The European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice

Evaluation of the judicial systems 2024 (data 2022)

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Italy Generated on: 30/09/2024 16:00

Reference data 2022 (01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022)

Start/end date of the data collection campaign: 15/03/2023 - 01/10/2023

Objective:

The CEPEJ decided, at its 39th plenary meeting, to launch the nineth evaluation cycle 2024, focused on 2022 data. The CEPEJ wishes to use the methodology developed in the previous cycles to get, with the support of its national correspondents' network, a general evaluation of the judicial systems in the 46 member states of the Council of Europe as well as three observer states (Israel, Morocco and Kazakhstan).

The present questionnaire was developed by the Working group on evaluation of judicial systems (CEPEJ-GT-EVAL) in view of the previous evaluation cycles and considering the comments submitted by CEPEJ members, observers, experts and national correspondents. The aim of this exercise is to increase awareness of judicial systems in the participating states, to compare the functioning of judicial systems in their various aspects, as well as to have a better knowledge of the trends of the judicial organisation in order to help improve the efficiency of justice. The evaluation questionnaire and the analysis of the results becomes a genuine tool in favour of public policies on justice, in service of the European citizens.

For better understanding of the questions it is necessary to consult the Explanatory note that gives definitions and explanations on the CEPEJ evaluation questionnaire and the methodology needed for replying, You can download the Explanatory note as a whole document on the CEPEJ website. In addition to the Explanatory note, there is also the User manual that is a technical document to help you navigate through this application for data collection.

In case you have any questions related to these documents or on the use of the application, please do not hesitate to contact the Secretariat.

Instruction:

Explanatory note: https://rm.coe.int/explanatory-note-2024-cycle-cepej-2023-2-en/1680aae30a

Word version of the questionnaire - https://rm.coe.int/evaluation-scheme-2024-cycle-cepej-2022-9rev1-en-30-march-2023/1680aae309

CEPEJ COLLECT - User manual - you can download under Documentation tab

1.General and financial information

- 1.1.Demographic and economic data
- 1.1.1Inhabitants and economic general information

001. Number of inhabitants (if possible on 1 January of the reference year +1)

[58 850 717]

Comments

igcup

003. Per capita GDP (in €) in current prices for the reference ye	003.	Per cap	oita (GDP	(in	€)	in	current	prices	for	the	reference	yea
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[32 391]

Comments

004. Average gross annual salary (in €) for the reference year

[33 213]

Comments

005. Exchange rate of national currency (non-Euro zone) in € on 1 January of the reference year +1:

]]	
Allow decimals	:	5
[X] NAP		

Comments

A1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: ISTAT - Italian Nationa	Institute of Statistics		

1.1.2Budgetary data concerning judicial system



006. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, in € (without the budget of the public prosecution services and without the budget of legal aid). If you cannot separate the budget allocated to the courts from the budget of public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please go to question 7. If you are able to answer this question, please answer NA to question 7.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
TOTAL - Annual public budget allocated to the functioning	4 767 601 097	3 953 409 363
of all courts $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
1. Annual public budget allocated to (gross) salaries	3 357 372 510	3 005 404 417
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
2. Annual public budget allocated to computerisation (2.1 +	256 601 822	191 813 366
2.2)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
2.1 Investments in computerisation	188 255 305	139 632 423
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

2.2 Maintenance of the IT equipment of courts	68 346 517 [] NA [] NAP	52 180 946 [] NA [] NAP
3. Annual public budget allocated to justice expenses (expertise, interpretation, etc.)	312 541 110 []NA []NAP	312 405 110 [] NA [] NAP
4. Annual public budget allocated to court buildings (maintenance, operating costs)	550 673 131 []NA []NAP	322 340 575 [] NA [] NAP
5. Annual public budget allocated to investments in new (court) buildings	0 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP
6. Annual public budget allocated to training	985 963 [] NA [] NAP	745 130 []NA []NAP
7. Other (please specify)	289 426 561 []NA	120 700 765 [] NA

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: Within the framework of the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (PNRR), the Ministry of Justice has carried out an extraordinary recruitment process to strengthen the so-called "Trial Office". This is an organisational tool consisting in the creation or the reinforcement of support teams for judges, with fixed-term employment and with the aim of reducing the backlog and the disposition time. This explains the increase of salaries. The PNRR also provides for specific funding to build judicial citadels and to secure existing buildings. However, the increase of the item "court building" in this context is related to budget which was not spent in 2020-2021 and it was subsequently implemented in 2022. As far as the difference between implemented and approved budget, it must be noted that in Italy it is possible to postpone part of the approved budget (if not fully implemented) to future periods. Differences in terms of approved / implemented budget fade out when considering a longer period. In addition to that, the Council of State, which is responsible for the budget of the administrative judiciary, made a mistake in the figures for training (point 6). Figures have now been updated. All in all, the budget for training has increased in 2022 compared to 2020 because in 2020, due to the pandemic, the training was mainly online (less expensive).

007. If you cannot answer question 6 because you cannot isolate the public budget allocated to courts from the budget allocated to public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please fill in only the appropriate line in the table according to your system:

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and the		
public prosecution services together	[]NA [X]NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and legal		[10]
aid together	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts, public		
prosecution services and legal aid together	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

008. Are litigants in general required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction:

	Litigants required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction?	
for criminal cases	() Yes, at the beginning of the	
	procedure	
	() Yes, at a later stage	
	(X) No	
for other than criminal cases	(X) Yes, at the beginning of the	
	procedure	
	() Yes, at a later stage	
	() No	

Comments - If there are exceptions to the obligation to pay these court fees, could you please provide comments on those exceptions?

008-1. Please briefly present the methodology of calculation of these court fees:

- Courts fees depend on the value of the dispute and they are provided by law.	
3 1 3	l
	l
	l

008-2. The amount of court fees requested to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery:

[98] [] NA [] NAP

Comments

009. Annual income of court fees received by the State (in €):

[465 928 306] [] NA [] NAP

Comments -

012. Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid (12.1 + 12.2)	375 388 750 [] NA [] NAP	212 509 592 [] NA [] NAP	162 879 158 []NA []NAP
12.1 for cases brought to court (court fees and/or legal representation)	375 388 750 []NA []NAP	212 509 592 [] NA [] NAP	162 879 158 [] NA [] NAP
12.2 for cases not brought to court (legal advice, ADR and other legal services)	0 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP

012-1. Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual implemented public budget	375 388 750	212 509 592	162 879 158
allocated to legal aid (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
12-1.1 for cases brought to court (court fees	375 388 750	212 509 592	162 879 158
and/or legal representation)	[]NA []NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
12-1.2 for cases not brought to court (legal	0	0	0
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

If the public budget actually implemented regarding legal aid is different from the annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

012-3. Do legal aid budgets indicated in Q12 and Q12-1 include:

	Amount calculated/estimated included
Coverage of court fees	(X) Yes () No () NAP (Legal aid does not include
	coverage of court fees)
Exemption from court fees	() Yes (X) No
	() NAP (Legal aid does not include exemption from court fees)

Comments

013. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in €.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in € (including 13.1)	1 837 859 138 []NA []NAP	1 592 960 028 [] NA [] NAP
13.1. Annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services	167 680 []NA []NAP	93 530 []NA []NAP

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The increase in the budget for training is due to the fact that in 2020 the training was mainly delivered online (less expensive) due to the pandemic.

A2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

1.1.2D 1	•
Except for Q.12: Ministry of Justice – (Department of Statistics + Department of Criminal Affairs)	
Sources: Sources: Ministry of Justice - Budget and Accounts Department (Direzione Generale del Bilancio)	

1.1.3Budgetary data concerning the whole justice system

015-1. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in € (this global budget includes the judicial system budget - see 15-2 and other elements of the justice system - see 15-3)

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the whole justice	11 367 544 871	9 667 262 854
system in €	[]NA	[]NA

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided above and specify if a large portion of the budget allocated to the whole justice system comes from an international organisation. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: As per previous cycles these totals include the budget of the Ministry of Justice and the budget of the Council of State (i.e. a legal-administrative consultative body that ensures the legality of public administration in Italy).

015-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

	Included
Courts	(X) Yes () No
Legal aid	[] NAP (X) Yes
	() No []NAP
Public prosecution services	(X) Yes () No

Comments

015-3. Other budgetary elements

	Included
Prison system	(X) Yes () No
Probation services	(X) Yes () No

High Judicial Council	() Yes (X) No
High Prosecutorial Council	[] NAP () Yes () No [X] NAP
Constitutional court	() Yes (X) No
Judicial management body	(X) Yes () No
Service for legal representation of the State	() Yes (X) No
Enforcement services	() Yes (X) No
Notariat	() Yes (X) No
Forensic services	() Yes (X) No
Judicial protection of juveniles	(X) Yes () No
Functioning of the Ministry of Justice	(X) Yes () No
Refugees and asylum seekers services	() Yes (X) No
Immigration Service	() Yes (X) No
Some police services (e.g.: transfer, investigation, prisoners' security)	(X) Yes () No
Other	() Yes (X) No

If "Other", please specify:

A3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

	Sources: Ministry of Justice – Budget and Accounts Department (Direzione Generale del Bilancio)
C	Council of State (Consiglio di Stato)

16. Does legal aid apply to:		
	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
Representation in court	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
	[]NAP	[]NAP
Legal advice, ADR and other legal services	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
6-1. Please briefly describe the organ	nisation of the legal aid syst	em in your country.
- See general comments		
	es that are related to the enf	orcement of judicial decisi
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?	es that are related to the enf	orcement of judicial decisi
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fe	es that are related to the enf	orcement of judicial decisi
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?	es that are related to the enf	orcement of judicial decisi
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)?	es that are related to the enf	orcement of judicial decisi
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes () No	es that are related to the enf	orcement of judicial decisi
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes () No []NAP Eyes, please specify:		
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes () No []NAP yes, please specify: 19. Can legal aid be granted for other	costs (different from those	mentioned in questions 16
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes () No [] NAP yes, please specify: 19. Can legal aid be granted for other g. fees of technical advisors or expert	costs (different from those	mentioned in questions 16
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes () No []NAP yes, please specify: 19. Can legal aid be granted for other	costs (different from those as, costs of other legal profes	mentioned in questions 16 ssionals (notaries), travel c
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes () No [] NAP yes, please specify: 19. Can legal aid be granted for other g. fees of technical advisors or expert	costs (different from those	mentioned in questions 16
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes () No [] NAP yes, please specify: 19. Can legal aid be granted for other g. fees of technical advisors or expert	costs (different from those as, costs of other legal profes	mentioned in questions 16 ssionals (notaries), travel c
18. Can legal aid be granted for the fee.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes () No [] NAP Tyes, please specify: 19. Can legal aid be granted for other of the fee.g. fees of technical advisors or expert tc.)?	costs (different from those ass, costs of other legal profes	mentioned in questions 16 ssionals (notaries), travel c

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2.Access to justice and all courts

2.1.Legal Aid

	Total	Cases brought t	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
In criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
In other than criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate:

020-0. Please indicate the number of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Cases brought to co	urt Cases not brought to court
TOTAL	337 412	337 412	
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
In criminal cases	175 857	175 857	
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
In other than criminal cases	161 555	161 555	
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate:

020-0-1.	Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender in respect of recipients of legal aid?
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments	

020-0-2. If yes, please provide details on distribution by gender of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

020-0-3. Is it possible to divide the number of recipients of legal aid per different categories of cases?

() Yes	
()	X) No	

Comment: If yes, please specify for which categories of cases:

020-0-4. Are there situations where legal aid is automatically granted depending on categories of

alleged victims of domestic violence	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Comments		10 0	
020-1. Please indicate the timeframe	es of the procedu	ure for granting lega	al aid, in relation to the
duration from the initial legal aid re	quest to the fina	l decision on the leg	gal aid request:
		Time in	days
Maximum duration prescribed in law/regula	tion	10 []NA []NAP	
Actual average duration		[X] NA [] NAP	
Comments - Please specify if the envisaged timefr		·	n. Furthermore, if different time
are envisaged for criminal and other than criminal	cases, please provide	more information:	
<u> </u>			
_			
- 021. In criminal cases, can individua	als who do not h	nave sufficient finan	cial means be assisted
021. In criminal cases, can individua			cial means be assisted
021. In criminal cases, can individua		ver?	
		ver?	cial means be assisted by a free of charge lawyer
021. In criminal cases, can individuate of charge (or financed by a pub		ver?	by a free of charge lawyer
021. In criminal cases, can individua		ver?	by a free of charge lawyer
O21. In criminal cases, can individuate free of charge (or financed by a pub		Assisted	by a free of charge lawyer
021. In criminal cases, can individuate of charge (or financed by a pub		Assisted (X) Ye () No	by a free of charge lawyer es
O21. In criminal cases, can individual free of charge (or financed by a pub Accused individuals Victims		Assisted (X) Ye (N) No (X) Ye	by a free of charge lawyer es
O21. In criminal cases, can individuate free of charge (or financed by a pub		Assisted (X) Ye (N) No (X) Ye	by a free of charge lawyer es
O21. In criminal cases, can individual free of charge (or financed by a pub Accused individuals Victims	lic budget) lawy	Assisted (X) Ye (No (X) Ye (No (X) Ye	by a free of charge lawyer
O21. In criminal cases, can individual free of charge (or financed by a pub. Accused individuals Victims Comments - If yes, please specify:	lic budget) lawy	Assisted (X) Ye (No (X) Ye (No (X) Ye	by a free of charge lawyer
O21. In criminal cases, can individual free of charge (or financed by a pub. Accused individuals Victims Comments - If yes, please specify: O22. In criminal cases are these indi	lic budget) lawy	Assisted (X) Ye () No (X) Ye () No	by a free of charge lawyer
O21. In criminal cases, can individual free of charge (or financed by a pub. Accused individuals Victims Comments - If yes, please specify: O22. In criminal cases are these indilegal aid system?	lic budget) lawy	Assisted (X) Ye (No) (X) Ye (No) (X) Ye (No) Choose their lawyer v	by a free of charge lawyer es es within the framework ection of lawyer
O21. In criminal cases, can individual free of charge (or financed by a pub. Accused individuals Victims Comments - If yes, please specify: O22. In criminal cases are these indi	lic budget) lawy	Assisted (X) Ye () No (X) Ye () No choose their lawyer v free sele (X) Ye	by a free of charge lawyer es within the framework ection of lawyer
O21. In criminal cases, can individual free of charge (or financed by a pub. Accused individuals Victims Comments - If yes, please specify: O22. In criminal cases are these indilegal aid system?	lic budget) lawy	Assisted (X) Ye (No) (X) Ye (No) (X) Ye (No) Choose their lawyer v	by a free of charge lawyer es within the framework ection of lawyer
O21. In criminal cases, can individual free of charge (or financed by a pub. Accused individuals Victims Comments - If yes, please specify: O22. In criminal cases are these indilegal aid system?	lic budget) lawy	Assisted (X) Ye () No (X) Ye () No thoose their lawyer v free sele (X) Ye () No	by a free of charge lawyer es within the framework ection of lawyer

020-0-5. How many of the recipients of legal aid are alleged victims of domestic violence?

Males

Females

Total

cases?

() Yes

(X) No

Comment: If yes, please specify:

Number of recipients of legal aid who are

Victims	(X)Y ()N []NAP	
Comments		
023-0. Does your country have an income and asso	ets evaluation for gra	enting full or partial legal
aid?		
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into account	for the granting of legal aid	and any comment that could explain
he data provided above:		
023. If yes, please specify in the table:		
	Annual income value (for one person), (in €)	Assets value (for one person), (in €)
Full legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases	11 735	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Full legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal cases	11 735	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal cases	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
024. Is it possible to refuse legal aid for lack of me	erit of the case (for e	vample for frivalous actio
or no chance of success)?	ent of the case (for e	xample for involous action
(X) Yes		
() No		
	ia.	
Comments - If yes, please specify the exact criteria for denying legal a	nd.	
025. Is the decision to grant or refuse legal aid take	en by:	
() the judge(s) dealing with the main case		
() another judge or official		
() an authority external to the court		
(X) several authorities (court and external bodies)		
Comments In the area of civil justice, the decision to grant or refuse le court, specifically the "Consiglio dell'Ordine degli Avvocati" (Bar Asselecision made by the Bar Association Council, they have the option to competent judge will then assess the decision and may either confirm for comments and the merits of their case. As far as legal aid in crimin	sociation Council). However, bring the matter before the dit or overturn it based on their	if an applicant disagrees with the competent judge for review. The r evaluation of the applicant's

office handling the case. Within 10 days, the judge can either declare the application inadmissible, accept it, or reject it. If accepted, the applicant can choose a lawyer from a list. If the request for legal aid is rejected, the applicant can file an appeal with the president of the

tribunal or the court of appeal within 20 days from the moment they become aware of the rejection.

027. Can judicial decisions direct how legal costs, paid by the parties during the procedure, will be shared:

	Judicial decisions direct how legal costs will be shared
in criminal cases	(X) Yes () No
in other than criminal cases	(X) Yes () No

Comments - If no, please specify how legal costs are distributed:

B1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Ministry of Justice			

2.2.Court users and victims

2.2.1Rights of the users and victims

028. Are there official internet sites/portals (e.g. Ministry of Justice, Judicial Council etc.) where general public may have free-of-charge access to the following:

	Yes, internet adresse(es)	No
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)	(X) www.normattiva.it/	()
Case-law of the higher court/s	(X) https://www.italgiure.giustizia.it https://www.portaledelmassima rio.ipzs.it	()
Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)	(X) https://www.giustizia.it/giustizi a/it/mg_4.page	()

Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online	(X)	()
registration forms)	https://www.giustizia.it/giustizi	
,	a/it/mg_3.page	
	https://www.giustizia.it/giustizi	
	a/page/it/come_fare_per_proces	
	si_e_cause	
	https://www.giustizia.it/giustizi	
	a/it/mg_2_10_6.page https://e-	
	justice.europa.eu/content_rights	
	_of_defendants_in_criminal_pr	
	oceedings -169-it.do https://e-	
	justice.europa.eu/content_victi	
	ms of crime-65-it.do	

Comment - Please specify what documents and information are included in "Other documents" These pages contain useful information for dealing with judicial offices and the service provided. A list of online forms and (e.g. Victim compensation form for violent intentional crimes).

029. Is there an obligation to provide information to the parties concerning the foreseeable timeframes of their proceedings?

()	X) Yes, always
() No
() Yes, only in some specific situations

Comment - If "Yes, only in some specific situations", please specify:

030. Is there a public and free-of-charge information system for providing information and facilitating access to justice:

	Information system
General for citizens	[X] Online information [X] Telephone [] Interactive chat [X] In-person (physical access on site) [X] Other [] No
Specific for victims of offences	[X] Online information [X] Telephone [] Interactive chat [X] In-person (physical access on site) [X] Other [] No
Specific for minors (child-friendly systems)	[X] Online information [X] Telephone [] Interactive chat [X] In-person (physical access on site) [X] Other [] No

Comments - Please provide more information on these systems and specify how this assistance is provided: The "Other" option refers to

031. Are there special favourable arrangements to be applied, during judicial proceedings, to the following categories of vulnerable persons:

	Information mechanism	Special arrangements in hearings	Other specific arrangements
Victims of sexual violence/rape	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Victims of terrorism	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Minors (witnesses or victims)	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Victims of domestic violence	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Ethnic minorities	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Persons with disabilities	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Juvenile offenders	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Other (e.g. victims of human trafficking, forced marriage, sexual mutilation)	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No

Comments - If "Other vulnerable person" and/or "Other specific arrangements", please specify:

031-0. If there are special arrangements for minors, what are the settings / tools / facilities / practises employed to protect them when they participate in judicial proceedings?

