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PROSECUTOR GENERAL OF THE REPUBLIC OF LITHUANIA  
IN S A K Y M A S

**RECOMMENDATIONS FOR A WITNESS OF A MINOR; AND  
CONFIRMATION OF THE INTERVIEW OF THE VICTIM**

16 September 2009 No I-126  
Vilnius

Pursuant to Articles 14 and 16(2) of the Law on the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Lithuania, 37, 40, 44, 46, 48, 53, 55, 56, 62 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Republic of Lithuania, 63, 64, 65, 70, 73, 80, 82, 90, 93, 108, 110, 111, 130, 131, 132, 139, 140, 141, 142, 151, 154, 160, 161, 166, 167, 168, 171, 178, 186, 199, 212, 214, 217, 225, 232, 233, 234, 254, 256, 276, 287, 296, 300, 302, 303, 308, 310, 312, 313, 314, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 324, 326, 327, 329, 333, 342, 358, 367, 368, 370, 372, 373, 374, 375, 377, 380, 381, 382, 384, 385, 409, 413, 414, 439, 447, 448, 454, 460 straipsnių pakeitimo ir papildymo, 306 straipsnio pripažinimo netekusiu galios, kodekso papildymo 41<sup>7</sup>, 77<sup>8</sup>, 80<sup>1</sup>, 374<sup>1</sup>, 374<sup>2</sup>, 412<sup>1</sup> articles and Article 6(3) of the Law on the entry into force and implementation of the Supplementary Law to the Code:

*Amendments to the preamble:*

N° [I-412](#), 20.12.2017, published in TAR 22.12.2017, i.e. 2017-20777

PROSECUTOR GENERAL

ALGIMANTAS VALANTINAS

7The Recommendations on the hearing of a minor witness and victim (hereinafter referred to as "the Recommendations") are attached.

8I hereby publish this order to the Communications Division on the website of the Public Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Lithuania.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [I-412](#), 20.12.2017, published in TAR 22.12.2017, i.e. 2017-20777

APPROVED

The Attorney General of the  
Republic of Lithuania on 16  
September 2009  
order No I-126  
(The Attorney General's Office  
of the Republic of Lithuania  
2015)  
version of Order No I-52 of 18  
February 2010)

## **RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE HEARING OF A MINOR WITNESS AND VICTIM**

### **CHAPTER I GENERAL PROVISIONS**

*The title of the chapter has been changed:*

*N° [L-412](#), 20.12.2017, published in TAR 22.12.2017, i.e. 2017-20777*

1. The purpose of the recommendations on the questioning of a minor witness and victim (hereinafter referred to as the "Recommendations") is to discuss the peculiarities of the questioning of minor witnesses and victims in the pre-trial investigation process.

2. In accordance with the provisions of Article 3(1) of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (hereinafter referred to as the "Convention on the Rights of the Child"), Article 4(1) of the Law of the Republic of Lithuania on the Fundamentals of the Rights of the Child (hereinafter referred to as the "Framework Law on the Protection of the Rights of the Child"), the legitimate interests of the child must be taken into account everywhere and always as a primary consideration. These interests must be adequately protected throughout the criminal proceedings.

3. Due to the particularities of social and psychological maturity, and in order to avoid the traumatic impact of criminal proceedings, proceedings against minors, and in particular minors, shall be carried out only where the circumstances of the criminal act of relevance to the correct resolution of the case cannot be established by other means or would require significant procedural costs. Given the potential risk of secondary trauma, it is also necessary to ensure that the minor is interviewed once during the pre-trial investigation.

When clarifying the circumstances of the notification of the committed criminal act (both before the pre-trial investigation has been initiated or when it is initiated), it is recommended to avoid questioning the minor in detail in accordance with the procedure laid down in the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Republic of Lithuania (which is called an interview, communication, etc.).

*Amendments to the point:*

*N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016*

4. Proceedings with minors may not be carried out during the night between 10 p.m. and 6 p.m., except in urgent cases where, as a result of these actions, the data necessary for the arrest of the suspect, for the prevention of an ongoing criminal offence or for the avoidance of loss of data relevant to the pre-trial investigation can be obtained.

When choosing the place for the interview, it is necessary to assess whether this will not harm the interests of the child being questioned, the learning process, the psychological state, as well as the threat of bullying and other circumstances.

It shall be prohibited to conduct a questioning in an educational or educational institution

or during the stay of the minor in this institution, in the place of the representative according to the law, except in exceptional cases, where the place of the interview is agreed with the representative according to the law, the administration of the educational or educational institution and if this does not harm the interests of the minor being questioned.

5. The Code of Criminal Procedure of the Republic of Lithuania (hereinafter referred to as the Code of Criminal Procedure) does not set the age from which a person may be summoned as a witness, therefore, if necessary, minors may be questioned as witnesses if they are able to understand the relevant circumstances of the case and give evidence on them.

6. The victim, a witness who is sixteen years old, shall be warned against signature of liability under Article 235 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Lithuania (hereinafter referred to as the Criminal Code). It also clarifies the right not to answer some of the questions asked or to refuse to testify against members of his or her family or close relatives.

For a victim under the age of sixteen, the right not to testify against family members or close relatives and the duty to tell the truth in a language he understands is explained to the witness.

7. The following terms are used in the recommendations:

7.1. **A minor** is a person who was not 14 years old at the time of the act.

7.2. **'Minor'** means a natural person who is under the age of eighteen at the time of carrying out an act of proceedings. If the age of a natural person is in doubt, the person shall be considered a minor until his age is determined.

7.3. **"Assessment of special protection needs"** means an assessment of the victim's special protection needs in accordance with the procedure laid down in the Recommendations on the Special Protection Needs of Victims approved by the Prosecutor General in accordance with the procedure laid down for the assessment of the special protection needs of victims, carried out by an official or prosecutor conducting pre-trial investigation actions, not later than during the first interview of the victim.

7.4. **'Child'** means a person under the age of 18, unless otherwise provided by law (Article 2 of the Law on the Fundamentals of Protection of Children's Rights; Article 1 of the Convention on the Protection of the Rights of the Child (ratified by the Seimas of the Republic of Lithuania in 1995).

*Amendments to the point:*

No. [L-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112

## CHAPTER II INTERVIEWEES

*The title of the chapter has been changed:*

N° [L-412](#), 20.12.2017, published in TAR 22.12.2017, i.e. 2017-20777

8. Persons taking part in the examination of a minor witness or victim are a statutory representative (Articles 53 and 54 of the CCP), an authorised representative (Articles 55 and 56 of the CCP), a representative of the state institution for the protection of children's rights and a psychologist (Article 186 of the CCP). *Amendments to the point:*

No. [L-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

81. A special protection measure – the presence of an accompanying person – is recommended to be applied to a minor victim in exceptional cases, since the best interests of the minor are ensured by a legal representative, a psychologist or a representative of the state institution for the protection of the child's rights. The person accompanying the minor may not be a minor.

*The following point has been added:*

No. [L-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112<sup>9</sup>

9A representative who has submitted a written or oral application shall be allowed to participate in the proceedings when the pre-trial investigation officer or the public prosecutor makes a ruling on this matter and the court – by means of a ruling. The decision of the pre-trial investigation officer, the prosecutor and the court order may be refused to allow a representative

there is no such possibility – on a provisional basis, until the issue of a new legal representative has been resolved, to appoint as a representative any other person who can properly represent the interests of the minor (Article 53(3) of the CCP).

10. According to law, the representative of a minor witness or minor victim has the right to request that a minor witness or victim be heard by the investigating judge (Article 186(1) of the CCP), as well as that a representative or psychologist of the state institution for the protection of children's rights be invited to the hearing of such a person (Article 186(3) of the CCP). The rights of the representative shall be clarified in the decision to allow the representative to participate in the proceedings in accordance with the law.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

11. The authorised representative shall be allowed to participate in the proceedings when the pre-trial investigation officer or the public prosecutor makes a ruling on the involvement of the authorised representative in the proceedings and the court makes a ruling.

The presence of an authorised representative shall be deemed necessary where:

11.1. a minor has been directly affected by criminal acts against human life, health, freedom, sexual self-determination and integrity, child and family (with the exception of Article 164 CC) or morals;

11.2. the victim has been placed under guardianship (curatorship) in a child guardianship (guardianship) institution, guardianship centre or family, or is educated in a children's socialisation centre;

11.3. a decision of a pre-trial investigation officer or prosecutor has been adopted to prevent a representative from participating in the proceedings as a representative in accordance with the law;

11.4. the representative of the minor victim cannot, by law, adequately safeguard his or her rights and legitimate interests, as well as in other cases where the rights and legitimate interests of the minor victim would not be adequately protected without the assistance of the authorised representative (e.g. a large number of suspects in the case, etc.).

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-412](#), 20.12.2017, published in TAR 22.12.2017, i.e. 2017-20777

12. An authorised representative of a minor witness or minor victim shall have the right to request that the minor witness or victim be heard by the investigating judge (Article 186(1) of the CCP), as well as that a representative or psychologist of the state institution for the protection of the child's rights be invited to the hearing of such a person (Article 186(3) of the CCP). The minor and his or her representative are legally entitled to refuse the authorised representative, but the refusal of the authorised representative expressed by them is optional (Article 52 of the CCP). The rights of the authorised representative and the principal shall be clarified in the decision to allow the representative to participate in the proceedings.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

13. A psychologist who assists in the questioning of a minor witness or minor victim must always be invited to the questioning of a minor witness or minor victim in respect of crimes against human life, health, freedom, sexual self-determination and integrity, child and family, due to gain from the prostitution of a minor or a minor in prostitution, or in other cases where the participants in the proceedings or on the initiative of a pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or pre-trial investigation judge so request, a psychologist who assists in questioning

to participate in the proceedings as a representative under law if this would be contrary to the interests of the minor. In such a case, the pre-trial investigation officer, the public prosecutor or the court must ensure that another representative is present in the proceedings, and

the minor, taking into account his social and psychological maturity (Article 186(3) of the CCP).

*Amendments to the point:*

No. [L-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

131. A representative of the state institution for the protection of children's rights must be invited to the hearing of a minor witness or minor victim at all times, as well as to the questioning of a minor witness or minor victim for crimes against human life, health, freedom, sexual self-determination and integrity, child and family, due to profit from the prostitution of a minor or a minor in prostitution, or in other cases where the participants in the proceedings or at the initiative of the pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or pre-trial investigation judge, shall be invited to invite a representative of the state institution for the protection of children's rights, who from another room monitors whether the rights of a minor witness or minor victim are violated during the hearing. A representative of the State Child Rights Protection Institution may ask questions to the person to be questioned and make requests for an interview (Article 186(3) of the CCP).

*The following point has been added:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

14. If the minor being questioned has special needs, his or her psyche has been disturbed after a criminal act, etc., in order to avoid secondary injury during legal procedures, it is recommended to invite a psychologist to the interview to assist in questioning the minor, taking into account his or her social and psychological maturity, and a representative of the state institution for the protection of the child's rights, who from the other room would monitor whether the rights of the minor witness or minor victim were violated during the interview.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

15. A psychologist shall be chosen by a pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or court at its own discretion from a list of psychologists who wish to participate in interviews of minor witnesses, victims, suspects, accused persons or victims with special protection needs in the cases specified in the CCP (hereinafter referred to as 'the list'), administered by the State-guaranteed legal aid services (hereinafter referred to as the 'the Service'), and contact the chosen psychologist by telephone or electronic means of communication. If, after contacting the chosen psychologist, it becomes clear that on the planned day of the interview he is unable to attend it for important reasons, another psychologist shall be selected and invited. Psychologists can also be used during holidays, outside working days or outside working hours.

In the event of failure to summon a psychologist, a pre-trial investigation officer, a prosecutor or a court shall, on working days and during working hours, contact the Authority, which shall assist in the selection of the psychologist who may participate in the interview.

The psychologist must be informed of the planned interview in advance, before a reasonable period of time, which will allow him to properly prepare for the interview.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

16. A representative of the State Child Rights Protection Institution shall be invited in writing, by telephone or by electronic means of communication.

If there is no representative of the state institution for the protection of children's rights at the place where the pre-trial investigation is conducted, the prosecutor or the pre-trial investigation officer shall invite such a representative from another location.

A prosecutor or a pre-trial investigation officer inviting a representative of the state child rights protection institution from another location to an interview shall consult the child rights protection institution of the pre-trial investigation site.

The representative of the state institution for the protection of children's rights must be informed of the planned interview in advance, before a reasonable time, which would allow him to properly prepare for the interview.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

161. The prosecutor or the pre-trial investigation officer shall notify the Service in writing of cases where a psychologist conducts questioning of minors incompetently; when, without a valid reason, the psychologist fails to attend the interview to which he was summoned; when the contacts in the list are not possible to contact him.

The prosecutor or the pre-trial investigation officer shall notify the State Child Rights Protection and Adoption Service in writing of the cases when a representative of the state institution for the protection of children's rights does not competently perform his duties, as well as when, without a valid reason, he does not appear for the questioning to which he was invited.

*The following point has been added:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

### III UNIT

#### **Preparation of the survey AND ACTIONS** *The name of the unit has been*

*changed:*

N° [L-412](#), 20.12.2017, published in TAR 22.12.2017, i.e. 2017-20777

17. Taking into account the harmful effect of criminal proceedings on the psyche of the minor, the risk of secondary trauma, the requirements of Article 186(2) of the CCP, it is necessary to seek that the minor is interviewed once during the pre-trial investigation. The questioning should be conducted by a pre-trial investigation officer or prosecutor specialising in the field of juvenile justice. In cases where re-examination of a minor witness or victim is necessary during the pre-trial investigation, they shall normally be heard by the same person.

*Amendments to the point:*

No. [L-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112

171. The special protection needs of the minor victim shall be assessed not later than in accordance with the procedure laid down in the Recommendations on the assessment of the special protection needs of victims approved by the Prosecutor General during the first interview.

*The following point has been added:*

No. [L-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112

18. The prosecutor shall apply in writing to the investigating judge for the hearing of a minor witness or victim:

- 18.1. in the case of grounds provided for in Article 184(1) of the CCP;
- 18.2. at the reasoned request of the minor witness or representative of the victim;
- 18.3. upon a reasoned request from the suspect's defence counsel.

19. The provisions of Article 276(2) of the CCP allow to read and follow only the testimony given to the investigating judge during the trial hearing. The public prosecutor must therefore, in order to protect a minor witness who has suffered a victim from the harmful effects of criminal proceedings on his or her psyche and during secondary trauma proceedings before a court, assess in each case the importance of the evidence of the minor during the pre-trial investigation, in determining the material circumstances to be proved, for the purposes of the trial and after having concluded that the evidence given by the minor is of the utmost importance for establishing the material circumstances to be proved and that other sources of evidence do not make it possible to prove those circumstances or to prove it difficult by other sources of evidence; must apply to the pre-trial investigation judge regarding the questioning of the minor and seek that the minor is not invited to a court hearing and his/her evidence given to the

investigating judge will be read at the court hearing in accordance with the procedure of Article 276(2) of the CCP.

20. Applications of a minor victim's representative and defence counsel to conduct an interview with the investigating judge of a minor victim shall be examined in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 178 of the CCP. Requests by a representative of a minor witness to conduct an examination of a minor witness before the investigating judge shall be resolved by a decision of the prosecutor. By refusing to comply with the application, the prosecutor shall adopt a decision, which may be appealed in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 63 of the CCP.

*Amendments to the point:*

No [L-63](#), 11 February 2022, published in TAR on 14 February 2022, i.e. 2022-02584

21. A pre-trial investigation officer or a prosecutor who has decided to conduct the questioning of a minor himself or a prosecutor must, before requesting the investigating judge to conduct an examination of a minor witness or victim:

21.1. to analyse the materials of the pre-trial investigation and to assess whether there are circumstances that can and must be verified before the minor is questioned (e.g. to question adult witnesses, other minor witnesses who could indicate important circumstances, to obtain the necessary expert conclusions, which may affect the questioning of the minor witness or victim, etc.);

21.2. consult a psychologist on the tactics of the survey, the most appropriate formulation and order of presentation of questions;

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

21.3. when choosing the time of the interview to assess the fact that the shorter the time between the committed criminal act and the questioning, the more detailed and accurate the statements of individuals may be, however, if the minor has experienced a serious spiritual shock, the possibility of conducting the interview requires consultation of a specialist – psychologist, representative of the child's rights protection institution, doctor, etc.

22. In accordance with the procedure set out in point 19 of the Recommendations, a minor may be questioned before the investigating judge also in cases where the offender is not identified or his whereabouts are unknown, and where there are several suspects in the case, the whereabouts of at least one of them are unknown.

When deciding on the expediency of conducting such a hearing, the prosecutor must take into account the fact that the suspect's right to ask questions to the witness or victim will not be guaranteed at the time of such hearing and to assess that failure to conduct such a hearing may lead to the loss of relevant evidentiary information.

23. When preparing for the hearing of a minor witness or victim, it is recommended to collect information about the conditions of his life and upbringing, the level of communication with the surroundings, the level of development, peculiarities of character and behavior, the defects of speech, sensory organs, his reaction to the event under investigation, the participants of the event, the emotional state, how and with whom he spent time after the event before the interview, or told someone about the event, what he had heard about the event, etc.

24. If a representative of a minor expresses his wish to participate in an interview with a pre-trial investigation judge, it is necessary to assess whether the direct participation of the minor's representative (due to the consequences of the criminal act – emotional shock, special sensitivity or other characteristics or circumstances) will not have an unacceptable impact on the minor or will not interfere with the achievement of the objectives of the interview.

If the prosecutor considers that the presence of a minor's representative for the questioning and thus the questioned person could harm or otherwise interfere, he must seek that the pre-trial investigation judge prevents the representative from attending the interview room,

but allows the audio-visual recording to be monitored.

If the circumstances, due to which the direct presence of the minor's representative may have an unacceptable impact on the minor or hinder the achievement of the objectives of the hearing, become apparent before the hearing, the prosecutor shall submit a written request to the pre-trial investigation judge, or if these circumstances become apparent during the hearing, the prosecutor shall submit an oral request to the pre-trial investigation judge during the hearing. In such cases, it is necessary to ensure the participation of the state institution for the protection of the rights of the child or the psychologist in the interview.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

25. The suspect and other participants in the proceedings, with the exception of a psychologist and a representative of a minor witness or minor victim, shall not be allowed to be present in the room where the hearing takes place. In such a case, an audio-visual recording must be made mandatory, and the suspect and other participants in the proceedings must be given the opportunity to observe and hear the questioning from another room and to ask questions to the person to be questioned through the investigating judge. If it is not possible to enable the suspect and other participants in the proceedings to observe and hear the questioning from another room, the questioning shall be carried out in the absence of the suspect and other participants in the proceedings. The audio-visual recording made during such interviews shall be shown immediately after the interview to the suspect and other participants in the proceedings who, through the pre-trial investigation judge, have the right to ask questions to the person to be questioned (Article 186(4) of the CCP). *Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

26. The prosecutor must closely follow the conduct of the hearing, seek to ensure that the participants in the proceedings are able to exercise their rights under the law (the right to ask questions, etc.) and to respond to violations by making requests and submitting comments.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [L-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

27. When summoning a minor witness or victim to a hearing, the pre-trial investigation officer or the public prosecutor must respect the requirements of the protection of the rights of the child and seek to mitigate the negative effects of this legal procedure.

The minor shall be summoned to the hearing through his representative in accordance with the law. If it is not possible to summon a minor from the age of 14 through a legal representative (e.g. long-term absence, illness, location of the representative is unknown and it is not possible to quickly determine it, etc.), he or she may be summoned directly.

When summoning to an interview, it is recommended to first use the possibility provided for in Article 182(2) of the CCP to summon the questioning by telephone or other means (by e-mail, etc.). In cases where the minor fails to be summoned to an interview by the measures provided for in Article 182(2) of the CCP, a summons in the form provided for in Article 182(1) of the CCP should be served on the minor through a representative under law or a cohabiting adult.

28. In accordance with Article 186(2) of the CCP, a video and audio recording must be made during the hearing of a minor witness or victim.

*Amendments to the point:*

No. [L-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112

29. A minor shall be interviewed by a pre-trial investigation officer, a prosecutor or a pre-trial investigation judge in a specially equipped room adapted for the questioning of the minor. If there is no room adapted for questioning children in the court, it is necessary to inform the investigating judge about the possibility of conducting the questioning in the nearest

institution (e.g. regional court, other district court palaces, police commissioner, public organisation) where this room is installed. If there is no room adapted for questioning children in the police institution, the pre-trial investigation officer organising the interview shall apply to another police institution where such a room is installed.

*Amendments to the point:*

N° [I-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016

30. In order to reduce tensions prior to interviewing, the interviewer must ensure that the minor understands in accordance with his or her age and development:

30.1. about his rights and obligations during the interview;

30.2. where, i.e. in which body or institution, the interview will take place;

30.3. who, i.e. which official or person, will be interviewed;

30.4. who will be present during the interview and for what purpose;

30.5. for what purpose and what fact or circumstances will be discussed;

30.6. how the interview will take place, i.e. the minor must be informed of the fact that a video and audio recording will be made, that additional questions may be asked after telling the minor what he or she knows;

30.7. that the minor has the right to request a break. The duration of interviews and breaks should be decided on a case-by-case basis, taking into account the age, individual characteristics and status of the minor to be interviewed, including the opinion of the representative or psychologist of the State Child Rights Protection Authority assisting in the interview.

31. The provisions of the recommendations shall also apply in cases where a minor is questioned by a pre-trial investigation officer or a prosecutor in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 168 of the CCP.

#### **IV UNIT FINAL PROVISIONS**

*The title of the chapter has been changed:*

N° [I-412](#), 20.12.2017, published in TAR 22.12.2017, i.e. 2017-20777

31. The provisions of the recommendations shall also apply in cases where a minor is questioned by a pre-trial investigation officer or a prosecutor in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 168 of the CCP.

32. In cases where a minor victim or witness reaches the age of majority before the end of the pre-trial investigation, the provisions of the Recommendations shall apply to him/her if a prosecutor's decision or a court order to continue to apply one or more of the guarantees laid down for minors in the CPC.

*The following section has been added:*

No. [I-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112

*Amendments to the Annex:*

N° [I-52](#), 18.02.2015, published in TAR on 18.2.2015, i.e. 2015-02466

#### **Amendments:**

1.

Prosecutor General of the Republic of Lithuania, Order

No. [I-297](#), 8.11.2011, Gazette 2011, No 135-6437 (12.11.2011), i.e. 111503AISAK000I-297

On amending and supplementing Order No I-126 of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Lithuania of 16 September 2009 approving the recommendations for the examination of a minor witness and victim

2.

Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Lithuania, Order  
N° [I-52](#), 18.02.2015, published in TAR on 18.2.2015, i.e. 2015-02466  
Amending Order No I-126 of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Lithuania of 16 September 2009 approving the Recommendations for the hearing of a minor witness and victim

3.

Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Lithuania, Order  
No. [I-68](#), 10/03/2016, published in TAR 2016-03-17, i. k. 2016-05112  
Amending Order No I-126 of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Lithuania of 16 September 2009 approving the Recommendations for the hearing of a minor witness and victim

4.

Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Lithuania, Order  
N° [I-412](#), 20.12.2017, published in TAR 22.12.2017, i.e. 2017-20777

Amending Order No I-126 of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Lithuania of 16 September 2009 approving the Recommendations for the hearing of a minor witness and victim

5.

Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Lithuania, Order  
N° [I-196](#), 15.6.2018, published in TAR on 18.6.2018, i.e. 2018-10016  
Amending Order No I-126 of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Lithuania of 16 September 2009 approving the Recommendations for the hearing of a minor witness and victim

6.

Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Lithuania, Order  
No [I-63](#), 11 February 2022, *published in TAR on 14 February 2022, i.e. 2022-02584*  
Amending Order No I-126 of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Lithuania of 16 September 2009 approving the Recommendations for the hearing of a minor witness and victim