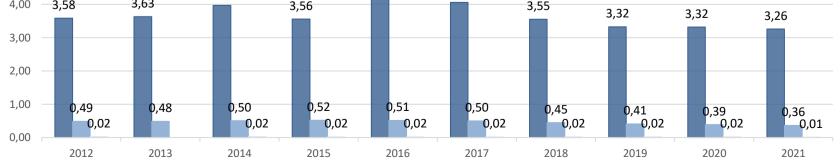


Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*

E (00			1st instand	e 🔲 2nd i	nstance Su	upreme Court	
5,0	00 -				4,39	4.05		
		 2.62	3,97			4,05		



1

* Please note that there is no data for the Supreme Court cases for 2013.

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Lithuania

											Trend	Variat	tions
Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Population	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	2 795 680	2 805 998		-6,6%	0,4%
GDP per capita	11 025	11 707	12 381	12 780	13 468	14 796	16 158	17 333	17 510	19 760		79,2%	12,8%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	3,45	3,45	3,45		NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary	7 381		8 129		9 408		11 089	15 557	17 143	19 084	ıll	158,6%	11,3%
Resources	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Professional judges per 100 000 inhab.	25,6	26,2	25,8	26,4	27,3	27,3	27,1	26,8	26,5	25,6		0,1%	-3,3%
Non-judge staff per 100 000 inhab.	87,2	88,4	89,3	94,5	96,2	96,9	95,3	96,1	96,9	94,3		8,1%	-2,7%
Public prosecutors per 100 000 inhabitants									23,0	22,2			-3,8%
Non-prosecutors staff per 100 000 inhab.									20,9	17,0			-18,9%
Lawyers per 100 000 inh.	59,8	67,5	68,1	73,3	77,7	78,6	79,2	80,5	80,6	81,1		35,7%	0,6%
Mediators	1,6	1,6	3,7	4,5	9,4	13,0	16,8	14,0	19,7	23,6		1410,0%	19,7%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	3,581	3,631	3,969	3,559	4,385	4,054	3,554	3,324	3,317	3,258	ulilim	-9,0%	-1,8%
Administrative law cases	0,269	0,6	0,5	0,586	0,524	0,416	0,533	0,511	0,513	0,577	վորող	114,9%	12,4%
Total criminal law cases									0,616	0,553	I		-10,3%

First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentange points)	2020-2021 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	101%	99%	97%	102%	98%	102%	104%	101%	94%	101%		0,74	7,31
CR administrative law cases	98%	65%	89%	100%	144%	113%	88%	105%	97%	98%	ահո	-0,07	0,53
CR total criminal law cases									97%	101%			3,30

First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	88	94	97	96	88	85	84	87	117	106	HIIIIIII	<mark>2</mark> 0,8%	-9,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)	144	290	310	236	72	76	129	96	112	106	dl	-26,3%	-5,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									73	76			3,8%

First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,87	0,92	1,03	0,96	1,04	0,97	0,84	0,80	1,00	0,96		10,7%	-4,4%
Administrative law cases	0,10	0,32	0,37	0,38	0,15	0,10	0,16	0,14	0,15	0,16	.111	58,2%	7,0%
Total criminal law cases									0,12	0,12	II		-3,7%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentange points)	2020-2021 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			102%	99%	101%	96%	107%	105%	111%	102%			-9,12
CR administrative law cases			91%	80%	94%	93%	NA	101%	122%	105%	111 111		-17,47
CR total criminal law cases									99%	101%			1,66

Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			97	104	103	130	107	100	66	70	1000		7,1%
DT administrative law cases (days)			204	252	295	352	NA	375	282	240	and h		-14,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									67	66			-0,5%
												0040 0004	0000 0004

Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021 (percentange points)	2020-2021 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases			83%	128%	95%	97%	115%	83%	82%	103%	dulut		21, <mark>0</mark> 3
CR administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP
CR total criminal law cases									102%	83%			-18,36

Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)			268	133	184	218	160	284	389	403	Land		3,6%
DT administrative law cases (days)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP			NAP

DT total criminal law cases (days)

118

203





1. Judicial organisation in Lithuania (2021 data)

The number of first instance courts (legal entities) in Lithuania decreased from 1st January 2018 according to the Law on Reorganization of Courts of the Republic of Lithuania (Law of 23rd June 2016 No. XII-2474). Instead of 49 district courts (legal entities) there are now 12 district courts (some of them have court houses), and instead of 5 regional administrative courts there are now 2 of them (one has houses). The number of first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities) also encompasses 5 regional courts (of general jurisdiction) which are first instance for criminal and civil cases assigned to their jurisdiction by law. In addition, these courts are appeal instance for judgements, decisions, rulings and orders of district courts.

Accordingly, in total there are 17 first instance courts of general jurisdiction (legal entities).

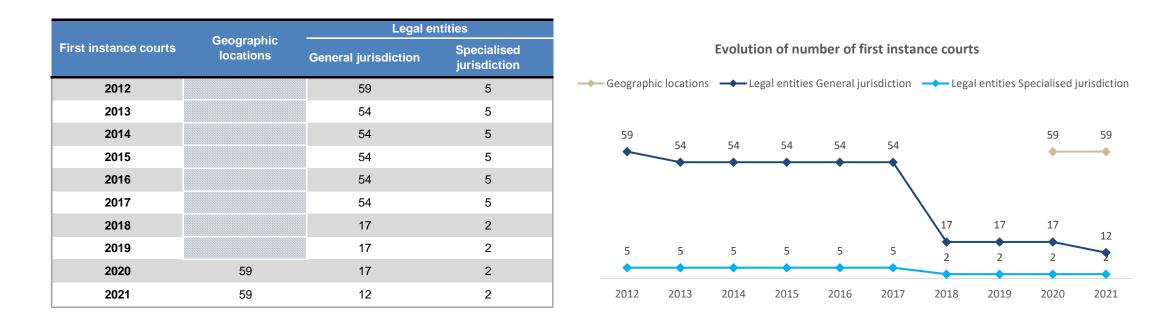
Besides, there are 2 courts of appeal, one of them being specialized in the field of administrative law – the Administrative Supreme court, and 1 Court of cassation.

Evolution of total number of courts

		Legal ei	ntities											
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction					Evolutio	n of total	number	of courts	5		
2012	67			Geo	ograph	ic locations	Le	egal entities	s General ju	irisdiction	Lega	al entities S	pecialised j	urisdic
2013	62													
2014	62				67	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62
2015	62					02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02
2016	62													
2017	62													
2018	62												19	19
2019	62												3	3
2020	62	19	3										•	
2021	62	19	3	20	012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	20

The courts locations (62) are distributed as follows: The Supreme Court of Lithuania, the Court of Appeal of Lithuania, the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania and 59 1st instance courts locations.

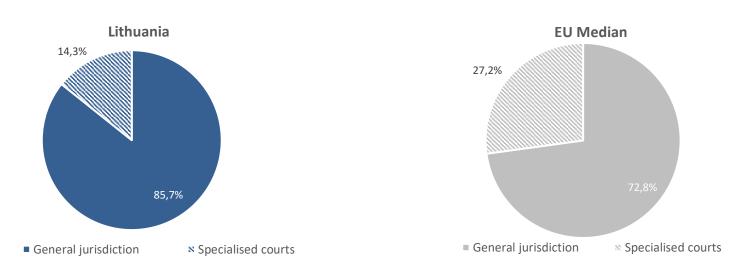
Evolution of number of first instance courts



Regional courts are first instance courts for criminal and civil cases assigned to their jurisdiction by law, also, these regional courts are appeal instance for judgments, decisions, rulings and orders of district courts. Taking this into account, regional courts are counted as first instance courts of general jurisdiction and as second instance courts of general jurisdiction, but in the totals regional courts are counted only once as one legal entity.

First instance courts: 12 district courts and 5 regional courts (the latter are adjudicating certain categories of cases as first instance courts); Second instance courts: 5 regional courts and the Court of Appeal of Lithuania; Specialised courts regional administrative courts and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania.

As regards geographic locations, there are 59 first instance courts locations: 12 district courts (49 locations), 5 regional courts (5 locations) of general jurisdiction and 2 regional administrative courts (5 locations).



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts

The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts of 85,7% - 14,3% is somewhat different from the EU median (distribution tendency in EU: 72,8% - 27,2%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	1
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	2	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

Judicial professionals (summary)

Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	718	25,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	2 646	94,3	58,5
Prosecutors	622	22,2	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	476	17,0	14,7
Lawyers	2 277	81,1	122,4

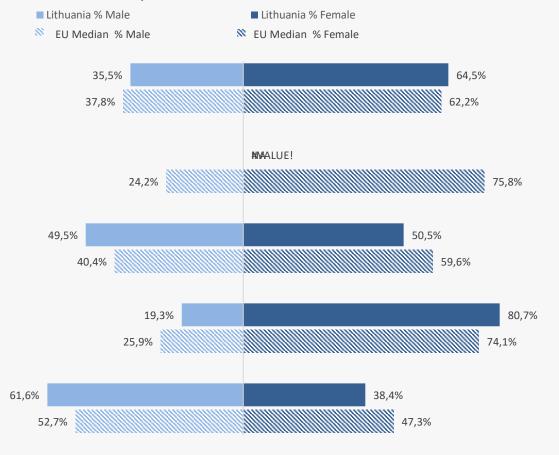


Judicial professionals: Gender balance

	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	35,5%	64,5%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	49,5%	50,5%
Non-prosecutor staff	19,3%	80,7%
Lawyers	61,6%	38,4%

Professional judges Non judge staff Prosecutors Non-prosecutor staff Lawyers

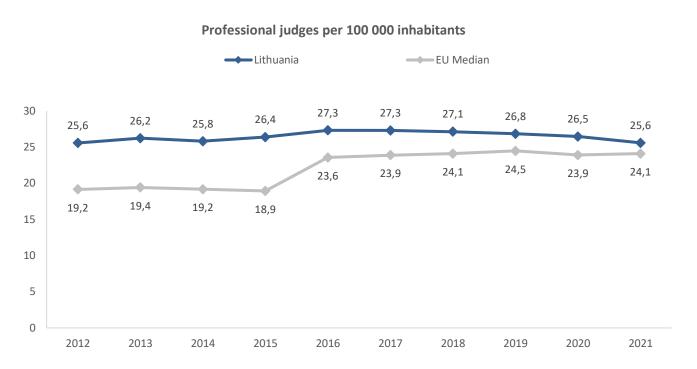
Judicial professionals: Gender balance



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional	Absolute Number	Per 100 000) inhabitants
judges	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	768	25,6	19,2
2013	772	26,2	19,4
2014	754	25,8	19,2
2015	762	26,4	18,9
2016	778	27,3	23,6
2017	767	27,3	23,9
2018	758	27,1	24,1
2019	750	26,8	24,5
2020	740	26,5	23,9
2021	718	25,6	24,1



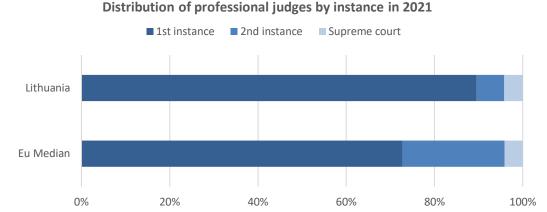
According to 2021 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Lithuania is 718, which is -3,0% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Lithuania, there are 25,59 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 24,11 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,69 non-judge staff per judge.

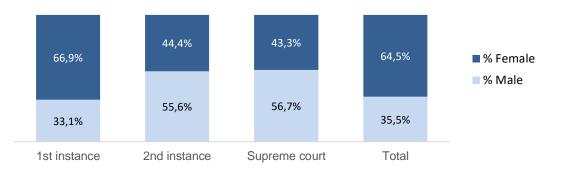
There is no significant difference compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,66 non-judge staff per judge.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2021	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	643	89,6%	213	430	33,1%	66,9%
2nd instance	45	6,3%	25	20	55,6%	44,4%
Supreme court	30	4,2%	17	13	56,7%	43,3%
Total	718		255	463	35,5%	64,5%







7

In this cycle, the total number of Female professional judges (all instances) is 463, which represents 64,5% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 643 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 430 are Female); 45 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 20 are Female) and 30 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 13 are Female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, in Lithuania there are relatively less judges in second instance and more in first instance.

As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of judges, it should be noticed that it reflects the peculiarities of the Lithuanian court system. Namely, as the regional courts function not only as courts of appeal, but also as courts of first instance (Article 19 of the Law on Courts of the Republic of Lithuania), the number of judges of these courts is included in the 1st section. Accordingly, the latter indicates the number of judges of district courts, regional courts and regional administrative courts. Likewise, given that the Supreme Administrative Court is the court of appeal (although the rulings of the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania are final and not subject to appeal) the number of judges of the Court of Appeal of Lithuania and the Supreme Administrative Court of Lithuania. The 3rd section indicates the number of judges of the Supreme Court of Lithuania.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

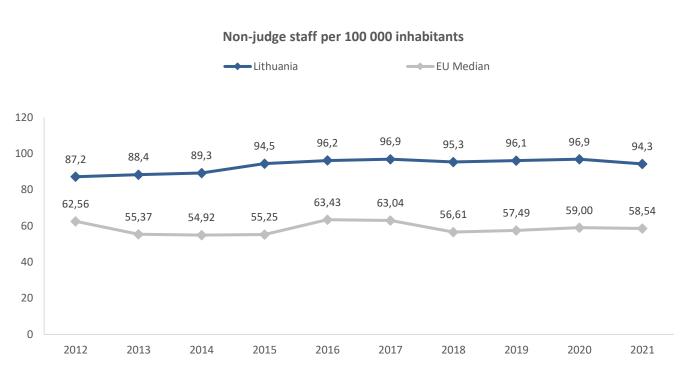
Professional judges 2021	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	643	NA	NA	43	NAP
2nd instance	45	NA	NA	21	NAP
Supreme court	30	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	718	NA	NA	64	NAP

In Lithuania, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2021	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	6,7%	NAP
2nd instance	NA	NA	46,7%	NAP
Supreme court	NA	NA	NAP	NAP
Total	NA	NA	8,9%	NAP

Number of non-judge	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
staff	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	2 619	87,2	62,6
2013	2 602	88,4	55,4
2014	2 608	89,3	54,9
2015	2 729	94,5	55,2
2016	2 740	96,2	63,4
2017	2 722	96,9	63,0
2018	2 664	95,3	56,6
2019	2 684	96,1	57,5
2020	2 709	96,9	59,0
2021	2 646	94,3	58,5



In 2021, Lithuania has 2 646 non-judge staff (of which NA are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals a decrease of -2,3%.

In 2021, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has decreased (from 96,9 in 2020 to 94,3 in 2021).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 26,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2020 to 25,6 in 2021.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2021	Absolute number	in %
Total	2 646	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	1 432	54,1%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	868	32,8%
Technical staff	263	9,9%
Other	83	3,1%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

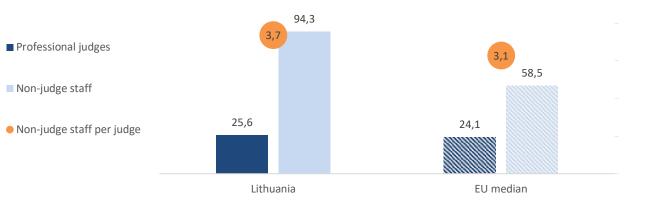
- $\,\circ$ 1 432 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 868 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 263 technical staff;
- 83 other.

The category "other" includes translators, court psychologists, it encompasses also other helping staff (civil servants and working under the labour agreement).

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Lithuania	EU median
Professional judges	25,6	24,1
Non-judge staff	94,3	58,5
Non-judge staff per judge	3,7	3,1

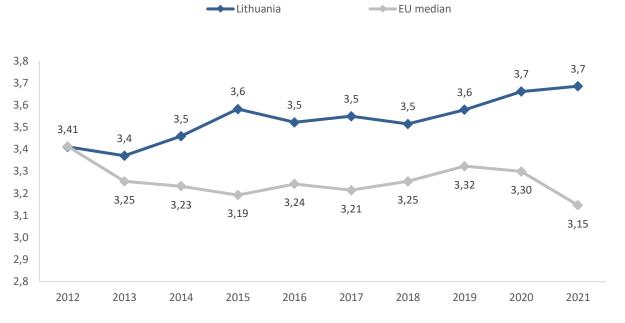
Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

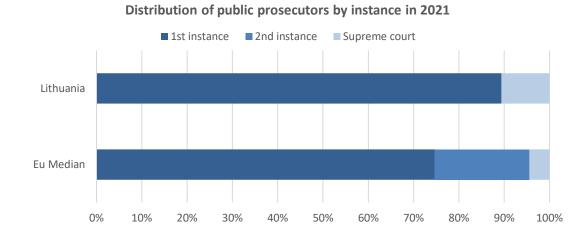
	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	r Ratio between professional judge non-judge staff	
	Lithuania	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU median
2012	25,6	87,2	3,41	3,4
2013	26,2	88,4	3,4	3,3
2014	25,8	89,3	3,5	3,2
2015	26,4	94,5	3,6	3,2
2016	27,3	96,2	3,5	3,2
2017	27,3	96,9	3,5	3,2
2018	27,1	95,3	3,5	3,3
2019	26,8	96,1	3,6	3,3
2020	26,5	96,9	3,7	3,3
2021	25,6	94,3	3,7	3,1

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



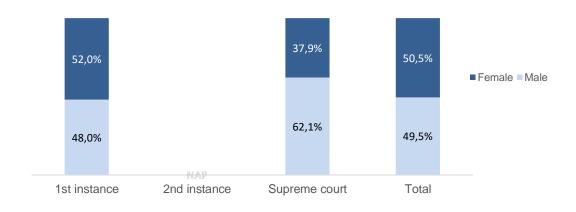
Public prosecutors

Distribution by 2021 Total Male Male Female Female instance 1st instance 556 89,4% 267 289 48,0% 52,0% 2nd instance NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP Supreme court 66 10,6% 41 25 62,1% 37,9% Total 622 308 314 49,5% 50,5%



Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender





In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 314, which represents 50,5% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 556 in first instance (of which 289 are Female); 66 are in final instance (of which 25 are females).

As regards the distribution of the number of prosecutors among the different judicial instances, it should be noticed that, after the reorganization of the prosecution service in 2011, 5 second instance prosecutors' offices were merged with 51 separate first instance prosecutor's office in their area of operation, and thus 5 regional first-second instance prosecutor's offices were established.

Public prosecutors

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2021	476	92	384

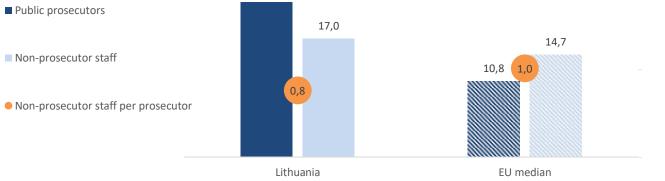
19% Non-prosecutor staff by gender Male Female 81%

Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Lithuania	EU median
Public prosecutors	22,2	10,8
Non-prosecutor staff	17,0	14,7
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,8	1,0

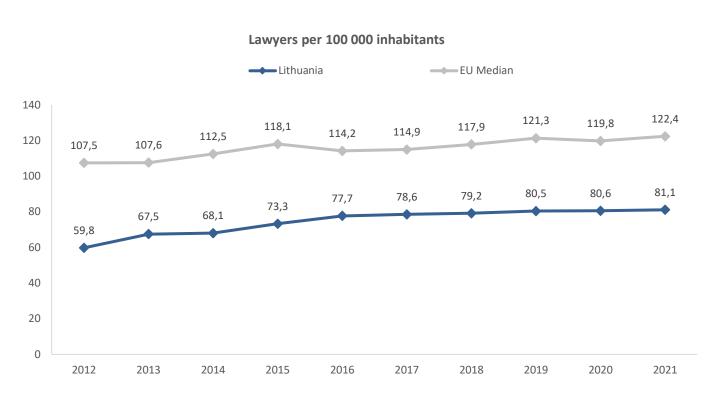
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

22,2



Lawyers

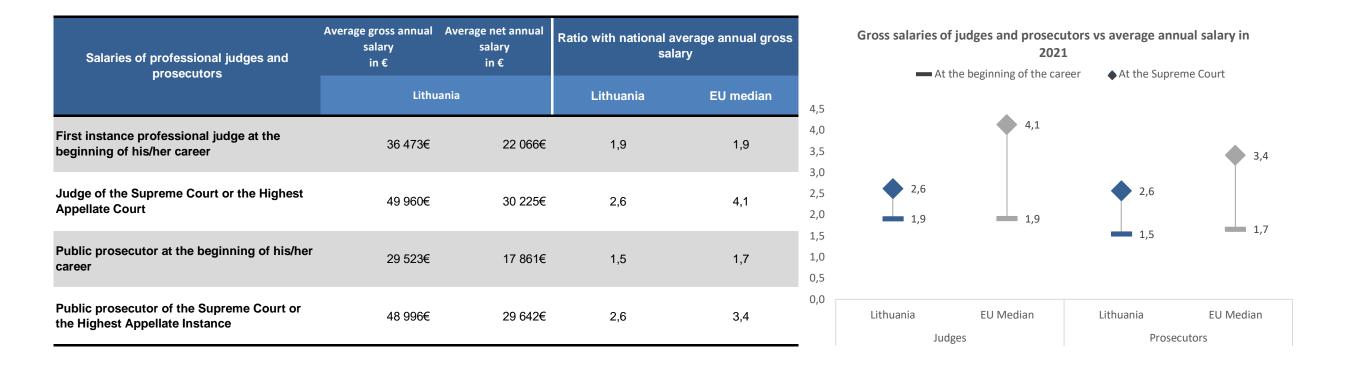
·	Absolute Number	Per 100 000	inhabitants
Lawyers	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	1 796	59,8	107,5
2013	1 988	67,5	107,6
2014	1 988	68,1	112,5
2015	2 117	73,3	118,1
2016	2 213	77,7	114,2
2017	2 207	78,6	114,9
2018	2 213	79,2	117,9
2019	2 248	80,5	121,3
2020	2 254	80,6	119,8
2021	2 277	81,1	122,4



In 2021, there are 2 277 lawyers, which is 1,0% more than in 2020. There are 874 female lawyers which is 38% of the total.

Lithuania has 81,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 122,4 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance



According to 2021 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Lithuania of 36 473€ is somewhat below when compared to the EU median of 52 534€. As a ratio with the annual average salary of the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is: 1,91 compared with EU median of : 1,91.

3. Legal aid and court fees in Lithuania (2021 data)

In Lithuania, legal aid is available for :

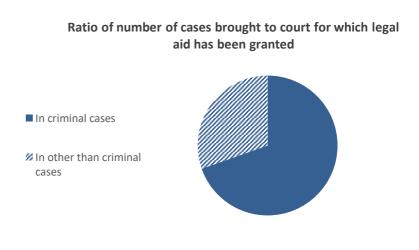
The costs of secondary legal aid cover the costs of the execution process (Article 2(1) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid). However, the costs incurred by the debtor in the execution process are not covered.

The costs of secondary legal aid from which the applicant is exempted are: litigation costs incurred in civil proceedings, the costs incurred in administrative proceedings, the costs related to the hearing of a civil action brought in a criminal matter, the costs related to defence and representation in court (including the appeal and cassation proceedings, irrespective of the initiator) as well as the costs of the execution process, the costs related to the drafting of procedural documents and collection of evidence, interpretation, representation in the event of preliminary extrajudicial consideration of a dispute, where such a procedure has been laid down by laws or by a court decision (Article 14(2) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid). The costs of state-guaranteed legal aid cover also the costs of interpretation of communication between the lawyer and the applicant where, in the cases provided for in treaties of the Republic of Lithuania, it is impossible to ensure that a person providing state-guaranteed legal aid communicates with the applicant in the language which the latter understands (Article 14(10) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid). Where the physical presence of an applicant is required by the law or by the court, the travel costs to be borne by an applicant are borne by the State-guaranteed legal aid

where the physical presence of an applicant is required by the law or by the court, the travel costs to be borne by an applicant are borne by the State-guaranteed legal aid service (Article 20(2) of the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid).

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Absolute number (in 2021)	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
Total	68 832	28 184	40 648
In criminal cases	NA	19 616	NA
In other than criminal cases	NA	8 568	NA



Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted per 100 000 inhabitants

EU Median

Number of cases for which legal aid has been granted Per 100 000 inhabitants (in 2021)	Lithuania	EU Median
Total	2 453,0	843,9

			000 innabitants
		Lithuania	
2 453,0)		

In criminal cases	NA	406,7		843,9	406,7	
In other than criminal cases	NA	323,9			NA	323,9 NA
			Total	I	In criminal cases	In other than criminal cases

The number provided for non-litigious cases or cases not brought to court indicates the number of matters when primary legal aid (legal information, legal advice, drafting of the documents to be submitted to State and municipal institutions, with the exception of procedural documents, advice on the out-of-court settlement of a dispute, actions for the amicable settlement of a dispute and drafting of a settlement agreement) was granted.

The number provided for cases not brought to court indicates the number of matters when primary legal aid was granted. The number for cases brought to court indicates the number of matters when secondary legal aid was granted. In total 28184 cases: 19616 criminal cases (18421 cases by decisions of a pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or the court when the presence of a lawyer is mandatory and 1195 cases by decisions of State-guaranteed legal aid service where the presence of a lawyer is not mandatory) and 8568 other cases by decisions of State-guaranteed legal aid service.

Timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid (in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final approval of the legal aid request)

 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulations: 	57
 Actual average duration: 	NA

According to the Law on State-guaranteed legal aid, primary legal aid must be provided as soon as the person applies to the municipality. If it is not possible to provide primary legal aid immediately, the applicant will be notified of the time available, which must be no later than 5 working days from the date of application.

Decisions on the provision of secondary legal aid shall be adopted by the SGLAS not later than within 7 working days from the date of receipt of the required documents and information. In cases when in the interests of the applicant the decision to grant secondary legal aid must be taken urgently, the decision shall be taken immediately, but not later than the date of the procedural step which requires lawyers assistance.

There is no timeframe for the decisions of pre-trial investigation officer, prosecutor or court on state guaranteed legal aid (when presence of lawyer is mandatory in criminal cases).

4. Performance of courts in Lithuania (2021 data)

• Efficiency indicators

• Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

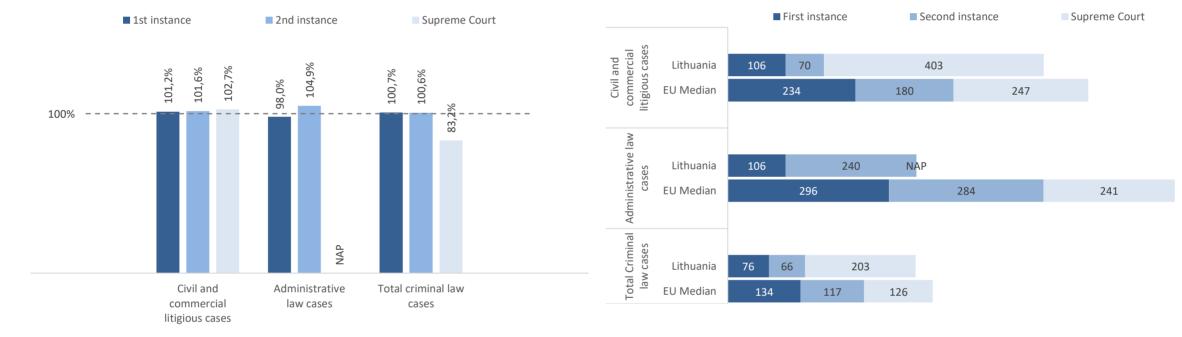
The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
	e matter	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
	1st instance	101,2%	102,5%	98,0%	101,7%	100,7%	100,0%
Clearance Rate (%)	2nd instance	101,6%	100,4%	104,9%	96,8%	100,6%	98,5%
	Supreme Court	102,7%	99,9%	NAP	100,4%	83,2%	98,3%
	1st instance	106	234	106	296	76	134
Disposition Time (days)	2nd instance	70	180	240	284	66	117
	Supreme Court	403	247	NAP	241	203	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2021 (%)

DispositionTime by instance and by matter in 2021 (days)



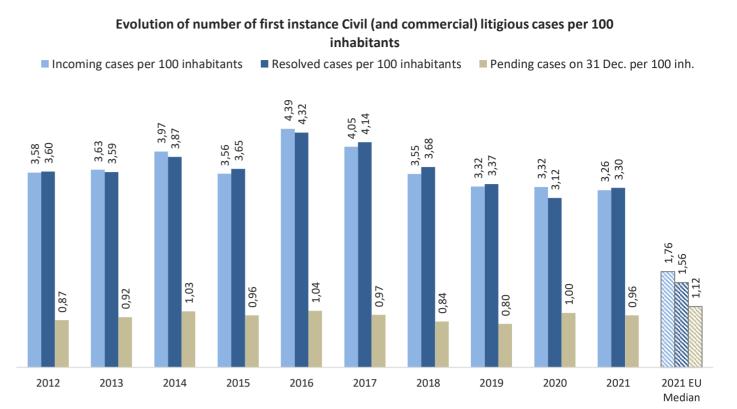
Analysing efficiency indicators for Lithuania, it could be concluded that total disposition times for all instances are at better levels than EU medians for all three categories of cases. Looking at the individual instances, only the third instance recorded less favourable disposition times than EU medians which might imply certain challenges in processing civil (and commercial) and criminal cases in the Supreme Court. Clearance rates are around 100% for all cases except criminal cases in the Supreme Court which might cause accumulation of backlogs and increased disposition times for this case category in the future.

In Lithuania, statistical data on case flow and their classification are made according to the specific regulations and are mainly based on the institutes of Civil, Criminal Codes and the codes of Civil and Criminal procedures, as well as the Code of Administrative Offences and the law on Administrative procedure. Therefore figures for some of the types of cases are unavailable because there is no such classification while making statistical reports. In respect of the variations that can be observed between figures provided for the different evaluation cycles and in the light of the above described peculiarity of the statistic system of Lithuania, it is noteworthy that cases the number of which is not available are included in other categories, i.e. "civil litigious", "civil non-litigious". Accordingly, the indicated totals are relevant. Second instance courts deal with some non-litigious cases, but their number is insignificant.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	3,58	3,60	0,87
2013	3,63	3,59	0,92
2014	3,97	3,87	1,03
2015	3,56	3,65	0,96
2016	4,39	4,32	1,04
2017	4,05	4,14	0,97
2018	3,55	3,68	0,84
2019	3,32	3,37	0,80
2020	3,32	3,12	1,00
2021	3,26	3,30	0,96
2021 EU Median	1,76	1,56	1,12



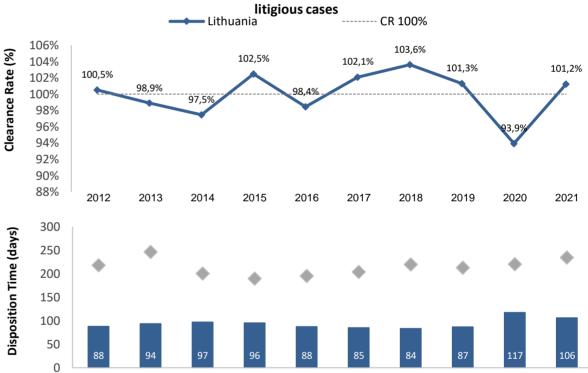
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Lithuania (3,26 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,76 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Lithuania (3,30 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (1,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Lithuania (0,96 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (1,12 per 100 inhabitants).

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition	Time (days)
Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	100,5%	100,4%	88	218
2013	98,9%	101,2%	94	247
2014	97,5%	101,8%	97	201
2015	102,5%	102,3%	96	190
2016	98,4%	102,0%	88	196
2017	102,1%	101,3%	85	204
2018	103,6%	101,2%	84	220
2019	101,3%	99,9%	87	213
2020	93,9%	98,5%	117	221
2021	101,2%	102,5%	106	234



Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Civil (and commercial)

2021 101,270 102,570 100 204

🔳 Lithuania

EU Median

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,2% in 2021, Lithuania seems to be able to deal with its civil and commercial litigious cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 7,3 points.

In 2021, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 106 days, which is significantly below EU median of 234 days.

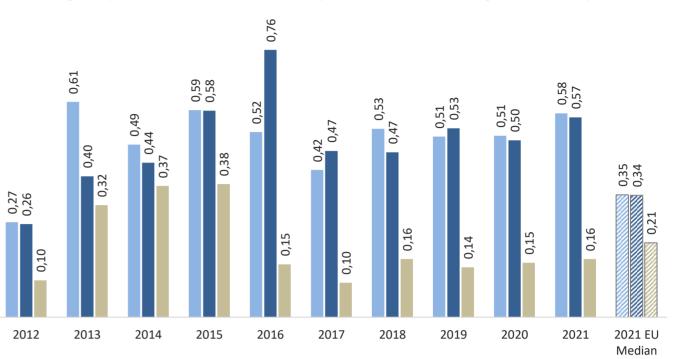
The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -9,7% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,27	0,26	0,10
2013	0,61	0,40	0,32
2014	0,49	0,44	0,37
2015	0,59	0,58	0,38
2016	0,52	0,76	0,15
2017	0,42	0,47	0,10
2018	0,53	0,47	0,16
2019	0,51	0,53	0,14
2020	0,51	0,50	0,15
2021	0,58	0,57	0,16
2021 EU Median	0,35	0,34	0,21

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



■ Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants ■ Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants ■ Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.

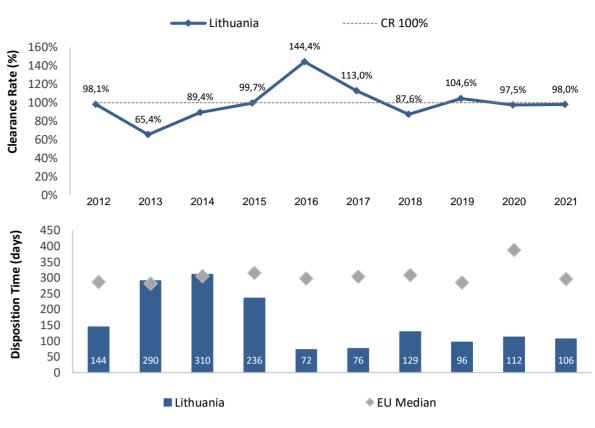
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Lithuania (0,58 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,35 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Lithuania (0,57 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2021 in Lithuania (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,21 per 100 inhabitants).

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance	Clearanc	e Rate (%)	Disposition Time (days)	
Administrative law cases	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median
2012	98,1%	101,0%	144	286
2013	65,4%	100,3%	290	281
2014	89,4%	99,6%	310	305
2015	99,7%	103,7%	236	315
2016	144,4%	103,0%	72	297
2017	113,0%	102,1%	76	303
2018	87,6%	99,7%	129	308
2019	104,6%	102,1%	96	284
2020	97,5%	100,1%	112	388
2021	98,0%	101,7%	106	296



Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 98% in 2020, Lithuania seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its administrative cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 0,5 points.

In 2021, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 106 days, which is significantly below EU median of 296 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -5,3% decrease of the Disposition Time.

On July 1 2021 the amendments to the Code of Administrative Misdemeanors entered into force, by which the cases of administrative offenses were transferred to be examined (except for the cases referred to in Article 614, paragraph 1, point 3) from district courts out of court to pre-trial institutions.

In 2021 in the district courts, there was a noticeable decrease in the number of civil cases examined by the first instance due to the bankruptcy of legal entities - 1,212 cases (1,624 in 2020, 2,787 in 2019). Compared to 2019, such cases decreased by more than half. It can be assumed that such a decrease in cases in this category could have been caused by the 2020 initiative adopted by the Council of Judges.

The impact of the consequences of the coronavirus (COVID-19) on Lithuania resulted in entering into force Law no. XIII-2861, which was temporary (until 31 December 2020), and suspension of the initiation of the insolvency process. It is noteworthy that out of 1212 civil cases on bankruptcy of legal entities, which were examined in 2021, the majority - 860 cases - were received by 2020.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	9,35	9,39	1,13
2013	10,08	9,81	1,43
2014	10,70	10,57	1,57
2015	11,13	11,18	1,53
2016	11,72	11,92	1,35
2017	9,52	9,71	1,18
2018	7,54	7,62	1,11
2019	7,18	7,26	1,02
2020	6,96	6,74	1,25
2021	6,56	6,63	1,18
2021 EU Median	6,56	6,63	2,82

Evolution of number of first instance Total other than criminal cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh. 11,72 11,92 11,13 11,18 10,70 10,57 10,08 9,81 9,52 9,71 9,35 9,39 7,54 7,62 7,18 7,26 6,96 6,74 6,56 6,63 6,56 6,63 1,57 L.43 .53 1,35 1,13 1,25 138 ,02 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2018 2019 2020 2017 2021 2021 EU Median

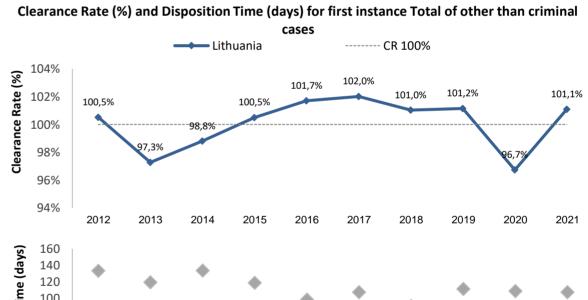
The number of incoming cases in 2021 in Lithuania (6,56 per 100 inhabitants) is at the level of EU median (6,56 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2021 in Lithuania (6,63 per 100 inhabitants) is at the level of EU median (6,63 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2021 in Lithuania (1,18 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,82 per 100 inhabitants).

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance	Clearanc	Clearance Rate (%)		Time (days)
Total other than criminal cases	Lithuania	Lithuania EU Median		EU Median
2012	100,5%	100,5%	44	133
2013	97,3%	100,7%	53	119
2014	98,8%	101,9%	54	133
2015	100,5%	101,0%	50	119
2016	101,7%	101,5%	41	98
2017	102,0%	100,6%	44	107
2018	101,0%	100,6%	53	91



2019	101,2%	99,8%	52	111	H 100 H 80		•	Ŧ	•		_	·
2020	96,7%	98,7%	68	109	60 40							
2021	101,1%	101,2%	65	107	5 20 44 0	53 54 50	41	44	53	52	68	65
					-	Lithuania		• E	U Median			

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,1% in 2021 Lithuania seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 4,4 points.

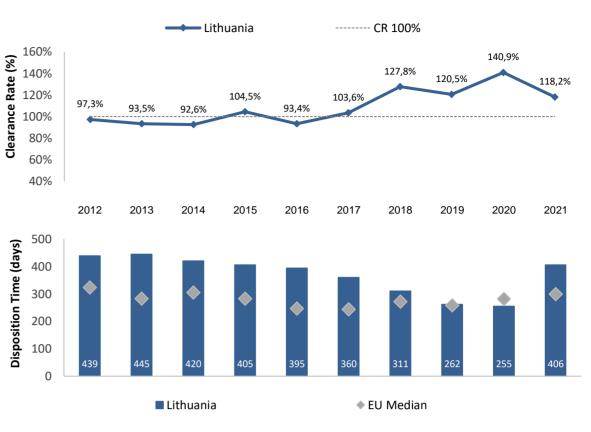
In 2021, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 65 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 107 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a -4,5% decrease of the Disposition Time.

Insolvency cases

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

	Clearance	e Rate (%)	Disposition Time (days)		
Insolvency cases	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median	
2012	97,3%	95,0%	439	323	
2013	93,5%	89,6%	445	282	
2014	92,6%	96,9%	420	304	
2015	104,5%	104,5%	405	282	
2016	93,4%	102,0%	395	246	
2017	103,6%	103,6%	360	243	
2018	127,8%	101,5%	311	271	
2019	120,5%	101,2%	262	258	
2020	140,9%	109,7%	255	281	
2021	118,2%	103,3%	406	299	



Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for Insolvency cases

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 118,2% in 2021 Lithuania seems to be well able to deal with its insolvency cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -22,7 points.

In 2021, insolvency cases are solved in approximately 406 days, which is somewhat above EU median of 299 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 59,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

The decrease in insolvency cases category could be due to the initiative of the Council of Judges adopted in 21 April 2020

entered into force in 25 April 2020. The impact of the consequences of the coronavirus (COVID-19) on Lithuania resulted in entering into force Law no. XIII-2861, which was temporary (until 31 December 2020), and suspension of the initiation of the insolvency process. It is noteworthy that out of 1212 civil cases on bankruptcy of legal entities, which had been examined in 2021, the majority - 860 cases - were received by 25 April 2020.

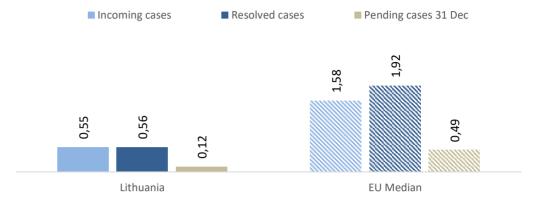
First instance Criminal Law Cases

• Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	3 353	15 516	15 627	3 242
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,12	0,55	0,56	0,12
Severe criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	NA	NA	NA





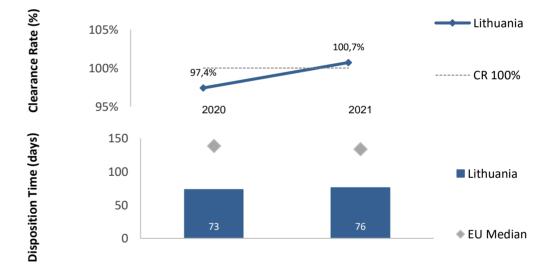
The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2021 in Lithuania (0,55 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,58 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2021 in Lithuania (0,56 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,92 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2021 in Lithuania (0,12 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (0,49 per 100 inhabitants).

• Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total	Clearance	e Rate (%)	Disposition	isposition Time (days)	
criminal law cases	Lithuania	EU Median	Lithuania	EU Median	
2020	97,4%	95,2%	73	139	
2021	100,7%	100,0%	76	134	



Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases

With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,7% in 2021 Lithuania seems to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2020 and 2021, the Clearance Rate has increased by 3,3 points.

In 2021, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 76 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2020 - 2021 period reveals a 3,8% increase of the Disposition Time.

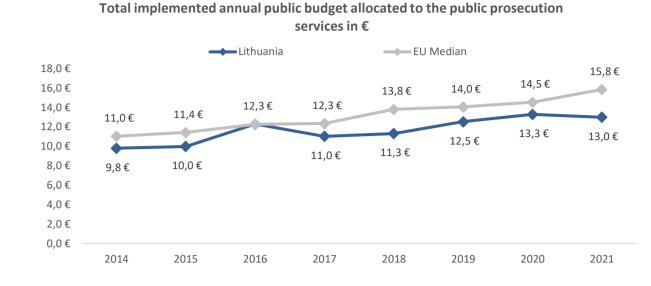
There is no separate statistical data allowing to distinguish between severe/minor/and other criminal cases. Neither the court information system is applied to this, nor the courts have obligation to provide the information on the seriousness of the crime. In the court information system offenses are described through the indication of an article (it does not show the severeness of a crime by itself).

5. Public prosecution services in Lithuania (2021 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant		
to the public prosecution services in €	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median	
2014	28 622 712 €	9,8€	11,0€	
2015	28 810 734 €	10,0€	11,4 €	
2016	34 948 538 €	12,3€	12,3€	
2017	30 980 453 €	11,0€	12,3€	
2018	31 607 079 €	11,3€	13,8 €	
2019	34 994 181 €	12,5€	14,0 €	
2020	37 129 523 €	13,3€	14,5€	
2021	36 451 943 €	13,0€	15,8 €	

Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant		
(included in the total)	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median	
2018	69 768 €	0,0€	0,018€	
2019	80 219 €	0,029€	0,029€	
2020	24 146€	0,009€	0,011€	
2021	30 220 €	0,011€	0,022€	



The National Audit Office of Lithuania carried out an audit on the investigation and prevention of cybercrime, which aims to contribute to the creation of a safe environment for society in cyberspace. The audit recommendations highlighted the need for the General Prosecutor's Office to pay more attention to the development of competences in the investigation of cybercrime, as the competences of specialised prosecutors are not sufficiently enhanced due to an insufficient and unsystematic education system and the lack of methodologies for the investigation of cybercrime. Due to the high cost of cybercrime training, an additional budget was requested and a small part of it was received.

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

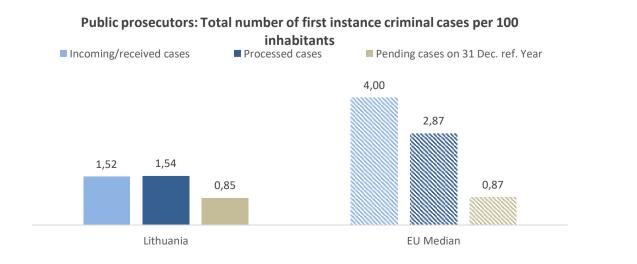
	Absolute N	umber *		Per 100 inha	abitants
Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Lithuania	% Var 2020 -		Lithuania	Eu Median
. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	23 200	-	-8,4%	0,83	0,8
2. Incoming/received cases	42 567	-	-8,2%	1,52	4,0
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	43 234	-	-15,0%	1,54	2,8
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	19 129	-	-22,3%	0,68	1,36
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	1 764	-	-65,2%	0,06	N
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	15 545	•	-9,1%	0,55	NA
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	1 820	-	-26,4%	0,06	NA
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP		NAP	NAP	N/
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP		NAP	NAP	0,10
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons	73	•	-73,9%	0,00	0,28
3.4. Cases brought to court	24 032	•	-7,4%	0,86	0,52
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	23 740		3,1%	0,85	0,87

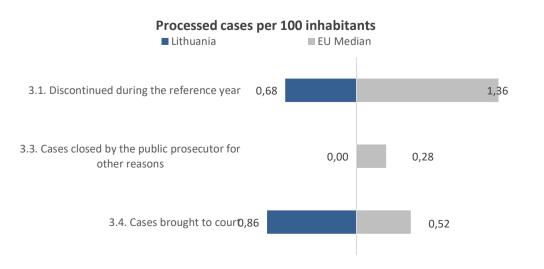
* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

The number of registered crimes is gradually decreasing since 2017 in Lithuania, and this also affects other numbers.

Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons: cases closed under Paragraph 3 Article 68 of the Criminal Procedure Code - when criminal act has been committed in the territory of the Republic of Lithuania by a citizen of a foreign country or other person who have subsequently left the Republic of Lithuania, the Prosecutor General's Office of the Republic of Lithuania may request foreign country to take over the criminal case. When criminal case is taken over by another country, the one in Lithuania is discontinued. The number of registered crimes is gradually decreasing since 2017 in Lithuania, and this affects number of incoming cases, processed cases, discontinued cases brought to court.

The reason for the non-compliance of the result of the formula used ((pending cases on 1 January 2020 + incoming cases) – processed cases = pending cases on 31 December 2020) is a result of different sources of data and their differing formulas for calculating some statistical indicators. Numbers of "Pending cases" and "Incoming cases" is taken from the national register, however number of "Processed cases" is taken from registers of the Lithuanian Prosecution Service.

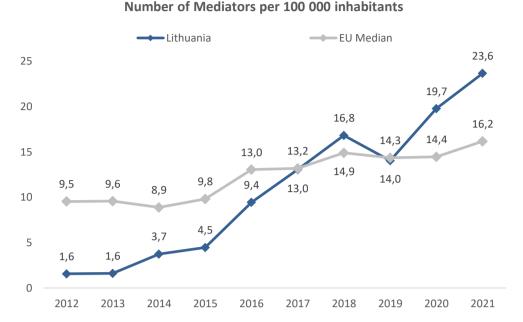




6. Existence and use of alternative dispute resolution in Lithuania (2021 data)

Number of mediators

Madiatara	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants		
Mediators	Lithuania	Lithuania	EU Median	
2012	47	1,6	9,5	
2013	47	1,6	9,6	
2014	109	3,7	8,9	
2015	129	4,5	9,8	
2016	269	9,4	13,0	
2017	366	13,0	13,2	
2018	469	16,8	14,9	
2019	392	14,0	14,3	
2020	552	19,7	14,4	
2021	663	23,6	16,2	



In 2021, there are 663 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 23,6 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation between 2020 and 2021 is about 20,1%.

On 29 June 2017, a new regulation for mediation and becoming mediator was adopted which entered into force from j January 2019. The amendments that have been made set new requirements to improve the quality of mediation services. Also, the establishment of mediation as a professional activity (with the exception of judicial mediation by judges) is approved, part of such activity is paid by state. These factors as well as the overall promotion of mediation in the country and the development of the application of mediation might have impact on the significant increase of the number of people that gained the status of mediator. Untill 1st January 2019, the National Couts Administration have been maintained the list of court mediators which included judges and other persons (not judges). Due to a change in legal regulation (from 1st January, 2019), National Courts Administration maintains only the list of Judges who have been granted the status of mediators (Article 5 (2) of the Law on Mediation of the Republic of Lithuania) and transmits this data to the State Garanteed Legal Aid Service. The latter maintains the common list of mediators and decides on the status of mediator for persons who are not judges. The mentioned list is published on the website of the The State Garanteed Legal Aid Service (Article 5 (6) of the Law on Mediation). It is to notice that court-related mediation in practice is more often executed by mediators judges however the mediators who are not judges are also allowed to mediate at this stage when they are appointed by the State Garanteed Legal Aid Service.

From 1 January 2021 all mediators registered in the list of mediators of the Republic of Lithuania have the right to conduct judicial mediation in both civil and administrative cases.

Number of court related mediations

Type of cases	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
All Cases	584	483	224

Civil and commercial	350	273	129
Family cases	210	180	80
Administrative	7	11	8
Employment dismissal	14	17	7
Criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP
Consumer cases	2	2	0

Family, labor and consumer cases are civil cases, so the number of cases in these respective categories is subtracted from the total number of civil cases.

7. ICT tools of courts in Lithuania (2021 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2021 can be summarised to :

Assistance tools		Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	
Writing assistance tools	Yes	100%	100%	100%	
Simple dictation tools		not available	not available	not available	
Multiple speakers recording tools	Yes	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	
Voice recognition feature		No	No	No	
Financial management tools		Deployment rate	Data consolidated at national level	System communi other ministries	cating with
Budgetary and financial management of courts		100%	Yes	Yes	
Justice expenses management		0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP	
Other		0% (NAP)	NAP	NAP	
Measurement tools to assess the workload		Deployment rate	Monitoring at national level	Monitoring at court level	Integrated with CMS
Judges		100%	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prosecutors	Yes	50-99%	No	Yes	No
Non-judge/non-prosecutor staff		0% (NAP)	-	-	-

Comments on writing assistance tools

Templates are prepared and stored in the Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) together with special tools for filling them with metadata. Also, templates are prepared in administrative offence and pretrial cases and are available in Lithuanian Courts Information System (LITEKO) and the Integrated Criminal Process Information System (IBPS).

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Lithuania (2021 data)

In Lithuania, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	\bigcirc	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	\bigcirc	Costs of the judicial procedures	\otimes
Number of resolved cases	\checkmark	Number of appeals	\otimes
Number of pending cases	\bigcirc	Appeal ratio	\otimes
Backlogs	\bigcirc	Clearance rate	
Productivity of judges and court staff	\bigcirc	Disposition time	\otimes
Satisfaction of court staff	\bigotimes	Other	\bigotimes

All of these data are recorded in the Lithuanian Court Information System (LITEKO), as well as other data, related to the case, it's process and the parties to the proceedings. In Lithuania, there is a system to regularly evaluate the court performance based primarily on defined indicators and the frequency of the reporting is annual.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each court.

The following indicators are used:

Number of incoming cases	•	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	
Length of proceedings (timeframes)		Costs of the judicial procedures	\otimes
Number of resolved cases		Number of appeals	
Number of pending cases		Appeal ratio	
Backlogs		Clearance rate	
Productivity of judges and court staff		Disposition time	
Satisfaction of court staff	\otimes	Other	\bigotimes

The evaluation of the courts' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the courts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	\bigcirc	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	⊗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)		Costs of the judicial procedures	\otimes
Number of resolved cases		Clearance rate	
Number of pending cases		Disposition time	\bigotimes
Backlogs		Percentage of convictions and aquittals	
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		Other	\otimes
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	\otimes		

In Lithuania, there is a system to evaluate regularly the activity of each public prosecution service and the reporting is more frequent than annual.

Chief prosecutors of the departments of the prosecutor's offices are regularly provided with monthly data based on basic indicators of the performance of public prosecution offices, every 3 months - with the larger scale of performance data.

Performance and quality indicators are defined for the activity of each public prosecution service.

The following indicators are used:	
------------------------------------	--

Number of incoming cases	8	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecutors)	⊗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)		Costs of the judicial procedures	\otimes
Number of resolved cases		Clearance rate	
Number of pending cases		Disposition time	\otimes
Backlogs		Percentage of convictions and acquittals	
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	\otimes	Other	\otimes
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	8		

The evaluation of the public prosecution services' activities is used for the later allocation of means in the public prosecution services.

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20)21) da t	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Q1 Number of inhabitants	3 003 641	2 943 472	2 921 262	2 888 558	2 847 904	2 808 901	2 794 184	2 794 090	2 795 680	2 805 998	-6,6%	0,4%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	11 025	11 707	12 381	12 780	13 468	14 796	16 158	17 333	17 510	19 760	79,2%	12,8%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	3	3	3	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
Indica	ator 1: Systen	ns for measu	ring and eva	aluating the	performance	e of courts a	nd prosecu	tion service	es			
(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-	·1, Q78-1, Q73	3, Q73-0, Q73	-1, Q73-2, Q	73-3, Q73-4,	Q73-5, Q73-	6, Q70, Q70-	1, Q71, Q72	, Q83-2, Q8	3-3, Q120 ar	nd Q120-1)		
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False		
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False		
77 Performance and quality indicators of court activities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
078.1.1 Number of incoming cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)							True	True	True	True		
078.1.3 Number of resolved cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.4 Number of pending cases							True	True	True	True		
078.1.5 Backlogs							True	True	True	True		
078.1.6 Productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True		
078.1.7 Satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False		
078.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True		
078.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False		
078.1.10 Number of appeals							False	True	True	True		
078.1.11 Appeal ratio							False	True	True	True		
078.1.12 Clearance rate							True	True	True	True		

	Lithua	nia		(2012-2021) data tables								
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitativ tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
078.1.13 Disposition time							False	True	True	True		
078.1.14 Other							False	False	False	False		
077-1.1.1 Defined performance and quality indicators									True	True		
078-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									False	False		
078-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True		
078-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True		
078-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True		
078-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True		
078-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False		
078-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False		
078-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False		
078-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True		
078-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False		
078-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and aquittals									True	True		
078-1.1.13 Other									False	False		
73 Regular system_evaluation_performance_each court	Yes	Yes	Yes	s Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.1 Annual					True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-0.1.2 Less frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		
073-0.1.3 More frequent					False	False	False	False	False	False		

			(2012-20)21) da t	ta tables							
Question	2012	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2049	2010	2020	2024		r quantitative stions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
073-1.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the court			Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.1 Courses of action taken in the evaluation is used for the allocation of resources							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency							True	True	True	True		
073-2.1.4 Other							False	False	False	False		
073-3.1.1 Regular evaluation of the public prosecution services performance									True	True		
073-4.1.1 Annual									False	False		
073-4.1.2 Less frequent									False	False		
073-4.1.3 More frequent									True	True		
073-5.1.1 Evaluation used for the allocation of resources within the public prosecution services									True	True		
073-6.1.1 Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance									True	True		
073-6.1.2 Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)									True	True		
073-6.1.3 Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency									True	True		
073-6.1.4 Other									False	False		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True		
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True		
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	True	True	True		

	Lithuania											(2012-2021) data tables								
Quantian	2042	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	204.9	2010	2020	2024		r quantitative tions								
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021								
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False										
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True										
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False										
070.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	False										
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False										
070.1.12 clearance rate							True	True	True	True										
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True										
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True										
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True										
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True										
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True										
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True										
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False										
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False										
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False										
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									True	True										
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	False										
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and aquittals									True	True										
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False										
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True										

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	True		
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance tagets defined for each prosecutors									False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									True	True		
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False	False		
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True	True		
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False	False		
			Indicator	2: The judic	ial organisa	tion						
				(Q42, Q43 ar	nd Q44)							
Q42.1.1Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	22		0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	19	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	59	54	54	54	54	54	17	17	· 17	12	-79,7%	-29,4%

	Indicator 2: The judicial organisation												
	(Q42, Q43 and Q44)												
Q42.1.1Total number of all courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	59	54	54	54	54	54	17	17					
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					

6

6

0,0%

	Lithuania											
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
wu65tion	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	0,0%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	-60,0%	0,0%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-

Lithuania										(2012-2021) data tables					
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions				
	2012		2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021								
43.2.5 Family courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-			
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-			
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-			
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-			
43.2.9 Internet related disputes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-			
43.2.10 Administrative courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1		0,0%			
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-			
43.2.12 Military courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-			
43.2.13 Juvenile courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-			
43.2.14 Other specialised courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-				
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	59	-	0,0%			
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	67	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	-7,5%	0,0%			

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings												
	First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)											
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	35 363	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	33 101	30 934				
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 545	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	27 167	23 582				
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 941	1 041	870	1 862	1 720	1 144				
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 461	1 079	1 765	729	410	867	1 301	721				
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA				

28 622	34 997	-1,0%	22,3%
22 385	28 015	5,5%	25,2%
964	881	-	-8,6%
566	487	-66,7%	-14,0%
NA	NA	-	

	(2012-2021) data tables											
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
									2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases		-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	176	312	460	995	419	423	398	394	-	-1,0%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	2 974	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	2 748	4 599	3 943	4 302	44,7%	9,1%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	4 383	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	2 800	1 466	1 609	1 330	1 799	-59,0%	35,3%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	280 708	296 795	312 570	321 474	333 886	267 278	210 779	200 534	194 686	184 008	-34,4%	-5,5%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	107 559	106 890	115 932	102 793	124 885	113 871	99 292	92 883	92 723	91 411	-15,0%	-1,4%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	91 549	103 334	108 033	110 043	71 599	66 772	64 005	58 482	-	-8,6%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	77 669	84 829	82 707	90 640	81 613	80 626	63 208	59 748	58 023	53 508	-31,1%	-7,8%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 842	12 694	26 420	29 417	8 391	7 024	5 982	4 974	-	-16,9%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	8 068	17 932	14 276	16 923	14 917	11 699	14 899	14 273	14 353	16 194	100,7%	12,8%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	87 412	87 144	90 813	98 424	86 051	31 665	24 989	26 606	23 605	17 921	-79,5%	-24,1%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	282 163	288 718	308 820	323 062	339 558	272 652	212 946	202 846	188 311	186 003	-34,1%	-1,2%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	108 099	105 698	112 980	105 347	122 937	116 247	102 877	94 080	87 093	92 543	-14,4%	6,3%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	92 449	103 505	107 041	110 185	72 175	66 952	64 088	58 566	-	-8,6%

	(2012-2021) data tables											
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
	2012								2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	78 051	83 967	83 743	90 959	81 156	80 192	63 788	59 903	58 102	53 566	-31,4%	-7,8%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases	-	-	8 706	12 546	25 885	29 993	8 387	7 049	5 986	5 000	-	-16,5%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	7 914	11 728	12 763	16 875	21 540	13 221	13 048	14 929	13 994	15 874	100,6%	13,4%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	88 099	87 325	90 628	97 335	88 040	32 999	24 846	26 885	23 136	19 020	-78,4%	-17,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	33 908	41 985	45 735	44 147	38 475	33 101	30 934	28 622	34 997	33 002	-2,7%	-5,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	26 005	27 197	30 149	27 595	29 543	27 167	23 582	22 385	28 015	26 883	3,4%	-4,0%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	1 041	870	1 862	1 720	1 144	964	881	797	-	-9,5%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	1 079	1 941	729	410	867	1 301	721	566	487	429	-60,2%	-11,9%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases	-	-	312	460	995	419	423	398	394	368	-	-6,6%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	3 128	9 332	10 845	10 893	4 270	2 748	4 599	3 943	4 302	4 622	47,8%	7,4%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	3 696	3 515	3 700	4 789	2 800	1 466	1 609	1 330	1 799	700	-81,1%	-61,1%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20)21) da t	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quest	-
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Table 3.2.1.1 to 3	.2.1.2 (all year	rs) First inst	ance courts	: Clearance r	ate and disp	osition time	e for other t	nan crimina	l cases (Q9 ⁴	I)	·	
Table 3.3.4 to	o 3.3.7 Variatio	on of Cleare	ence Rate an	d Dispositio	n Time of fir	st instance o	other than c	riminal cas	es (Q91)			
Table 3.13.1 (EC) to 3.13.6 (EC	c) First insta	nce courts:	Disposition	time and cle	arance rate f	for other the	an criminal	cases (Q91)		
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,5%	97,3%	98,8%	100,5%	101,7%	102,0%	101,0%	101,2%	96,7%	101,1%	0,57	4,36
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	100,5%	98,9%	97,5%	102,5%	98,4%	102,1%	103,6%	101,3%	93,9%	101,2%	0,74	7,31
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	101,0%	100,2%	99,1%	100,1%	100,8%	100,3%	100,1%	100,1%	-	0,01
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	99,0%	101,3%	100,4%	99,4%	99,5%	100,9%	100,3%	100,1%	100,1%	(0,38)	(0,03)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)		-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	98,5%	98,8%	98,0%	102,0%	100,0%	100,4%	100,1%	100,5%	-	0,46
CR Administrative law cases	98,1%	65,4%	89,4%	99,7%	144,4%	113,0%	87,6%	104,6%	97,5%	98,0%	(0,07)	0,53
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	100,8%	100,2%	99,8%	98,9%	102,3%	104,2%	99,4%	101,0%	98,0%	106,1%	5,35	8,12
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	44	53	54	50	41	44	53	52	68	65	47,6%	-4,5%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	88	94	97	96	88	85	84	87	117	106	20,8%	-9,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	4	3	6	6	6	5	5	5	-	-1,0%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	5	8	3	2	4	6	4	3	3	3	-42,1%	-4,5%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-

	Lithua	nia							(2012-2	021) da	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	^r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	13	13	14	5	18	21	24	27	-	11,8%
DT Administrative law cases	144	290	310	236	72	76	129	96	112	106	-26,3%	-5,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	15	15	15	18	12	16	24	18	28	13	-12,3%	-52,7%

	Firs	t instance c	ourts, numbe	er of cases f	or specific c	ase categori	ies (Q101)		
101.1.1 Pending cases on 1 JanLitigious divorce case	946	867	698	560	784	584	765	709	
101.1.2 Pending cases on 1 JanEmployment dismissal case	146	122	132	85	84	84	53	70	
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanInsolvency	4 253	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	4 936	3 931	3
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanRobbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.1.3 Pending cases on 1 JanIntentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
101.2.1 Incoming cases_Litigious divorce case	8 196	8 192	8 034	8 164	7 457	7 711	7 787	7 705	7
101.2.2 Incoming cases_Employment dismissal case	453	429	308	273	264	267	195	145	
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Insolvency	3 717	4 051	4 656	4 114	5 058	4 836	3 609	3 674	2
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Robbery cases	-	-		-	-	-		-	
101.2.3 Incoming cases_Intentional homicide	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
101.3.1 Resolved cases_Litigious divorce case	8 275	8 361	8 172	7 940	7 657	7 530	7 843	7 832	7
101.3.2 Resolved cases_Employment dismissal case	477	419	355	274	264	298	178	164	
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Insolvency	3 618	3 788	4 311	4 299	4 725	5 008	4 614	4 427	3

582	403	-57,4%	-30,8%
51	68	-53,4%	33,3%
3 178	2 245	-47,2%	-29,4%
96	108	-	12,5%
60	69	-	15,0%
7 378	7 678	-6,3%	4,1%
178	163	-64,0%	-8,4%
2 282	1 500	-59,6%	-34,3%
257	170	-	-33,9%
108	96	-	-11,1%
7 557	7 599	-8,2%	0,6%
161	164	-65,6%	1,9%
3 215	1 773	-51,0%	-44,9%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) da [.]	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Robbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	245	194	-	-20,8%
101.3.3 Resolved cases_Intentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	95	-	-4,0%
101.4.1 Pending cases on 31 DecLitigious divorce case	867	698	560	784	584	765	709	582	403	482	-44,4%	19,6%
101.4.2 Pending cases on 31 DecEmployment dismissal case	122	132	85	84	84	53	70	51	68	67	-45,1%	-1,5%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecInsolvency	4 352	4 615	4 960	4 775	5 108	4 936	3 931	3 178	2 245	1 972	-54,7%	-12,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecRobbery cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	108	84	-	-22,2%
101.4.3 Pending cases on 31 DecIntentional homicide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	70	-	1,4%

First instance courts: Clearance rate and disposition time for specific case categories (Q101)														
CR Litigious divorce cases	101,0%	102,1%	101,7%	97,3%	102,7%	97,7%	100,7%	101,6%	102,4%	99,0%	(1,99)	(3,46)		
CR Employment dismissal cases	105,3%	97,7%	115,3%	100,4%	100,0%	111,6%	91,3%	113,1%	90,4%	100,6%	(4,68)	10,16		
CR Insolvency cases	97,3%	93,5%	92,6%	104,5%	93,4%	103,6%	127,8%	120,5%	140,9%	118,2%	20,86	(22,69)		
DT Litigious divorce cases	38	30	25	36	28	37	33	27	19	23	-39,5%	18,9%		
DT Employment dismissal cases	93	115	87	112	116	65	144	114	154	149	59,7%	-3,3%		
DT Insolvency cases	439	445	420	405	395	360	311	262	255	406	-7,5%	59,3%		
		Seco	nd instance	other than c	riminal case	es (Q97)								
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 426	6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990	7 320	5 405	-	-26,2%		
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			4 303	3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917	3 305	2 152	-	-34,9%		
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-		

				()		
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	6 426	6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	4 303	3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) dat	a tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases			1 656	2 010	3 119	3 385	3 692	3 888	3 839	3 104	-	-19,1%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases			467	414	450	326	183	185	176	149	-	-15,3%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 545	25 440	23 053	20 648	18 336	17 082	15 742	16 448	-	4,5%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			14 687	14 992	14 605	13 943	12 498	11 463	10 788	10 171	-	-5,7%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			3 948	5 635	4 457	4 138	3 877	3 683	3 286	4 207	-	28,0%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases			4 910	4 813	3 991	2 567	1 961	1 936	1 668	2 070	-	24,1%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			23 552	24 077	22 994	19 869	18 966	17 752	17 657	16 785	-	-4,9%

	Lithua	nia					(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables			
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			14 995	14 774	14 688	13 328	13 326	12 075	11 941	10 330	-	-13,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			3 594	4 526	4 191	3 831	NA	3 732	4 021	4 413	-	9,7%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases			4 963	4 777	4 115	2 710	1 959	1 945	1 695	2 042	-	20,5%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			6 419	7 782	7 841	8 620	7 990	7 320	5 405	5 068	-	-6,2%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			3 995	4 213	4 130	4 745	3 917	3 305	2 152	1 993	-	-7,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			2 010	3 119	3 385	3 692	NA	3 839	3 104	2 898	-	-6,6%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-2	021) da [.]	ta tables	
Questian	2012	2042	2014	2045	2010	2047	204.0	2040	2020	2024	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases			414	450	326	183	185	176	149	177	-	18,8%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	29	28	47	26	37	30	-	-18,9%
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	18	19	22	13	15	12	-	-20,0%
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	11	9	25	13	2	18	-	800,0%

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)														
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			100,0%	94,6%	99,7%	96,2%	103,4%	103,9%	112,2%	102,0%	-	(10,12)		
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			102,1%	98,5%	100,6%	95,6%	106,6%	105,3%	110,7%	101,6%	-	(9,12)		
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-		
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-		
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
CR Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-		
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-		
CR Administrative law cases			91,0%	80,3%	94,0%	92,6%	NA	101,3%	122,4%	104,9%	-	(17,47)		
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			101,1%	99,3%	103,1%	105,6%	99,9%	100,5%	101,6%	98,6%	-	(2,97)		
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			99	118	124	158	154	151	112	110	-	-1,4%		
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			97	104	103	130	107	100	66	70	-	7,1%		
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	-	-		

	Lithua	nia							(2012
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	
DT Administrative law cases			204	252	295	352	NA	375	
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			30	34	29	25	34	33	

	Supr	reme courts'	other than o	riminal law o	cases (Q99)		
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)		315	439	281	298	321	250
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases		293	403	252	278	292	226
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)		NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases		NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)		NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases		NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases		NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases		NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases		NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases		NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP

2-2021) data tables

20	2021	Variations for ques	
20	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	-
NA	NA	-	-
282	240	-	-14,9%
32	32	-	-1,4%
328	408	-	24,4%
307	389	-	26,7%
NAP	NAP		
NAP	NAP		
NAP	NAP		
NAP	NAP	-	
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	NAP	-	

			451476447335-25,1%IAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAPNAPIAPNAPNAP									
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2010	2020	2024		-
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			22	36	29	20	29	24	21	19	-	-9,5%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			820	690	709	634	572	585	546	454	-	-16,8%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			659	543	576	502	451	476	447	335	-	-25,1%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			161	147	133	132	121	109	99	119	-	20,2%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			696	848	692	611	643	507	466	431	-	-7,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			549	694	550	488	517	395	365	344	-	-5,8%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

	Lithuania										ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative stions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			147	154	142	123	126	112	101	87	-	-13,9%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			439	252	298	321	250	328	408	431	-	5,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			403	252	278	292	226	307	389	380	-	-2,3%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non- litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			36	29	20	29	24	21	19	51	-	168,4%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)			-	-	-	5	1	-	3	2	-	-33,3%
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			-	-	-	5	1	-	3	2	-	-33,3%
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases			-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
	Clearance ra	te and dispo	osition time fo	or Supreme o	courts' other	r than crimin	al law cases	s (Q97)				
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			84,9%	122,9%	97,6%	96,4%	112,4%	86,7%	85,3%	94,9%	-	9,59
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			83,3%	127,8%	95,5%	97,2%	114,6%	83,0%	81,7%	102,7%	-	21,03

	Clearance ra	ite and dispo	osition time f	or Supreme	courts' othe	r than crimir	nal law case	es (Q97)
CR Total of other than criminal law cases			84,9%	122,9%	97,6%	96,4%	112,4%	86,7%
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			83,3%	127,8%	95,5%	97,2%	114,6%	83,0%

	Lithua	nia				$17 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} 10^{10} $						
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			91,3%	104,8%	106,8%	93,2%	104,1%	102,8%	102,0%	73,1%	-	(28,91)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases			230	108	157	192	142	236	320	365	-	14,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases			268	133	184	218	160	284	389	403	-	3,6%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases			NA	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)			89	69	51	86	70	68	69	214	-	211,6%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
			First insta	ince crimina	l law cases ((Q94)						
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									2 907	3 353	-	15,3%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									17 225	15 516	-	-9,9%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									16 779	15 627	-	-6,9%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									3 353	3 242	-	-3,3%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									208	227	-	9,1%
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
	Clear	ance rate a	nd dispositio	on time for fi	rst instance	criminal law	cases (Q94	.)				
CR of Total									97,4%	100,7%	-	3,3
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									73	76	-	3,8%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
			Second ins	stance crimir	nal law case	s (Q98)						
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									759	807	-	6,3%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									4 466	4 276	-	-4,3%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20)21) da t	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA		-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									4 418	4 301	-	-2,6%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									807	782	-	-3,1%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									7	16	-	128,6%
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	-	-
	Cleara	nce rate and	disposition	time for sec	ond instanc	ce criminal la	w cases (Q	98)				
CR of Total									98,9%	100,6%	-	1,68
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									67	66	-	-0,5%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
			Supreme co	urts' crimina	al law cases	(Q100)						
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									93	89	-	-4,3%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming									261	303	-	16,1%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved									265	252	-	-4,9%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									86	140	-	62,8%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	-	-

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20)21) dat	a tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021 ·	Variations for ques	r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									-	-	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NAP	NAP	-	-
	Clearar	nce rate and	disposition	time for sup	reme courts	' criminal lav	w cases (Q1	00)				
CR of Total									101,5%	83,2%	-	(18,36)
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total									118	203	-	71,2%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	-	-
			Indicator 4	4: Public pro	secution se	rvices						
			(Q107, Q107-	1, Q109)							
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									25 339	23 200	-	-8,4%
2. Incoming/received cases									46 361	42 567	-	-8,2%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									50 855	43 234	-	-15,0%
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									24 632	19 129	-	-22,3%

	Lithuania										CO19 Co19 Variations for quantitative quastitative quastitatitative quastitatitative quastitative quastitative quas		
Questian	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2040	2020	2024			
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021	
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									5 066	1 764	-	-65,2%	
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									17 092	15 545	-	-9,1%	
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									2 474	1 820	-	-26,4%	
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NAP	NAP	-	-	
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	-	-	
3.3. Cases closed by the public prosecutor for other reasons									280	73	-	-73,9%	
3.4. Cases brought to court									25 943	24 032	-	-7,4%	
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									23 035	23 740	-	3,1%	
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,10	0,93	-	-15,0%	
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,50	0,51	-	3,1%	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									16 672	14 365	-	-13,8%	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									16 672	14 365	-	-13,8%	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-	

		(2012-2021) data tables										
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
QUESCION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
		E	Budget of pu	blic prosecu	tion service	s (Q13)						
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	26 101 135	25 428 485	28 563 485	28 810 734	34 962 778	31 042 246	31 620 164	35 043 782	37 323 466	36 818 727	41,1%	-1,35%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	28 622 712	28 810 734	34 948 538	30 980 453	31 607 079	34 994 181	37 129 523	36 451 943	-	-1,82%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-		-	69 769	80 221	25 158	30 223	-	20,13%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-		69 768	80 219	24 146	30 220	-	25,16%

	Indicator 5: Access to justice									
	Legal aid									
	(Q16, Q18, Q19, Q20, Q20-1)									
16.1.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True		
16.1.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True		
16.2.1 Legal aid applies to representation in court (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True		
16.2.2 Legal aid applies to legal advice (other than criminal cases)	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True		

True	True
True	True
True	True
True	True

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
18.1.1 Legal aid for the enforcement of judicial decisions					True	True	True	True	True	True		
19.1.1 Legal aid granted for other costs - criminal cases									True	True		
19.1.2 Legal aid granted for other costs - other than criminal cases									True	True		
020.1.1 Total									76 914	68 832	-	(0,11)
020.1.2 Total - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.1.3 Total - other than criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.2.1 Total brought to court									36 544	28 184	-	(0,23)
020.2.2 Broight to court - criminal cases									27 442	19 616	-	(0,29)
020.2.3 Brought to court - other then criminal									9 102	8 568	-	(0,06)
020.3.1 Total not brought to court									40 370	40 648	-	0,01
020.3.2 Not broight to court - criminal cases									NA	NA	-	-
020.3.3 Not brought to court - other then criminal									NA	NA	-	-
020-1.1.1 Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation									5	57	-	10,40
020-1.1.2 Average duration									NA	NA	-	-
			Syster	n for compe	nsating user	S						
				(Q37))							
037.1.1 Requests for compensation - Total									78	73	-	-6,4%
037.1.2 Requests for compensation - Excessive length of proceedings									22	20	-	-9,1%
037.1.3 Requests for compensation - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-
037.1.4 Requests for compensation - Wrongful arrest									25	14	-	-44,0%

	Lithuania									(2012-2021) data tables					
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	19 2020	2021		r quantitative tions			
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021			
037.1.5 Requests for compensation - Wrongful conviction									12	17	-	41,7%			
037.1.6 Requests for compensation - Other									19	22	-	15,8%			
037.2.1 Condemnations - Total									35	47	-	34,3%			
037.2.2 Condemnations - Excessive length of proceedings									6	16	-	166,7%			
037.2.3 Condemnations - Non-execution of court decisions									2	-	-	-			
037.2.4 Condemnations - Wrongful arrest									15	10	-	-33,3%			
037.2.5 Condemnations - Wrongful conviction									8	11	-	37,5%			
037.2.6 Condemnations - Other									4	10	-	150,0%			
037.3.1 Amount - Total									26 705 £	133 818 £	-	401,1%			
037.3.2 Amount - Excessive length of proceedings									6 000 £	13 106 £	-	118,4%			
037.3.3 Amount - Non-execution of court decisions									-	-	-	-			
037.3.4 Amount - Wrongful arrest									5 690 £	42 000 £	-	638,1%			
037.3.5 Amount - Wrongful conviction									14 050 £	22 499 £	-	60,1%			
037.3.6 Amount - Other									966 £	56 213 £	-	5719,2%			
		Indica	ntor 6: Th <u>e I(</u>	CT tools <u>of c</u>	ourts and fo	or court users	S								

(0	262-7.	Q62-7-1,	Q62-8,	Q62-8-1,	Q63-6,	Q63-7,	Q63-7-1)	
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62-7 Writing assistance tools coordinated at national level				True	True
62-7-1.1 Deployment rate in civil matter				100%	100%
62-7-1.2 Deployment rate in criminal matter				100%	100%

True	True
100%	100%
100%	100%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-2	021) da [:]	ta tables	
Question	2042	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	204.9	2040	2020	2024	Variations fo ques	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
62-7-1.3 Deployment rate in administrative matter							100%	100%	100%	100%		
62-8 Voice recording tools							True	True	True	True		
62-8-1.1.1 Availability of simple dictation tools in civil matter							NA	NA	not available for this matter	In some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.1.2 Availability of simple dictation tools in criminal matter							NA	NA	not avalianie	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.1.3 Availability of simple dictation tools in administrative matter							NA	NA	not avalianie	in some courts / some pilot phases		
62-8-1.2.1 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in civil matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.2 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in criminal matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.2.3 Availability of multiple speakers recording tools in administrative matter							in all courts	in all courts	in all courts	in all courts		
62-8-1.3.1 Availability of voice recognition in civil matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.2 Availability of voice recognition in criminal matter							No	No	No	No		
62-8-1.3.3 Availability of voice recognition in administrative matter							No	No	No	No		
063-6.1.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (deployment rate)							- 100%	100%	100%	100%		
063-6.1.2 Justice expenses management (deployment rate)							- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.1.3 Other financial management tools (deployment rate)						-	- 0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)		
063-6.2.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (Data consolidated at national level)							- True	True	True	True		
063-6.2.2 Justice expenses management (Data consolidated at national level)						-	- False	False	False	NAP		
063-6.2.3 Other financial management tools (Data consolidated at national level)							- False	False	False	NAP		
063-6.3.1 Budgetary and financial management of courts (System communicating with other ministries)							- True	True	True	True		
063-6.3.2 Justice expenses management (System communicating with other ministries)							- False	False	False	NAP		
063-6.3.3 Other financial management tools (System communicating with other ministries)						-	- False	False	False	NAP		

Lithuania								(2012-2021) data tables						
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		r quantitative tions		
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021		
63-7.1 Measurement tools to assess the workload							True	True	True	True				
63-7-1.1.1 Deployment rate - workload of judges							100%	100%	100%	100%				
63-7-1.1.2 Deployment rate - workload of prosecutors							50-99%	50-99%	50-99%	50-99%				
63-7-1.1.3 Deployment rate - workload of non-judge and non- prosecutor staff							0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)	0% (NAP)				
63-7-1.2.1 Monitoring on national level - judges							True	False	False	False				
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - prosecutors							False	True	True	True				
63-7-1.2.2 Monitoring on national level - non-judge and non- prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False				
63-7-1.3.1 Monitoring on court level - judges							False	False	False	False				
63-7-1.3.2 Monitoring on court level - prosecutors							False	False	False	False				
63-7-1.3.3 Monitoring on court level - non-judge and non-prosecutor staff							False	False	False	False				

	Indicator 7: Professionals of justice										
	(Q46,	, Q46-2, Q52,	Q52-1, Q55,	Q60, Q4, Q1	32, Q133, Q1	44, Q145, Q	146)				
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	768	772	754	762	778	767	758	750			
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	684	691	671	679	692	686	676	667			
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	51	48	49	48	51	48	49	50			
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	33	33	34	35	35	33	33	33			
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	315	312	297	291	298	291	284	268			
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	259	261	246	240	245	242	235	220			
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	31	27	27	27	29	28	29	29			

740	718	-6,5%	-3,0%
662	643	-6,0%	-2,9%
48	45	-11,8%	-6,3%
30	30	-9,1%	0,0%
259	255	-19,0%	-1,5%
216	213	-17,8%	-1,4%
26	25	-19,4%	-3,8%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
wuestion	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	25	24	24	24	24	21	20	19	17	17	-32,0%	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	453	460	457	471	480	476	474	482	481	463	2,2%	-3,7%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	425	430	425	439	447	444	441	447	446	430	1,2%	-3,6%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	20	21	22	21	22	20	20	21	22	20	0,0%	-9,1%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	8	9	10	11	11	12	13	14	13	13	62,5%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	740	718	-	-3,0%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	662	643	-	-2,9%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	45	-	-6,3%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30	-	0,0%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	64	-	3,2%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	43	-	0,0%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	21	-	10,5%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) dat	a tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	2 619	2 602	2 608	2 729	2 740	2 722	2 664	2 684	2 709	2 646	1,0%	-2,3%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	1 348	1 358	1 369	1 475	1 526	1 505	1 451	1 467	1 485	1 432	6,2%	-3,6%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	776	733	801	816	855	871	849	861	873	868	11,9%	-0,6%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	425	428	353	350	272	259	280	270	265	263	-38,1%	-0,8%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	70	83	85	88	87	87	84	86	86	83	18,6%	-3,5%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	376	343	NA	NA	-	-						
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	105	102	NA	NA	-	-						
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	111	43	NA	NA	-	-						
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	157	195	NA	NA	-	-						
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	70	3	NA	NA	-	-						
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	2 243	2 259	NA	NA	-	-						
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	1 243	1 256	NA	NA	-	-						

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) da	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
Guestion	2012	2010	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	665	690	NA	NA	-	-						
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	268	233	NA	NA	-	-						
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	80	NA	NA	-	-						
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									2 709	2 646	-	-2,3%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 916	1 864	-	-2,7%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									701	690	-	-1,6%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									92	92	-	0,0%
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	-	-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									644	622	-	-3,4%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									576	556	-	-3,5%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									68	66	-	-2,9%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									315	308	-	-2,2%

	Lithua	nia							(2012-2	021) dai	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									274	267	-	-2,6%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									41	41	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									329	314	-	-4,6%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									302	289	-	-4,3%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									NAP	NAP	-	-
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									27	25	-	-7,4%
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total									585	476	-	-18,6%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males									165	92	-	-44,2%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females									420	384	-	-8,6%
004 Annual average salary in the country									17 143 £	19 084 £	-	11,3%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € -Professional judge at the beginning of career									36 267 £	36 473 £	-	0,6%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € -Judge of the Supreme Court									49 698 £	49 960 £	-	0,5%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									29 357 £	29 523 £	-	0,6%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € -Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									47 038 £	48 996 £	-	4,2%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career									21 941 £	22 066 £	-	0,6%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court									30 067 £	30 225 £	-	0,5%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career									17 761 £	17 861 £	-	0,6%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance									28 458 £	29 642 £	-	4,2%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation									False	False		

	Lithua	nia							(2012-2	021) dat	ta tables	
Question	2012	2012	2014	2045	2010	2017	2010	2040	2020	2024	Variations for ques	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension									True	True		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing									False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit									False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation									False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension									True	True		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing									False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit									False	False		
144.1.1 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - Total number (1+2+3+4)									7	7	-	0,0%
144.1.2 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 1. Breach of professional ethics									2	4	-	100,0%
144.1.3 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 2. Professional inadequacy									2	3	-	50,0%
144.1.4 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 3. Criminal offence									0	0	-	-
144.1.5 Disciplinary procedures for Judges - 4. Other									3	0		-100,0%
144.2.1 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - Total number (1+2+3+4)									25	39	-	56,0%
144.2.2 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 1. Breach of professional ethics									5	4		-20,0%
144.2.3 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 2. Professional inadequacy									17	35	-	105,9%
144.2.4 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 3. Criminal offence									3	0	-	-100,0%
144.2.5 Disciplinary procedures for Prosecutors - 4. Other									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.1 Sanctions against Judges - Total number (total 1 to 9)									3	1	-	-66,7%
145.1.2 Sanctions against Judges - 1. Reprimand									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.1.3 Sanctions against Judges - 2. Suspension									NAP	NAP	-	-

	Lithua	nia							(2012-20	021) da	ta tables	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2010	2020	2024	Variations for quantitative questions	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
145.1.4 Sanctions against Judges - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.5 Sanctions against Judges - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.6 Sanctions against Judges - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NAP	NAP	-	-
145.1.7 Sanctions against Judges - 6. Position downgrade									NAP	NAP	-	
145.1.8 Sanctions against Judges - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	
145.1.9 Sanctions against Judges - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	
145.1.10 Sanctions against Judges - 9. Other									1	1	-	0,0%
145.1.11 Sanctions against Judges - 10. Dismissal									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.1 Sanctions against Prosecutors - Total number (total 1 to 9)									18	19	-	5,6%
145.2.2 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 1. Reprimand									5	2	-	-60,0%
145.2.3 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 2. Suspension									3	1	-	-66,7%
145.2.4 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 3. Withdrawal from cases									NAP	NAP	-	
145.2.5 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 4. Fine									NAP	NAP	-	
145.2.6 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 5. Temporary reduction of salary									NAP	NAP	-	
145.2.7 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 6. Position downgrade									1	0	-	-100,0%
145.2.8 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location									NAP	NAP	-	
145.2.9 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 8. Resignation									NAP	NAP	-	
145.2.10 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 9. Other									6	13	-	116,7%
145.2.11 Sanctions against Prosecutors - 10. Dismissal									3	3	-	0,0%
				Lawye	rs							
				(Q146, Q147	, Q148)							

	(2012-2021) data tables											
Question	2012	2012 2013		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Variations for quantitative questions	
Question	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2012-2021	2020-2021
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	1 796	1 988	1 988	2 117	2 213	2 207	2 213	2 248	2 254	2 277	26,8%	1,0%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							1 377	1 393	1 393	1 403	-	0,7%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							836	855	941	874	-	-7,1%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?			No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:			NA	-	-							

	Indicator 8: The existence and use of alternative dispute resolution methods											
		(Q166, Q157)										
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	47	47	⁷ 109	129	269	366	469	392				
167.1.1 Total number started					313	540	483	696				
167. 1.2 Civil and commercial cases - started					139	200	223	314				
167. 1.2 Family cases - started					172	333	258	367				
167.1.4 Administrative cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	5				
167.1.5 Labour cases including employment dismissal cases - started					2	7	2	8				
167.1.6. Criminal cases - started					NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP				
167.1.7 Consumer cases - started					-	-	-	2				

552	663	1310,6%	20,1%
523	584	-	11,7%
248	350	-	41,1%
254	210	-	-17,3%
7	7	-	0,0%
14	14	-	0,0%
NAP	NAP	-	-
-	2	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%