$[\ X\]\ Special\ and\ child-adequate\ preparation\ for\ participation\ in\ trials\ /\ lawsuits\ (explaining\ in\ a\ child-friendly\ manner\ the\ proceedings)$
[X] Special room in court designated for child-friendly hearings
[X] Special person / team of trained professional(s) (such as psychologists) to accompany a minor throughout the proceedings
[] Special ways to communicate and explain meaning of court decisions
[X] Interagency/multidisciplinary structure such as "Children's Houses"
[] Other, please specify
[] NAP

Comment

031-1. What are the main criteria for a person under 18 years of age to act in court proceedings or to be a witness?

Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings

Capacity to initiate a proceeding and take other procedural	[] Age threshold	[] Age threshold
actions in his/her own name	[Comment]	[Comment]
	[] Capacity for	[] Capacity for
	discernment	discernment
	[] Other	[] Other
To be a witness	[] Age threshold	[] Age threshold
- C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C	[Comment]	[Comment]
	[X] Capacity for	[X] Capacity for
	discernment	discernment
	[] Other	[] Other
omments - Please specify if you selected "Other". 31-2. If a person under 18 years of age cannot	act in court proceedings	in his/her own name, v
an represent him/her in judicial proceedings?	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Parent/legal guardian	[] Yes, always	[X] Yes, always
r alenviegai gualuian	[X] Yes, except in some	[] Yes, except in some
	specific situations	specific situations
	[] No	[] No
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[] Social care services or	[] Social care services or
	other public institution	other public institution
	[] Legal professional	[] Legal professional
	[] Associations for	[] Associations for
	protection of minors	protection of minors
omment	[] Other	[] Other
31-3. What are the different criteria for the cri	minal liability of minors	? (multiple replies
ossible)		
[X] Age threshold(s)		
[X] Capacity for discernment		
[] Other criteria		
comment		
31-3-1. What is the age threshold for the crimi	inal liability of minors?	
Criminal liability resulting in sentence without privation of	of liberty (for example, education	onal measures)
[14]		
[]NA		
[] NAP		
Criminal liability resulting in sentence of privation of libe	rty	
[14]		
[* ']		

[] NA

sanctions and how?
<u>-</u>
032. Does your country allocate compensation for victims of offences?
() Yes, but only if the offender is unknown
(X) Yes, but only if compensation could not be obtained from the offender
() Yes, in both situations
() No
Comment
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify: According to art. 11 of Law 7 July 2016 nr. 122 (as amended by Law 20 November 2017 nr 167) the right to compensation (paid by the State) shall be recognised to victims of intentional crimes committed by using violence against a person (except for minor injuries) and in any case of "illicit intermediation in labour and labour exploitation" (art. 603bis of the criminal code). Furthermore, there are special laws which provide rules on compensation to victims of specific types of offences, such as terrorism, organized crime, usury, racketeering and extortion. However, the special provisions only apply when they are more favourable for the victim than the general rules provided in Law 122/2016.
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
() For all types of offences (X) For some types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
(X) For some types of offences [] NAP Comment - Please specify: According to art. 11 of Law 7 July 2016 nr. 122 (as amended by Law 20 November 2017 nr 167) the right to compensation (paid by the State) shall be recognised to victims of intentional crimes committed by using violence against a person (except for minor injuries) and in any case of "illicit intermediation in labour and labour exploitation" (art. 603bis of the criminal code). Furthermore, there are special laws which provide rules on compensation to victims of specific types of offences, such as terrorism, organized crime, usury, racketeering and extortion. However, the special provisions only apply when they are more favourable for the
(X) For some types of offences [] NAP Comment - Please specify: According to art. 11 of Law 7 July 2016 nr. 122 (as amended by Law 20 November 2017 nr 167) the right to compensation (paid by the State) shall be recognised to victims of intentional crimes committed by using violence against a person (except for minor injuries) and in any case of "illicit intermediation in labour and labour exploitation" (art. 603bis of the criminal code). Furthermore, there are special laws which provide rules on compensation to victims of specific types of offences, such as terrorism, organized crime, usury, racketeering and extortion. However, the special provisions only apply when they are more favourable for the victim than the general rules provided in Law 122/2016.
(X) For some types of offences [] NAP Comment - Please specify: According to art. 11 of Law 7 July 2016 nr. 122 (as amended by Law 20 November 2017 nr 167) the right to compensation (paid by the State) shall be recognised to victims of intentional crimes committed by using violence against a person (except for minor injuries) and in any case of "illicit intermediation in labour and labour exploitation" (art. 603bis of the criminal code). Furthermore, there are special laws which provide rules on compensation to victims of specific types of offences, such as terrorism, organized crime, usury, racketeering and extortion. However, the special provisions only apply when they are more favourable for the victim than the general rules provided in Law 122/2016. 032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X) For some types of offences [] NAP Comment - Please specify: According to art. 11 of Law 7 July 2016 nr. 122 (as amended by Law 20 November 2017 nr 167) the right to compensation (paid by the State) shall be recognised to victims of intentional crimes committed by using violence against a person (except for minor injuries) and in any case of "illicit intermediation in labour and labour exploitation" (art. 603bis of the criminal code). Furthermore, there are special laws which provide rules on compensation to victims of specific types of offences, such as terrorism, organized crime, usury, racketeering and extortion. However, the special provisions only apply when they are more favourable for the victim than the general rules provided in Law 122/2016. 032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure? (X) Yes

032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
[] NAP
Comment - Please specify: According to art. 11 of Law 7 July 2016 nr. 122 (as amended by Law 20 November 2017 nr 167) the right to compensation (paid by the State) shall be recognised to victims of intentional crimes committed by using violence against a person (except for minor injuries) and in any case of "illicit intermediation in labour and labour exploitation" (art. 603bis of the criminal code). Furthermore, there are special laws which provide rules on compensation to victims of specific types of offences, such as terrorism, organized crime, usury, racketeering and extortion. However, the special provisions only apply when they are more favourable for the victim than the general rules provided in Law 122/2016.
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
034. Is there a regular monitoring (official studies, reports etc.) allowing the evaluation of the
recovery rate of the damages awarded by courts to victims?
() Yes
(X)No
Comments - If yes, please illustrate with available data concerning the recovery rate, the title of the studies, the frequency of the studies and the coordinating body:
035. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to victims (protection and assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
035-1. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to minor victims (protection and
assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment - If yes, please specify:
<u>-</u> -
036. Do victims of offences have the right to dispute a public prosecutor's decision to discontinue a case? Please verify the consistency of your answers in this question and question 105 regarding
the possibility for a public prosecutor "to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a
judge".
() Yes
() No
[X] NAP
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037. Is there a system of compensation in the following circumstances:

	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
Total	25 523	24 563	
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Excessive length of proceedings	16 897	17 523	
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-execution of court decisions	7 380	6 471	
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful arrest/detention	1 231	560	
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful conviction	15	9	
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Other			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments - Where appropriate, please give details on the compensation procedure and the calculation method for the amount of the compensation (e.g., the amount per day for unjustified detentions or convictions):

037-1. Please specify which authorities are responsible for dealing with the requests and whether a legal time limit exists to deal with these requests:

	Responsible authorities	Legal time limit
Court concerned	[X]	[X]
Other court	[X]	[X]
Ministry of Justice	[]	[]
High Judicial Council	[]	[]
Other external bodies (e.g. Ombudsman)	[]	[]

Comments

037-2. Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender concerning the number of:

	Existence of statistical data disaggregated by gender
Persons who initiate a case in other than criminal matters	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which categories of cases: [Comment]
	(X) No [] NA

Victims recognised as such by the court	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which
	types of offences: [Comment]
	(X) No
	[] NA
Perpetrators of criminal offences	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which
	types of offences: [Comment]
	(X) No
	[] NA

Comments

037-3. Are there statistical data on the relation between the perpetrator of the criminal offence and the victim recognised by the court?

() Yes (X) No

If yes, please specify:

2.2.2 Confidence and satisfaction of citizens with their justice system

038. Does your country implement surveys to measure trust in justice and satisfaction with the services delivered by the judicial system?

	National level	Court level
Surveys for judges	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for court staff	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for public prosecutors	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for lawyers	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for other professionals	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for the parties	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for other court users (e.g. jurors, witnesses, experts, interpreters, representatives of governmental agencies, NGOs)	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for victims	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[] Annual [] Other regular [] Ad hoc

Surveys for minors	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Surveys for the general public	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Other not mentioned	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc

[] NA

Comment - Please, indicate the references and links to the satisfaction surveys you mentioned above: No such surveys were carried out in 2022.

3.Organisation of the court system

3.1.Courts

3.1.1Number of courts

042. Number of courts - legal entities.

	Number of courts
Total number of all courts - legal entities (1 + 2)	811 []NA []NAP
1 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities (1.1 + 1.2 + 1.3)	552 []NA []NAP
1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	525 []NA []NAP
1.2 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	26 []NA []NAP
1.3 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1 []NA []NAP
2 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	259 []NA []NAP

Comments

043. Number of specialised courts – legal entities.

	First instance	Higher instances
Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	236	23
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

	22		
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	22	r a Nia	
	[]NA []NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	
	[] IVAI		
Insolvency courts			
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	_
Labour courts			
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	
Family courts			
Training Courts	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	
			\neg
Rent and tenancies courts	E TATA	F 1374	
	[]NA	[]NA	
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	-
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	58		
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[X]NAP	
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption			
i ight against terrorism, organised erime and corruption	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	
T			
Internet related disputes	[] NA	r 1 N/A	
	[X]NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	
		[A]IVAI	$\overline{}$
Administrative courts	20	1	
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	-
Insurance and / or social welfare courts			
	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	
Military courts	4	1	
Military courts	[] NA	[]NA	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	
			\neg
Juvenile courts	29		
	[]NA	[]NA	
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	\dashv
Other specialised courts	103	21	
_	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments - If "Other specialised courts", please specify: The appeal of some specialized courts (e.g. commercial courts, juvenile courts) are dealt by the general jurisdiction appeal courts. Specific subject matters (e.g labour, insolvency, family, fight against terrorism and organised crime) are dealt by specific divisions within general jurisdiction courts. See general comment for details. The option "Other specialised courts" refers to tax courts.

044. Number of courts - geographic locations.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)
First instance courts geographic locations (this includes 1st instance courts of	773
general jurisdiction and first instance specialised courts)	[] NA [] NAP

Sources: Ministry of Justice and Council of State Court staff Judges and non-judge staff Sumber of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the ar). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts) Total Males Females Total Males Females Otal number of professional judges (1 + 2 + 3) 7 166 3 128 4 038 1 NA 1 NAP 1 NA	2. Court staff 2. 1 Judges and non-judge staff 46. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of tear). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled focurts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts) Total Males Females Total number of professional judges (1 + 2 + 3) 7 166 3 128 4 038 1 NA 1 NAP 1	Court staff 1 Judges and non-judge staff 5. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the r). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled foourts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts) Total Males Females Total Males Females Tal number of professional judges (1 + 2 + 3) Total Males Females Tal number of professional judges (1 + 2 + 3) Total Males Females Total Nales Total Nale	Sources: Ministry of Justice and Council of State 2. Court staff 2.1 Judges and non-judge staff 46. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December ear). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually frourts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts) Total Males Ferential Males Ferential Males Males Ferential Males Ferential Males Male	ments			
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2.1 Judges and non-judge staff 6. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the ar). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts) Total Males Females Otal number of professional judges (1 + 2 + 3) 7 166 3 128 4 038 [] NA [] NA [] NA [] NAP []	2.1 Judges and non-judge staff 6. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of tear). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts) Total Males Females Total Males Females Total INA []NA []NA []NA []NAP	Judges and non-judge staff Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the r). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts) Total Males Females Total Males Females Total INA Females	2.1 Judges and non-judge staff 6. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December ar). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts) Total Males February (International judges (1+2+3)) 7 166	Sources: Ministry of Justice and Council of State			
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[]NA []NAP	[] NA	NA Number of second instance (court of appeal) 1 179 515 664 1 NAP	2. Number of second instance (court of appeal) professional judges 3. Number of Supreme Court professional judges 504 1 NA				
[]NAP []NA	[]NAP []NA	[]NAP []NAP []NAP []NAP []NAP []NAP []NAP []NAP []NA []NA []NAP	2. Number of second instance (court of appeal) 2. Number of second instance (court of appeal) 3. Number of Supreme Court professional 46-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with professional judges []NAP	Number of first instance professional judges			
rofessional judges [] NA [] NA [] NA [] NAP	professional judges []NA []NAP []NAP []NAP []NAP []NAP []NA []NAP []NAP []105 []105	[] NA	professional judges [] NA				
Number of Supreme Court professional 504 339 165	3. Number of Supreme Court professional 504 339 165	NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP Number of Supreme Court professional ges NAP N	3. Number of Supreme Court professional judges 504 []NAP []NAP	Number of second instance (court of appeal)	1 179	515	664
Trumbor of Supreme Court Professional	or to the product of	ges []NA []NA []NA []NAP	judges [] NA	ofessional judges			
		ges []NAP []NAP []NAP	omment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above: 46-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with pr	Number of Supreme Court professional	504	339	165
ldges	ludges	ment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above:	46-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with pr	ges			
	omment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above:			ment - Please provide any useful comment for int	erpreung the data	above:	
mment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above:				i-1-1. Does your system allow part-	time work fo	or professional judg	es with proportio
	46-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proport	-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportion	educed remuneration?	• • •		1 3 6	
6-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportion				acea lemanelation (
-6-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportion duced remuneration?	educed remuneration?	uced remuneration?	(X) No				
-6-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportion duced remuneration?	educed remuneration? () Yes	uced remuneration?) Yes	omments) Yes			

[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care

[] No specific reason required [] Other reason, please specify:			rt-time with reduce
046-1-3. If yes, what is the number of renumeration?	of professional Total	judges working par	
046-1-3. If yes, what is the number of renumeration?	Total		
renumeration?	Total		
		Males	Females
Total (1 + 2 + 3)		Males	Females
Total (1 + 2 + 3)	[] NA		
Total (1 + 2 + 3)	[] NA		
	r 3	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. At first instance level			
	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	[] NA [] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level			
, 22 ,	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
3. At Supreme Court level			
3. At Supreme Court level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
		conditions	t of working time or with or without reduced
		remuneration	on
emporary reduction of the workload		(X) Yes () No	
emporary reduction of the working time / special	 1 1eave	(X) Yes	
importary reduction of the working time? special	1 loave	() No	
ther measures		(X)Yes	

[X] Other reason,	please specify:see 046-1-4	general comments
[] NAP		

Comments

_

046-2. Number of judges (FTE) by case type:

	Total	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
Total number of judges	7 166	3 499	3 127	445	95
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
First instance	5 483	2 673	2 421	313	76
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Second instance	1 179	622	541		16
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[] NAP
Supreme Court	504	204	165	132	3
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

If "Other", please explain which types of cases: Judges who do not specifically deal with any of these types of cases, and judges with coordination and management duties.

=

047. Number of court presidents.

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of court presidents $(1+2+3)$	212 []NA	148 []NA	64 []NA
Number of first instance court presidents	[] NAP 187 [] NA	130 []NA	57 []NA []NA
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal) court presidents	23 []NA	16 []NA []NAP	7 []NA
3. Number of Supreme Court presidents	2 []NA	2 []NA	0 []NA

Comments The percentage of discrepancies is high due to the small absolute value. Changes are due to vacant positions.

048. Number of professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis and who are paid as such (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year):

	Figure
Gross figure	
	[] NA
	[X] NAP

In full-time equivalent	[] NA [X] NAP
	[A] NAI

Comments - If necessary, please provide comments to explain the answer provided:

048-1. Do these professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis deal with a significant part of cases?

() Yes	If yes, please give specifications on the types of cases and an estimate in percentage.	
() No		

Comments

[X] NAP

049. Number of non-professional judges who are not remunerated but who may receive a simple defrayal of costs (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (e.g. lay judges or "juges consulaires", but not arbitrators or persons sitting on a jury):

	Figure
Gross figure	3 150 []NA
In full time equivalent	[X]NA

Comments

049-1. If such non-professional judges exist at first instance in your country, please specify for which types of cases:

	Yes	No	Echevinage / mixed bench
Criminal cases (severe)	()	(X)	()
Criminal cases (misdemeanour and/or minor)	(X)	()	()
Family law cases	()	(X)	()
Labour law cases	()	(X)	()
Social law cases	()	(X)	()
Commercial law cases	()	(X)	()
Insolvency cases	()	(X)	()
Other civil cases	(X)	()	()

[] NAP

Comments - If "Other civil cases", please specify: Lay judges (either serving at Judges of Peace Offices or at the Tribunals) deal with civil

050. Does your judicial system include trial by jury with	the participation of citizens?
(X) Yes	

Comments

() No

050-1. If yes, for which type(s) of case(s)?

[]	[X] Criminal cases
[] Other than criminal cases

Comments

051. Number of citizens who were involved in such juries for the year of reference:

[]
[X] NA	
[] NAP	
Comments	

=

052. Number of non-judge staff who are working in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled)

	Total	Males	Females
Total non-judge staff working in courts $(1 + 2)$	25 947	8 676	17 271
+ 3 + 4 + 5)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
1. Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) (see			
Explanatory Note)	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to	17 271	4 956	12 323
assist the judges such as registrars (case	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	[]NA
preparation, assistance during the hearing,			
helping to draft the decisions)			
3. Staff in charge of different administrative	4 757	1 444	3 313
tasks and of the management of the courts	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP
(human resources management, material and	[] IVAI	[] WAI	[] WAI
equipment management, including computer			
systems, financial and budgetary management,			
training management)			
4. Technical staff	1 959	1 038	921
	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

5. Other non-judge staff	1 952	1 238	714
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If "Other non-judge staff", please specify: Within the framework of the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (PNRR), the Ministry of Justice has carried out an extraordinary recruitment process to strengthen the so-called "Trial Office". This is an organisational tool consisting in the creation or the reinforcement of support teams for judges, with fixed-term employment and with the aim of reducing the backlog and the disposition time. This measure also improved the quality of justice by supporting judges in their normal activities of study, legal research, drafting documents, organising documents and thus allowing judges to concentrate on more complex tasks.

052-1. Number of non-judge staff by instance (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females
Total non-judge staff working in courts	25 947	8 676	17 271
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
Total non-judge staff working in courts at	20 802	6 885	13 917
first instance level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
2. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	4 103	1 430	2 673
second instance (court of appeal) level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP
3. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	1 042	361	681
Supreme Court level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP

Comments See comment at Q.52

=

053. If there are Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies), please specify in which fields they have a role:

[] Legal aid
[] Family cases
[] Payment orders
[] Registry cases (land and/or business registry cases)
[] Enforcement of civil cases
[] Enforcement of criminal cases
[] Non-litigious cases
[] Other cases not mentioned (please describe in comment)
	[X] NAP

Comments - Please briefly describe their status and exact duties:

054. Have the courts outsourced certain services under their responsibilities to external providers?

(X) Yes () No

054-1. If yes, please specify which services have been outsour	rce	26	e	2	٠)	1	(ĺ	1	1)))(٠	٥	2	3	2	E	E	ε	E	E	f	ŧ	ŧ	(1	,	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	C	C	C	(((7	1	ľ	r	Í	1	1	ľ	U	ı	ì))	(.(Ş	۶	Ľ	t	ľ	U	1)	C	(ı	1	n	1	1	3	e	H	e)(b	ł	, 1	•	3	e	•	7	V	١	a	12	h	1		S	36	ce	ic	7	V	7	r	21	e	S	1	h	C	11	'n	W	1	7	V	Ť	t	i'	ì	C	9	e)()	r	31	S	S		•	e	:(S	9	ıs	1	a	a	a	2	2	2	2	2
--	-----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---	---	-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---	---	--	---	----	----	----	---	---	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	----	---	---	----	---	---	--	---	---	----	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

[X] IT services

[X] Training of staff

[X] Security

[] Archives

[X] Cleaning

[X] Other types of services (please specify):

Comments - If "Other types of services", please specify:

[] NA

C1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Q.46 High Council of the Judiciary Q.52 Ministry of Justice – HR Department

3.3. Public prosecution

3.3.1Public prosecutors and staff

055. Number of public prosecutors (on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled.)

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of prosecutors (1 + 2 + 3)	2 255	1 169	1 086	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	
1. Number of prosecutors at first instance level	1 957	992	965	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	
2. Number of prosecutors at second instance	225	132	93	
(court of appeal) level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	
3. Number of prosecutors at Supreme Court	73	45	28	
level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA	

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment for interpreting the data above:

=

055-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for prosecutors with proportionally reduced remuneration?

() Yes

055-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted? (multiple replies possible)

[] Child-care
]] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[] Training
]] For the purposes of early retirement
]] No specific reason required
[] Other reason, please specify:

Comments

055-1-3. If yes, what is the number of prosecutors working part-time with reduced remuneration?

	Total	Males	Females
Total $(1+2+3)$			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. At first instance level			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. At Supreme Court level			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

055-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart of part-time work) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	(X) Yes
Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	(X) Yes () No
Other measures	(X) Yes () No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration?

055-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

[X] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care			
[] Training			
[] For the purposes of early retirement			
[] As part of induction process for new prosecutor	rs		
[] No specific reason required			
[X] Other reason, please specify:see comments at $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	55-1-4		
Comments			
056. Number of heads of prosecution of	offices.		
•	Total	Males	Females
Total number of heads of prosecution offices $(1 + 2 + 3)$	162 []NA []NAP	126 []NA []NAP	36 []NA []NAP
1. Number of heads of prosecution offices at first instance level	145 []NA []NAP	111 []NA []NAP	34 []NA []NAP
2. Number of heads of prosecution offices at second instance (court of appeal) level	16 []NA []NAP	14 []NA []NAP	2 []NA []NAP
3. Number of heads of prosecution offices at Supreme Court level	1 []NA []NAP	1 []NA []NAP	0 []NA []NAP
Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the value.	e data above: The	e percentage of discrepancie	es is high due to the small absolut
057. In your judicial system, do other p	persons have	similar duties to the	ose of public prosecutor
(X) Yes			• •
() No			
Comments - If yes, please specify their titles and function	tions:		
057-1. If yes, please provide the nu	mber (in full	l-time equivalent):	
[1 652] [] NA			
059. If yes, is their number included indicated under question 55?	d in the num	ber of public prosec	cutors that you have
() Yes			
(X) No			
[] NAP			
Comments			

059-1. Do prosecution offices have prosecutors who are specially trained in areas of domestic

[X] Child-care

		-		
Domestic violence		[]	[X] Yes [] Yes, specifically for minor vi [] No NA NAP	etims
Sexual violence		[]	[X] Yes [] Yes, specifically for minor vi [] No	etims
omments - If yes, please specify		1()-		
: 060. Number of staff (non-public pro	osecutors) atta	ached to the public	c prosecution services, if	
possible, on 31 December of the refequestion 52 (in full-time equivalent a	•		nber of non-judge staff, s	ee
quositon 52 (m run umo oquivation)	Total	Males	Females	
Number of staff (non-public prosecutors) attached to the public prosecution service	8 181 []NA	2 940 []NA	5 241 [] NA	
Comment – please describe which categories of sta	ff you have include	ed in your reply:		
C2. Please indicate the sources for a	nswering the	questions in this p	part	
Sources: Ministry of Justice and High Council	for the Judiciary			
4. Gender equality				
3.4.1 Specific provisions for facility	tating gender	r equality		
061-2. Are there specific provisions	for facilitatin	g gender equality	within the framework of	the
procedures for recruiting:				
rocedures for recruiting.				
roccures for recruiting.	7	Yes, please specify	No	
judges	Y	Yes, please specify	No (X)	
-	J			

violence and sexual violence?

lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)
[] NA Comments - if the situation changed since the reference pecify:	e year, please specify in the co	omments. If you have additional comments plea
61-3. Are there specific provisions for rocedures for promoting:	facilitating gender ed	quality within the framework of th
roccuares for promoting.	Yes, please spe	ecify No
judges	()	(X)
prosecutors	()	(X)
non-judge staff	()	(X)
lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)
comments - If the situation changed since the reference of the structure of the specific provisions for the appointment of:	•	
Court president		() Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No
Head of prosecution services (spe		() Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No
Comments		
.4.2 At national level		
061-5. Does your country have an overallan/program) on gender equality that a		
		Page 32 of 133

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you specify the reference or internet link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us?

061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner) / institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:

	Yes, please specify	No
The recruitment of judges	()	(X)
The promotion of judges	(X)CPOM	()
The recruitment of prosecutors	()	(X)
The promotion of prosecutors	(X)CPOM	()
The recruitment of non-judge staff	()	(X)
The promotion of non-judge staff	(X) CUG Giustizia	()

Comments - Please specify the status of this person/institution and if it has a consultative function or if its opinions/decisions have legal consequences:

3.4.3 At court/public prosecution services level

061-7. At the court or public prosecution services level, is there a person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner)/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in the organisation of judicial work?

	Yes	No
in courts (judges)	(X)	()
in public prosecution services (prosecutors)	(X)	()
for courts' non-judge staff	(X)	()

Comments - Please specify the details of this person/institution, in particular its titles and function: Although they are not particularly widespread throughout the country, similarly to the national committees, there are also special committees called CUGs ("Comitati unici di garanzia per le pari opportunità, la valorizzazione del benessere di chi lavora e contro le discriminazioni") which operate at local/district level.

061-9. In order to improve gender balance in access to different judicial professions and gender equality in promotion and in access to functions of responsibility, what are the measures, in your country, which:

have been already implemented (please specify):		

are planned (please specify):
Comments - If the situation changed since reference year, please specify in the comments.
LVINAD
[X]NAP
061-10. Are there evaluation studies or official reports regarding the main causes of possible
gender inequalities with regard to:
[] Recruitment procedures, please specify:
[] Appointment to the position of court president, please specify:
[] Appointment to the position of head of prosecution services, please specify:
[] Promotion procedures and access to the functions of responsibility, please specify:
[] Other studies, please specify:
[X]NAP
Comments - Please specify also the reference documents. These procedures for the recruitment or promotion of members of the judiciary are based on open competitions which do not tolerate any form of gender inequality.
3.5. Use of information technologies in courts
3.5.1 Governance
ICT STRATEGY
062-01. Do you have an overall Information and Communication Technology (ICT) strategy in the
judicial system?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
062-02. If there is an overall ICT strategy in the judicial system, who was involved in the process
of its definition?
[X] Judges (Judicial council)
[X] Judges (Judicial council) [X] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)
[X] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)
[X] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council) [X] Ministry of justice
[X] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)[X] Ministry of justice[X] Lawyers (bar association)
 [X] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council) [X] Ministry of justice [X] Lawyers (bar association) [X] Notaries (association of notaries)

[]NA		
[]NAP		
Comments		
<u>LEGISLATION</u>		_
062-03. Does a national legislation/regulation	on of ICT in the judicia	l system exist?
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
062-04. If yes, how is this legislation/reg	gulation of ICT in the ju	udicial system structured?
[X] Relevant norms are included in the general e-go	vernment legislation/regulation	
[X] Relevant norms are included in specific legislati	on/regulation only for the judicia	l system
[X] Relevant texts are included in dedicated technical	al documents/specifications	
[] Other, please specify		
[] NA		
Comment - If more than one of the proposed models exist in $$\operatorname{\mathbb{N}}\nolimits$	your country, please select them	all and explain the details
IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF	ICT SYSTEMS	
062-05. Have you already organised audits/	evaluations/assessment	s of the impact of the
implementation of the ICT system?		
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
062 06 If these on the formation of the second	am anta serana alua alua alua a	
062-06. If these audits/evaluations/asses	sments were already or	gamsed, please specify their
modalities:		
	Format	Last conducted audit

	Format	Last conducted audit
ICT Governance	[X] Internal	[X] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has been organised	ago [] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has been organised
		[]NA

Security and risk management	[X] Internal	[X] In the last 2 years
Security and risk management	[] External	Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA
Impact on efficiency and quality of the business processes	[X] Internal	[X] In the last 2 years
and workflow	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
WALL 17 SALES 17	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[X] Internal	[X] In the last 2 years
	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
	[] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA
Other, please specify in comments	[] Internal	[] In the last 2 years
	[] External	[] Between 2 and 5 years
	[X] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[] More than 5 years ago
	[] NA	[X] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[] NA

062-07. If these audits/evaluations/assessments were organised in the last 5 years, how did you apply their recommendations/results?

[X] Update applications
[X] Define new ICT projects/modules
[X] Adjust legislation
[] Adjust working processes
[] Withdraw/stop use of a module/application
[] Reporting purpose only
[] Other, please specify
[] NA
[] NAP

3.5.2 Electronic case processing

Comments

ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF CASES

062-08. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, what are the deployment and

usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	(X) 50-75 %	(X) 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-09. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted	Data integration	
	electronically by:		

Civil	[X] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [X] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible
	accompany the electronic submission) [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible		[]NA
Administrative	[] Paper submission is still possible [X] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA
Criminal	[X] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [X] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA

Comments In Italy there are two systems for filing a criminal case. One is the "Portale delle notizie di reato", which allows digital communication between the police and the prosecution. The other is the system that allows communication between the Public Prosecutor's Office (Procura) and the Court (Tribunale).

The transmission of acts between the Public Prosecutor's Office (Procura) and the Court (Tribunale) is either digital or paper-based. In case of paper, data are manually re-entered in the CMS.

SENDING ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS TO COURT

062-10. If it is possible to send case-related documents to the courts electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % (X) 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible

Comments As far as criminal cases are concerned the deployment rate is 100% while the usage rate is lower.

062-11. If it is possible to send electronically case related documents to the courts, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted electronically by:	Data integration	
---------------------	---	------------------	--

Civil	[X] Paper delivery	[X] Documents sent	[X] The data are
	is still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[] Paper delivery is	[X] Documents sent	
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[X] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	Documents sent	the CMS
	[] Double delivery	by another	[] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[] NA
	[] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		
Administrative	[] Paper delivery is	[X] Documents sent	[X] The data are
	still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[X] Paper delivery	[] Documents sent	to the CMS
	is not possible anymore	by a party not	[] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[] Documents sent	the CMS
	[] Double delivery	by another	[] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[] NA
	[] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		
Criminal	[X] Paper delivery	[X] Documents sent	[X] The data are
	is still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[] Paper delivery is	[X] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[X] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[] Documents sent	the CMS
	[] Double delivery	by another	[] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[] NA
	[] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		

Comment - If you have selected the option "Documents sent by another person/institution", please specify details. As far as civil cases are concerned, even if paper delivery is still possible, this should be considered as an exceptional event.

As far as criminal cases are concerned, the transmission of documents between the Public Prosecutor's Office (Procura) and the Court (Tribunale) is either digital or paper-based. According to national legislation, signed paper documents lose their legal validity when converted into a digital format. For this reason some paper still exists and it has to be physically transmitted from the prosecution office to the court.

ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS

062-12. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % (X) 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic notifications are not possible

Comments

062-13. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Type of notification	Data integration

Civil	[X] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[X] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	
Administrative	[] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[X] Paper	[] Notifications	[] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[X] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		E T NIA	

Cuiminol	[X] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
Criminal			
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	

Comment - If you have selected the option "Notifications sent to other persons/institutions", please specify details.

CONSULTATION OF A CASE ONLINE

062-14. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - online consultation	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - online consultation is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %

Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	(X) 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - online consultation	() NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-15. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, please specify the modalities:

	Content	Access	Consultation format
Civil	[X] Case status [X] Documents [X] Notifications [X] Events/calendar [X] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Electronic access at the court premises [X] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA
Administrative	[X] Case status [X] Documents [X] Notifications [X] Events/calendar [X] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[] Electronic access at the court premises [X] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA
Criminal	[X] Case status [X] Documents [X] Notifications [X] Events/calendar [X] Court decision [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Lawyer [X] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[X] Electronic access at the court premises [X] Other, please specify [] NAP – online consultation is not possible []NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other", please specify details. Other: via internet

REMOTE HEARINGS

062-16. If it is possible to organise remote hearings what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - remote hearings	() NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	(X) NAP - remote hearings	(X) NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	(X) 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	(X) 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - remote hearings	() NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-17. If it is possible to organise remote hearings, please specify the functionalities and modalities:

Functionalities	Modalities

Civil	[] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
CIVI	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[X] The judge can impose
	[X] Publicly available	a remote hearing
	tools used by courts	[] NAP – remote hearings
	[] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[] NA	
Administrative	[] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[] The judge can impose a
	[] Publicly available tools	remote hearing
		_
	used by courts	[X]NAP – remote
	,	hearings are not possible
	,	
	[] Organisation of private	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion,	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text) [X] NAP – remote	hearings are not possible
	[] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)	hearings are not possible

Calculated	[V] Dadicated tool	[] Agreement of the
Criminal	[X] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[X] The judge can impose
	[X] Publicly available	a remote hearing
	tools used by courts	[] NAP – remote hearings
	[] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[] NA	

Comments Remote hearings in criminal cases can be carried out either through Microsoft "TEAMS Giustizia" or through a dedicated tool/software available in prisons.

ELECTRONIC ARCHIVES

062-18. If electronic archives of cases exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %
	() NAP - electronic archives do not exist	() NAP - electronic archives do not exist
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %
	() NAP - electronic archives do not exist	() NAP - electronic archives do not exist

Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic archives	() NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-19. If an electronic archive of cases exists, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper
Civil	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA
Administrative	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA
Criminal	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA

Comments

3.5.3 Tools

CASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (CMS)

062-20. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-21. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

Functionalities
Functionanties

CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases
dashboard [X] Random allocation of cases
[X] Random allocation of cases
[] Case weighting
[X] Identification of a case between
instances (unique or linked id number)
[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
another instance/court
[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
published
[X] Interoperability with other
systems (civil register, tax register,
insolvency register)
[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
[X] Advanced search engine
[X] Protected log files
[X] Electronic signature
[] Other special functionality, please
specify
[] NAP – CMS does not exist
[] NA
Administrative [X] Centralised and/or interoperable
CMS databases
[X] Active case management
dashboard
[] Random allocation of cases
[] Case weighting
[X] Identification of a case between
instances (unique or linked id number)
[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
another instance/court
[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
published
[] Interoperability with other systems
(civil register, tax register, insolvency
register)
[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
[X] Advanced search engine
[X] Protected log files
[X] Electronic signature
[] Other special functionality, please
specify
[] NAP – CMS does not exist

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", because of its importance please specify details.

062-22. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Criminal	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	[] Case weighting
	[X] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[X] Interoperability with prosecution
	system
	[] Interoperability with other systems
	(civil register, tax register, insolvency
	register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[] Advanced search engine
	[X] Protected log files
	[] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

WRITING ASSISTANCE TOOLS

062-23. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, what are their deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

		(77) 07 100
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X)95-100%	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAD writing aggistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	() NAP - writing assistance	() 14711 WITTING assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist

Comments

062-24. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, please describe their functionalities:

	Functionalities
Civil	[X] Templates
	[X] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[X] Speech-to-text
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA
Administrative	[X] Templates
	[] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[] Speech-to-text
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA

Criminal	[X] Templates
	[X] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[] Speech-to-text
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

RECORDING OF COURT HEARINGS

062-25. If a tool to record court hearings exists, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % (X) 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % (X) 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Administrative	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings

Comments

062-26. If a tool to record court hearings exist, please specify its functionalities:

Functionalities

Civil	[X] Audio recording
	[] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Administrative	[] Audio recording
	[] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[X] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Criminal	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[X] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

DATABASE OF COURT DECISIONS

062-27. If there is a national database of court decisions, please provide the percentage of the decisions published at each instance.

Percentage of 1st instance decisions published	instance decisions	Percentage of Supreme court decisions published
--	--------------------	---

		1	
Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	(X) 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	() 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - There is no	(X) NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %	() 0 %
	(X) NAP - There is no	(X) NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

Comments In Italy there is no 2nd instance for administrative justice.

The national archive of jurisprudence (https://pst.giustizia.it/PST/) is accessible to all citizens

after identity verification through the Public Digital Identity System (which provids access to a series of services of the Italian Public Administration). The national archive of jurisprudence collects the judgements /sentences of both first and second instance courts (i.e. tribunals and courts of appeal).

The judgements / sentences issued in the last 5 years by the Supreme Court of Cassation (either civil or criminal proceedings) are available free-of charge here http://www.italgiure.giustizia.it/sncass/

Moreover a selection of court judgements is published by commercial publishers through their websites.

http://www.italgiure.giustizia.it/ is a paid service of research and consultation of all the judgments of the Supreme Court of Cassation.

062-28. If there is a national database of court decisions, please specify the modalities in publishing these decisions:

1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme court

Civil	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published onlin
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[X] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	[X] Published online	[] Published online	[X] Published onlin
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[X] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	[] Published online	[] Published online	[X] Published onlin
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[X] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[X] NAP– There is	[X] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

062-29. If there is a database of court decisions at national level, what are the functionalities of this database?

Functionalities	

Civil	[X] Automatic anonymisation
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	-
	[X] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[] Open data
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Machine-readable content
	[X] Structured content
	[X] Metadata
	[X] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[] NA
Administrative	[] Automatic anonymisation
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[] Free public online access
	[] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[] Open data
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Machine-readable content
	[X] Structured content
	[X] Metadata
	[X] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
] NA
Criminal	[X] Automatic anonymisation
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	[X] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[] Open data
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Machine-readable content
	[X] Structured content
	[X] Metadata
	[X] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[] NA

STATISTICAL TOOLS

062-30. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, what is their deployment rate?

	Deployment rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
Administrative	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools

Comments

062-31. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, please describe their functionalities and the data available for statistical analysis:

Functionalities	Data available for statistical analysis
-----------------	---

Civil	[X] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
CIVII	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[X] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[X] Age of a pending case
	[X] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[X] Number of hearings
	[X] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[] Case weights
	[X] Internal page and/or	[X] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[X] External page with	[X] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[] Result of the appeal
	[X] Real-time data	[] NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[X] Automatic	[] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[]NA	
Administrative	[X] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
Administrative	[X] Integration/connection with the CMS	[X] Case flow data (number of incoming, resolved,
Administrative	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
Administrative	_	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website)	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP—there are no
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools
Administrative	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [] Generation of predefined statistical reports [] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special functionality, please specify	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [X] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [X] Case weights [X] Number of parties in a case [X] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP— there are no statistical tools

		[X] Case flow data
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[X] Age of a pending case
	[X] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[X] Number of hearings
	[X] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[] Case weights
	[X] Internal page and/or	[X] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[X] External page with	[] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data	[] Result of the appeal [] NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[] Automatic	[] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
immediate and continuous integration of real-time data streams. As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit	
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit	
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available wit	hin tools at national level.
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS 062-32. Is there any application for online contains the statistics of the statistics for online contains the st	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available wit	hin tools at national level.
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS 062-32. Is there any application for online contains (a) Yes	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available wit	hin tools at national level.
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS 062-32. Is there any application for online contains the statistics of the statistics for online contains the st	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available wit	hin tools at national level.
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS 062-32. Is there any application for online contains (a) Yes	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available wit	hin tools at national level.
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS 062-32. Is there any application for online contains (X) No	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available wit urt-related dispute resolution	hin tools at national level. on?
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS 062-32. Is there any application for online con () Yes (X) No Comments	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available wit urt-related dispute resolution	hin tools at national level. on?
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS O62-32. Is there any application for online condition (a) Yes (b) Yes (c) Yes (c) Yes (c) Yes (d) No Comments O62-33. If yes, is there a maximum value of cannot be organised?	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available with urt-related dispute resolution over which online court-related court-related court-related court-related online court-related co	hin tools at national level. on?
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS O62-32. Is there any application for online condition (a) Yes (b) Yes (c) X) No Comments O62-33. If yes, is there a maximum value cannot be organised? (c) Yes, please specify the maximum value comments.	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available with urt-related dispute resolution over which online court-related court-related court-related court-related online court-related co	hin tools at national level. on?
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS O62-32. Is there any application for online condition (a) Yes (b) Yes (c) X) No Comments O62-33. If yes, is there a maximum value or cannot be organised? (c) Yes, please specify the maximum value (d) No	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available with urt-related dispute resolution over which online court-related court-related court-related court-related online court-related co	hin tools at national level. on?
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS O62-32. Is there any application for online condition (a) Yes (b) Yes (c) X) No Comments O62-33. If yes, is there a maximum value cannot be organised? (c) Yes, please specify the maximum value comments.	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available with urt-related dispute resolution over which online court-related court-related court-related court-related online court-related co	hin tools at national level. on?
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS O62-32. Is there any application for online condition (a) Yes (b) Yes (c) X) No Comments O62-33. If yes, is there a maximum value or cannot be organised? (c) Yes, please specify the maximum value (d) No	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available with urt-related dispute resolution over which online court-related.	on? ated dispute resolution
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS O62-32. Is there any application for online condition (a) Yes (b) Yes (c) Yes (c) Yes, is there a maximum value of cannot be organised? (c) Yes, please specify the maximum value (c) No Comments	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available with urt-related dispute resolution over which online court-related.	on? ated dispute resolution
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS O62-32. Is there any application for online condition (a) Yes (b) Yes (c) Yes (c) Yes (d) Yes, is there a maximum value of cannot be organised? (e) Yes, please specify the maximum value of the condition (b) No Comments O62-34. If yes, can the online court-related	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available with urt-related dispute resolution over which online court-related.	on? ated dispute resolution
As far as criminal cases it is important to note that some function while other functionalities (e.g. external page with statistics for OTHER TOOLS O62-32. Is there any application for online condition (a) Yes (b) Yes (c) Yes (c) Yes (c) Yes, is there a maximum value of cannot be organised? (c) Yes, please specify the maximum value (c) No Comments O62-34. If yes, can the online court-related (c) Small claim litigation	onalities (e.g. real-time data availabilit specific courts) are only available with urt-related dispute resolution over which online court-related.	on? ated dispute resolution

[] Misuemeanour Criminal Cases
[] Enforcement of civil cases
[] Other, please specify
Comment: Please describe the existing online procedures:
062-35. Is there a computerised national record centralising all criminal convictions?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
062-36. If yes, please specify the following information:
[X] The computerised record includes biometric data (ex. fingerprint data, picture)
[] The computerised record is linked to other European records of the same nature (ex. ECRIS)
[X] The content is directly available through computerised means for judges and/or prosecutors (ex. interoperability with CMS)
[] The content is directly available for purposes other than criminal (ex. civil and administrative matters)
[] The record contains conviction information on third-country nationals and stateless persons
Comments
062-37. Is there a Document Management System (DMS) in the registry of courts?
(X)Yes
() No
Comment: If yes, please provide details on the purposes and usage of this system.
062-38. In addition to the tools listed in the ICT section of this questionnaire does your judic
system use other innovative ICT tools?
() Yes
(X) No
Comment: If yes, please list and describe these ICT tools.
3.6.Performance and evaluation
3.6.1National policies applied in courts and public prosecution services
066. Are quality standards determined for the judicial system at national level (are there qual systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies)? () Yes (X) No Comments - If yes, please specify:
067. Do you have specialised personnel entrusted with implementation of these national leve quality standards?

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	Yes / No
within the courts	() Yes (X) No
within the public prosecution services	() Yes (X) No

[X] clearance rate

Comments
3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services
070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning:
[X] number of incoming cases
[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)
[X] number of resolved cases
[X] number of pending cases
[X] backlogs
[X] productivity of judges and court staff
[] satisfaction of court staff
[] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)
[] costs of the judicial procedures
[] number of appeals
[] appeal ratio
[X] clearance rate
[X] disposition time
[] other (please specify):
Comments
070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality)
concerning:
[X] number of incoming cases
[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)
[X] number of resolved cases
[X] number of pending cases
[X] backlogs
[X] productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff
[] satisfaction of prosecution staff
[] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)
[] costs of the judicial procedures

[X] disposition time		
[] percentage of convictions and acquittals		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
071. Do you monitor the number of pending c	ases and cases that are no	t processed within a
reasonable timeframe (backlogs) for:		
[X] civil law cases		
[X] criminal law cases		
[X] administrative law cases		
Comments		
072. Do you monitor waiting time during judie	cial proceedings?	
	Yes (If yes, please specify)	No
within the courts	()	(X)
within the public prosecution services	()	(X)
Comments		
073. Do you have a system to evaluate regular	ly court performance base	ed on the monitored
indicators of question 70?		
(X)Yes		
() No		
Comments		
073-0. If yes, please specify the frequency	:	
() Annual		
() Less frequent		
(X) More frequent		
Comments - If "Less frequent" or "More frequent", please specific monthly monitoring dashboard is available online here: https://w		
073-1. Is this evaluation of the court activity u	sed for the later allocation	n of resources within this
court?		
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
073-2. If yes, which courses of action are t	aken (multiple replies pos	ssible)?
[] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated po	erformance	

[X] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)	
[X] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
073-3. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly the performance of the public prosecution	
services based on the monitored indicators of question 70-1?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	
073-4. If yes, please specify the frequency:	
() Annual	
() Less frequent	
(X) More frequent	
Comments - If "less frequent" or "more frequent", please specify: Quarterly	
073-5. Is this evaluation of the activity of public prosecution services used for the later allocation	n
of resources within this public prosecution service?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	
073-6. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?	
[] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance	
[X] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)	
[X] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
079. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the courts (multiple replies possible)	?
[X] High Judicial Council	
[] Ministry of Justice	
[X] Inspection authority	
[] Supreme Court	
[] External audit body	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	

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(multiple replies possible)?
[X] Public Prosecutorial Council
[X] Ministry of Justice
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor
[] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[] External audit body
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
3.6.3Information regarding courts /public prosecution services activity
080. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding th
functioning of the courts?
(X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution):see general comments
() No
Comments
080-1. Are the statistics on the functioning of each court published?
(X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)see general comments
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)
() No
Comments
=
080-2. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding
the functioning of the public prosecution services?
(X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution):see general comments
() No
Comments
080-3. Are the statistics on the functioning of each public prosecution service published?
(X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)see general comments
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)
() No
Comments
=
081. Are individual courts required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data
on the number of resolved cases or pending cases, the number of judges and administrative staff,

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079-1. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the public prosecution services

targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. to whom the report is primarily intended):
081-1. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[X] Internet
[] Intranet (internal) website
[X] Paper distribution
Comments
081-2. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
(X) Annual
() Less frequent
() More frequent
Comments
=
081-3. Are public prosecution services required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data on the number of incoming cases, the number of decisions, the number of public
prosecutors and administrative staff, targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. for whom the report is primarily intended):
081-4. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[X] Internet
[] Intranet (internal) website
[X] Paper distribution
Comments
081-5. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
(X) Annual
() Less frequent
() More frequent
Comments
3.6.4 Performance and evaluation of judges and public prosecutors

083. Are there quantitative performance targets defined for each judge (e.g. the number of

resolved cases in a month or year)?

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() No	
Comments	
083-1. Who is responsible for setting these ta	argets for each judge?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[] Legislative power	
[X] Judicial power (for example the High Judicial Council	, Supreme Court)
[X] President of the court	
[] Other (please specify):	
[]NAP	
Comments	
083-1-1. What are the consequences for a jud	dge if these torgets are not met?
065-1-1. What are the consequences for a just	
	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by court's president
	[] Temporary salary reduction
	[X] Reflected in the individual
	assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by court's president
	[] Temporary salary reduction
	[X] Reflected in the individual
	assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment]
-	[] No consequences
-	[] NAP (no targets defined)
Comments Disciplinary sanction as provided by the Legislativ responsibility of professional magistrates. 114. Is there a system of individual evaluation	on of the judges' work?
	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work
Quantitative	(X) Yes
	() No
Qualitative	(X) Yes () No
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment purposes for which the results of the assessment are used:	t is based, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the
114-1. Please specify the frequency of this e	valuation:
() Annual	
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(X) Yes

() More frequent	
() Different frequencies used, please specify:	
[] NAP	
=	
083-2. Are there quantitative performance targets des	fined for each public prosecutor (e.g. the
number of decisions in a month or year)?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	
083-3. Who is responsible for setting these targets fo	r each public prosecutor?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[] Public Prosecutorial Council	
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public pr	rosecutor
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
083-3-1. What are the consequences for a prosecutor	if these targets are not met?
083-3-1. What are the consequences for a prosecutor	
	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by head of prosecution [] Temporary salary reduction [X] Reflected in the individual assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by head of prosecution [] Temporary salary reduction [X] Reflected in the individual assessment

(X) Less frequent

No consequences

Comments Disciplinary sanction as provided by the Legislative Decree no 109 of 23rd February 2006, regarding disciplinary responsibility of professional magistrates.

120. Is there a system of individual evaluation of the public prosecutors' work?

Existence of a system of individual evaluation of thepublic prosecutors' work

[] Other, please specify: [Comment]

[] No consequences

[] NAP

Quantitative	(X) Yes () No
Qualitative	(X) Yes () No
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is purposes for which the results of the assessment are used:	s based, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the
120-1. Please specify the frequency of this eva	aluation:
() Annual	
(X) Less frequent	
() More frequent	
() Different frequencies used, please specify:	
Comments Every four years	
C4. Please indicate the sources for answering	the questions in this part
Sources: Ministry of Justice and High Council of the Judici	ary
.Fair trial	
.1.Principles	
4.1.1Principles of fair trial	
084. Percentage of first instance criminal in at attending the hearing in person nor is represen	osentia judgments (cases in which the suspect is not ited by a lawyer)?
[] NA [X] NAP	
Comments - Please add methodology for calculation used.	
085. Is there a procedure to effectively challen	nge a judge (recusal), if a party considers that the
judge is not impartial?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - Please could you briefly specify:	
085-1. If yes, what are:	
•	-
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	The total number of the initiated procedures in the reference year	
		[X] NA [] NAP
,	The total number of recusals pronounced in the reference year	[X]NA []NAP
Comi	ment - Please, could you briefly specify:	
086	. Is there in your country a monitoring system for the violation	s related to Article 6 of the
Eur	opean Convention on Human Rights?	
[] For civil procedures (non-enforcement)	
[] For civil procedures (timeframe)	
] For criminal procedures (timeframe) X] NAP	
by E0	ments - Please specify what are the terms and conditions of this monitoring system (info CHR at the State/courts level; implementation of internal systems to prevent other violateure an evolution of the established violations): In Italy there is no monitoring system in	ions (that are similar) and if possible to
086	i-1. Is there in your country a possibility to review/reopen a cas	e after a finding of a violation of
	European Convention on Usman Dights by the European Cour	4 of Human Diahta?
the	European Convention on Human Rights by the European Cour	t of Human Rights?
	[] For civil cases	t of Human Rights?
[X		t of Human Rights?
[X [X	ζ] For civil cases	t of Human Rights?
[X] [X] [Commis pos	[X] For civil cases [X] For criminal cases [Y] For administrative cases	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHF
[X [X [Coming to the content of t	K] For civil cases K] For criminal cases] For administrative cases] NAP ments The possibility of revision of a case after a finding of a violation of the European ssible for both criminal (article 630 of the Criminal Code) and civil (article 391-quater of the Criminal Code).	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHR f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X [X [Commiss possible administration of the commission of the	[X] For civil cases [X] For criminal cases [S] For administrative cases [S] NAP [S] ments The possibility of revision of a case after a finding of a violation of the European ssible for both criminal (article 630 of the Criminal Code) and civil (article 391-quater of nistrative cases is currently on the table.	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHF f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X [X [Commiss possible administration of the commission of the	[3] For civil cases [4] For criminal cases [5] For administrative cases [6] NAP [7] ments The possibility of revision of a case after a finding of a violation of the European ssible for both criminal (article 630 of the Criminal Code) and civil (article 391-quater of nistrative cases is currently on the table. [8] Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHF f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X [X [Commiss possible administration of the commission of the	[3] For civil cases [4] For criminal cases [5] For administrative cases [6] NAP [7] ments The possibility of revision of a case after a finding of a violation of the European ssible for both criminal (article 630 of the Criminal Code) and civil (article 391-quater of nistrative cases is currently on the table. [8] Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHI f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X [X [X [Commiss possible administration of the commission of	[3] For civil cases [4] For criminal cases [5] For administrative cases [6] NAP [7] ments The possibility of revision of a case after a finding of a violation of the European ssible for both criminal (article 630 of the Criminal Code) and civil (article 391-quater of nistrative cases is currently on the table. [8] Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHI f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X [X [X [Commis postadmin statement of the commis postadmin statement of the commis statement of the commission of the commissi	[3] For civil cases [4] For criminal cases [5] For administrative cases [6] NAP [7] ments The possibility of revision of a case after a finding of a violation of the European ssible for both criminal (article 630 of the Criminal Code) and civil (article 391-quater of nistrative cases is currently on the table. [8] Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this Sources: Ministry of Justice	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHI f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X	[A] For civil cases [J For criminal cases] [J For administrative cases] [J For criminal cases] [J For administrative cases] [J For administrativ	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHI f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X	[3] For civil cases [4] For criminal cases [5] For administrative cases [6] For administrative cases [6] For administrative cases [7] NAP [7] ments The possibility of revision of a case after a finding of a violation of the European ssible for both criminal (article 630 of the Criminal Code) and civil (article 391-quater of nistrative cases is currently on the table. [8] Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this [8] Sources: Ministry of Justice [9] Sources: Ministry of Justice	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHI f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X	[A] For civil cases [A] For criminal cases [B] For administrative cases [B] NAP [B] ments The possibility of revision of a case after a finding of a violation of the European ssible for both criminal (article 630 of the Criminal Code) and civil (article 391-quater of nistrative cases is currently on the table. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this sources: Ministry of Justice Timeframe of proceedings [B] General information [C] Are there specific procedures for urgent matters regarding:	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHI f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X	[A] For civil cases [B] For administrative ca	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHI f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to
[X	[A] For civil cases [B] For administrative cases [B] For civil cases [B] For administrative cases [B]	Convention on Human Rights by the ECHI f the Civil Code) cases. The extension to

[X] civil cases (small disputes)		
[X] criminal cases (misdemeanour cases)		
[X] administrative cases		
[] There is no simplified procedure		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
088-1. For these simplified procedures,	may judges deliver an o	ral judgement with a written order
and without the full reasoning of the jud	gement?	
[X] civil cases		
[X] criminal cases		
[X] administrative cases		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
089. Do courts and lawyers have the posprocessing cases (presentation of files, d conclusions etc.)?		G
	Yes	No
Agreement on general arrangements	(X)	()

(X)

Comments

Agreement in specific cases

4.2.2 Case flow management – first instance

088. Are there simplified procedures for:

()

091. First instance courts: number of other than criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of other than criminal law	3 354 045	3 074 970	3 244 585	3 184 430	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	2 085 533	1 313 157	1 371 212	2 027 478	
litigious cases (including litigious	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
enforcement cases and if possible	[] NAF	IJNAF	[] NAF	[] NAF	[] NAF
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases	1 142 879	1 710 237	1 804 456	1 048 660	
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

		1 710 237	1 804 456	1 048 660	
mmercial) non-litigious cases	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
g. uncontested payment orders			[] IVAI	[] IVAI	[] IVAI
quest for a change of name,					
on-litigious enforcement cases					
tc. (if possible without					
dministrative law cases, see					
ategory 3; without registry case	es				
and other cases, see categories					
.2 and 2.3)					
.2. Registry cases					
2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
0.0.1. N 1'4'' 1 1 1'4		[24]1424	[71]1711	[21]17711	[24]1424
2.2.1. Non litigious land registr	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
cases	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business					
registry cases	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
		51 576	68 917	108 292	52 394
3. Administrative law cases	125 633	51 576		E TATA	
3. Administrative law cases	125 633 [] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA		
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA		
3. Administrative law cases4. Other cases	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	[]NA	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Other cases omments In the framework of the Neduce both disposition time and backtps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/contents.	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP Vational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/en	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the Plaematio	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalian	[]NAP []NA [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases omments In the framework of the N duce both disposition time and back tps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/cont	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP Vational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/en	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the Plaematio	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalian	[]NAP []NA [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases comments In the framework of the N duce both disposition time and backtps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/contents.	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP Vational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/en	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the Plaematio	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalian	[]NAP []NA [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases comments In the framework of the Noduce both disposition time and backtps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/contents. 92. If courts deal with "chategories included:	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP Vational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/en	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the Plaematio	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalian	[]NAP []NA [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
Domments In the framework of the Noduce both disposition time and backtps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/control of the Noduce both disposition time and backtps://www.italiadom.gov.it/control of the Noduce both disposition time and backtps://www.i	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP Vational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/en	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the Plaematio	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalian	[]NAP []NA [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases omments In the framework of the Neduce both disposition time and backters://www.italiadomani.gov.it/contents. 92. If courts deal with "citategories included:	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP Vational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/en	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the Plaematio	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalian	[]NAP []NA [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases omments In the framework of the N duce both disposition time and back tps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/cont 92. If courts deal with "ci ategories included:	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP Vational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/en	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the Plaematio	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalian	[]NAP []NA [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases omments In the framework of the N duce both disposition time and back tps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/cont 92. If courts deal with "ci ategories included: . See general comments	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP [Attional Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/endictions and conditions are also below the cond	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the red/Interventi/riforme/	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalistic case.	[]NAP [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases omments In the framework of the N duce both disposition time and back tps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/cont 92. If courts deal with "ci ategories included: . See general comments	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP [X]NAP Jational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/endictions in the content of the content o	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the red/Interventi/riforme/	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalistic case.	[]NAP [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases Comments In the framework of the Neduce both disposition time and backtps://www.italiadomani.gov.it/contents/ 192. If courts deal with "citategories included:	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP [X]NAP Jational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/endictions in the content of the content o	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the red/Interventi/riforme/	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalistic case.	[]NAP [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases omments In the framework of the Neduce both disposition time and backters://www.italiadomani.gov.it/contents 92. If courts deal with "chategories included: . See general comments 93. Please indicate the cases	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP [X]NAP Jational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/endictions in the content of the content o	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the red/Interventi/riforme/	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalistic case.	[]NAP [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order
4. Other cases omments In the framework of the Noduce both disposition time and backters://www.italiadomani.gov.it/control 92. If courts deal with "citategories included: . See general comments 93. Please indicate the case	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP [X]NAP Jational Recovery klogs. More inforent/sogei-ng/it/endictions in the content of the content o	[]NA []NAP []NA [X]NAP and Resilience Plaemation about the red/Interventi/riforme/	[]NA []NAP []NAP [X]NAP In (PNRR) Italy has form can be found a riforme-orizzontalistic case.	[]NAP [X]NAP undertaken a serie at /riforma-della-gius	[] NAP [] NAP [X] NAP es of actions in order

094. First instance courts: number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of criminal law cases	1 168 166	1 100 891	1 150 967	1 118 090	
(1+2+3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
(1+2+3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases	1 071 964	995 234	1 032 480	1 034 718	350 775
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor	96 202	105 657	118 487	83 372	
criminal cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
erminai cases	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify In the framework of the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (PNRR) Italy has undertaken a series of actions in order to reduce both disposition time and backlogs. More information about the reform can be found at https://www.italiadomani.gov.it/content/sogeing/it/en/Interventi/riforme-orizzontali/riforma-della-giustizia.html

4.2.3 Case flow management – second instance

097. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of "other than criminal law" cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of other than criminal law	272 703	101 420	126 094	248 029	100 711
cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
,	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	267 397	93 851	117 895	243 353	100 552
litigious cases (including litigious	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
enforcement cases and if possible	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases	5 306	7 569	8 199	4 676	159
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(2.172.272.3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

2.1. General civil (and	5 306	7 569	8 199	4 676	159
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[] NA				
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[] NAP				
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
·					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA				
(2.2.1 2.2.2 2.2.3)	[X] NAP				
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry					
cases	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
2.2.2 Non-litigious business					
registry cases	[] NA				
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases					
	[] NA				
	[X]NAP	[X] NAP			
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
3. Administrative law cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
4. Other cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				

Comments - If "Other cases" please specify In the framework of the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (PNRR) Italy has udertaken a series of actions in order to reduce both disposition time and backlogs. More information about the reform can be found at https://www.italiadomani.gov.it/content/sogei-ng/it/en/Interventi/riforme/riforme-orizzontali/riforma-della-giustizia.html The main goal is a general reduction of the disposition time by 40% in the civil sector and 25% in the criminal sector by June 2026 (all three instances together) .

More specifically a reduction of the civil backlog by 65% in first instance courts and 55% in appeal courts by the end of 2024; by 90% in first instance courts and appeal courts by June 2026. As far as the civil cases, such targets relate exclusively to litigious cases.

A monitoring system is in place and a detailed dashboard is available at

https://webstat.giustizia.it/SitePages/Monitoraggio%20PNRR.aspx

098. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases		year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of criminal law cases (1+2+3)	264 950 []NA	108 757	122 329 [] NA	251 378 [] NA	114 370 [] NA
(11213)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

1. Severe criminal cases	261 704	105 471	119 083	248 092	113 901
	[] NA				
	[] NAP				
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor	3 246	3 286	3 246	3 286	469
criminal cases	[] NA [] NAP				
3. Other criminal cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify: In the framework of the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (PNRR) Italy has udertaken a series of actions in order to reduce both disposition time and backlogs. More information about the reform can be found at https://www.italiadomani.gov.it/content/sogeing/it/en/Interventi/riforme-orizzontali/riforma-della-giustizia.html

The main goal is a general reduction of the disposition time by 40% in the civil sector and 25% in the criminal sector by June 2026 (all three instances together).

More specifically a reduction of the civil backlog by 65% in first instance courts and 55% in appeal courts by the end of 2024; by 90% in first instance courts and appeal courts by June 2026. As far as the civil cases, such targets relate exclusively to litigious cases.

A monitoring system is in place and a detailed dashboard is available at

 $https://webstat.giustizia.it/SitePages/Monitoraggio\%\,20PNRR.aspx$

4.2.4 Case flow management – Supreme Court



099. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of "other than criminal law" cases:

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	134 714	41 042	52 460	123 296	61 231
	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases (including litigious enforcement cases and if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3)	110 842	29 504	35 875	104 471	53 362
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
2. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA	[]NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
2.1. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases, e.g. uncontested payment orders, request for a change of name,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
non-litigious enforcement cases etc. (if possible without administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases and other cases, see categories 2.2 and 2.3)					

2.2. Registry cases						
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[X] NAP					
2.2.1. Non litigious land registr	-y					
20000	[] NA					
cases	[X] NAP					
2.2.2 Non-litigious business						
registry cases	[] NA					
legistry cases	[X] NAP					
2.2.3. Other registry cases						
	[] NA					
	[X] NAP					
2.3. Other non-litigious cases						
_	[] NA					
	[X] NAP					
3. Administrative law cases	23 473	11 127	16 176	18 424	7 827	
	[] NA					
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
4. Other cases	399	411	409	401	42	
	[] NA					
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	

Comments - If "Other cases", please specify Within the framework of the National Plan for Recovery and Resilience (PNRR), Italy has taken a number of measures to reduce both disposition times and backlogs. The main objective is an overall reduction of 40% in the civil sector and 25% in the criminal sector by June 2026 (all three instances together). More information on the reform is available at https://www.italiadomani.gov.it/content/sogei-ng/it/en/Interventi/riforme/riforme-orizzontali/riforma-della-giustizia.html. A monitoring system is also in place and a detailed dashboard is available at https://webstat.giustizia.it/SitePages/Monitoraggio%20PNRR.aspx.

099-1. At the level of the Highest court (Supreme Court), is there a procedure of manifest inadmissibility?

(X) Yes, please indicate the number of cases closed by this procedure	re: NA
() No	

Comments

100. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of criminal law cases	23 735	45 363	50 775	18 323	0
(1 + 2 + 2)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(1+2+3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases	20 822	37 990	42 765	16 047	0
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor	479	697	811	365	0
criminal cases	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

3. Other criminal cases	2 434	6 676	7 199	1 911	0
	[] NA				
	[] NAP				

Comment - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify Within the framework of the National Plan for Recovery and Resilience (PNRR), Italy has taken a number of measures to reduce both disposition times and backlogs. The main objective is an overall reduction of 40% in the civil sector and 25% in the criminal sector by June 2026 (all three instances together). More information on the reform is available at https://www.italiadomani.gov.it/content/sogeing/it/en/Interventi/riforme-orizzontali/riforma-della-giustizia.html.

A monitoring system is also in place and a detailed dashboard is available at https://webstat.giustizia.it/SitePages/Monitoraggio%20PNRR.aspx.

4.2.5 Case flow management and timeframes - specific cases

101. Number of specific litigious cases received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Litigious divorce cases	41 098	27 388	31 505	36 981	11 071
	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Employment dismissal cases	11 640	11 916	12 563	10 993	1 970
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Insolvency	6 558	17 017	18 737	4 838	512
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Robbery case					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Intentional homicide					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments Such improvements are due to the implementation of the National Plan for Recovery and Resilience (PNRR). See comments at previous questions.



101-0. Number of cases relating to asylum seekers and to the right of entry and stay for aliens.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases for more than 2 years
Court cases relating to asylum	76 444	29 234	40 581	65 097	27 598
seekers (refugee status under the	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
1951 Geneva Convention)	[] IVAI	[] IVAI	[] IVAI	[] IVAI	[] IVAI
Court cases relating to the right		1 464	2 429		
of entry and stay for aliens	[X] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

Comments The number of incoming and resolved cases is significantly higher in 2022 compared to 2020 which was a very peculiar year

due to the pandemic. In 2020 the territorial committees worked much less, resulting in fewer appeals being filed.

In 2020 the number of pending cases increased. After 2020, we have experienced a better resolution rate of the court system. The courts were organized into specialized sections which managed to reduce the exceptional burden of pending cases that accumulated especially in 2019 (when we registered the highest number of incoming cases).

Moreover, cases registered before 2020 became backlogs (pending for more than two years) in 2022. As mentioned above, 2019 was characterised by an exceptional number of registrations, particularly in the area of international protection.

101-1. Could you briefly describe the system in your country dealing with legal remedies relating to asylum seekers (refugee status under the 1951 Geneva Convention) and the right of entry and stay for aliens:

. The Italian asylum system foresees a single regular procedure, the same for the determination of both refugee status and subsidiary protection status. The asylum claim can be lodged either at the border police office or within the territory at the provincial Police station (Questura).

The police authorities send the registration form and the documents concerning the asylum application to the Territorial Commissions or Sub-commissions for International Protection (Commissioni territoriali per il riconoscimento della protezione internazionale) (CTRPI) located throughout the national territory, the only authorities competent for the substantive asylum interview. Asylum seekers can appeal against a negative decision issued by the Territorial Commissions within 30 days before the competent Civil Tribunal.

101-2. Number of cases relating to child sexual abuse and child pornography received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases		Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Child sexual abuse					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Child pornography					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please explain what are the legal definitions of these categories of offences in your system: In order to correctly identify child sexual abuse cases it is necessary to assess both articles and paragraphs, which the Italian Criminal Code is composed of.

Unfortunately, in most cases the only information available for statistical purposes is the article. In general, when it comes to the quantification of specific crimes it necessary to implement a study of the phenomenon first. This exercise cannot be reduced to a mere data extraction from the database as we might end up in either overestimate or underestimate the phenomenon. Having said that, we are in the process of investigating this area and we might be in a position to provide the desired data for the next cycles.

102. Percentage of decisions subject to appeal, average length of proceedings and percentage of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances for specific litigious cases. The average length of proceedings has to be calculated from the date the application for judicial review is lodged to the date the judgment is made, without taking into account the investigation phase in

criminal cases as well as enforcement procedure.

	% of decisions subject to appeal	Average length in 1st instance (in days)	Average length in 2nd instance (in days)	Average length in 3rd instance (in days)	Average length of the entire procedure (in days)	% of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances
Civil and commercial litigious cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA [] NAP	1 105 []NA []NAP	1 232 [] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Litigious divorce cases	Allow decimals : 2	672 [] NA [] NAP	406 []NA []NAP	857 []NA []NAP	[X]NA	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Employment dismissal cases	Allow decimals : 2	465 [] NA [] NAP	397 []NA []NAP	846 []NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Insolvency cases	Allow decimals : 2	124 []NA []NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	1 337 []NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Robbery cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA	[X] NA	181 []NA	[X]NA	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP	[]		. 1	. ,	[X] NA [] NAP
Intentional homicide cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	207 []NA []NAP	[X]NA	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP

Comments -

104. How is the length of proceedings calculated for the six case categories of question 102? Please give a description of the calculation method.

. The average length is the arithmetic mean of the actual lengths of the cases resolved during the year of reference.

4.2.6 Case flow management – public prosecution

105. Role and powers of the public prosecutor in the criminal procedure (multiple replies possible):

[X] to conduct or supervise investigation

[X] when necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge

[X] to charge
[X] to present the case in court
[] to propose a sentence to the judge
[X] to appeal
[X] to supervise the enforcement procedure
[] to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge (ensure consistency with question 36!)
[] to end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision
[] other significant powers (please specify):
Comments
106. Does the public prosecutor also have a role in:
[X] civil cases
[] administrative cases
[X] insolvency cases
Comments - If yes, please specify:

_

107. Public prosecutors: Total number of 1st instance criminal cases.

	Number of cases
1.Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	1 389 907 []NA []NAP
2.Incoming/received cases	2 689 769 [] NA [] NAP
3.Processed cases (3.1+3.2+3.3+3.4)	2 602 179 [] NA [] NAP
3.1.Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)	1 790 211 [] NA [] NAP
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	1 080 019 [] NA [] NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	704 902 []NA []NAP
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	5 290 []NA []NAP
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	0 []NA []NAP
3.2.Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	7 641 []NA []NAP

3.3.Cases brought to court			453 728 [] NA	
4.Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year				
Comments We do not know the reasons for these	discrepancies. However	er, the figures are co	orrect.	
107-1. If the guilty plea procedure of	exists, how many	cases were c	oncluded b	y this procedure?
	Total	Severe c	riminal cases	Misdemeanour and / ominor criminal cases
Total number of guilty plea procedures	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP		[] NA [X] NAP
Before the main trial	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP		[] NA [X] NAP
During the main trial	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP		[] NA [X] NAP
Comments				
Sources: Ministry of Justice + Supreme Cou	rt of Cassation + Counc	cil of State		
Career of judges and public pros	ecutors			
1.Recruitment and promotion				
.1.1Recruitment and promotion	of judges			•
10. How are judges recruited?				
[X] through a competitive exam (open compe	tition)			
[] through a recruitment procedure for exper-	ienced legal profession	als (for example ex	perienced lawy	ers)
[] other (please specify):				
Comments				
10-1. Please briefly describe the re	ecruitment proce	dure(s) for ju	dges in you	r country:

. In Italy, the recruitment process for magistrates, which includes both judges and public prosecutors, begins with a competitive	
examination known as the "Concorso in Magistratura" (Judicial Examination). Aspiring magistrates, who must have a law degree,	
participate in such competitive nationwide examination which assesses candidates' legal knowledge, reasoning abilities, and other	
relevant skills. After passing the examination, which consists of three written tests in civil, criminal and administrative law and an	oral
test, these candidates have the opportunity to choose between civil or prosecutorial judicial functions. Regardless of their choice,	
successful candidates are assigned to a magistrate (foster) for a period of training and practical experience.	
110-2. What are the recruitment requirements for judges (multiple replies possible)?	
110 2. What are the restainment requirements for juages (manuple repries possible).	
[] Age	

[] Age
[X] Nationality
[X] Physical/Psychological capacity
[X] General studies in law
[] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[] Number of years of relevant experience
[] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[] Validation of a general state examination in law
[X] Validation of a specific examination for judges
[X] Clean criminal record
[X] Foreign languages
[X] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[] Other
[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

110-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of judge and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	3 797	[X]NA	[X] NA
Number of recruited persons	209 []NA	64 [] NA	145

Comments As per answer Q110-1, in Italy there is a single competitive examination for the recruitment of magistrates (either judges or prosecutors). This means that the figures given in Q.110-3 refer to both magistrates and prosecutors.

110-4. If the number of applicant	s decreased in the	last years did	l you take any	remedial measures
-----------------------------------	--------------------	----------------	----------------	-------------------

() Yes

(X) No

Comments

[] Other financial incentives [] Improving working conditions [] Iworkload reduction at the beginning of career [] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new judges [] Other Comments: If "other", please, specify: = 111. Authority(jes) responsible for recruitment - are judges initially/at the beginning of their care recruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges only [] An authority-made up of judges only [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(jes) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females Members 29 [] INA [INAP [INAP] INAP] Comments - Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members: 111-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment? (X) Yes () No Comments - Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal: Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso anuministrative). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible) [] Competitive test / Exam	110-5. If yes, please specify	/ what remedies you	1		
[] Improving working conditions [] Workload reduction at the beginning of career [] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new judges [] Other Comments: If "other", please, specify: = 111. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - are judges initially/at the beginning of their care recruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges only [] An authority-authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females Members 29	[] Increase of salary				
[] Workload reduction at the beginning of career [] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new judges [] Other Comments: If "other", please, specify: = 111. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - are judges initially/at the beginning of their care recruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges only [] An authority authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total					
[] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new judges	[] Improving working conditions				
Comments: If "other", please, specify: 111. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - are judges initially/at the beginning of their care recruited and nominated by:	[] Workload reduction at the begin	nning of career			
Comments: If "other", please, specify: = 111. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - are judges initially/at the beginning of their care recruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority-authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females	[] Other adjustments in the frame	of the induction of new judg	ges		
111. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - are judges initially/at the beginning of their care recruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority/authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females Members 29 [] INAA [INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA [INAA] INAA [INAA [INAA] INAA [I	[] Other				
111. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - are judges initially/at the beginning of their care recruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority/authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females Members 29 [] NA [] NAP [] N	Comments: If "other", please, specify:				
recruited and nominated by: [] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges only [] An authority and up of non-judges only [] An authority authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total	=				•
[] An authority made up of judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges only [] An authority made up of non-judges only [] An authority/authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females Members 29 [] NA [NAP	111. Authority(ies) responsible	for recruitment - ar	e judges initially/at	the beginning of their	r care
[] An authority made up of non-judges only [X] An authority/authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females Members 29 [recruited and nominated by:				
[X] An authority/authorities made up of judges and non-judges [] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females Members 29 [INA [INAP	[] An authority made up of judges only	/			
[] Other Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total	[] An authority made up of non-judges	only			
Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judge there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: Total	[X] An authority/authorities made up of	judges and non-judges			
there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: 111-1. How many members compose this authority? Total Males Females Members 29 I NA INAP INAP INAP INAP Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members: 111-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment? (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal: Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	[] Other				
Members 29	there are several authorities, please describe	-	0		
Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members: 111-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment? (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal: Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	111-1. How many members co	mpose this authority	7.7		
111-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment? (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal: Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	111-1. How many members co			Females	
111-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment? (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal: Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	_	Total 29 [] NA	Males [X]NA	[X] NA	
(X) Yes (No) Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal: Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? (Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	Members	Total 29 []NA []NAP	Males [X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	
Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal: Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who	Males [X]NA []NAP is proposing/appointing its	[X]NA []NAP members:	
Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal: Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso amministrative). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candidate	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who	Males [X]NA []NAP is proposing/appointing its	[X]NA []NAP members:	t?
Candidates who believe that they were unfairly treated or that there were irregularities in the selection process can file an administrative review (ricorso amministrative). 112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the promotion of judges? () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candid (X) Yes	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who	Males [X]NA []NAP is proposing/appointing its	[X]NA []NAP members:	t?
() Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candid (X) Yes () No	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who dates appeal against	Males [X]NA []NAP is proposing/appointing its the decision on rec	[X]NA []NAP members: ruitment/appointment	
(X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candid (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to Candidates who believe that they were unfar	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who dates appeal against o be followed, the competen	Males [X]NA []NAP is proposing/appointing its the decision on rec t authority, the moment for	[X]NA []NAP members: ruitment/appointment	:
Comments - No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting judges 113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candid (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to Candidates who believe that they were unfareview (ricorso amministrativo).	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who dates appeal against b be followed, the competentially treated or that there were	Males [X] NA [] NAP is proposing/appointing its the decision on rec t authority, the moment for re irregularities in the select	[X]NA []NAP members: ruitment/appointment exercising the right of appeal: tion process can file an admini	:
113. What is the procedure for the promotion of judges? (multiple replies possible)	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candid (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to Candidates who believe that they were unfareview (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q11)	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who dates appeal against b be followed, the competentially treated or that there were	Males [X] NA [] NAP is proposing/appointing its the decision on rec t authority, the moment for re irregularities in the select	[X]NA []NAP members: ruitment/appointment exercising the right of appeal: tion process can file an admini	:
	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candid (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to Candidates who believe that they were unfareview (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q11) () Yes	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who dates appeal against b be followed, the competentially treated or that there were	Males [X] NA [] NAP is proposing/appointing its the decision on rec t authority, the moment for re irregularities in the select	[X]NA []NAP members: ruitment/appointment exercising the right of appeal: tion process can file an admini	:
	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candid (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to Candidates who believe that they were unfareview (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q11) () Yes (X) No	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who dates appeal against be be followed, the competentially treated or that there were that there were the competent for the second competent for th	Males [X]NA []NAP is proposing/appointing its the decision on rece t authority, the moment for re irregularities in the select e promotion of judge	[X]NA []NAP members: ruitment/appointment exercising the right of appeal: tion process can file an admini	:
	Members Comments – Please specify what is the state 111-2. May non-selected candid (X) Yes () No Comments – Please specify the procedure to Candidates who believe that they were unfareview (ricorso amministrativo). 112. Is the same authority (Q11) () Yes (X) No Comments - No, please specify which authority authority (Q11)	Total 29 []NA []NAP us of this authority and who dates appeal against be be followed, the competentially treated or that there were 11) competent for the competent for promotion is competent for promotion in the competent for the competent for promotion is competent for promotion in the competent for promotion is competent for promotion in the competent for the competent for the competent for promotion is competent for promotion in the competent for promotion is competent for promotion	Males [X] NA [] NAP is proposing/appointing its the decision on rece t authority, the moment for re irregularities in the select e promotion of judges	[X]NA []NAP members: ruitment/appointment exercising the right of appeal: tion process can file an admini	:

[] Previous individual evaluations			
[X] Other procedure(s) (interview or other)		
[] No special procedure			
Comments - Please specify how the promotion how the publicity of promotion processes is en		organised (especially if then	re is no competition or examination) an
113-0. In the frame of the promo			imber of applicants and the
number of promotions actually n	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Comments Consider all NA as NAP			
113-1. Please indicate the criteria	used for the prom	notion of a judge? (multiple replies possible)
[X] Years of experience	cused for the profi	ionon or a juage. (murupio ropiios possicio,
[X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative	performance)		
[X] Performance (quantitative)	ŕ		
[] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reput	ation)		
[X] Other			
[] No criteria			
Comments - Please specify any useful comme see general comments	nt regarding the criteria (especially if you have check	ked the box "performance" or "other"):
5.1.2Status, recruitment and pro-	omotion of prose	cutors	
115. What is the status of public	prosecution servic	es?	
[] Has an independent status as a separate	e entity among state institu	utions	
[] Is part of the executive power but enjo	ys functional independent	ce (please briefly explain ho	ow and to what extent)
[] Is part of the executive power (without	functional independence)	
[X] Is part of the judicial power but enjoys	s functional independence	(please briefly explain how	v and to what extent)
[] Is part of the judicial power (without for	unctional independence)		
[] Is a mixed model (please explain)			
[] Has other status (please explain)			
Comments - When appropriate, please specify enshrined (Constitution, legislation etc.).Furth		=	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
115-1. Are specific instructions a	addressed to a publ	lic prosecutor to pro	osecute or not prohibited by
law or other regulation?			

(X) Yes

Comments - If yes, please specify:
115-2. If they are prohibited by law or other regulation, are there exceptions?
(X) Yes
() No
[]NAP
Comments - Please describe these exceptions:
115-3. Which authority can issue such specific instructions?
[] General Prosecutor
[X] Higher prosecutor/Head of prosecution office
[] Executive power
[] Other
[] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-4. What form these instructions may take?
[] Oral instruction
[] Oral instruction with written confirmation
[X] Written instruction
[] Other [] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-5. In that case, are the instructions:
[] Issued seeking prior advice from the competent public prosecutor
[] Mandatory
[X] Reasoned
[] Recorded in the case file
[] Other
[] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-6. What is the frequency of this type of instructions:
() Exceptional
(X) Occasional
() Frequent
() Systematic
[] NAP
Comments

() No

113-7. Can the public prosecutor oppose/report an instruction to an independent body?
(X) Yes
() No
[] NAP
Comments - If yes, please specify to which body/institution and please describe under which conditions.
=
116. How are public prosecutors recruited?
[X] through a competitive exam (open competition)
[] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)
[] other (please specify):
Comments
116-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for prosecutors in your country:
. In Italy, the recruitment process for magistrates, which includes both judges and public prosecutors, begins with a competitive examination known as the "Concorso in Magistratura" (Judicial Examination). Aspiring magistrates, who must have a law degree, participate in such competitive nationwide examination which assesses candidates' legal knowledge, reasoning abilities, and other relevant skills. After passing the examination, which consists of three written tests in civil, criminal and administrative law and an ora test, these candidates have the opportunity to choose between civil or prosecutorial judicial functions. Regardless of their choice, successful candidates are assigned to a magistrate (foster) for a period of training and practical experience.
116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?
[] Age
[X] Nationality
[X] Physical/Psychological capacity
[X] General studies in law
[] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[] Number of years of relevant experience
[] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[] Validation of a general state examination in law
[X] Validation of a specific examination for prosecutors
[X] Clean criminal record
[X] Foreign languages
[X] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[] Other
[] NAP
Comments - If "other", please specify:

116-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of prosecutor and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	3 797	[X]NA	[X]NA
Number of recruited persons	209	64	145

Comments According to answer Q116-1, in Italy there is a single competitive examination for the recruitment of magistrates (either judges or prosecutors). This means that the figures given in Q.116-3 refer to both magistrates and prosecutors.
116-4. If the number of applicants decreased in the last years did you take any remedial measures?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
116-5. If yes, please specify what remedies you implemented:
[] Increase of salary
[] Other financial incentives
[] Improving working conditions
[] Workload reduction at the beginning of career
[] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new prosecutors
[] Other
Comments: If "other", please, specify:
117. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - Are public prosecutors initially/at the beginning
of their career recruited by:
[] An authority composed of public prosecutors only
[] An authority composed of non-public prosecutors only
[X] An authority composed of public prosecutors and non-public prosecutors
[] Other

Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of public prosecutors. If there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles:

117-1. How many members compose this authority?

	Total	Male	Female
Members	29		
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP

Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members:

(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments – Please specify the procedure to Candidates who believe that they were unfair review (ricorso amministrativo).	=		
118. Is the same authority (Q.11	7) competent for th	e promotion of pub	lic prosecutors?
() Yes	_	_	_
(X) No, please specify which authority is	competent for promoting p	oublic prosecutorsHigh Jud	icial Council (CSM)
Comments			
119. What is the procedure for the	he promotion of pro	osecutors? (multiple	e replies possible)
[] Competitive test / exam	•	` •	• • •
[] Previous individual evaluations			
[X] Other procedure(s) (interview or other	er)		
[] No special procedure			
Comments - Please specify how the promotion	on procedure for prosecutor	s is organised (especially if	i there is no competition of
Comments - Please specify how the promotion examination) and how the publicity of promotion 119-1. In the frame of the promotion is a second control of the promotion of the promotion is a second control of the promotion of the promotion is a second control of the promotion of t	otion processes is ensured:		
examination) and how the publicity of promo	otion processes is ensured:	ease indicate the nu	
examination) and how the publicity of promo	otion processes is ensured:	ease indicate the nu	
examination) and how the publicity of promo	otion processes is ensured: otion procedures, plenade during the reference Total	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males	remales
examination) and how the publicity of promo	otion processes is ensured: otion procedures, pl made during the refe Total	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males	Females
119-1. In the frame of the promonumber of promotions actually a Number of applicants	otion processes is ensured: otion procedures, plenade during the reference Total	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males	remales
119-1. In the frame of the promonumber of promotions actually to Number of applicants Number of promoted persons Comments Consider all NA as NAP	otion processes is ensured: otion procedures, pl made during the refe Total [X]NA	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA
119-1. In the frame of the promonumber of promotions actually respectively. Number of applicants Number of promoted persons Comments Consider all NA as NAP	otion processes is ensured: otion procedures, pl made during the refe Total [X]NA	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA
119-1. In the frame of the promonumber of promotions actually remains a section of the promotion of promotions actually remains a section of promoted persons. Comments Consider all NA as NAP 119-2. Please indicate the criterians are section.	tion processes is ensured: otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the promi	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA
119-1. In the frame of the promonumber of promotions actually remains actually remains and promotions actually remains and promoted persons Comments Consider all NA as NAP 119-2. Please indicate the criterical examples of experience	tion processes is ensured: otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the promi	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Number of promoted persons Comments Consider all NA as NAP 119-2. Please indicate the criterical [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative)	tion processes is ensured: otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the prominent performance)	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Number of promoted persons Comments Consider all NA as NAP 119-2. Please indicate the criterical [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative [X] Performance (quantitative)	tion processes is ensured: otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the prominent performance)	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Number of promoted persons Comments Consider all NA as NAP 119-2. Please indicate the criterical [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative) [X] Performance (quantitative) [Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation of the promoted persons.	tion processes is ensured: otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the prominent performance)	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Number of promoted persons Number of promoted persons Comments Consider all NA as NAP 119-2. Please indicate the criterical [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative) [X] Performance (quantitative) [X] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation of the promoted persons.	tion processes is ensured: otion procedures, planade during the reference of the promote of the	ease indicate the nuclear erence year: Males	Females [X]NA [X]NA or:

117-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment?

(X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:70
() No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
121-1. Can a judge be transferred to another court without his/her consent:
[X] For disciplinary reasons
[] For organisational reasons
[] For other reasons (please specify modalities and safeguards):
[] No
Comments
122. Is there a probation period for judges (e.g. before being appointed "for life")? If yes, how
long is this period?
() Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):
(X) No
Comments
123. Are public prosecutors appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until
the official age of retirement)?
(X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:70
() No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
124. Is there a probation period for public prosecutors? If yes, how long is this period?
() Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):
(X) No
Comments
125. If the mandate of judges is not for an undetermined period (see question 121), what is the
length of the mandate (in years)?
[]
[] NA
[X]NAP
Comments
125-1. Is it renewable?
() Yes
() No
[X]NAP
Comments

age of retirement)?

[] NA			
[X]NAP Comments			
126-1. Is it renewable?			
() Yes			
() No			
[X]NAP			
Comments			
E1. Please indicate the sources for ans	swering the ques	stions in this part	
Sources: Ministry of Justice + High Council of t	he Judiciary		
O.W			
.2.Training			
5.2.1Training of judges			`
127. Types of different trainings offer	ed to judges:		
127. Types of unferent trainings offer			1
	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school,	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
traineeship in a court)	() No	(X) No	(X) No
General in-service training	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
g	() No	(X)No	(X) No
In-service training for specialised judicial	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
functions (e.g. judge for economic or	() No	(X) No	(X) No
administrative issues)			
In-service training for management functions	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
of the court (e.g. court president)	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for the use of computer	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
facilities in courts	() No	(X) No	(X)No
In-service training on ethics	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No	(X) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on gender equality	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No

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126. If the mandate of public prosecutors is not for an undetermined period (see question 123),

what is the length of the mandate (in years)?

Other in- service training	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes	
	(X) No	(X) No	() No	
Comments			·	

128. Frequency of the in-service training of judges:

	Frequency of the judges training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed)
	[] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the continuous training of judges:

128-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per judge:

Per judge		

Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X]NA []NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X] NA [] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[X]NA []NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X]NA

Comments The initial training programme for magistrates lasts eighteen months and is divided into two sessions. The initial six-month session takes place at the Higher School of the Judiciary (Scuola Superiore della Magistratura) and includes theoretical-practical courses with a focus on refining the operational skills, professionalism, and ethics of trainee judges. The subsequent twelve-month session takes place at judicial offices and is structured into three phases: four months within tribunals, two months in public prosecutor's offices, and six months in the assigned destination office.

In-service training is arranged by the Higher School of the Judiciary. It is mandatory for all serving magistrates (i.e.judges and public prosecutors), to participate in at least one of the available courses every four years. The selection of courses available is made by the executive board, considering the professional needs, legal preparation, and updating requirements of each magistrate, while also taking into account individual preferences. During the initial four years following their appointment, magistrates are required to engage in professional training sessions at least once every year.

5.2.2Training of prosecutors

129. Types of different trainings offered to public prosecutors:

	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training	(X)Yes	() Yes	() Yes
initial taining	() No	(X) No	(X) No
General in-service training	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No	(X)No
In-service training for specialised functions	(X)Yes	() Yes	() Yes
(e.g. public prosecutors specialised in	() No	(X) No	(X) No
organised crime)			
In-service training for management functions	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
(e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for the use of computer	(X)Yes	() Yes	() Yes
facilities in office	() No	(X) No	(X) No
In-service training on ethics	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
and service manning on canon	() No	(X)No	(X) No

In-service training on child-friendly justice	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes	() Yes (X) No
In-service training on gender equality	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No
Other in- service training	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No

Comments

130. Frequency of the in-service training of public prosecutors :

	Frequency of the in-service training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed)
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutor specialised in organised crime)	[] No training proposed [] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in office	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the in-service training of prosecutors:

130-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per prosecutor:

	Per prosecutor
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X]NA
	[] NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[X] NA [] NAP
	[] INAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[X] NA [] NAP
	Livai
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X] NA
	[] 1///1

Comments The initial training programme for magistrates lasts eighteen months and is divided into two sessions. The initial six-month session takes place at the Higher School of the Judiciary (Scuola Superiore della Magistratura) and includes theoretical-practical courses with a focus on refining the operational skills, professionalism, and ethics of trainee judges. The subsequent twelve-month session takes place at judicial offices and is structured into three phases: four months within tribunals, two months in public prosecutor's offices, and six months in the assigned destination office.

In-service training is arranged by the Higher School of the Judiciary. It is mandatory for all serving magistrates (i.e. judges and public prosecutors), to participate in at least one of the available courses every four years. The selection of courses available is made by the executive board, considering the professional needs, legal preparation, and updating requirements of each magistrate, while also taking into account individual preferences. During the initial four years following their appointment, magistrates are required to engage in professional training sessions at least once every year.

5.2.3 Training institutions

131. Do you have public training institutions for judges and / or prosecutors?

	Initial training only	Continuous training only	Initial and continuous training
Institution(s) for judges	[]	[]	[]
Institution(s) for prosecutors	[]	[]	[]
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	[]	[]	[X]

Comments

131-0. If yes, what is the implemented budget of such institution(s)?

Implemented budget of the institution for the reference year, in €

Institution(s) for judges	
	[] NA
	[X] NAP
Institution(s) for prosecutors	
	[] NA
	[X] NAP
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	13 335 928
	[] NA
	[] NAP

Comments

131-1. If judges and/or prosecutors have no compulsory initial training in such institutions, please indicate briefly how judges and/or prosecutors are trained?

. In Italy both judges and prose	cutors have compulsory initial training.	

5.2.4 Number of trainings



131-2. Number of in-service trainings available and delivered (in days) by the public institution(s) responsible for training.

	Number of different live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings available	Number of live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings delivered	Number of days of delivered live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of internet-based trainings available on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
For judges				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For prosecutors				
_	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For non-judge staff				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For non-prosecutor staff				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

131-3. Number of participants in the trainings during the reference year.

	Number of participants in live (in-person, hybrid, videoconference) training	internet-based trainings
Total	5 900	27 000
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Judges	4 500	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Prosecutors	1 400	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-judge staff		
, , ,	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Non-prosecutor staff		
_	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments

E2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: S	Scuola 3	Superiore	della N	Magistratura	(School	for the	Judiciary)

5.3. Practice of the profession

5.3.1Salaries and benefits of judges and prosecutors

132. Salaries of judges and public prosecutors on 31 December of the reference year:

	Gross annual salary, in €	Net annual salary, in €	Gross annual salary, in local currency	Net annual salary, in local currency
First instance professional judge at the	57 500	35 537		
beginning of his/her career	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Judge of the Supreme Court or the	194 005	105 248		
Highest Appellate Court (please	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
indicate the highest salary of a judge at				
this level, excluding the salary of the				
Court President)				
Public prosecutor at the beginning of	57 500	35 537	[] NA	[] NA
his/her career	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP

Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance (please indicate the highest salary of a public prosecutor at this level, excluding the salary of the Attorney General).	194 005 [] NA [] NAP	[] NAP [] NA [] NA [X] NAP
Somment – Please describe briefly how the 33. Do judges and public pros			dge/prosecutor:
		Judges	Public prosecutors
Reduced taxation		() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Special pension		() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Housing		() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Other financial benefit		() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
omments 34. If "other financial benefit"	', please spec	ify:	
34. If "other financial benefit"	, please spec	ify:	
34. If "other financial benefit" .			nctions/activities? Without remuneration
34. If "other financial benefit" [X]NAP 35. Can judges combine their		with remuneration	Without remuneration (X) Yes
34. If "other financial benefit" [X]NAP 35. Can judges combine their [eaching		With remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes
34. If "other financial benefit" [X]NAP 35. Can judges combine their [eaching Research and publication		with remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No () Yes
34. If "other financial benefit"		With remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No

Political function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Mediator	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Other function	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. authorized), pecify.	orisation needed to perform these activities)	, please specify. If "other function",
137. Can public prosecutors combine	their work with any of the foll	owing functions/activities
	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
Research and publication	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Arbitrator	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Consultant	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Cultural function	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () No
Political function	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Mediator	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Other function	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. auth pecify: 139. Productivity bonuses: do judges objectives in relation to the number operiod of time)?	receive bonuses based on the f	ulfilment of quantitative
() Yes		
(X) No	1 if we will be discussed to	
Comments - If yes, please specify the conditions and	1 ii possible the amounts:	
5.3.2 Body/institution of ethics		
138. Is there in your country an instit questions of the conduct of judges (e. udges, etc.)?		_
() Yes		
() Yes		

Comment - Please specify:	
138-1. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?	
() Only judges	
() Judges and other legal professionals	
() Other, please specify:	
Comments	
138-2. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?	
() Yes	
() No	
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of the guidelines and/or opinions, etc.:	
138-2-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?	
[] NA	
Comments – Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions	
138-3. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on eth questions of the conduct of prosecutors (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social mediprosecutors, etc.)	
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comment: Please specify	
138 1 If was who are the members of this institution/hody?	
138-4. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?	
() Only prosecutors	
·	
() Only prosecutors	
 () Only prosecutors () Prosecutors and other legal professionals () Other, please specify: 	
 () Only prosecutors () Prosecutors and other legal professionals () Other, please specify: 	
() Only prosecutors () Prosecutors and other legal professionals () Other, please specify:	
() Only prosecutors () Prosecutors and other legal professionals () Other, please specify:	
() Only prosecutors () Prosecutors and other legal professionals () Other, please specify:	
() Only prosecutors () Prosecutors and other legal professionals () Other, please specify:	
() Only prosecutors () Prosecutors and other legal professionals () Other, please specify:	
() Only prosecutors () Prosecutors and other legal professionals () Other, please specify:	

5.4.Disciplinary procedures

5.4.1Authorities responsible for disciplinary procedures and sanctions

140. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against judges (multiple replies
possible)?
[] Court users
[] Relevant Court or hierarchical superior
[X] High Court / Supreme Court
[] High Judicial Council
[] Disciplinary court
[] Disciplinary body
[] Ombudsman
[] Parliament
[X] Executive power (please specify):Minister of Justice
[] Other (please specify):
[] This is not possible
Comments
141. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against public prosecutors: (multipl
replies possible):
[] Citizens
[] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior public prosecutor
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)
[] Disciplinary court
[] Disciplinary body
[] Ombudsman
[] Professional body
[X] Executive power (please specify):Minister of Justice
[] Other (please specify):
[] This is not possible
Comments
142. Which authority has disciplinary power over judges (multiple replies possible)?
[] Court
[] Higher Court / Supreme Court
[X] High Judicial Council
[] Disciplinary court or body

[] Ombudsman		
[] Parliament		
[] Executive power (please specify):		
[] Other (please specify):		
Com	nments		
143	3. Which authority has disciplinary power over	er public prosecutors (m	ultiple replies possible)?
[] Supreme Court		
[] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior		
[] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor		
[]	X] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)		
[] Disciplinary court or body		
[] Ombudsman		
[] Professional body		
[] Executive power (please specify):		
[] Other (please specify):		
Com	nments		_
5.4	.2Number of disciplinary procedures and s	anctions	•
	4. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiate plic prosecutors. (If a disciplinary proceeding	•	
cou	ant the proceedings only once and for the main	n reason.)	
		Judges	Prosecutors
То	tal number (1+2+3+4)	[X]NA	[X]NA

	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (1+2+3+4)		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Breach of professional ethics		
_	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Professional inadequacy		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Criminal offence		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Other		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify: The total number of disciplinary proceeding initiated in 2022 against both judges and public prosecutors is 78. The breakdown is not available.

145. Number of sanctions pronounced during the reference year against judges and public prosecutors:

	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (total 1 to 10)	26	12
	[]NA	[]NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Reprimand	17	6
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Suspension	1	1
-	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	0	0
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Fine	0	0
· ·	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
5. Temporary reduction of salary	0	0
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
6. Position downgrade	7	4
0.102.102.100	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location	0	0
β	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
8. Resignation	0	0
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
9. Other	0	0
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
10. Dismissal	1	1
10. Distillissed	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exists between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions, please indicate the reasons.

E3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Superior Council of the Judiciary (CSM)

6.Lawyers

6.1. Profession of lawyer

6.1.1Status of the profession of lawyers

146. Total number of lawyers practising in your country:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of lawyers	234 632 []NA	123 574	111 058

Comments

147.	Does this	figure incl	ude "lega	l advisors"	who can	not represen	t their	clients ir	ourt	(for
exam	ple, some	e solicitors	or in-hous	se counsell	lors)?					

Yes ()
No (X)
Commen	ts

148. Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:

[-
[] NA	
[X] NAP	
Comments	

149. Is legal representation in courts exclusively exercised by lawyers in: (multiple replies possible)

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil cases	() Yes always	(X) Yes always	(X) Yes always
	(X) Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	() No	() No	() No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Dismissal cases	(X) Yes always	(X) Yes always	(X) Yes always
	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	() No	() No	() No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Criminal cases – Defendant	(X) Yes always	(X) Yes always	(X) Yes always
	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	() No	() No	() No
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
Criminal cases – Victim	(X) Yes always	(X) Yes always	(X) Yes always
	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	() No	() No	() No
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
Administrative cases	() Yes always	() Yes always	(X) Yes always
	(X) Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	() No	() No	() No
	[]NAP	[X]NAP	[]NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful clarifications regarding the content of lawyers' exclusive rights:

149-0. If other than lawyers may repres	sent a client in cour	t, please specify wh	ıo:

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil society organisation	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Family member	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Self-representation	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes	() Yes (X) No
Trade union	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Other	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes	() Yes (X) No

Comments - If "other", please specify. In addition, for the categories selected please specify the types of cases concerned by this/these representation(s):

149-1. In addition to the functions of legal representation and legal advice, can a lawyer exercise other activities?

[] Notarial activity
[]	X] Arbitration / mediation
[]	X] Proxy / representation
[] Property manager
[] Real estate agent
[] Other (please specify):

Comments

149-2. Professional lawyers may have the status of:

[X] Self-employed lawyer

[X] Staff lawyer

[X] In-house lawyer

Comments In Italy, all these categories can exercise the legal profession in court.

150. Is the lawyer profession organised through:

[X] a national bar association
[] a regional bar association
[X] a local bar association

Comments

151. Is there a specific initial training and/or exam to enter the profession of lawyer?

(X)	Yes
()	No

Comments - Please indicate if there are other specific requirements as regards diplomas or university degrees:		
152. Is there a mandatory general in-service professional training system for lawyers? (X) Yes () No Comments		
153. Is the specialisation in some legal fields linked to specific training, levels of qualification, specific diploma or specific authorisations? (X) Yes () No Comments - If yes, please specify:		
F1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part		
Sources: National Bar Association (Consiglio Nazionale Forense)		
6.1.2Practicing the profession of lawyer 154. Can court users establish easily what the lawyers' fees will be (i.e. a prior information on the foreseeable amount of fees)? (X) Yes		
() No Comments		
155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated? (X) Yes () No Comments		
156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely negotiated)? [X] Yes, laws provide rules [] Yes, standards of the bar association provide rules [] No, neither laws nor bar association standards provide rules Comments		
6.1.3Quality standards and disciplinary procedures for lawyers 157. Have quality standards been determined for lawyers?		
(X) Yes		

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Comments - If yes, what are the quality criteria used?	
158. If yes, who is responsible for formulating these quali	ty standards:
[X] the bar association	
[] the Parliament	
[] other (please specify):	
Comments	
59. Is it possible to file a complaint about:	
[X] the performance of lawyers	
[X] the amount of fees	
Comments - Please specify:	
60. Which authority is responsible for disciplinary proced	dures?
[] a judge	
[] Ministry of Justice	
[X] a professional authority	
[X] a professional authority [] other (please specify):	
[] other (please specify):	f a disciplinary proceeding is underta
[] other (please specify): Comments 161. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (I	
[] other (please specify): Comments 61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (I	
[] other (please specify):	only once and for the main reason.)
[] other (please specify): Comments 61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (I	only once and for the main reason.) Number of disciplinary proceedings
[] other (please specify):	only once and for the main reason.)
[] other (please specify):	Number of disciplinary proceedings [X]NA []NAP
[] other (please specify):	Number of disciplinary proceedings
[] other (please specify):	Number of disciplinary proceedings [X]NA []NAP
[] other (please specify):	Number of disciplinary proceedings [X]NA []NAP
omments 61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (In secause of several reasons, please count the proceedings of the Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4) 1. Breach of professional ethics 2. Professional inadequacy	Number of disciplinary proceedings [X]NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP
[] other (please specify):	Number of disciplinary proceedings [X]NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP
[] other (please specify):	Number of disciplinary proceedings [X]NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP [X]NA []NAP

the delay is due to the election of the new Italian National Bar, which started working in May 2023 and the new members of professional

disciplinary authorities, who started their term of office in January 2023.

162. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers.

() No

	Number of sanctions
Total number of sanctions $(1+2+3+4+5)$	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
1. Reprimand	
1. Reprimard	[X] NA
	NAP
	[] IVI
2. Suspension	
•	[X] NA
	[] NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
4. Fine	
4. PHIC	[X]NA
	[] NAP
5. Other	
	[X] NA
	[]NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons. Data for 2022 is not yet available and is currently being collected (September 2023-October 2023); the delay is due to the election of the new Italian National Bar, which started working in May 2023 and the new members of professional disciplinary authorities, who started their term of office in January 2023.

The only available data is related to disciplinary decisions challenged before the Italian National Bar in 2022. New proceedings (appeals of local disciplinary decisions) were 396; the Italian National Bar delivered 280 decisions; the appeals success rate is 37,86% (55 decisions were overruled; 51 appeals were partially granted and the disciplinary sanction revised).

7. Court related mediation and other alternative Dispute Resolution

7.1. Court related mediation

7.1.1 Details on court related mediation

163. Does the judicial system provide for court-related mediation procedures?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

163-1. In some fields, does the judicial system provide for mandatory mediation with a mediator?

[X] Before/instead of going to court

[X] Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding

[] No mandatory mediation

Comments - If there is mandatory mediation, please specify which fields are concerned: Real rights, condominium disputes, division of assets, wills and inheritance, leasing, family covenants and agreements, loans, business rents, medical malpractice damages, libel, insurance, bank and financial contracts. In 2020 the procedures subject to mediation were extended to the disputes related to COVID.

163-2. In some fields, does the legal system provide for mandatory informative sessions with a

	Private mediator	Public authority (other than the court)	Judge	Public prosecutor
Civil and commercial cases	(X)Yes	(X)Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	() No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Family cases	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
•	() No	() No	() No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Administrative cases	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X)No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Labour cases including employment	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
dismissals	() No	() No	() No	(X)No
waraan 1944.17	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
Criminal cases	() Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	() No	() No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
Consumer cases	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No	(X)No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
omments 65. Is there a possibility to recree of charge?	eive legal aid fo	r court-related 1	nediation or 1	receive these servi
(X) Yes				
() No				
[] NAF				
omments - If yes, please specify:	egistered mediat	ors for court-rel	ated mediation	on.
omments - If yes, please specify:				
omments - If yes, please specify:	egistered mediat	ors for court-rel		on: Females
omments - If yes, please specify: 66. Number of accredited or re			S	
comments - If yes, please specify: 66. Number of accredited or re Number of mediators	Total	Males	S	Females

Comments - If there are mandatory informative sessions, please specify which fields are concerned: Family covenants and agreements, Wills and inheritance, Partition, Property, Business rents, Lease, Breach of contractual obligations due to COVID containment measures d.1.6 / 20 art. 3 co. 6bis and 6ter, Bank contracts, Condominium, Loans, Other proceedings (non mandatory mediations), Financial

mediator?

(X) Yes

() No

contracts, Medical malpractice damages, Libel, Insurance contracts

166-1. Could you please describe what are the requirements and what is the procedure to become an accredited or registered mediator in your country (educational requirements, working experiences, accrediting procedure etc.)?

- . To become a mediator in Italy, individuals must meet specific requirements:
- •Hold at least a three-year university degree or be a member of a professional association.
- •Complete a minimum 50-hour training course, including theoretical and practical components, with a final evaluation.
- •Undergo biennial updates comprising at least 18 hours of advanced training.
- •Participate in supervised internships, renewing them every two years.
- •Declare their availability to serve as a mediator for a maximum of five mediation organizations.

These criteria ensure the qualifications and competence of mediators in civil and commercial matters.

167. Number of court-related mediations:

	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$			
Iotal (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 3 + 0 + 1)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
. Civil and commercial cases	80 353	70 569	20 394
. Orvir and commercial capes	[]NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Family cases			
a. I diffiny cuses	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
3. Administrative cases			
. 1 Killing and 10 Cubob	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Labour cases including employment			
	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X]NA
lismissal cases	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
5. Criminal cases			
. Crimmar cases	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
5. Consumer cases			
. Combanior canon	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
7. Other cases			
· Cultur Control	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please indicate the source: As stated in the general comments, in Italy one party can initiate mediation and the other can decide whether or not to participate. In Italy, 226.607 mediation cases were initiated in 2022, with both parties attending the first mediation meeting in 80.353 cases out of this total. The rise in the number of cases where parties opted for mediation, as compared to 2020, can be primarily attributed to the pandemic which deeply affected 2020 figures.

[X] Mediation other than court-related mediation [X] Arbitration	1		
[X] Arbitration			
[X] Conciliation (if different from mediation)			
[X] Other ADR (please specify):			
omments			
31. Please indicate the sources for an	swering the qu	estions in this part	
Source: Department of Statistics and Organizat	ional Analysis (with	in the Ministry of Justice)	
Enforcement of court decisions			
emorcement of court decisions			
l.Execution of decisions in civil mat	tors		
L.CXECHUOH OF GEGISTORS HEGIVEFINAL			
i. Enterested of decisions in civil may	s		
		mandate	
.1.1 Number of enforcement agen		mandate	
	ts, status and		
.1.1 Number of enforcement agen	ts, status and a	r country.	Fomolo
.1.1 Number of enforcement agen	ts, status and		Female
.1.1 Number of enforcement agen	ts, status and a	r country.	Female 1 217
.1.1 Number of enforcement agent	ts, status and a	r country.	
.1.1 Number of enforcement agent	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total	r country. Male 999 [] NA	1 217 [] NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4)	ts, status and stagents in you Total	r country. Male	1 217
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities	ts, status and interest to the status and intere	r country. Male 999 []NA	1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA	999 []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA [X]NAP 2 216	999 []NA [X]NAP 999	1 217 []NA []NA [X]NAP 1 217
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA	999 []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	ts, status and interest agents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA []NAP	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA []NAP	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	ts, status and interest agents in your statements in your statements are statements. Total 2 216 []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA []NAP []NAP []NAP	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA []NAP []NAP	1 217 []NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA []NAP
	.CIS		
		mandate	
.1 Number of enforcement agen	ts, status and a	r country.	Female
1.1 Number of enforcement agents 59. Number and type of enforcements	ts, status and a	r country.	
.1.1 Number of enforcement agent	ts, status and states in you Total	r country. Male	1 217
.1.1 Number of enforcement agent	ts, status and states in you Total	r country. Male	1 217
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4)	ts, status and states in you Total	r country. Male	1 217
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4)	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total	r country. Male 999 [] NA	1 217 [] NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority	ts, status and interest to the status and intere	r country. Male 999 []NA	1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority	ts, status and interest to the status and intere	r country. Male 999 []NA	1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP	1 217 [] NA [] NA [X] NAP
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP	1 217 [] NA [] NA [X] NAP
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA [X]NAP 2 216	999 []NA [X]NAP 999	1 217 []NA []NA [X]NAP 1 217
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA [X]NAP 2 216	999 []NA [X]NAP 999	1 217 []NA []NA [X]NAP 1 217
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA	999 []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA	999 []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA	999 []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	ts, status and interest tagents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA	999 []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	ts, status and interest agents in your Total 2 216 []NA []NA [X]NAP 2 216 []NA []NAP	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA []NAP	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA []NA
1.1 Number of enforcement agent 69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state)	ts, status and interest tagents in your state agents agent state agen	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA []NAP	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA []NA []NAP
69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state) 3. Judges	ts, status and interest tagents in your state agents agent state agen	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA []NAP	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA []NA []NAP
69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state) 3. Judges	ts, status and interest tagents in your state agents agent state agen	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA []NAP []NAP	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA []NA []NAP
69. Number and type of enforcement Total (1+2+3+4) 1. Private professionals under the authority (control) of public authorities 2. Enforcement agents working in a public institution (civil servants paid by state) 3. Judges	ts, status and interest tagents in your state agents agent state agen	r country. Male 999 []NA []NA [X]NAP 999 []NA []NAP	1 217 []NA [NA [X]NAP 1 217 []NA []NA []NAP

[A] appointment procedure by the State		
[] initial training		
[] other		
omments - If "other", please specify:		
71. Are enforcement agents appointed to c	office for an undetermined	period (i.e. "for life" = v
ne official age of retirement)?		
(X) Yes, please indicate the age of retirement: 70		
() No, please specify the duration of the appointment:		
omments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a d	lisciplinary sanction)? Please specify	: Dismissal or resignation
.1.2 Activities/scope of competence	inscriptionary surrections. Trease specify	. Distinssur of resignation
71-1. Which debtor's information can the nforcement procedure?	enforcement agent access	at the beginning of the
	Access to information	Direct electronic access to information
Address	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X)No
Date of birth	(X) Yes	() Yes
Civil status	() No () Yes	(X) No
Civii status	(X) No	(X) No
Cohabitant	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Employer	() Yes	() Yes
No. 111	(X) No	(X) No
Motor vehicle	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
Movable property	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Immovable property	(X) Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No
Bank account	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
Other enforcement proceedings underway	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Insolvency proceedings (bankruptcy, judicial	() Yes	() Yes
reorganisation, collective debt settlement etc.)	(X) No	(X) No
Other	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No

Comments - If "other", please specify:

171-2. Can the enforcement agent carry out the following civil enforcement proceedings:

	Option
Seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Preventive seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Preventive seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Seizure from a third party of the debtor claims regarding a sum of money	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of remunerations	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of motorised vehicles	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Eviction measures	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No

Seizures of boats and ships	 (X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Seizure of aircrafts	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of electronic assets (e.g cryptocurrency)	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Enforced sale by public tender of seized properties	 (X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Sale of shares	 (X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [] NAP
Other	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
comments	

171-3. Apart from the enforcement of court decisions, what are the other activities that can be carried out by enforcement agents?

[]	X] Service of judicial and extrajudicial documents
[] Debt recovery
[] Voluntary or public auctions of moveable or immoveable property
[] Custody of goods
[] Recording and reporting of evidence
[]	X] Court hearings service
[] Provision of legal advice

[] Bankruptcy procedures
[] Performing tasks assigned by judges
[] Representing parties in courts
[] Drawing up private deeds and documents
[] Building manager
[] Other
Comments
3.1.3 Training and ICT
172-1. Is there a system of mandatory general continuous training for enforcement agents?
() Yes
(X)No
Comments
172-2. Do you have an e-learning training system established for enforcement agents?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-3. Does the content of the continuous training system also include ICT (related to enforcement
procedures)?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-4. Have an electronic service of documents or electronic notifications been introduced in your
country?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
172-5. Does the development of new technologies have an effect on the different stages of the
enforcement procedure?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - Please explain:
8.1.4 Fees
174. Are enforcement fees easily established and transparent for parties?
(X) Yes

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() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
182. Is there a system for monitoring how the enforcem	nent procedure is conducted by the
enforcement agent?	
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
183. What are the main complaints made by users conc	erning the enforcement procedure? Please
indicate a maximum of 3.	
[X] no execution at all	
[] non execution of court decisions against public authorities	
[] lack of information	
[X] excessive length	
[] unlawful practices	
[] insufficient supervision	
[] excessive cost	
[] unethical behaviour of enforcement agent	
[] other (please specify):	
Comments	
185. Is there a system measuring the length of enforcen	nent procedures:
	Existence of the system
for civil cases	() Yes
TOT CIVIL CUBCS	(X) No
for administrative cases	() Yes
Comments	(X) No
Comments	
186. Regarding a decision on debt collection, please est	timate the average timeframe to serve
and/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the	city where the court sits (one option only)
() between 1 and 5 days	
() between 6 and 10 days	
() between 11 and 30 days	
•	
() more (please specify):	

187. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against enforcement agents. (If a disciplinary
proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please count the proceedings only once and
for the main reason.)

	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated
Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)	18
	[] NA
	[] NAP
1. For breach of professional ethics	8
•	[] NA
	[] NAP
2. For professional inadequacy	6
	[] NA
	[] NAP
3. For criminal offence	4
	[] NA
	[] NAP
4. Other	0
	[] NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

188. Number of sanctions pronounced against enforcement agents:

18
[] NA [] NAP
7
[] NA [] NAP
0
[] NA [] NAP
9
[]NA []NAP
1
[] NA
[] NAP
[] NA [] NAP
_

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons:

H1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Source: Ministry of Justice			

\sim	^	_	. •	•	1		•	•	•	•	1	
×	٠,	HVA	CUITION	Λt	de	AC16	21 /11 2	1 n	CTIN	าเทร	аl	matters
u		·LAL	CuuUII	\mathbf{v}	u	\sim 10	omonio	ш	VIIII	ш		maucio

8.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matters

189.	Which authority	is in charge	of the enforce	ement of judgn	nents in crim	inal matters?	(multiple
repli	es possible)						

1	90. Are the effective recovery rates of fines decided by a criminal court evaluated by studies?
C	omments - Please specify his/her functions and duties (e.g. initiative or monitoring functions).
	[] Other authority (please specify):
	[] Enforcement agent
	[X] Prison and Probation Services
	[X] Public prosecutor
	[X] Judge

(X) No Comments

() Yes

191. If yes, what is the recovery rate?

(١	80-	100	ገ0/
()	ou-	TU	J%0

() 50-79%

() less than 50%

Comments - Please indicate the source for answering this question:

9. Notaries

9.1. Profession of notary

9.1.1Number, status and mandate of notaries

192. Number and status of notaries in your country.

	Total	Males	Females	
TOTAL (1+2+3+4)	5 120	3 163	1 957	
([] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Private professionals (without control from				
,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
public authorities)	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	
2. Holders of public offices appointed by the	5 120	3 163	1 957	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
State	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
3.Civil servants (paid by the State)				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	

4. Other			
. 5 5252	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify the st	=	office appointed by the S	tate", please indicate which minis
nainly engaged in the appointment procedu	re:		
192-1. What are the access cond	ditions to the professi	ion of notary (mult	iple replies possible):
[] diploma			
[] professional experience			
[X] specific exam			
[X] appointment procedure by the State			
[X] initial training			
[] other (please specify):			
Comments			
	o office for an undete	ermined period (i e	"for life" = until the
192-2. Are notaries appointed to	o office for an undete	ermined period (i.e.	"for life" = until the
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)?		ermined period (i.e.	"for life" = until the
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)? [X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement.	ment:75	-	"for life" = until the
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)? [X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement of the line of t	ment:75 appointment:	<u>-</u>	"for life" = until the
[] no, please specify the duration of the Comments - are there exceptions (e.g. dismi	ment:75 e appointment:	<u>-</u>	"for life" = until the
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)? [X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement of the line of t	ment:75 e appointment:	<u>-</u>	"for life" = until the
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)? [X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement of the line of t	ment:75 e appointment: issal as a disciplinary sanction petences	n)? Please specify:	
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)? [X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement of the land of t	ment:75 e appointment: issal as a disciplinary sanction petences	n)? Please specify:	
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)? [X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement of the land of t	ment:75 e appointment: issal as a disciplinary sanction petences	n)? Please specify: altiple options poss Please s	ible)?
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)? [X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement of the land of land of the land of land	ment:75 e appointment: issal as a disciplinary sanction petences	n)? Please specify: altiple options poss Please s () Ye notaries	ible)? select one option es, exclusively performed by
192-2. Are notaries appointed to official age of retirement)? [X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement of the land of land	ment:75 e appointment: issal as a disciplinary sanction petences	n)? Please specify: altiple options poss Please s () Ye notaries	ible)? select one option es, exclusively performed by es, but not exclusively performed

	rease select one option
Authentication	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries (X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries () No
Certification of signatures	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries (X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries () No
Mediation	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries (X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries () No

Taking of oaths	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
Non contentions indicial massadynes (o a setima as count commissionen in a	() Yes, exclusively performed by
Non-contentious judicial procedures (e.g. acting as court commissioner in a	notaries
successions file, performing divorce, division of estate, please specify)	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[]NAP
Act as civil servant (for example performing marriage, please specify)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP
Other judicial functions (for example, payment orders)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP
Public auctions	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
Other (for example collect taxes, run registers etc.)	() Yes, exclusively performed by
Calci (for example concertaixes, fair registers etc.)	notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[X]NAP
Comments - If "other", please specify. Please indicate any useful clarifications regardin n the opposite, other bodies that also have competences for the listed activities.	ng the content of the notaries' exclusive rights of
-	
94-2. In which areas of law do notaries perform their activitie	s (multiple replies possible)?

1

> 1 21 111 ((111011 through 01 14) (40 11
[X] Real estate transaction
[X] Family law
[X] Succession law
[X] Company law
[X] Legality control of gambling activities
[X] Protection of vulnerable persons
[] Other

9.1.3 ICT, organisation of the profession and training

194-3. Do notaries use specialised ICT systems in their activity?

- [X] In their relations with the State (e.g. courts, registries, chambers of commerce, tax authorities)
- [X] In their relations with their clients
- [X] In their relations with other notaries (e.g. videoconferencing, system to exchange documents)

Comments

194-4. Which computerised registries can notaries consult?

[X] Land registry

[X] Business registry

[X] Civil status / Population registry

[X] Succession / Family law registry

[X] Any other registry (please specify)register of third sector organisations, register of living wills

[] None

Comments

194-5. Are there registries/ registry infrastructures run by the notaries?

() Yes

(X) No

Comments - If yes, please specify:

194-6. In which computerised registries can notaries modify data (either directly or by submitting an online request)?

	Directly modifying	Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request
Land registry	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	() No
	[] NAP	[]NAP
Business registry	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	() No
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Civil status/ Population registry	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	() No
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Succession / Family law registry	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	() No
	[] NAP	[]NAP
Any other registry (please specify)	() Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	() No
	[] NAP	[]NAP
None	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

194-7. What ICT tools are used by n	iotaries in	their relations	w1th	clients?
-------------------------------------	-------------	-----------------	------	----------

194-7. What ICT tools are used by notaries in their relations with clients?
[X] Videoconferencing (e.g. digital advice)
[X] Digital act
[X] Digital identification
[X] Digital archiving
[X] Other, please specifysee comments
[] None
Comments Other: the possibility to set up a limited liability company online has been introduced. This faculty is ruled through a telematic platform prepared and managed by the National Council of Notaries that allows for everification of identity verification of identity verification that the holder has affixed a digital signature or another type of qualified electronic signature verification and attestation of the validity of the signature certificates used the perception of what happens to the parties connected by videoconference when they express their will; the continuous connection with the parties in videoconference; the visualisation of the document to be signed; electronic signature by all signatories; preservation of the document by connecting to the structure referred to in Article 62-bis of Law No 89 of 16 February 1913; monitoring of all activities; the simultaneous issue of a recognised electronic signature to parties who do not have one, for the purpose of signing the document. With guarantees of efficiency and security of the same level as those recognised by the Notarial Law of 1913 for the paper or digital deed received by the notary with the parties physically present and not connected by videoconference, such as control of the legality of the leed; verification of personal identity in a secure manner; anti-money laundering controls; protection of personal data in the light of current legislation on privacy
194-8. Who is responsible to run the digital archives?
[X] Notariat / Professional body
[] Other public authority
[] Another entity (please specify)
Comments
195. Is there an authority entrusted with supervising and monitoring the notaries' work?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments
196. If yes, which authority is responsible for supervising and monitoring notaries (multiple options possible)?
[X] professional body
[] court [X] Ministry of Justice

[X] public prosecutor		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
196-1. Is there a system of general continuou	s training for all n	otaries?
(X)Yes	J	
() No		
Comments		
196-2. Do notaries have training on:		
- 2 0	Yes	No
European law	(X)	()
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)	(X)	()
out on topics characterized by transnational elements. The COV implementation of the training courses. For example, notaries h I1. Please indicate the sources for answering Sources: National Council of Notaries (Consiglio Naziona)	ad to rely on e-learning p	latforms to achieve the desired training objective
10.Judicial experts		
10.1.Profession of judicial expert		
10.1.1Status of judicial experts		
202. In your system, what types of judicial exemplies possible): [X] Experts designated by the parties in support of their arg [X] Experts appointed by the court or other authority independent.	uments but bound by a du	
[] Other system of judicial expertise, please specify		
Comments - Please specify who is proposing and appointing ex	perts in an individual case	e.

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(X) Yes
() No
Comments
202-1-1. If yes, at which level is the list established (multiple replies possible):
[] national
[] administrative district or federal entity
[X] judicial district
[] other
Comments - Please, indicate any other comment regarding these lists or databases of experts, if they do exist (e.g. does the expert take oath? How are his/her skills evaluated? By whom?):
202-1-2. Are these lists publicly available?
() Yes, available on the internet
(X)Yes
() No
Comments
202-2. Which authority is competent for the registration of judicial experts?
[] Ministry of justice
[X] Courts
[] Administrative body
[] Independent body (association of judicial experts)
[] Other
Comments - Please also specify the registration criteria:
202-3. Is the registration of judicial experts limited in time?
() Yes, for how long
(X) No
Comments
202-4. Can an expert who is not on the list or not registered be appointed in a case?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment - If yes, please specify in which cases:
203. Is the title of judicial experts protected?
(X) Yes
() No

202-1. Are there lists or any other form of official registration for judicial experts?

an

Comments - If appropriate.	nleace evnlai	n the meaning	of this	protection:
Comments - II appropriate.	. Diease exbiai	n me meaning	or uns	Diotection.

203-1. Does the judicial expert have an obligation of training?

	Obligation of training
Initial training	() Yes (X) No
Continuous training	() Yes (X) No

Comments

203-2. If y	es, does	this tra	aining	concern:
-------------	----------	----------	--------	----------

Г	1 indicial	proceedings
	Judiciai	proceedings

[] the profession of expert

[] other

Comments

_

204. Is the function of judicial experts regulated by legal norms?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

204-1. On the occasion of a task entrusted to him/her, does the judicial expert have to report any potential conflicts of interest?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments - If yes, please specify:

205. Number of accredited or registered judicial experts:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of experts			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

206-1. Number of cases where an expert opinion was ordered by a judge or requested by the parties

Number of cases	

Total (1+2+3+4)	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
1. Civil and commercial litigious cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
2. Administrative cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
3.Criminal cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
4.Other cases	
	[] NA
	[X] NAP

Comments

205-1. Who defines the amount of the expert remuneration?

	In civil/administrative cases	In criminal cases
Defined by law/by-law or a special regulation	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
Defined by the court/judge	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No [] NAP
Defined by the Ministry of Justice or another ministry	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
(setting a tariff for example)	() No [] NAP	() No [] NAP
Salary of public official (in case of forensic or another	() Yes	() Yes
specialist – who is public employee)	() No [X] NAP	() No [X] NAP
Freely agreed between expert and the parties	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Other	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No

Comments - If other, please specify:

206. Are there binding provisions for judicial experts regarding:

	Yes	No
Deadlines to provide expertise	(X)	()
Quality of expertise	(X)	()
Other	()	(X)

207-1. Does the judge or another body control the progress of the expertise?
(X) Yes
() No
If yes, please specify:
207-2. Are judicial experts' associations involved in:
[] Selection processes
[] Initial or continuous training
[] Disciplinary procedures
Comments
K1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: Ministry of Justice
1.Reforms in judiciary
11.1.Foreseen reforms
11.1.1Reforms
208. Can you provide information on the current debate in your country regarding the functioning of justice? Are there undergoing or foreseen reforms? If possible, please observe the following categories:
208-1. (Comprehensive) reform plans
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
Comments - If yes, please specify: With regard to civil justice, a comprehensive reform took effect on February 28th of this year through Legislative Decree 149/2022, which amended the Italian Code of Civil Procedure ("CCP"). The overall aim of this piece of legislation is to make proceedings faster and more efficient. The most significant changes are the shorter timeframe for defendants to defend themselves, the obligation for the parties to attend the first hearing, the broader usage of ADR procedures, the revision of the appellate

Comments - If yes, please specify, and provide details in case there are possible sanctions:

With regard to alternative dispute resolution (ADR), the reform aims to increase the use of pre- or out-of-court instruments and to improve

system, etc. The decree essentially amended the entire structure of civil merits proceedings and introduced a new type of proceeding, known as "simplified proceedings." This is expected to become the most widely used form, according to the purposes set forth by the

Ministry of Justice.

the efficiency of civil proceedings at all instances and levels.

The reform also addresses the new measures concerning trials, the principle of clarity and conciseness in lawyers' briefs and judges' orders and decisions was explicitly outlined (Article 121 civil procedure code and 46 Disp. Att.). Moreover, a general simplified procedure, akin to the already successful labor law process, has been introduced. This procedure involves concentrating the trial in a limited number of hearings, potentially even just one. As far as the appeal system, the presiding judge has the authority to designate a judge from the panel to oversee the trial and the evidentiary proceedings. Subsequently, this designated judge will report to the panel of three judges for the final decision. Furthermore, a more expedited decision process is outlined for manifestly unfounded appeals (348 bis civil procedure code). Similarly, an accelerated procedure is established before the Supreme Court of Cassation in the case of manifestly unfounded appeals (380 bis civil procedure code). Additionally, a new prejudicial ruling on a matter of law is now possible, upon request by the first or second instance judge.

A comprehensive reform of the criminal procedure and the sanctions system has been set up by Legislative Decree no. 150/2022, with the aim of simplifying, expediting and streamlining criminal proceedings, in compliance with the safeguards of the rights of defence. The underlying rationale of all principles and criteria is to strengthen the efficiency of criminal proceedings and significantly reduce their duration (at least by 25% in the next five years in line with the plan agreed upon with the EU Commission for the implementation of the EU Recovery and Resilience Plan). The reform aims to achieve such objectives also by introducing measures which are expected to significantly improve the organisation and management of judicial offices (courts and prosecution offices), shorten the duration of proceedings and reduce the number of criminal proceedings adjudicated by courts. Among the numerous criteria and principles underlying the reform the following ones are worth mentioning: 1) strengthening the digitalisation of criminal proceedings; 2) amending provisions on the service of procedural documents with a view to speeding up criminal proceedings; 4) identifying cases where participation in the proceedings or the hearing can take place remotely; 5) introducing new rules for dismissal of cases by providing that a criminal case should be dismissed when the evidence gathered during preliminary investigations does not allow for a reasonable prediction of conviction; 6) strengthening judicial supervision (carried out by the Judge for preliminary investigations) on preliminary investigations; 7) extending the list of criminal offences falling within the jurisdiction of the single-judge court thus eliminating the stage of the preliminary hearing for such criminal offences; 8) introducing incentives for defendants to opt for the "patteggiamento" procedure and not to lodge appeal against judgments rendered in summary trials ("giudizio abbreviato"); 9) expediting appeal proceedings both before Courts of Appeal and the Supreme Court of Cassation; 10) providing for criminal sanctions as an alternative to short custodial sentences (fine; community service; semi-detention; house detention); 11) introducing restorative justice programmes; 12) extending the scope of application of Article 131-bis of the Criminal Code that provides for the exclusion of criminal liability where an offence is to be considered as a minor offence (de minimis offence); 13) extending the scope of application of the measure of suspension of criminal proceedings with probation for the defendant provided for in Article 168-bis of the Criminal Code. With regard to the overarching goal of speeding up criminal proceedings, it is worth mentioning that the Minister of Justice has established a technical-scientific Committee to monitor the efficiency of criminal justice, the reasonable duration of proceedings and judicial statistics. The Committee acts as the advisory and support body for the periodic assessment of accomplished objectives in expediting and simplifying criminal proceedings.

208-2. Budget

[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference $+1$
[] No
[] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Within the framework of the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (PNRR), the Ministry of Justice has carried out an extraordinary recruitment process to strengthen the "Ufficio del Processo" (literally "Trial Office"). This is an organisational tool consisting in the creation or the reinforcement of support teams for judges, with fixed-term employment and with the aim of reducing the backlog and the disposition time. The PNRR also provides for specific funding to build judicial citadels and to secure existing buildings. Furthermore, a dedicated budget has been planned for wiretapping and the computerization of criminal proceedings.

208-3. Courts and public prosecution services (e.g. powers and organisation, structural changes - e.g. reduction of the number of courts (geographic locations), competences of the courts,

management and working methods, information technologies, backlogs and efficiency, court fees,
renovations and construction of new buildings)
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: The jurisdiction of justices of peace has been generally increased from € 5,000 to € 10,000, and from € 20,000 to € 25,000 with specific regard to damages arising from road/traffic accidents (Art. 7 civil procedure code). The so-called "telematic civil trial" (PCT) is completed: the case file is now entirely electronic (lawyers' briefs, court minutes, documentary evidence, judges' orders and decisions) and clear rules have been adopted for remote hearings. The reforms will primarily exert a direct influence on new cases. Nonetheless, certain reforms will also produce immediate effects on the backlog, particularly the tax incentives designed to facilitate settlement agreements, which are applicable to both ongoing and pending cases. Additionally, the overall enhancement of efficiency resulting from the implementation of the "trial office" contributes to this effect. Indirectly, the direct impact of the reforms on new cases will also contribute to the reduction of the backlog. This is because a judge who expeditiously decides new cases can allocate more working hours to concluding older cases. As far as the the criminal sector, the introduction of the "online criminal trial" ("processo penale telematico") will enable judges and parties to access case files more efficiently, even remotely, in complete security. It will facilitate the retrieval of data from large files and, in the long term, speed up the processing of documents.
208-4. Access to justice and legal aid
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Tax incentives and legal aid have been expanded to include Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR). Two significant implementing decrees were enacted on August 7, 2023, addressing these aspects: the Decree of August 1st, 2023, concerning tax incentives, and the Decree of August 1st, 2023, regarding legal aid. Both decrees apply to both mediation and assisted negotiations. With reference to the criminal proceedings, the establishment of the "Giustizia Riparativa" ("Restorative Justice") system provides free
access to the programs for all parties involved.
208-5. High Judicial Council (competent for judges and/or prosecutors)
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: In light of the delegation for the reform of the judicial system, draft decrees were preliminarily approved by the Council of Ministers in the session held on November 27, 2023. These decrees assign the Superior Council of the Judiciary additional information to enhance its knowledge for the fulfillment of duties related to the appointments of heads of judicial

208-6. Legal professionals (judges, public prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, enforcement agents,

offices and the assessments of the professional competence of magistrates.

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etc.): organisation, education and training, etc.
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: In light of the delegation for the reform of the judicial system, draft decrees were preliminarily approved by the Council of Ministers in the session held on November 27, 2023. These decrees assign the Superior Council of the Judiciary additional information to enhance its knowledge for the fulfillment of duties related to the appointments of heads of judicial offices and the assessments of the professional competence of magistrates. The reform of the honorary magistracy (Legislative Decree No. 116/2017) is now fully operational.
208-7. Gender equality
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Law 71/2022 reforming the judiciary provides for measures in favour of gender equality. In order ensure greater representativeness within the Superior Council of the Judiciary, 'gender quotas' have been defined.
208-8. Reforms regarding civil, criminal and administrative laws, international conventions and
cooperation activities
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Legislative Decree No. 105 of 10 August 2023, converted into law with amendments by L. 9 Octo 2023, No. 137, includes, among other provisions, interventions related to wiretapping. It introduces measures to safeguard the privacy individuals unrelated to the investigation who are subject to interceptions and outlines increased requirements for the judge to provide

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This Legislative Decree also extends the special regime established for crimes related to organized crime to offenses committed for the purpose of terrorism or to facilitate organized crime associations. Additionally, it establishes a system of centralized digital infrastructures to ensure the security and cost-effectiveness of interceptions.

Legislative Decree No. 123 of 15 September 2023, as amended by Law No. 159 of 13 November 2023, contains measures to combat juvenile delinquency. It has introduced specific preventive and alternative measures for juveniles ("misure penali di comunità"), and it increases the penalties for offences related to weapons and narcotics, and the possibility of extinguishing the offence in the case of successful completion of socially useful work.

Law No. 168 of 24 November 2023, which contains provisions on violence against women, introducing accelerated procedures and enhancing measures to protect victims.

208-9. Enforcement of court decisions and in particular regarding decisions against public authorities

[] NA	
[] No	
[X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)	
[] Yes (adopted)	
[] Yes (planned)	

Comments - If yes, please specify: Regarding the enforcement of court decisions, the reform has led to the elimination of certain redundant formalities (such as the enforcement formula), a reduction in specific deadlines (pertaining to the production of documents required for forced sales), an advancement in the appointment of the custodian of seized assets, and the introduction of a new provision for direct sales by the debtor, subject to specific conditions and in adherence to a value verified by a court expert. Finally, the implementing decree on the database of judicial auctions has been adopted on July 11, 2023

208-10. Mediation and other Alternative Dispute Resolution

[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[]	X] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: The D.Lgs. 149/2022, implementing the Delegated Law No. 206/2021 ("Cartabia Reform"), has introduced significant changes to ADR procedures, especially in mediation. Some changes came into effect on February 28, while others will apply from June 30, 2023. Notable changes effective from June 30 include:

- •Mandatory mediation extended to various areas, including association in participation, consortium, franchising, contracts for work, network contracts, and subcontracting.
- •Introduction of a specific provision for contractually or statutorily mandated mediation. A new article (art. 5 sexies) stipulates that when a contract or statute includes a mediation clause, attempting mediation becomes a prerequisite for initiating a judicial claim.
- •Increased importance of Judge-delegated mediation. The reform enhances the Judge's powers, allowing them to order mediation even during the appeal process, making it a prerequisite for filing a judicial claim.
- •Facilitation of mediation against public administrations, limiting officials' liability to cases of fraud or serious negligence.
- •Availability of State-sponsored Legal Aid for non-affluent parties requiring legal assistance in mediation, subject to income and agreement conditions.
- •Introduction of Telematic Mediation, allowing proceedings via digital means, complying with the Digital Administration Code.
- •Changes to the first mediation meeting, emphasizing the mediator's role, requiring personal presence, and introducing consequences for non-participation.
- •Duration of mediation proceedings capped at three months, extendable by another three months with written agreement.

Additionally, the reform maintains and enhances tax benefits and fiscal incentives. Two decrees (D.M. 1st August 2023) regarding fiscal incentives and state-sponsored legal aid have been published.

Furthermore, the Ministerial Decree 150/2023, effective from November 15, 2023, completes the implementation of the Cartabia Reform in mediation. It defines principles of honorability, transparency, efficiency, independence, seriousness, and professional qualification for registration in the ministerial register, applying to both entities and mediators. The decree establishes a Special ADR Section in the ministerial register for ADR entities handling national and cross-border mediations according to the Consumer Code.

208-11. Fight against crime

[] Yes (planned)
	X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
ſ] NA

208-12. Prison system
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: The Legislative Decree No.123/2023 establishes that individuals (aged between 18-21) who committee crimes when they were minors and are not showing improvement through rehabilitation measures in juvenile facilities will now be included in the adult prison system.
208-13. Child friendly justice
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: Regarding family disputes, the procedure has been streamlined (Article 473 bis 11 et seq. of the civil procedure code), particularly focusing on the protection of minors and combatting domestic violence (Article 473 bis.70 civil procedure code: injunctions against the perpetrator of violence, 473 bis.45 civil procedure code: duty of the judge to listen to the minor). A novel institution, the Family and Persons Court, has been established, although it is not yet operational. This court possesses jurisdiction over family matters, minors, divorces, and separations, with highly specialized judges assigned to handle these cases. This marks a departure from the traditional approach where issues concerning minors were typically addressed by a separate court known as the "Juvenile court, distinct from the ordinary court handling divorces and separations.
208-14. Domestic violence
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: The Law No. 168/2023 establishes comprehensive measures to protect women who are victims of domestic and gender-based violence, including stricter criminal sanctions and an advancement of protective measures, including preventive measures.
208-15. New information and communication technologies
[] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: The Ministerial Decree of 4 July 2023 establishes the framework for the online filing of legal

Comments - If yes, please specify: Legislative Decree 123/2023 provided for increased penalties for weapons and drug offences.

documents in specified criminal proceedings, aligning with the broader legal and procedural reforms outlined in the legislative decree of October 10, 2022. In particular, this decree issued by the Ministry of Justice, provides for the mandatory submission of crucial defense documents through the "online criminal trial" portal ("portale del processo penale telematico"). These include the appointment of defense counsel, the constitution of civil party, pleadings, etc. Additionally, it covers communications regarding the declared domicile, requests for expedited proceedings, plea bargaining, immediate judgment, substitution of the penalty with community service, opposition to the criminal decree, as well as witness lists, appeal documents, cassation appeals, applications for free legal assistance, and requests for the settlement of defense counsel fees.

The actual implementation of the online criminal trial is postponed to 2024.

208-16. Other

[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[]	X] No
[] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: