Administrative dispute may be initiated before the Administrative Court against the decision referred to within eight days from the receipt of the decision.

The Ministry of the Interior also issues a decision which may impose measures in order to limit the freedom of movement of a foreigner seeking international protection, in cases prescribed by law. Administrative dispute may be initiated before the Administrative Court against the decision referred to within three days from the receipt of the decision.

The Law on International and Temporary Protection of Foreigners defines the following institutes of European legislation: acts of persecution; perpetrators of persecution; reasons for exclusion; safe country of origin; safe third country; a secure European third country; border procedure. This law implements the standards of international humanitarian law and human rights standards in the development and implementation of reception policy and the need to create a safe and dignified environment for foreigners seeking international protection, recognizes the need to establish and apply fair and expeditious international protection procedures, so that those who need international protection and those for whom this is not the case are identified in a timely manner. As in previous normative decisions, the State Commission for Resolving Asylum Appeals was a second-instance body for dealing with appeals filed against decisions of the Ministry of the Interior; in line with international standards in the field of international and temporary protection of the right to an effective remedy provided by the judiciary, this law introduced judicial protection, i.e. the right to file a lawsuit with the Administrative Court, against decisions made in the first instance, thus ensuring compliance with these standards.

101-2. Number of cases relating to child sexual abuse and child pornography received and

processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Child sexual abuse	8	9	4	13	2
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Child pornography	4	7	6	5	1
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please explain what are the legal definitions of these categories of offences in your system:

102. Percentage of decisions subject to appeal, average length of proceedings and percentage of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances for specific litigious cases. The average length of proceedings has to be calculated from the date the application for judicial review is lodged to the date the judgment is made, without taking into account the investigation phase in criminal cases as well as enforcement procedure.

	% of decisions subject to appeal	Average length in 1st instance (in days)	Average length in 2nd instance (in days)	Average length in 3rd instance (in days)	Average length of the entire procedure (in days)	% of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances
Civil and commercial litigious cases	Allow decimals : 2 32 [] NA [] NAP	336 []NA []NAP	75 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	348 []NA []NAP	Allow decimals : 2 69 [] NA [] NAP
Litigious divorce cases	Allow decimals : 2 6 [] NA [] NAP	137 []NA []NAP	42 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	139 []NA []NAP	Allow decimals : 2 0 [] NA [] NAP
Employment dismissal cases	Allow decimals : 2 51 [] NA [] NAP	318 []NA []NAP	65 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	335 []NA []NAP	Allow decimals : 2 0 []NA []NAP
Insolvency cases	Allow decimals : 2 7 [] NA [] NAP	240 []NA []NAP	7 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	240 []NA []NAP	Allow decimals : 2 2 [] NA [] NAP
Robbery cases	Allow decimals : 2 61 [] NA [] NAP	182 []NA []NAP	84 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	208 []NA []NAP	Allow decimals : 2 0 [] NA [] NAP

Intentional homicide cases	Allow decimals : 2 71 [] NA [] NAP	509 []NA []NAP	81 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	542 []NA []NAP	Allow decimals: 2 0 []NA []NAP
Comments 104. How is the length of Please give a description	•			ix case cate	gories of qu	estion 102?
. The length of the proceeding	ngs shall be count	ed from the n	noment when the	judge is designa	ited with a single	case until the mome

4.2.6 Case flow management – public prosecution

of hand in.

105. Role and powers of the public pro	osecutor in the c	riminal procedur	e (multiple replies
possible):			

[X] to conduct or supervise investigation
[X] when necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge
[X] to charge
[X] to present the case in court
[X] to propose a sentence to the judge
[X] to appeal
[] to supervise the enforcement procedure
[X] to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge (ensure consistency with question 36!)
[X] to end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision

Comments In accordance with the Criminal Procedure Code, the state prosecutor issues a binding order or directly manages the activities of the law-enforcement competent authority during the preliminary investigation stage and files request for the protection of legality against the final decision and, also concludes plea agreements with the accused after gathering evidence in accordance with law.

106. Does the public prosecutor also have a role in:

[X] other significant powers (please specify):in comments

[X] civil cases
[X] administrative cases
[] insolvency cases
Comments - If yes, please specify:

0

107. Public prosecutors: Total number of 1st instance criminal cases.

	Number of cases
1.Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	9 004 []NA []NAP
2.Incoming/received cases	11 681 []NA []NAP
3.Processed cases (3.1+3.2+3.3+3.4)	8 853 []NA []NAP
3.1.Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)	3 508 []NA []NAP
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	501 []NA []NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	2 671 []NA []NAP
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	222 [] NA [] NAP
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	114 []NA
3.2.Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	853 []NA
3.3.Cases brought to court	4 492 []NA
4.Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	13 137 []NA

Comments

107-1. If the guilty plea procedure exists, how many cases were concluded by this procedure?

	Total	Severe criminal cases	Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases
Total number of guilty plea procedures	187		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Before the main trial	133		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
During the main trial	54		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments Statistics of cases are shown per number of persons reported for criminal offences.

Comments				
D2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part				
Sources:	Prosecutorial Council			
5.Career of	f judges and public prosecutors			
5.1.Recruit	ment and promotion			
5.1.1Recr	uitment and promotion of judges			
110. How	are judges recruited?			
[X] throug	th a competitive exam (open competition)			
[] through	h a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)			
[X] other	(please specify):			
of the Constitution judges and Protection on the Judicial Conjudges to be a function on the	dicial Council is an independent body regulates appointment and termination of office of judges in Montenegro. Article 12 attion of Montenegro states the jurisdiction of the Judicial Council. Article 28 of the Law on Judicial Council states that esidents of the Courts are elected on the bases of public announcement. The candidates' applications shall be submitted to ouncil within 15 days as of the day of the public announcement. Article 32 of the Law determines criteria for elections of pointed for the first time, namely: 1. Acquired knowledge with established sub criteria; 2. Ability to perform judicial e basis of established sub criteria; 3. Worthiness to perform judiciary function being valued based on established sub deges to be elected for the first time, the law prescribes the written examination of candidates by the Commission. Written			
conducted, int	hall be anonymous, and potential questions can be found on the Judicial Council website. After the written examination serviews shall be organized with the candidates who passed the written test. Members of the Judicial Council evaluate sed on the interview, applicants' documentation and opinions, applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32.			
Commission e	w on Judicial Council and shall fill out standardized candidate assessment forms, which they submit to the Commission. The establishes the average number of points, based on the evaluation of each member of the Judicial Council. Based on an the Commission makes a list of candidates for election to be submitted to the Judicial Council for decision - making. The			
candidate shal	ne Selection the Judicial Council issues a secret ballot and the same has to hold a written statement of reasons. Each all have the right to inspect his documentation, as well as a written test, the opinion and the final grade of other candidates lied for the selection of the judge within 30 days from the date after the decision. The decision of the Judicial Council on the			
election of a ju	udge is final and an administrative dispute can be initiated against it. The Judicial Council publishes an internal notice for ites of judges on its website. The right to apply for an internal vacancy shall have judges who want to be permanently			

allocated to another court of the same or lower instance. The Judicial Council shall form a list of candidates for deployment from paragraph 2 of this Article, according to the results of the work in the last three years, or according to the evaluation of the work

110-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for judges in your country:

which a judge performs a judicial function and court in which it is seconded.

performed by the judge in accordance with this Law. The Judicial Council on the basis of a list of candidates referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article, shall decide on the assignment of judges to another court of the same instance, taking into account the needs of the court in

109. Do the figures provided in Q107 include traffic offence cases?

(X) Yes

() No

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. Judicial Council is an independent body regulates appointment and termination of office of judges in Montenegro.

Article 28 of the Law on Judicial Council states that judges and Presidents of the Courts are elected on the bases of public announcement. The candidates' applications shall be submitted to the Judicial Council within 15 days as of the day of the public announcement. Article 32 of the Law determines criteria for elections of judges to be appointed for the first time, namely: 1. Acquired knowledge with established sub criteria; 2. Ability to perform judicial function on the basis of established sub criteria; 3. Worthiness to perform judiciary function being valued based on established subcriteria.

For judges to be elected for the first time, the law prescribes the written examination of candidates by the Commission. Written examination shall be anonymous, and potential questions can be found on the Judicial Council website. After the written examination conducted, interviews shall be organized with the candidates who passed the written test. Members of the Judicial Council evaluate candidates based on the interview, applicants' documentation and opinions, applying the criteria and sub-criteria from Article 32, 32a and 32b of the Law on Judicial Council and shall fill out standardized candidate assessment forms, which they submit to the Commission. The Commission establishes the average number of points, based on the evaluation of each member of the Judicial Council. Based on an average score, the Commission makes a list of candidates for election to be submitted to the Judicial Council for making decision.

Judicial Council issues a secret ballot and the same has to hold a written statement of reasons. Each candidate shall have the right to inspect his documentation, as well as a written test, the opinion and the final grade of other candidates who have applied for the selection of the judge within 30 days from the date after the decision. The decision of the Judicial Council on the election of a judge is final and an administrative dispute can be initiated against it.

110-2. What are the recruitment requirements for judges (multiple replies possible)?

[] Age
[X] Nationality
[] Physical/Psychological capacity
[X] General studies in law
[] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[X] Number of years of relevant experience
[X] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[] Validation of a general state examination in law
[X] Validation of a specific examination for judges
[X] Clean criminal record
[] Foreign languages
[] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[X] Other
[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify: bar exam

110-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of judge and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

Total	Males	Females
-------	-------	---------

	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of recruited persons	67		
Comments 67 judges were elected in 2022 Of elated to the promotions and election of the c		es were elected for the first	time as a judge. Other figures are
10-4. If the number of applican	ts decreased in the	last years did you	ake any remedial measur
() Yes			
(X) No			
Comments			
110-5. If yes, please specify	what remedies you	implemented:	
[] Increase of salary			
[] Other financial incentives			
[] Improving working conditions			
[] Workload reduction at the beginn	ning of career		
[] Other adjustments in the frame of	f the induction of new judg	ges	
[] Other			
Comments: If "other", please, specify:			
:			•
			the beginning of their co
11 Authority (igg) responsible f	for recruitment or	a iudoog initially/ot	
11. Authority(ies) responsible f	for recruitment - are	e judges initially/at	the beginning of their ca
ecruited and nominated by:	for recruitment - ar	e judges initially/at	the beginning of their ca
ecruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only		e judges initially/at	the beginning of their ca
ecruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges o	nly	e judges initially/at	the beginning of their ca
ecruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges o [X] An authority/authorities made up of judges or only	nly	e judges initially/at	the beginning of their ca
ecruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges o	only udges and non-judges nuthority(ies) responsible f	or the whole procedure of	
ecruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges o [X] An authority/authorities made up of judges only [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the a	only udges and non-judges nuthority(ies) responsible f heir respective roles: Judi	or the whole procedure of a	
ecruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges o [X] An authority/authorities made up of judges only [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authorities are several authorities, please describe to	only udges and non-judges nuthority(ies) responsible f heir respective roles: Judi	or the whole procedure of a	
ecruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges o [X] An authority/authorities made up of judges only [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authorities are several authorities, please describe to	udges and non-judges nuthority(ies) responsible finding respective roles: Judi	or the whole procedure of cial Council	recruitment and nomination of judg

Comments – Please specify the procedure to	be followed, the competent	i aumority, the moment for	exercising the right of appear.
112. Is the same authority (Q11	1) competent for the	e promotion of judg	ges?
(X)Yes	<u>-</u>		
() No			
Comments - No, please specify which author	rity is competent for promo	ting judges	
113. What is the procedure for t	he promotion of jud	lges? (multiple repl	ies possible)
[] Competitive test / Exam	1		•
[X] Previous individual evaluations			
[X] Other procedure(s) (interview or other	er)		
[] No special procedure			
Comments - Please specify how the promotion how the publicity of promotion processes is	ensured: public call and det	ermined vacant judicial po	sitions
113-0. In the frame of the promonumber of promotions actually	-		imber of applicants and the
number of promotions actuary	Total	Males	Females
	Total	IVIAICS	Tentacs
Number of applicants	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons	42	26	16
Transcer of promoted persons	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Comments			
113-1. Please indicate the criter	ia used for the prom	notion of a judge? (1	multiple replies possible)
[X] Years of experience	•		• • •
[X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative	e performance)		
[X] Performance (quantitative)			
[X] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, rep	outation)		
[X] Other			
[] No criteria			
Comments - Please specify any useful comminterview by the judicial council	nent regarding the criteria (e	especially if you have check	ked the box "performance" or "other"
5.1.2Status, recruitment and p	romotion of prosec	cutors	•
115. What is the status of public	nrosecution service	 es?	
[X] Has an independent status as a separate	-		
[] Is part of the executive power but enj			ow and to what extent)
[] Is part of the executive power (without a power without a power (without a power without a power with a powe	•		, and to what extenty
[] Is part of the judicial power but enjoy	-		and to what extent)
[] is pair of the judicial power our enjoy	s rancaonai muoponuonee	(picuse orienty explain now	and to what extent)

[] Is part of the judicial power (without functional independence)
[] Is a mixed model (please explain)
[] Has other status (please explain)
Comments - When appropriate, please specify the objective guarantees of this independence (such as funding) and where they are enshrined (Constitution, legislation etc.). Furthermore, if "mixed model" or "other", please specify.
115-1. Are specific instructions addressed to a public prosecutor to prosecute or not prohibited by
law or other regulation?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
115-2. If they are prohibited by law or other regulation, are there exceptions?
() Yes
() No
[X]NAP
Comments - Please describe these exceptions:
115-3. Which authority can issue such specific instructions?
[X] General Prosecutor
[X] Higher prosecutor/Head of prosecution office
[] Executive power
[] Other
[] NAP Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-4. What form these instructions may take?
[] Oral instruction
[X] Oral instruction with written confirmation
[X] Written instruction
[] Other
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-5. In that case, are the instructions:
[] Issued seeking prior advice from the competent public prosecutor
[X] Mandatory
[X] Reasoned
[X] Recorded in the case file
[] Other
[] NAP

Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-6. What is the frequency of this type of instructions:
() Exceptional
(X) Occasional
() Frequent
() Systematic
[] NAP
Comments
115-7. Can the public prosecutor oppose/report an instruction to an independent body?
(X) Yes
() No [] NAP
Comments - If yes, please specify to which body/institution and please describe under which conditions.
116. How are public prosecutors recruited?
[] through a competitive exam (open competition)
[] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)
[X] other (please specify):public call
Comments Law on State Prosecutor's Office, Article 57 - Advertising vacancies: Vacant posts of state prosecutors in basic state prosecutor's office shall be filled in on the basis of the internal advertisement for voluntary reassignment of state prosecutors from one basic state prosecutor's office to another. If a vacant post of the state prosecutor is not filled in according to paragraph 1 of this Article, state prosecutors in basic state prosecutor's offices shall be elected on the basis of a public advertisement. Vacancies of the state prosecutors in the basic state prosecutor's offices on the level of Montenegro shall be advertised by the Prosecutorial Council in the Official Gazette of Montenegro and in one of the printed media based in Montenegro.
116-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for prosecutors in your country:
. Prosecutorial Council publishes call, determines the existence of requirements, conducts exams and interviews. Publishes the list of candidates and decides on the selection.
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?
[] Age
[X] Nationality
[] Physical/Psychological capacity
[X] General studies in law
[] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)

[X] Number of years of relevant experie	nce			
[] Traineeship/judicial functions in cou	rts			
[] Validation of a general state examina	ntion in law			
[] Validation of a specific examination	for prosecutors			
[X] Clean criminal record				
[] Foreign languages				
[] Personal requirements (related to into	egrity)			
[X] Other				
[] NAP				
Comments - If "other", please specify: bar e	xam			
116-3. In the frame of these rec	ruitments, please inc	dicate the number o	f applicants for the pos	sition
of prosecutor and the number o	f recruitments actua	lly made during the	reference year:	
	Total	Males	Females	
Number of applicants	57	[X]NA	[X]NA	
Number of recruited persons	24	[X] NA	[X] NA	
Comments				
				_
116-4. If the number of applica	nts decreased in the	last years did you t	ake any remedial meas	ures?
() Yes				
(X) No				
Comments				
116-5. If yes, please specify	what remedies you	implemented:		
[] Increase of salary				
[] Other financial incentives				
[] Improving working conditions				
[] Workload reduction at the begin	nning of career			
[] Other adjustments in the frame	of the induction of new pros	secutors		
[] Other				
Comments: If "other", please, specify:				
117. Authority(ies) responsible	for recruitment - Ar	e public prosecutor	s initially/at the begin	ning
of their career recruited by:				
[] An authority composed of public pro	secutors only			
[] An authority composed of non-publi	c prosecutors only			
[X] An authority composed of public pro	osecutors and non-public pro	osecutors		
[] Other				

Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of public prosecutors. If there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: Prosecutorial Council

117-1. How many members compose this authority?

	Total	Male	Female
Members	11	7	4
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members: Law on State Prosecution Service

Composition of the Prosecutorial Council

Article 18

Prosecutorial Council shall have a president and ten members.

The Supreme State Prosecutor shall be the President of the Prosecutorial Council.

Members of the Prosecutorial Council shall be:

[X] Other procedure(s) (interview or other)

[] No special procedure

- 1) four state prosecutors who have a permanent position and at least five years of work experience in performing the prosecutorial function, of which three from the Supreme State Prosecutor's Office, Special State Prosecutor's Office and higher state prosecutor's offices, and one from basic state prosecutor's offices elected and dismissed by the Conference of State prosecutors;
- 2) four eminent lawyers elected and dismissed by the Parliament of Montenegro (hereinafter referred to as the Parliament), at the proposal of the competent working body;
- 3) one representative of the state administration body responsible for judicial affairs (hereinafter reffered to as the Ministry of Justice), appointed by the Minister of Justice from among the employees of the Ministry of Justice;
- 4) one eminent lawyer as a representative of non-governmental organizations in the field of rule of law, work of the state prosecutor's office or fight against corruption and organized crime, proposed by non-governmental organizations that meet the requirements of this law, and elected and dismissed by the Parliament.

117 0 3 5 1 .	1 1 1 .	1	• •, ,	/ • / /0
117-2. May non-selected	i candidates annea	il against the decis	ION ON PACTILITMENT	/annointment/
11/-2. Way non-screen	i canarance appea	u agamsi uic uccis		appomimicm:

(X) Yes
() No
Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal:
118. Is the same authority (Q.117) competent for the promotion of public prosecutors?
(X) Yes
() No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting public prosecutors
Comments
119. What is the procedure for the promotion of prosecutors? (multiple replies possible)
[] Competitive test / exam
[X] Previous individual evaluations

Comments - Please specify how the promotion procedure for prosecutors is organised (especially if there is no competition or examination) and how the publicity of promotion processes is ensured: public call, interview

119-1. In the frame of the promotion procedures, please indicate the number of applicants and the

number of promotions actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	13 []NA	[X]NA	[X]NA
Number of promoted persons	5 []NA	[X]NA	[X]NA

Comments
119-2. Please indicate the criteria used for the promotion of a prosecutor:
[X] Years of experience
[X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative performance)
[X] Performance (quantitative)
[X] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation)
[] Other
[] No criteria
Comments - Please, specify any useful comment regarding the criteria (especially if you have checked the box "performance" or "oth
5.1.3Mandate and retirement of judges and prosecutors
121. Are judges appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official
age of retirement)?
(X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:66
() No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
121-1. Can a judge be transferred to another court without his/her consent:
[] For disciplinary reasons
[X] For organisational reasons
[] For other reasons (please specify modalities and safeguards):
[] No
Comments
122. Is there a probation period for judges (e.g. before being appointed "for life")? If yes, how
long is this period?
() Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):
(X) No
Comments

123. Are public prosecutors appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)?

5.2.1Training of judges

127. Types of different trainings offered to judges:

	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school,	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
traineeship in a court)	() No	(X) No	(X) No
General in-service training	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
5	() No	(X) No	(X)No
In-service training for specialised judicial	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
functions (e.g. judge for economic or	(X) No	() No	(X) No
administrative issues)			
In-service training for management functions	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
of the court (e.g. court president)	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for the use of computer	() Yes	() Yes	(X)Yes
facilities in courts	(X)No	(X) No	() No
In-service training on ethics	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
an service training on canes	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
an sorvice duming on omit mentaly justice	() No	(X) No	(X) No
In-service training on gender equality	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
and the same of same o	(X)No	() No	(X)No
Other in- service training	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	() No	(X)No

Comments

128. Frequency of the in-service training of judges:

	Frequency of the judges training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year)
	[] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	[] Regularly (for example every year)
	[] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed

In-service training on ethics	[X] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[X] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[X] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the continuous training of judges:

128-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per judge:

	Per judge
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	
initial comparsory training – minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	1
	[] NA
	[] NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	
initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	128
	[] NA
	[] NAP
In comics compulsory trainings, minimum number of trainings nor year	
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	1
	[] NA
	[]NAP
T ' 1 (1'	
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	2
	[] NA
	NAP

Comments

5.2.2Training of prosecutors

129. Types of different trainings offered to public prosecutors:

	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No	(X) No

General in-service training	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X)No	(X)No
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutors specialised in	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes	() Yes (X) No
organised crime)	(,	() - : :	(10)111
In-service training for management functions	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
(e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for the use of computer	() Yes	() Yes	(X)Yes
facilities in office	(X) No	(X) No	() No
In-service training on ethics	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No	(X) No
In-service training on gender equality	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
Other in- service training	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No

Comments

130. Frequency of the in-service training of public prosecutors :

	Frequency of the in-service training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every
	year) [] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutor specialised	[X] Regularly (for example every
in organised crime)	year)
in organised crime)	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution office,	[] Regularly (for example every
manager)	year)
munuger)	[X] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in office	[] Regularly (for example every
and so the second secon	year)
	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[X] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[X] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[X] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed

In-service training on gender equality	[] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[X] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[X] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the in-service training of prosecutors:

130-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per prosecutor:

Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings Min numeric value allowed: 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Min numeric value allowed : 0 1 [] NA [] NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days Solution Min numeric value allowed : 0 128 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days Solution Min numeric value allowed : 0 128 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days Min numeric value allowed: 0 128 128 128 128 128 129
Min numeric value allowed: 0 128 [] NA [] NAP In-service compulsory trainings — minimum number of trainings per year Min numeric value allowed: 0 1
Min numeric value allowed: 0 128 [] NA [] NAP In-service compulsory trainings — minimum number of trainings per year Min numeric value allowed: 0 1
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year Min numeric value allowed: 0 1
Min numeric value allowed: 0 1
Min numeric value allowed: 0 1
1
I INA
[] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year Min numeric value allowed: 0
[] NA [] NAP

Comments

5.2.3 Training institutions

131. Do you have public training institutions for judges and / or prosecutors?

	Initial training only	Continuous training only	Initial and continuous training
Institution(s) for judges	[]	[]	[]
Institution(s) for prosecutors	[]	[]	[]
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	[]	[]	[X]

Comments

131-0. If yes, what is the implemented budget of such institution(s)?

	Implemented budget of the institution for the reference year, in €
Institution(s) for judges	
	[] NA
	[X] NAP
Institution(s) for prosecutors	
	[] NA
	[X] NAP
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	374 440
	[] NA
	[] NAP

Comments Out of the total amount of the implemented budget of the Centre for Training in Judiciary and State Prosecution (CTJSP) stated in the table above, the funds in amount of 21,296.00€ come from the donation - THE GRANT AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE AND THE CENTRE FOR TRAINING IN JUDICIARY AND STATE PROSECUTION OF MONTENEGRO. Note: The amount of 240.540,51 € represents financial support from international and domestic partners for training activities organized in cooperation with the CTJSP). The total amount includes also donor support.

131-1. If judges and/or prosecutors have no compulsory initial training in such institutions, please indicate briefly how judges and/or prosecutors are trained?

5.2.4 Number of trainings

131-2. Number of in-service trainings available and delivered (in days) by the public institution(s) responsible for training.

	Number of different live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings available	Number of live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings delivered	Number of days of delivered live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of internet-based trainings available on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total	71	75	135	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
For judges	67	71	128	
J G	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
For prosecutors	51	55	104	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
For non-judge staff	25	25	42	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
For non-prosecutor staff	23	23	36	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments - In cooperation with HELP Programme for the Western Balkans and Turkey, Council of Europe (The European Programme for Human Rights Education for Legal Professionals), the Centre organized 2 (two) HELP e-learning courses and participated in 1 (one) regional HELP online course:

- The first HELP online course e-learning (21 February to 21 April 2022) The total pf 40 participants successfully completed this course (in effective duration of 12 hours) 8 judges, 3 state prosecutors, 12 advisors from courts, 3 advisors from state prosecution offices, 3 trainees from courts, 2 candidates for judges, 4 candidates for state prosecutors, 2 lawyers and 3 representatives of the Ministry of Justice and Human and Minority Rights of Montenegro.
- The second HELP online course e-learning (21 September 21 November 2022) The total of 38 participants successfully completed this course (in effective duration of 18 hours) 7 judges, 1 state prosecutor, 11 advisors from courts, 5 trainees from courts, 1 candidate for a judge, 3 lawyers, 6 representatives of the Ministry of Justice of Montenegro, 3 representatives of LGBTQ organizations and 1 representative of the Institution of the Protector of Human Rights and Freedoms of Montenegro (Ombudsman).
- The regional HELP online course (29 March 29 May 2022) organized by the Council of Europe HELP Programme and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) the participants herein attended separate courses in relation to the country they come from, which were translated into all languages of the Western Balkan countries and adapted to respective national legislation. The total of 11 participants successfully completed this course 2 judges, 3 advisors from courts, 2 trainees from courts, 2 representatives of the Ministry of Justice of Montenegro, 1 representative of the Notary Office in Cetinje and 1 representative of the Ministry of Finance and Social Welfare.

The Centre participates in the activities offered by the European Judicial Training Network (EJTN) despite its status of an observer. During 2022, owing to the Centre's role of an intermediary and the invitation to participate in training activities, 19 representatives of the Montenegrin judiciary (14 judges, 2 state prosecutor, 2 trainees from courts and 1 advisor from a court) participated herein. These training activities encompassed 6 one-hour online seminars, 1 two-and-a-half-hour online seminar, 1 two-day online workshop, 2 two-day virtual study visits to the ECtHR and 1 in-person seminar.

- Finally, in 2022, owing to the role of the Centre as an intermediary and the invitation to participate in online training activities and face-to-face activities organised by foreign partners (at the regional and European level), the total of 108 representatives of Montenegrin judiciary participated in 38 training activities (51 judges, 15 special prosecutors, 18 state prosecutors, 13 candidates for a judge, 4 advisors from Special State Prosecution Office, 4 advisors from state prosecution offices, 1 advisor from a court and 2 trainees in courts). – PLEASE NOTE: This number DOES NOT include unique participants. Note: (comment ref. column 5) In total, 16,5 training days: (3 HELP courses: two 12-hour courses (4 training days) and one 18-hours course (3 training days) + EJTN two-day online workshop (2 training days), 2 EJTN two-day virtual study visits to the ECtHR (4 training days), 1 EJTN two-day in-person seminar (2 training days) + 6 one-hour online seminars and 1 two-and-a-half-hour online seminar (1 and a half training day))

131-3. Number of participants in the trainings during the reference year.

	Number of participants in live (in-person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of participants in internet-based trainings provided on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total	1 242	
1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X]NAP
Judges	801	
Judges	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[X]NAP
Prosecutors	306	
Tosecutors	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[X]NAP
Non-judge staff	77	
	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[X]NAP
Non procedutor staff	58	
Non-prosecutor staff	[] NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[X]NAP

Comments In addition, as per the column one 121 other participants (representatives of state institutions, law enforcement officers,
lawyers, etc) undergone trough training. Comment: The participants in the training activities also included other legal professionals, i.e.
the representatives of the Ministry of Justice (and Human and Minority Rights), notary public offices, the Ministry of Finance and Social
Welfare, LGBTQ organizations and Institution of the Protector of Human Rights and Freedoms of Montenegro (Ombudsman).
Note: (comment ref. column 3 - Total): The total of 108 participants in training activities includes: 31 judges, 6 prosecutors, 42 non-judge
staff (3 candidates for judges + 27 advisors from courts + 12 trainees from courts), 7 non-prosecutor staff (4 candidates for state
prosecutors + 3 advisors from state prosecution offices), 22 legal professionals from other public institutions (5 lawyers, 11 the Ministry
of Justice (and Human and Minority Rights) + 1 notary public offices + 1 the Ministry of Finance and Social Welfare + 3 LGBTQ
organizations + 1 Institution of the Protector of Human Rights and Freedoms of Montenegro (Ombudsman).

E2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: .			

5.3. Practice of the profession

5.3.1Salaries and benefits of judges and prosecutors

132. Salaries of judges and public prosecutors on 31 December of the reference year:

	Gross annual salary, in €	Net annual salary, in €	Gross annual salary, in local currency	Net annual salary, in local currency
First instance professional judge at the	19 557	14 167		
beginning of his/her career	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Judge of the Supreme Court or the	32 864 [] NA	22 678		[]NA
Highest Appellate Court (please indicate the highest salary of a judge at	[] NAP	[]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
this level, excluding the salary of the Court President)				
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	18 310 [] NA [] NAP	12 840 [] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance (please indicate the highest salary of a public prosecutor at this	32 650 []NA []NAP	24 150 [] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
level, excluding the salary of the Attorney General).				

 $Comment-Please\ describe\ briefly\ how\ the\ salaries\ are\ determined\ during\ the\ career\ of\ a\ judge/prosecutor:$

133. Do judges and public prosecutors have additional benefits?

	Judges	Public prosecutors
Reduced taxation	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No

Special pension	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Housing	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Other financial benefit	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No

Comments

134. If "other financial benefit", please specify:

. Special allowance, salary supplements for work in commissions and other bodies (source: Judicial Council)

All state prosecutors in the Special and Supreme State Prosecutor's Office, as a result of their work on specific tasks in cases of organized crime, corruption, moneylaundering terrorism and war crimes, are entitled to a special allowance in the amount of 45% compared to the basic salary, and from December29,2022 of 60%. Also, state prosecutors exercise the right to an increase in salary for each hour spent on "standby" and "on-call" time. (source: Prosecutorial Council)

[] NAP

_

135. Can judges combine their work with any of the following functions/activities?

	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
Research and publication	() No (X) Yes	() No (X) Yes
Arbitrator	() No () Yes	() No () Yes
	(X) No	(X)No
Consultant	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Cultural function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Political function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Mediator	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Other function	() No () Yes	() No () Yes
	(X)No	(X)No

Comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. authorisation needed to perform these activities), please specify. If "other function", please specify.

137. Can public prosecutors combine their work with any of the following functions/activities?

	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Research and publication	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Arbitrator	() Yes	() Yes
Arbitrator	(X) No	(X) No
Consultant	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Cultural function	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Political function	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Mediator	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Other function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
omments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. authorisat pecify: 39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of respective of time)?		-
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges rece		-
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of reserving of time)?		-
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of reservoid of time)? () Yes (X) No	solved cases (e.g. number	-
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges recebjectives in relation to the number of reserving of time)? () Yes	solved cases (e.g. number	-
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of reserving deriod of time)? () Yes (X) No omments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if possible conditions are conditions.	ossible the amounts:	of cases resolved over a given
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of reserving deriod of time)? () Yes (X) No omments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if positive derivative derivat	ossible the amounts:	of cases resolved over a given
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of reservoid of time)? () Yes (X) No omments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if possible productions and if possible productions of the conduct of judges (e.g. in ladges, etc.)? (X) Yes (X) Yes () No	ossible the amounts:	of cases resolved over a given
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of reservoid of time)? () Yes (X) No comments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if positive in your country an institution uestions of the conduct of judges (e.g. in adges, etc.)? (X) Yes	ossible the amounts: n / body giving guidelines and any olitical life,	of cases resolved over a given
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of reservind of time)? () Yes (X) No omments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if possible and in the conduct of the conduct of judges (e.g. in the conduct of judges, etc.)? (X) Yes () No omment - Please specify:	ossible the amounts: n / body giving guidelines and any olitical life,	of cases resolved over a given
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of respected of time)? () Yes (X) No comments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if possible. 32. Body/institution of ethics 38. Is there in your country an institution questions of the conduct of judges (e.g. in adges, etc.)? (X) Yes () No comment - Please specify: 138-1. If yes, who are the members of	ossible the amounts: n / body giving guidelines and any olitical life,	of cases resolved over a given
39. Productivity bonuses: do judges receibjectives in relation to the number of reservind of time)? () Yes (X) No comments - If yes, please specify the conditions and if positive in your country an institution uestions of the conduct of judges (e.g. in adges, etc.)? (X) Yes () No comment - Please specify: 138-1. If yes, who are the members of () Only judges	ossible the amounts: n / body giving guidelines anvolvement in political life, f this institution/body?	of cases resolved over a given

(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of the guidelines and/or opinions, etc.:	
138-2-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?	
[1]	
[] NA	
Comments - Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions	
138-3. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethic	al
questions of the conduct of prosecutors (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media	b <u>:</u>
prosecutors, etc.)	
(X)Yes	
() No	
Comment: Please specify	
138-4. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?	
() Only prosecutors	
(X) Prosecutors and other legal professionals	
() Other, please specify:	
Comments	
138-5. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of opinions, etc.	
138-5-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?	
[0]	
[] NA	
Comments - Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions	
5.4.Disciplinary procedures	
5.4.1Authorities responsible for disciplinary procedures and sanctions	
140. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against judges (multiple replies	
possible)?	
[] Court users	
[X] Relevant Court or hierarchical superior	
[X] High Court / Supreme Court	

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[] High Judicial Council
[] Disciplinary court
[] Disciplinary body
[] Ombudsman
[] Parliament
[] Executive power (please specify):
[X] Other (please specify):
[] This is not possible
Comments
141. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against public prosecutors: (multiple
replies possible):
[] Citizens
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior public prosecutor
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)
[] Disciplinary court
[] Disciplinary body
[] Ombudsman
[] Professional body
[X] Executive power (please specify):
[X] Other (please specify):
[] This is not possible
Comments
142. Which authority has disciplinary power over judges (multiple replies possible)?
[] Court
[] Higher Court / Supreme Court
[X] High Judicial Council
[] Disciplinary court or body
[] Ombudsman
[] Parliament
[] Executive power (please specify):
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
143. Which authority has disciplinary power over public prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?
[] Supreme Court
[] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior

[X] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial C	Council)	
[] Disciplinary court or body		
[] Ombudsman		
[] Professional body		
[] Executive power (please specify):		
[] Other (please specify):		
Comments		
5.4.2Number of disciplinary proced	ures and sanctions	
count the proceedings only once and f	for the main reason.)	
count the proceedings only once and f	·	Prosecutors
	Judges	
Total number (1+2+3+4)	Judges 51 []NA	21 []NA
	Judges 51 []NA []NAP 14 []NA	21 []NA []NAP 9 []NA
Total number (1+2+3+4)	Judges 51 []NA []NAP 14 []NA []NAP 0 []NAP	21 []NA []NAP 9 []NA []NAP 0 []NAP
Total number (1+2+3+4) 1. Breach of professional ethics	Judges 51 []NA []NAP 14 []NA []NAP 0	21 []NA []NAP 9 []NA []NAP 0

Comments - If "other", please specify: Related to the failure to report property and income related to the legislation on prevention of conflict of interest.

Remark- 14 initiated proceedings for ethical responsibility are not related to disciplinary proceedings. That is why the total number would not match. Proceedings related to disciplinary and ethical responsibility are not under the same statistics of disciplinary proceedings. These are not the same processes. But we have corrected totals

145. Number of sanctions pronounced during the reference year against judges and public prosecutors:

	Judges	Prosecutors	
Total number (total 1 to 10)	0 []NA	0 []NA	
	[]NAP	[]NAP	
1. Reprimand	0 []NA	0	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	

2. Suspension	0	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3. Withdrawal from cases	0	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
4. Fine	0	0	
7. 1 mc	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	
5. Temporary reduction of salary	0	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
6. Position downgrade	0		
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	
	0		
7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location		5 3 NTA	
	[]NA	[]NA	
	[] NAP	[X]NAP	
8. Resignation	0	0	
<i>g</i>	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	
9. Other	0	0	
9. Other	[] NA	[] NA	
	[]NAP	[] NAP	
	[] IVAF	[] IVAF	
10. Dismissal	0	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exists between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions, please indicate the reasons. Some of the proceedings are still ongoing.

E3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Annual reports of the Judicial and Prosecutorial Council	
Sources. Annual reports of the Judicial and Prosecutorial Council	Sources: Annual reports of the Judicial and Prosecutorial Council
	Sources. Annual reports of the Judicial and Prosecutorial Council

6.Lawyers

6.1. Profession of lawyer

6.1.1Status of the profession of lawyers

146. Total number of lawyers practising in your country:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of lawyers	980	628	352

Comments

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Comments - Please indicate any useful clarif 149-0. If other than lawyers may			ho:
Administrative cases	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP
Criminal cases – Victim	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No
Criminal cases – Defendant	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No []NAP	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No []NAP	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No []NAP
Dismissal cases	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No [] NAP	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No
Civil cases	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No	() Yes always () Yes in some cases (X) No
	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
149. Is legal representation in copossible)	ourts exclusively exercise	d by lawyers in: (m	ultiple replies
=			•
Comments			
[] NA [X] NAP			
148. Number of legal advisors v	who cannot represent their	clients in court:	
Comments			
No(X)			

() Yes

(X) No

() Yes

(X) No

147. Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for

example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?

Yes ()

Civil society organisation

() Yes

(X) No

Family member	() Yes	() Yes (X) No	() Yes
Self-representation	(X) No	() Yes	(X) No
	(X) No	(X)No	(X)No
Trade union	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
0.1	(X) No (X) Yes	(X) No	(X) No
Other	() No	(X) No	(X) No
Comments - If "other", please specify. In a epresentation(s):	ddition, for the categories selec	ted please specify the type	es of cases concerned by this/thes
149-1. In addition to the functi	ons of legal representa	ation and legal advi	ce, can a lawyer exerci
other activities?			
[] Notarial activity			
[X] Arbitration / mediation			
[] Proxy / representation			
[] Property manager			
[] Real estate agent			
[] Other (please specify):			
Comments			
149-2. Professional lawyers m	ay have the status of:		
[X] Self-employed lawyer			
[X] Staff lawyer			
[] In-house lawyer			
Comments			
150. Is the lawyer profession of	organised through:		
[X] a national bar association			
[] a regional bar association			
[] a local bar association			
Comments			
151. Is there a specific initial t	raining and/or exam to	enter the profession	on of lawyer?
(X)Yes			
() No			
Comments - Please indicate if there are other are organised by bar association	ner specific requirements as reg	ards diplomas or university	y degrees: State bar exam, lawyer
152. Is there a mandatory gene	eral in-service profession	onal training syster	n for lawyers?
() Yes			
(X)No			
			Page 106 of 122

153. Is the specialisation in some legal fields linked to specific training, levels of qualification,				
specific diploma or specific authorisations?				
(X) Yes				
() No				
Comments - If yes, please specify: F1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part				
6.1.2Practicing the profession of lawyer				
154. Can court users establish easily what the lawyers' fees will be (i.e. a prior information on the				
foreseeable amount of fees)?				
(X)Yes				
() No				
Comments				
155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?				
(X) Yes				
() No				
Comments				
156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely				
negotiated)?				
[X] Yes, laws provide rules				
[X] Yes, standards of the bar association provide rules				
[] No, neither laws nor bar association standards provide rules				
Comments There is a official regulation called Fees of Lawyers or Lawyer's Tarrif.				
6.1.3Quality standards and disciplinary procedures for lawyers				
157. Have quality standards been determined for lawyers?				
(X)Yes				
() No				
Comments - If yes, what are the quality criteria used?				
158. If yes, who is responsible for formulating these quality standards:				
[X] the bar association				

fomments - If "other", please specify: 5) failure to return court files to the client inappropriate behavior in court proceeding 62. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers.	Number of sanctions
) inappropriate behavior in court proceeding	[] NAP
	[] NAP
	[] NAP
4. Other	2 []NA
3. Criminal offence	0 []NA []NAP
2. Professional inadequacy	3 []NA []NAP
1. Breach of professional ethics	1 []NA []NAP
Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4)$	6 []NA []NAP
	Number of disciplinary proceedings
ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings or	
omments 51. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If	f a disciplinary proceeding is underta
[X] other (please specify):ciplinary Court of the Bar Association	
[] a professional authority	
[] Ministry of Justice	
60. Which authority is responsible for disciplinary proced	iures:
omments - Please specify:	J.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
[X] the amount of fees	
[X] the performance of lawyers	
59. Is it possible to file a complaint about:	
omments	
[] other (please specify):	
[] the Parliament	

1. Reprimand	0 []NA
2. Suspension	[] NAP 0
2. Suspension	[] NA [] NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	0
	[] NA [] NAP
4. Fine	1
	[] NA [] NAP
5. Other	0
	[] NA [] NAP
sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons.	
. Court related mediation and other alterna	ative Dispute Resolution
.1. Court related mediation	•
7.1.1 Details on court related mediation	
163. Does the judicial system provide for cou	rt-related mediation procedures?
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	
163-1. In some fields, does the judicial system	m provide for mandatory mediation with a mediator
[X] Before/instead of going to court	
[X] Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor of	or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding
[] No mandatory mediation	
Comments - If there is mandatory mediation, please specify wh	nich fields are concerned:
163-2. In some fields, does the legal system p	provide for mandatory informative sessions with a
mediator?	
(X)Yes	
() No	
Comments - If there are mandatory informative sessions, please	e specify which fields are concerned: As explained in the previous questi

general comment, in accordance with new Law on ADR and Amendments to the CPC.

164. Please specify, by type of cases, who provides court-related mediation services:

Private mediator Public authority (other than the court)	Judge	Public prosecutor
--	-------	-------------------

Civil and commercial cases	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X)No	(X) No
	[X] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Family cases	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes	() Yes
•	() No	() No	(X) No	(X) No
	[X] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Administrative cases	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	() No	() No
	[X] NAP			
Labour cases including employment	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
dismissals	() No	() No	(X) No	(X) No
	[X] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Criminal cases	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No	(X) No
	[X] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Consumer cases	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X) No	(X) No
	[X] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

165. Is there a possibility to receive legal aid for court-related mediation or receive these services free of charge?

(X)	Yes

() No

[]NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify:

_

166. Number of accredited or registered mediators for court-related mediation:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of mediators	201	60	141
	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA [] NAP

Comments

166-1. Could you please describe what are the requirements and what is the procedure to become an accredited or registered mediator in your country (educational requirements, working experiences, accrediting procedure etc.)?

. Requirements and procedure for granting mediators with licence is defined by the Law on Alternative Dispute Resolution (art.	39
and 41)	

Licence for the work of mediators shall be granted to the person:

- 1) who holds Montenegrin nationality or nationality of a Member State of the European Union;
- 2) who holds the VII1 level of educational qualification;
- 3) who has general health capacity;

1) who has minimum five years of work experience in the jobs where the VII1 level of education qualification is required;

2)who completed a training programme for mediators; 3)who has not been convicted of any offence which makes him unworthy of conducting mediation; 4)who has not been imposed security measure which involved prohibition to take up occupation, perform activity or duty;

5)against whom no criminal proceedings are conducted for the criminal offence for which prosecution is initiated ex officio. The training for mediators is organized and delivered by the Centre for ADR, after which the Centre issues a certificate on completed training referred to in paragraph 1 item 5 of this Article. The program of training referred to in paragraph 1 item 5 of this Article, the manner of implementing the training and the template for the certificate on completed training shall be stipulated by the Ministry of Justice. The person who meets requirements set out in Article 39 paragraph 1 of this Act, shall be granted with operating licence for mediator by the Ministry of Justice. Licences are issued for a five-year period and they may be extended by the same period in accordance with this Act.

167. Number of court-related mediations:

	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$	3 074	3 074	2 397
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
1. Civil and commercial cases	2 395	2 395	1 967
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Family cases	154	154	102
	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
3. Administrative cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
4. Labour cases including employment dismissal cases	490 [] NA [] NAP	490 [] NA [] NAP	297 [] NA [] NAP
5. Criminal cases	22	22	22
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
6. Consumer cases	0 [] NA [] NAP	0 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP
7. Other cases	13	13	9
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP

Comments - Please indicate the source: Report on the work of the ADR Centre;

Also, the total number of received requests for mediation in 2022 is 10773. At the end of 2022 there were 2625 cases are pending.

168. Do the following alternative dispute resolution (ADR) methods exist in your country?

[X] Mediation other than court-related mediation

omments Early Neutral Assessment of a dispute is	41	41 1i£41	
s assessment of the facts and law elements of their	=	e, on the basis of the parties	agreement, a dispute evaluato
rbitration is regulated by the Law on Arbitration.	dispute.		
here is also peaceful resolution of conflicts in the a	area of labour etc.		
1			
31. Please indicate the sources for an	nswering the qu	estions in this part	
Source: .			
Enforcement of court decisions			
Emorcement of court decisions			
1.Execution of decisions in civil mat	tters		
.1.1 Number of enforcement agen	te etatue and	mandate	
.1.1 Number of emorcement agen	is, status and		
69. Number and type of enforcemen	nt agents in vou	r country.	
69. Number and type of enforcement			Famala
69. Number and type of enforcement	Total	r country.	Female
· ·	Total		Female 9
69. Number and type of enforcement		Male	
· ·	Total	Male 19	9
Total (1+2+3+4)	Total 28 []NA 28 []NA	Male 19 []NA 19 []NA	9 []NA 9 []NA
Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities	Total 28 []NA 28	Male 19 [] NA 19	9 []NA 9
Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public	Total 28 []NA 28 []NA []NAP	Male 19 []NA 19 []NA []NAP	9 []NA 9 []NA
Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities	Total 28 []NA 28 []NA	Male 19 []NA 19 []NA	9 []NA 9 []NA
Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public	Total 28 []NA 28 []NA []NAP	Male 19 []NA 19 []NA []NAP	9 []NA 9 []NA []NAP
Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	Total 28 []NA 28 []NA []NAP []NAP	Male 19 []NA 19 []NA []NAP []NAP	9 []NA 9 []NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP
Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state) 3. Judges	Total 28 []NA 28 []NA []NAP	Male 19 [] NA 19 [] NA [] NAP [] NAP	9 []NA 9 []NA []NAP
Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	Total 28 []NA 28 []NA []NAP []NAP	Male 19 []NA 19 []NA []NAP []NAP	9 []NA 9 []NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP

[X] Arbitration

[X] Conciliation (if different from mediation)

71. Are enforcement agents appointed to o	office for an undetermined	period (i.e. "for life" = t
ne official age of retirement)?		
(X) Yes, please indicate the age of retirement: 66		
() No, please specify the duration of the appointment:		
omments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a	disciplinary sanction)? Please specify	·:
1.2 Activities/scope of competence		
11.2 Activities/scope of competence		
71-1. Which debtor's information can the	enforcement agent access	at the beginning of the
nforcement procedure?		
-	Access to information	Direct electronic access to
		information
Address	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
Date of birth	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Civil status	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X)No
Cohabitant	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Employer	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Motor vehicle	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Movable property	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Immovable property	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Bank account	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
24		
Other enforcement proceedings underway	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
nsolvency proceedings (bankruptcy, judicial	(X) Yes	() Yes
reorganisation, collective debt settlement etc.)	() No	(X) No
Other		
ITDAT	() Yes	() Yes

[] initial training

[] other

171-2. Can the enforcement agent carry out the following civil enforcement proceedings:

	Option
Seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Preventive seizure of movable tangible properties	 () Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents (X) No [] NAP
Seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Preventive seizure of immovable properties	 () Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents (X) No [] NAP
Seizure from a third party of the debtor claims regarding a sum of money	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of remunerations	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of motorised vehicles	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Eviction measures	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP

Seizures of boats and ships	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents
	() No
	[]NAP
Seizure of aircrafts	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	(X) No [] NAP
Seizure of electronic assets (e.g cryptocurrency)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
(.gg,	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	(X) No
Enforced sale by public tender of seized properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
Emorece sale by public tender of seized properties	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	() No
Sale of shares	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	() No [] NAP
Other	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents
	() No
	[X]NAP
Comments	
171-3. Apart from the enforcement of court decisions, what	t are the other activities that can be
carried out by enforcement agents?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
[] Service of judicial and extrajudicial documents	
[X] Debt recovery	
[X] Voluntary or public auctions of moveable or immoveable property	
[] Custody of goods	
[] Recording and reporting of evidence	
[] Court hearings service	
[] Provision of legal advice	

[] Bankruptcy procedures
[] Performing tasks assigned by judges
[] Representing parties in courts
[] Drawing up private deeds and documents
[] Building manager
[] Other
Comments
3.1.3 Training and ICT
172-1. Is there a system of mandatory general continuous training for enforcement agents?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
172-2. Do you have an e-learning training system established for enforcement agents?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-3. Does the content of the continuous training system also include ICT (related to enforcement
procedures)?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-4. Have an electronic service of documents or electronic notifications been introduced in your
country?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
172-5. Does the development of new technologies have an effect on the different stages of the
enforcement procedure?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - Please explain:
3.1.4 Fees
174. Are enforcement fees easily established and transparent for parties?
(X)Yes

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() No
Comments
175-1. Are the fees charged in case of successful enforcement proceedings freely negotiated?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
175-2. Who has to pay these fees if the enforcement proceedings are successful?
[X] The debtor
[] The creditor
[] Other – please specify
Comments
176. Do laws provide any rules on enforcement fees (including those freely negotiated)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
H0. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Source: Chamber of Bailiffs of Montenegro
8.1.5 Organisation of profession and efficiency of enforcement services
177. Is there a body entrusted with supervising and monitoring the enforcement agents' activity
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
178. Which authority is responsible for supervising and monitoring enforcement agents?
[X] professional body
[X] judge
[X] Ministry of Justice
[] public prosecutor [] other (please specify):
Comments
Comments
181. Is there a specific mechanism for executing court decisions rendered against public
authorities, including supervising such execution?
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() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
182. Is there a system for monitoring how the enforce	cement procedure is conducted by the
enforcement agent?	
(X)Yes	
() No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
183. What are the main complaints made by users co	oncerning the enforcement procedure? Please
indicate a maximum of 3.	
[] no execution at all	
[] non execution of court decisions against public authorities	
[] lack of information	
[X] excessive length	
[] unlawful practices	
[] insufficient supervision	
[X] excessive cost	
[] unethical behaviour of enforcement agent	
[] other (please specify):	
Comments	
185. Is there a system measuring the length of enforce	cement procedures:
	Existence of the system
for civil cases	() Yes
Tor civil cases	(X) No
for administrative cases	() Yes
Comments	(X) No
186. Regarding a decision on debt collection, please	•
and/or notify the decision to the parties who live in t	the city where the court sits (one option only)
(X) between 1 and 5 days	
() between 6 and 10 days	
() between 11 and 30 days	
() more (please specify):	
[] NA	
Comments	

187. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against enforcement agents. (If a disciplinary
proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please count the proceedings only once and
for the main reason.)

	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated
Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)	1
	[] NA
	[] NAP
1. For breach of professional ethics	1
•	[] NA
	[] NAP
2. For professional inadequacy	0
	[] NA
	[] NAP
3. For criminal offence	0
	[] NA
	[] NAP
4. Other	0
	[] NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

188. Number of sanctions pronounced against enforcement agents:

	Number of sanctions pronounced
Total number of sanctions (1+2+3+4+5)	0
	[]NA []NAP
1. Reprimand	0
	[]NA []NAP
2. Suspension	0
	[] NA [] NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	0
	[]NA []NAP
4. Fine	
	[] NA [] NAP
5. Other	0 [] NA
	[]NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons:

H1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Source: Law on Enforcement and Security		
Law on Bailiffs		

Ministry of Justice
Chamber of Baillifs
8.2.Execution of decisions in criminal matters
8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters
189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
replies possible)
[X] Judge
[] Public prosecutor
[X] Prison and Probation Services
[] Enforcement agent
[] Other authority (please specify):
Comments - Please specify his/her functions and duties (e.g. initiative or monitoring functions).
190. Are the effective recovery rates of fines decided by a criminal court evaluated by studies?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
191. If yes, what is the recovery rate?
() 80-100%
() 50-79%
() less than 50%
Comments - Please indicate the source for answering this question:
9.Notaries
9.1.Profession of notary
9.1.1Number, status and mandate of notaries
192. Number and status of notaries in your country.

	Total	Males	Females
TOTAL (1+2+3+4)	61	22	39
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Private professionals (without control from			
public authorities)	[]NA [X]NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

2. Holders of public offices appointed by the State	61	22 [] NA	39 []NA	
State	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3.Civil servants (paid by the State)				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
4. Other				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	

Comments - If "Other", please specify the status, or if "holder of a public office appointed by the State", please indicate which ministry is mainly engaged in the appointment procedure:

192-1. What are the access conditions to the profession of notary (multiple replies possible):

[X] diploma

[X] professional experience

[X] specific exam

[X] appointment procedure by the State

[] initial training

[X] other (please specify):clean criminal record, citizen of Montenegro or EU

Comments

192-2. Are notaries appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)?

[X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement:66

Г	1	-1	ama aifre	tha dumati	on of th	e appointment:		
	THO.	Diease	spechy	те анган)II ()I III(e abboiliment:	 	

Comments - are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:

9.1.2 Activities/scope of competences

194. What kind of activities do notaries perform (multiple options possible)?

	Please select one option
Authentication	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
1 Addition	notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP
Certification of signatures	() Yes, exclusively performed by
-	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP

() Yes, exclusively performed by
notaries
() Yes, but not exclusively performed
by notaries
(X) No
[] NAP
() Yes, exclusively performed by
notaries
() Yes, but not exclusively performed
by notaries
(X) No
[]NAP
() Yes, exclusively performed by
notaries
(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
by notaries
() No
[] NAP
() Yes, exclusively performed by
notaries
() Yes, but not exclusively performed
by notaries
(X) No
[] NAP
() Yes, exclusively performed by
notaries
() Yes, but not exclusively performed
by notaries
(X) No
[] NAP
() Yes, exclusively performed by
notaries
() Yes, but not exclusively performed
by notaries
(X) No
[]NAP
() Yes, exclusively performed by
notaries
() Yes, but not exclusively performed
by notaries
by notaries (X) No

Comments - If "other", please specify. Please indicate any useful clarifications regarding the content of the notaries' exclusive rights or on the opposite, other bodies that also have competences for the listed activities.

194-2. In which areas of law do notaries perform their activities (multiple replies possible)?

[X] Real estate transaction

[X] Family law

[X] Succession law

[X] Company law		
[] Legality control of gambling activities		
[] Protection of vulnerable persons		
[] Other		
Comments		
9.1.3 ICT, organisation of the profe	ession and training	•
194-3. Do notaries use specialised IC	CT systems in their activity?	
[X] In their relations with the State (e.g. courts,	registries, chambers of commerce, tax author	orities)
[] In their relations with their clients		
[] In their relations with other notaries (e.g. vic	leoconferencing, system to exchange docum	ents)
Comments		
194-4. Which computerised registries	s can notaries consult?	
[X] Land registry		
[] Business registry		
[X] Civil status / Population registry		
[X] Succession / Family law registry		
[] Any other registry (please specify)		
[] None		
Comments		
194-5. Are there registries/ registry in	nfrastructures run by the notarie	es?
(X)Yes		
() No		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
194-6. In which computerised registr	ies can notaries modify data (ei	ther directly or by submitting
an online request)?	·	
- ·	Directly modifying	Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request
Land registry	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Business registry	[]NAP	[] NAP () Yes
Dubinos rogistry	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP

() Yes

(X)No

Civil status/ Population registry

() Yes

(X)No

Succession / Family law registry	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
	[]NAP	[]NAP
Any other registry (please specify)	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
None	() Yes	() Yes
	() No [X] NAP	() No [X] NAP
Comments	10. 2	18. 2
=		
194-7. What ICT tools are used by nota	ries in their relations with	h clients?
[] Videoconferencing (e.g. digital advice)		
[] Digital act		
[] Digital identification		
[] Digital archiving		
[] Other, please specify		
[X] None		
Comments		
194-8. Who is responsible to run the di	gital archives?	
[X] Notariat / Professional body		
[] Other public authority		
[] Another entity (please specify)		
Comments		
195. Is there an authority entrusted with	n supervising and monitor	ring the notaries' work?
(X)Yes	-	
() No		
Comments		
196. If yes, which authority is response	onsible for supervising an	d monitoring notaries (multiple
options possible)?	and the supervising uni	o momoring nounted (morapio
[X] professional body		
[X] court		
[X] Ministry of Justice		
[] public prosecutor		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments Chamber of Notaries is a professional body		
196-1. Is there a system of general cont	rinuous training for all no	taries?
The state of the s		······································

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(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
196-2. Do notaries have training on:		
	Yes	No
European law	(X)	()
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)	()	(X)
Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional cou	rses, e-learning, webin	ar) and the major topics of the training activities:
I1. Please indicate the sources for answering t	he questions in t	his part
Sources: Chamber of Notaries, Law o Notaries		
Sources. Chamber of rotaties, Law o rotaties		
10 Indicial overate		
10.Judicial experts		
10.1.Profession of judicial expert		
10.1.1Status of judicial experts		
202. In your system, what types of judicial exp	perts can particij	pate in judicial procedures (multiple
replies possible):		
[X] Experts designated by the parties in support of their argu-	ments but bound by a	duty of independence and impartiality to the court
[X] Experts appointed by the court or other authority indepen	ndent of the parties	
[] Other system of judicial expertise, please specify		
Comments - Please specify who is proposing and appointing exp	erts in an individual ca	ise.
202-1. Are there lists or any other form of offi	cial registration	for judicial experts?
(X)Yes		
() No		
Comments		
202-1-1. If yes, at which level is the list es	tablished (multi	ple replies possible):
[X] national		
[] administrative district or federal entity		
[] judicial district		
[] other		
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Comments - Please, indicate any other comment regarding these lists or data oath? How are his/her skills evaluated? By whom?):	bases of experts, if they do exist (e.g. does the expert take an
202-1-2. Are these lists publicly available?	
(X) Yes, available on the internet	
() Yes	
() No	
Comments	
202-2. Which authority is competent for the registratio	n of judicial experts?
[X] Ministry of justice	
[] Courts	
[] Administrative body	
[] Independent body (association of judicial experts)	
[] Other	
Comments - Please also specify the registration criteria:	
202-3. Is the registration of judicial experts limited in	time?
(X) Yes, for how long6 years	
() No	
Comments	
202-4. Can an expert who is not on the list or not regis	tered be appointed in a case?
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comment - If yes, please specify in which cases:	
203. Is the title of judicial experts protected?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - If appropriate, please explain the meaning of this protection:	
203-1. Does the judicial expert have an obligation of tr	caining?
	Obligation of training
Initial training	() Yes
Continuous training	(X) No (X) Yes
Continuous training	() No

Comments

203-2. If yes, does this training concern:

[X] judicial proceedings			
[X] the profession of expert			
[] other			
Comments			
=			•
	:-1	10001 mommo?	
204. Is the function of judic	iai experts regulated by	legal norms?	
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments			
204-1. On the occasion of a	task entrusted to him/he	er, does the judicial	expert have to report an
potential conflicts of interes	t?		
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments - If yes, please specify:			
205. Number of accredited of	or registered indicial ex	nerts:	
	Total	Males	Females
	Total	Wides	Temales
Number of experts	745	487	258
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA
Comments			
206-1. Number of cases who	ere an expert opinion w	as ordered by a jud	ge or requested by the
parties			
		Number	r of cases
T . 1 (1 0 0 4)			
Total (1+2+3+4)		[X] NA	
		[] NAP	
1.Civil and commercial litigious c	ases	[X] NA	
		[] NAP	
2.Administrative cases		[X] NA	
		[] NAP	

Comments

3.Criminal cases

4.Other cases

[X] NA [] NAP

[X] NA [] NAP

205-1. Who defines the amount of the expert remuneration?

	In civil/administrative cases	In criminal cases
Defined by law/by-law or a special regulation	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
Defined by the court/judge	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Defined by the Ministry of Justice or another ministry	() Yes	() Yes
(setting a tariff for example)	(X) No	(X)No
Salary of public official (in case of forensic or another	() Yes	() Yes
specialist – who is public employee)	(X) No	(X)No
Freely agreed between expert and the parties	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X)No
Other	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If other, please specify:

206. Are there binding provisions for judicial experts regarding:

	Yes	No
Deadlines to provide expertise	(X)	()
Quality of expertise	(X)	()
Other	()	(X)

[]NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify, and provide details in case there are possible sanctions:

207-1. Does the judge or another body control the progress of the expertise?

() Yes

(X) No

If yes, please specify:

207-2. Are judicial experts' associations involved in:

[X] Selection processes

[X] Initial or continuous training

[] Disciplinary procedures

[]NAP

Comments The Law on Judicial experts provides that association may organise trainings.

K1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Ministry of Justice, Law on Judicial Experts	S	

11.Reforms in judiciary

11.1.Foreseen reforms

11.1.1Reforms

208. Can you provide information on the current debate in your country regarding the functioning of justice? Are there undergoing or foreseen reforms? If possible, please observe the following categories:

208-1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

	X] Yes (planned)
]] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1
[] No
[] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Adoption of the Judicial Reform Strategy 2024-2027 planned in 2023 (This will be a continuation of the long term reform process which started on the year 2000. The Strategy and relevant action plan will cover specific reform goals and activities for the purpus of improving efficiency, professionalism, independence and other important aspects of judiciary as well as keep up the pace of the whole rule of law reform agenda in the scope of EU accession process) Adoption of the Judicial Digital Transformation Strategy 2024-2027 planned in 2024 with the aim of improving all aspects of efficiency of judiciary and related institutions. Strategy will include all relevant aspects such as case management system and related aspects.

Adoption of the Strategy for Execution of Criminal Sanctions 2023-2026 planned in 2023

Adoption of the Program for Alternative dispute resolution 2023-2025 planned in 2023 (New 2 year strategic document creating crucial principles of development of the ADR system)

208-2. Budget

[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference $+1$
[] No
[] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Courts and prosecution services were recognised as a separate budget entities in the overall state Budget for 2022. Thus, the relevant provisions of the Law on Courts and Law on Prosecution were implemented. That is also a part of the whole reform process, as a contribution to the independence and autonomous position of judiciary and state prosecution service.

208-3. Courts and public prosecution services (e.g. powers and organisation, structural changes - e.g. reduction of the number of courts (geographic locations), competences of the courts,

management and working methods, information technologies, backlogs and efficiency, court fees,
renovations and construction of new buildings)
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Amendments to the law on Judicial Council and Judges planned in 2023 Amendments to the Law on State Prosecution Service planned in 2023 There is ongoing work on renovation and reconstruction of the buildings of certain courts and prosecution offices and similar activities for other buildings planned. There is ongoing work on the development of Judicial Network Rationalisation plan. In the meantime the existing analysis of the needs for rationalisation of the judicial network has been revised and updated.
208-4. Access to justice and legal aid
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Amendments to the Law on Free Legal Aid planned in 2024. There is ongoing work on amendments to the Law on Free Legal Aid with the aim to provide right to free legal aid to vulnerable groups such as victims of torture, victims of sexual criminal offences, children seeking protection of the right of the child etc.
208-5. High Judicial Council (competent for judges and/or prosecutors)
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Amendments to the law on Judicial Council and Judges planned in 2023 Amendments to the Law on State Prosecution Service planned in 2023. Both law on Judicial Council and Law on Prosecution are planned to be amended with purpos of improving work of Judicial and Prosecutorial councils and selection of heir members.
208-6. Legal professionals (judges, public prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, enforcement agents,
etc.): organisation, education and training, etc.
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Amendments to the Law on Enforcement and Security for the purpose of further harmonisation with the EU regulations planned. Amendments to the Law on Judicial Council and Judges are planned to improve the provisions related to

ethical and disciplinary responsibility of judges, selection of judges an court presidents, relocation and secondment of judges as well as evaluation of judges. In 2023 the amendments to the Law on Prosecution are planned with the same goal. As well as alignment with the relevant Venice Commission recommendations
208-7. Gender equality
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[X] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-8. Reforms regarding civil, criminal and administrative laws, international conventions and
cooperation activities
[X] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Amendments to the Criminal Procedure Code planned Amendments to the Law on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters planned. Amendments to the Law on Misdemeanours planned in 2023 Amendments to the Law on Judicial Cooperation in Criminal matters with the EU members states planned (application upon membershi to the EU) Government adopted the Law on ratification of the Second Protocol on Enhanced Cooperation and disclosure of electronic evidence (Budapest Convention) The Hague Convention on the recognition and enforcement of foreign judgements in civil or commercial matters signed in April 2023 Accession to the Hague Convention on the International Protection of adults planned.
208-9. Enforcement of court decisions and in particular regarding decisions against public
authorities
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Amendments to the Law on Enforcement and Security for the purpose of further harmonization with the EU regulations planned
208-10. Mediation and other Alternative Dispute Resolution
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)

[] No
Comments - If yes, please specify: Adoption of the Program on Alternative Dispute resolution 2023-2025 planned
208-11. Fight against crime
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Amendments to the Criminal Procedure Code planned Amendments to the Criminal Code planned
208-12. Prison system
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Adoption of the Strategy for Execution of Criminal Sanctions 2023-2026 planned
208-13. Child friendly justice
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[]NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: This category is being considered within the goals of the upcoming Judical Reform Strategy.
208-14. Domestic violence
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
Comments - If yes, please specify: Amendments to the Law on Protection from domestic violence planned
208-15. New information and communication technologies
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)

[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Adoption of the Judicial Digitalisation Strategy 2024-2027 planned in 2023
208-16. Other
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[X] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: