The European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice

Evaluation of the judicial systems 2024 (data 2022)



Iceland Generated on: 30/09/2024 15:15

Reference data 2022 (01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022)

Start/end date of the data collection campaign: 15/03/2023 - 01/10/2023

Objective:

The CEPEJ decided, at its 39th plenary meeting, to launch the nineth evaluation cycle 2024, focused on 2022 data. The CEPEJ wishes to use the methodology developed in the previous cycles to get, with the support of its national correspondents' network, a general evaluation of the judicial systems in the 46 member states of the Council of Europe as well as three observer states (Israel, Morocco and Kazakhstan).

The present questionnaire was developed by the Working group on evaluation of judicial systems (CEPEJ-GT-EVAL) in view of the previous evaluation cycles and considering the comments submitted by CEPEJ members, observers, experts and national correspondents. The aim of this exercise is to increase awareness of judicial systems in the participating states, to compare the functioning of judicial systems in their various aspects, as well as to have a better knowledge of the trends of the judicial organisation in order to help improve the efficiency of justice. The evaluation questionnaire and the analysis of the results becomes a genuine tool in favour of public policies on justice, in service of the European citizens.

For better understanding of the questions it is necessary to consult the Explanatory note that gives definitions and explanations on the CEPEJ evaluation questionnaire and the methodology needed for replying, You can download the Explanatory note as a whole document on the CEPEJ website. In addition to the Explanatory note, there is also the User manual that is a technical document to help you navigate through this application for data collection.

In case you have any questions related to these documents or on the use of the application, please do not hesitate to contact the Secretariat.

Instruction:

Explanatory note: https://rm.coe.int/explanatory-note-2024-cycle-cepej-2023-2-en/1680aae30a

Word version of the questionnaire - https://rm.coe.int/evaluation-scheme-2024-cycle-cepej-2022-9rev1-en-30-march-2023/1680aae309

CEPEJ COLLECT - User manual - you can download under Documentation tab

1.General and financial information

1.1.Demographic and economic data

1.1.1Inhabitants and economic general information



001. Number of inhabitants (if possible on 1 January of the reference year +1)

[387 758]

Comments The population in Iceland on January 1, 2023 was 387,758 and the population had increased by 11,510 from January 1, 2022, or by 3.1%. Is it the biggest increase since 1734 or as far as population figures for Iceland go. A total of 199,826 men, 187,800 women and 132 transgender/other lived in the country at the beginning of the year, and the number of men increased by 3.5% in 2022, women by

=

003. Per capita GDP (in €) in current prices for the reference year

[69 828]

Comments

004. Average gross annual salary (in €) for the reference year

[68 763]

Comments The total monthly salary of people working full time was 871 thousand ISK in 2022 on average.

005. Exchange rate of national currency (non-Euro zone) in € on 1 January of the reference year +1:

[152] Allow decimals : 5

Comments January 2, 2023. Exactly 151,7.

A1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Central Bank of Iceland. Hagstofa Íslands - Statistics Iceland.

1.1.2Budgetary data concerning judicial system

006. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, in € (without the budget of the public prosecution services and without the budget of legal aid). If you cannot separate the budget allocated to the courts from the budget of public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please go to question 7. If you are able to answer this question, please answer NA to question 7.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
TOTAL - Annual public budget allocated to the functioning	25 598 684	24 223 685
of all courts $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$	[] NA	[] NA
or an courts (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 3 + 0 + 7)	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Annual public budget allocated to (gross) salaries		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Annual public budget allocated to computerisation (2.1 +		
2.2)	[X] NA	[X] NA
2.2)	[] NAP	[] NAP

2.1 Investments in computerisation		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2.2 Maintenance of the IT equipment of courts		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Annual public budget allocated to justice expenses		
(expertise, interpretation, etc.)	[X] NA	[X] NA
(expertise, merpretation, etc.)	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Annual public budget allocated to court buildings		
(maintenance, operating costs)	[X] NA	[X] NA
(maintonairee, operating costs)	[] NAP	[] NAP
5. Annual public budget allocated to investments in new		
(court) buildings	[X] NA	[X] NA
(Court) buildings	[] NAP	[] NAP
6. Annual public budget allocated to training		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
7. Other (please specify)		
	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

007. If you cannot answer question 6 because you cannot isolate the public budget allocated to courts from the budget allocated to public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please fill in only the appropriate line in the table according to your system:

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and the		
public prosecution services together	[X] NA	[X] NA
public prosecution services together	[] NAP	[] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and legal		
aid together	[X] NA	[X] NA
aid together	[] NAP	[] NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts, public		
prosecution services and legal aid together	[X] NA	[X] NA
prosecution services and regar and together	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: Government account for 2022: chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://www.stjornarradid.is/library/02-Rit--skyrslur-og-skrar/R%C3%ADkisreikningur_2022.pdf

0

008. Are litigants in general required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction:

	Litigants required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction?
for criminal cases	() Yes, at the beginning of the procedure
	() Yes, at a later stage (X) No
for other than criminal cases	(X) Yes, at the beginning of the procedure
	() Yes, at a later stage () No
	() No

Comments - If there are exceptions to the obligation to pay these court fees, could you please provide comments on those exceptions? According to Art. 1(5) of the Additional Treasury Income Act No 88/1991 fees are not paid regarding:

- 1. Cases for the collection of salaries.
- 2. Cases for the determination of the paternity of a child.
- 3. Cases to contest paternity or for the annulment of a voluntary declaration of paternity. 4. Cases regarding legal competence.
- 5. Cases regarding electoral registers. 6. Civil cases litigated by the criminal procedure.
- 7. Cases where the litigant receives legal aid. 8. Cases regarding custody of a child. 9. Cases regarding Act No 160/1995 on Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Decisions on the Custody of Children.

008-1. Please briefly present the methodology of calculation of these court fees:

- Court fees are decided by law - Additional Treasury Act, No. 88/1991.	

008-2. The amount of court fees requested to commence an action for 3000€ debt recovery:

[132]
[] NA
[] NAP

Comments 20.000 ISK.

009. Annual income of court fees received by the State (in €):

[3 875 000] [] NA [] NAP

Comments

012. Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual approved public budget	13 039 473	8 815 789	4 223 684
allocated to legal aid (12.1 + 12.2)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

12.1 for cases brought to court (court fees and/or legal representation)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
and/or regar representation/	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12.2 for cases not brought to court (legal	F 37 3 37 4	TWO NA	
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

Comments

012-1. Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual implemented public budget	19 657 894	12 105 263	7 552 631
allocated to legal aid (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
anocated to legar and (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12-1.1 for cases brought to court (court fees			
and/or legal representation)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
and/or legal representation/	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
12-1.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
advice, 71Dix and outer legal services)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

If the public budget actually implemented regarding legal aid is different from the annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

0

012-3. Do legal aid budgets indicated in Q12 and Q12-1 include:

	Amount calculated/estimated included	
Coverage of court fees	() Yes	
	() No	
	(X) NAP (Legal aid does not include	
	coverage of court fees)	
Exemption from court fees	(X)Yes	
_	() No	
	() NAP (Legal aid does not include	
	exemption from court fees)	

Comments

013. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in €.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the public	10 842 105	10 848 684
prosecution services, in € (including 13.1)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
13.1. Annual public budget allocated to training of public	[X]NA	[X]NA
prosecution services	[]NAP	[]NAP

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

A2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Government account for 2022: chrome-	
extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://www.stjornarradid.is/library/02-Ritskyrslur-og-	
skrar/R%C3%ADkisreikningur_2022.pdf	

1.1.3Budgetary data concerning the whole justice system



015-1. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in € (this global budget includes the judicial system budget - see 15-2 and other elements of the justice system - see 15-3)

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the whole justice		
system in €	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided above and specify if a large portion of the budget allocated to the whole justice system comes from an international organisation. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

015-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

	Included
Courts	(X) Yes () No
Legal aid	(X) Yes () No []NAP
Public prosecution services	(X) Yes () No []NAP

Comments

015-3. Other budgetary elements

Included		

Prison system	(X) Yes () No
	[]NAP
Probation services	(X) Yes
	() No
High Judicial Council	() Yes () No
	[X]NAP
High Prosecutorial Council	() Yes () No
	[X]NAP
Constitutional court	() Yes
	() No [X] NAP
Judicial management body	(X) Yes
	() No
Service for legal representation of the State	() Yes
	(X) No
Enforcement services	() Yes
	(X) No
Notariat	() Yes
	(X) No [] NAP
Forensic services	(X) Yes
	() No [] NAP
Judicial protection of juveniles	(X) Yes
	() No
Functioning of the Ministry of Justice	() Yes
	(X)No
Refugees and asylum seekers services	() Yes
	(X) No
Immigration Service	() Yes
	(X) No
Some police services (e.g.: transfer, investigation, prisoners' security)	(X) Yes
	() No
Other	() Yes
	() No

If "Other", please specify:

Sources: The total number for the whole "justice system" is not available.			
Access to justice and all courts			
1.Legal Aid			
2.1.1Scope of legal aid			
016. Does legal aid apply to:			
	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases	
Representation in court	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	
-	() No	() No	
	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	
Legal advice, ADR and other legal services	(X) Yes	() Yes	
	() No	(X)No	
	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA	
- Article 126 of the Act on Civil Procedure no. 91/199 entitled to legal aid. According to Art. 239 of the Act or proceedings. However, if the defendant is proven guilty in particular, legal aid generally only applies to represent instances, most notably in cases concerning asylum see administrative level. This is further regulated in Article	1 states that a person involved in on Criminal Procedure no. 88/2008, when is legally obliged to reimburse intation in court and preparation for the kers, the State will provide legal a	civil judicial proceedings in Iceland man, the State bears all costs of criminal ethe state for its costs. Regarding civil or court proceedings. However, in some id for legal advice and proceedings at	
018. Can legal aid be granted for the fees to (e.g. fees of an enforcement agent)? (X) Yes	that are related to the enf	Forcement of judicial decision	
(11) 100			
() No			
() No []NAP			

019. Can legal aid be granted for other costs (different from those mentioned in questions 16 to 18,

e.g. fees of technical advisors or experts, costs of other legal professionals (notaries), travel costs

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
Legal aid granted for other costs	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify: Legal aid covers all legal costs. This is further stipulated in Articles 127 and 129 of the Act on Civil Procedure no. 91/1991.

2.1.2Information on legal aid

020. Please indicate the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted:

	Total	Cases brought to	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
In criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
In other than criminal cases	383	383	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate: Data/statistics for 2022 have not yet been finalised or published by the Legal Aid committee. Therefore, the answers in this section apply to 2021. However, there are indications that statistics for 2022 will be similar. Furthermore, these data only apply to the general legal aid scheme where an individual must apply for legal aid and meet certain criteria. In other instances, legal aid is granted automatically, but an application still has to be submitted - numbers for automatic legal aid are not included in the data.

It should also be noted that legal aid in Iceland is only granted for cases that are going before the courts.

Furthermore, the data only gives information on civil cases as data for criminal cases are not collected in the same manner.

020-0. Please indicate the number of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
In criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
In other than criminal cases			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate: Legal aid in Iceland is only granted for cases that are going before the courts. However, there is no available data on cases that are settled or dropped after legal aid is granted.

020-0-1. Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender in respect of recipients of legal aid?

(X) Yes

()	No

Comments

020-0-2. If yes, please provide details on distribution by gender of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid	385	175	210
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

Comments

020-0-3. Is it possible to divide the number of recipients of legal aid per different categories of cases?

(X) Yes
() No

Comment: If yes, please specify for which categories of cases: Yes, to a certain degree. Legal aid was granted most often in cases concerning disputes over the costudy of children (208). Other notable categorise are cases concerning damages because of an accident or other reasons (189).

020-0-4. Are there situations where legal aid is automatically granted depending on categories of cases?

(X) Yes

() No

Comment: If yes, please specify: Yes. This applies most notably to cases where a child has been removed from its parents by child protection authorities on grounds of the Child Protection Act, No. 80/2002. In 2021, the total number of legal aid granted automatically in this category was 119.

020-0-5. How many of the recipients of legal aid are alleged victims of domestic violence?

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid who are			
alleged victims of domestic violence	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

Comments

020-1. Please indicate the timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid, in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final decision on the legal aid request:

	Time in days
Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation	28 []NA []NAP
Actual average duration	120 []NA

Comments - Please specify if the envisaged timeframe is set in a statutory law, or in other regulation. Furthermore, if different timeframes are envisaged for criminal and other than criminal cases, please provide more information: According Article 10 of Regulation No. 45/2008, the Legal Aid committee must normally within four weeks of the committee receiving an application, which is supported by adequate arguments and data, give the Ministry of Justice a written and reasoned opinion on the applications. In many cases, the Committee failed to give the Ministry of Justice an opinion on the application within the specified time limit. As a general rule, the processing time for an application at the Committee was about four months.

According to the provisions of the Children's Act no. 76/2003, the processing of a case concerning the guardianship or legal domicile of a child shall be expedited. In light of this, cases concerning applications for legal aid in cases regarding the custody or legal domicile of a child are processed before other cases at the committee.

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021. In criminal cases, can individuals who do not have sufficient financial means be assisted by a free of charge (or financed by a public budget) lawyer?

	Assisted by a free of charge lawyer
Accused individuals	(X) Yes () No
Victims	(X) Yes () No

Comments - If yes, please specify: According to Article 239. of the Act on Criminal Proceedings, No. 88/2008, costs shall be paid from the state treasury, including the costs of a defender. Criminal costs that a convicted person is required to pay according to a judgment, ruling or penalty decision shall be collected from him, as the case may be, through confiscation and forced sale. He shall bear the costs of those actions, as well as actions for the enforcement of punishment and other sanctions against him, in addition to legal costs. - Therefore, if an accused individual is convicted he will generally be obliged to reimburse the state.

Victims are provided with a lawyer free of charge. The costs of this lawyer may later fall on an accused individual if convicted.

022. In criminal cases are these individuals free to choose their lawyer within the framework of the legal aid system?

free selection of lawyer
(X) Yes () No
[]NAP (X)Yes ()No []NAP

Comments

023-0. Does your country have an income and assets evaluation for granting full or partial legal aid?

()	X)	Yes
()]	No

Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into account for the granting of legal aid and any comment that could explain the data provided above: According to regulation income for individuals as of January 1, 2022, shall generally not be higher than 27.376 euros. Annual income for couples is 41.122 Euros and 3.043 Euros more for each child under 18 years old. The numbers are indexed every year.

023. If yes, please specify in the table:

	Annual income value (for one person), (in €)	Assets value (for one person), (in €)
Full legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Full legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal cases	27 376	
	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal		
cases	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

024. Is it possible to refuse legal aid for lack of merit of the case (for example for frivolous action or no chance of success)?

()	(X) Yes
() No

Comments - If yes, please specify the exact criteria for denying legal aid: The general conditions for the granting of legal aid in civil cases are provided for by Article 126 of the Act on Civil Proceedings No 91/1991. Each case must have some merits to it, and furthermore, it must be likely that the applicant for legal aid does not have the financial means to bear the cost himself or; the case is of general public interest or highly affects the applicants' personal interests. Article 5 of the Regulation on Legal Aid in Civil matters No 45/2008 further states that when assessing whether a case has some merits to it or not, the following criteria shall be taken into consideration: 1. Can it be considered fair, given the nature of the case, that costs are borne by the public (does it concern the applicants' business, is the dispute between relatives, has the applicants' behaviour caused the dispute, is the applicants possible gains highly disproportionate to the likely costs of litigation etc.? 2. the issues of the case are sufficiently clear and litigation is both necessary and timely. 3. The applicant has a reasonable chance of success before the Courts. Have the relevant issues already been decided upon by the Courts? Are there precedents? 4. If there is an identical or similar case already before the Courts, an application for legal aid can be refused, pending the outcome of that case.

025. Is the decision to grant or refuse legal aid taken by:

() the judge(s) dealing with the main case
() another judge or official
(X) an authority external to the court
() several authorities (court and external bodies)

Comments According to Article 125 of the Act on Civil Proceedings No 91/1991, the Minister of Justice shall appoint a committee of three lawyers to evaluate applications for legal aid in civil matters. One shall be appointed by the Icelandic Bar Association, one by the Icelandic Judges Association and the minister decides upon the last member at his own discretion. Formally, legal aid applications are granted by the Ministry of Justice. However, according to law, the Ministry cannot grant such an application without the committees' recommendation. It should be noted, that in some instances, non-conditional legal aid is provided for by law. This includes, for example, some disputes concerning children.

027. Can judicial decisions direct how legal costs, paid by the parties during the procedure, will be shared:

	Judicial decisions direct how legal costs will be shared
in criminal cases	(X) Yes () No
in other than criminal cases	(X) Yes () No

Comments - If no, please specify how legal costs are distributed: The general rule in civil cases is, that an individual that loses a case in all main aspects before the Courts, shall reimburse his opponent for his legal costs. According to Articles 130-132 of the Act on Civil Proceedings No 19/1991, the judge, however, has some discretion when deciding upon this, depending on the circumstances of the case at hand. The same applies to criminal cases, mutatis mutandis, according to Article 217-220 of the Act on Criminal Proceedings No 88/2008.

B1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Act on criminal proceedings, No. 88/2008. Act on civil proceeding, No. 91/1991. Regulation on Legal Aid in civil matters,
No. 45/2008.

2.2.Court users and victims

2.2.1Rights of the users and victims

028. Are there official internet sites/portals (e.g. Ministry of Justice, Judicial Council etc.) where general public may have free-of-charge access to the following:

	Yes, internet adresse(es)	No
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)	(X)	()
	https://www.althingi.is/lagasafn	
	/nuna/2000106.html and	
	https://www.reglugerd.is/	
Case-law of the higher court/s	(X)	
case law of the higher courts	https://www.landsrettur.is/ and	
	https://www.haestirettur.is/	
Information about the judicial system (organisation of	(X)	()
courts, court proceedings, etc)	https://domstolasyslan.is/	
Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online	(X)	()
registration forms)	https://www.stjornarradid.is/gog	
,	n/log-og-reglugerdir/,	
	https://island.is/,	
	https://www.logbirtingablad.is/	
	and https://island.is/s/syslumenn	

Comment - Please specify what documents and information are included in "Other documents"

029. Is there an obligation to provide information to the parties concerning the foreseeable timeframes of their proceedings?

() Yes, always	
(X) No	
() Yes, only in some specific situations	
Comment - If "Yes, only in some specific situations", please specify:	:
030. Is there a public and free-of-charge informate facilitating access to justice:	tion system for providing information and
	Information system
General for citizens	[X] Online information [X] Telephone [] Interactive chat [X] In-person (physical access on site) [] Other [] No
Specific for victims of offences	[X] Online information [X] Telephone

Specific for minors (child-friendly systems)

Comments - Please provide more information on these systems and specify how this assistance is provided: It is possible to get online information about the judicial system, read judgements and get information about how to appeal at the websites of the courts: https://www.haestirettur.is/, https://www.landsrettur.is/ and https://www.heradsdomstolar.is/?_ga=2.3657400.940484901.1632736914-847617157.1582716241. If additional information is needed its possible to call the receptions of the courts. Its also possible to go in person into the reception of all the courts.

031. Are there special favourable arrangements to be applied, during judicial proceedings, to the following categories of vulnerable persons:

	Information mechanism	Special arrangements in hearings	Other specific arrangements
Victims of sexual violence/rape	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Victims of terrorism	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Minors (witnesses or victims)	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Victims of domestic violence	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes

[] Interactive chat

[] Online information

Other No

[] Telephone[] Interactive chat

[] Other [X] No

[X] In-person (physical access on site)

[] In-person (physical access on site)

Ethnic minorities	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Persons with disabilities	(X) Yes	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Juvenile offenders	(X) Yes	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Other (e.g. victims of human trafficking, forced	(X)Yes	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
marriage, sexual mutilation)	() No	() No	() No

Comments - If "Other vulnerable person" and/or "Other specific arrangements", please specify:

031-0. If there are special arrangements for minors, what are the settings / tools / facilities / practises employed to protect them when they participate in judicial proceedings?

[X] Special and child-adequate preparation for participation in trials / lawsuits (explaining in a child-friendly manner the proceedings
[] Special room in court designated for child-friendly hearings
[X] Special person / team of trained professional(s) (such as psychologists) to accompany a minor throughout the proceedings
[] Special ways to communicate and explain meaning of court decisions
[X] Interagency/multidisciplinary structure such as "Children's Houses"
[] Other, please specify
[] NAP

Comment

031-1. What are the main criteria for a person under 18 years of age to act in court proceedings or to be a witness?

	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Capacity to initiate a proceeding and take other procedural actions in his/her own name	[] Age threshold [Comment] [] Capacity for discernment [] Other [X] NAP	[] Age threshold [Comment] [] Capacity for discernment [] Other
To be a witness	[X] Age threshold [Comment]15 [] Capacity for discernment [] Other	[X] Age threshold [Comment]15 [] Capacity for discernment [] Other

Comments - Please specify if you selected "Other". There are no exceptions to the general rule. According to Article 17 in the Icelandic Code of Civil Procedure, a legal guardian shall appear as the representative of a person who, not being legally competent, has standing in the case but lacks the ability to make disposals regarding the matter at issue. See https://www.government.is/library/01-

Ministries/Ministry-of-Justice/Code% 20of% 20Civil% 20Procedure% 20No.% 2091,% 2031% 20December% 201991..pdf.

Only the prosecutor's office can initiate a proceeding in criminal cases. The defendant in those cases can be under 18 years old.

Civil proceedings - to be a witness, exceptions: The judge assesses, taking into account the circumstances in each case, whether a younger person than mentioned in the first paragraph will be required to testify as a witness.

Criminal proceedings to be a witness, exceptions: If a statement must be taken from a victim under the age of 15, this must be done in

specially equipped premises, unless the victim's interests require that another method be used. Furthermore, a judge may decide that a statement shall be taken from a witness, under the age of 15, in such specially equipped premises.

031-2. If a person under 18 years of age cannot act in court proceedings in his/her own name, who can represent him/her in judicial proceedings?

	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Parent/legal guardian	[] Yes, always [X] Yes, except in some specific situations	[] Yes, always [] Yes, except in some specific situations
Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[] No [] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional	[X] No [] Social care services or other public institution [X] Legal professional
	[] Associations for protection of minors	[] Associations for protection of minors

Comment

031-3. What are the different criteria for the criminal liability of minors? (multiple replies possible)

[}	X] Age threshold(s)
[}	[X] Capacity for discernment
[] Other criteria

Comment Individuals under the age of 18 are considered children according to Icelandic law. According to the regulation no. 533/2015 (https://www.reglugerd.is/reglugerdir/eftir-raduneytum/innanrikisraduneyti/nr/0533-2015) children should not serve sentence in prison unless it is in the best interests of the child in the opinion of professionals. The regulation only applies to children 15-18 years old.

031-3-1. What is the age threshold for the criminal liability of minors?

Criminal liability resulting in sentence without privation of liberty (for example, educational measures)

[15] [] NA [] NAP

Criminal liability resulting in sentence of privation of liberty

[15] [] NA

Comment - Please describe, briefly, the specifics of your system. Could you, please specify if the possibility of mitigation applies to the sanctions and how? According to Article 14 of the General Penal Code no. 19/1940, a child is not considered to be responsible for one's actions until at their 15th birthday. Children who have not reached that age are not criminally liable and will not be punished for their crimes. Then they are not considered defendants within the meaning of the Act on the Procedure of Criminal Cases no. 88/2008.

032. Does your country allocate compensation for victims of offences?

() Yes, but only if the offender is unknown
(X) Yes, but only if compensation could not be obtained from the offender
() Yes, in both situations
() No
Comment https://island.is/baetur-til-tholenda-afbrota
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify: If you are the victim of a crime, you may be entitled to compensation from the Treasury of compensation to victims of crime. This applies to violent offenses such as: assault sexual assault unlawful deprivation of liberty an offense that causes public danger an offense against the government false accusations defamation and breach of privacy homicide, in which case the relatives may be entitled to compensation for the loss of dependents and payment of funeral expenses
nonnelde, in which case the relatives may be entitled to compensation for the loss of dependents and payment of funeral expenses
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments It is not necessary to have a court decision or to go to trial or resulted in a conviction, you may be entitled to compensation even if the case is dropped.
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
Comment - Please specify: If you are the victim of a crime, you may be entitled to compensation from the Treasury of compensation to victims of crime. This applies to violent offenses such as: assault sexual assault unlawful deprivation of liberty an offense that causes public danger an offense against the government false accusations defamation and breach of privacy homicide, in which case the relatives may be entitled to compensation for the loss of dependents and payment of funeral expenses
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
() Yes
(X) No

even if the case is dropped.
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
() For all types of offences
(X) For some types of offences
[] NAP
Comment - Please specify: If you are the victim of a crime, you may be entitled to compensation from the Treasury of compensation to victims of crime. This applies to violent offenses such as: assault
sexual assault
unlawful deprivation of liberty an offense that causes public danger
an offense against the government
false accusations
defamation and breach of privacy
homicide, in which case the relatives may be entitled to compensation for the loss of dependents and payment of funeral expenses
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments It is not necessary to have a court decision or to go to trial or resulted in a conviction, you may be entitled to compensation even if the case is dropped.
034. Is there a regular monitoring (official studies, reports etc.) allowing the evaluation of the
recovery rate of the damages awarded by courts to victims?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please illustrate with available data concerning the recovery rate, the title of the studies, the frequency of the studies and the coordinating body:
035. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to victims (protection and assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - If yes, please specify: Prosecutors are obliged to include a compensation claim in the indictment document, if the victim or their lawyer demands it.
035-1. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to minor victims (protection and
assistance)?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment - If yes, please specify: Prosecutors are obliged to include a compensation claim in the indictment document, if the victim (victims parents) or their lawyer demands it.
_

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Comments It is not necessary to have a court decision or to go to trial or resulted in a conviction, you may be entitled to compensation

	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations grante (in €)
Total			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Excessive length of proceedings			
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-execution of court decisions			
Tron Carounda of Court documents	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Wrongful arrest/detention			
Wiongiui ariest/detention	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
*** 61			
Wrongful conviction	F V I NI A	r W 1 NI A	L Z I NI A
	[X]NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP
		[] IVAI	[] IVAI
Other			
omments - Where appropriate, please give	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		
omments - Where appropriate, please give of ompensation (e.g., the amount per day for u	details on the compensation procedunjustified detentions or convictions) norities are responsible fo	re and the calculation meth : Unfortunately we don't ha	od for the amount of the ave the statistics.
comments - Where appropriate, please give compensation (e.g., the amount per day for use 137-1. Please specify which authors.)	details on the compensation procedunjustified detentions or convictions) norities are responsible for the these requests:	re and the calculation meth: Unfortunately we don't har dealing with the re	od for the amount of the ave the statistics.
Other Comments - Where appropriate, please give of compensation (e.g., the amount per day for upon 237-1. Please specify which authorized time limit exists to deal with the concerned concerned	details on the compensation procedunjustified detentions or convictions) norities are responsible for the these requests:	re and the calculation meth: Unfortunately we don't have dealing with the realing with the	nod for the amount of the ave the statistics.
comments - Where appropriate, please give compensation (e.g., the amount per day for upon 237-1. Please specify which authors are limit exists to deal with the second comments of the comment	details on the compensation procedunjustified detentions or convictions) norities are responsible for the these requests: Responsible	re and the calculation meth: Unfortunately we don't have dealing with the real eauthorities Legal	nod for the amount of the ave the statistics. equests and whether time limit
comments - Where appropriate, please give of compensation (e.g., the amount per day for upon 237-1. Please specify which authors are limit exists to deal with the court concerned.	details on the compensation procedunjustified detentions or convictions) norities are responsible for the these requests: Responsible []	re and the calculation method in the calcula	nod for the amount of the ave the statistics. equests and whether time limit
comments - Where appropriate, please give of compensation (e.g., the amount per day for upon 237-1. Please specify which authors are limit exists to deal with the concerned court concerned	details on the compensation procedunjustified detentions or convictions) norities are responsible for the these requests: Responsible []	re and the calculation method in the calcula	nod for the amount of the ave the statistics. equests and whether time limit

036. Do victims of offences have the right to dispute a public prosecutor's decision to discontinue

a case? Please verify the consistency of your answers in this question and question 105 regarding

the possibility for a public prosecutor "to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a

Comment - If necessary, please specify: This decision can be appealed to the Director of Public Prosecutions.

judge".

(X) Yes

() No

a

037-2. Are there statistical data disaggregated by gender concerning the number of:

	Existence of statistical data disaggregated by gender
Persons who initiate a case in other than criminal matters	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which categories of cases: [Comment]
	() No [X] NA
Victims recognised as such by the court	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment]() No[X] NA
Perpetrators of criminal offences	() Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment] () No [X] NA

Comments

037-3. Are there statistical data on the relation	between the perpetrator	of the criminal	offence and
the victim recognised by the court?			

()	Ye	S
(X) No)

If yes, please specify:

2.2.2 Confidence and satisfaction of citizens with their justice system

038. Does your country implement surveys to measure trust in justice and satisfaction with the services delivered by the judicial system?

	National level	Court level
Surveys for judges	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[X] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[X] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for court staff	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[X] Other regular [] Ad hoc	[X] Other regular [] Ad hoc
Surveys for public prosecutors	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[X] Other regular	[X] Other regular
Surveys for lawyers	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[X] Other regular	[X] Other regular
Surveys for other professionals	[] Annual	[] Annual
- -	[X] Other regular	[X] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc

Surveys for the parties	[] Annual	[] Annual
_	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Surveys for other court users (e.g. jurors, witnesses,	[] Annual	[] Annual
experts, interpreters, representatives of governmental	[X] Other regular	[X] Other regular
agencies, NGOs)	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Surveys for victims	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[X] Other regular	[X] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Surveys for minors	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[X] Other regular	[X] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Surveys for the general public	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[X] Other regular	[X] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc
Other not mentioned	[] Annual	[] Annual
	[] Other regular	[] Other regular
	[] Ad hoc	[] Ad hoc

[] NA

Comment - Please, indicate the references and links to the satisfaction surveys you mentioned above: The Judicial Administration regularly conducts surveys of this kinds. There are two types of surveys conducted, one aimed at people in close connection with the courts (lawyers, prosecutors etc.) and another for the public. www.domstolar.is

A company called Gallup, https://www.gallup.is/, conducts surveys every year aimed at the public to measure trust to the judiciary.

3.Organisation of the court system

3.1.Courts

3.1.1Number of courts

042. Number of courts - legal entities.

	Number of courts
	12
Total number of all courts - legal entities (1 + 2)	13 []NA
	[] NAP
1 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities $(1.1 + 1.2 + 1.3)$	10
	[] NA
	[]NAP
1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	8
	[] NA
	[]NAP
1.2 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1
	[] NA
	[]NAP
1.3 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1
	[] NA
	[] NAP

2 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	3
-	[] NA
	[] NAP

Comments 8 District Courts, 1 Court of Appeal, 1 Supreme Court and 3 specialized courts (Labor Court, Court of Impeachment, The Court on Reopening of cases).

043. Number of specialised courts – legal entities.

	First instance	Higher instances
Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	3	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Insolvency courts	[] NA	[] NA
T -1	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
Labour courts	[] NA	[]NA
Family courts	[]NAP	[X]NAP
,	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Rent and tenancies courts		
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	[] NA	[] NA
Internet related disputes	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
Internet related disputes	[] NA [X] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Administrative courts		
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Military courts	[] NA	[] NA
Turvanila accenta	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
Juvenile courts	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
Other specialised courts	2	[A]IVAF
	[]NA []NAP	[]NA [X]NAP

Comments - If "Other specialised courts", please specify: Other specialized courts: the Court of Impeachment and The Court on

044. Number of courts - geographic locations.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)
First instance courts geographic locations (this includes 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction and first instance specialised courts)	8 []NA []NAP
All the courts (geographic locations) (this includes 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction, first instance specialised courts, all second instance courts and courts of appeal and all Supreme Courts)	13 []NA []NAP

Comments

C. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: The Judicial Administration.

3.2. Court staff

3.2.1Judges and non-judge staff

046. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for all types of courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts)

	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of professional judges $(1+2+3)$	64	36	28	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	
1. Number of first instance professional judges	42	23	19	
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)	15	9	6	
professional judges	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	
3. Number of Supreme Court professional	7	4	3	
judges	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	

Comment - Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above: Professional judges sitting in the district courts, the Court of Appeals and the the Supreme Court are total 64. Not included 5 judges of the Labour court or the 5 judges on The Court on Reopening of Cases as these are considered a part-time positions. In the Labour court there is one judge that is also an district court judge, one that is a judge in the appeals court and 3 appointed. In the Court of Reopening Cases there sits one judge from each instance and then two are appointed.

Furthermore, not included are the 15 judges of the Impeachment Court which has only been convened once, in the year 2010.

		<u>-</u>	ın be granted (multi
[] Child-care			
[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' ca	nre		
[] Training			
[] For the purposes of early retirement			
[] No specific reason required			
[] Other reason, please specify:			
nents			
46-1-3. If yes, what is the number of	of professional	indges working pa	art-time with reduce
enumeration?	F	.J	
	Total	Males	Females
total (1 + 2 + 3)	r 1 NTA	r a nya	I I NIA
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
. At first instance level			
	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP	[]NA []NAP
. At second instance (court of appeal) level			
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
. At Supreme Court level			
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP
nents			

046-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for professional judges with proportionally

reduced remuneration?

() Yes

(X) No

Other measures	() Yes
	(X) No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration?

046-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

[X] Child-care
[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[X] Training
[] For the purposes of early retirement
[] As part of induction process for new judges
[] No specific reason required
[X] Other reason, please specify:take a seat in an international court or accept an appointment as a judge in a higher national court
[] NAP

Comments The Judicial Administration grants leaves of absence to judges according to law and has established rules for such leaves. Judges cannot have a leave of absence for more than 12 consecutive months, except for illness. The Judicial Administration may grant an exemption for up to 12 months at a time if a judge requests it for study purposes. Maternity leave and continuing education are permitted. The Judicial Administration may also grant a judge a leave of absence at their own request for up to six years so that they can take a seat in an international court, take up work at another international organization, or accept an appointment as a judge in a higher national court.

046-2. Number of judges (FTE) by case type:

	Total	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
Total number of judges	64				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
First instance	42				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Second instance	15				
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
Supreme Court	7				
_	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

If "Other", please explain which types of cases: Judges in Iceland are not specifically designated to decide only in certain types of cases.



047. Number of court presidents.

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of court presidents $(1 + 2 + 3)$	12	8	4
	[]NA []NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

1. Number of first instance court presidents	10	7	3
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP
2. Number of second instance (court of appear	1) 1	0	1
court presidents	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Number of Supreme Court presidents	1	1	0
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[]NA []NAP
the Court of Impeachment is not permanent. 48. Number of professional judges such (if possible, on 31 December of	•		easis and who are paid
` -		Figure	
Gross figure			
		[] NA [X] NAP	
In full-time equivalent			
In full-time equivalent		[X] NAP	
-		[X] NAP [] NA [X] NAP	
-	to explain the answ	[X] NAP [] NA [X] NAP	
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments	•	[X]NAP []NA [X]NAP rer provided:	
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 148-1. Do these professional judges s	•	[X]NAP []NA [X]NAP rer provided:	
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 048-1. Do these professional judges so part of cases?	sitting in court	[X]NAP [] NA [X]NAP rer provided: s on an occasional b	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 048-1. Do these professional judges so part of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the	sitting in court	[X]NAP [] NA [X]NAP rer provided: s on an occasional b	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 048-1. Do these professional judges so part of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No	sitting in court	[X]NAP [] NA [X]NAP rer provided: s on an occasional b	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 048-1. Do these professional judges so part of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No	sitting in court	[X]NAP [] NA [X]NAP rer provided: s on an occasional b	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 048-1. Do these professional judges so part of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No	sitting in court	[X]NAP [] NA [X]NAP rer provided: s on an occasional b	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 248-1. Do these professional judges so that of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No []NAP Comments	sitting in court	[X] NAP [] NA [X] NAP rer provided: as on an occasional b I an estimate in percentage.	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 048-1. Do these professional judges so part of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No []NAP Comments 049. Number of non-professional judges so part of cases?	sitting in court the types of cases and	[X] NAP [] NA [X] NAP rer provided: as on an occasional but an estimate in percentage.	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 148-1. Do these professional judges so that of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No []NAP Comments 149. Number of non-professional judges so that the professional incompanies of the professional incompanie	sitting in court the types of cases and lges who are notes	rer provided: s on an occasional but an estimate in percentage. ot remunerated but was reference year) (e.	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 048-1. Do these professional judges so part of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No []NAP Comments 049. Number of non-professional judges so part of cases?	sitting in court the types of cases and lges who are notes	rer provided: as on an occasional but an estimate in percentage. ot remunerated but value reference year) (e. on a jury):	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 048-1. Do these professional judges so part of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No	sitting in court the types of cases and lges who are notes	rer provided: s on an occasional but an estimate in percentage. ot remunerated but was reference year) (e.	asis deal with a signifi
Comments - If necessary, please provide comments 248-1. Do these professional judges so that of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No [] NAP Comments 249. Number of non-professional judges so that the provided second	sitting in court the types of cases and lges who are notes	rer provided: as on an occasional but an estimate in percentage. ot remunerated but value reference year) (e. on a jury):	asis deal with a signifi
comments - If necessary, please provide comments 48-1. Do these professional judges so that of cases? () Yes If yes, please give specifications on the (X) No []NAP comments 49. Number of non-professional judges so that the professional incompanies of the professional incompanies	sitting in court the types of cases and lges who are notes	rer provided: as on an occasional but an estimate in percentage. ot remunerated but value reference year) (e. on a jury):	asis deal with a signifi

Comments

In full time equivalent

049-1. If such non-professional judges exist at first instance in your country, please specify for which types of cases:

	Yes	No	Echevinage / mixed bench
Criminal cases (severe)	()	(X)	()
Criminal cases (misdemeanour and/or minor)	()	(X)	()
Family law cases	()	(X)	()
Labour law cases	()	(X)	()
Social law cases	()	(X)	()
Commercial law cases	()	(X)	()
Insolvency cases	()	(X)	()
Other civil cases	()	(X)	()
() Yes (X) No Comments 050-1. If yes, for which type(s) of ([] Criminal cases [] Other than criminal cases Comments	case(s)?		
051. Number of citizens who were inv	olved in sucl	n juries for the year	of reference:
[] NA [X] NAP Comments			
=			
052. Number of non-judge staff who a reference year) (this data should not in	_	· -	

the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled)

Total	Males	Females

T. 1	74	25	49	
Total non-judge staff working in courts $(1 + 2)$	74	25		
+ 3 + 4 + 5)	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	
·	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) (see	25	15	10	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
Explanatory Note)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to	32	4	28	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
assist the judges such as registrars (case	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	
preparation, assistance during the hearing,				
helping to draft the decisions)				
3. Staff in charge of different administrative	10	1	9	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
tasks and of the management of the courts	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
(human resources management, material and				
equipment management, including computer				
systems, financial and budgetary management,				
training management)				
4. Technical staff	0	0	0	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
5. Other non-judge staff	7	5	2	
o. Omor non juago bani	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	

Comments - If "Other non-judge staff", please specify: 4 security guards, 3 proofreaders

052-1. Number of non-judge staff by instance (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females
Total non-judge staff working in courts (1+2+3)	74 []NA	25 []NA	49 []NA
Total non-judge staff working in courts at first instance level	52 []NA	[] NAP 15 [] NA	37 []NA
2. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	[]NAP 17 []NA	9 []NA	8 I NA
3. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	[] NAP 5	I NAP	[]NAP
Supreme Court level	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

Comments

=

053. If there are Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies), please specify in which fields they have a role:

[X] Legal aid

[X] Family cases

[X] Payment orders
[X] Registry cases (land and/or business registry cases)
[X] Enforcement of civil cases
[X] Enforcement of criminal cases
[] Non-litigious cases
[X] Other cases not mentioned (please describe in comment)
Comments - Please briefly describe their status and exact duties:
054. Have the courts outsourced certain services under their responsibilities to external providers?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
054-1. If yes, please specify which services have been outsourced:
[X] IT services
[] Training of staff
[] Security
[] Archives
[X] Cleaning
[] Other types of services (please specify):
Comments - If "Other types of services", please specify: [] NA
C1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: Annual report of the judical administration. Info from The Judical Administration.
3. Public prosecution
_

3.:

3.3.1Public prosecutors and staff

055. Number of public prosecutors (on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled.)

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of prosecutors $(1 + 2 + 3)$	85	36	49
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

1. Number of prosecutors at first instance level	73	32	41	
•	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
. Number of prosecutors at second instance	12	4	8	
(court of appeal) level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
. Number of prosecutors at Supreme Court	12	4	8	
level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment for interpreting the data above: In Iceland there is only two level of prosecution. The Director of Public Prosecution is responsible for both second instance level (court of appeal) and the Supreme Court level. Therefore, the answer to no. 2 and 3 is the same.

=

055-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for prosecutors with proportionally reduced remuneration?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

055-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted? (multiple replies possible)

[] Child-care
[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[] Training
[]	X] For the purposes of early retirement
[] No specific reason required

[] Other reason, please specify:

Comments

055-1-3. If yes, what is the number of prosecutors working part-time with reduced remuneration?

	Total	Males	Females
Total $(1 + 2 + 3)$	0	0	0
([] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. At first instance level			
1. 11 Inst instance level	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
3. At Supreme Court level			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

055-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart of part-time work) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	(X) Yes
Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	(X) Yes
Other measures	() Yes (X) No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration?

055-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

[] Child-care
[] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[] Training
[] For the purposes of early retirement
[] As part of induction process for new prosecutors
	X] No specific reason required
[] Other reason, please specify:
Γ	1 NAP

Comments

056. Number of heads of prosecution offices.

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of heads of prosecution offices $(1 + 2 + 3)$	10	5	5
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
1. Number of heads of prosecution offices at first instance level	9	5	4
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
2. Number of heads of prosecution offices at second instance (court of appeal) level	1	0	1
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
3. Number of heads of prosecution offices at Supreme Court level	1	0	1
	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP

Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the data above: The head of prosecution office at second in instance and Supreme Court level is the same person an it is a woman.

057. In your judicial system, do other persons have similar duties to those of public	c prosecutors:
---	----------------

()	Y	es

1	v	١.	NIO
•	х.	١,	170

Comments - If yes, please specify their titles and functions:

057-1. If ye	s, please	provide	the number	(in fu	ll-time	equivalent):
--------------	-----------	---------	------------	--------	---------	--------------

[] NA

059. If yes, is their number included in the number of public prosecutors that you have indicated under question 55?

() Yes () No

Comments

059-1. Do prosecution offices have prosecutors who are specially trained in areas of domestic violence and sexual violence?

	-
Domestic violence	[X]Yes
	[] Yes, specifically for minor victims
	[] No
	[] NA
	[] NAP
Sexual violence	[X]Yes
	[] Yes, specifically for minor victims
	[] No
	[] NA
	[] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify

_

060. Number of staff (non-public prosecutors) attached to the public prosecution services, if possible, on 31 December of the reference year and without the number of non-judge staff, see question 52 (in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females
Number of staff (non-public prosecutors)			
attached to the public prosecution service	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA

Comment – please describe which categories of staff you have included in your reply:

C2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTION		

3.4. Gender equality

3.4.1 Specific provisions for facilitating gender equality

061-2. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for recruiting:

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	()	(X)
prosecutors	()	(X)
non-judge staff	()	(X)
lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)

[] NA

Comments - if the situation changed since the reference year, please specify in the comments. If you have additional comments please specify: The general law on gender equality for recruiting all public servants applies. Additionally, it is possible for individuals, companies, institutions and non-governmental organizations that believe that the provisions of Act no. 150/2020, on equal status and equal rights of the sexes, Act no. 85/2018, on equal treatment regardless of race and ethnic origin and Act no. 86/2018, on equal treatment in the labour market has been violated, to seek the assistance of the Equality Complaints Committee.

061-3. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for promoting :

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	()	(X)
prosecutors	()	(X)
non-judge staff	()	(X)
lawyers	()	(X)
notaries	()	(X)
enforcement agents	()	(X)

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year or you have additional comments, please specify: The general law on gender equality for recruiting all public servants applies. Additionally, it is possible for individuals, companies, institutions and non-governmental organizations that believe that the provisions of Act no. 150/2020, on equal status and equal rights of the sexes, Act no. 85/2018, on equal treatment regardless of race and ethnic origin and Act no. 86/2018, on equal treatment in the labour market has been violated, to seek the assistance of the Equality Complaints Committee.

061-3-1. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for the appointment of:

	Yes / No
Court president	() Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No
Head of prosecution services	() Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment] (X) No

Comments The General law on gender equality for recruiting all public servants applies to the head of the prosecution service. However, court presidents are selected by voting of the judges of the relevant court.

3.4.2 At national level

061-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy/action plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?

()	X)	Ye
()]	No

Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you specify the reference or internet link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? The Judicial Administration has a special committee handling discrimination and gender equality cases.

https://www.domstolar.is/library/Files/Eineltisstefna-PPT.pdf

061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner) / institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:

	Yes, please specify	No
The recruitment of judges	(X)	()
The promotion of judges	()	(X)
The recruitment of prosecutors	()	(X)
The promotion of prosecutors	()	(X)
The recruitment of non-judge staff	()	(X)
The promotion of non-judge staff	()	(X)

Comments - Please specify the status of this person/institution and if it has a consultative function or if its opinions/decisions have legal consequences: The Equality Complaints Committee, which operates on the grounds of the Act on the Administration of Matters concerning Equality, No. 151/2020, can handle complaints on the recruitment and promotion of civil servants. However, it should be noted there is not in place a system for the promotion of judges - there is a public call for applications for vacant posts. https://www.government.is/library/04-

 $Legislation/Act\%\,20 on\%\,20 the\%\,20 Administration\%\,20 of\%\,20 Matters\%\,20 Concerning\%\,20 Equality.pdf$

3.4.3 At court/public prosecution services level

061-7. At the court or public prosecution services level, is there a person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner)/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in the organisation of judicial work?

	Yes	No
in courts (judges)	(X)	()
in public prosecution services (prosecutors)	()	(X)
for courts' non-judge staff	(X)	()

Comments - Please specify the details of this person/institution, in particular its titles and function: There is a special committee handling cases regarding discrimination and sexual harassment.

Furthermore, there is in place a policy within the court system to ensure equal pay and conditions for all women and men for the same or equally valuable jobs. https://www.domstolasyslan.is/default.aspx?pageid=7d7ca4cc-42a3-11ea-9458-005056bc2afe

061-9. In order to improve gender balance in access to different judicial professions and gender equality in promotion and in access to functions of responsibility, what are the measures, in your country, which:

have been already implemented (please specify):
are planned (please specify):
Comments - If the situation changed since reference year, please specify in the comments.
[X] NAP

061-10. Are there evaluation studies or official reports regarding the main causes of possible gender inequalities with regard to:

[] Recruitment procedures, please specify:
[] Appointment to the position of court president, please specify:
[] Appointment to the position of head of prosecution services, please specify:
[] Promotion procedures and access to the functions of responsibility, please specify:

[] Other studies, please specify:
Comments - Please specify also the reference documents.
3.5. Use of information technologies in courts
3.5.1 Governance
ICT STRATEGY
062-01. Do you have an overall Information and Communication Technology (ICT) strategy in the
judicial system?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments We have components of a ICT strategy but the overall strategy is in final drafts.
062-02. If there is an overall ICT strategy in the judicial system, who was involved in the process
of its definition?
[X] Judges (Judicial council)
[] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)
[] Ministry of justice
[] Lawyers (bar association)
[] Notaries (association of notaries)
[] Enforcement agents (association of enforcement agents)
[X] Other (please specify)The Judicial administration and IT consultants
[] NA [] NAP
Comments
LEGISLATION
LEGISLATION
062-03. Does a national legislation/regulation of ICT in the judicial system exist?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments In 2024 we are working towards legislation that will address ICT.
062-04. If yes, how is this legislation/regulation of ICT in the judicial system structured?
[] Relevant norms are included in the general e-government legislation/regulation
[] Relevant norms are included in specific legislation/regulation only for the judicial system
[] Relevant texts are included in dedicated technical documents/specifications
[] Other, please specify
Comment - If more than one of the proposed models exist in your country, please select them all and explain the details $[\]NA$
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IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF ICT SYSTEMS

062-05. Have you already organised audits/evaluations/assessments of the impact of the implementation of the ICT system?

() Yes
(X) No
Comments

062-06. If these audits/evaluations/assessments were already organised, please specify their modalities:

	Format	Last conducted audit
ICT Governance	[] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA
Security and risk management	[] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA
Impact on efficiency and quality of the business processes and workflow	[] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA
Other, please specify in comments	[] Internal [] External [] NAP - no audit has been organised [] NA	[] In the last 2 years [] Between 2 and 5 years ago [] More than 5 years ago [] NAP - no audit has been organised

062-07. If these audits/evaluations/assessments were organised in the last 5 years, how did you apply their recommendations/results?

[] Update applications
[] Define new ICT projects/modules
[] Adjust legislation
[] Adjust working processes
[] Withdraw/stop use of a module/application
[] Reporting purpose only
[] Other, please specify
] NA	
] NA	P

Comments

3.5.2 Electronic case processing

ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF CASES

062-08. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate
() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
() 50-75 %	() 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 %
() 1-25 %	() 25-30 % () 1-25 % () 0 %
(X) NAP - electronic submission is not possible	(X) NAP - electronic submission is not possible
() 95-100 % () 75-95 %	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 %
() 25-50 % () 1-25 %	() 25-50 % () 1-25 %
() 0 % (X) NAP - electronic submission is not possible	() 0 % (X) NAP - electronic submission is not possible
	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - electronic submission is not possible []NA () 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - electronic

Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments A court case is not yet submitted electronically but it is possible to send the documents of the case electronically. Paper must accompany for now. In a special type of criminal cases i.e investigative measures such as custody, travel ban, warrents for searches etc. the cases are submitted electronically and no paper is neccesary. In all other criminal cases the documents are sent electronically but the case is not started electronically and paper must follow. Administrative cases that we understand to be not court cases that go before a judge is mostly sent in via a secure portal or email.

062-09. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted electronically by:	Data integration
Civil	[] Paper submission is still possible [] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) [] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [X] NAP – electronic submission is not possible	[] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [X] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [X] NAP – electronic submission is not possible [] NA
Administrative	[]NA []Paper submission is still possible []Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is the only way) []Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission) [X]NAP – electronic submission is not possible []NA	[] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [X] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA	[] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS) [] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [X] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [] NA

Criminal	[X] Paper	[] Lawyer	[X] The data are
	submission is still	[] Party not	electronically transferred
	possible	represented by a lawyer	to the Case Management
	[] Paper	[X] Other, please	System (CMS)
	submission is not	specify	[X] The data are
	possible anymore	[] NAP –	manually re-entered in
	(electronic submission is	electronic submission is	the CMS
	the only way)	not possible	[] NAP –
	[X] Double	[] NA	electronic submission is
	submission (paper must		not possible
	accompany the electronic		[] NA
	submission)		
	[] NAP –		
	electronic submission is		
	not possible		
	[] NA		

Comments See comments above about criminal cases. The only way to send a criminal case (investigative measures) electronically is by the prosecutors. In all other types of criminal cases document can also be sent in by parties themselves, lawyers.

SENDING ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS TO COURT

062-10. If it is possible to send case-related documents to the courts electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 % (X) 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 %	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % (X) 50-75 % () 25-50 %
	() 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	() 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - electronic delivery is not possible

Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic delivery	() NAP - electronic delivery
	is not possible	is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments With administrative cases as we do not have that distinction between them and civil cases but all amninistrative matters and documents related to requests etc. can be sent inn electronically with a secure portal or email.

062-11. If it is possible to send electronically case related documents to the courts, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted electronically by:	Data integration
Civil	(Paper delivery must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic delivery is not	[X] Documents sent by a lawyer [X] Documents sent by a party not	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the CMS [X] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible [] NA
Administrative	possible [] NA [X] Paper delivery is still possible [] Paper delivery is not possible anymore (electronic delivery is the only way) [] Double delivery (Paper delivery must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP — electronic delivery is not possible [] NA	[X] Documents sent by a lawyer [X] Documents sent by a party not represented by a lawyer [X] Documents sent by another person/institution [] NAP - electronic delivery is not possible [] NA	[X] The data are electronically transferred to the CMS [X] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS [] NAP – electronic delivery is not possible [] NA

Criminal	[X] Paper delivery	[X] Documents sent	[X] The data are
	is still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[] Paper delivery is	[X] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[X] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[X] Documents sent	the CMS
	[X] Double delivery	by another	[] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[] NA
	[] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[] NA	
	possible		
	[] NA		

Comment - If you have selected the option "Documents sent by another person/institution", please specify details. Double delivary in all other criminal cases but investigative measures

ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS

062-12. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
 Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	(X) 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	(X)75-95 %	(X) 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	(X) 25-50 %	(X) 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - electronic	() NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible

Comments We largely use email and email that is sent through our CMS or a secure portal that sends automatic notifications in specific case types unless this question also includes serving subpoenas, judgements etc. that is done by paper for now. Since the question includes also summons/subpoena, judgements the answer is given respectively. It is possible to use electronic notifications but by law most of the time paper is also required.

062-13. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Type of notification	Data integration
Civil	[X] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[X] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications		
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	
Administrative	[X] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[X] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[X] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	

Criminal	[X] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[] Paper	[X] Notifications	[X] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[] NAP –
	the only way)	[X] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[X] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[] NA	are not possible	
		[] NA	

Comment - If you have selected the option "Notifications sent to other persons/institutions", please specify details. In some case types we send notifications to for example hospitals, district commissioners, national registry and for example in cases that involve investigative measures the portal sends notifications automatically to prosecutors, prisons, defense lawyers etc.

CONSULTATION OF A CASE ONLINE

062-14. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 % () 75-95 %	() 95-100 % () 75-95 %
	() 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 %	() 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 %
	() 0 % (X) NAP - online consultation is not possible	() 0 % (X) NAP - online consultation is not possible
Administrative	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 %	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 %
	() 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - online consultation is not possible	() 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - online consultation is not possible

Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	() 0 %
	(X) NAP - online	(X) NAP - online
	consultation is not possible	consultation is not possible
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-15. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, please specify the modalities:

	Content	Access	Consultation format
Civil	[] Case status [] Documents [] Notifications [] Events/calendar [] Court decision [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[] Electronic access at the court premises [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA
Administrative	[] Case status [] Documents [] Notifications [] Events/calendar [] Court decision [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[] Electronic access at the court premises [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA
Criminal	[] Case status [] Documents [] Notifications [] Events/calendar [] Court decision [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[] Lawyer [] Party not represented by a lawyer [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA	[] Electronic access at the court premises [] Other, please specify [X] NAP – online consultation is not possible [] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other", please specify details.

REMOTE HEARINGS

062-16. If it is possible to organise remote hearings what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - remote hearings	() NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[] NA	[X]NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	(X) NAP - remote hearings	(X) NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X)95-100%	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - remote hearings	() NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[] NA	[X] NA

Comments It is possible for every court to hold remote hearings but it is up to the judge to decide if that is done. We do not have accurate statistics on how often it is used but it is quite often especially courts outside of the capital area.

062-17. If it is possible to organise remote hearings, please specify the functionalities and modalities:

Functionalities	Modalities

Civil	[] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use by courts [X] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text) [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible	[] Agreement of the parties is needed [X] The judge can impose a remote hearing [] NAP – remote hearings are not possible [] NA
Administrative	[] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use by courts [] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion) [] Tools for simultaneous interpretation [] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text) [X] NAP – remote hearings are not possible [] NA	[X] NAP – remote

Criminal	[] Dedicated tool	[] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[X] The judge can impose
	[X] Publicly available	a remote hearing
	tools used by courts	[] NAP – remote hearings
	[] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[] NA	

Comments

ELECTRONIC ARCHIVES

062-18. If electronic archives of cases exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 % () 50-75 %	() 75-95 % () 50-75 %
	() 25-50 % (X) 1-25 %	() 25-50 % (X) 1-25 %
	() 0 % () NAP - electronic archives	() 0 % () NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
Administrative	() 95-100 % () 75-95 %	() 95-100 % () 75-95 %
	() 50-75 % () 25-50 %	() 50-75 % () 25-50 %
	(X) 1-25 % () 0 %	(X) 1-25 % () 0 %
	() NAP - electronic archives	, ,
	[]NA	[] NA

Criminal	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	(X)75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - electronic archives	() NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments As mentioned before we do not have a special administrative courts so these are administrative cases like petion to get access to documents, general inquires etc.

062-19. If an electronic archive of cases exists, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper
Civil	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [X] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA
Administrative	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA
Criminal	[X] Paper archiving is still possible [] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way) [X] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one) [] NAP – electronic archives do not exist [] NA

Comments

3.5.3 Tools

CASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (CMS)

062-20. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA
riminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - CMS does not	() NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-21. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

Functionalities
runcuonanues

Civil	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[] Random allocation of cases
	[X] Case weighting
	[X] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[X] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Protected log files
	[] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA
	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
Administrative	[A] Centralised and/of interoperable
Administrative	CMS databases
Administrative	
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number)
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register,
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register)
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature [] Other special functionality, please
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature [] Other special functionality, please specify
Administrative	CMS databases [X] Active case management dashboard [] Random allocation of cases [] Case weighting [X] Identification of a case between instances (unique or linked id number) [] Electronic transfer of a case to another instance/court [] Anonymisation of decisions to be published [X] Interoperability with other systems (civil register, tax register, insolvency register) [X] Access to closed/resolved cases [X] Advanced search engine [X] Protected log files [X] Electronic signature [] Other special functionality, please

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", because of its importance please specify details.

062-22. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Criminal	[X] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[X] Active case management
	dashboard
	[] Random allocation of cases
	[X] Case weighting
	[X] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[X] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[X] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[] Interoperability with prosecution
	system
	[X] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[X] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Protected log files
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

WRITING ASSISTANCE TOOLS

062-23. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, what are their deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	(X)75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

Administrative	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	()0%	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%
	() NAP - writing assistance	() NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-24. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, please describe their functionalities:

	Functionalities
Civil	[X] Templates
	[X] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[] Speech-to-text
	[] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA
Administrative	[X] Templates
	[X] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[] Speech-to-text
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA

Criminal	[X] Templates
	[X] Automatically generated text
	[] Automatically suggested decision
	[] Speech-to-text
	[X] Electronic signature
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

RECORDING OF COURT HEARINGS

062-25. If a tool to record court hearings exists, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Administrative	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % (X) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	() 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 %

Comments We only record witness statements not the entire hearings.

062-26. If a tool to record court hearings exist, please specify its functionalities:

Functionalities

Civil	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Administrative	[] Audio recording
	[] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[X] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA
Criminal	[X] Audio recording
	[X] Video recording
	[] Systematic recording for all
	hearings
	[] Automatically indexed recording
	[] Automatic transcript from
	recording
	[X] Possibility to request a copy of the
	recording
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – there is no tool for
	recording hearings
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

DATABASE OF COURT DECISIONS

062-27. If there is a national database of court decisions, please provide the percentage of the decisions published at each instance.

	instance decisions	Percentage of Supreme court decisions published
--	--------------------	---

Civil	() 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	(X)75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Administrative	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %	() 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%	() 0 %
	(X) NAP - There is no	(X) NAP - There is no	(X) NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %	()0%	() 0 %
	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no	() NAP - There is no
	database for these	database for these	database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

Comments

062-28. If there is a national database of court decisions, please specify the modalities in publishing these decisions:

	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme court
Civil	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

Administrative	[] Published online	[] Published online	[] Published online
Administrative		(public website)	(public website)
		*	_ ·
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[X] NAP– There is	[X] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
Criminal	[X] Published online	[X] Published online	[X] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[] Published in an	[] Published in an	[] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[] Other, please	[] Other, please	[] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is	[] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

https://www.haestirettur.is/domar/

https://www.landsrettur.is/domar-og-urskurdir/

https://www.heradsdomstolar.is/heradsdomstolar/reykjavik/domar/

https://endurupptokudomur.is/urskurdir/

062-29. If there is a database of court decisions at national level, what are the functionalities of this database?

	Functionalities
Civil	[] Automatic anonymisation
	[X] Manual anonymisation
	[X] Free public online access
	[] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[] Open data
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[X] Machine-readable content
	[X] Structured content
	[X] Metadata
	[] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[] NA

⁻ If you have selected the option "Other" because the court decisions are published online in some other way then the presented modalities, please describe. There is also a private company that has a database of all published judgements. Each court has their own publicly available database of their court decisions, so there are 11 sites. The links to biggest courts are:

Administrative	[] Automatic anonymisation [] Manual anonymisation [] Free public online access [] Link to the case law of the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) [] Open data [] Advanced search engine [] Machine-readable content [] Structured content [] Metadata
	[] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI) [] Other special functionality, please specify [X] NAP – There is no database for these decisions [] NA
Criminal	[] Automatic anonymisation [X] Manual anonymisation [X] Free public online access [] Link to the case law of the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) [] Open data [X] Advanced search engine [X] Machine-readable content [X] Structured content [X] Metadata
	[] European Case Law Identifier (ECLI) [] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – There is no database for these decisions [] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

STATISTICAL TOOLS

062-30. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, what is their deployment rate?

	Deployment rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 %
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[] NA

Administrative	(X)95-100%
Administrative	
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	() 0 %
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[] NA
Criminal	(X)95-100%
	() 75-95 %
	() 50-75 %
	() 25-50 %
	() 1-25 %
	()0%
	I I
	() NAP - there are no statistical tools

Comments We use the CMS to generate statistics so it is fully deployed but we are working on improving how statistics are generated and presented.

062-31. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, please describe their functionalities and the data available for statistical analysis:

	Functionalities	Data available for statistical analysis
Civil	[X] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[X] Age of a pending case
	[X] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[] Number of hearings
	[X] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[] Case weights
	[] Internal page and/or	[] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[] External page with	[] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[X] Result of the appeal
	[X] Real-time data	[] NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[] Automatic	[] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[] NA	

Administrative	[X] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[X] Age of a pending case
	[X] Generation of	[X] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[] Number of hearings
	[X] Generation of	[X] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[] Case weights
	[] Internal page and/or	[] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[] External page with	[] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[X] Result of the appeal
	[X] Real-time data	NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[] Automatic	[] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[] NA	
Criminal	[X] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
Criminal	[X] Integration/connection with the CMS	[X] Case flow data
Criminal	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website)	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [] Automatic	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special functionality, please specify	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special functionality, please specify [] NAP – there are no	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS [] Business intelligence software [X] Generation of predefined statistical reports [X] Generation of customised statistical reports [] Internal page and/or dashboard [] External page with statistics (public website) [X] Real-time data availability [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level [] Other special functionality, please specify	(number of incoming, resolved, pending) [X] Age of a pending case [X] Length of proceedings [] Number of hearings [X] Cases per judge [] Case weights [] Number of parties in a case [] Indicator of appeal [X] Result of the appeal [] NAP- there are no statistical tools

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details

OTHER TOOLS

062-32. Is there any application for online court-related dispute resolution?

() Yes

(X) No

062-33. If yes, is there a maximum value over which online court-related dispute resolution
cannot be organised?
() Yes, please specify the maximum value
() No
Comments
062-34. If yes, can the online court-related dispute resolution be used in the following areas?
[] Small claim litigation
[] Undisputed claim
[] Payment order
[] Misdemeanour criminal cases
[] Enforcement of civil cases
[] Other, please specify
Comment: Please describe the existing online procedures:
062-35. Is there a computerised national record centralising all criminal convictions?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
062-36. If yes, please specify the following information:
[] The computerised record includes biometric data (ex. fingerprint data, picture)
[] The computerised record is linked to other European records of the same nature (ex. ECRIS)
[X] The content is directly available through computerised means for judges and/or prosecutors (ex. interoperability with the CMS)
[] The content is directly available for purposes other than criminal (ex. civil and administrative matters)
[] The record contains conviction information on third-country nationals and stateless persons
Comments The courts do not have access to this. The Director of Public Prosecutions keeps criminal records for all Iceland, where the outcomes of criminal cases are recorded.
062-37. Is there a Document Management System (DMS) in the registry of courts?
(X) Yes
() No
Comment: If yes, please provide details on the purposes and usage of this system. We use our CMS for this purpose.
062-38. In addition to the tools listed in the ICT section of this questionnaire does your judicial
system use other innovative ICT tools?
() Yes
(X) No

Comment: If yes, please list and o	describe these ICT tools.
------------------------------------	---------------------------

3.6.Performance and evaluation

3.6.1 National policies applied in courts and public prosecution services

066. Are quality standards determined for the judicial system at national level (are there qualit
systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies)?

(X) Yes
() No

Comments - If yes, please specify: The Judicial Administration publishes statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and the Judiciary, See Annual report for 2022: https://www.domstolasyslan.is/library/Files/Domstolar-arsskyrsla-2022.pdf
We have policies and goals for case processing time and use statistical methods to equal work load at the district level. The court system also publishes a five year strategy for the courts. There is of course qualification requirements for judges by law.

067. Do you have specialised personnel entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards?

	Yes / No
within the courts	() Yes (X) No
within the public prosecution services	() Yes (X) No

Comments

3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services

070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (performance and quality) concerning:

[X] number of incoming cases

[X] length of proceedings (timeframes)

[X] number of resolved cases

[X] number of pending cases

[X] backlogs

[X] productivity of judges and court staff

[X] satisfaction of court staff

[X] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)

[] costs of the judicial procedures

[X] number of appeals

[X] appeal ratio

[X] clearance rate

[] disposition time

[] other (please specify):

Comments

concerning:		
[X] number of incoming cases		
[] length of proceedings (timeframes)		
[X] number of resolved cases		
[X] number of pending cases		
[X] backlogs		
[X] productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		
[X] satisfaction of prosecution staff		
[X] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delive	ered by the by the public prosecution)	
[] costs of the judicial procedures		
[] clearance rate		
[] disposition time		
[X] percentage of convictions and acquittals		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
O71. Do you monitor the number of pend reasonable timeframe (backlogs) for: [X] civil law cases [X] criminal law cases [administrative law cases Comments We do not have a special administrative court O72. Do you monitor waiting time during	or administrative case type.	t processed within a
	Yes (If yes, please specify)	No
within the courts	(X)	()
within the public prosecution services	()	(X)
Comments By waiting time we for example measure and until it is assigned to a judge.	monitor how long a civil case is waiting w	ithout action from the time it comes in
073. Do you have a system to evaluate re	egularly court performance base	ed on the monitored
indicators of question 70?		
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
073-0. If yes, please specify the frequ	ency:	

070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality)

[] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
=
079. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the courts (multiple replies possible)
[] High Judicial Council
[] Ministry of Justice
[] Inspection authority
[] Supreme Court
[] External audit body
[X] Other (please specify):
Comments The Judicial Administration
079-1. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the public prosecution services
(multiple replies possible)?
[] Public Prosecutorial Council
[] Ministry of Justice
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[] External audit body
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
3.6.3Information regarding courts /public prosecution services activity
080. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the
functioning of the courts?
(X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution): The Judical Administration
() No
Comments
080-1. Are the statistics on the functioning of each court published?
(X) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)https://www.domstolasyslan.is/domstolasyslan/um-domstolasysluna/arsskyrslur/
() No, only internally (on an intranet website)
() No
Comments
=
080-2. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding

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[] Internet	
[] Intranet (internal) website	
[] Paper distribution	
Comments	
081-5. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which	ch the report is released:
() Annual	•
() Less frequent	
() More frequent	
Comments	
3.6.4 Performance and evaluation of judges and pub	olic prosecutors
083. Are there quantitative performance targets defined	d for each judge (e.g. the number of
resolved cases in a month or year)?	
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	
083-1. Who is responsible for setting these targets for e	each judge?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[] Legislative power	
[] Judicial power (for example the High Judicial Council, Supreme Coun	rt)
[X] President of the court	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
083-1-1. What are the consequences for a judge if these	e targets are not met?
	Consequences:
Without disciplinary procedure	[X] Warning by court's president [] Temporary salary reduction [] Reflected in the individual assessment [] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by court's president [] Temporary salary reduction

081-4. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:

[] Reflected in the individual

[] Other, please specify: [Comment]

	ı
-	[] No consequences
-	[] NAP (no targets defined)
Comments	
114. Is there a system of individual evaluation	on of the judges' work?
	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work
Quantitative	(X) Yes () No
Qualitative	() Yes (X) No
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment purposes for which the results of the assessment are used:	is based, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the
114-1. Please specify the frequency of this ev	valuation:
(X) Annual	
() Less frequent	
() More frequent	
() Different frequencies used, please specify:	
=	
083-2. Are there quantitative performance ta	rgets defined for each public prosecutor (e.g. the
number of decisions in a month or year)?	
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments	
083-3. Who is responsible for setting these ta	argets for each public prosecutor?
[] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[] Public Prosecutorial Council	
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superi	or public prosecutor
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
083-3-1. What are the consequences for a pro-	osecutor if these targets are not met?
	Consequences:
	1

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Without disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by head of prosecution
	[] Temporary salary reduction [] Reflected in the individual
	assessment
	[] Other, please specify: [Comment]
With disciplinary procedure	[] Warning by head of prosecution
	[] Temporary salary reduction
	[] Reflected in the individual assessment
	[] Other, please specify: [Comment]
	[X]NAP
No consequences	[] No consequences
Comments	
120. Is there a system of individual evaluation of	the public prosecutors' work?
	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of thepublic prosecutors' work
Quantitative	() Yes
Quantituri	(X)No
Qualitative	() Yes
	(X) No
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is based our poses for which the results of the assessment are used:	
120-1. Please specify the frequency of this evaluation	ation:
() Annual	
() Less frequent	
() More frequent	
() Different frequencies used, please specify:	
[X] NAP	
Comments	
C4. Please indicate the sources for answering the	questions in this part
Sources: The office of the Public Prosecution	
Fair trial	
1.Principles	
	

4.1.1Principles of fair trial

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084. Percentage of first instance criminal in absentia judgmen	ts (cases in which the suspect is not
attending the hearing in person nor is represented by a lawyer)?
[
Comments - Please add methodology for calculation used.	
085. Is there a procedure to effectively challenge a judge (recu	usal), if a party considers that the
judge is not impartial?	,, _ o r ,
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments - Please could you briefly specify:	
085-1. If yes, what are:	
	_
The total number of the initiated procedures in the reference year	[X] NA [] NAP
The total number of recusals pronounced in the reference year	[X]NA
Comment - Please, could you briefly specify: The judge himself issues a ruling on a parvoluntarily resigns. The ruling is appealable to a higher court.	1. 2
086. Is there in your country a monitoring system for the viola	ations related to Article 6 of the
European Convention on Human Rights?	
[] For civil procedures (non-enforcement)	
[] For civil procedures (timeframe)	
[] For criminal procedures (timeframe) [X]NAP	
Comments - Please specify what are the terms and conditions of this monitoring system by ECHR at the State/courts level; implementation of internal systems to prevent other measure an evolution of the established violations):	_
086-1. Is there in your country a possibility to review/reopen a	a case after a finding of a violation o
the European Convention on Human Rights by the European	•
[X] For civil cases	-
[X] For criminal cases	
[] For administrative cases	
Comments The person in question can apply for a reopening of a case before a special Several cases have been reopened after a finding of a violation of the European Conve	

Agreement on general arrangements

D1. Please indicate the sources for answering	the questions ir	this part
Sources: Sources: The Judicial Administration		
4.2.Timeframe of proceedings		
4.2.1 General information		
087. Are there specific procedures for urgent	matters regardir	ıg:
[X] civil cases		
[X] criminal cases		
[] administrative cases		
[] There is no specific procedure for urgent matters		
Comments - If yes, please specify: In civil cases you can petition geneerally they are supposed to be put on schedule as soon as possible to be put on schedule as possible to be put on		ask for expedited case handling. In criminal cases
088. Are there simplified procedures for:		
[] civil cases (small disputes)		
[X] criminal cases (misdemeanour cases)		
[] administrative cases		
[] There is no simplified procedure		
Comments - If yes, please specify: We are using the Justice port	al for a specific type of	of criminal cases that simplified.
088-1. For these simplified procedures, may j	udges deliver ar	n oral judgement with a written order
and without the full reasoning of the judgeme	nt ?	
[X] civil cases		
[X] criminal cases		
[] administrative cases		
Comments - If yes, please specify: In civil cases if the party or p without a full judgement. In smaller criminal cases if the prosec that it is appropriate he can close the case with a written agreem	ution offers penalties	5 5
089. Do courts and lawyers have the possibili	ty to conclude a	greements on arrangements for
processing cases (presentation of files, decision	ons on timefram	es for lawyers to submit their
conclusions etc.)?		
	Yes	No

(X)

()

A greement in chacitic codes	(X)	()
------------------------------	-----	-----

Comments

4.2.2 Case flow management – first instance

091. First instance courts: number of other than criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of other than criminal law	1 589	6 891	6 448	2 032	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	1 589	6 891	6 448	2 032	
litigious cases (including litigious	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
enforcement cases and if possible	[] IVAI		[] IVAI	[] IVAI	[] IVAI
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[]NAP
2.1. General civil (and					
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[] NAP
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
(2.2.1 (2.2.2 (2.2.3)	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry					
cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[] NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business	F 1244		5 13Y4	F 7.214	EWIN.
registry cases	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
222 04		[va] r tran	[**] 1.17.77	[12]11111	[] TATA
2.2.3. Other registry cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
2.5. Outer non-mugious cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[] NAP

3. Administrative law cases					
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[X] NAP	[] NAP			
4. Other cases					
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[X] NAP	[] NAP			

Comments Number of cases have decreased

The total number and section 1 refers to all other than criminal cases.

092. If courts deal with "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases", please indicate the case categories included:

. NAP			

093. Please indicate the case categories included in the category "other cases":

. NAP			
''''			

094. First instance courts: number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of criminal law cases	651	3 587	3 586	652	
(1+2+3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
(1+2+3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Cilimiai cases	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify Criminal cases refers to all cases from the police and district prosecutors (including fines and investigative measure cases).

4.2.3 Case flow management - second instance

097. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of "other than criminal law" cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of other than criminal law	286	473	490	269	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[X]NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	286	473	490	269	[X] NA
litigious cases (including litigious	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
enforcement cases and if possible					
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases					
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
0.1 (0	[2]1701	[25]11/11	[A]MAI	[A]IM	[22]1771
2.1. General civil (and	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
e.g. uncontested payment orders,					
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(,	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry		5 3374	5 3374	5 7 7 7 7	
cases	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
222 Non litiniana luninana	,	£ 4		£ - 1	
2.2.2 Non-litigious business	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
registry cases	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.3. Other registry cases					
<i>J. J</i>	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
	[2]1101	[25]14711	[A] MAI	[A]IM	[25]1771
3. Administrative law cases	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
4. Other cases					
1. Outor outob	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments - If "Other cases" please specify

098. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of criminal law cases	94	367	364	97	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
(1+2+3)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
CITITITUT CUSCS	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify:

4.2.4 Case flow management – Supreme Court

0

099. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of "other than criminal law" cases:

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of other than criminal law	14	43	43	14	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
Cases (1+2+3+4)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	14	43	43	14	
litigious cases (including litigious	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
enforcement cases and if possible					
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases					
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
(2.1 2.2 2.3)	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

		1	1	1	
2.1. General civil (and					
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[] NA [X] NAP				
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[A] NAP	[A]NAP	[A]NAP	[A] NAP	[A]NAP
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
· -					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[] NA				
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[X] NAP				
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry					
cases	[] NA				
Cases	[X] NAP				
2.2.2 Non-litigious business					
registry cases	[] NA				
registry cases	[X] NAP				
2.2.3. Other registry cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
3. Administrative law cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				
4. Other cases					
	[] NA				
	[X] NAP				

Comments - If "Other cases", please specify Number of cases have incresed at highest instance

099-1. At the level of the Highest court (Supreme Court), is there a procedure of manifest inadmissibility?

() Yes, please indicate the number of cases closed by this procedure:	
(X) No	

Comments Manifest inadmissibility is construded by us as dismissed ex officio.

100. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases		Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of criminal law cases	7	16	18	5	
(1+2+3)	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

1. Severe criminal cases					
1. Severe eriminar cases	[X] NA				
	[] NAP				
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[X] NA [] NAP				
3. Other criminal cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[X] NA [] NAP				

Comment - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify Number of cases have incressed at highest instance

4.2.5 Case flow management and timeframes - specific cases

101. Number of specific litigious cases received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Litigious divorce cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Employment dismissal cases					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Insolvency		1 680	1 141	616	
	[X] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Robbery case					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Intentional homicide	1	2	1	2	
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments

101-0. Number of cases relating to asylum seekers and to the right of entry and stay for aliens.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases for more than 2 years
Court cases relating to asylum					
seekers (refugee status under the	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
1951 Geneva Convention)	[] 1 1 1 1	[] 1 1 1 1	[] 1 1 1 1		[] 1 11 11
Court cases relating to the right					
of entry and stay for aliens	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP

Comments

101-1. Could you briefly describe the system in your country dealing with legal remedies relating to asylum seekers (refugee status under the 1951 Geneva Convention) and the right of entry and stay for aliens:

. Everybody is allowed to apply for international protection in Iceland at the Directorate of Immigration. Refusals can be appealed to the Immigration and Asylum Appeals Board, which has a suspensive effect. Affirmed cases by the Board can be brought to the Icelandic courts and this appeal does not have a suspensive effect. The Board may rule on their own appeals regarding both requests to reopen a case as well as requests to suspend the implementation of the Directorate's decisions and decisions taken by the Board.

101-2. Number of cases relating to child sexual abuse and child pornography received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Child sexual abuse					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Child pornography					
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - Please explain what are the legal definitions of these categories of offences in your system: Law number 19/1940: Child sexual abuse: Art. 202. gr.: Any person who has sexual intercourse or other sexual relations with a child under the age of 15 years, shall be imprisoned for a minimum of 1 year and a maximum of 16 years. Punishment may be reduced or waived if the perpetrator and the victim are of similar age or level of maturity.

Sexual harassment of a type other than that specified in the first paragraph of this article shall be punishable by imprisonment of up to 6 years.

Any person who, by deception, gifts or in any other way entices a child under the age of 18 years to engage in sexual intercourse or other sexual relations shall be imprisoned for up to 4 years.

Any person who, by communications over the Internet, other information technology or telecommunications equipment or in another manner arranges a meeting with a child under the age of 15 year for the purpose of having sexual intercourse or other sexual relations with the child or to harass the child sexually in another manner shall be imprisoned for up to 2 years.

If the connection between the perpetrator and the child is as described in the first paragraph of Article 200 or the first paragraph of Article 201, this shall be accounted as an aggravating factor in determining punishment, providing that the second sentence of paragraph 1 of this Article does not apply.

Child pornography

Art. 210: If pornography appears in print, the person responsible for its publication under the Printing Act shall be subjected to a fine or to up to 6 months' imprisonment.

The same punishment shall apply to producing, or importing pornographic publications, pornographic films or other such items in order to disseminate, sell, distribute or publicise them in other ways, or to have them on view to the public, and also to organise a public lecture or performance that is immoral in the same manner. Where such material shows children in a sexually explicit or pornographic manner, however, the punishment may be up to 2 years' imprisonment. Furthermore, the same punishment shall apply to handing over pornographic publications, pornographic films or other such items to young persons under the age of 18 years.

102. Percentage of decisions subject to appeal, average length of proceedings and percentage of

cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances for specific litigious cases. The average length of proceedings has to be calculated from the date the application for judicial review is lodged to the date the judgment is made, without taking into account the investigation phase in criminal cases as well as enforcement procedure.

	% of decisions subject to appeal	Average length in 1st instance (in days)	Average length in 2nd instance (in days)	Average length in 3rd instance (in days)	Average length of the entire procedure (in days)	% of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances
Civil and commercial						
litigious cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2			
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Litigious divorce cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X]NA	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Employment dismissal cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Insolvency cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X]NA	[X] NA	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Robbery cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA	[X] NA	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP
Intentional homicide cases	Allow decimals : 2	[X] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X] NA [] NAP	Allow decimals : 2
	[X] NA [] NAP					[X] NA [] NAP

Comments We calculate average length of proceedings based on case type f.ex. criminal cases and civil cases but not for specific type of criminal case.

104. How is the length of proceedings calculated for the six case categories of question 102? Please give a description of the calculation method.

. The average number of days from the day the case is submitted until the day the case is resolved.

4.2.6 Case flow management – public prosecution

possible): [X] to conduct or supervise investigation [X] when necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge [X] to charge [X] to present the case in court [X] to propose a sentence to the judge [X] to appeal [] to supervise the enforcement procedure [X] to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge (ensure consistency with question 36!) [X] to end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision [] other significant powers (please specify): Comments 106. Does the public prosecutor also have a role in:

105. Role and powers of the public prosecutor in the criminal procedure (multiple replies

-	ъ.		
		C1V1	cases
		CIVII	Cuscs

[] administrative cases

[] insolvency cases

Comments - If yes, please specify:

107. Public prosecutors: Total number of 1st instance criminal cases.

Number of cases
[X] NA
[] NAP
[X] NA
[]NAP
[X] NA
[] NAP
[X] NA
[] NAP
[X] NA
[]NAP
LYINA
[X]NA

[X] NA
[] NAP
[X] NA
[]NAP
[X] NA
[]NAP
[X] NA
[] NAP
[X] NA
[]NAP

Comments

107-1. If the guilty plea procedure exists, how many cases were concluded by this procedure?

	Total	Severe criminal cases	Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases
Total number of guilty plea procedures			
	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[] NAP
Before the main trial			
	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[X] NAP	[] NAP
During the main trial			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments

109. Do the figures provided in Q107 include traffic offence case	109.)9 . '	Do	the	figures	provided	in (0107	include	traffic	offence	case
---	------	---------------	----	-----	---------	----------	------	------	---------	---------	---------	------

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

D2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: public prosecutors of	ffice		

5. Career of judges and public prosecutors

5.1.Recruitment and promotion

5.1.1Recruitment and promotion of judges

	n)		
[] through a recruitment procedure for experienc	ed legal profession	dls (for example experienced lawyers)	
[X] other (please specify):Public call.			
Comments			
10-1. Please briefly describe the recr	uitment proce	dure(s) for judges in your cou	ntry:
. There is a public call for applications when a percruitment of judges. This committee gives the Mapplicant/applicants are the most qualified. The openishes to appoint a different candidate than the composition appointment to Parliament which votes on the applicant.	Minister of Justice a pinion of the common pinion of the common pinion of the comment of the pinion of the pinion of the pinion of the comment of the pinion of the comment of the pinion of the pinion of the pinion of the comment of the pinion of the pinio	reasoned opinion on the qualifications of ittee is generally binding upon the Ministe	applicants and which er. If the Minister
District court judges are appointed by the Ministe appointed by the President of Iceland based on a r			ges are formally
10-2. What are the recruitment require	rements for ju	dges (multiple replies possible	e)?
[X] Nationality			
[X] Physical/Psychological capacity			
[X] General studies in law			
[X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)			
[X] Number of years of relevant experience			
[] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts			
[] Validation of a general state examination in la	.W		
	S		
[] Validation of a specific examination for judge			
[] Validation of a specific examination for judge [X] Clean criminal record			
[X] Clean criminal record			
[X] Clean criminal record [] Foreign languages			
[X] Clean criminal record[] Foreign languages[X] Personal requirements (related to integrity)			
[X] Clean criminal record[] Foreign languages[X] Personal requirements (related to integrity)[] Other	no age requiremen	es for the judges at first instance (District)	Courts).
 [X] Clean criminal record [] Foreign languages [X] Personal requirements (related to integrity) [] Other [] NAP 			
[X] Clean criminal record [] Foreign languages [X] Personal requirements (related to integrity) [] Other [] NAP Comments - If "other", please specify: Note there are	nts, please ind	icate the number of applicants	

Number of applicants	15	11	4
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
Number of recruited persons	4	4	0
	[]NA	[]NA	[] NA

Comments
110-4. If the number of applicants decreased in the last years did you take any remedial measures?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
110-5. If yes, please specify what remedies you implemented:
[] Increase of salary
[] Other financial incentives
[] Improving working conditions
[] Workload reduction at the beginning of career
[] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new judges
[] Other
Comments: If "other", please, specify:
● =
111. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - are judges initially/at the beginning of their career
recruited and nominated by:
[] An authority made up of judges only
[] An authority made up of non-judges only
[X] An authority/authorities made up of judges and non-judges
[] Other
Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of judges. If

If there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: A special committee evaluates applicants and makes a reasoned opinion to the Minister of Justice who appoints judges.

111-1. How many members compose this authority?

	Total	Males	Females
Members	5	2	3
	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP	[] NA [] NAP

Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members: The committee is formally appointed by the Minister of Justice. However, members are nominated by the Supreme Court, the Court of Appeals, the Judicial Administration, the Lawyers Association and Parliament. These nominations are binding upon the Minister. The Committee is furthermore independent of the Minister of Justice and is serviced by the Judicial Administration.

111-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment?

(X)No			
Comments – Please specify the procedure to land appeal process at the administrative level.	=		
112. Is the same authority (Q111) competent for the	e promotion of judg	ges?
() Yes			•
(X)No			
Comments - No, please specify which authorized acant positions are advertised publicly.	ty is competent for promo	ting judges There is no syst	tem in place for promoting judges.
113. What is the procedure for the	ne promotion of jud	lges? (multiple repl	ies possible)
[] Competitive test / Exam			•
[] Previous individual evaluations			
[] Other procedure(s) (interview or other)		
[X] No special procedure			
ow the publicity of promotion processes is e	nsured: See answer to Q11	ease indicate the nu	umber of applicants and t
now the publicity of promotion processes is e	nsured: See answer to Q11	ease indicate the nu	umber of applicants and t
13-0. In the frame of the promoton actually n	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, pleade during the reference.	ease indicate the nuerence year:	
Number of applicants	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, pl nade during the reference Total	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males	Females
ow the publicity of promotion processes is enterested. 13-0. In the frame of the promotions actually manufacture of promotions actually manufacture. Number of applicants	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, pl nade during the refe Total	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males	Females [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Number of promoted persons Comments NAP. See answer to Q112.	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, pl nade during the refe Total [X] NA	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Number of promoted persons Comments NAP. See answer to Q112.	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, pl nade during the refe Total [X] NA	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA [X]NA
ow the publicity of promotion processes is each 13-0. In the frame of the promotumber of promotions actually number of applicants Number of promoted persons Comments NAP. See answer to Q112. 13-1. Please indicate the criterians.	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Comments NAP. See answer to Q112. 13-1. Please indicate the criteric [] Years of experience	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Comments NAP. See answer to Q112. 13-1. Please indicate the criteric [] Years of experience [] Professional skills (and/or qualitative promoted persons [] Professional skills (and/or qualitative persons [] Professional skills (a	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the promote performance)	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA [X]NA
Number of promoted persons Comments NAP. See answer to Q112. 13-1. Please indicate the criteric [] Years of experience [] Professional skills (and/or qualitative [] Performance (quantitative)	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the promote performance)	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA [X]NA
Number of promotion processes is enabled and the promotions actually in the promotions actually in the promotions actually in the promotions actually in the promoted persons Comments NAP. See answer to Q112. 13-1. Please indicate the criterian [1] Years of experience [1] Professional skills (and/or qualitative professional skills (and/or qualitative) [1] Performance (quantitative) [1] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputations)	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the promote performance)	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA	Females [X]NA [X]NA
[] Professional skills (and/or qualitative) [] Performance (quantitative) [] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, repute [X] Other	nsured: See answer to Q11 otion procedures, planade during the reference Total [X]NA [X]NA a used for the promote performance)	ease indicate the nuerence year: Males [X]NA [X]NA aotion of a judge? (1	Females [X]NA [X]NA multiple replies possible)

115. What is the status of public prosecution services?

[X] Has an independent status as a separate entity among state institutions
[] Is part of the executive power but enjoys functional independence (please briefly explain how and to what extent)
[] Is part of the executive power (without functional independence)
[] Is part of the judicial power but enjoys functional independence (please briefly explain how and to what extent)
[] Is part of the judicial power (without functional independence)
[] Is a mixed model (please explain)
[] Has other status (please explain)
Comments - When appropriate, please specify the objective guarantees of this independence (such as funding) and where they are enshrined (Constitution, legislation etc.). Furthermore, if "mixed model" or "other", please specify. The Director of Public Prosecutions is the highest holder of prosecutorial powers in the country, according to Art. 20 of Act 88/2008 on criminal procedure. Art. 18 of the Act provides that prosecutors do not follow orders or directions from other authorities regarding prosecutorial powers unless legal provisions provide for such. Art. 21 provides that the public prosecutor sets general rules and instructions about the treatment of prosecutorial powers and supervises the practice of prosecutorial powers in the country. Art. 21 provides that the public prosecutor can give binding instructions to other prosecutors in particular cases. The director of public prosecutions can order the start of investigations, instruct on how it shall be executed and supervise it. The director of public prosecutions can revise the police commissioner's decision to drop a case on his own accord or after receiving a complaint by a party connected to the case. After receiving a complaint the director of public prosecutions can revise the police commissioner's decision to drop a case as it is not likely to suffice for a conviction, and the director of public prosecutions can revise the police commissioner's decisions to dismiss a case or stop investigating in an ongoing investigation. Art 19 of Act 88/2008 provides that the minister supervises the execution of prosecutorial powers and can request that the director of public prosecutions submits documents and report on particular cases. However, the ministry does not have the powers to initiate an independent criminal investigation and it does not have the power to revise the decisions of the director of public prosecutions or prosecutors, as such powers would go against the principle of the independence of the director of public prosecutions as he highest holde
115-1. Are specific instructions addressed to a public prosecutor to prosecute or not prohibited by
law or other regulation?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
115-2. If they are prohibited by law or other regulation, are there exceptions?
() Yes
() No
[X]NAP
Comments - Please describe these exceptions:
115-3. Which authority can issue such specific instructions?
[X] General Prosecutor
[X] Higher prosecutor/Head of prosecution office
[] Executive power
[] Other
Comments - If "Other", please specify:

113-4. What form these instructions may take:
[X] Oral instruction
[] Oral instruction with written confirmation
[X] Written instruction
[] Other
[] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-5. In that case, are the instructions:
[] Issued seeking prior advice from the competent public prosecutor
[] Mandatory
[X] Reasoned
[] Recorded in the case file
[] Other
[] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-6. What is the frequency of this type of instructions:
(X) Exceptional
() Occasional
() Frequent
() Systematic
[] NAP
Comments
115-7. Can the public prosecutor oppose/report an instruction to an independent body?
() Yes
(X) No
[] NAP
Comments - If yes, please specify to which body/institution and please describe under which conditions.
116. How are public prosecutors recruited?
[] through a competitive exam (open competition)
[X] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)
[] other (please specify):
Comments
116-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for prosecutors in your country:

. Comments According to Act. on the Judiciary No. 15/1998, the Act on criminal procedure No. 88/2008 and The Government

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Employees Act. No. 70/1996, all prosecutor positions are advertised in the Legal Notice Journal (Lögbirtingablað) and/or newspapers
as open for applications. The general rule is that all vacancies are advertised. A few exceptions exist. Public Prosecutors are civil
servants and in The Government Employees Act, No. 70/1996, it is stipulated in Art. 36, that a government authority which has
appointed a person to a post can move that person from one post to another as long as both posts come under its authority. A
government authority which has appointed a person to a post can also agree that he be moved to another post under another
government authority, as long as that
government authority requests the transfer. If a person moves to another post according to which is lower paid than the earlier post, he
shall be entitled to receive the pay difference during the remainder of his appointment period. If the person does not agree to move to a
new post, he can be relieved from office with the pension he is entitled to by law, according to the Constitution. It is, therefore,
possible to move other civil servants into the office of prosecutor, but this has not been used for a long time without the position being
advertised and the evaluation of applications.

116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?

[] Age
[] Nationality
[] Physical/Psychological capacity
[]	X] General studies in law
[]	X] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[] Number of years of relevant experience
[] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[] Validation of a general state examination in law
[] Validation of a specific examination for prosecutors
[]	X] Clean criminal record
[] Foreign languages
[] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[] Other
[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

116-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of prosecutor and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X] NA
Number of recruited persons	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X] NA

Comments

116-4. If the number of applicants decreased in the last years did you take any remedial measures?

Comments
116-5. If yes, please specify what remedies you implemented:
[] Increase of salary
[] Other financial incentives
[] Improving working conditions
[] Workload reduction at the beginning of career
[] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new prosecutors
[] Other
Comments: If "other", please, specify:
117. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - Are public prosecutors initially/at the beginning
of their career recruited by:
[] An authority composed of public prosecutors only
[] An authority composed of non-public prosecutors only
[] An authority composed of public prosecutors and non-public prosecutors
[X] Other
Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of public

Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of public prosecutors. If there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: Prosecutors are formally appointed by the Minister of Justice. However, in case of higher offices an independent ad hoc committee is set up to evaluate applications and make recommendations to the Minister. In case of other prosecutors, the Director of Public Prosecutions or the District Prosecutor evaluates applications and makes recommendations to the Minister: According to the Act on criminal procedure nr. 88/2008 the director of public prosecution shall be appointed for life by the Minister of the Interior and shall fulfil the legal requirements for appointments of judges to the Supreme Court. The director of public prosecutions shall also enjoy the same legal status as Supreme Court judges, as far as possible. A deputy director of public prosecution is appointed by the minister for life assists the director of public prosecutions. Also assisting are public prosecutors who are appointed by the minister for a five-year term. The deputy director of public prosecutions shall fulfil the same legal requirements as for the appointments of district court judges. The director of public prosecutions employs other staff, among them being prosecution officers who have completed legal studies (bachelor's and master's degrees in law). When the position of director of public prosecutions or deputy director of public prosections is available the position is advertised. When the application deadline expires the procedure for appointment begins. (the procedure has been such for appointing a director and deputy director of public prosecutions in 2011 that an independent ad hoc committee has been appointed to evaluate the applications and evaluate the qualifications of the applicants. When appointing prosecutors, the applications have been forwarded to the director of public prosecutions for treatment which is then evaluated by the ministry)

117-1. How many members compose this authority?

() Yes

(X) No

	Total	Male	Female
Members			
	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members:

117-2. May non-selected candidates appeal against the decision on recruitment/appointment?

(X) No			
Comments – Please specify the procedure to be	followed, the competent	authority, the moment for	exercising the right of appeal:
118. Is the same authority (Q.117)	competent for th	e promotion of pub	olic prosecutors?
() Yes			
(X) No, please specify which authority is con	mpetent for promoting p	public prosecutors	
Comments			
119. What is the procedure for the	promotion of pro	osecutors? (multiple	e replies possible)
[] Competitive test / exam			
[] Previous individual evaluations			
[] Other procedure(s) (interview or other)			
[X] No special procedure			
119-1. In the frame of the promotion of promotions actually ma			
	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of applicants Number of promoted persons	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons			
Number of promoted persons Comments	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons Comments 119-2. Please indicate the criteria to	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons Comments	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons Comments 119-2. Please indicate the criteria to [X] Years of experience	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons Comments 119-2. Please indicate the criteria to [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative persons)	used for the prom	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons Comments 119-2. Please indicate the criteria to [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative per [X] Performance (quantitative)	used for the prom	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons Comments 119-2. Please indicate the criteria to [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative per [X] Performance (quantitative) [] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation)	used for the prom	[X] NA	[X] NA
Number of promoted persons Comments 119-2. Please indicate the criteria to [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative per [X] Performance (quantitative) [] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputational professional skills (and/or qualitative) [] Other [] No criteria	[X] NA used for the prom	otion of a prosecut	[X]NA
Number of promoted persons 119-2. Please indicate the criteria to [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative per [X] Performance (quantitative) [] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation of the performance) [] Other [] No criteria Comments - Please, specify any useful comments	[X] NA used for the promotion rformance) ion)	especially if you have chec	[X]NA
Number of promoted persons 119-2. Please indicate the criteria of [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative per [X] Performance (quantitative) [] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation of [I] No criteria Comments - Please, specify any useful comments - Please, specify any useful comments - Please, specify and retirement of [I] No criteria	[X] NA used for the promotion rformance) ion) t regarding the criteria (in judges and prose	especially if you have chececutors	eked the box "performance" or
Number of promoted persons 119-2. Please indicate the criteria of [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative per [X] Performance (quantitative) [] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation of [I] No criteria Comments - Please, specify any useful comments - Please,	[X] NA used for the promotion rformance) ion) t regarding the criteria (in judges and prose	especially if you have chececutors	eked the box "performance" or
Number of promoted persons 119-2. Please indicate the criteria of [X] Years of experience [X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative per [X] Performance (quantitative) [] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation of [I] No criteria Comments - Please, specify any useful comments - Please, specify any useful comments - Please, specify and retirement of [I] No criteria	used for the promotion) t regarding the criteria (single and prosection) e for an undeterm	especially if you have chececutors	eked the box "performance" or

121-1. Can a judge be transferred to another court without his/her consent:
[] For disciplinary reasons
[X] For organisational reasons
[] For other reasons (please specify modalities and safeguards):
[] No
Comments Supreme Court judges and judges to the Court of Appeal cannot be transferred. A district judge will not be transferred to a new place of work (a different District Court) against his will for a longer period of six months in every ten-year period if he/she cannot reasonably seek work there without relocation. However, this does not apply if a judge has to be transferred from his/her place of work due to a permanent reduction in the number of judges there.
122. Is there a probation period for judges (e.g. before being appointed "for life")? If yes, how
long is this period?
() Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):
(X) No
Comments
123. Are public prosecutors appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until
the official age of retirement)?
(X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:70
() No
Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:
124. Is there a probation period for public prosecutors? If yes, how long is this period?
() Yes, duration of the probation period (in years):
(X) No
Comments
125. If the mandate of judges is not for an undetermined period (see question 121), what is the length of the mandate (in years)?
[]
[] NA
Comments
125-1. Is it renewable?
() Yes
() No
[X] NAP
Comments

Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:

[] NA			
[X]NAP			
Comments			
126-1. Is it renewable?			
() Yes			
() No			
[X] NAP			
Comments			
E1. Please indicate the sources for ans	swering the ques	tions in this part	
Sources: Act on the Judiciary, No. 50/2016.			
Acto on criminal proceedings, No/88/2008.			
5.2.1Training of judges 127. Types of different trainings offer	red to judges:	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school,	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
traineeship in a court)	(X) No	() No	(X) No
General in-service training	() Yes	(X) Yes	/ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
			() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training for specialised judicial	() Yes	() No (X) Yes	(X) No () Yes
functions (e.g. judge for economic or		() No	(X) No
functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	() Yes	() No (X) Yes	(X) No () Yes
functions (e.g. judge for economic or	() Yes (X) No	() No (X) Yes () No	(X) No () Yes (X) No
functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues) In-service training for management functions	() Yes (X) No	() No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	(X) No () Yes (X) No
functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues) In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No	() No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	(X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No
functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues) In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president) In-service training for the use of computer	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes	() No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	(X) No () Yes
functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues) In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president) In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts In-service training on ethics	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No	() No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	(X) No () Yes (X) No
functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues) In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president) In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	() Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes (X) No () Yes	() No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	(X) No () Yes

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126. If the mandate of public prosecutors is not for an undetermined period (see question 123),

what is the length of the mandate (in years)?

In-service training on gender equality	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
Other in- service training	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes	() Yes (X) No

Comments

128. Frequency of the in-service training of judges:

	Frequency of the judges training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or administrative issues)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the continuous training of judges: The Judicial Administration organizes continuing education for judges and court staff. Last year, it held 8 seminars for judges and assistant judges, and 5 seminars for court staff. Judges and assistant judges could also attend the seminars for court staff.

128-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per judge:

	Per judge
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	
	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[]NA
Takida ayan da	[X]NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[] NA
	[X]NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	with numeric value anowed . 0
	[] NA [X] NAP
In convice compulsory trainings minimum number of days non year	[A]NAF
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[] NA
	[X]NAP

Comments The Judicial Administration organizes training for judges, especially new judges, although it is not compulsory.

5.2.2Training of prosecutors

129. Types of different trainings offered to public prosecutors:

	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training	(X) Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	(X) No	(X) No
General in-service training	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
In-service training for specialised functions	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
(e.g. public prosecutors specialised in	(X) No	() No	(X) No
organised crime)	() W	() \	(W) W
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () No
In-service training for the use of computer	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
facilities in office	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on ethics	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
In-service training on child-friendly justice	(X) No () Yes	() No (X) Yes	(X) No () Yes
	(X) No	() No	(X) No
In-service training on gender equality	() Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () No	() Yes (X) No
Other in- service training	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes
_	(X) No	(X) No	() No

Comments

130. Frequency of the in-service training of public prosecutors :

	Frequency of the in-service training
General in-service training	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutor specialised in organised crime)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	[] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [X] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in office	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[X] Regularly (for example every year) [] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[] Regularly (for example every year) [X] Occasional (as needed) [] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the in-service training of prosecutors:

130-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per prosecutor:

	Per prosecutor
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X] NA
	[] NAP

Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X]NA []NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X]NA []NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[X]NA []NAP

Comments

5.2.3 Training institutions

131. Do you have public training institutions for judges and / or prosecutors?

	Initial training only	Continuous training only	Initial and continuous training
Institution(s) for judges	[]	[]	[X]
Institution(s) for prosecutors	[]	[]	[X]
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	[]	[]	[]

Comments

131-0. If yes, what is the implemented budget of such institution(s)?

	Implemented budget of the institution for the reference year, in €
Institution(s) for judges	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
Institution(s) for prosecutors	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	
	[] NA
	[X] NAP

Comments Judges have compulsory training according to the Act on the Judiciary.

131-1. If judges and/or prosecutors have no compulsory initial training in such institutions, please indicate briefly how judges and/or prosecutors are trained?

. Judges have access to training and development as needed throughout the year.	

5.2.4 Number of trainings

131-2. Number of in-service trainings available and delivered (in days) by the public institution(s) responsible for training.

	Number of different live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings available	Number of live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings delivered	Number of days of delivered live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of internet-based trainings available on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total	30	30		
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For judges	10	10		
	[] NA	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For prosecutors	10			
•	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For non-judge staff	10			10
	[] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
For non-prosecutor staff				
•	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP

Comments The training courses for judges include teachers and judges from the Supreme Court of Iceland, from the Court of Appeal and from District Courts of Iceland.

131-3. Number of participants in the trainings during the reference year.

	Number of participants in live (in-person, hybrid, videoconference) training	internet-based trainings
Total	150	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP
Judges	125	
Judges	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Prosecutors		
Tosecutors	[X] NA	[X]NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-judge staff	25	10
Trong summer	[] NA	[] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
Non-prosecutor staff		
Proceedings and Processing	[X] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP

Comments

E2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Annual report of the Judical Administration and attendance lists.
Public prosecutors office

5.3. Practice of the profession

5.3.1Salaries and benefits of judges and prosecutors

132. Salaries of judges and public prosecutors on 31 December of the reference year:

	Gross annual salary, in €	Net annual salary, in €	Gross annual salary, in local currency	Net annual salary, in local currency
First instance professional judge at the	137 346		20 808 000	
beginning of his/her career	[] NA	[X]NA	[] NA	[X]NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Judge of the Supreme Court or the	178 516		27 045 168	
Highest Appellate Court (please	[] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
indicate the highest salary of a judge at	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
this level, excluding the salary of the				
Court President)				
Public prosecutor at the beginning of	77 420		12 000 000	
his/her career	[] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
ms, not career	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
Public prosecutor of the Supreme	132 000		19 800 000	
Court or the Highest Appellate	[] NA	[X] NA	[] NA	[X] NA
Instance (please indicate the highest	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
salary of a public prosecutor at this				
level, excluding the salary of the				
Attorney General).				

Comment – Please describe briefly how the salaries are determined during the career of a judge/prosecutor:

133. Do judges and public prosecutors have additional benefits?

	Judges	Public prosecutors
Reduced taxation	() Yes	() Yes
Special pension	(X) No	(X) No
Special polision	() No	(X) No
Housing	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Other financial benefit	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No

Comments

	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Research and publication	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Arbitrator	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Consultant	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Cultural function	(X)Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Political function	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Mediator	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Other function	() V	
Caner Hinchon	I () Yes	() Yes
omments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au	() Yes (X) No athorisation needed to perform these activities)	() Yes (X) No , please specify. If "other function
omments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au	(X) No uthorisation needed to perform these activities)	(X) No , please specify. If "other function
omments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combined as a second company of the comp	(X) No Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) In a their work with any of the following the following with remuneration (X) Yes	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes
comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combination. Teaching	(X) No Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) In their work with any of the following the following with remuneration (X) Yes () No	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes () No
comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combination. Teaching	(X) No inthorisation needed to perform these activities) ine their work with any of the following the following with remuneration (X) Yes (No (X) Yes	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes (No (X) Yes
comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combination. Teaching	(X) No Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) In their work with any of the following the following with remuneration (X) Yes () No	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes () No
comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combinate of the company	(X) No Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) Interpolation needed to perform these activities) Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) With any of the following the followi	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes
comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combination Teaching Research and publication Arbitrator	(X) No Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) Interpretation with any of the following the following with remuneration (X) Yes (No) (X) Yes (No) No	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No
comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combinate of the company	(X) No Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) Interpretation with any of the following with remuneration (X) Yes () No	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes
omments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combinately and public prosecutors. Teaching Research and publication Arbitrator	(X) No Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) Interpretation with any of the following with remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No
omments - If rules exist in your country (e.g. au pecify. 37. Can public prosecutors combinately and public prosecutors. Teaching Research and publication Arbitrator	(X) No Inthorisation needed to perform these activities) Interpretation with any of the following with remuneration (X) Yes () No	(X) No , please specify. If "other function owing functions/activitie Without remuneration (X) Yes () No (X) Yes

134. If "other financial benefit", please specify:

[X] NAP

=

Political function	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	
Mediator	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	
Other function	() No (X) Yes () No	() No (X) Yes () No	
Comments - If rules exist in your country (e. specify:	g. authorisation needed to perform these activi	ties), please specify. If "other functi	on", pleas
139. Productivity bonuses: do ju	dges receive bonuses based on th	e fulfilment of quantitativ	⁄e
objectives in relation to the num	ber of resolved cases (e.g. numbe	r of cases resolved over a	a given
period of time)?			
() Yes			
(X) No			
Comments - If yes, please specify the condition	ons and if possible the amounts:		
5.3.2 Body/institution of ethics	}		
judges, etc.)? (X) Yes () No Comment - Please specify:			
138-1. If yes, who are the me	embers of this institution/body?		
() Only judges	·		
(X) Judges and other legal profession	nals		
() Other, please specify:			
Comments The Committee on Judicial Work The Judges Association in Iceland adopted ge	, ,		
138-2. Are the guidelines and	l/or opinions of this institution / l	ody publicly available?	
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments - Please describe the work of this Committee on Judicial Work are published or	institution / body, the frequency of the guideling the website domstolar.is.	nes and/or opinions, etc.: The decision	ons by the
138-2-1. How many guidelin	es and/or opinions were given du	ring the reference year?	
[5] []NA			
Comments – Please specify what were the top	oics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinio	ons None of the opinions resulted in	a judge

being admonished.

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138-3. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethical
questions of the conduct of prosecutors (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media by
prosecutors, etc.)
() Yes
(X) No
Comment: Please specify
138-4. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?
() Only prosecutors
() Prosecutors and other legal professionals
() Other, please specify:
Comments
138-5. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
() Yes
() No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of opinions, etc.
138-5-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[] NA
Comments - Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions
5.4.Disciplinary procedures
5.4.1Authorities responsible for disciplinary procedures and sanctions
140. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against judges (multiple replies
possible)?
[X] Court users
[X] Relevant Court or hierarchical superior
[X] High Court / Supreme Court
[X] High Judicial Council
[X] Disciplinary court
[X] Disciplinary body
[] Ombudsman
[] Parliament
[X] Executive power (please specify):Minister of Justice
[] Other (please specify):
[] This is not possible

141.	Who is aut	horised to initiate	e disciplinary	proceedings	against public	prosecutors:	(multiple
repli	es possible)) :					

replace possicioy.	
[X] Citizens	
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior public prosecutor	
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)	
[] Disciplinary court	
[] Disciplinary body	
[] Ombudsman	
[] Professional body	
[] Executive power (please specify):	
[] Other (please specify):	
[] This is not possible	
Comments	
142. Which authority has disciplinary power over judges (multiple replies possible)?	
[] Court	
[] Higher Court / Supreme Court	
[] High Judicial Council	
[X] Disciplinary court or body	
[] Ombudsman	
[] Parliament	
[] Executive power (please specify):	
[] Other (please specify):	
Comments Committee on Judicial Functions. The decisions taken by the Committee on Judicial Functions can not be referred to any higher administrative authority.	
143. Which authority has disciplinary power over public prosecutors (multiple replies possible)	?
[] Supreme Court	
[X] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior	
[X] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)	
[] Disciplinary court or body	
[] Ombudsman	
[] Professional body	
[] Executive power (please specify):	
[X] Other (please specify):The Minister of Justice	

5.4.2Number of disciplinary procedures and sanctions

144. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated during the reference year against judges and public prosecutors. (If a disciplinary proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please count the proceedings only once and for the main reason.)

	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (1+2+3+4)	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
1. Breach of professional ethics	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Professional inadequacy	0	
• •	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Criminal offence	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
4. Other	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify:

145. Number of sanctions pronounced during the reference year against judges and public prosecutors:

	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (total 1 to 10)	0	
,	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP
1. Reprimand	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP
2. Suspension	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP
4. Fine	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[]NAP
5. Temporary reduction of salary	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP
6. Position downgrade	0	
	[] NA	[X] NA
	[] NAP	[] NAP

. Resignation	[]NA []NAP 0	[X]NA []NAP
		[] - 14-44
	0	
. Other	[] NA	[X] NA
. Other	[] NAP	[] NAP
	0	
	[] NA [] NAP	[X] NA [] NAP
		[] INAF
0. Dismissal	0 [] NA	[X] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP
awyers .Profession of lawyer		
1.1Status of the profession of lawyers 6. Total number of lawyers practising in you	ur country:	
Total	Males	Females
	734	337
Tumber of lawyers 1 071	[[]]	[]
Tumber of lawyers 1 071 [] NA		
[] NA	who cannot represent	t their clients in court (for
mments 7. Does this figure include "legal advisors"	_	t their clients in court (for
mments 47. Does this figure include "legal advisors" cample, some solicitors or in-house counsello	_	t their clients in court (for
mments 47. Does this figure include "legal advisors" cample, some solicitors or in-house counsello	_	t their clients in court (for
mments 47. Does this figure include "legal advisors" cample, some solicitors or in-house counsello	_	t their clients in court (for
mments 47. Does this figure include "legal advisors" cample, some solicitors or in-house counsello	ors)?	
mments 7. Does this figure include "legal advisors" cample, some solicitors or in-house counselloges () No (X) mments These figures include in-house counsellors, but they counsellors.	ors)?	oyer in court.
mments 47. Does this figure include "legal advisors" cample, some solicitors or in-house counsellows () No (X)	ors)?	oyer in court.
mments 47. Does this figure include "legal advisors" cample, some solicitors or in-house counselloges () No (X) mments These figures include in-house counsellors, but they call. 48. Number of legal advisors who cannot rep	ors)?	oyer in court.
mments 7. Does this figure include "legal advisors" cample, some solicitors or in-house counselloges () No (X) mments These figures include in-house counsellors, but they counsellors.	ors)?	oyer in court.

counsellor, the figure is 0

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149. Is legal representation in courts exclusively exercised by lawyers in: (multiple replies possible)

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil cases	() Yes always	() Yes always	() Yes always
	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Dismissal cases	() Yes always	() Yes always	() Yes always
	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Criminal cases – Defendant	() Yes always	() Yes always	() Yes always
	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Criminal cases – Victim	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No []NAP	(X) Yes always () Yes in some cases () No
Administrative cases	() Yes always	() Yes always	() Yes always
	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases	() Yes in some cases
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No

Comments - Please indicate any useful clarifications regarding the content of lawyers' exclusive rights: In addition to lawyers, the indivituals/parties involved in civil cases can represent themselves.

149-0. If other than lawyers may represent a client in court, please specify who:

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil society organisation	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Family member	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No
Self-representation	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No	() No
Trade union	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Other	() Yes	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No

Comments - If "other", please specify. In addition, for the categories selected please specify the types of cases concerned by this/these representation(s): As to family members, this is limited to parents representing their children under 18 years old.

Lawyers working within Trade Unions can only represent the members of the unions in cases related within the scope of their operation,

e.g. for example in labor related disputes, but not in private matters such as divorce cases etc.

other activities?
[X] Notarial activity
[X] Arbitration / mediation
[X] Proxy / representation
[X] Property manager
[X] Real estate agent
[] Other (please specify):
Comments
149-2. Professional lawyers may have the status of:
[X] Self-employed lawyer
[X] Staff lawyer
[X] In-house lawyer
Comments
150. Is the lawyer profession organised through:
[X] a national bar association
[] a regional bar association
[] a local bar association
Comments
151. Is there a specific initial training and/or exam to enter the profession of lawyer?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments - Please indicate if there are other specific requirements as regards diplomas or university degrees:
152. Is there a mandatory general in-service professional training system for lawyers?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
153. Is the specialisation in some legal fields linked to specific training, levels of qualification,
specific diploma or specific authorisations?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
F1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: the Icelandic Bar Association (Lögmannafélag Íslands)

149-1. In addition to the functions of legal representation and legal advice, can a lawyer exercise

6.1.2Practicing the profession of lawyer
154. Can court users establish easily what the lawyers' fees will be (i.e. a prior information on the
foreseeable amount of fees)?
(X)Yes
() No
Comments According to the Code of Ethics for the legal profession a lawyer shall inform his Client of the estimated costs of his work are other costs of the Case as possible and notify him if costs may be expected to become high by comparison to the interests at stake. A lawyer shall give a Client an account of the basis on which his remuneration is computed.
155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely
negotiated)?
[X] Yes, laws provide rules
[X] Yes, standards of the bar association provide rules
[] No, neither laws nor bar association standards provide rules
Comments
6.1.3Quality standards and disciplinary procedures for lawyers
157. Have quality standards been determined for lawyers?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, what are the quality criteria used?
158. If yes, who is responsible for formulating these quality standards:
[] the bar association
[] the Parliament
[] other (please specify):
Comments
159. Is it possible to file a complaint about:
[X] the performance of lawyers
[X] the amount of fees
Comments - Please specify:
160. Which authority is responsible for disciplinary procedures?
[] a judge

and

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61. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (I	
ecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings of	only once and for the main reason.)
	Number of disciplinary proceedings
Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)	40 []NA []NAP
1. Breach of professional ethics	22 []NA []NAP
2. Professional inadequacy	0 []NA []NAP
3. Criminal offence	0 []NA []NAP
4. Other	18
	[]NA []NAP
omments - If "other", please specify: Other means fee related issues.	
62. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers.	Number of sanctions 20 []NA
62. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers. Total number of sanctions (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	Number of sanctions 20 []NA []NAP 8 []NAP
62. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers. Total number of sanctions (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5) 1. Reprimand	Number of sanctions 20 []NA []NAP 8
62. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers. Total number of sanctions (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5) 1. Reprimand 2. Suspension	Number of sanctions 20 []NA []NAP 8 []NAP 0 []NAP
omments - If "other", please specify: Other means fee related issues. 62. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers. Total number of sanctions (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5) 1. Reprimand 2. Suspension 3. Withdrawal from cases	Number of sanctions 20 []NA []NAP 8 []NAP 0 []NAP 0 []NAP

sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons. Others means number of cases where required legal fee was lowered by the Disciplinary

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[] Ministry of Justice

[X] a professional authority

7. Court related mediation and other alternative Dispute Resolution

7.1. Court related mediation

7.1.1 Details on court related mediation

163. Does the judicial system provide for court-related mediation procedures?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments Regarding Civil Procedure, see Section XV. Settlements: https://www.government.is/library/01-Ministries/Ministry-of-Justice/Code%20of%20Civil%20Procedure%20No.%2091,%2031%20December%201991pdf
Regarding Criminal Procedure see Article 146: https://www.government.is/library/01-Ministries/Ministry-of-
Justice/Code%20of%20Criminal%20Procedure%20No.%2088,%2012%20June%202008.%20-%20Copy%20(1).pdf
163-1. In some fields, does the judicial system provide for mandatory mediation with a mediator?
[X] Before/instead of going to court
[] Ordered by the court, the judge, the public prosecutor or a public authority in the course of a judicial proceeding
[] No mandatory mediation
Comments - If there is mandatory mediation, please specify which fields are concerned: Article 33 of the Icelandic Children's Act no. 76/2003 requires parents to seek mediation before requesting a ruling or filing a lawsuit about custody, legal residence, visitation, daily

163-2. In some fields, does the legal system provide for mandatory informative sessions with a mediator?

()	Y	es

(X) No

Comments - If there are mandatory informative sessions, please specify which fields are concerned:

164. Please specify, by type of cases, who provides court-related mediation services:

	Private mediator	Public authority (other than the court)	Judge	Public prosecutor
Civil and commercial cases	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) N o	(X) No	() No [] NAP	() No [X] NAP
Family cases	() Yes	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	() No	() No	() No [X] NAP
Administrative cases	() Yes	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No	() No [X] NAP
Labour cases including employment	() Yes	() Yes	(X)Yes	() Yes
dismissals	(X) No	(X) No	() No [] NAP	() No [X] NAP

Criminal cases	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No	() No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP
Consumer cases	() Yes	() Yes	(X) Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	() No	() No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[X] NAP

Comments

165. Is there a possibility to receive legal aid for court-related mediation or receive these services free of charge?

(X) Yes
() No
[] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify: For mediation in court by a judge, usually in family law cases regarding custody of children.

_

166. Number of accredited or registered mediators for court-related mediation:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of mediators	[] NA	I I DIA	I I NIA
	[X]NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP

Comments

166-1. Could you please describe what are the requirements and what is the procedure to become an accredited or registered mediator in your country (educational requirements, working experiences, accrediting procedure etc.)?

. We do not have accredited or registered mediators at the Courts.

According to Icelandic civil law judges shall attempt to effect a settlement if the parties have the authority to make disposals regarding the matter at issue unless they consider it certain that an attempt at settlement will be unsuccessful due to the nature of the case, the attitude of the parties or other reasons. The judge shall normally seek to effect a settlement after the defendant has submitted his or her observations and before the court is convened for the hearing. The judge may seek to effect a settlement earlier, and also during the hearing or after the pleading of the case is complete. The fact that earlier attempts at effecting a settlement were unsuccessful shall not prevent further attempts being made. The resolution of a case by a district court may not be set aside by a higher court on the grounds that no attempt was made to effect a settlement.

167. Number of court-related mediations:

Number of cases for which the parties		Number of cases in which there is a
agreed to start mediation	mediations	settlement agreement

Total $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
1. Civil and commercial cases				
1. Civil and commercial cases	F 37 1 NT A	[3/] N [A	E 3Z 1 NI A	
	[X]NA	[X]NA	[X]NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
2. Family cases				
2. I diffinity dubbs	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[]NAP	[]NAP	NAP	
3. Administrative cases				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
4 T -1 :1-1:14				
4. Labour cases including employment	F 37 3 37 A	F 37 3 37 A	F 37 1 3 1 A	
dismissal cases	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
5. Criminal cases				
5. Crimmar Cases	[X]NA	[X] NA	[X]NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	
	[] IVAI			
6. Consumer cases				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP	
7. Other cases				
	[X] NA	[X] NA	[X] NA	
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	

ı	Comments -	Please	indicate	the cource

=

168. Do the following alternative dispute resolution (ADR) methods exist in your country?

[X] Mediation other than court-related:	i iiicuianoi
---	--------------

[X] Arbitration

[] Conciliation (if different from mediation)

[] Other ADR (please enecify).

Comments

G1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Source: The Indicial Administr	ation

8.Enforcement of court decisions

8.1. Execution of decisions in civil matters

8.1.1 Number of enforcement agents, status and mandate

169. Number and type of enforcement agents in your country.

	Total	Male	Female
T. (1/1.2.2.4)	9	4	5
Total (1+2+3+4)	9 [] NA	4 [] NA	5 [] NA
. Private professionals under the authority	() =	C 1 - 1 - 1	[]====
•	[] NA	[]NA	[] NA
(control) of public authorities	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2. Enforcement agents working in a public	9	4	5
• • •	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
institution (civil servants paid by state)	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
3. Judges			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
4. Other			
	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP	[X] NAP

170. What are the requirements to access the profession of enforcement agent (multiple replies possible)?

[] diploma
[] professional experience
[] specific exam
[}	X] appointment procedure by the State
[] initial training
[] other

Comments - If "other", please specify:

171. Are enforcement agents appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)?

() Yes, please indicate the age of retirement:	
---	--

(X) No, please specify the duration of the appointment: 5

Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify: District Commissioners are appointed for a period of 5 years.

8.1.2 Activities/scope of competence

171-1. Which debtor's information can the enforcement agent access at the beginning of the enforcement procedure?

	Access to information	Direct electronic access to information
Address	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Date of birth	(X) Yes	(X) Yes

Civil status	(X)Yes	(X)Yes
	() No	() No
Cohabitant	() Yes	() Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Employer	() Yes	() Yes
- 1	(X)No	(X) No
Motor vehicle	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Movable property	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Immovable property	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Bank account	() Yes	() Yes
	(X) No	(X) No
Other enforcement proceedings underway	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	() No	() No
Insolvency proceedings (bankruptcy, judicial	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
reorganisation, collective debt settlement etc.)	() No	() No
Other	() Yes	() Yes
3	(X) No	(X) No

Comments - If "other", please specify:

171-2. Can the enforcement agent carry out the following civil enforcement proceedings:

	Option
Seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Preventive seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No

Preventive seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	() No
	[] NAP
Seizure from a third party of the debtor claims regarding a sum of money	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	() No
Seizure of remunerations	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents () No
	[]NAP
Seizure of motorised vehicles	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
Scizure of motorised vemeres	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	() No
	[]NAP
Eviction measures	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	() No
	[] NAP
Seizures of boats and ships	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	() No
	[] NAP
Seizure of aircrafts	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	() No
Saigura of alastronia assats (a a amento assumance)	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
Seizure of electronic assets (e.g cryptocurrency)	enforcement agents
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by enforcement agents
	I () INO
	() No [] NAP

Enforced sale by public tender of seized properties	 (X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Sale of shares	() Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No
Other	() Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents () Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents () No [X] NAP
Comments	
	what are the other estivities that can be
171-3. Apart from the enforcement of court decisions carried out by enforcement agents?	, what are the other activities that can be
[X] Service of judicial and extrajudicial documents	
[X] Debt recovery	
[X] Voluntary or public auctions of moveable or immoveable property	
[] Custody of goods	
[] Recording and reporting of evidence	
[X] Court hearings service	
[] Provision of legal advice	
[X] Bankruptcy procedures	
[] Performing tasks assigned by judges	
[] Representing parties in courts	
[] Drawing up private deeds and documents	
[] Building manager	
[] Other	
Comments	
8.1.3 Training and ICT	
170 1 Is there a greatern of mandatory consul continu	1011a training for anformant accuse?
172-1. Is there a system of mandatory general continu	ious training for enforcement agents?
(X) Yes	
() No	
Comments	

172-2. Do you have an e-learning training system established for enforcement agents?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-3. Does the content of the continuous training system also include ICT (related to enforcement procedures)?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-4. Have an electronic service of documents or electronic notifications been introduced in your
country?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
172-5. Does the development of new technologies have an effect on the different stages of the
enforcement procedure?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments - Please explain:
8.1.4 Fees
174. Are enforcement fees easily established and transparent for parties?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
175-1. Are the fees charged in case of successful enforcement proceedings freely negotiated?
() Yes
(X) No
Comments
175-2. Who has to pay these fees if the enforcement proceedings are successful?
[X] The debtor
[] The creditor
[] Other – please specify
Comments

176. Do laws provide any rules on enforcement fees (including those freely negotiated)?		
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
H0. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part		
Source: The Ministry of Justice.		
8.1.5 Organisation of profession and efficiency of enforcement services		
177. Is there a body entrusted with supervising and monitoring the enforcement agents' activity?		
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments		
178. Which authority is responsible for supervising and monitoring enforcement agents?		
[] professional body		
[] judge		
[X] Ministry of Justice		
[] public prosecutor		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
181. Is there a specific mechanism for executing court decisions rendered against public		
authorities, including supervising such execution?		
() Yes		
(X)No		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
182. Is there a system for monitoring how the enforcement procedure is conducted by the		
enforcement agent?		
(X) Yes		
() No		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
183. What are the main complaints made by users concerning the enforcement procedure? Please		
indicate a maximum of 3.		
[] no execution at all		
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excessive length	
[] unlawful practices	
[] insufficient supervision	
[] excessive cost	
[] unethical behaviour of enforcement agent	
[X] other (please specify):	
omments	
85. Is there a system measuring the length of enforcement	ent procedures.
os. Is there a system measuring the length of emolecing	
	Existence of the system
For civil cases	(X)Yes
	() No
for administrative cases	(X) Yes
	() No
_	•
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the compared of the compa	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplina
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the complete () between 1 and 5 days () between 6 and 10 days () between 11 and 30 days () more (please specify):	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplina
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the comments () between 1 and 5 days () between 6 and 10 days () between 11 and 30 days () more (please specify):	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplina
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the complete (a) between 1 and 5 days (b) between 6 and 10 days (b) between 11 and 30 days (b) more (please specify):	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplinate ase count the proceedings only once Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the complete (a) between 1 and 5 days (b) between 6 and 10 days (b) between 11 and 30 days (b) more (please specify):	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplina case count the proceedings only once Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated [X] NA
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the complete (a) between 1 and 5 days (b) between 6 and 10 days (b) between 11 and 30 days (b) more (please specify): [X] NA Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against receeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please or the main reason.)	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplinate ase count the proceedings only once Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the complete (a) between 1 and 5 days (b) between 6 and 10 days (b) between 11 and 30 days (b) more (please specify): [X] NA Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against receeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please or the main reason.)	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplina case count the proceedings only once Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated [X] NA
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the complete (a) between 1 and 5 days (b) between 6 and 10 days (b) between 11 and 30 days (b) more (please specify):	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplina case count the proceedings only once Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated [X]NA []NAP
() between 6 and 10 days() between 11 and 30 days() more (please specify):	st enforcement agents. (If a disciplina case count the proceedings only once Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated

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[] non execution of court decisions against public authorities

[X] lack of information

3. For criminal offence	[X]NA
4. Other	[] NAP
	[X] NA [] NAP
Comments - If "other", please specify:	
188. Number of sanctions pronounced against	enforcement agents:
	Number of sanctions pronounced
Total number of sanctions (1+2+3+4+5)	
	[X] NA [] NAP
1. Reprimand	
	[X] NA [] NAP
2. Suspension	
	[X]NA
3. Withdrawal from cases	[] NAP
5. Withtrawar Holli cases	[X] NA
	[] NAP
4. Fine	[X] NA
	[] NAP
5. Other	[X] NA
	[]NAP
sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons: H1. Please indicate the sources for answering Source: The Ministry of Justice.	the questions in this part
, 	
2.Execution of decisions in criminal matters	
3.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal n	natters
	
•	cement of judgments in criminal matters? (multiple
replies possible)	
[] Judge	
[X] Public prosecutor	
[X] Prison and Probation Services	
[] Enforcement agent	
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	i ago i io di lol

190. Are the effective recovery rates o	f fines decide	ed by a criminal cou	ert evaluated by studies?
(X) Yes			
() No			
Comments			
191. If yes, what is the recovery ra	te?		
() 80-100%			
() 50-79%			
(X) less than 50%			
.Notaries 2.1.Profession of notary 9.1.1Number, status and mandate of		2022-innheimta-domsekta-	stjornsysluuttekta.pdf
192. Number and status of notaries in		Males	Females
TOTAL (1+2+3+4)	9 []NA []NAP	4 []NA []NAP	5 []NA []NAP
1. Private professionals (without control from public authorities)	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP	[] NA [X] NAP
2. Holders of public offices appointed by the State	9 []NA []NAP	4 []NA []NAP	5 []NA []NAP
3.Civil servants (paid by the State)	[] NA	[] NA	[] NA

[] Other authority (please specify):

Comments - Please specify his/her functions and duties (e.g. initiative or monitoring functions).

Comments - If "Other", please specify the status, or if "holder of a public office appointed by the State", please indicate which ministry is mainly engaged in the appointment procedure:

[]NA

[X] NAP

192-1. What are the access conditions to the profession of notary (multiple replies possible):

[] NA

[X] NAP

[X]	dıp	loma
-----	-----	------

4. Other

[] professional experience

[] NA

[X] NAP

[] specific exam	
[] appointment procedure by the State	
[] initial training	
[] other (please specify):	
Comments	
Comments	
192-2. Are notaries appointed to office for an undetermined pe	riod (i.e. "for life" = until the
official age of retirement)?	
[X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement:70	
[] no, please specify the duration of the appointment:	
Comments - are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please spec	ify:
	•
9.1.2 Activities/scope of competences	
194. What kind of activities do notaries perform (multiple opti	ons possible)?
	Please select one option
	The second one opion
Authentication	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[] NAP
Certification of signatures	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
	[]NAP
Mediation	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	(X) No
Taking of oaths	() Yes, exclusively performed by
Taking of Gams	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	() No
Non contentious indicial procedures (e.g. coting as sourt commissions in	[] NAP
Non-contentious judicial procedures (e.g. acting as court commissioner in a	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries
successions file, performing divorce, division of estate, please specify)	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	(X) No
	[] NAP

Act as civil servant (for example performing marriage, please specify	
	notaries () Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	(X) No
	[]NAP
Other judicial functions (for example, payment orders)	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	(X) No [] NAP
Public auctions	() Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries
	(X) No
	[]NAP
Other (for example collect taxes, run registers etc.)	() Yes, exclusively performed by notaries
	() Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries
	(X) No
94-2. In which areas of law do notaries perform their a	ectivities (multiple replies possible)?
[X] Real estate transaction	
[X] Family law	
[X] Succession law	
[X] Company law	
[X] Legality control of gambling activities	
[X] Protection of vulnerable persons	
[] Other	
Comments	
.1.3 ICT, organisation of the profession and training	$\underline{\mathbf{g}}$
94-3. Do notaries use specialised ICT systems in their	activity?
[] In their relations with the State (e.g. courts, registries, chambers of con	•
[] In their relations with their clients	
[] In their relations with other notaries (e.g. videoconferencing, system to	
	exchange documents)
Comments	exchange documents)

194-4. Which computerised registries can notaries consult?

[] Business registry		
[] Civil status / Population registry		
[] Succession / Family law registry		
[] Any other registry (please specify)		
[X] None		
omments The party who wishes for the notaries service	es must provide necessary information a	and documents, depending on the mat
94-5. Are there registries/ registry infra	structures run by the notarie	s?
() Yes		
(X) No		
omments - If yes, please specify:		
04 € In which commutation duration	an materias madify data (si	4h an dina 241-, an h-, anhani44i
94-6. In which computerised registries	can notaries modify data (er	mer directly or by submitti
n online request)?	- 1 10 1	
	Directly modifying	Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request
Land registry	() Yes	() Yes
	() No	() No
	[X]NAP	() Yes
Business registry	() Yes () No	() No
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Civil status/ Population registry	() Yes () No	() Yes () No
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Succession / Family law registry	() Yes	() Yes
	() No [X] NAP	() No [X] NAP
Any other registry (please specify)	() Yes	() Yes
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	() No	() No
	[X] NAP	[X] NAP
None	(X) Ves	(X) Yes
None	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No

[] Other, please specify		
[X] None		
Comments		
194-8. Who is responsible to run the digital ar	chives?	
[] Notariat / Professional body		
[] Other public authority		
[] Another entity (please specify)		
Comments		
195. Is there an authority entrusted with super	vising and monito	oring the notaries' work?
(X)Yes		
() No		
Comments		
196. If yes, which authority is responsible	for supervising a	nd monitoring notaries (multiple
options possible)?		
[] professional body		
[] court		
[X] Ministry of Justice		
[] public prosecutor		
[] other (please specify):		
Comments		
196-1. Is there a system of general continuous	s training for all n	otaries?
() Yes		
(X) No		
Comments		
196-2. Do notaries have training on:		
	Yes	No
European law	()	(X)
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)	()	(X)
Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional cou	ırses, e-learning, webinaı	e) and the major topics of the training activities
I1. Please indicate the sources for answering t	he questions in th	is part
Sources: District Commissioner		
Sources. District Commissioner		

10. Judicial experts

() No

10.1.Profession of judicial expert

10.1.1Status of judicial experts



202. In your system, what types of judicial experts can participate in judicial procedures (multiple replies possible):

replies possible):
[X] Experts designated by the parties in support of their arguments but bound by a duty of independence and impartiality to the court
[X] Experts appointed by the court or other authority independent of the parties
[] Other system of judicial expertise, please specify
Comments - Please specify who is proposing and appointing experts in an individual case. There are two types of experts: Expert co-judges (Experts appointed by the court or other authority independent of the parties): The Judicial Administration appoints a suitable number of people with special skills in areas other than law to serve as expert co-judges for five years at a time. Expert co-judges must be Icelandic citizens, over 25 years old, and of sound mind and body. They must not have been convicted of a crime or displayed conduct that could undermine public trust in judges. The Judicial Administration can cancel an appointment if necessary. Expert co-judges must sign an oath to perform their duties conscientiously and impartially. Assessor (Experts designated by the parties in support of their arguments but bound by a duty of independence and impartiality to the court): An assessor must provide a reasoned appraisal, explaining the points of view on which their opinion is based. The assessor may demand payment beforehand. At the judge's discretion, the assessor may not have to produce a written appraisal. Instead, they may appear in court before the main hearing, submit written answers to the assessment questions, and give a report on the outcome of the assessment.
202-1. Are there lists or any other form of official registration for judicial experts?
(X) Yes
() No
Comments
202-1-1. If yes, at which level is the list established (multiple replies possible):
[] national
[] administrative district or federal entity
[X] judicial district
[] other
Comments - Please, indicate any other comment regarding these lists or databases of experts, if they do exist (e.g. does the expert take an oath? How are his/her skills evaluated? By whom?): The Judicial Administration appoints and evaluates expert co-judges. Expert co-judges must be Icelandic citizens, over 25 years old, and of sound mind and body. They must not have been convicted of a crime or displayed conduct that could undermine public trust in judges. Expert co-judges serve for five years and must sign an oath to perform their duties conscientiously and impartially. There is no official registration at the Courts to become a assessor.
202-1-2. Are these lists publicly available?
(X) Yes, available on the internet
() Yes

Comments The list of the Expert co-judges can be found on the website of the Judicial Administration.

202-2. Which authority is competent for the registration of judi	cial experts?
[] Ministry of justice	
[] Courts	
[X] Administrative body	
[] Independent body (association of judicial experts)	
[] Other	
Comments - Please also specify the registration criteria: The Judicial Administration ap Competence criteria: https://www.domstolar.is/domstolasyslan/handbok-domstolanna/mLaw 50/2016 - Art. 39. https://www.althingi.is/lagas/nuna/2016050.html	
202-3. Is the registration of judicial experts limited in time?	
(X) Yes, for how long5 years	
() No	
Comments	
202-4. Can an expert who is not on the list or not registered be	appointed in a case?
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comment - If yes, please specify in which cases: Under Icelandic law, only people on the cases. If a court needs the expertise of someone who is not on the list, that person must for	
203. Is the title of judicial experts protected?	
() Yes	
(X) No	
Comments - If appropriate, please explain the meaning of this protection:	
203-1. Does the judicial expert have an obligation of training?	
	Obligation of training
Initial training	() Yes (X) No
Continuous training	() Yes (X) No
Comments	
203-2. If yes, does this training concern:	
[] judicial proceedings	
[] the profession of expert	
[] other	
Comments	
	,

05. Number of accredited of	or registered judicial ex	perts:	
	Total	Males	Females
Number of experts	200 []NA []NAP	163 []NA []NAP	37 []NA []NAP
arties	ere an expert opinion w		dge or requested by the
arties	ere an expert opinion w		
	ere an expert opinion w	Numb 151 [] NA	
Total (1+2+3+4)	•	Numb 151 [] NA [] NAP 142 [] NA	
Total (1+2+3+4) 1.Civil and commercial litigious ca	•	Numb 151 [] NA [] NAP 142	
Total (1+2+3+4) 1.Civil and commercial litigious ca	•	Numb 151 [] NA [] NAP 142 [] NA [] NAP	er of cases
Total (1+2+3+4) 1.Civil and commercial litigious ca 2.Administrative cases	•	Numb 151 []NA []NAP 142 []NAP [X]NA	er of cases
Total (1+2+3+4) 1.Civil and commercial litigious ca 2.Administrative cases 3.Criminal cases	•	Numb 151 [] NA [] NAP 142 [] NA [] NAP	er of cases

204-1. On the occasion of a task entrusted to him/her, does the judicial expert have to report any

Comments - If yes, please specify: In civil cases the judical expert is disqualified if: a) he is a party to the case or a representative of a party, b) he has taken care of the rights of the party regarding the criminal matter or given the party non-legal instructions about it, c) he has testified or been summoned to testify about the events of the case for a legitimate reason or has been an assessor or examiner of the criminal matter, d) he is or has been the party's spouse, a relative, or directly or indirectly or related to the party in the same way due to adoption, e) he is or has been associated with a party's representative or spokesperson in the manner stated in point d, f) he is related or has been related to a witness in the case in the same way as stated in point d, an assessment or inspection person or a person who refuses to give evidence, g) there are other incidents or circumstances that have fallen into place to rightly call his impartiality into question. Law

204. Is the function of judicial experts regulated by legal norms?

(X) Yes

() No

Comments

(X) Yes

() No

potential conflicts of interest?

4.Other cases	
	[X] NA
	[] NAP

Comments

205-1. Who defines the amount of the expert remuneration?

	In civil/administrative cases	In criminal cases
Defined by law/by-law or a special regulation	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Defined by the court/judge	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Defined by the Ministry of Justice or another ministry (setting a tariff for example)	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No []NAP
Salary of public official (in case of forensic or another specialist – who is public employee)	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No
Freely agreed between expert and the parties	() Yes (X) No	() Yes (X) No []NAP
Other	() Yes (X) No [] NAP	() Yes (X) No []NAP

Comments - If other, please specify: According to the law The Judicial Administration sets general rules for the payment of fees and expenses incurred by expert co-jurors for their work in the handling of court cases. But the experts turn in their time report to the judge in the case who reviews it and sends it to the State financial administration who pays the expert.

206. Are there binding provisions for judicial experts regarding:

	Yes	No
Deadlines to provide expertise	(X)	()
Quality of expertise	()	(X)
Other	()	(X)

[] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify, and provide details in case there are possible sanctions: Regarding:

Deadlines to provide expertise - there are provisions both in the civil and criminal proceeding law that states that a case has to be issued within a time limit after the hearing. That is a deadline both for the judge and the expert to finish the judgement. Quality of expertise - the Icelandic law on the Courts states that a person must meet certain conditions to become an expert of the courts. None of the condition regards the quality of expertise.

207-1. Does the judge or another body control the progress of the expertise?

(X) Yes

() No	
If yes, please specify: By progress you mean if the expert will sit in more cases? Then yes the judge can influence the progress.	
207-2. Are judicial experts' associations involved in:	
[] Selection processes	
[] Initial or continuous training	
[] Disciplinary procedures	
[X] NAP	
Comments	
K1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part	
Sources: The Judicial Administration	
1.Reforms in judiciary	
1.1.Foreseen reforms	
	,
11.1.1Reforms	
208. Can you provide information on the current debate in your country regarding the functioning of justice? Are there undergoing or foreseen reforms? If possible, please observe the following categories:	g
208-1. (Comprehensive) reform plans	
[X] Yes (planned)	
[] Yes (adopted)	
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)	
[] No	
[] NA	
Comments - If yes, please specify: There are plans to further the use of the ICT system in the court system and unification of the eight District courts to one district court named Héraðsdómur (also see Q208-3).	
208-2. Budget	
[] Yes (planned)	
[] Yes (adopted)	
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)	
[X] No	
[] NA	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	

e.g. reduction of the number of courts (geographic locations), competences of the courts,
management and working methods, information technologies, backlogs and efficiency, court fees,
renovations and construction of new buildings)
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: There are plans to amend the law on Courts number 50/2016 by a bill stipulating the country's eight district courts will be combined into one court under the name Héraðsdómur. The intention is to propose that its headquarters will be located in Reykjavík, that the court will have eight statutory establishments in the places where district courts are currently operating and a statutory minimum number of employees at each establishment, of which at least two district judges or one district judge and one deputy judge.
208-4. Access to justice and legal aid
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-5. High Judicial Council (competent for judges and/or prosecutors)
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No [] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-6. Legal professionals (judges, public prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, enforcement agents,
etc.): organisation, education and training, etc.
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-7. Gender equality

208-3. Courts and public prosecution services (e.g. powers and organisation, structural changes -

[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-8. Reforms regarding civil, criminal and administrative laws, international conventions and
cooperation activities
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-9. Enforcement of court decisions and in particular regarding decisions against public
authorities
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-10. Mediation and other Alternative Dispute Resolution
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-11. Fight against crime
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[X] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:

200-12. PHSOH System
[X] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: The Minister of Justice has recently announced plan for the building of a new prison.
208-13. Child friendly justice
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-14. Domestic violence
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-15. New information and communication technologies
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify:
208-16. Other
[] Yes (planned)
[] Yes (adopted)
[] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[X] No
[] NA
Comments - If yes, please specify: