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CONVENTION ON THE CONSERVATION OF EUROPEAN WILDLIFE AND NATURAL HABITATS

Group of Specialists on the European Diploma for Protected Areas

Council of Europe, Palais, Room 14 2-3 March 2023

COMPILATION OF THE ANALYSIS OF THE 2022 ANNUAL REPORTS

Document prepared by the Secretariat of the Bern Convention

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Areas in blue below were not concerned by submission of an annual report for 2022:

- 38. Russian Federation Oka National Biosphere Reserve
- 39. Russian Federation Teberda National Biosphere Reserve
- 42. Belarus Berezinsky State Biosphere Reserve
- 46. Belarus Belovezhskaya Pushcha National Park
- 52. Russian Federation Kostomuksha Strict Nature Reserve
- 53. Russian Federation Tsentralno-Chernozemny Biosphere Reserve

Name of the awarded area	1. Belgium, Hautes Fagnes Nature Reserve		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	29.03.6 28.03.2 (extend until 20	021 led
		arted, yellow:	ance with the recommend underway, green: comple t relevant)		
		areas using develope LIFE progonal The major pelaunched in 2 continued in approximatel restored, bring restored in the project of Cranberry and 2021 was extended to the project of the pr	atland restoration project 021 in the Grande Fange the spring of 2022, for a try 28 ha of degraded peatinging the total of peatlance Hautes-Fagnes to 308 honcerning the cultivation d Andromeda cuttings, triended to new areas in 20 ng will be conduced in 20 to acquire privately owner and inside the reserve and	ion's t otal of land ls a. of aled in 22. 23	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2011)9	value as p The acquisition	nose of significant ecologic publicly owned nature reson of private land reporte oe finalized soon by the	erves;	
award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		nature re among lo municipa A local media the Park distr	to raise awareness of the serve's European significated inhabitants, peripheral lities and decision makers launched in 2022 atv sein buted in all the municipaters.	ance il s; ries on	Yellow
		safeguard co-operate partners; Sweden allow Grouse in 202 No mortality transport or reprovided with mortality rates lower than of transmitters I	ed the Park to capture 35	tion in opean 5 Black cure, re ems d	Yellow

		 4 tracked females have nested. The bird of 11 chicks was documented. A structure of the aviary retention has been built, ready to accommodate Black Grouse. Care and feeding protocols are being developed. 5) ensure the sustainability of the measures taken under the LIFE Programme, which have had a very positive effect by providing the reserve with a guarantee of sufficient financial and human resources. No updates since 2021 reported. 	Yellow
	Conditions	1) finalise, by 2015, the updated management plan for the reserve as a whole and provide the human resources necessary to this end. The habitat cartography is being digitalized and encoded. This will allow to elaborate management plans for the sectors of the Park which still don't have one	Yellow
	Achievements	 28 ha of degraded peatland restored; a local media launched in 2022 a tv series of Park distributed in all the municipalities are the natural reserve which increases local population awareness; 35 Black Grouse released in 2022. A structuthe aviary retention has been built. 	ound
	Shortcomings	Lack of workforce; Lack of financial resources to maintain/renew t visitor's infrastructure	he
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	A visit was conducted to a national park in Poland (Lasy Panstwowe) where introduction efforts over a period of 5 years restored a population of at least thirty black grouse and established of a breeding center.		
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information included		
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing the condition and recommendations and encourages the park management to strengthen the efforts to update the management plan for the reserve as soon as possible. The EDPA GoS requests the competent authorities to report on the use of the EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on website, letterheads and printed materials, and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.		

Name of the awarded area	2. France Camargue National Reserve		Date of the award/renewal of the European Diploma	29.03.19 28.03.20 (Extended 2024)	021
		nd the conditio	oliance with the ons: red: not started, yell se delete the assessment		
		operation have bee Diploma Park in Sp	e possibility of reviving con in with other deltaic sites in awarded the Europear (such as the Doñana Nat pain or the Danube Delta e Reserve in Romania);	that n ional	Red
	o what extend the onditions and ecommendations onditioning the ward of the uropean Diploma o this area have een tackled?	both fina with a vic perimete the law c conserva manager	ficient additional resour incial and human, in part ew to the future setting er of protection as laid do of 10 July 1976 on nature ation, so as to guarantee ment, surveillance and so ng of the reserve;	cicular up of a own in	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		the disch the reser Vaccarès operatio accordar developr ensure tl year acti	the strict application of line arge of agricultural water too, particularly into the slagoon, and pursue con with rice growers in the ment principles, as well at the implementation of the on programme as agreed a stakeholders;	er into s to e five-	Yellow
		of invasiv species s <i>peploide</i> provide t	tudies for the biological over species, including plan ouch as Jussiaea repens (Is) or Baccharis halimifolishe resources needed for cal or manual control;	nt <i>Ludwigia</i> a, and	Green
		Diplom Europe provide	nigher profile to the Euro a and the work of the Co , particularly in informat ed at public reception po ets on the Camargue Nat e;	ouncil of ion ints and	Green
		,	the number of visitors a ery of the reserve;	t the	Green

		 prepare a plan for adaptation to climate change, including the rise in sea level. 	Red Yellow Green
	Conditions	guarantee the implementation of the management plan for 2011-2016.	Green
	Achievements	The new funds allocated for the management of Reserve, although insufficient, have increased substantially. Of special importance seem the air of state funds for the urgent action needed at the Vaccarès lagoon, which will have a global effection conservation of the entire protected area.	Illocation :he
	Shortcomings	The pollution of the system due to the periphe agricultural activity seems the most serious characteristic for the conservation of the area. Levels of pollushould be followed in bird species using the system to the for feeding and breeding, as has been dor recently at Doñana National Park, thanks to fur coming from the Organismo Autónomo Parque Nacionales. The financing of the Reserve continues to be insufficient	allenge atants atem ne nding
Other highlights worth to be mentioned			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	In any extend. The information provided on this item is exactly the same as the one of the 2021 report.		
Conclusions and action suggested	1) Concerning the implementation of the management plan for 2011-2016, the management body decision to extend the validity of the current management plan until 2028 seems excessive. That would mean that the MN will be valid for more than 15 years without revision, or only partial revisions. This is well over the most usual period of validity of MP, which is between 5-10 years in most of the cases. I would recommend setting up a full revision of the MP before 2025.		

No report received

Name of the awarded area	3. United Kingdom Peak District National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	29.06.1966 / 28.03.2021 (Extended until 2024)
		arted, yello	mpliance with the recomme ow: underway, green: comp e not relevant)	
		1) secur of ex habit mead and r partid broke in col	re and enhance the manage isting important key conservats in farmland, especially had books, wetlands, limestone committee and enage of agri-environment so injunction with appropriate hisations;	vation lay lales e rakes, Green chemes
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2011)11	heath throu agri-e help t	and reverse the past degrad her moorland and blanket b igh moorland management environment schemes and v from the Moors for the Futu ership;	og Yellow Green vith
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have		declir priori	up measures to address the ne in breeding populations of ty bird species, particularly ng, curlew and snipe on far	Green
been tackled?		appro	tiate agreements to secure opriate management of anc emi-natural woodland sites	
		to acl	ement with partners programere the targets and object in the Peak District Biodivers of the P	ives <mark>Yellow</mark>
		Scien favou land d Autho meas maxii conse	tain at least 95% of Sites of tific Interest (SSSI) land in trable or recovering condition owned by the National Park prity; in addition, implementures on authority-owned lamise its contribution to national pervation and cultural heritagetives;	yellow Green t nd to ure

		work at a landscape scale through an integrated area-based management	Red Yellow Green
		Strategy for the national park and continue to work with partner organisations, local communities and English Heritage to achieve targets;	Red Yellow Green
		small-scale economic schemes linking	<mark>Red</mark> Yellow Green
		mineral quarries to meet essential	Red Yellow Green
		a way that protects and enhances both	Red Yellow Green
Со	nditions	park management plan and continue	<mark>Red</mark> Yellow Green
Aci	hievements		

	Shortcomings		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?			
Conclusions and action suggested			

Name of the awarded area	4. Austria Krimml Waterfalls Nature Site		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	27.10.1967 / 27.10.2027
Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendation conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (pdelete the assessments which are not relevant)				
		the regularies order to and deviate manage Hohe Ta Waterfa implement recommers or a commers or a commercial or	and, where necessary, impulations of the protected a maintain the protection so the a part of the next ment plan (2024 onwards) uern National Park to the lls, detailing the measures ented to meet the endations attached to the consider applying for the in of the European Diplome Tauern National Park;	rea in tatus, Red of the Krimml
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2022)2	order to this imp future g impact c ecosyste for appr	e to take appropriate mean preserve the natural beau ressive natural phenomen enerations; monitor the poof of climate change on the em, and its fauna and flora opriate measures to mitigods in case of heavy rainfa	on for otential Yellow; seek ate
to this area have been tackled?		aestheti surroun the leas	avoiding impacts on the hoc quality of the landscape ding the Krimml Waterfalls tin the areas around fallboden" and "Schönang	s, not in Yellow
		regardin close to extensic care and not com	"Wasserfallboden" and "Schönangerl"; 4) continue to maintain great vigilance regarding infrastructural developments close to the falls, e.g. installations or extension of shops, as well as medical care and new touristic activities that are not compatible with the naturalness of the area;	nents or lical Yellow at are
		potentia	e to pay close attention to Il path erosion; and make tors only use the existing p	

		6)	maintain and further strengthen the co- operation with local stakeholders, especially landowners, the municipality, the Austrian Alpine Association (ÖAV), tourism operators and associations;	Yellow
		7)	further pursue scientific research and secure funding for studies on fauna and flora within the European Diploma holding area, focussing on recurrent monitoring of relevant taxonomic groups in order to evaluate possible effects of changing environmental drivers such as flooding regime, climate change, invasive pathogens, invasive alien species; pay special attention to monitor and manage damaging bark beetles, e.g. <i>Ips typographus</i> (European spruce-bark beetle, Buchdrucker);	Red
		8)	make use of the European Diploma logo in all information material and brochures, and explain the relevance of the Diploma wherever appropriate, in particular in the visitors' centres and on the website.	Green
	Conditions			
	Achievements	No	ne from the information provided	
	Shortcomings	imp cor aff avo ver nui	nen the manager says "There is actually not a pact of climate change on the site", he/she s nsider that impact of climate change is globa ecting and will affect also this site. Measures oid impact of flooding in case of heavy rains a ry advisable in a mountainous place with high mber of visitors, but it doesn't seems they an plemented	hould I and is s to seems n
Other highlights worth to be mentioned				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	None from the information provided			

	The report should be much more informative to better evaluate the chages,
Conclusions and	dangers and achievements of the managerial activity in the area.
action suggested	Information on the biodiversity of the area should be urgently improved,
	particularly on indicator species of fauna –amphibious, birds and butterflies,
	among others- and flora.

Name of the awarded area	5. Germany LÜNEBURG HEATH NATURE RESERVE		Date of the award/renewal of the European Diploma	27.10.19 25.10.20	-
		arted, yellow	liance with the recomme : underway, green: comp not relevant)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2012)5	1) pursue a limitation amount water enground-on farm quantitation infrastru Hambur and mo information kinds of and ecomodellist factors grounds streams vegetation biotope natural ecosyste	a reduction, or at least a on to no more than the cut, of the concession of growtraction and co-ordinate water extraction for irrigiland technically and atively with the activities uctures of Wasserwerkerg; carry out additional straitoring in order to collection about the influences water extraction on specific specific tion and the influences water extraction on specific specific tion in the water level, the soil, the specific tion including forests, the sof red-list-species, and the dynamic of the whole	und- the ation and udies t more of all sies for all	Yellow
		and incr	rger Heide Nature Reserv rease the public funding t vel as that provided to Fe Parks;	o the	Red
		agriculti recognii cultivati activitie cultivati funding	der the ongoing practice of ural funding and pursue tion of all types of heathla ion and all heathland rest is as a kind of 'green land ion' with the same amour period 2013-2020;	and oration nt of	<mark>Yellow</mark>
		4) pursue the rear (Heathla the Fed "Dülme as worth	the continuation of funding of the "Heidschnucke and sheep) by Lower Saxoeral Republic and recogniner Pferde" (Heathland hong of subsidy by the rearn of Lower Saxony;	ony and se the orses)	<mark>Yellow</mark>

5)	develop a concept for connecting the large heathlands areas east and west of Wilsede by an ecological corridor;	Yellow
6)	pursue restoration of streams, their associated wetland biotopes and their buffer strips;	Yellow
7)	reduce areas with cultivation of energy- crops to a level that does not affect the nature reserve's flora, fauna, groundwater and the scenic attractions;	Red
8)	continue ecological forest management and convert mono-croppings of spruce into mixed forests including oak (Quercus spp.);	Yellow
9)	ensure that existing scientific data are included and respected in regional planning processes and also ensure that negative impacts on the nature reserve from outside the area's boundary are prevented; before licensing a wind farm, or any other project in the neighbourhood of the reserve, carry out sufficient and detailed studies taking into account the formulated VNP recommendations;	Red
10)	complete the database of Lower Saxony concerning FFH-Species so that all species existing in the reserve are listed and considered in regional, national and federal planning procedures;	Red
11)	create suitable ecological corridors between the nature reserve and the black grouse biotopes outside the reserve without endangering infrastructures such as like wind turbines;	Red
12)	realise the concept of buffer zone areas with a high protection status in the neighbouring areas of the nature reserve;	Red

		13) establish a corps of rangers (Naturwacht).	i
	Conditions		
	Achievements	There have been advances in the substitution/con of planted tree species	itrol
	Shortcomings	The situation seems quite the same as in previous years, with no significant advances in the most problematic issues, such as the staff, funding, pressures from the surrounding areas, etc	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	the other hand the wo	the area with no solutions in sight at the short termork of the VNP in the management of the area is quing the numerous constrains and limitation the area	ite
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	It seems there have be visibility of the Europe	een not any improvement since last report concerni ean Diploma	ing
Conclusions and action suggested			

Name of the awarded area		nt o	· ·	Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma		and the
	conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (pleas delete the assessments which are not relevant)					
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?			provide s resources "Laponiat in order t managem transition managem and provi	ufficient financial and hus, including field staff, to sjouttjudus" (manageme o implement the new nent plan and ensure a sin from the former county nent structure to the new de as soon as possible and of the management plan of the management plan in of the management plans.	the new nt board) mooth v board; n English	Green
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2012)2	2)	use the re the excep while allo	the predators' inventorious esults in order to help contional predator population owing the Sami population their traditional reindee	nserve ions in to	Yellow
		3)	linked to and make	a centralised research da a GIS for the whole Lapo the results of the resea ailable for scientist and v	nia area rch	Yellow
		4)	including processes	the monitoring of the fir the natural regeneration and design a programm he effects of climatic cha	n ie to	Yellow
		5)	both with	e visitor flows and their i iin and outside the park al and economic impact)	•	Yellow
		6)	with the S Parks and the Lapor	linking the Muddus Nation Sarek and Padjelanta Nation I other conservation area Inia World Heritage Site b Topean Diploma site;	tional as so that	Red
		7)	and interarea; organical	the use of the different national designations for anise a workshop with th nternational organisatio f Europe, World Heritage	the ne ns (e.g.	Red

		Convention, Ramsar Convention and National Park Service) with a view to harmonising the reporting and monitoring requirements and the respective perimeters.	
	Conditions		
	Achievements	The management body consider the staff sufficie operate succesfully	ent to
	Shortcomings		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No news on that poi	nt	
Conclusions and action suggested	for its fulfilment sho	the 2021 one in most of its aspects. The staff responded be more accurate, and provide precise and uposwer precisely to the recommendations to evaluate	dated

Name of the awarded area	7. Sweden Sarek and Padjelanta National Parks			Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	27.10.19 27.10.20	-
		start	ed, yellow	liance with the recommo : underway, green: comp ot relevant)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		1)	resources "Laponiat board) in managem transition managem and provi	ufficient financial and hus, including field staff, to cjouttjudus" (manageme order to implement the nent plan and ensure a sin from the former county nent structure to the new de as soon as possible an anslation of the manage	the nt new mooth v board;	<mark>Green</mark>
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2012)3	2)	use the re the excep while allo	the predators' inventorion in the predators' inventorion in the predator population in the Sami population in the predator traditional reindees ctivities;	nserve ons n to	Yellow
		3)	linked to and make	a centralised research da a GIS for the whole Lapo the results of the resea ailable for scientist and v	nia area rch	Yellow
		4)	motor bo particular	onitor the use of snowm ats and other off-road very ly in view of controlling in nd fishing;	ehicles,	Yellow
		5)	number of distribution research impact of (e.g. reino tourism)	ystem for estimating the of visitors, their profile are on over the year and init programme on the longthe different human act deer herding, fishing and on the landscape, and dene to monitor the effects hange;	nd iate a term ivities esign a	Yellow
		6)	build and visitor inf StoraSjöfa Heritage informati Parks; est	equip as soon as possible formation centre in allet for the Laponia Wor site and provide specific on on the different Natio cablish a network of smal on points at strategic en	rld onal ller	Green

	T		
		into the parks and communicate about	
		the different categories of international designations;	
		7) consider linking the Sarek and Padjelanta	
		National Parks with the Muddus National	
		Park and other conservation areas so that	_
		the Laponia World Heritage Site becomes a single European Diploma site;	Red
		a single European Dipionia site,	
		8) reflect on the use of the different	
		national and international designations	
		for the area; organise a workshop with	
			Red
		(e.g. Council of Europe, World Heritage	
		Convention, Ramsar Convention, and	
		National Park Service) with a view to harmonising the reporting and	
		monitoring requirements and the	
		respective perimeters.	
	Conditions		
	Achievements		
	Achievements		
		There is an evident need to update both the	
		recommendations and the information provided	d in
		both of the two Sweden NP evaluated (Muddus	
		Sarek/Padelanta) which is coincident for both sp and from year to year. It is hard to evaluate adva	
		a recommendation if only general opinions or	ances in
		considerations are provided, which besides are	
		repeated year after year.	
		It would be much better to provide shorter but	
	Shortcomings	precise information, for example, in the annual r	
		of visitors and the means used to evaluate them the indices and methodology used to census son	-
		species like bird and mammal predators.	
		From the information provided it seems that fun	_
		not stable enough to allow long term monitoring	
		research and management of the Sweden areas. Financial stability is a must for performing correct	
		management in a protected area.	Cl
Other highlights		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Other highlights worth to be			
mentioned			

To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information provided
Conclusions and action suggested	Urgently update both the questionnaire and the recommendations, and the information provided, especially considering the effects of the Covid 19 pandemic in the general performance and functioning of protected areas in the whole world.

Name of the awarded area	8. Switzerland Swiss National Park		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	27.10.1967 / 27.10.2032	
		started, yellow	pliance with the recomm v: underway, green: comp not relevant)		the
		local leve polychlo	all players at federal, can el to remediate to the rinated biphenyls (PCB) p Spöl river (total clean up	ollution	llow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2022)6	zone of t municipa the exter	activities to enlarge the he Swiss National Park in alities Zernez, S-chanf and nsion of the buffer zone was gate the effects of climat eserve;	the d Scuol; vill in Re	d
		inhabitar the preso sheep-br measure with the	to raise awareness amounts, municipalities and visence of large carnivores, reeders in applying preves, and work in close co-o Hunting and Fishing Deputy of Graubünden;	sitors, of Ye support ntive peration	illow
		4) while kee good cor financial actual ch road traf calamitie pollution	eping traditional monitor adition, further develop a ly secure research focusing allenges (e. g. influence of fic, visitors, neophytes, nes, polychlorinated biphera, noise landscape) and is management decisions;	nd ng on of II Fuorn atural nyls (PCB)	:llow
		neighbou operatio to establ	the co-operation with thuring Stelvio National Par nal level and seek for posish strategic cooperation toth management author	k at Ye sibilities at the	llow
		6) include t Diploma	he Macun area to the Eu and consider including th g part of the Biosphere R	ropean ne	:d
		regularly	e visibility to and use mo the European Diploma lo ons and appropriate ctures.	ogo on	llow

	Conditions	
	Achievements	
	Shortcomings	Recommendation 4: more information is needed to evaluate advances Recommendation 7: none or confuse information provided
Other highlights worth to be mentioned		
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No useful informatio	on provided
Conclusions and action suggested	•	ovide more precise and targeted information in the , in order to let the evaluator in charge carry out a more appraisal.

Name of the awarded area	9. Italy Abruzzo, Lazio e Molise Park Provide an assessmen		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	27.10.19 26.11.20 amendation	22
			yellow: underway, greer which are not relevant)	ı: complete	ed
		1) begin actio bear facilit PNAL 2) conti withi secto deem interest the b	implementation of the F n plan for the protection population as soon as po cated by the administration	of the ssible, on of the clusion ea of the lical specially	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2012)10 5)	econd by th the P to its 4) subst finan scien tailor	omic and social developme end of 2012, as schedu NALM administration, wi early implementation; antially increase the humicial resources earmarked tific activities in the PNAL them to the complex pronther the Park will be facing on the Park will be facing of	nent plan led by th a view nan and for LM and oblems	Red Yellow
		next capacits co assign 5) consi	few years; ensure that its cities are such that it can nservation and monitorinments appropriately; der the possibility of inst chnical personnel to recotions of the PNALM regulations	general carry out ng ructing rd any	
		contr linkin conse popu 7) make touris	ch discussions on the need of colled management of recolled management of recolled management of recolled management of recolled management of the state of the chamois lation; as special effort to suppose a special effort to suppose a sctivities around the factory;	d deer, cate of ort rural	Red
			th discussions with local r e issue of stock and wildl ng.	-	Green Red

	that the PNALM National Park management plan be finally adopted within a maximum period of one year, i.e. before the meeting of the Group of Specialists in 2013;	Yellow
	that strenuous efforts be taken so that:	
Conditions	a) in pursuance of Italy's Framework Law on Protected Areas, peripheral zones are created on the territories of the Abruzzi and Molise regions by the end of 2013, and that regulations on hunting, which take account of the need to minimise disturbance to bears during the autumn, are introduced in these zones and applied with effect from, at the latest, the 2013-2014 hunting season;	Green
	b) the regulations prohibiting livestock farming within zone A of the National Park are applied absolutely and without delay, and that local elected representatives are made aware of this matter;	
	c) consultation begins without delay with the municipal authorities of the National Park municipalities on physical closure of those access routes to the diploma-holding area which are most critical from the viewpoint of the conservation of large animals; this consultation should lead to closure arrangements and appropriate regulations, taking account of the rights of local third parties, being adopted by the end of 2013;	
Achievements	Significant advances in the preparation and approval of the management plan Significant advances in the research funds as The monitoring of the fauna and flora, partic species with indicator value –endemic specie amphibians, butterflies, golden eagle, etc- as bear population seems to be adequate and comprehensive	cularly es,

	Shortcomings	d) Lack of information concerning the regulations prohibiting livestock farming within zone A of the National Park are applied absolutely and without delay, and that local elected representatives are made aware of this matter;	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	The park seems to face with accuracy seriously the problem of the alien invasive species The natural rewilding of the otter is of great importance, and an indicator of the good state of conservation of the park It is worth noting the relevance that the park gives to the scientific research The projected increase of the strict reserve areas, which will growth from the current4400 ha to more than 14.000 is rather significant The presence of bears, including nursing females in the periphery of the park is significant of the good state of the population, but at the same time the expansion of the species well beyond the protected area is a challenge for the conservation of the species and the dealing of the conflicts which will arise in the near future The annual report is comprehensive and informative, congratulations to the		
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information afforded		
Conclusions and action suggested	In general terms, the annual report can be qualified as excellent, comprehensive and full of sound information, answering precisely the conditions and recommendations addressed to the management body.		

Name of the awarded area	10. Germany Wollmatinger Ried Untersee- Gnadensee Nature Reserve		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	29.11.196 28.11.202	-
		arted, yellow	liance with the recomme : underway, green: comp ot relevant)		
		authorit harmon protecti to exter Unterse the Stat water zo	peration with the Swiss cies, assess the possibilities, assess the possibilities the regulations for the on of nature on both should the Wollmatinger Riece e-Gnadensee Nature Ree border in order to enlage to the control of the which is especially in the cow water periods in wing the control of the control	ne ores and d serve to orge the mportant	Red
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2019)1	connect the hint Ried Un Reserve of the tr enlarge nature r compen continu	the efforts to improve the cions between protected erland and the Wollmati tersee-Gnadensee Natural in connection with the crunk road B33, including ment and/or adaptation reserve's boundaries; is sation measures should ed, and the construction ed out with the least impreceded area;	sites in inger re extension the of the be has to	Bvbjt g Yellow
		mainly S Bay, und treaty b Switzerl quality o	ery in the most sensitive schläuche and southern der the provisions of the etween Germany and and, with the aim to import this area as a breeding place and moulting are	Hegne bilateral prove the ground,	Red
		betweel area bo limited the path Unterse	n the still existing cycle p n the B33 road and the p undaries, which is only u number of cyclists, and i n into the Wollmatinger e-Gnadensee Nature Re more efficient control of by bike;	orotected sed by a nclude Ried serve to	Red

		reduce or stop disturbances to the protected area caused by leisure activities and sports through awar raising and dissemination of inforto boat rental companies, and to balloon and Zeppelin tour opera	erareness ormation Yellow o hot-air
		protected area, their potential for extension and the need for suffice buffer zones to meet the objection the protected areas when examination further extension of building are communities concerned.	or cient ves of Yellow ning the
		of enlarging the strict core zones Wollmatinger Ried Untersee-Gn Nature Reserve and report to th Secretariat of the Bern Conventi 2024;	s of the adensee e
	Conditions	el) reject any proposals or plans ain eliminate naturally formed barri as the <i>Schnegglisand</i> and silting and to enable undisturbed natur processes without human interv a larger area, except in cases of interest, for example flood prote	ers such areas ral Yellow ention in public
		draft and adopt a management meeting the provisions and objethe European Diploma for Protections and addressing the recommendations attached to the renewal of the diploma by 2022;	ctives of cted Yellow
	Achievements	The scientific and technical informa he drafting of the management plar nd updated	
	Shortcomings	decommendation 6: despite the poto the urban development have been described, no action has been adopt threat to interesting habitats and the disturbances to the area	etected and ed to prevent the
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	There is a call to the Council of Europe for a corresponding extension of the deadline for the submission of the new management plan, which seems reasonable considering the advances observed in its implementation		
To what extend the visibility of the	No information includ		

European Diploma has been improved?	
Conclusions and action suggested	It seems there is a need to advance steadily towards the implementation of the management plan, which should define buffer zones for the area to protect it from active peripheral urban development, eutro- and anthropication.

Name of the awarded area	11. Netherlands Boschplaat Nature Reserve		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	02.07.19	030	
		start	ed, yellow	oliance with the recomm : underway, green: com not relevant)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)2	1)	"Vision for of Europe about the the diplor	cate the final version of or De Boschplaat" to the e, together with informate revised management pma-holding and Natura 20ecember 2022;	Council tion lan for	Yellow
		2)	 review annually the grazing in De Groede, and adjust its intensity and the boundaries of grazing areas as necessary so as to retain the biodiversity value of this section of De Boschplaat Nature Reserve; 		cessary ue of	Green
		3)	financial rand time-	e requirements for addit resources to undertake t limited research, monito ational activities;	argeted	Yellow
		4)	and contr alien spec	trategy for the manager ol (or eradication) of inv cies on De Boschplaat to in the future manageme	asive be	Yellow
		5)	involved in and, if an agencies	contact with all agencies in marine accident preve incident does occur, wit involved in the minimisa is of the accident on De at;	ntion h	Green
		6)	Dutch and and demo	e information available to international visitors, sonstrating the conservat mportance of De Bosch	tressing ion and	Yellow
	Conditions					
	Achievements		The approach adopted to establish the grazing pressure of cattle on the area, involving both scientists and the farmers, seems the most adequate			

	Shortcomings	Recommendation 4: the report says that in 2022 a student made an investigation of all the invasive species and their locations on Terschelling, including the Boschplaat. He also described ways to eliminate them. Staatsbosbeheer will submit this plan to the national nature restoration funds. A preliminary study prepared by a student do not seem the most adequate tool to face the problem of invasive species, even less to use it as an official application for specific funds. A much more comprehensive and scientifically-sound approach should be adopted to confront the problem of Invasive Alien Species in wetlands The consideration of the annual lost of beach due to marine erosion as a natural phenomenon, thus not deserving special attention, do not seem appropriate, even not considering the effect of rising sea level due to climate change, thus of anthropic origin. If the beach and sand dunes are to be preserved, some actions should be considered and probably adopted
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	The careful use of the cattle as a management tool of the sand and dune vegetation, taking into account the breeding season of nesting birds, is outstanding and seems a remarkable management success.	
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information provided	
Conclusions and action suggested	If every year the Boschplaat is getting 50-100 meters shorter, some actions might be adopted, or the area would increasingly be endangered	

Name of the awarded area	12. Germany Siebengebirge Nature Rerserve		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	22.09.1971 / 21.09.2021 (Extended until 2024)	
		arted, yellow: ui	nce with the recommend nderway, green: completent)		
		area, the (Verschön Siebengeb fully satisf	changes in the managem leading role of the VVS perungsverein für das pirge), whose work to dat factory in the eyes of the mould be maintained;	e has been	<u>Green</u>
			new financial plan togetl munities and the Rhein-S		Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2011)10	·	the provision of financial Rhine Westphalia goverr		Green
			great vigilance regarding onstruction of new roads		Green
		roads cros consider t	disturbance caused by trassing the Siebengebirge a he setting up of a system for visitors;	rea and	Yellow
		extending guarantee beauty, fe	investigating the possibili the wilderness area so a the preservation of the eatures, resources and bio bengebirge as a protected	s to natural odiversity	Green
		7) encourage scientific	e the continuation and ex research.	tension of	Green
	Conditions	years in o of the res	p a management plan wit rder to guarantee the pre erve and its cohesion with a of the nature park.	eservation	Green
	Achievements	C1 & R1 & R3 & R4 & R6 & R7: Realized. R2: In progress; no changes compared to last year. R5: In progress; two pollards will be installed at diff entrances to the Drachenfels road in order to block driving. R6: Wilderness area was extended by another 50 h			illegal

	Shortcomings
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	Visitor numbers and pressure on the nature reserve have increased overall due to the pandemic. For the benefit of the Nature Reserve, the VVS aims to think of measures to upgrade other parts of the area and render them attractive. They consider it as their task to intensify efforts to decentralize the influx of visitors, manage visitor flows and create alternative attractions.
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No change. The European Diploma Award will continue to be used in all public relations activities of the VVS (e.g. VVS homepage, publications, leaflets, excursions, press releases, etc.).
Conclusions and action suggested	Good progress in implementing of the conditions and recommendations.

Name of the awarded area	13. Germano/Luxembourg Germano-Luxembourg Nature Park;		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma 26.10.73 / 25.10.2028		
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations of the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (delete the assessments which are not relevant) 1) pursue and develop cross-border co-				
			e and develop cross-border cion and collaboration and st adapted form of transfra- tion, including the formula on mid- and long-term devives and the reactivating of overnmental committee, a priate;	explore ontier co- ation of velopment f an s	Tellow
			was agreed to develop a co cross-border goals and co or the area of the German- rg Nature Park. Also in 202 e cross-border working gro ory process for the develop dministrative structure in the committee was initiated.	ncrete 22, on the oup, the oment of a he sense	
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the		manag Naturp and pe	e that nature conservation gement in the Zweckverbar park Südeifel mirrors the p erformance of the Luxembor e parks;	ractice	Yellow
European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		planned to Rhineland strengther conservati	ature conservation station be established as per the Palatinate coalition agreed and expand nature and spon. Currently, a procedure pression of interest is unde	ment to pecies for an	
		3) make Diplon and br of the of all i websites of websites of the second	more extensive use of the na logo in all information nothers, and explain the rediploma wherever appropenthe visitors' centre and other. It is showed on the Our Nature Park, the Nature & Geopark and Sür	European naterial elevance riate, first n the	Yellow
	Conditions				

	Achievements	Initial steps undertaken to fully implement Recommendation 1.
	Shortcomings	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	In April 2022, the Mëllerdall Nature & Geopark was accepted into the international network of UNESCO Global Geoparks. During the course of 2022, several initiative were launched to raise awarenes among the general public.	
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	The logo of the Diploma is showed on the websites of the Our Nature Park, the Mëllerdall Nature & Geopark and Südeifel Naturpark.	
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing the recommendations	

Name of the awarded area	14. France Vanoise National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	19.03.1976 18.03.2031	-	
		tart	ed, yellow:	liance with the recomm : underway, green: com vant)		
		1)	the optin	dialogue with the munic nal buffer zone to try to join the Park;	-	Red Yellow Green
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		2)	land in cle compete establish medium-	nonitor the management ose coordination with the nt bodies (municipality of mapping and a databast and long-term monitori and use and livestock gra ;	ne other etc); e for the ng of	Red Yellow Green
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2022)2	3)	renewab	nonitor projects connect le energy (hydroelectric In the Park and in the op	ity, wind	Red Yellow Green
		4)	as mount mountair measures	monitoring sports activ taineering, hang-gliding n biking and take the ne s to limit their impact or andscape;	and cessary	Red Yellow Green
		5)	necessar on the ro area of th	h the relevant authoritie y measures to reduce me ads providing access to ne Park and to reduce th ude car parks;	otor traffic the core	Red Yellow Green
		6)	continue monitorii methods results ar findings i	scientific research and ng; ensure that new cou can be reconciled with nd group scientific resean a database that is accers and park managers;	nting older irch	Red Yellow Green
		7)	operation National forthcom Gran Para Vanoise i	nd step up transfrontier n with the adjacent Gran Park. Take advantage of ning anniversaries (100 y adiso in 2022, 60 years of n 2023) to publicise the nents of that co-operation	n Paradiso f the rears of the of the	Red Yellow Green
		8)	stop the	erosion of park staff and take on new workers w	d, if	Red Yellow Green

		 9) ensure that the National Park's research programme and activities take account of the effects of climate change on the ecological processes linked to the long-term conservation of the diploma-holding area's European interest. Research efforts should be coordinated with those of the Gran Paradiso and the findings incorporated in the respective management plans; 10) publicise the European Diploma, make wider use of its logo and promote dialogue between the diploma-holding areas. 	Red Yellow Green Red Yellow Green
	Conditions		
	Achievements		
	Shortcomings		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?			
Conclusions and action suggested			

Name of the awarded area	15. Turkey Kuşcenneti National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	15.03.1976 14.03.2021 (Extended u 2024)	until
		arted, yellow	: underway, green: comp		
		l '	the number of staff to red workload due to the perment;		Yellow
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2011)6	lake's w	the natural fluctuations in ater level, including spring drying up of the shoreling;	ng flooding	Green
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		souther Delta ar	3) set up a small wardening unit on the southern shore of the lake (in the Koçocay Delta area) to guarantee the protection of the area.		Yellow
	Conditions	within o	the revised management one year and commence entation of all actions an ons found therein;		Green
		the lake concern facilities impacts	any development project, its shores and tributarion, its shores and tributarion ing agricultural or industry, to a rigorous environmestudy, the conclusions of the communicated to the	es, or crial ental which	Yellow
		populat researcl	y monitor the breeding be ion of the park, and carry n on the dynamics of the ions particularly at Siğirc v Delta;	y out se	Green
		caused and mo	e efforts to control polluby poultry and livestock to its poultry and livestock to its poultry and livestock to its poultry and of the streams flood its poultry and the stream its p	farming er quality	Yellow
	Achievements	R1: The nun (forestry en	nber of employees increagineer).	ased by one	

		R2: Due to long term monitoring, information is available and the situation is very good. Monitoring is continued. R3: No changes compared to last year's report. C1: Plan is finalized and actions are being implemented. C2: In progress; No changes compared to last year's report. C3: Since 2010 bird population dynamics have been observed and recorded. Monitoring is continued. C 4: In progress; No changes compared to last year's report.
	Shortcomings	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	~	rease in bird number (Fig.1) from 2013 to 2022, but no ent on this. Is this alarming or not?!
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information availal	ole in the report.

Name of the awarded area	16. Germany Weltenburger Enge Nature Reserve		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	03.03.1978 / 02.03.2028	,	
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please de the assessments which are not relevant)				
		extension hectares, Enge, Hir adapt as brochure Prepare a managen	as soon as possible, the form of the European Diplom change the name to "We schberg und Altmuehlleit soon as possible all signposs, maps and leaflets to the and adopt, by 2020, an ownent plan in addition to the 2000 management plan;	a area to 934 Eltenburger en" and osts, e new area. erall	Yellow	
		by larger selected	e effects of wave disturbated boats, on the river bank and relevant species, especies and dragonflicer molluscs and dragonflicer	and on ecially fish,	Yellow	
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)2	3) consider a harmonisation of information boards and a better planning of their distribution across the area and add the European Diploma logo at least to those boards containing information on natural and cultural highlights within the European Diploma area. This includes the information point at the boat landing in Kelheim. Immediately add information about the role of the European Diploma on information boards, at least those at the main access routes;		eir Id the those boards and cultural Ioma area. t at the boat Idd	Yellow	
		illegal mo	and conduct more efficien ountain-biking off the officien n-bike routes;		Yellow	
		viewing p natural va	examine the opening of conts taking into consider alue of the specific site, a umber of uncontrolled ar	ration the nd close	Yellow	
		forests ar forest res cuts of ar exploitati heavy ma	nphasis on the natural such the development of mo serves in the total area an my size. Minimise commer on of forests and stop the archinery in forestry mana- aly assess any intervention	ore natural d avoid clear cial e use of gement.	Yellow	

	forest around the Befreiungshalle and refrain from any forest management that cannot be considered ecological;	V. II
	 recognise the need for professional, on-site supervision of the area, including fieldwork by professional and permanent staff, and envisage an increase in capacity of permanent supervision staff; 	Yellow
	8) assess the technical possibilities and financial support for restoration of the Klösterl cultural monument.	Red
	1) conduct an expertise on legal options to stop or at least regulate disembarking of private boats on the right bank of the Danube between the Weltenburg landing place and river kilometre 2416, and to ban overnight camping and campfires in the whole European Diploma area. Report to the Council of Europe by 2020 at the latest;	Green
Conditions	2) extend, wherever ecologically and touristically worthwhile and as soon as possible, the stricter regulations of the decree on the Nature Reserve Hirschberg und Altmuehlleiten to the area of the Nature Reserve Weltenburger Enge to make the rules more comprehensible for visitors and supervision more effective, and to underline the unity of both sites as an ecological entity;	Green
	3) take more responsibility for the preservation of the archaeological monument Keltenwall (Celtic wall) and stop further damage and erosion through visitor management or appropriate installations to limit hiking and mountain-biking on the monument, in cooperation with the government agency for monument conservation;	Yellow
Achievements	R1 & C2: The merger of the nature reserves has been completed and the new Nature Reserve Ordinance ca into force. Essentially, the respective stricter regulation were extended to cover the entire area and reworded where necessary. R3 & R4 & R5 R6 & R7: In progress. C1: According to the new Nature Reserve Ordinance in now forbidden to camp, stay overnight or make fires in entire area. Moreover, in the newly introduced core at the nature reserve, a rule of keeping to roads and tracapply in the future. Only areas in the core area that are	t is in the area of cks will

explicitly marked on the maps appended to the Ordinance may be entered. This means that walking is prohibited on the right bank between the Weltenburg landing place and river kilometre 2416, and also on further parts of the left bank. C3: With the new Nature Reserve Ordinance walking on the southern end of the Celtic wall which is inside the core area, is prohibited. The entire length of the Celtic wall is also marked as unsuitable for cycling. On this basis, in the spring of 2023 there is to be a channelling of visitors with prohibition and information signs, as well as barriers that prevent bicycles from entering. These measures on the Celtic wall will be implemented in agreement with the responsible district archaeologist. The success of the measures will be monitored in the coming years. R2 & R8: No changes compared to last year. **Shortcomings** R1: In addition to the Natura 2000 management plan, a comprehensive Ecological Other highlights Development Concept for the Danube from 2016 is already on file, which is still worth to be considered to be well-founded. Therefore the preparation of a further general mentioned management plan is not considered to be a pressing issue at this time. The merger of the nature reserves "Weltenburger Enge" and "Hirschberg und Altmühlleiten" to form the Nature Reserve "Weltenburger Enge, Hirschberg und Altmühlleiten" has been completed and the new Nature Reserve Ordinance came into force. This will probably have a positive impact on all conditions and regulations and beyond. After completion of the procedure for merging the protected areas "Weltenburger Enge und Hirschberg" and "Altmühlleiten", the administrative agency of the National Natural Monument, which is currently being set up, is responsible for the National Natural Monument and related tasks concerning the directly adjoining nature reserve. So far the positions of director of the administrative agency and head of the environmental education department have been staffed. Additional positions are planned. The new director of the administrative agency of the National Natural Monument takes over the role of contact partner for the European Diploma area. The very experienced nature reserve manager moved to the administrative agency of the National Natural Monument where she has become head of the environmental education unit. To what extend the For the National Natural Monument and for the new Nature Reserve visibility of the "Weltenburger Enge, Hirschberg und Altmühlleiten" all information boards and **European Diploma** the visitor channelling concept will be updated after conclusion of the protected has been improved? area procedure and, where necessary, supplemented with information on the role of the European Diploma. Good progress in implementing most of the conditions and recommendations, **Conclusions and** especially with the introduction of the new Nature Reserve Ordinance. Of great action suggested interest regarding the actual pressure of use in the area will be the expert inspection.

Name of the awarded area	17. Greece Cretan White Mountains National Park (Samaria)		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	13.09.1979 12.09.2029	-
		started, yellow	oliance with the recommer: underway, green: comp not relevant)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		of the per recognising Samaria N funding of implement continue ecosyster	as quickly as possible to to nding presidential decree ng the new boundaries on National Park; adapt acco of the management board ntation of the management the monitoring of species ms, including in particula	f the ordingly the d and the ent plan; s and r the	Yellow
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2019)9	the main mountain to make s accessible new eme combatin reopened	ertain number of side traitrail for several purposes neering, b. for scientific resome historical buildings of for rehabilitation, and orgency paths for rescuing fires. The access to the trails should be prohibited strictly regulated;	s: a. for esearch, c. or ruins d. to create g people or se newly	Yellow
		observed	d apply measures to revi invasion of old olive gro t to the village of Samari	ves by pine	Yellow
		wildernes the limits retain a s	the current extent and q ss, excluding any new roa of the Samaria National imilar situation as far as unding areas;	nds within Park, and	Yellow
		accessibil people up	ropriate measures to faci ity of the national park fo to 2.5 km from the sour of the park.	or disabled	Yellow
	Conditions	None.			
	Achievements	R1 & R2 & R3	: In progress.		

	Shortcomings	R4: Following a relevant Ministerial Decision conditions and restrictions for the protection of the roadless area of Lefka Ori were set for a period of 2 years. In particular, in an area of 382,06 km2 covering the largest part of the National Park of Samaria the construction of new roads for motorized vehicles or any other kind of technical intervention, change or alteration of the natural environment, is prohibited. R5: Within three years, a route of approximately 2 km, starting from the southern entrance of the gorge, will be improved in order to become accessible to people with disabilities that require a wheelchair.				
Other highlights	The "Natural Enviror	nment and Climate Change Agency"(NECCA), supervised by				
worth to be	the Ministry of Envir	onment and Energy, replaced and integrated all the former				
mentioned	of Samaria National took place in March year 2022 can be ch	of Protected Areas of Greece. The abolishment of the MB Park and its integration as a Management Unit of NECCA 2022. Since NECCA is a recently formed Organization, the aracterized as a transitional period in which emphasis was nation of its local units and the preparation for the next I.				
To what extend the	No changes compared to last year.					
visibility of the European Diploma						
has been improved?						
Conclusions and		Good progress in implementing most of the conditions and recommendations.				
action suggested	One needs to keep a (NECCA).	in eye on the effects of the transition to another authority				

Name of the awarded area	18. United Kingdom Minsmere Nature Reserve		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	13.09.197 13.09.202	•
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations are conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (pleas delete the assessments which are not relevant)			ise	
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2019)5	bracken vopposed of restoration of the minimum record of order to a	wherever possible, the invite mechanical means, a to the use of herbicides; ation of big areas, the use products should be limited possible extent and a cathis practice should be known assess and cope with possible side effects; specific so	in cases of ed to the reful ept in sible	Yellow

		research on this issue should be carried out;	
		2) pursue efforts to mitigate the effect of the rise in the sea level; explore the possibility of restoring the lost habitats in other parts of the reserve; envisage compensatory measures; carefully monitor indicative plant and fauna species and duly register and scientifically characterise the changes observed;	Yellow
		 continue the land purchase policy; in the absence of opportunities to acquire new plots, establish long-term agreements with the land owners of selected areas to improve their contribution to biodiversity conservation and/or restoration; 	Yellow
		4) maintain the surveillance of alien species of flora, especially controlling and managing the pirri-pirri bur (<i>Acaena novaezelandiae</i>) and pursue the control of the American mink (<i>Mustela vison</i>).	Yellow
	Conditions	1. with regard to the project for a third reactor at the Sizewell nuclear power plant (project Sizewell C), carry out a proper Strategic Environmental Assessment and an Environmental Impact Assessment according to international standards; the results of these assessments should ensure that the construction of the new reactor will not be to the detriment of the Minsmere Nature Reserve;	Yellow
	Achievements	R1 & R2 & R4: In progress.	
	Shortcomings	R3: No appropriate land purchase opportunities.	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	to build Sizewell C. T that the application water supply, which RSPB believes that o detriment of the pro	nent announced the decision to approve the application in the second in	ding out not

	including the County Council, Natural England, Environment Agency and constituency Member of Parliament.
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No change compared to last year.
Conclusions and action suggested	Good progress in implementing most of the conditions and recommendations. Of great concern is the project for the third reactor at the Sizewell nuclear power plant.

Name of the awarded area	19. United Kingdom Beinn Eighe National Reserve	Nature	Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	26.05.1983 / 25.05.2028	,			
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and to conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please of the assessments which are not relevant)							
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		of the im National (2015-20	comprehensive mid-term aplementation of the Bei Nature Reserve Manage 126) in 2020 and revise t the plan as appropriate;	nn Eighe ement Plan	Green			
		an appro adaptati	a revised management popriately long-term view on to the effects of climand of 2026;	based on	Yellow			
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)19	3) ensure the continuance of monitoring of, and research on, the flora and fauna for the conservation of the native species, to derive appropriate performance and conservation indicators, and to assess the effects of climate change;		Yellow				
		stakehol strategy the infra develope national	nd implement with local ders a tourism developm and a prioritised action structure of facilities cared for the benefit of both nature reserve and the ong of the people who live	nent plan so that n be n the economic	Yellow			
		educatio biodivers	further awareness-raisir nal activities on the role sity and ecosystem servi rly targeting children an	of ces,	Yellow			
	Conditions	None.						
	Achievements	equipped wi own electric achieve the i	uilding is being construct th a large PV system tha ity from renewable sour net zero targets. It was a harging station to encou	t will generate ces and helps t Iso installed a	its to n			

		R3: Besides all the other monitoring work this year there was a study into the rare Juniper heath habitat on Beinn Eighe. R4 & R5: In progress.					
	Shortcomings						
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	- Budgets are likely to confirmed!	2448616 4.6 me., to 26 3.8 m. 2013, 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10					
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information availa	ble.					
Conclusions and action suggested	Good progress in impl	ementing of the conditions and recommendations.					

Name of the awarded area	Purbeck Heritage Coast			Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	21.06.198 20.06.202	-	
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations an conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)						
		1)	continuin	propriate funding incent g environmentally friend ent of the landscape;		<mark>Red</mark> Yellow Green	
		2)	transport	and improve public ation and more sustaina of transport, particularly ed sites;		Red Yellow Green	
To what extend the conditions and	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2019)4	3)	determine environm strategy s with the I to avoid a quality of	he number of visitors in order to e their impact on the ent; a visitor-management should be prepared for the areas argest number of visitors in order any negative impact either on the the recreational experience or on al treasures of the Purbeck Coast;		Red Yellow Green	
recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma		4)	the habita	further investments to in at and landscape connec e Purbeck Heritage Coas	tivity	<mark>Red</mark> Yellow Green	
to this area have been tackled?		5)	species ar encourage and produ	the monitoring of the mand habitats in the area a e partners to co-ordinate uce high-quality data for sloma-holding area;	nd e efforts	Red Yellow Green	
		6)	control of in the Pur the Canac	udies focusing on the bid invasive alien species of beck Heritage Coast, pa da goose and the sika de necessary, prepare a stra control.	ccurring rticularly er, and if	Red Yellow Green	
	Conditions	1)	between Perenco a	at the terms of the agre- Dorset County Council a are strictly adhered to; P ntinue to work to the hi	nd erenco	Red Yellow Green	

		 ensure that the enlargement of existing quarries or the opening of new quarries conform to the "exceptions" principle that they should only be permitted if they do not impair the character of the Purbeck Heritage Coast as a result of any one or a combination of the following: the scale and duration of the project; the negative impact on the landscape, wildlife and the enjoyment of the area by the public or local communities; the practical impossibility of achieving satisfactory restoration and aftercare within a period of five years following the cessation of work; 	Red Yellow Green
	Achievements		
	Shortcomings		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?			
Conclusions and action suggested			

Name of the awarded area	21. United Kingdom Fair Isle National Scen		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	23.09.198 21.09.203	30		
	conditions: red: not st	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations ar conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (pleas delete the assessments which are not relevant)					
		1) consider lobsters or at lea	a ban on fishing and cat within the marine prote st in a scientifically defin	cted area ed area;	Red		
		,	the inclusion of the mand area into the Europea site;		Yellow		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)6	life throi concerni take into conditio improve installati	3) enhance the housing-related quality of life through appropriate measures, mainly concerning renovation and restoration; take into consideration the peculiar conditions of local businesses and improve working conditions through the installation of appropriate manufacturing locations;		Yellow		
		place at	European Diploma a pro the entrance of or inside ervatory.		Red		
		manager 2018, an plan to s develop	review the 2010-2019 ment plan, as was forese de elaborate a new mana ecure the continuous ment and management of Scenic Area;	agement	Yellow		
	Conditions	managei recomm and inclu to climat issue in i	r, in the above-mentione ment plan, the condition endations of the apprais ude specific provisions de te change and how to ad relation to the long-term ation of endemic species of birds;	is and cal report edicated Idress this	Red		
		Diploma and brod	ore extensive use of the logo in all information natheres and explain the reploma wherever useful.	naterial	Yellow		
	Achievements	the 2009 –20	022 the NTS has underta 019 Management Plan fo new draft management	or Fair Isle a	ind		

		to be shared with the Community. The MP is planned to be finalized in 2023.		
		R2: As a first step the inclusion of the marine protected area into the European Diploma site has been recommended to the drMPA Project Officer.		
		R3: Significant progress has been made during 2022 in several housing and enterprise related projects on Fair Isle, with marked quality of life improvements in some instances.		
		C2: It is unclear whether and to what extent climate change and its implication will be a topic in the plan.		
	Shortcomings	R1: There are no information about a ban on fishing and catching of lobsters. As planned, in 2022 a V-notching and tagging programme that will provide stock assessment and fishing pressure data at a local level started.		
		R4: No developments yet.		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	C3: The original diploma certificate hangs on the wall in the Committee Room of the Community Hall on Fair Isle. The Council of Europe diploma logo is also displayed on a National Trust for Scotland sign at North Haven. Increased visibility of the Diploma both around the Isle and in promotional materials for National Trust for Scotland remains a pending action.			
Conclusions and action suggested	Some progress in imp	lementing of the conditions and recommendations.		

Name of the awarded area	22. France Scandola Nature Reserve			Date of the award renewal of the European Diploma		23.09.85 21.09.202 (Not rene 2020)	20
	conditions: red: not s	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)					
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled? Recommendations CM/ResDip(2010)11	† † •	latest, an the new i recomme effective	, by the end of 2013 dimplement as soo management plan a endations and object monitoring of new, ing activities;	n as nd in tives	possible, clude for	Yellow Green	
		i i	order to precessary ambitiou reputation increase	the efforts already provide the manage to funds to manage to manner commens in and outstanding of the operating budge research budget;	r wit he si urate chara	h the te in an e with its octer;	Red Yellow Green
		1 1 1 N 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tax (the r finance the marine si which con everyone the amou is collecte	vards an increase of evenues from which he management of parties) through a review of include extending who visits the site, and of the tax, changed and/or monitoring frisitors carried by s;	n are prote w of ng it t incre ging the	used to ected the tax to easing he way it	Red Yellow Green
		, s t	scientific the site ir ensure th reference	to draw on the wor committee, in orde n a effective way; co lat the reserve serve e point by including onal programmes;	r to r ontinues as	manage ue to	Red Yellow Green

	5)	deepen and widen research, especially on climate change which has an impact on animal communities and ecosystems, both marine and terrestrial; publish the methods and findings in order to contribute to providing solutions to environmental problems in the Mediterranean;	Red Yellow Green
	6)	allow only fishing with highly selective gear and introduce medium- or long-term bans on trammel nets in areas populated by deep-water stands of Cystoseira Profondes and other species, at depths of between 30 and 90 metres, and any other fishing gear (present or future) that has an unsustainable impact on marine ecosystems;	Red Yellow Green
	7)	maintain and raise the awareness of the need to respect the environment in the Scandola Nature Reserve among boat trip operators; any operators which fail to do so before a certain date should not be allowed into the integral section of the reserve.	Red Yellow Green
Conditions	1)	undertake, between now and 2012, the planned extension of the marine part of the Scandola Nature Reserve, which should mean a significant enlargement of the site and more specifically of the integral section of the reserve. This project could be included in the works done in the framework of the implementation of the 2006 Law on National Parks, Natural Marine Parks and Natural Regional Parks and/or thoughts carried out within the regional analysis of Natura 2000 marine sites. In the meantime, take steps to reduce the impact of mooring on the Posidonia beds;	Red Yellow Green

		2)	introduce stricter rules in order to better control tourism-related activities, especially nautical activities, which cause major disturbance to species, in particular certain fish species and osprey, and to anticipate the impact of new economic activities; impose an immediate ban on jet skiing in the reserve, whether supervised or unsupervised;	Red Yellow Green
	Achievements			
	Shortcomings			
Other highlights worth to be mentioned				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?				
Conclusions and action suggested				

Name of the awarded area	Sasso Fratino Integral Nature			Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	23.09.198 21.09.203	-			
	conditions: red: not s	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)							
		ordi the (natio espe and	nati Case onal ecial the	nen the co-operation and on on coherent managementino Forest National Par , regional and local autho ly in regard to visitor man management of wild ungurnivores;	ent with k and rities, agement	Yellow			
To what extend the conditions and			as a	re reserve should continu reference for nature prot on;		Green			
recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		mon polic qual	nitor cy d lity s	and secure funding for a ling programme. National ocuments should encoura scientific research within thank the whole national parts.	park ge high- he	Yellow			
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)15	the I instr requ	buff rum uirer	cial attention to the mana er zone, using all existing ents, taking into account t ments of the UNESCO Wor e and of the European Dip	legal he Id	Green			
		zone	e, su ifica	ny further damage in the b ich as the laying of new ro nt improvement work on	ads or	Green			
		in pr Nati prov (incl addr	repa ona visio ludir ress n co	in the management pland ration and in the Casentir I Park management plan, s ns dedicated to climate ch ng research needs) and ho this issue in relation to th nservation of threatened a	o Forest specific aange w to e long-	Yellow			

		 limit the visits to the core area to researchers and people with a genuine interest in the site and other visitors to the buffer zone; 	Yellow			
		8) use more regularly the European Diploma logo on publications and appropriate infrastructure, promote the European Diploma more actively, and encourage partners and stakeholders to use the European Diploma logo.	Yellow			
	Conditions	None.				
		R1 & R6 & R7 & R8: In progress.				
	Achievements	R2: There are many collaborative relationships wi universities and research institutes for multidiscip studies of the Reserve. In the context of national conferences and in schools of all levels, they proc to inform about the characteristics and significant the integral reserve.	or multidisciplinary kt of national els, they proceeded			
		R4: It is said that interventions on the bands of biogenetic nature Reserves bordering Sasso Frationary limited or missing, in this sense the reserves constitute a buffer zone.	no are			
		R5: There are no plans to change the state of the	se			
		places and make new ski runs or roads. R3: There is information about funding of researc	h in			
	Shortcomings	general, but no specific information about a moni programme and its funding.				
Other highlights worth to be mentioned						
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	stakeholders are push	The Diploma logo is regularly affixed to publications and partners and stakeholders are pushed to make regular use of it in publications concerning the nature integral reserve.				
Conclusions and action suggested	Good progress in imp	lementing most of the conditions and recommend	ations.			

Name of the awarded area	24. Spain Doñana National Parl	k		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	23.09.1985 21.09.2020 (Not renew 2020))
		tarte	d, yellow:	iance with the recommounderway, green: compount)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2010)13	1)	good eco level of it basin), w Framewo measure water us agricultu	s should be made to restological state of the rivers catchment (river basing ithin the meaning of the pirk Directive; all appropes should be taken in orce and other activities, expand activities, in this cate compatible with this aim	r at the n or water e Water riate der to make specially chment	Red Yellow Green
		2)	National	emergency plan for the Park should be prepare atural risks should be d	d and a	Red Yellow Green
		3)	the conse particula eagle, sh action pl	ementation of the action ervation of the flagship r the Iberian lynx and th ould be actively pursue ans for other threatene e drawn up if needed;	species, in ne Imperial d; new	Red Yellow Green
		4)	projects, avail itse scientific the relev such as t Heritage Conventi relevant European	ng the Port of Sevilla de the Spanish authorities If of the best internation expertise and also take ant international conve he Ramsar Convention, Convention and the Bel on, and work closely wi international bodies, in In Union and the Europe ment Agency;	should nal account of ntions, the World rn th the cluding the	Red Yellow Green
		5)		ting of the managemen e started in 2011;	t plan	Red Yellow Green

		6)	the extension of the Doñana 2005 Project to riparian vegetation, correcting erosion problems or extending its scope to adjacent areas of agricultural marsh, should be undertaken;	Red Yellow Green
		7)	the possibility of developing co-operation with other European Diploma sites which are deltas, such as the Camargue National Reserve (France) or the Danube Delta Biosphere Reserve (Romania), should be explored.	Red Yellow Green
		1)	the Spanish authorities should continue to take all necessary measures to ensure that the Port of Sevilla development projects have no significant environmental impact on the Doñana ecosystems. Any decision should be conditioned by the results of a complementary study to the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report;	Red Yellow Green
	Conditions	2)	the Andalusian Government, responsible for the management of the national park and also for water management, should ensure the high quality of water entering the national park and eliminate the illegal extraction of groundwater; in accordance with the Water Framework Directive, it should monitor the status of the aquifer underlying the national park and surrounding lands, the extent of groundwater extraction and the water quality;	Red Yellow Green
	Achievements			
	Shortcomings			
Other highlights worth to be mentioned				
To what extend the visibility of the				

European Diploma	
has been	
improved?	
Conclusions and	
action suggested	

Name of the awarded area	25. Germany Bayerischer Wald National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	19.06.86 / 18.06.2031	
	conditions: red: not st	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (ple delete the assessments which are not relevant)			
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2022)3	with the nature p (Natursc role as fo to streng nature p	he national park administration appropriate legal rights rotection authority, hutzbehörde) in addition prest authority (Forstbehithen its function in the fortection;	as n to its nörde), field of	Yellow
		2) entrust the National Park Watch (rangers) with additional rights, first of all to collect fines in case of violations of the national park regulations, as it is done in the Sumava National Park (Czech Republic);			Yellow
		3) periodica Plan and might be supplem	ally evaluate the National update topics when use documented in a entary volume;	al Park eful. This	Green
		of visitor	ally evaluate the manage s to avoid over tourism areas and react if and w s occur;	in	Green
		ongoing basi deal with any good time.	gement is reviewed on a s, also in order to be abl undesirable developme	e to ents in	
		studies, i been cor those tha of climat	ne continuation of resea in particular those that he iducted for a long time a at are important in the c e change in a broader se invasive species;	nave and ontext	Green
			endation is being impler ver the previous year.	mented.	

	6) dismantle the forest roads that do not function as service roads to a minimum and replace them with hiking routes in line with the infrastructure plan in places where disturbance of wildlife is to be avoided; This recommendation is being implemented	Green
	7) harmonise the hiking routes with those on the Czech territory to avoid a mismatch; This recommendation is going to be implemented in the coming years within the framework of cross-border collaboration.	Red
	8) carefully observe any further plans of installations for the production of green energy in the vicinity of the Bavarian Forest National Park and report to the Council of Europe immediately if impacts on the park can be expected; This recommendation is being implemented. No change over the previous year	Green
	9) make more use of the European Diploma logo in all information material and brochures, and explain the relevance of the Diploma wherever appropriate, in particular in the visitors' centres and on the website. This recommendation is being implemented. No change over the previous year	Green
Conditions	1) the responsible authority of the Free State of Bavaria to apply for the extension of the European Diploma to the enlarged area of the Bavarian Forest National Park; On March 14, 2022, the StMUV received a notification from the Council of Europe that	Yellow
	the Group of Specialists had proposed the renewal of the European Diploma for the Bayerischer Wald National Park and had agreed to the extension of the European Diploma to the boundaries of the area of the National Park as enlarged in 1997.	

In 2022, a further extension of the National Park by about 700 hectares was implemented. The StMUV will ask the Council of Europe to also include this enlarged area in the European Diploma area. 2) immediately stop all interferences in Green the forest in the 1997 extension area, including bark beetle control, with the exception of the buffer zone (Randbereiche) where such measures are intended to minimise the spread of the bark beetle to adjoining private forests outside the national park, and for security reasons; The nature zone of the National Park Bayerischer Wald, in which there is to be no further interference in the forest and therefore no more bark beetle control, was extended in 2022 to 75 % of the total area of the national park. Bark beetle control now only takes place in the buffer zone of the national park to protect adjoining privately managed forests and for traffic safety reasons. 3) guarantee that the same regulations as in condition 2 are applied for the Green enlargement to the east, which is proposed for 2022, without any transition period; This condition will also be implemented on the basis of the approval of the Communal National Park Committee at its meeting on 15.11.2022. 4) take into consideration the Yellow neighbouring core zone in the Sumava National Park (Czech Republic) when designing visitors infrastructure and ensure that the management goals and conservation measures of the proposed extension area to the east are harmonised with those of the adjoining area in the Sumava National Park; Planning and implementation of management goals, conservation measures and nfrastructure for visitors in the

		extension area to the east of Finsterau will be carried out in compliance with the above- mentioned condition in harmony with the management and the core zone of the Šumava National Park, in close collaboration with the Šumava National Park Administration.			
	Achievements	See above Recommendations and Conditions			
	Shortcomings				
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	40 % of the bark beetle infested or by storm uprooted spruce logs were felled, debarked and then remained as deadwood in the forest ecosystem. structural improvement measures were carried out in the management zone: e.g. enrichment of deadwood (20-40 solid cubic metres/hectares), inoculation of deadwood with rare fungal species, cultivation of silver fir (8 hectares) and other rare tree species (20 trees), planting of yew trees (200 trees /10 hectares). 5 hectares of semi-natural spruce forest in the management zone were thinned and enriched with deadwood and other structural elements (snags, root plates). The goal is transformation into the FFH habitat type 9110 (Hainsimsen beech forest).				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No change over the pr	revious year.			
Conclusions and action suggested	conditions and recom require continuous ar Particular attention shathat are currently in return the use of the Europe	ery informative. The implementation of most of the mendations is progressing successfully. Some of them ad repeated measures. nould be paid to those conditions and recommendations and or yellow status and are only in the initial stages. ean Diploma logo in all information material and ors' centres and on the website should be enhanced			

Name of the awarded area	26. Spain Ordesa and Monte Perdido National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	13.06.1988 13.06.2028	-	
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant) 1) pursue the management of the park in				
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)6	A work commenture modificuse and mand Park (PRUG) of Works to imperimenta and Estantial network, the quality of Collaboration (France) has better the Law National of the new Estantial network, the natural estantial network of the n	ce with the Land Use and pent Plan (PRUG) approvious 30/2014 of 3 December of 22 October 2016 white Plan of the National Paraccess point at Pineta visitors centre at Escalona in collaboration with the Park (France); ission has been set up for cation of the Master Plan agement of the Territory approved in 2015. In rove infrastructure for procuain have begun. Work according to the National Paraccelonal visitor center (3,3) work has been carried or GR11 and others to help visits to the National Paraccelonal visitor the National Paraccelonal visitor and public us at people entering the popular people entering the peo	ed in 2015, per 2014 on ee No. ch adopted arks en creation Valley and a and Pyrenees The nother National Ablic use in continues 352,134 Aut on the improve rk. In al Park initoring e.	Yellow	
		aware of in the par visitors th	the rule that dogs are on k if held on a leash, and at they are not allowed h National Park with dog	ly allowed inform to enter	Green	
		continued to	s and communication car inform that within the No st always be on a leash.			

		3) subject to the availability of resources, conduct a study on mitigating the impact of visitors on flora, fauna and landscape, and assess the effect of promoting alternative access ways to the park on the quality of visits in sectors with high touristic pressure. Selective garbage collection is carried out in the valleys of Ordesa and Pineta. The selective garbage collection facility in Pradera de Ordesa has been improved. In 2022, the Master Plan for use and management has been modified to regulate the camping area near the Góriz Refuge. It works with prior reservation and guarantees the proper functioning of the purification facilities available to the hostel. Signage has been reinforced to promote compliance with the regulations	Yellow		
	Conditions None				
	Achievements	See above Recommendations and Conditions vements			
	Shortcomings				
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	new facilities with the Pyrenean frog (Rana endangered species, recover existing wild	ed with the commissioning of a zoological nucleus for the aim of launching an ex situ conservation program to pyrenaica), with the main objective of recovering the providing a sufficient number of healthy animals to to populations in the wild. The sides installed in the Torla Visitor Center for educations	for the nis help		
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information avail	able			
Conclusions and action suggested		s have been well or partly implemented. Some of th enance and additional inputs depending on the avai			

The use of the European Diploma logo in all information material and
brochures and on the website should be enhanced and reported annually to
the Group of Specialists.

Name of the awarded area	27. Sweden Store Mosse National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	13.06.1988 13.06.2028	-
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please the assessments which are not relevant)			
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)4	monitoria The budget of beneficial for The cooperate some extent, and monitoria work. The collabora	ne dependency upon volung and regular maintenant of 2022 has, like recent ye swedish nature conserve ion with volunteers contibut the National Park meng does not depend on vertion with volunteers medenhances local relations.	ars, been ation. inues to aintenance olunteer	Green
		research results ar maintaine relevant s	encouraging more scient in the park and ensure the e centralised in a databa ed by the park or, as app scientific institution;	nat all se ropriate, a	Yellow
		continues aft	ion with different researd er the Covid-19 pandemi at was postponed is now d.	c.	
		National Park	e scientific reports that i c is still on work. e long-term managemer		<u>Yellow</u>
		restoration Lakes for The restoration Häradsösjön in final practical	on of the Kävsjön and Hä increased birdlife; on project in the Kävsjön lake area is proceeding to I phase, and the construc- inplished in the autumn 2	radsösjön and owards the ition work	
		The planned in quagmire by again. Another	milling of the overgrowth lake Kävsjön has been pu er entrepreneur should si anually in January 2023.	n at the ut on hold	

	4) set up a comprehensive but simple monitoring system for the park, to be attached to the management plan; monitor	Green
	carefully the effectiveness and impact of the lake management and restoration, as well as of the LIFE mire restoration project;	
	A monitoring plan for nature types and species in the National Park has been formed 2022 and is being audited. It is soon to be fully implemented as a conservation management tool, but the	
	preliminary version has been used this year. The Swedish Environmental Protection Agency's national monitoring program runs according to	
	plan. A monitoring survey of fungi (macromycetes) mainly connected to the Natura 2000 forest	
	habitat Western taiga (9010) has been carried out as well as a survey of the Natura 2000 species Vertigo geyeri to map its distribution in alkaline fens to plan for site specific management.	
	Also, two follow-up surveys have been carried out: bird inventory in the previous peat mining area "Hädinge", and a survey of vegetation in the restored alkaline fen Björnekullakärret.	
	5) implement the new national system for information materials, signs and trail marking and, in particular, give appropriate visibility to and communicate more actively on the European Diploma for Protected Areas.	Yellow
	The National Park management maintain and enhance information continuously according with the new identity guidelines.	
	There is information about the European Diploma on the website, but the content is to be developed to become even more informative.	
	The actual framed European Diploma is going to be put up in the shop of the new exhibition at the visitor center for additional visibility and invitation for discussion during guided tours.	
Conditions	N/A	

	Achievements	See Recommendations above			
	Shortcomings	The current indication is a 50 % cut of the finances the following four-year period. This situation makes planning of management and monitoring challenging and worrisome, as we might not be able to keep, especially restored, areas in a good status over time due to lack of finances.			
		The planned milling of the overgrowth at the quagmire by lake Kävsjön that was postponed last year has unfortunately been put on hold again due to the contractors not being able to keep their end of the deal and arriving on time.			
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	The continuously generous finances have made it possible to keep an improved management in the National Park, both regarding conservation management and monitoring. An area in the National Park, "SJ-Mossen", has been completed after manually felling trees standing on the dry ridge that it was possible to also put additional effort into improving trails and facilities for visitors				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	There is information about the European Diploma on the website, but the content is to be developed to become even more informative. The actual framed European Diploma is going to be put up in the shop of the new exhibition at the visitor center for additional visibility and invitation for discussion during guided tours.				
Conclusions and action suggested	All recommendations have been well implemented. Some of them need ongoing inputs next years. Good work is encouraged to be continued within the framework of the development of the financial situation.				
	The use of the European Diploma logo in all information material, on the website should be enhanced and the actual framed Diploma put up for the visitors to be seen.				

Name of the awarded area	28. Sweden Bullerö and Långviksskär Nature Reserves		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	13.06.1988 12.06.2028	,
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)			
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		1) pursue th park inclu surround	e efforts to establish a nading both reserves as weing islands and waters; eloping a proposal for a re	ell as	Yellow
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)3	2) continue potential enforce to particular make the to manage. The bird sance authority personal secause of the potential secause of the potenti	to monitor the activities sources of disturbances, he regulations regarding the access to closed are monitoring results easily ers and visitors;	and in as and y accessible d by	Yellow
		land and in w vegetation ar monitored. The results w	map species and biodive ater. Both aquatic specie ad grassland flora is being ill be accessed to manage upcoming management	es, birds, g ers and	
		activities	providing support to fari on the islands, following s of landscape and biodiv tion;	the	Green
		Bullerö's mea	sheep have continued to dows and, as a novelty t ive breed cows have also	his year, a	
		The grassland bushes during	ls have also been cleared g the year.	l from	
		move grazing	nas been built in order to animals to different par direct the grazing intens	t of the	

		The meadows on Bullerö and Långviksskär have been mowed The grasslands on the island Rågskär have also been made available for grazing animals 4) continue the campaign to control the population of minks. The campaign to reduce the mink population have intensified during the year. In early spring 8 hunters with trained dogs visited about 188	Green
		islands in Bullerö and Långviksskär nature reserves and adjacent areas. A total of 26 minks were shoot, and another 7 were felled in traps. It is planed to continue the campaign the next coming years.	
	Conditions	1) prepare and adopt by 2020 a new management plan for the Bullerö and Långviksskär Nature Reserves, including a simple but comprehensive monitoring system including birds, fish, environmental parameters and visitors; The national park is planned to be inaugurated in 2025. A proposal for a new management plan will be drawn up in the coming year and sent for consultation in autumn 2023.	Yellow
	Achievements	See the Recommendations and Conditions above	
	Shortcomings		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	Archipelago Foundar also, the formal man Archipelago Foundar prior to and accordin	land possession of Långvikskär has changed from The tion to the Swedish Environmental Protection Agency agement of Långviksskär have changed from The tion to the County Administrative Board of Stockholm ag to the establishment of the future national park. It is also hired 1 more staff working in the field with accept on the reserve.	y. And m. This
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information avail	able	

Conclusions and action suggested	All recommendations have been well implemented. Both those with green or yellow status, need ongoing input in the following years and others require continuous actions every year.
	The use of the European diploma logo in all information material and brochures and on websites should be enhanced and reported.

No report received

Name of the awarded area	29. Italy Montecristo Island Nature Reserve		Date of the award renewal of the European Diploma	13.06.19 12.06.20	-		
	conditions: red: not st	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)					
To what extend the conditions and recommendations		1)	1) explore, with the help of the International Union for Conservation of Nature Species Survival Commission, the status of the "Montecristo Goat", the needs for its preservation and if its <i>in situ</i> conservation is needed, the ways and means of its integration and conservation within the island's ecosystems;			Red Yellow Green	
		2)	flora, fau evaluate are nece	the monitoring of the mand vegetation until the management accessary for the conservend the restoration on;	nits, and tivities that ation of	Red Yellow Green	
conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)18	3)	island in	ecological surveillar order to detect unde arly enough to ensu on;	sirable alien	Red Yellow Green	
		4)	as far as to be abl	e the remote surveill necessary and feasib e to detect and proh tivities on and aroun	le in order ibit any	Red Yellow Green	
		5)	visitors a existing of possible raising an	iny sensible arrangers a possible alternation of 1,000 per year improvements to award educational activities the public visiting the	ve to the ear, including areness-ties	Red Yellow Green	

		6)	ensure that the resources are secured in a sustainable way to maintain the management of the reserve and to further develop its long-term management plan.	Red Yellow Green
	Conditions			
	Achievements			
	Shortcomings			
Other highlights worth to be mentioned				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?				
Conclusions and action suggested				

Name of the awarded area	30. Germany Wurzacher Ried Nature Reserve		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	19.06.198 18.06.202	-
		started, yellow: ι	ance with the recommenda underway, green: complete unt)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2019)2	connect the high moor, through wa measures in towards the ensure wate Randlagg; Within the framtechnical solution green bridge, the road and remoor were exampled and remoor were exampled and remoor were exampled and remoor were exampled traffic departments. The available definition will be used by a transport to recome asures and the solution of the reasures and the solution of the solution	commissioned by the Regio Authority via the Ministry o en made available to the re	dgauer dd B465, nical ter flow and to the y, various lars, smantling d the esponsible c report) essible	Yellow
		species, to appearance 1143/2014; For years now, invasive alien spappropriate preto systematicals Canadian golde glandular balsa Japanese knotwhogweed (Herait To date it has besides)	be prepared in case of thei	on of and en taken such as), and giant limit their	Green

expected to appear.	
pursue the efforts to create an observation	
tower next to the Torfmuseum to provide an	<mark>Yellow</mark>
additional attraction in the area without	
disturbing the ecosystem;	
The planning process and the construction will be	
carried out by the municipality of Bad Wurzach with	
the support of the Ravensburg District Office.	
Planning is focused on the site near the former	
Haidgau peat works, as this is the most suitable place for achieving the intended objectives, the site	
is already polluted by former industrial use.	
In parallel, alternative sites are being studied for	
their suitability as locations and for nature conservation. The documents required for the	
permit procedure are currently being compiled or	
prepared.	
4) in co-operation with the aeronautical authority.	
4) in co-operation with the aeronautical authority, stop any unnecessary acrobatic flights over the	Yellow
Ried due to their negative impact on the site	
and especially birdlife;	
In the year under review, no flight movements were	
detected in the nature reserve.	
The aim is to secure closure of the 'flight box' by	
legal means. The Ministry of the Environment has written to the Deutsche Flugsicherung (DFS) and	
the Federal Ministry of Transport to point out the	
legal situation and to request that both authorities	
do their part to end aerobatic flights. Response	
letters from both institutions are still pending.	
5) resume negotiations with landowners in order	
to acquire land in the outlying areas – mainly	Green
near the village of Albers – to limit and further	
stop the deposition of substances harmful to this sensitive environment, such as livestock	
effluents or chemical fertilisers. In case of	
inconclusive results, long-term agreements	
should be negotiated to reduce depositions;	
Baden-Württemberg's real estate authority has	
land near Albers. The transfer of the slopes to the	
now completed acquisition of 17 hectares of hillside	

	ownership of the State of Baden-Württemberg represents a positive conclusion of its long-term efforts to take over these peripheral areas, which are important for the nature reserve.	
	6) preserve the integrity of the landscape around the basin of Bad Wurzach and avoid the construction of technical infrastructure on the hills and hilltops in the visual range of the Wurzacher Ried.	Red
	Up to now no such projects have been implemented during the reporting period	
	Nevertheless, the expansion of renewable forms of energy presents a challenge, as a forest owner has expressed interest in erecting several wind turbines, some 200 m high, on the southern morainic hills of the Wurzach Basin (Hummelluckenwald).	
	As there are no other objective reasons for refusal, it will be necessary to clarify whether the construction of this infrastructure is in accordance with Condition 6 of the Resolution.	
	1) By 2021, revise the 2007 management plan or draft a new management framework meeting the provisions and objectives of the European Diploma for Protected Areas and complementary to the Natura 2000 management plan in preparation;	Green
Conditions	The management plan (MaP) for the Special Area of Conservation "Wurzacher Ried und Rohrsee" according to the Habitats Directive and for the Special Protection Area "Wurzacher Ried" according to the Birds Directive was completed with effect from 1 November 2019.	
	The management plan complements the 2007 maintenance and development plan (PEPL) for the nature reserve.	
	Measures to improve the fen habitats in the Wurzacher Ried are being continuously implemented based on recommendations in the MaP and the PEPL, as well as expert recommendations made by the implementers of the species protection programme and in line with identified opportunities for habitat optimization.	

	Achievements	See Recommendations and Conditions above				
	Shortcomings	The pandemic and cost increases have more or less had an impact on the educational work at the nature conservation centre.				
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	implementing comp	-Württemberg GmbH (Land Settlement Society) is currently ensation measures on these slopes with the objective of crich extensively farmed grassland in the Wurzacher Ried				
	the next 3-5 years. T without fertilisation. leaving rotating strip cattle. Due to constr	sively used meadows are currently in the restoration phase for this is to be achieved by mowing three to four times a year. Thereafter meadows will be mowed one or two times a year as of old grass. The steep slopes are extensively grazed by suctive discussions with the Landsiedlung the slope areas near ged in line with nature conservation objectives in the future.				
	In 2021/2022, for example, tailored landscape conservation management measures were carried out on > 5 ha and fen habitats were optimised. As we reducing shrub succession, contractual nature conservation measures, in particular straw-meadow mowing, will also be carried out there in future. Agreements were made with numerous farmers for the maintenance of the beds in the peripheral areas of the fen. Throughout the reporting year, 25 contractors maintained a total of 134 hectares of wet and straw meadows in with Baden-Württemberg's Landscape Maintenance Ordinance. Twenty-five contractors maintained a total of 157 hectares under contracts of use. Wet a straw meadows, which are inaccessible to agricultural machinery, are mowed the slope mower of the State Forest Service. In the reporting year there were around 20 hectares of mowed area.					
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?		signs at the entrances to the fen along the B 465 through the tindicate that the Wurzacher Ried has been awarded the				
p. 0 3 3 4	In 2022, visits were made by political representatives and relevant decision-re to the town of Bad Wurzach and the Wurzacher Ried. The award of the Europe Diploma was significant in each case.					
Conclusions and action suggested	Recommendations a maintenance or add	very informative and gives a fine idea of the ongoing tasks. are well implemented. Some of them require constant itional inputs (yellow status) as well as the concern caused by rbines on the nearby hills.				

Name of the awarded area	31. Spain Teide National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	19.06.1989 18.06.2029	-
		started, yellow	oliance with the recommon underway, green: comp not relevant)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have	and gene species or so as to a rapidly che. Research into the high mou linking herbive consequences has been four pine forest are proof that the conifers is occuretama del Tesupranubius). Work has also lived specime. The final degram Rodríguez, en del Teide" (Ed. (Viola cheirar)	o continued on the dating ns of Juniperus cedrus ree thesis by Celine I. Gar atitled "Ecofisiología de la cophysiology of the Teide athifolia)), was presented	ulnerable na and flora n in a ange on ontinued, and its tation. It pical of the al park, of at of the rtocytisus g of long- cía s violetas violet	Green
		all non-nathe nation enhance as to ensith that have effect on An IT platform chorological coin the national biodiversity in attention to so (Pterocephalic native, is become the flora of the street	(and annually update) a ative species which are formal park, and either contion commence control means that these non-native abecome invasive have at the park's native flora are that the designed to update on the distribution of all park, as a complement inventories, and with species such as rosalillo dies lasiospermus) which, a coming invasive.	ound within inue, easures so e species minimal and fauna; oddate the fithe flora to the ial e cumbre Ithough	Green

which they grow due to climate change, especially of some non-native species such as Sagina procumbens. In November 2022 a budget allocation of €732,481 was approved for drawing up an inventory of the flora and invertebrate fauna of Teide National Park, to be carried out between 2022 and 2025. This study will undoubtedly provide valuable information on both native and non-native flora and fauna. 3) prepare and implement an action plan for Yellow beekeeping within the national park which aims to reduce the impact of honey bees on both the native flora and the native species of pollinators; and undertake research on the guild of native pollinators to determine its species composition and the conservation status (endemic to the Canary Islands, endemic to Tenerife, native, and whether endangered or vulnerable) of the species concerned; The work continues on incorporating a range of measures into the future Master Plan for Use and Management to limit the number of beehives in accordance with the findings of scientific studies, and to promote yearly set-aside in different sectors. 4) maintain and expand (as appropriate) the targeted programmes for monitoring the Yellow climate and both the biological and geological resources of the national park; Progress continues to be made in climate monitoring programmes, particularly in the development of computer applications that assess the degree of warming as accurately as possible over the entire area of the national park. 5) identify and include within the new Master Plan for Use and Management (PRUG) Yellow actions which have either not been undertaken or have not been completed; Administrative procedures continue with regard to the drafting and approval of a new Master Plan for Use and Management of the Teide National Park by the competent Administration (the Government of the Canary Islands).

		6) ensure that the new PRUG contains both appropriate management indicators and targets and supports the European Diploma for Protected Areas; management must inform the Council of Europe when the new PRUG has been completed and formally adopted by the Canary Islands Government; The new Master Plan for Use and Management includes a set of indicators on conservation, public use, etc., in accordance with the ecommendations received.	Yellow
		7) demolish all buildings (and other non-natural structures) within the national park which are no longer in use, and restore these areas and their surroundings to as natural a condition as is possible; The demolition of the houses of El Sanatorio and the demolition last year of the Mountaineers Lodge mean that the objective set out in this recommendation has been fully achieved.	Green
		8) prepare and begin to implement guidelines for public use and mobility within the national park within one year of the new PRUG being adopted. Work continues on the project to "develop a mobility system and set up service areas at the access points to the Teide National Park" with a view to future implementation.	Yellow
	Conditions	N/A	
	Achievements	See Recommendations above	
	Shortcomings		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	of work on the Cañ The centre was ope designed with unive	nt milestones reached during this period was the comada Blanca Visitor Centre, together with a museum factor on 3 June 2022. Both the centre and the exhibition ersal accessibility criteria in mind and following the crear Master Plan for Use and Management regardinguse.	ncility. On were iteria of
	After a year of very the number of visit	low visitor numbers due to the COVID-19 pandemic, lors began to rise.	in 2021

	It is known that there are several specimens of Juniperus cedrus that are over 1,000 years old in the national park, not only the specimen known as El Patriarca. One of them is 1,480 years old.
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information provided
Conclusions and action suggested	All recommendations have been well or partly implemented. Some of them require ongoing maintenance or additional inputs and are still being worked on. The annual report is very informative and give a good idea of the many ongoing tasks. The use of the European Diploma logo in all information material and brochures and on the website should be enhanced and also reported annually.

Name of the awarded area	32. Germany Berchtesgaden National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	18.06.1990 / 18.06.2030	
		started, yellow ich are not rele	•	oleted (please	
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)4	preparati climate cl in relation threatene The Research operating a n initiated a bid research proje effects of clim time approac A new research disturbances, on forest rege Climate chang mountain farm evaluating wh management continued. Results from a implemented strategies of a	ch project investigating to herbivory and changing eneration has been started ge is challenging tradition ming and thus, the resease hether changes in pasture affect biodiversity has been these research projects with conservation and manages in conservation and conservatio	dicated to as this issue rvation of nal park is ns and has preover, a ch study space-for- the effect of snow cover and rch project eeen vill be tragement	Green
		mountair some of t installing including solution e	om any extension of fore roads and consider dism hese roads, and abstain to additional infrastructure wastewater pipes. If no a exists, infrastructure should don the existing forest re	nantling from in the park, alternative uld be	Green
		3) continue	negotiating with landow or the replacement of for razing;		Yellow

4) search, together with the competent authorities, for alternative locations for the police training centre, and at least abstain from further expansions of it, and continue negotiations with the army to reduce the impact of the army training ground to a minimum; No change	Yellow
5) conduct a scientific study on the red deer population and game regulation, including the plausibility of winter enclosures to gain enough data for future management;	Green
The Research project on the interactions of roe deer, chamois and red deer with their environment has been continued. To study the spatio-temporal habitat use and activity patterns of red deer thirty female red deer have been equipped with radio collars. A similar effort is ongoing with regard to chamois.	
6) conduct a study on invasive alien species and develop a strategy on how to react to the arrival of these species;	Green
No change	
 ensure that the park administration keeps remains responsible for hunting at regional level; 	Green
No change	
secure an adequate budget and staffing for the park administration to enable effective and efficient management;	Green
The budget of the national park is adequate and secure. In addition, specific projects are financed.	
The headcount has remained constant since 2021. There are still many temporary jobs that are to be converted into permanent positions in the coming years.	
The management of the park is effective and efficient.	
9) limit the spotlights of the Jenner cable car to reduce light pollution and consider the construction of a path that is accessible for	Green

	people with disabilities and a viewpoint next to the mountain station of the Jenner cable car; No change	
	10) pursue consequently the conversion of spruce forests into mixed forests, using natural processes and disturbances, for example bark beetle and wind fall areas as foreseen in the new conceptual framework, without enlargement of the bark beetle control zone;	Green
	No change	
	11) make more extensive use of the European Diploma logo in all information material and brochures, and explain the relevance of the diploma wherever appropriate, first of all in the visitors' centre and on the website.	Green
	On the new website the European Diploma has an own sub site (navigation: Natur -> Auszeichungen -> Europadiplom) with detailed description, logo and link to the official diploma-website.	
	Berchtesgaden National Park also communicates the European Diploma on appropriate printed material. The original, framed certificate is presented in the entrance hall of the National Park Administration building in Berchtesgaden.	
	accelerate the finalisation of the management plan currently in preparation and attach a scientific resear programme to it. The Council of Europe shall be inforupon completion and approval of the document, which should be effective no later than eighteen months a renewal of the diploma;	ormed nich
Conditions	The draft of the new National Park Plan was submitted the Municipal Committee for comment in March of the year. In a meeting of the municipal committee, the commerce discussed and incorporated into the draft plan.	this changes
	This draft plan was then submitted to the members of National Park Advisory Council for their comments. To requests for changes were also incorporated into the plan.	These
	The draft plan is currently with the Bavarian Ministry the Environment and Consumer Protection for promulgation.	y for

		Green
	Achievements	see Recommendations and Conditions above
	Shortcomings	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned		
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	see Recommendatio	on 11
Conclusions and action suggested	the recommendation	tions and conditions have been well implemented. Some of ns require ongoing actions. Dean Diploma logo has been enhanced both in information website.

No report received

Name of the awarded area	33. Italy Maremma Nature Park			Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	18.05.92 / 18.05.2022		
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please do the assessments which are not relevant)					
conditioning the		1)	authoritie managem pursuant Directive, ecologica	in collaboration with the es concerned, an approanent of the Ombrone by to the EU Water Frames, with a view to attaining I status for the watercouning of that directive;	ch to the river basin, work g good	Yellow Green	
		2)	extension environm	vithin a maximum of two n of the Park to include to nent under conditions to nent with local players;	he marine	Red Yellow Green	
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2012)9	3)	wetland o	e the Trappola (Ombrona of international importa ar Convention on Wetla	nce under	Red Yellow Green	
European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		4)	the Park in and ensu	ably increase human reso responsible for field insp re a level of funding con asing needs of optimum nent of the diploma-holo	ections sistent with	Red Yellow Green	
	5)	5)	enterpris integrate	echnical support for loca es involved in developin d agro-environmental ac g local products and ser	g ctivities and	Red Yellow Green	
		6)	and enha	action to promote the pr ncement of the Park's logical heritage;	rotection	Red Yellow Green	

		· · ·	<mark>d</mark> llow een
	Conditions		
	Achievements		
	Shortcomings		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?			
Conclusions and action suggested			

Name of the awarded area	34. Portugal Selvagens Islands Na Reserve	ature	Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	18.05.1992 18.05.2027	-	
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please the assessments which are not relevant)				
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		1) revise and precautic species o in the National No changes of occurred and earlier annual	ative introduced vironment	Green		
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2022)5	2) continue lodge and the Natur technolog the capacicontact their fam number of dependen a VSAT phone installed, as v	Green			
		Small reconst carried out at Grande and S better logistic	ruction and maintenance the biological stations of elvagem Pequena, to pro	e work was of Selvagem ovide a the number		
		follow-up paramete the eradic species, the establish validated allowing timeframe recomme specific comproviding analysed,	the monitoring program of a selected number of ers, not only to survey the cation of the flora and fathat must be continued, le monitoring protocols so to generate long series of the comparison among of es in a changing scenarior endation includes the definition includes the definition reliable datasets that, we provide trustworthy infolution, fluctuations and	fe effect of una alien out also to entifically of data lifferent o. This finition of ver time, when ormation	Green	

the seabird colonies, including specific attention to possible rising of the yellow-legged gull population and the evolution and effect on the biodiversity of the microplastics;

The flora and fauna conservation status is improving due to the success of the alien species eradication project (2001 – 2004).

Monitoring of the main actions of this project, is maintained up to present, involving an intensive monitoring on both flora and fauna.

Qualitative and quantitative data is being obtained every year and reports are being produced accordingly.

Although the yellow-legged gull (Atlantic form)
Larus michahellis atlantis should not be
considered an alien species, there is a constant
effort to prevent their breeding on the islands
(Selvagem Grande, Selvagem Pequena and Ilhéu
de Fora). Due to the remoteness of Selvagens
Islands and to their characteristics this is an easy
and forward task.

During 2022, local and foreign scientists develop various research projects in the fields of flora and fauna in Selvagem Grande, Selvagem Pequena and Ilhéu de Fora.

in order to mitigate possible risks and hazards related to climate change and possible large-scale disturbances on the Reserve (like contamination, changes of the rainfall and/or temperature annual patterns, invasive alien species, frequency of extreme events, etc.), reinforce the existing monitoring programme with new technologies like remote sensing, satellite, drones, etc. to follow-up indicative parameters allowing: i) assessing the effect of the climate change in the Selvagens Islands, ii) early detection of undesirable consequences on species, ecosystems and ecological functions, iii) characterising the rate of changes (if any) and iv) predictive models that could be of help to anticipate possible management needs;

No information has been provided in the 2022 annual report



5) considering the vital role of the staff responsible for the surveillance of the Nature Reserve, and the difficult conditions in which they often must carry out their tasks, enlarge and reinforce the warden staff, providing opportunities and offering incentives to young naturalists to join the warden corps and to learn from the experienced current wardens, allowing a smooth transition between the generation on duty and the one that would replace it, without losing their knowledge; Procedure is ongoing to reinforce the warden corps with 7 new nature wardens.	Yellow
6) maintain the dialogue with the economic sectors of the region, namely with the actors of the tourism, in order to not increase the impact of people in a so delicate and vulnerable ecosystem, putting in practice the new resources and technology to maintain the necessary restrictions combined with the better understanding by the citizens of the natural values of the Nature Reserve; envisage drafting a tourism strategy to ensure a sustainable balance between showcasing the natural assets of the islands and the control over the touristic frequentation;	Green
There is regulamentation that approves the conditions for carrying out activities in Selvagens Islands Nature Reserve, as well as the respective Internal Regulations regarding human activities, including number of visitors by activity. Visitors are met by the Nature Wardens, accompany them along the informative circuit and then to the reception centre.	
7) along with the enlargement of the Nature Reserve to the boundaries of the Natural Monument, consider the extension of the area awarded the European Diploma and the protection of the whole water column between the water surface and the deep bottom. The management plans of the different existing protection categories should subsequently be harmonised;	Yellow

	The Selvagens Islands Nature Reserve was enlarged and is now bounded by the marine area around these islands up to 12 nautical miles and the whole water column between the water surface and the bottom water is protected by regulation, Regional Legislative Decree No. 8/2022/M. Once this enlargement, we believe that the European Diploma will accept to cover all this area	
	8) consider making the scientific data collected over the years available to the public; Qualitative and quantitative data is being obtained every year and reports are being produced and published accordingly	Green
	9) increase the awareness of the importance of the geological heritage; No changes occurred and the policies presented on the earlier annual reports still apply	Yellow
	 10) revise and maintain in good condition the restored rubble walls and reconstruct the unrestored (if any). Most of the remaining unrestored rubble walls of the plateau are now well preserved and maintenance efforts are considered one of the priority duties of the nature wardens of the Island. 	Green
Conditions	1) the Portuguese Government should continue to take the necessary steps to preserve the current status of the Selvagens Islands and to unequivocally support the Madeira Regional Government in all matters concerning the nature reserve, in accordance with the provisions of Act nº 15/86 of 21st May 1986 The legal status of the Reserve has not been changed and there are no perspectives that such changes will occur, even considering a far future.	Green
Achievements	See above	

	Shortcomings	None reported
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	islands Selvagem Gro adjacent islets and is 12 nautical miles Once this enlargeme procedure will start of There was a decrease	Is Nature Reserve area was enlarged and now comprises the cande and Selvagem Pequena, Ilhéu de Fora and other is delimited by the marine area around these islands up to ant, it is necessary to review the site management plan. This at 2023 The in the number of visitors and foreign scientists in 2020-everything got to normal, as before COVID-19 pandemic.
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	as well as the websit material, namely info	ctures addressed to the public in general and target groups, e, facebook campaigns and new production of illustrated ormative panels, used to raise awareness about the livagens Islands Nature Reserve, were reinforced with the
Conclusions and action suggested	•	of the recommendations and conditions has progressed ility of the Europe diploma in all information material.

Name of the awarded area	35. France Mercantour National	Park	Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	03.05.93 / 03.05.2028	
		arted, yellow	liance with the recomme underway, green: comp vant)		
		and incl	e to work towards a full cousion of the remaining mention of the characteristic that the characteristic is to work the characteristic in the characteristic is to work the characteristic in the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work towards a full consistency of the characteristic is to work	unicipalities	Yellow
		and mea that the activities research awarene partners	of scientific and	Yellow	
		and othe including	e the monitoring of large or key species on a regula g in co-operation and net ghbouring regions and co	r basis, working	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)17	case of to de la Mo so-called allow the of the pa experier the saming act of and aim	best possible solution in he road of the Bonette poutière" or "route de la Bold" (Requalification Bonette road and the part of the ark it crosses to remain a loce, especially for motorise time diminishing the new nature to the lowest poing to make motorists aways of the national park;	ass ("piste onette", the e") so as to e core zone n sts, while at egative ossible level	Yellow
	5)	boundar Nature F up of an Internat authorit	he co-operation and the y work with the Maritimo Park and further explore t Alpi Marittime-Mercanto ional Park, to be agreed k ies of France and Italy; co towards increasing integ	e Alps the setting- our petween the ontinue	Yellow
	Conditions				
	Achievements				

The work with non-member municipalities continued through: the renovation and inauguration of a new park house located in a non-member municipality; the Park's entertainment program which involves each year both member and non-member municipalities: the distribution of the Park newspaper the organisation of festivals which the mayors of non-member municipalities have been able to attend. The Park continues to seek funding to continue the awareness raising and scientific projects undertaken. A vast sponsorship campaign targeting individuals and companies was also launched in 2021 and continued in 2022 showing very encouraging results. The contract for the pre-study and interpretation phase for the management of the shared road of the Bonette pass was launched in 2022, with the aim to improve the summit path and the entrance gates to the heart of the Park. The the co-operation and the trans-boundary work continues within the framework of various projects which benefit the entire cross-border territory. In addition, the possibility of going further in integration is being considered thanks to the possibility of having the Ente di gestione Aree Protette being transformed into a National Park. **Shortcomings** Other highlights worth to be mentioned To what extend the visibility of the No information included **European Diploma** has been improved? **Conclusions and** The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing the recommendations action suggested and encourages the park management to continued and increased efforts; The EDPA GoS invites national authorities to report in more details on monitoring of large carnivores and other key species. The EDPA GoS urges the Mercantour National Park and the Maritime Alps NP Parks to continue working with UNESCO and IUCN towards a possible crossborder Park;

The EDPA GoS requests the competent authorities to report on the use of the
EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on website, letterheads and printed
materials, and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.

Name of the awarded area	36. Italy Maritime Alps Nature Park			Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	03.05.93 / 03.05.202		
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)						
		1)	recognisi	he feasibility of officially ng the two Maritime and eis Nature Parks as one n		Yellow	
	Recommendations	2)	reserves Crava Mo Grotte di characte	he extent to which small (Ciciu del Villar, Benevag orozzo, Sorgenti del Belbo Bossea) which have very ristics, can be managed a municipal or provincial au	ienna, o and o different t a local	Yellow	
To what extend the conditions and	CM/ResDip(2018)10	3)	L.R.19 29	that the amendment of /06/2009 does not jeopark conservation regulation	rdise any	Yellow	
recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		4)	boundary National setting-u Internation the author	ne co-operation and the topy work with the Mercantor Park and further explore pof an Alpi Marittime-Monal Park, to be agreed borities of Italy and France towards increasing integrands.	our the ercantour etween ; continue	Yellow	
	Conditions	1.	ensure a managemable to carelated to	adequate annual budge reasonable increase in the nent and administration s arry out all the necessary o maintenance, conservate le tourism;	e taff to be work	Yellow	
	Achievements	 The Alpi Marittime Forestry Plan came into in 2022, while the necessary funding was obtained to draw up the Alpi Marittime Pa Nature Plan and the management plans fo Crava Morozzo Oasis and the Alpi Marittim The Management Plans strengthen the 				ark or the	

		 conservation and sustainable management of the Parks. Additional to the PA's core budgets, there are some funds provided by national and international projects. 		
	Shortcomings	 Due to restrictions against COVID-19, the budget for ordinary management was slightly reduced bust staff size has not been affected. 		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	 The efforts to officially recognising the two Maritime and Marguareis Nature Parks as one national park has been continuing at both bilateral international (France-Italy) and municipality level with both the PAs. The parks maintained a high level of cooperation, returning after the long pandemic period to schedule in-person meetings with the management and various sectors. 			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	no information available			
Conclusions and action suggested	Authority has The EDPA Go	quite detailed including five attachments. Te Management been on right track to fully meet the recommendations. Swelcomes the progress in implementing the condition endations and the condition.		

Name of the awarded area	37. Austria Wachau Protected Landscape			Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	05.09.199 05.09.202	-
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)				
To what extend the		1)	managing managen implemen	rantee a sustainable budget for the naging authorities to ensure that the nagement plan can be fully elemented without relying on financial purces from projects;		
		2)	encourage the setting up of a long-term institutional management framework for the Wachau Protected Landscape and Jauerling-Wachau Naturpark;			Green
		3)		e implementation and u inagement plan in a part		Yellow
conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2019)6	4)	approach managem managing	the good practice of a gl to forestry and wild-gan nent (including co-operat g authorities in bordering rative entities);	ne ion with	Yellow
Deen tackieu?	6	5)		the good practice of mainstruction of terrace vine		Yellow
		6)	continue orchards;	efforts to preserve the a	pricot	Yellow
		7)	develop a managen	an integral approach to to nent;	ourist	Yellow
		8)	the appear	ptimal solutions for preserance of the landscape of the l	colours s against	Yellow

		9) use the European Diploma logo more regularly on publications and appropriate infrastructure, promote the European Diploma more actively, encourage partners and stakeholders to use the European Diploma logo. 1) abandon definitively the scheme to build a	een	
	Conditions	i i	een	
	Achievements	 Since 2022, the regions Wachau - Dunkelsteinerwald - Jauerling have become KLAR!-Region (climate change adaption reg which enables further funding for climate change related projects and awareness rais The traditional craftsmanship of dry stone walling was inscribed on the list of intangib cultural heritage in Austria in 2021. To raise awareness, this year a pilot-project with the four UNESCO-schools of the region (in the o		
	Shortcomings	None		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	and public relations	ma logo is used on all relevant mailings, correspondence affairs as well as logo tags are installed at various sites buildings (city halls, <i>etc.</i>)		

Conclusions and	The Wachau Protected Landscape has been also in 2022 continuing to be a
action suggested	real European Diploma holder due to the visible progress in the
	implementation of the recommendations.

Name of the awarded area	40. Hungary Ipolytarnóc Protected Area		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	11.09.1995 / 11.09.2020	
		started, yellow:	ance with the recommend underway, green: complet ant)		
		1) further ex geological palaeonto significant internatio place by n research p	ld be of motion of rities took	Yellow	
		2) take all appropriate measures to preserve and, if possible, exhibit the site's geological and palaeontological resources. By 2025, engage in a careful (ensuring maximum respect of geological and palaeontological features) renovation/replacement of buildings, primarily the exhibition halls along the geological trail. Additionally, renovate the visitors' centre and other visitors' facilities during the renewal period of ten years;			
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)9	taking a co integratio border Nó preserve a assets of t	plore the possibilities of the entral and active role in the n in the Slovak-Hungarian t grád-Novohrad Geopark, i and raise awareness about he region and to further de al information point for ge	e trans- n order to the natural evelop the	Yellow
	4)	tree speciand region native dec Quercus) I process the managem control he Ambrosia game whice	he gradual replacement of es, in particular Robinia pso nally non-native Pinus specifications tree species (for expressive prough ecologically sensitive ent practices. Also take membral invasive alien species artemisiifolia. Continue the chain causing considerable of and protected animal species and protected animal species.	eudoacacia ies with ample, cession e land easures to such as e control of damage to	Yellow
		wooded a conservati settlemen	he balance between open reas on the western side o on area, close to the nearly, to preserve the mosaic sapes there. Maintain the u	f the by tructure of	Yellow

	regional breed/landrace of Racka sheep because of its added value from a historical husbandry point of view, and also to increase structural diversity in the herb-dominated vegetation. For agropastoral reasons, maintaining hay-cutting by local farmers and/or non-governmental organisations (NGOs) should be encouraged. Limiting management of open habitats to the use of sheep grazing alone would change the landscape into a mosaic of patches covered in woody and herbal plant communities (so-called woodland), which would not comply with earlier recommendations (2010);	
6)	replace the power line that runs between the village and the visitors' centre by an underground structure, respecting the current landscape and exhibitions;	Yellow
7)	explore the feasibility of a video presentation, or documentary film on the scientific, evidence-based process of palaeontological science (paleotaxonomy as well as paleoecology and ecosystem reconstruction/restoration). In particular, the palaeontological method which reconstructs whole animals based on "simple" footprints is astonishing and will interest the general public and scientists in other life sciences;	Yellow
8)	as is already done in the rock park, install more visual markers that make links between present and past (Miocene) ecosystems;	Yellow
9)	improve documentation/reporting on the results of management measures through structured monitoring, as well as of public response (numbers of visitors, appreciation), etc;	Yellow
10)	further enlarge local, regional and transnational public involvement and administrative cooperation, for example on the Novohrad - Nógrád transnational Geopark (to be undertaken by the Bükki National Park authorities rather than the Ipolytarnóc management);	Yellow
11)	consider citizen science projects in order to strengthen involvement and engagement of non-scientific stakeholders;	Yellow

		12) continue to make good and systematic use of the logo and slogan of the European Diploma. Green		
	Conditions			
	Achievements	 Two articles presenting the outputs of palaeontological excavation were published in respected international journals in 2022. During the UNESCO revalidation process of the transnational Novohrad-Nógrád UNESCO Global Geopark carried out in 2022, one of the main decisive geosites for the already known positive decision result – the extension of the membership for other four years – was the Ipolytarnóc Fossils EDPA. The new visitor questionnaires have been circulated as printouts and uploaded to the webpage of the site to check on the quality of our services and give option to the visitors' opinions in 2022. German UNESCO volunteers worked at the EDPA by half-year-long international contracts. 		
	Shortcomings	none		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	 The reroofing of Excavation Hall of the geological trail has been already finished in 2022, interior works are now under way. Small scale renovations of the buildings, including the visitor center were taking place throughout of 2022 and the Administration has been seeking funds to repair the reception building's exterior plaster. Enhancing native tree species continued also in 2022. The exhibition in the Ancient Pine visitor center runs a movie about the EDPA's game management, which visually refers to the connection between the present mammal tracks and the fossil tracks of the past. The playful new animation of an interactive touch wall connects through sceneries the present animals to those inhabiting the paleohabitat. 			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	of the site, including media information to	ma logo is exhibited everywhere within and in the surroundings roadside panels leading to the EDPA. All of the circulated ext, brochures and other publications, even the contracts with NGO mention the fact about the European Diploma, this ell advertised.		
Conclusions and action suggested	The report submitte	d is as usually very detailed. The ED GoS welcomes the enting most of recommendations, particularly the visibility of		

Name of the awarded area	41. Hungary Szénás Hills Protected Area		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	11.09.1995 / 11.09.2030	
		tarted, yellow th are not rele 1) develop manage followin a. obje	a long-term twenty-five ment strategy by 2023, i g aspects: ectives for the relative co	pleted (please de -year ncluding the over of	
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)10	grasslands a connectivity ecological properties and requirements be enhanced by these broad requirements be enhanced adaptation processures, endinate charmed adaptation processures, endinate charmed by the second	between them, and the rocesses and other manaquired to meet them; the und evidence of the eco habitats and the ecologists of their characteristic fanced understanding of its for particularly rare are strategies for appropriate or particularly rare are strategies for appropriate on priority habitats, or particularly habitats, or particularly rare are strategies for appropriate on priority habitats, or particularly habitats, or particularly rare are strategies for appropriate on priority habitats, or particularly habitats, or particul	tones and natural agement is should be logical value of ical species; the ecological ad endangered ate species ary; tial impact of species and er with an d-use n, tourism and trategies for nese; implement the lature-based g-term gical interest of ecially with	
		Danube Pilis Ford Pilisszen protecte conserva	e the close co-operation Ipoly National Park Dire est Company and the mu tiván in the managemen ed area; ensure that natu ation is the primary cons s affecting the protected	ctorate, the unicipality of nt of the ure sideration in	Yellow

enhance co-operation between the managing authorities and the local municipalities by:	
a. establishing equivalent trilateral agreements of co-operation with Nagykovácsi and Piliscsaba; and	
b. establishing more regular local forum meetings of officers and also the public;	
3) continue to pursue European Union funding to meet management objectives; ensure the effectiveness and efficiency of project delivery by including the employment costs of the appropriate project staff in the project bids and subsequent budgets;	Yellow
4) where short-term European Union funding is supporting longer-term needs, secure an appropriate, predictable and sustainable budget to ensure stability of funding;	Yellow
5) continue effective game management in line with previous commitments, to reduce populations of non-native mouflon and fallow deer to zero; establish a time line, funding and appropriate methods to achieve this eradication within ten years; and continue to manage native large mammal populations, based on effective monitoring by the Pilis Forest Company. Game management can be effective only with the continuous maintenance of the fence around the area and with a combination of control methods (for example, big game drives, shooting, trapping);	Yellow
6) continue the eradication of non-native tree species, especially the black pine and black locust; especially for the black pine, establish a time line to complete the clearance programme, with funding and appropriate methods to achieve the objective within ten years; and investigate with forest authorities where and how, in appropriate locations, black pine stands as well as other woodland areas might be restored to open grassland, considering appropriate techniques, costs and opportunities, and addressing the regulations which govern such open habitat restoration;	Yellow

		7) enhance the effectiveness of the buffer areas by the inclusion of appropriate regulations in land-use plans to limit inappropriate development; and investigate the practicality of regulating other activities (for example, fly tipping or the introduction of non-native species) in these areas; 8) continue the effective management of visitor	Yellow	
		access for a range of user groups, including enhancing provision away from sensitive areas, such as horse-riding trails and mountain bike routes, where this can relieve pressure on the protected area.		
	Conditions			
	Achievements	 The LIFE project will supplement the Danube–Ipoly National Park Directorate resources for the period 2022-2027. Volunteers were involved in invasive alien species control and eradication. There is a new initiative called Pilis Bike trail network which is a good opportunity to divert bike traffic from the most sensitive area. In 2022, after releasing the anti-COVID measures, there was a high increase in number of people visiting the area. The EDPA managers held many new programmes: family events, summer camp for children, nature birthday party, etc., as well as traditional ones, e.g. programmes for school group including the local children (primary schools, nursery schools). 		
	Shortcomings	None		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned		I ver causing serious problems in the area due the disea o be unfortunately cancelled again in the hunter seasc		
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information availa	able		

Conclusions and action suggested	The report submitted is as usually highly informative.

Name of the awarded area	43. Netherlands Nature Park Weerri	bben-Wieden	Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	11.09.1995 03.06.2030	-	
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)					
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2021)2	1) continue connecti Wieden paying p	to monitor the effects on between De Weerrib on mammals and inverte articular attention to lights, vegetation continuity	ben and De brates, nting	Yellow	
		for fish s continue with a pa strength reserves	nd implement a manage tocks covering all specie monitoring their develor articular emphasis on ee en the ecological function and natural reproduction ura 2000 requirements;	s and pment, s, to n of the	Red	
		their imp	the trends in boating act pact on fauna; consider li number of boats during	miting the	Yellow	
		areas as the proto (Rottige (Staphor between Wieden	with the designation of extensions of, or buffer ected areas, especially to Meente) and south-east ster Veld), and create a the two separate parts Nature Reserve between iger Wiede and the Bove	zones to, the north connection of De the	Yellow	
		Weerribl raise the De Wied by introd	with the renovation wo ben visitors' centre in Os attractiveness of both t en visitors' centre to for lucing texts in English, at ly also in German and Fr ns;	senzijl and his and the eign visitors least, and	Yellow	
		to adopt ensure t Wieden	ing the decision of Dutcl a new definition of nation nat the National Park We complies with the new c parks and continues to b gnation;	onal parks, eerribben- riteria for	Yellow	

		 avoid any use of burning practices when managing reed lands whenever an alternative, equally effective, manageme approach is available and compatible with management goals; 			
		B) give more visibility to the European Diplo logo and raise awareness about its aims objectives on the website of the Nationa Park Weerribben-Wieden, through socia media or information panels in visitors' centres.	and <mark>Green</mark>		
	Conditions	 the development and use of Lelystad Air should not jeopardise any of the Natura 2000 targets or the quality of the Nation Park Weerribben-Wieden; 	Yellow		
	 The plans for the buffer zone between Weerribben and Rottige Meenthe are further developed by the Province of In addition to the development plans possibility has also be investigated as the municipality of Steenwijkerland a bypass around the village of Ossen The De Weerribben-Wieden National website is very extensive and also concern the plans of German versions. In addinformation boards in English and German bear in several village around the National Park. In the spring magazine was published by the National visitors and residents. 	Rottige Meenthe are being ed by the Province of Overijssel. he development plan, the lso b investigated as to whether of Steenwijkerland can construct the village of Ossenzijl. hen-Wieden National Park extensive and also contains man versions. In addition, ands in English and German have seyear in several villages in and onal Park. In the spring, a ublished by the National Park for			
	Shortcomings	 Due to the need for a new chairman meetings have taken place and the f management plan for the larger area been elaborated yet. Burning is still happening in De Wee much less than before. Unfortunatel managing the disposal is very minim 	sh has not ribben, albeit y, the fee for		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	The Dutch Government will not take a decision on the opening of the Lelystad Airport until the summer of 2024.				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	In the management cycle (internal quality assessments), the European Diploma is mentioned in the Nature vision and also in all quality assessments. The renewed information boards in De Weerribben explain what the European Diploma entails and show its logo. Reference to the European Diploma is also made via the Visit Weerribben-Wieden website, https://en.visitweerribbenwieden.com/weerribben-wieden-national-park.com/weerribben-wieden-national-park. The European diploma is mentioned in various reports from 2022 and is also often referenced in studies.				

Conclusions and	The efforts of the EDPA Mangers in visibility the European Diploma should be
action suggested	very much appreciated.

Name of the awarded area	44. Finland Seitseminen National Park		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	the (Extended until	
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please of the assessments which are not relevant)				
		manager (Report o	ne Secretariat of the resument effectiveness evaluon the state of the parks) at regular five-year inte	ations) which will	Yellow
		mires an for the a	the restoration plans fo d forests; continue arran ppropriate grazing of me ge their biodiversity;	gements	Yellow
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2011)8	together biodivers exchange	llitus should continue to people with interests in sity so as to foster the trace of knowledge; scientificatively continue;	ansfer and	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations			co-operation with local ders, especially in the na sector;	ture	Yellow
conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		the reno	the necessary funding to vation of the recreationar services and nature into the further developed.	al facilities;	Yellow
	Conditions	Seitsemi 2014 if tl	nt the new master plan finen National Park and experience is a need of a new unent plan.	/aluate by	Yellow
	Achievements	Management effectiveness indicators (e.g. habitamanagement impacts, condition of visitor facilities trends in visitor numbers etc.) are followed continuously/annually by the EDPA manger. A new entrepreneur took over the Nature Centre offers more versatile services to the customers, e. guided excursions and courses of outdoor skills. Tare rental services of fatbikes, canoes, kayaks, supboards, snowshoes and camping equipment.			and and g. nere
	Shortcomings	None			

Other highlights worth to be mentioned	The National Park celebrates the 40 th anniversary in 2022.
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information available
Conclusions and action suggested	There have been visible efforts to fulfil the condition and recommendations by the NP Administration.

Name of the awarded area	45. Finland Ekenäs Archipelago N	Date of the award 19.06.2	19.06.1996 / 19.06.2021 (Extended until 2024)				
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and to conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please do the assessments which are not relevant))						
		make efforts to implement all aspects of the new management plan;					
		 inform the Secretariat of the results of the management effectiveness evaluations (Report on the state of the parks) which v be made at regular period five-year intervals; 	Yellow				
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2011)7	 3) continue the management of habitat types and species; particular attention should be paid to the inventory of marine habitats and the improvement of the methods involved; and the restoration of damaged communities and the control of alien invasive species; 					
		 4) continue to pay close attention to the recreational facilities and educational issuin particular: improve the safety, quality and quantity of the infrastructure; further develop customer service and interpretation; and raise the public's awareness of nature conservation in Ekenäs Archipelago Natio Park; 	f				
		 review and where necessary renew the regulations of the national park within tw years; 	o Green				
		 deepen and promote the collaboration w local stakeholders, especially nature touri operators. 					
	Conditions	 within one year finalise and complete the approval process of the management plan (master plan), which itself will include pla to enlarge the national park. 					
	Achievements	 The Ekenäs National Park was used as in an assessment method developed 	•				

		 entitled as Assessment of the effectivity of Finland's marine nature conservation areas. New activities to the families with children were developed to Jussarö, in which the European Diploma site manager, i.e. Metsähallitus built a wooden fishing boat. The NP's regulations have been fully reviewed and enhanced 			
	Shortcomings	There were no systematic marine habitat inventories in the National Park in 2022.			
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	New Biodiversea LIFE IP project was launched in Finland at the end of 2021 aiming at enhancing the protection of marine nature and promoting the sustainable use of natural resources in the Finnish marine and coastal areas and coordinating by the Metsähallitus Parks & Wildlife Finland.				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	The logo of the European Diploma is presented on the information boards at the national park, in the National Park brochure and on the webpage of the National Park.				
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in the implementation of the condition and the recommendations for the Ekenäs Archipelago National Park.				

No report received

	47. France				
Name of the	Port Cros National Pa	ark	Date of the award /	30.09.1997/	
awarded area			renewal of the European	30.09.2022	
	Does not apply for th	e	Diploma		
	renewal of the				
	European Diploma				
	Provide an assessme	nt of	the compliance with the recor	nmendations ar	nd the
	conditions: red: not s	tart	ed, yellow: underway, green: co	ompleted (pleas	e delete
	the assessments which	ch ai	•		
	1) ensure that the development of the new Red				
			Grand Parc consolidates the p		<mark>Yellow</mark>
			Port-Cros and that it in no wa	-	Green
			such protection; and keep the		
			Committee informed about he	ow the	
			situation develops;		
		2)	ensure the early implementat	ion of formal	
		~	protection for Porquerolles, w		
			adjoining marine area, which		
			complement to Port-Cros;		
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		3)	consolidate and co-ordinate t	he protection	
			of the surrounding marine are	ea initiated	
			under Natura 2000, and seek	a regional	
			solution to the problem of wa	iste water	
			from boats;		
To what extend		۵۱	and all and an advantage the	De d. Com	
the conditions and recommendations	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2012)8	4)	actively work on enlarging the		
conditioning the			National Park by introducing a partnership zone on the mainland and an adjacent		
award of the			maritime zone, and initiate th	•	
European Diploma			procedure for drafting the Pa		
to this area have			ensuring maximum involvement		
been tackled?			stakeholders;	•	
		5)	continue to assess the impact		
			recreational activities, introdu		
			for environmental load and p		
			capacity indicators in order to	•	
			tolerance threshold of the lan		
			habitats from being exceeded the development and impact		
			activities in order to regulate	·	
			as they emerge; define and im		
			necessary tools for achieving	•	
			and involving all partners in the	-	
			implementation;		
		6)	continue to monitor commerc	_	
			regularly adapt the regulation		
			voluntary agreements with fis	shermen in	

		order to ensure sustainable use of this local
		resource; assess the impact of angling and tailor the regulations if necessary;
		tailor the regulations in necessary,
		7) provide visitors with more visible
		information on the fact that they are
		entering a natural protected area at the ports of entry and by displaying notices in
		the shuttle boats, and place greater
		emphasis on the European Diploma;
		8) continue to monitor and control invasive
		alien species such as Carpobrotus spp.,
		Caulerpa taxifolia, black rats and feral cats, and actively participate in the
		Mediterranean alarm network on new high-
		risk species;
		9) involve the Park more actively and visibly in
		measures concerning sustainable
		development and moderate use of such resources as fresh water and energy;
		10) clarify the formal and actual responsibilities and tasks of the National Park and those of
		the other local players such as the
		municipal, departmental and maritime
		authorities;
		11) promote local reappropriation of the Park
		by developing partnerships with local
		political, economic and voluntary players.
	Conditions	
	Achievements	
	Shortcomings	
Other highlights		
worth to be mentioned		
To what extend		
the visibility of the		
European Diploma has been		
improved?		
Conclusions and		
action suggested		

Name of the awarded area	48. Ukraine Carpathian Biosphere Reserve		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	30.09.1997 / 30.09.2027		
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)				
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2022)7	Carpa more	nue efforts to provide the thian Biosphere Reserve appropriate funding an additional funds from eas	e with d to raise	Yellow	
		2) accelerate liaison with the authorities of Romania so as to complete the process of establishing a transfrontier Biosphere Reserve within the next two to three years;		Yellow		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		and in and a of co- the Ca worki local s	ore attention to the elamplementation of clear ctions plans for the devordinated green activition plans Biosphere Resing in close co-operation takeholders and in line ential guidance;	strategies elopment es around serve, i with the	Yellow	
		adequinforn conce Ukrain legisla regare Conve urged Stand Conve encou	le the Council of Europerate and detailed figure nation and data on the rning the wolf (Canis lune and the enforcemention in the country, espects to Article 6 of the Bention; the State Party sto report on this issue ing Committee of the Bention at its next meeting raged to strengthen its ing the poaching activiting the Diploma-holding	egislation bus) in of that ecially with hould be to the ern g, and efforts on ies in and	Yellow	

	5) devote priority efforts to the monitoring and conservation of the European mink and to the control of the population of the American mink within the Carpathian Biosphere Reserve;	Yellow
	6) follow up the implementation of the conclusions and recommendations made in the reports on inventory and monitoring, and on the challenges and solutions for the management of the Carpathian Biosphere Reserve, published in 2008 and 2011, giving the Carpathian Biosphere Reserve the capacity to undertake these;	Yellow
	7) strengthen co-operation with the local socio-economic stakeholders, including the forest and the tourism sectors, and develop specific awareness pilot activities targeted on them; these activities should address the issue of climate change, and promote local adaptation measures to global warming, including alternative socio-economic measures, such as schemes for green tourism, carbon sequestration and payment for ecosystem services;	Yellow
Conditions	None	
Achievements	 In 2022, a meeting of the BR's Coordin Council took place where important is socio-economic development of the reconsidered, as well as the ecological sithe context of development programme for the future and the mechanisms for cooperation between the BR's Administakeholders. Recommendations on the regulation of for the wolves' population and opposition within the BR are also developed. In 2020, a new forest management programment programment	egion were tuation in thes, plans improving stration and of number ng poaching oject for the equalitative h of the

		by 8,381.6 ha, and currently it is 66,417.4 ha. Most of the newly added areas are covered by the primeval and old-growth forest. In addition, as part of this expansion process, it was transmitted over 9,000 hectares of natural beech and spruce forests within its territory under the BR Administration's direct management which had previously been subordinated to state-owned forestry companies. In the recent years the cooperation between the BR and the local communities had reached a new, better level. It was agreed that part of the costs to be received by the communities from the BR as a land tax, will be used to address the issues that are relevant to both local population and the EDPA holder. These are mostly infrastructural projects (repair of mountain roads, construction of new bridges, etc.) and the projects aimed at improving the awareness of the local population on the BR's activities.				
	Shortcomings	None				
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	 In recent years, there has been a tendency towards an annual increase in the CBR funding from the state budget. However, as a result of the armed aggression of the Russian Federation in 2022, there was a certain decrease in funding, as well as restrictions on spending for certain needs. In 2022, the Frankfurt Zoological Society (FZS) provided significant assistance to the Carpathian Biosphere Reserve: the EDPA holder's current needs in oil and fuel, car inspections, insurance, stationery goods, building materials, field equipment and gear, etc. were covered by FZS. The American mink has never been registered within the BR's territory. The BR has been contributing to preservation of the diversity of domestic animals and cultural plants in the region, in particular by promoting them, e.g. water buffalo. The BR helps to harmonize the relationship between people and large carnivores, inter alia, planning to continue providing local shepherds with electric fences using the funds from international projects. 					
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	Diploma during all m booklets about the re	on actively disseminates information about the European eetings in its presentations, in all the reports and promotion eserve. The European Diploma logo is used in presentations naterials as well on the BR's website.				
Conclusions and action suggested	Federation take place its territory the effor	cions in the framework of armed aggression of the Russian e at a great distance from the BR and do not directly affect t of the EDPA site managers under very nonstandard uch appreciated by the EDPA GoS.				

Name of the awarded area	49. Slovak Republic Poloniny National Pa		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	18.09.2028				
	conditions: red: not st	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and t conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please d the assessments which are not relevant)						
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		land in Si levels 3, progress either lev sylvicultu	develop a prioritised platate ownership to be recaptor of the second of the level in reclassifying the level well 4 (with exploitation bural selection methodologic exploitation);	lassified as significant -3 forest as by a	Green			
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)11	landown or 4, utili	ge church, association ar ers to reclassify their lan sing a single-tree or grou ural system wherever ap	d as level 3 up-selection	Yellow			
		outside t by summ alternati	the management of me he World Heritage Site, her grazing with livestock vely by cutting and remostrom the site;	preferably cor	Yellow			
		especiall tourism, cultural s and supp	h appropriate stakehold y those involved with su to prepare an inventory significance within the nation a prioritised program on of these culturally significance.	stainable of objects of ational park nme of	Yellow			
		5) develop program	effective research and mes which provide data agement of the national s;	helpful to	Yellow			
		a tourism prioritise infrastru the bene	nd implement with local in development strategy and action plan so that the cture facilities can be defit of both the national point well-being of the peoples;	and a e veloped for park and the	Yellow			

	7) maintain co-operation with the other nations which incorporate parts of the Ancient and Primeval Beech Forests of the Carpathians and Other Regions of Europe World Heritage Site, as well as with Bieszczadi National Park in Poland, the East Carpathian Biosphere Reserve and the two neighbouring Landscape Protected Areas – Východné Karpaty and Vihorlat;	Yellow
	8) continue the dialogue with local communities in order to build confidence and foster involvement in the diploma-holding area.	Yellow
	1) by 31 December 2021, submit to the Secretariat of the Council of Europe a detailed report, covering the implementation of each of the 52 actions in the Poloniny National Park Action Plan (Appendix 6.6.17 of the Poloniny National Park Management Plan for 2017-2026);	Green
Conditions	 2) by 31 December 2023, initiate the revision of management and action plans for the Poloniny National Park so that they can be approved (by government resolution, if necessary) before they are due to be implemented on 1 January 2028; 3) deploy adequate resources, both financial 	Yellow
	and human, in order to achieve a satisfactory outcome of the actions detailed in the Poloniny National Park Action Plan;	<u>Green</u>
Achievements	 The detailed report on the implementation Poloniny National Park Action Plan, adopte the Government of the Slovak Republic7h J 2016 (its Appendix 6.6.17 of the Poloniny N Park Management Plan for 2017-2026) was the separate document to the Bern Conver Secretariat on 18 February 2022. The Administration of the Poloniny NP elab documentation for the Poloniny NP zoning according to which it was suggested: (1) Zo with 5th level of protection: 14, 095.6368 h (46.14 % of the Poloniny NP's territory); (2) with 4th level of protection: 3, 077.2400 has %); (3) Zone C with 3rd level of protection: 13,376.0634 ha (43,79 %). Within proposed A and B there are mainly forests in state ownership, only very small percentage is comparable by another land (most of the small meadow 	d by uly lational s sent in ntion orated ne A na l Zone B n (10.07

	The "Take naše" ("So ours") NGO organized in cooperation with the Poloniny NP Administration and Prešov Region Authority a weekend of beautiful experience called "Objavte Poloniny" ("Discover the Poloniny Mts."). The experts of the World Bank elaborated a study report "Unlocking the Endogenous Tourism Potential of Poloniny National Park and the Snina District" on which cooperated also the Poloniny NP Administration. The Council of the Poloniny National Park was established – its 15 members represent regional municipalities, NGOs, land owners, mountain rescue service, scientific institutions, Directors of neighbouring National Parks in Poland and Ukraine and other stakeholders (tourism associations). The Council will be one of the tools which should improve relations between the Poloniny NP Administration and local communities. None Shortcomings
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma	 Many ongoing research activities are part of research and monitoring programmes mentioned in the Poloniny NP Management plan or its Action Plan. They are either carried out by the staff of the Poloniny NP (monitoring of the European beaver, Eurasian otter, amphibians, etc.) or by external researchers (who finance their activities by themselves). Since 1 April 2022, the Poloniny NP Administration as well as other National Parks in Slovakia has been separated from the State Nature Conservancy of the Slovak Republic and became the standalone legal entity directly under the Ministry of Environment of the Slovak Republic (MoE). At the same time all state land plots/parcels overlapping with protected areas in 4th and 5th levels, which to the date were managed by state forest enterprises, were transferred under the Poloniny NP Administration management, namely 8,378 hectares (approx. 28 % of the Poloniny NP's whole territory). Thus, number of NP Administration staff increased Visibility of the newly established Poloniny NP Administration improved – see https://www.nppoloniny.sopsr.sk as well as
has been improved?	https://www.facebook.com/NarodnyParkPoloniny). The logo of the European Diploma is promoted in all the relevant occasions.
Conclusions and action suggested	The efforts of the Poloniny NP Administration should be very much appreciated.

Name of the awarded area	50. Poland Bieszczady National Park Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please the assessments which are not relevant)					d the e delete
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		1)	plans, wi manager a monito performa	and implement three-yethin the framework of the ment plan (2011-2031), wring mechanism based ance and conservation in	he and set up on ndicators;	Yellow
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)20	2)	forests of the Worl harmonist contiguo meadow meadow National	ne efforts to include the f the Bieszczady Nationa d Natural Heritage list; as the management of the us beech forests and up s with the similar forests across the border in the Park (Slovak Republic);	al Park on aim to he lland s and ne Poloniny	Green
		3)	and impl sustainal prioritise infrastru- in line wi area;	and control visitor pressement with local stakehole tourism strategy and action plan so that the cture of facilities can be the conservation objection	olders a l a e developed ves of the	Yellow
		4)	manager Park and forging a common and deve landscap	en co-operation between ent of the Bieszczady Nemunicipalities, with a vecommon vision and decobjectives for regional elopment, taking the bice interests, and sensitivinto account;	National iew to signing planning Ilogical and	Yellow
		5)	educatio biodivers	further awareness-raising nal activities on the role sity and ecosystem serving children and youths;	of	Yellow
		6)	and vege manager for the co	the monitoring of the f station units, and evalua ment activities that are i onservation of species a on of native vegetation.	te the necessary nd the	Yellow
	Conditions					

	Achievements	There has been further development of the work on the recommendations, and most are followed. Major achievements include: (a) A Protection Plan for the Bieszczady National Park was published in September 2022, will be in force for 20 years and replaces three-year protection tasks. (b) The Park continued to work on the improvement of marked trails and natural environment protection at tourist routes (c) Strengthen co-operation between the management of the Bieszczady National Park and municipalities (d) A large number of people participated in educational activities			
	Shortcomings	 (a) No information regarding monitoring mechanism through the Protection plan is provided. (b) The adoption of a strategy to manage and control visitor pressure should be a priority. Some progress has been done but this must continue. 			
Other highlights worth to be mentioned					
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	European Diploma logo used on the official website www.bdpn.pl and on the new information boards which were installed in the park.				
Conclusions and action suggested	 The Group to welcome the progress in implementing several of the recommendations; The Group to welcome the continuation in the implementation of the recommendations and urge the authorities to handle the visitors' pressure. 				

Name of the awarded area	51. Slovak Republic Dobročský National Nature Reserve			Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	18.09.1998 18.09.2028	-	
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please del the assessments which are not relevant)						
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the			 add a chapter on scientific research to the management plan defining clearly the needs of the management of the nature reserve and including a timetable to avoid surveys that are not directly connected to the further development of the area; 			Yellow	
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)12	2)	 develop, according the precautionary principle, a strategy on how to deal with invasive alien species, in case of their appearance; 			Yellow	
		3)	change a nature re forests, it manage t	a study on the effects of nd global warming, both serve itself and on the r ncluding a strategy on h the surrounding forest to impact in the nature res	n on the regional ow to o avoid	Yellow	
award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		4)	exhibitio	he possibility of moving n from the Skalicou cott Museum.		Green	
	Conditions	1)	to verify into the Is guarante to minim provided carried o and in th felling its machiner road sho work has	a study involving all stake the necessity of a new fourffer zone and identify eing a least-intervention ise the impact of the roat that the construction is ut during the vegetation e breeding season, and elf does not include heary; a natural re-cultivational be foreseen once the been carried out; report full the foreseen full the foreseen out; report full the foreseen starting full the f	orest road measures n solution ad, not n period that the avy on of the e forestry	Red	

	Achievements	The majority of recommendations are met. Major achievements include: (1) Research activities were conducted in line with the Management Plan of the National Nature Reserve. Research on climate change was dominant, while research on bat species (Nyctalus lasiopterus) and fungi was taken place. (2) Invasive alien plant species were monitored, and where necessary they were eradicated. There is confirmation of the absence of invasive alien species within the National Nature Reserve up to now. (3) The climate change research continued through a research project where measurements of both abiotic and biotic components of the forests are conducted (e.g., climatic and dendrometric variables, soil carbon, soil microbial diversity). (4) The new exposition was handed over in April 2022 in the open-air museum in the Vydrovská dolina Valley. The number of visitors per year is expected to be increased impressively relative to those of exhibition in the Pod Skalicou cottage.			
	Shortcomings	in the reported period. Therefore, the condition will not be fulfilled until the time of its construction. Bark-beetle calamity was recorded in the area, and it is expected to continue gradually to fall out of the forest due to climate change in following years.			
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	Management Plan of An art contest "Life ir were invited to depic	al management in the reserve was realized in accordance with the ement Plan of the National Nature Reserve contest "Life in the Primeval Forest", where pupils of primary art school vited to depict their ideas about life in the National Nature Reserve. ons to the Dobročský prales NNR were also carried out.			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	The logo is depicted in the open-air museum in the Vydrovská dolina Valley. (see https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nx8JPw7Tzrl)				
Conclusions and action suggested	- The Group to welcon recommendations.	me the continuation in the implementation of the			

- Remind the authorities that WHEN the suggested road is planned, the condition must be met with

Name of the awarded area	54. Netherlands De Ostvaardersplas Reserve	sen Nature	Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	09.09.1999 09.09.2029	/			
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and t conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant))							
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		1) closely monitor the effect of increasing flight activity at Lelystad Airport on birds, the achievement of the Natura 2000 goals, and the recreational interest and general tranquillity of the De Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve core area and buffer zones;						
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2021)1	2) preserve exempla Oostvaa ensuring water de and the the Natu	Yellow					
		by creat Horster	e further extension of ting a wide corridor to to wold, which would contopopulation dynamics arment;	he ribute to	Yellow			
		operation authorit and the impact of Nature I urbanisa sufficier	n and further strengther on between the manageries, the surrounding maprovince in order to ling on the De Oostvaarders Reserve when reviewing plans, at buffer zones around the Oostvaardersplassen;	ement unicipalities nit any plassen g and ensure the core area	Yellow			
		levels (regional scientist and civil	eration with stakehold epresentatives of the lo authorities, managing s, non-governmental o society associations), o ent and widely accepta	ocal and authorities, rganisations design a	Yellow			

	mechanism to control the populations of large herbivore mammals; continue to raise awareness and inform the public at large about the objectives of such a mechanism, its direct effect on animal welfare and its long-term effect on the biodiversity of the De Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve;	
	6) following the integration of the peripheral zones – Hollandse Hout, Oostvaardersveld, Kotterbos and Oostvaardersbos - into the De Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve, finalise their management plans and ensure that they are consistent with the management of the core area of the De Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve;	Yellow
	7) monitor the increase in numbers and the impact of visitors to avoid any negative effects either on the quality of the recreational experience or on the natural treasures of the De Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve; take remedial measures if the results indicate negative effects on the intrinsic value of theDe Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve;	Yellow
	8) continue to reflect on the creation of the Nieuw Land National Park, encompassing the De Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve, and consider applying for the European Diploma for this national park;	Yellow
	9) give more visibility to the European Diploma logo and raise awareness about its aims and objectives on the website of the De Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve, through social media, flyers, brochures and information panels in visitors' centres and in the field.	Yellow
Conditions	the development and use of Lelystad Airport should not jeopardise any of the Natura 2000 targets or the quality of the De Oostvaardersplassen Nature Reserve;	Yellow

	Achievements	The planned flying-routes have been established respecting the Natura 2000 requirements, meaning that airplanes will fly only at high altitudes over the Oostvaardersplassen and that the upward and downward movements occur outside the nature reserve Actions to ensure appropriate management of water dynamics, large herbivore dynamics and grazing regime in order to achieve Natura 2000 management objectives for Oostvaardersplassen continued in 2022.			
	Shortcomings	The task of reducing the total number of large grazers to 1,100 animals remains a big one			
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	The airport will not get a nature permit based on the old PAS scheme, but a final decision on its future is not expected until 2024.				
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	Not clearly stated				
Conclusions and action suggested	- The Group to welcome the progress in implementing all the recommendations though the development of the Lelystad Airport.				
	-The situation of large grazers must be continuously monitored.				
	- Request the competent authorities to report on the use of the EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on all communication tools.				

Name of the awarded area	55. Czech Republic Bilé Karpaty Protected Landscape Area			Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	21.06.2000 20.06.2030	-
		tarte ch ar	ed, yellow: e not relev		oleted (pleas	e delete
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		1)	resource functions Karpaty F including	nat the necessary budge is are available for the m is and operational tasks of Protected Landscape Are administration, researd nice and habitat manage	anifold of the Bílé ea's staff, h,	Yellow
		2)	species in the other the neces stakehold native big protected monitori in the Ra and regu	ng measures to control of the national nature restrictly protected areas assary negotiations with ders aiming at controlling game populations in the landscape area; ensuring of the population of the dejov hunting reserve is larly validated by Bílé Kad Landscape Area staff;	serves and s. Continue relevant g non-ne e that the fallow deer continued	Yellow
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)12	3)	solutions climate c of the cu to hardw	to implement nature-based and management in the hange, ensuring the corrent forestry policy of cood stands and encouragegeneration of native hands	e face of atinuation conversion age the	Yellow
		4)	actions, f the Bílé k during th urban pla or borde Additiona urban de the near of draftir	the need, and take the for having a stronger present arpaty Protected Lands e preparation or review ans of the major urban aring the protected lands ally, identify any areas welopment may become future and evaluate the gan urban plan for the not exist);	esence of cape Area of the reas within cape area. where e a risk in necessity	Yellow

		5) include the European Diploma logo and information about the European Diploma in all promotion materials produced in the future as well as in any new signposts installed in the Bílé Karpaty Protected Landscape Area. The website of the protected landscape area should also include the logo of the European Diploma with a link to the website of the Council of Europe.	<u>ow</u>
	Conditions	N/A	
	Achievements	The majority of recommendations are met. Major achievements include: The budget for the PLA Administration has been stable 2022 despite the COVID-19 pandemic. In total, there currently are 27 staff members. Special attention to reducing the proportion of the Norway spruce and to increase the share of broadleaved deciduous trees as nature-based solution related to climate change mitigation and adaptation, he been supported by the PLA Administration. Funds from landscape management subvention programmes/subsidiary schemes are regularly distributed among private owners and municipalities for planting greenery in the open landscape outside forest and restoring pools and other wetlands.	as
	Shortcomings	 overpopulated hoofed game poses a serious problem conifers, mostly Norway spruce growths, pose a risk the park the European spruce bark beetle plague is seriously negatively affecting forest ecosystems the European Diploma logo and information about the European Diploma is not visible on the website of the protected landscape area 	to
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	related to municipal I aiming at maintaining typical spatial human	on actively participated in the appropriate negotiations and-use/territorial plans, their updating respectively, the unique landscape scenery/character including the settlement structure in the PLA.	
		new Bílé Karpaty/White Carpathians Mts. Protected agement Plan taking into account, inter alia,	

To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	recommendations for the PLA as a European Diploma holder has been approved. - the ED award is regularly mentioned in publications issued by the PLA Administration - the ED logo and information about the European Diploma is still not visible on the website of the protected landscape area.
Conclusions and action suggested	- Request the continuous reassessment and secure permanent, stable financial and human resources to ensure implementation of the management plan; - Request the continuous negotiations with relevant stakeholders aiming at controlling non-native big game populations in the protected landscape area and the monitoring of the population of fallow deer in the Radejov hunting reserve to eliminate non-indigenous species; - Request the authorities to continue the current forestry policy and activities to reduce the proportion of the Norway spruce and to increase the share of broad-leaved deciduous trees as nature-based solution related to climate change mitigation and adaptation; - to continue to have active role in initiating review of the urban plans of the major urban areas within or bordering the protected landscape area and to have more active role in initiating the identification of areas where urban development may become a risk in the near future and to initiate drafting an urban plan for these areas (if one does not exist); - Include the European Diploma logo and information about the European Diploma in all promotion materials produced in the future as well as in the NCA CR's web pages lay-out having been under reconstruction; - Continue with the elaboration and adoption of Mts. Protected Landscape Area Management Plan and with the procedure of reviewing the current PLA boundaries to include also some valuable habitats in the PLA's vicinity.

Name of the awarded area	56. Czech Republic Karlstejn National Nature Reserve		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	21.06.2000 / 20.06.2030	
		tarted, yellow: ch are not rele	•	leted (please	delete
		areas of calcareou manager continue goatherd	the restoration of non-forest steppes and xeropus grasslands through appent; and make funding contractual agreements is and/or shepherds in one grazing, and thereby not the term;	philous propriate available to with rder to	Yellow
		broad-lea conifer p the resul	the restoration of the daved forests by gradually resence in the reserve; at sof these interventions rrence of pest species in	reducing and monitor as well as	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)11	solutions climate o recovery forested manager	to implement nature-based and management in the change, ensuring, inter all of native tree species in areas, the installation are nent of permanent grass on of the natural floodplaye;	e face of ia the the nd adequate slands or the	Yellow
		construc natural v	nat human pressure and tions remains compatible alues and conservation o anal nature reserve;	e with the	Yellow
		plans of a possibilit compete authoriti conserva establish procedur authoriti	the need to review the lall municipalities and exply of reinforcing the spectoces of the reserve's states responsible for nature tion and stimulate the ment of regular consultates with relevant local ares, scientists and non-gotions (NGOs);	olore the ial legal ff and other e ation nd regional	Yellow

		6) stimulate the development of high-quality visitors' centres and organise environmental education programmes for the wider public; and encourage local authorities to disseminate information on the merits of the national nature reserve and its position in Europe in appropriate places (such as railway stations, camping sites, municipal halls, museums, etc.);	Yellow
		7) ensure that the necessary budget and resources are available for the manifold functions and operational tasks of the reserve's staff, including administration, research, surveillance, education and training, as well as habitat management;	Yellow
		8) improve signposting, notably by including information in English or German, and by displaying the European Diploma logo on the signs.	Red
	Conditions		
	Achievements	Most recommendations are being carried out. Maje achievements include: - Goat and sheep grazing management, shrub an removal on dry calcareous grasslands and fores steppe localities continued on greater or similar compared to previous years. Grazing funded from the restoration of the deciduous broad-leaved from the restoration of the deciduous broad-leaved from the restoration of the deciduous broad-leaved from the restoration of a visitor center is almost completed.	d tree t r area om agri- ctares. Forests
	Shortcomings	Signposting has not been improved	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	Bubovice a feasibil - No construction ac	quality in semi-natural floodplains near the village of ity study has been commissioned tivity took place inside the reserve; constructions insot an effect on natural values or conservation object	ide the

	- The cooperation with big stakeholders and scientific institutions has
	continued, mainly on enlarging and monitoring of conservation management
To what extend the	
visibility of the	No information has been provided.
European Diploma	
has been	
improved?	
Conclusions and	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing the recommendations
action suggested	and requests the competent authorities to report on the use of the EDPA logo
	and information of the EDPA on the website, letterheads and printed materials,
	and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the EDPA logo.
	Possibility of reinforcing the special legal competences of the reserve's staff and
	other authorities responsible for nature conservation should be explored.

Name of the awarded area	57. Czech Republic Podyji National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	21.06.2000 / 20.06.2029	,
		arted, yellow: n are not relev		leted (please	delete
		the hydro manage	ne collaboration with the pelectric power station a a nature-friendly flow re e a minimum residual flo	it Vranov to gime and	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)14 4)	impleme the perio manager taking int manager quiet zor activities water us regulatio in the bu dedicate address t	by 2022, adopt and begin the implementation of the management plan for the period 2020-2029. Prepare this management plan in a participatory manner, taking into account particularly: visitor management in light of the new allocation of quiet zones, the development of leisure activities on the Dyje river, the agreement on water use, the harmonisation of fishing regulations, population control of ungulates in the buffer zone and specific provisions dedicated to climate change and how to address this issue in relation to the long-term conservation of threatened and rare species;		
		good rela local com sustainal the natio	and further develop the ations with municipalities amunity in order to enco ble management of their nal park, in line with the laid down in the manag	s and the urage land within principles	Yellow
		emphasis on valual	nagement plan, give spents to the issue of extendire ole dry grasslands.; and pal, small-scale vineries wark;	ng vineyards oromote	Yellow
			encouraging sustainable rly in the buffer zones;	e agriculture,	Yellow
		the Thay	to strengthen the co-op atal National Park within rk of the existing twinnin nt;	the	Yellow
			e regularly the European publications and appropr	-	Yellow

		infrastructure, promote the European Diploma more actively, and encourage partners and stakeholders to use the European Diploma logo.
	Conditions	
	Achievements	 Most recommendations are being carried out. Major achievements include: Handling regulations ensure minimum residual flow rate Management plan was agreed upon with the NP Council and approved by the Ministry of Environment in 2022. NP cooperated with municipalities in several projects in order to encourage sustainable management the issue of extending vineyards on valuable dry grasslands and promoting traditional, small-scale vineries within the national park is included in the management plan sustainable agriculture has been supported and several organic farmers got subsidies regular meetings of Thayatal/Podyjí management have been continued.
	Shortcomings	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	the areas of r The first few to restore gra species. extended she degrading ste low scale dist rare plant spe competition v Management	patches of dry grasslands were managed by prescribed fire assland habitat and support populations of endangered sep grazing to several important and already significantly eppe localities was applied to support biodiversity. Surbances on localities with the last few specimens of some ecies (Cypripedium calceolus, Daphne cneorum) to reduce was made. The efforts in order to inhibit the succession and overgrowth of as well as the shrub encroachment in grasslands and open
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	We use the logo or the during our lectures ar	ne websites of the NP and on information tables in the field. The flag in some of our leaflets or other publications and and public activities. "The Diploma for Podyjí-Thayatal" – it r five public events for schools, families and interested
Conclusions and action suggested	The Group to welcom	e the progress in implementing all the recommendations.

Name of the awarded area	58. Romania Danube Delta Biosphere Reserve		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	21.06.2000 / 20.06.2030	,	
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and t conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please d the assessments which are not relevant)				
award of the		Europear PVS/Inf(2 Committ impleme	te to the implementation Action Plan for the Stur (2018)6) adopted by the See to the Bern Convention a monitoring system to the sturgeon popul;	geon (T- tanding on and o assess the	Yellow	
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)5 4)	preparat climate c	n the management plan i ion specific provisions de hange and how to addre n to the long-term prese species;	dicated to ss this issue	Yellow	
		the numl limit fore add part	the responsible ministry to ber of staff members to to eseen to enable efficient etime contracts wheneve al projects;	he maximum work and	Yellow	
		Biospher fulfil its a	basic budget for the Dan e Reserve to enable the a dministrative tasks and a unds fully to the projects	authority to allocate	Yellow	
		out a ma perimete any impa Danube I of the Da	nat the responsible authorster plan for wind farms or of the protected area that on the birds and/or backer and consider the particle Delta Biosphere Regration in this process;	in the o prevent ats in the articipation	Yellow	
		and boat maximur	the rising number of per traffic and public access n number of these permi nly be exceeded under ex ances;	and define a ts, which	Yellow	

		7) request that the Ministry of Environment review the appointment system for the management/governor with regard to the minimum length of a working period to enable the manager to develop and guide mid- and long-term strategies for the further development of the Danube Delta Biosphere Reserve;	Yellow
		8) make extensive use of the European Diploma logo and explain the relevance of the diploma in the information centres and in all information material provided to the tourist sector (boat excursions, accommodation, etc.).	Yellow
	Conditions	N/A	
	Achievements	The project "Development of the Monitoring Station migratory fish: sturgeon and mackerel - Isaccea", implementation continued in 2022. In view to define the maximum number of the perm the car and boat traffic and for the public access insi reserve, DDBRA is considering funding a study to det the support capacity of the various functional areas reserve.	its for de the termine
	Shortcomings	In 2022 were organized some job competitions, and total number of staff members increased so far to 1: a total of 171 persons as required by current legislat. The annual budget allocation is made at the ministry depending on the available funds.	25 from ion.
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	The revised manage the 2022	ment plan will be subject to a public debate until the	end of
	Danube Delta Biosphere Reserve Authority has its own revenues, from the tariffs for carrying out activities on the territory of the reserve, funds that have increased year by year.		

To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	European Diploma logo is used on each document produced by DDBRA and also on the web page www.ddbra.ro.
Conclusions and	The Group to welcome the progress in implementing most of the
action suggested	recommendations.
	Should ask the Ministry of Environment review the appointment system for the management/governor with regard to the minimum length of a working period to enable the manager to develop and guide mid- and long-term strategies for the further development of the Danube Delta Biosphere Reserve

Name of the awarded area	59. Austria Thayatal National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	28.05.2003 28.05.2028	-
		tted, yellow which are r 1) set th Thaya the pr m³/se should becom	pliance with the recomment of the recomment of the relevant) The minimum flow in the rivers of the relevant o	ver s possible; 2.8 ec (winter) ased and e flow rate	
To what extend the conditions and recommendations		absolu prolon the ba Podyji the E. agenc gover	ute necessity (i.e. during a nged drought) which shou isis of agreement betwee National Park (Czech Rej ON Company and the rele ies of national, regional a nment;	a uld be on en the oublic), evant ind local	Vallou
conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)21	"good the EU achiev needs of dea the riv	e efforts to bring the rive ecological potential" acc I's Water Framework Directing this aim the fish populate be improved and the ad wood (coarse woody diver should continue to be raged and monitored;	cording to ective; in ulation presence ebris) in	Yellow
		possik opera Plant; opera out th to hig	strong surges of water as ble, consistent with the sa tion of the Vranov Hydro every effort should be m tors of the Vranov Dam to e peaks by more gradual her flow rates, instead of in the flow rate;	ofe electric ade by the o flatten build-up	Yellow
		river k co-op stakel stocks	or periodically the fish stopy the national park author eration with appropriate nolders; management of the can then be agreed on the nations management on the	orities, in the fish he basis of	Yellow

	the results of all monitoring and research, irrespective of who funded it, should be made publically available so that the data are used for the benefit of all stakeholders; 5) set up, in liaison with the Podyjí National Park, a programme for minimising fishing in the Thaya/Dyje River, with the ultimate goal of ending fishing activities there;	Yellow		
	6) evaluate the existing agreement on co- operation between the Podyjí and Thayatal National Parks in view of a possible twinning agreement.	Yellow		
Conditions	N/A			
Achievements	- The long-term agreement of minimum flows m³/sec (summer) and 3.3 m³/s (winter) with the operator of the Vranov Dam is being maintain hydrological situation in 2022 allowed general higher flow rates almost throughout the entire. The research and monitoring of the fish popend their use of dead wood in the Thaya river the current INTERREG-Project "Dyje 2020/Tha 2020". Both National Park authorities consider those results of the studies and respected the the new common management plan. - In the reporting period (2022) the hydrologic situation allowed the Vranov Dam to operate accordingly as agreed and also to provide most higher flow rates and therefore sharp peaks we quite rare - The results of the INTERREG-Project "Dyje20 Thaya2020" included the monitoring of fish stand the results of the project very made public publishing a book and handing it out to stakely a study on the influence of fishing and activities related to fishing on the protection goals of New Parks with the specific focus on the disturbance protected species from the activities related to fishing was carried out - Strengthened cooperation between the author of the Podyjí and Thayatal National Parks.	he led. The lly e year. ulation was in lya ered lise in cal stly vere locks ic by holders. lities ational ce on o		

	Shortcomings
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	From 2021 till 2030 a new management plan has come in effect legally binding after it was unanimously decided by the advisory board.
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No available information provided
Conclusions and action suggested	The Group to welcome the progress in implementing most of the recommendations. The use of the European Diploma logo in all information material and brochures and on the website is encouraged.

Name of the awarded area	60. Estonia Matsalu National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	28.05.2003 28.05.2028	-	
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant)					
		1)	farmers a the mana grassland Liaise wit	the co-operation with the co-operation with the new other stakeholders to gement and well-being communities of the nath both farmers and other other use of the cut hay;	o improve of the ional park. ers in	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)5	2)	advisory g potential research provide s review th	the setting-up of a sciengroup in order to achiev of the national park for and education. The grout trategic advice and, upo e quality of research proresults, and provide oth	e the full scientific ip would in request, oposals and	Yellow
		3)	national p	ne hunting restrictions wo park, strengthen co-oper or the management and asive species;	ration with	Yellow
		4)	early stag be taken	varning system to detecte, and enable appropriates against alien, invasive spuld threaten the biodive park;	ite action to pecies	Yellow
		5)		climate change adapta	tion plan	Yellow
		6)	trails and into the navailable visitors and	at printed guides to the routes in Estonian and the najor European language for national and internate assess the opportunity of an increase in the number of the number o	translations es are tional ty and	Yellow

	Conditions	1) Ensure that the management plan for 2015 to 2024 is implemented and appropriately funded and revised before the end of the plan's period in 2024.	Yellow
	Achievements	 The nature conservation activities planned until 2022 in the management plan are full almost 85%. The activities of first and secon priority were implemented 100%. Recommendations There was information day for farmers and stakeholders about new system of subsidinates new system of management of semi-nature grasslands was introduced at the meeting Matsalu NP stakeholders' board on 13.12. The cooperation with scientists (Tartu Unit Maritime Institute of Estonia and Tartu Unit Institute of Ecology) was set up in frames or renewing regulations of Matsalu National In cooperation with hunters invasive predict control on the islands has been organised. Detection (monitoring web cameras, footy monitoring system) and information system invasive alien species) has been set up. The for eradication of giant hog-weed Heracles sosnowskyi took place in four areas in Nat Park. Project application for research and mode climate change impacts on Matsalu area he prepared. The research on flood areas has started. New information board was erected and Eand Russian texts are available with QR co 	d other es. The ral of 2022. versity iversity of Park. ators' orints m (for e works um ional lling of as been nglish
	Shortcomings		
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	places of gia - Minister of E Internationa	n system to inform Environmental Board about the nt hog weed <i>Heracleum sosnowskyi</i> invironment visited Matsalu NP in frames of Matsalu I nature film festival sustainable tourism certificate was renewed	
To what extend the visibility of the	No information is pro	ovided	

European Diploma has been improved?	
Conclusions and action suggested	The Group to welcome the progress in implementing most of the recommendations. The use of the European Diploma logo in all information material and brochures and on the website is encouraged.

Name of the awarded area	61. Hungary Tihany Peninsula	at of the comp	Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	28.05.2003 28.05.2028	3
		tarted, yellow	: underway, green: comp		
	the assessments which	1) by 2020, manage relevant applicab objective. The adoption progress. The the traffic refishing rights Natura 2000 peninsula pa	prepare an overarching ment document integrat planning instruments cule to the site; define makes for the five main zone of the management place current draft includes gulations, transferring of Sof Belső Lake to the NP conservation plan of the sissed in 2022.	cing the urrently nagement es; an is in changes to f the thany-	Yellow
continu building No significa			e to enforce the ban on r s on the site; at changes have occurred he ban is enforced.	new	
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)15	pressure authorit motorise. The Park ma and increase educational completely ritrail has bee important degarden of the keep visitors pressure on than 900 trainformation.	e to manage and control at the manage and control at the peninsular intains the indicated tout the control of rangers trails previously built we renovated in 2022. A new in built around the Inner evelopments are underwee Lavender House Visito a close to the village, red the rest of the peninsular il steps were replaced and boards were placed.	dicipal defeate the a; urist routes . The ere w nature Lake, and way in the r Center to ucing a. More and 54 new	Yellow
		areas an meadow lavender The results a maintained v activities. Th	e balance between closed dopen areas (open means with hedges and busher fields with oaks and almost a busher fields with oaks and almost a busher fields with nechanical and manage development a machine ment is in progress.	ndows, es, nonds); been nual	<u>Yellow</u>
		practice	ge farming and wine-gross consistent with the cortain and landscape assets a	nservation	<u>Yellow</u>

	antablish a formational buffer and between	
	establish a functional buffer zone between	
	the vineyards and the wetland zone;	
	Of the the 17-hectare vineyard area on the	
	northern side of Lake Külső, 5 hectares will be	
	maintained as a vineyards, while the rest will	
	be turned into grassland. The park continues	
	cutting down the former vineyard and turning	
	the area into grassland. Furthermore, since the	
	Ailanthus altissima has spread rapidly on the	
	former vineyard in recent years, in 2022 the	
	park continued chemically eradication by trunk	
	injection treatment.	
	6) pursue the policy of acquisition of private	<mark>Yellow</mark>
	land;	
	Because of the very high land prices the	
	National Park Directorate had not bought new	
	land since 2019.	
	7) take the necessary steps to improve the	Yellow
	water quality of the Belsö Lake;	
	A project is in progress to improve water	
	quality and restore the natural state of the	
	lake. As a part of that program established a	
	shallow settling lake to filtrate the rainwater	
	coming from the village. This natural filtrate	
	system has started working. A multi-functional	
	amphibian machine and tools had been	
	bought to work as an aquatic weed cutter and	
	vegetation harvester. This machine is suitable	
	for the treatment of filtrate lake vegetation as	
	well as other conservation interventions in the	
	Külső Lake, Belső Lake and Felső Marsh.	
	In 2022 due to the extremely low water level	
	of the Külső Lake, the amount of seaweed that	
	could have been relocated was significantly	
	smaller. Water quality is continuously	
	measured with a floating instrument, the	
	spread of seaweed in the Belső Lake is	
	measured twice a year. In 2022, due to	
	extremely dry weather, the water level of the	
	Belső Lake was extremely low. Nevertheless,	
	the water quality of the lake, especially in	
	terms of water transparency and pH value, is	
	improving. Smaller colonies can also be seen	
	from the kelp vegetation transplanted from	
	the Külső Lake.	
	 continue to control invasive species such as Ailanthus; 	Yellow
	In the framework of a Life project, the	
	extermination by trunk injection treatment of	
	about 6 ha of Ailanthus altissima and Robinia	
	pseudoacacia was conducted.	
	pseudoucucia was conducted.	

		9) pursue the co-ordinated management with nearby protected areas such as the reed					
		beds on the shore of Lake Balaton and the					
		Külsö and Felsö marshes.					
		No significant changes have occurred since the					
		last report, activities are ongoing.					
	Conditions	N/A					
		The draft of the new management plan for the European					
		Diploma holding area has been further developed, and now					
		includes changes to the traffic regulations and transfer of					
		fishing rights of Belső Lake to the NP. Its adoption is in					
		progress.					
	Achievements	The water quality of the Belső Lake, especially in terms of					
		water transparency and pH value, is improving.					
		The cutting down of the former vineyard and turning the area into lawns continued in 2022.					
		Chemical extermination of 6ha of <i>Ailanthus altissima</i> and					
		Robinia pseudoacacia has been carried out in an area					
		covered by a Life programme.					
		Activities to manage and control visitor pressure continue					
		but only in the scope of walking and cycling tourism while					
		there is no report about activities concerning the pressure					
		motorized traffic on the peninsula.					
	Shortcomings	Because of the very high land prices on Tihany peninsula					
		the National Park Directorate had not been able to buy new					
		land here this year.					
		Due to extremely dry weather, the water level of the Külső and Belső Lake were very low, this made the relocation of					
		seaweed to improve water quality more challenging.					
		Scawcea to improve water quanty more chancinging.					
Other highlights worth to be	The development of a	machine park for area management to keep the balance					
mentioned	between closed fores	ted areas and open areas is still in progress since 2019.					
mentioned	··						
To what extend the		a logo continues to be featured in the 54 outdoor board-					
visibility of the		n all informational interfaces, websites and social media					
European Diploma	pages of the National Park Directorate. In 2022, the Park celebrated its 25th anniversary and the Landscape Protected Area of Tihany its 70th anniversary. The topic and logo of the Europa Diploma was						
has been improved?							
	·	events and educational activities.					
Conclusions and		nes the progress in implementing most of the					
action suggested	recommendations.						
	The EDPA GoS invites the authorities to report on measures to moderate the						
	motorised traffic in the peninsula and to seek funding to 6) pursue the policy						
	of acquisition of private land.						

Name of the awarded area	62. Slovenia Triglav National Park		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	05.05.2004 05.05.2029	-	
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and to conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please de the assessments which are not relevant)					
		ordination Triglav Nation In 2022, intercarnivores and in particular to improved. The coordination management sustainable docultural herital	en the inter-ministerial con regarding the manager ational Park; resectoral collaboration or ad the game species manathe wolf and alpine ibex, tion in some sectors of the plan, especially in the fiewelopment and protectinge, should be strengthen a efforts aimed at transfer	n large agement, was ne eld of ion of ned.	Yellow	
award of the	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2019)3	zoning to and keep provided national In 2022, no si taken in orde process in Tri right was exe owned forest	wards the first zone (wild the third zone for sustain that the central part of the park does not decrease in the gnificant administrative for to speed up the denation of the park. Presercised on 20,45 haha of park, and on 46,48 ha as a part of project VrH Julijcev.	derness) nable use, he n size; steps were onalization mption orivately		
European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		municipa use planr and imple	the good collaboration was authorities responsible hing when preparing land ementing them; strictly a ns related to new construction works;	for land- l-use plans pply the	Yellow	
	t a v li a p p	groundwork at the existing by and provide pworks. In 2022 guide auxiliary build prepared. The preparation of for the munical Bovec and Ble procedures for	hority continues to run end an inventory and evaluilding stock to define the octential solutions in conclines for construction and ding in Gorenjska region of municipal spatial planticipalities of Bohinj, Kranjsed. The Park is involved in its suing consents for spentions by preparing opine	aluation of ne typology struction d design of were ed in the ning acts ska Gora, n the necific		

4) continue to work on solutions to solve the problem of wastewater, especially for buildings and mountain huts with intensive human use;	Yellow
As in 2021, 16 out of 36 mountain huts had wastewater treatment plants . As in 2021, 4 of 6 by Triglav National Park owned mountain huts have wastewater treatment plants.	
 develop a funding mechanism to support local development projects of the national park and municipalities within the biosphere reserve; 	Yellow
The aid for the preservation and development of agriculture and rural areas in the Triglav National Park increased compared to 2021 by 27%. The Triglav National Park Public Institution received 7.000 € from the Ministry of Education, Science and Sport for the implementation of the Unesco MAB program in the Julian Alps Biosphere reserve (19,000 € in 2021)	
6) together with local communities, prepare favourable conditions for social acceptance of increased populations of large carnivores such as brown bear, wolf and lynx; further develop schemes to enable the co-existence of sheep and cattle farming with carnivores in the park;	Yellow
several educational and public awareness raising activities took place also in 2022 to increase the acceptance of large carnivores' presence in the Triglav National Park area.	
7) strengthen all measures aiming at converting artificially regenerated spruce forests to climax mixed forests and increase the area of protected forests; apply appropriate mitigation measures specifically adapted to the national park status after natural disasters;	Yellow
More than 15.000 trees belonging to several broadleaved species were planted 8) in liaison with relevant partners, implement the tourism strategy and continue developing practical measures to cope with	Yellow
problems related to traffic and transportation, the development of new technologies and new forms of tourism, especially in seasonal hot-spot areas;	

156 The working group on Traffic Management on Pokljuka high plateau decided that there will be no new parking spaces designed and that the solution to cope with increased stationary traffic is increasing the frequency of public transport and arrange parking spaces outside of the park near the park border. 9) prevent the extension of installations for Yellow downhill and cross-country skiing as well as ski jumping; the renovation and upgrading of existing installations should be accepted only if the protection of nature and the landscape are duly taken into account; continue to monitor the various sporting activities practised in the national park, with special attention to the development of new sports (electric biking, for example), and ensure that they remain compatible with conservation objectives; The Park continued to work with an NGO to digitize national park regimes and restrictions for making them accessible. In 2022, the Park prepared common instructions for paragliding groups, which contributes to easier management and limiting the increasing pressure of paragliding in Bohinj area. In the area of mountain biking guidance, the Park developed and implemented a regulated system of legal mountain bike trails, with regulated management and owners' consents. In 2022, the Triglav National Park started the process of preparing an action plan for visitor and recreational activities, which identifies actions and targets for all problematic areas of recreational activities. 10) encourage the best possible integration of Yellow new buildings and the renovation of old buildings while respecting the traditional local style; support the maintenance of traditional agricultural practices and their related infrastructure (shepherds, hay racks, mountain shelters for animals, etc.); further develop the park or regional branding system for goods and services; It is forbidden to construct new installations for downhill and cross-country skiing and enlarging of the existing ones in the whole territory of the park. In 2022, in the field of paragliding, in

cooperation with the Municipality of Bohinj and

the local paragliding association, we have

	1	
	prepared common instructions for paragliding	
	groups, which contributes to easier	
	management and limiting the increasing	
	pressure of paragliding in Bohinj area.	
	In the area of mountain biking guidance, the	
	Triglav National Park and the Julian Alps	
	Biosphere Area have worked together to	
	develop and implement a regulated system of	
	legal mountain bike trails, with regulated	
	management and owners' consents.	
	In 2022, the Triglav National Park started the	
	process of preparing an action plan for visitor	
	and recreational activities, which identifies	
	actions and targets for all problematic areas of	
	recreational activities.	
	11) promote capacity building and specialisation	<u>Yellow</u>
	among permanent park rangers and hire	
	more seasonal rangers during the peak	
	season; use the European Diploma logo	
	more regularly on publications and	
	appropriate infrastructure and promote the	
	European Diploma for Protected Areas more	
	actively in general.	
	One new ranger was hired. Capacity building	
	activities have been conducted.	
	12) Continue to follow up closely on the	<u>Yellow</u>
	transition of land ownership in the park	
	(denationalisation); pursue the active policy	
	of acquisition of land important for nature	
	protection and other park's activities.	
	p 111111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	In 2022, no significant administrative steps were	
	taken in order to speed up the denationalization	
	process in Triglav National Park.	
	·	
	In 2022, a pre-emption right was exercised on	
	20,45 haha of privately owned forests, and on	
	46,48 ha as a part of the EU co-financed project	
	VrH Julijcev.	
	national authorities must guarantee the	<u>Yellow</u>
	necessary budget in order to fully implement	
	the Triglav National Park Management Plan,	
	adopted in 2016, including a comprehensive	
	monitoring scheme, and to ensure the long-	
	term conservation of the natural and	
	cultural values of the park.	
Conditions	Saltana Tanada at ana panti	
Conditions	The budget in 2022 increased by 13% compared	
	·	
	to 2021, although the proportion of state funds	
	decreased, there was an increase in	
	international funding and revenues from	
	marketing activities.	
	The budget availability is strictly related to the	
	adoption of the Triglav National Park annual	

	program of work which can areates save for
	program of work, which can creates gaps for measures to be adopted in winter/spring.
Achievements	During the reporting period intersectoral collaboration on large carnivores and the game species management, in particular the wolf and alpine ibex, was improved. In 2022 guidelines for construction and design of auxiliary building in Gorenjska region were prepared and the Park management actively participated in the preparation of municipal spatial planning acts of four municipalities. Funds for the preservation and development of agriculture and rural areas in the Park increased by 27% compared to 2021. In the framework of a dedicated project focusing on improving dense spruce stands in Pokljuka and Mežakla plateaus, more than 15.000 tress belonging to several broadleaved species were planted (50% more of 2021). A new Nature trail was opened in August 2022. No new parking spaces will be designed inside the park and the frequency of public transport will be increased. Guidelines for construction and design of auxiliary building in Gorenjska region and book Transhunance Architecture of Slovenia and Europe were published. Instructions for paragliding groups have been developed to easier management and limiting the increasing pressure of paragliding in Bohinj area. Similarly, a regulated system of legal mountain bike trails, with regulated management and owners' consents has been developed too. Finally, the Park started preparing an action plan for visitor and recreational activities, which will identify actions and targets for all problematic areas
Shortcomings	of recreational activities. The system through which budget is made available (related to the adoption of the Park annual program of work) can create funding gaps, especially impacting measures to be adopted in winter/spring. Some further efforts should be dedicated to the budget to become more operational. The coordination of the activities of some sectors of the management plan, especially in the field of sustainable development and protection of cultural heritage, should be strengthened. No new wastewater treatment plants were installed during the reporting period. No updates were provided on the project LIFE WolfAlps (2013-2018), the identification of mitigation measures and the thematic workshop with farmers and experts initially planned in 2020 and postponed thereafter. Artificial spruce stands are still necessary due to past forestry practices, degraded areas present a potential site for the introduction of invasive alien plant species. In 2022, no significant administrative steps were taken to speed up the denationalization process in the Park.

Other highlights worth to be mentioned	A "hybrid" wolf pack was identified in the park's area and its vicinity, increasing the threats to the wolf population in the Slovenian Alps. Five lynx equipped with GPS collars were successfully released.
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	Visibility activities remains the same as last year, with the Diploma logo used on all important park publications. Diploma was mentioned on all important events.
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing most of the recommendations. The EDPA GoS invites national authorities to report in more details on educational and public awareness raising activities on large carnivores and, if possible, on the evaluation of the impact of these activities.

Name of the awarded area	63. Netherlands Naardermeer Nature	Reserve	Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	05.05.2004 / 05.05.2029
		tarted, yellow:	liance with the recomment underway, green: complivant)	
		1) following the A6-A required of road required of road required appropriate using highways. No developmode Recommend	g the withdrawal of the pl 9 motorway connection t the construction of a new north-west of the nature r the possible impact on the cholding area and its surro nent of the alternative sel	hat v stretch eserve, e ounding ected
To what extent have the conditions and recommendations	Recommendations	the wate Naarderr necessar manager conserva Reserve	water management plan in level agreement for the meer Nature Reserve by 2 y, plan and implement ad ment lines to ensure the lation of the Naardermeer within the context and ments of the European Dip	020; if ditional ong-term Nature
conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area been tackled?	CM/ResDip(2019)12	the water ma water level a	ura 2000 management pl anagement plan including greement for the Naarde ve are finalized and in ful	the rmeer
		the recei buffer zo Reserve Jong gro integrati buffer zo	draw up a development partly acquired lands within one of the Naardermeer Nather Hilversumse Bovenrunds) – in order to ensure on of this area into the record by 2024;	the ature neent (De the full serve
		Nature resto realised in 20 the buffer zo		rill be ated in
		to acquir buffer zo of the Na Alternati	029, secure the necessary to the remaining areas with the send which are not yet the atuurmonumenten organically, if the current adminates do not allow the necessity.	thin the property sation.

acquisition, ensure that the management of these areas is carried out in collaboration with the authorities responsible for the diploma-holding area; The missing properties, about 20ha in the Overscheense Polder, are part of the development plan "De Schil". The province of Noord-Holland has started negotiations with the owners to purchase the land. This process is still in action. This does not automatically mean that these grounds will be sold to Natuurmonumenten. Due to Dutch law the grounds have to be sold in an open process. 5) within the continued monitoring of Yellow Bovenste Blik Lake, integrate further research aiming to identify the main reasons for the decreasing water quality in this lake; define and implement appropriate management measures to prevent further water contamination; improve and keep the water quality in this lake at the same levels currently observed in the remaining lakes of the Naardermeer Nature Reserve; Two reasons have been identified for the high level of phosphate in the lake: a leaking dam which resulted in phosphate rich water moving towards the lake. leakage repaired in 2020. 2. phosphate rich sludge on the bottom of the lake. To create more suitable habitat for Chara vegetations and to decrease the amount of phosphate-rich sludge a large dredging project in 2021. Dredging materials were and sludge depots were dismantled in 2022 after the breading season. 6) initiate studies focusing on the biological Green control of invasive alien plant species occurring in the reserve and prepare a strategic plan for their mechanical or manual control; the strategic plan has been developed, associated studies are ongoing. 7) strengthen the monitoring programmes and Yellow the conservation measures to guarantee the presence of naturally occurring species newly appeared in the diploma area. The monitoring program has been updated till 2034. The yearly count of Great Cormorant

		nests and Purple Heron nests has been carried out. The Purple Heron colony peaked decreased	
		to 76 nests. In 2022 new nets were placed	
		around reedbeds to stop geese from feeding on	
		the reed. Hence stronger reed will grow which	
		is suitable for the herons to nest.	
		The Grass Snake monitoring program is	
		revitalised in 2022. A volunteer has been found	
		and will be trained. On-going monitoring	
		projects contain camera trap research for	
		Otters and other mammals, butterfly	
		monitoring in Laegieskamp and wintering	
		waterfowl monitoring. A moth monitoring	
		program is expected to be conducted in 2023.	
		preserve the integrity of the Naardermeer	Yellow
		Nature Reserve and avoid, through regional	
		planning processes, further habitat	
		fragmentation within the reserve and in the	
		surrounding landscape; increase the	
		ecological connectivity both within the	
		reserve and between the Naardermeer	
		Nature Reserve and the surrounding	
	6 11	natural areas.	
	Conditions		
		The Naardermeer Water Management Plan was	
		finalized in 2022. Next to that, the planned	
		reconstruction of De Schil has made some huge	
		steps forward. All juristic steps have been	
		taken, which means realisation will begin in	
		2023.	
		The 9 eco-tunnels developed in 2019 have	
		further been monitored and optimized in 2022.	
		Both the Natura 2000 management plan and the	water
		management plan including the water level agree	ment
		for the Naardermeer Nature Reserve are finalized	and in
		full operation.	
		The main reasons for the decreasing water quality	in this
		lake were identified and appropriate managemen	
		measures to prevent further water contamination	1
	Achievements	implemented.	
		The Park management discovered an outbreak of	
		Floating pennywort (Hydrocotyle ranunculoides) a	it
		Laegieskamp and eradication efforts have been	
		understaken promptly.	
		The monitoring program has been updated till 20	
		specific programme for monitoring the Grass Snal	ke has
		been launched.	
		It was not yet possible for Natuurmonumenten to	
Shortcomings		acquire the missing 20 ha of lands and completing the	
		Naardermeer Recovery Plan but the process of	
		acquisition is ongoing.	

Other highlights worth mentioning	The implementation of the "de Schil" (Shell) plan to raise the water levels outside the Naardermeer core area will start in 2023.
To what extend has the visibility of the European Diploma been improved?	No information included
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing most of the recommendations. The EDPA GoS invites national authorities to report on water quality of Bovenste Blik Lake following the implementation of management measures to prevent further water contamination as well as on the monitoring efforts on the possible impact of the alternative selected route on the diploma holding area. The EDPA GoS requests the competent authorities to report on the use of the EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on website, letterheads and printed materials, and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.

Name of the awarded area	64. Italy Regional Park of Migliarino, San Rossore e Massaciuccoli		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	15.06.200 15.06.203	-
	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations an conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (pleas delete the assessments which are not relevant)				
		the sur include groups conserv exploit biosphe	efforts to integrate the prounding region; do ever the local community, integrated (farmers, etc.) and naturation bodies in discussion the recent extension of the reserve to that end; unched activities with the of Lucca within the Weekly.	n more to terest re ins; the	Yellow
	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)7	2) draw u docume setting (region sites, R marine docume review the postorem Europe (92/43)	p a summary manageme ent covering all activities out all the protection regal park, reserves, Natura amsar site, Biosphere reserve) and translate thent into English and/or Fithe zoning if necessary, osibility of a continuous simity importance (SCI) unan Council Habitats Directions.	ering all activities and he protection regimes reserves, Natura 2000 ite, Biosphere reserve, and translate this English and/or French; ing if necessary, consider of a continuous site of portance (SCI) under the acil Habitats Directive d envisage extending the	
		integrated adopted in increases the foresees "n	was reviewed by the new Plan, which is expected to March 2023. The proposone zoning of protected ar marking zones" where the of the higher regime of properties.	o be al eas and e possible	
		retirem an incre deman the ma biosphe	n replacement staff to contents and annual leave. Enease in staff to meet new ds resulting from responsioner reserve, the extensioner reserve and the designsar site;	nvisage sibility for on of the	Yellow
		working 10 4) continu activitie	trator was recruited and 0% on the park from 202 le research and monitories, and in particular:	3. ng	Yellow

drainage of farmland and the Massaciuccoli Lake; - monitor the state of the dune area and continue protection activities there;	
A project to Improve waters in the lake to be launched soon. 5) continue and, if necessary, step up	<u>Yellow</u>
programmes to combat invasive alien species and control fallow deer and wild boar populations. Pursue a policy geared to the park's protection regime where the renewal of forest cover is concerned;	Tenow
The park continues to control the fallow deer and wild boar.	
A new Forest Management Plan was approved. It renews the forest cover: in the area of San Rossore, the new plan for the decade 2023-2032 provides for 3578 ha of forest, including 1118 of <i>Pinus pinea</i> pine forest: 280 ha of reforestation, 253 ha of	
renovation cuts including 111 that use natural renovation.	
6) pursue efforts to control sound and light pollution in the park's vicinity; introduce measures restricting motorised vehicle traffic in the park and negotiate the setting up of a public transport system with the competent authorities;	Yellow
Negotiations for prologuing the rout of a	
urban bus to San Rossore are ongoing 7) pursue efforts to develop sustainable agriculture, inter alia by reducing the use of fertilisers and pesticides, which have an adverse effect on water quality; consider the introduction of a regional label for products and services in connection with the extension of the biosphere reserve;	Red
No developments reported since the	
Recommendation was adopted 8) translate the website and public information material into foreign languages so that the numerous foreign tourists attracted by the city of Pisa and its region can appreciate the park's assets; publish and provide to visitors at	Yellow

		least a list of the species illustrated on the information panels, with their names in four languages, in addition to the scientific name; No actions undertaken in 2022. 9) maintain and consolidate the network of centres providing information on the region's nature, culture and history. Make more systematic use of international designation logos, particularly that of the European Diploma, providing a suitable	Red
		explanation; No developments reported since the Recommendation was adopted	
		10) in the context of preparing the new integrated plan for the park, pursue discussions on relocating craft activities from the area around the Massaciuccoli Lake. Include in the integrated plan in preparation specific provisions dedicated to climate change and how to address this issue in relation to the long-term preservation of species and habitats that are typical of the area. The new plan foresees coordination with relevant municipalities to improve and	Yellow
		redevelop the areas surrounding Lake Massaciuccoli	
	Conditions		
	Achievements	The Park adhered to the principles of the Chart Sustainable Tourism and prepared a related actiplan. Although the recruitment of agents to replace to who have retired in recent years was not possil Parc was able to hire one administrator. A new Forest Management Plan which renews forest cover was approved.	tion those ole, the
	Shortcomings	Due to the budget limitations imposed by the T Region the Park has not been able to recruit ag replace those who have retired in recent years.	ents to
Other highlights worth mentioning		thas been reviewed by the new Park integrated I be adopted in March 23. The proposal increases t	

	zoning of protected areas and foresees "marking zones" where the possible extension of the higher regime of protection is visible.
	Based on specialised studies commissioned to universities and research
	centres, the authorities will launch projects to improve the quality of waters
	in the Lake Massaciuccoli.
To what extent has	No information included
the visibility of the	
European Diploma	
been improved?	
Conclusions and	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing most of the
action suggested	recommendations.
	The EDPA GoS invites the authorities to report on activities aimed at updating
	the vegetation map, monitoring the state of the dune area and continue
	protection activities there and to step up the implementation of
	recommendations where action has not been started yet.
	The EDPA GoS requests the competent authorities to report on the use of the
	EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on website, letterheads and printed
	materials, and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.

Name of the awarded area	65. Italy Gran Paradiso National Park Provide an assessment of the comp		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma pliance with the recom	27.09.2006 18.03.2031 mendations a	
	conditions: red: not s delete the assessmer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	w: underway, green: co	mpleted (plea	ase
	delete the assessmen	1) ensure the stat and tha other re The Park is resources a funding.	that funding is chiefly pe, the regions and the pet it is properly integrate sources; funded by state and regions well as European proj	orovinces, ed with gional ect-related	Green
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2021)3	staff at director strategi Due to repe 25% of the lacking. A va recruit 9 ne	the national park with the executive level to e to focus on key tasks, c issues; rated retirement, appro Park staff are currently acancy notice was laund w park rangers, the rec	nable the including eximately is currently ched to ruitment is	Red
		3) actively to safeg in town Buildings ar inhabited of The probler motorized with Meetings with the ban to to summer pe	defend the inclusion of guard natural and lands planning proposals and e generally concentrate entres the bottom of the nof limiting access to the hicles at high altitude ith the local communitiplace in summer 2022 the use of these vehicle riods and to encourage icles, a project is being	f measures cape assets d decisions; ed in the e valley. he Park to s remains. les on this to discuss s in limited the use of	Yellow
		ecosyst manage During 2022 management implementa publicly ow With the fin MASE, action chestnut great		s in the he lans for still low. he MITE- ervation of at) were	Yellow
		that are	e to encourage farming compatible and synergrity preservation;		Red

	In 2022 hybrids between domestic goats and	
	Alpine ibex were detected: this is certainly a	
	negative effect of pastoral management,	
	linked to the abandonment of animals at the	
	end of the summer. Some individuals were	
	removed from the protected area.	
	6) avoid all new projects for the catchment	<u>Yellow</u>
	of water resources for electricity	
	generation, apart from mini-hydroplants	
	duly authorised by the national park;	
	To minimize the consequences of water	
	withdrawals, a careful monitoring is carried	
	out by the Park and any other new project of	
	dam building is banned by the Park.	
	In autumn 2022, two projects were presented	
	for the upgrading and reconstruction of	
	existing water collection structures, in	
	particular by CVA s.p.a., on the Valle d'Aosta	
	side of the Park. These projects are under	
	• •	
	examination with an Appropriate Assessment	
	procedure at ministerial level.	V-II-
	7) establish a scientific advisory council or	<u>Yellow</u>
	other mechanism to provide input from	
	the scientific community regarding the	
	management of the park;	
	The members of the Scientific advisory council	
	were identified and approved, the	
	Commission is effective and operational.	
	The first meeting between the scientific	
	commissions of the two cross-border parks,	
	Vanoise-Gran Paradiso, is scheduled for spring	
	2023.	
	1) the park management plan must be	Green
	formally approved before the end of 2012.	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Conditions	The management plan of the Gran Paradiso	
37.4.4.0110	National Park (GPNP) was approved in	
	2019 and it is therefore effective and applied.	
	2015 and it is diciciore effective and applied.	
	With the financial contribution of the MITE-MAS	SF.
	actions relating to the conservation of chestnut	
		RIONES
	(EEC priority habitat) were implemented.	
	In what an 2024 and applies 2022 as a still service.	أماما
0 alata	In winter 2021 and spring 2022 meetings were h	
Achievements	with local farmers to verify the problems related	
	full application of the maximum protection area	
	(Areas "A"), in which even the grazing (by domes	
	herbivores) activities are forbidden. Compensati	on
	measures are being studied for the areas ("A") in	n which
	measures are being studied for the areas ("A") in the owners will no longer be able to graze.	n which

		The members of the Scientific advisory council were identified and approved, the Commission is effective and operational.
		Grazing continues to take place in maximum protection areas (Areas "A").
	Shortcomings	The Park has significant staff shortages in administrative and technical services, as well as in park rangers. The recruitment of a deputy director or an administrative director is not allowed by current national laws.
		the implementation of management plans for publicly owned areas in the Park is still low
		domestic grazing activities continue to represent a challenge due to the abandonment of traditional grazing practices and climate change.
Other highlights worth to be mentioned	A project is being prepared for reducing motor traffic in some areas of the Park (Colle del Nivolet and Valnontey) with the aim of reducing internal combustion vehicles by replacing them with electric ones. In autumn 2022, two projects were presented for the upgrading and reconstruction of existing water collection structures, in particular by CVA s.p.a., on the Valle d'Aosta side of the Park. These projects are under examination with an Appropriate Assessment procedure at ministerial level. The Park conducts scientific research on vertebrate (Alpine ibex, Alpine chamois and marmot) and invertebrate species to measure the variations in behavioural ecology and Life history of a large number of tagged animals and in the altitudinal distribution of the invertebrate species induced by global warming. Studies on the effects of Global warming have focused on the conservation status of pollinator species (mainly bumblebees and butterflies), as a consequence of anthropogenic action (domestic grazing) and the increase in	
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	average temperature No information include	
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing the condition and recommendations. The EDPA GoS requests the competent authorities to report on the use of the EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on website, letterheads and printed materials, and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.	

Name of the awarded area	66. Romania Piatra Craiului National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	27.09.200 27.09.202 (Extended 2024)	1
		arted, yellow:	liance with the recomme underway, green: compl ot relevant)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2011)2	1) secure the that the able to report of the lothis exerming the security of the lothis exerming that the security and new main 2022 3 necomputers with the security of the lothis exerming the security of the lothis exerming the security of the lothis exerming the security and new main 2021 the security of the lothis exerming the security and new main 2022 and the security of the lothis exerming the security of the lothis exerming the security and new main 2021 the security of the lothis exerming the lothis exerming the security of the lothis exerming the l	he budget of the national national park administra nanage the park appropring the staff on a regular basis park budget is largely (9 he National Forest Admin LVA). The remaining 10% agh visitor fees, tourist guof merchandise in the Visitor fees charged for the documentation submitties. The Park Manageme udget shortages. The the construction of the arters and other infrastruly the exhibition room an accilities, within three year ticular efforts to raise the fact funds to achieve this senter was opened in Apreived until now over 35,50 rmation points were also ist facilities were improve ork (42 routes with over rked trails. We information boards and vere ourchased. The and implement a specific rogramme devoted to the on, preservation and rest cal architecture and land amplary programme shoulented with the help of related with the help of related and cultural heritage; ment guide, approved in	tion is iately and d in order () (0%) istration () is self-uiding () istor () analyzing () ted by () nt does () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	Green
		includes guid	delines on architecture as nd cultural heritage. No		

	 4) pursue the scientific work and monitoring of biodiversity in every sector of the park; those activities should assess the status and trends of species and habitats, considering the national park as part of a functional ecosystem and consequently use appropriate methods and indicators to keep the national park administration aware of important changes to this ecosystem; Several protocols were elaborated to monitor habitats and species from the park in order to enable assessments of their conservation status and early detection of any changes in the ecosystems. 5) regarding both central and local forest authorities, more attention should be paid to the enforcement of the forest law on the national park's fringe and in the surroundings of the park; the measures taken and the results obtained should be 	Green
	reported to the Council of Europe on an annual basis; The examination of the implementation of the forest law has been carried out. 6) pursue the efforts made by the national	Green
	park administration to address the litter and garbage issues and to engage a new phase of activities facilitated by this administration; a detailed report on the results of those activities should be sent to the Council of Europe every two years.	
	In 2021 the Park Administration organized 12 garbage collection campaigns, with the help of volunteers	
Conditions	1) complete the process of preparing and approving the new management plan by the end of 2011. The management plan was first approved in December 2013 and then reviewed in 2020. A second revision is expected in 2023/2024	Green

		within a new programme on large	
		infrastructures.	
		The Park administration continues to implement	
	Achievements	recommendations as in previous years.	
		No information has been given on the implemen	tation
		of the Management Plan in relation to promotio	n,
	Shortcomings	preservation and restoration of the local archited	cture
		and landscape. It is also unclear how the Operati	ional
		Programme "Large Infrastructure" will affect the	Park.
Other highlights	The revised managem	ent plan adopted in February 2020 will be revised	once
worth to be	more in 2023/2024 within the scope of a project funded by the Operational		
mentioned	Programme "Large Infrastructure".		
To what extend the			
visibility of the			
European Diploma	No information includ	ed	
has been improved?			
Conclusions and	The EDPA GoS welcom	nes the progress in implementing most of the	
action suggested	recommendations.		
	The Group invites auth	norities to clarify how the Operational Programme	Large
	Infrastructure" will aff	ect the Park and its local architecture and landsca	pe.
	The EDPA GoS request	ts the competent authorities to report on the use	of the
	EDPA logo and inform	ation of the EDPA on website, letterheads and pri	nted
	materials, and to prov	ide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.	

Name of the awarded area	67. Romania Retezat National Park		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	02.07.2008 02.07.2023	-
		started, yellow	liance with the recomme : underway, green: comp vant)		
		sufficient allocate t to ensure the staff, of the pai informati improven All activities of financial cons of the Nation ROMSILVA.	budget for the national budget for the national he funds early enough in favourable working con the completion and main rk's infrastructure, more on for visitors and the nent of tourist facilities; could be performed with straints due to the financial Forest Administration etent Romanian authorist	park and the year ditions for ntenance out ial support	Yellow
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2013)4	work togonational a order to a and to im and moni A project functions with UNESCO in Germany, Netezat, as woonditions wainitially set for request of the the first quarticity and to the first quarticity and the first qua	ether to harmonise the dand international designal achieve efficient joint manaplement joint scientific restoring programmes; ded by VGP Foundation in park management new East a study visit to BR Bercawhich has a similar historiell as similar physical-geous scheduled. Although the the end of November 2 the German side it was poster of 2023, the exact dater, by mutual agreement	different ations in anagement research an Germany BR proposal attesgaden by to BR peraphical the visit was 2022, at the atponed for te to be	
		3) the mana as soon a summary English or	gement plan should be a s possible, and at least a should be translated int	approved n executive	Yellow
		mountair maintain tourist in informati should be toilets in huts;	in close collaboration win rescue services Salvamor or renew, when necessa frastructure (trail markin on signs, etc.); a particula made to solve the probethe camping areas and neady but not installed y	ont, should ry, the g, ar effort lems of the ear the	Yellow

		 5) the park should maintain pressure on local communities to prevent construction of inappropriate buildings either in the park or in its immediate vicinity; The law is really strict and there have not been illegal constructions within the park in 2021. Nothing was reported by the Ministry of Environment, Waters and Forests on the construction of buildings in the immediate vicinity. 6) the park rangers should monitor the pastures in order to identify early possible changes due to over grazing and/or under grazing; before the next evaluation, the park should carry out a new study on the pastures; the changes in terms of species composition, erosion, etc., should be analysed in relation to the type and amount of grazing. A number of biological-ecological studies were carried out, among them being one about the support capacity of the pastures. 	Green
	Conditions		
	Achievements		
	Shortcomings	-Management Plan still under development in 2021 the Park didn't succeed in aligning the sit of the Retezat Biosphere Reserve with the current standards required by the Man & Biosphere Program MAB (the Seville Strategy and Madrid Action Plan) result, in 2021 UNESCO withdrew the status of Bio Reserve from Retezat National Park. The Park is no starting a new project to support a new BR propose UNESCO. The associated recommendations to the shortcom above have not been satisfied yet.	am – . As a sphere ow al with
Other highlights worth to be mentioned			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information inclu	ıded	
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing most of the recommendations and invites the authorities to step up the implementation of recommendations where further action is required.		ntion

The EDPA GoS requests the competent authorities to report on the use of the
EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on website, letterheads and printed
materials, and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.

Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please delete the assessments which are not relevant) 1) implement the new management plan and in particular control the protective measures for the different zones; after five years, make a comprehensive, mid-term assessment and revise the relevant parts of the plan as appropriate; After the evaluation the implementation of the management plan continues without significant course change. More efforts were put into control of compliance with the regimes and norms outlined in the plan, especially regarding the use of natural resources in the park. The only area where activities have not started yet is outlining detailed park boundaries 2) take measures to better control poaching in the park and implement as soon as possible the strategic guidelines for the development of the security and control in the Central Balkan National Park, which includes a section on the prevention of poaching. In particular, strictly limit road development and systematically control road usage; The strategic guidelines for the development of guarding and control exist. The tendering process for delivery of specialized vehicles is expected to be completed in 2023. 3) maintain strict control on grazing permits and prohibit any increase of grazing animals; maintain the pressure to reduce grazing by horses, which are much more difficult to control, and increase the number of water sources and their access; Since 2018, there are no horse owners supported by an agri-environmental measure. In 2022 new limits for grazing in the park were	Name of the awarded area	68. Bulgaria Central Balkan National Park		Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	21.10.2009 21.10.2028	-
in particular control the protective measures for the different zones; after five years, make a comprehensive, mid-term assessment and revise the relevant parts of the plan as appropriate; After the evaluation the implementation of the management plan continues without significant course change. More efforts were put into control of compliance with the regimes and norms outlined in the plan, especially regarding the use of natural resources in the park. The only area where activities have not started yet is outlining detailed park boundaries 2) take measures to better control poaching in the park and implement as soon as possible the strategic guidelines for the development of the security and control in the Central Balkan National Park, which includes a section on the prevention of poaching. In particular, strictly limit road development and systematically control road usage; The strategic guidelines for the development of guarding and control exist. The tendering process for delivery of specialized vehicles is expected to be completed in 2023. 3) maintain strict control on grazing permits and prohibit any increase of grazing animals; maintain the pressure to reduce grazing by horses, which are much more difficult to control, and increase the number of water sources and their access; Since 2018, there are no horse owners supported by an agri-environmental measure. In 2022 new limits for grazing in the park were		conditions: red: not	started, yellov	w: underway, green: com		
set through the Annual grazing plan. In the framework of a project to protect and	conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have	Recommendations	1) implement in particume sure years, massessmoof the plant of the plant of the plant of the plant of the plant into contregimes and especially reresources in The only are yet is outlining. 2) take median the passible developed the Central includes poaching developed the Central includes poaching developed the strategic of guarding approcess for expected to an immals; grazing the difficult number. Since 2018, the supported by the 2022 new set through the strategic of the strategic of guarding approcess for the strategic of guarding approaches the strategic of guarding approach	ent the new management ular control the protectives for the different zones ake a comprehensive, ment and revise the relevation as appropriate; aluation the implementate the plan continues without ourse change. More effortrol of compliance with the norms outlined in the park, a where activities have read the strategic guidelines ment of the security and the strategic guidelines ment and systematically assection on the prevents. In particular, strictly liment and systematically age; a guidelines for the development of specialized very of specialized very be completed in 2023. In strict control on grazing mibit any increase of grazing in the there are no horse owner and the grazing in the the Annual grazing plan.	tion of the trts were the lan, al mot started ries poaching on as for the control in which tion of mit road control lopment indering hicles is germits ling or reduce the eir access; irs measure. park were	Yellow

critical harder lines between pasture lands and	
critical border lines between pasture lands and	
other park areas with no commercial uses.	
In 2022 the restoration of the some of the old	
watering facilities in the pasture areas of the	
park was finished. This will reduce the negative	
pressure on streams and downstream habitats	
in pasture areas.	
4) set up comprehensive monitoring of the	<u>Yellow</u>
impact of grazing; in general, allocate the	
necessary funding for more management-	
oriented scientific research and studies;	
In 2020 consultants were hired to establish a	
methodology to the overall condition of	
habitats used for livestock grazing. In early	
2022 the final report with the elaborated	
methodology was submitted. The first	
independently implementation of the	
methodology started in July when 4 employees	
of the expert department applied it in 7 trial	
areas. The collection of information into the	
database to be used for analysis in the near	
future has begun.	V - II -
5) propose solutions at national level to	Yellow
improve the infrastructure related to	
mountain pastures, like shelters for	
animals and shepherds or dairy facilities;	
improve their visual and ecological impact,	
as well as their sanitary conditions for	
dairy production;	
The solutions to improve the infrastructure	
related to mountain pastures have been	
identified. Funding for their implementation is	
being sought.	
6) explore solutions to increase the role of	Red
the national park in the management of	
tourist infrastructure (chalets) inside the	
park, including their maintenance, the	
control of their ecological impact and their	
use as information points;	
Frequent changes in the management	
personnel of the park directorate and the	
tourism union are one of the obstacles to the	
implementation of this recommendtaion.	
7) use the newly established biosphere	Yellow
reserve to reinforce the role of the Public	
Advisory Council as a link between the	
national park, the municipalities and civil	
society organisations around the park;	
allocate adequate financial and human	
resources to fulfil the tasks and	
commitments undertaken at international	
level with the designation of the park as part of the biosphere reserve and World	

	<u></u>	
	Heritage property and establish, as soon as possible, corresponding management structures;	
	The Coordination Council of the Biosphere Reserve has been established and it represents each of the seven administrations, including through a civilian quota. In the fall of 2022, the project "Providing support for local entrepreneurs through promotional events in Central Balkan Biosphere Reserve" was approved by UNESCO. Its implementation is expected in 2023. The aim of the project idea is to support the partners' network of the Central Balkan Biosphere Reserve that was developed through previous project. In 2022 CBBR accepted fourth and fifth pair volunteers for six/twelve month period (starting from March) as part of the initiative of German National Commision for UNESCO – kulturweit.	
	8) as soon as possible, prepare and adopt management plans for the Natura 2000 areas adjacent to the park.	Yellow
	Funding from the ERDF through OPE is provided to develop management plans for all Natura 2000 sites over the next 5 years. The process is expected to begin immediately after the legal changes that will allow this to happen. Ministry of Environment and Water has assigned an additional two employees to the Parks Directorate to be responsible for the NATURA sites, in case the planned changes in the legislation take place.	
Conditions		
Achievements	In 2022 the restoration of the some of the old watering facilities to reduce the negative pressur streams and downstream habitats in pasture are the park was completed. The data collection for assessing the overall conc habitats used for livestock grazing has been laund 7 areas as a trial. The outcome of this first trial habeen reported yet.	as of lition of ched in as not
Shortcomings	The definition of the boundaries of the Park has been delivered yet, although foreseen by the Management Plan.	not

	No information were provided on the limitation of road development and systematic control of road usage in the framework of poaching control. Funds shortages for implementing a new model for 11 pastures from the pasture areas of the park. The statute of the Coordinating Council' has to been formalized yet. Development of management plan for Natura 2000 is still delayed.		
Other highlights	The Director of Central Balkan National Park Directorate was changed three		
worth to be	times in 2022. Staff turnover delayed the implementation of some of the		
mentioned	recomemndations attached to the renewal of the Diploma.		
	·		
To what extend the			
visibility of the	The logo of the Diploma is used regularly in printed promotional material and		
European Diploma	in all presentations for the CBNP. The website of the park contains		
has been	information on the European Diploma.		
improved?			
Conclusions and	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing most of the		
action suggested	recommendations.		
	The Group invites authorities to report on the assessment of the overall		
	condition of habitats used for livestock grazing and enhance and prioritize the		
	coordination with the Bulgarian Tourist Union.		

Name of the awarded area	69. Armenia Khosrov Forest State	Reserve	Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	10.07.201 10.07.202	
		arted, yellow:	iance with the recomment underway, green: compl vant)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma to this area have been tackled?	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)14	1) as part of create are program members particular litter and developer Although the adopted yet, (educational continues. 2) secure the administe the supper and extes specific in the preservalue; Khosrov Forewith the join and donor or which provide foster their inconservation 3) assess the population level and adapt the regime of "wolf contains and administed and administed adapt the regime of "the provide of the provide	f the new management pand fund an awareness and me for local people, visited of the staff of the reserver in relation to the management of sustainable tourists management plan has nowork with local communities, fieldwork, seminars are Khosrov Forest State Reserve State Reserve State Reserve are state Reserve State Reserve are staff with specific incertance in the preservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of the state reserve and the state of conservation of t	d training ors and we, in gement of sm; ot been aities s) eserve ature, with orities f with naterest in and its managed budget F, CNF, natives to an and its value. If the wolf national area, and aistrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distrative design a sel legal of the menia, in distractive design a sel legal of the menia, i	Yellow Yellow

by 2020, design and adopt a management Red plan for the long-term conservation of the area which will include strategic aims and targets, an estimated budget and a time frame for its full implementation, as well as a monitoring mechanism for the assessment of the implemented management measures; the management plan should also consider a strategic approach for the development of sustainable tourism compatible with the carrying capacity of the Khosrov Forest Reserve and the preservation of its integrity as a strictly protected area; the draft management plan should be submitted to the Secretariat of the Bern Convention prior to its adoption; The new management plan is still under discussion. 2) launch a political and administrative Red process aiming to sustain the preservation of the European interest of the area by means of expanding the territory of the reserve to better preserve the state of conservation of the key species (large **Conditions** carnivores and herbivores); removing the existing 11 enclaves along the border of the Khosrov Forest State Reserve; establishing a buffer zone with a clear protection regime and limits, minimising hunting and the effects of grazing on the reserve; addressing the issue of the "transit routes" that cross the reserve; and working to minimise their general impact on the natural assets of the diploma-holding area; According to the new management plan the boundaries of the reserve will be expanded, a buffer zone will be established with a clear protection regime and restrictions, which will ensure the integrity of rare and endangered plant and animal species. It will also reduce the probability of anthropogenic pressures (grazing, poaching) and will improve the effectiveness of conservation of the reserve. 3) maintain and sustain the legal regime as a Red strictly protected area for the Khosrov Forest State Reserve in the future law on the protection of nature currently under discussion in the parliament; The law has not been adopted yet. **Achievements**

Other highlights worth to be	Shortcomings	 No information has been provided on awareness and training programs on the development of sustainable tourism; No information has been provided on the status of the <i>Canis lupus</i> at national level and in European Diploma areas; No information has been provided on the development of the adaptation of the current legal and administrative regime of the protection of <i>Canis lupus</i>; New management plan which should have been adapted in 2020 is still in the discussion phase; No information has been provided on the removal of the 11 enclaves. 	
mentioned			
To what extend the visibility of the European Diploma has been improved?	No information includ	led	
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS invites the authorities to prioritise actions to fulfil the conditions for the renewal of the Diploma and step up activities related to recommendations where further action is required. The EDPA GoS invites national authorities to provide more information to address the shortcoming identified. The EDPA GoS requests the competent authorities to report on the use of the EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on website, letterheads and printed materials, and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.		

No report received

Name of the awarded area	70. Ireland The Burren region		Date of the award / renewal of the European Diploma	10.07.2013 10.07.2028	/
		tarted, yellow:	iance with the recommen underway, green: comple ant)		
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2018)13	framewo diploma-l	in overarching managemerk document for the Burre holding area, outlining the nent initiatives and their inips;	en Region e various	Red Yellow Green
		heritage a cultural h Region no	to increase the quality of and to prevent damage to eritage in those areas of ot included within the thr Conservation;	the the Burren	Red Yellow Green
		involved holdings, heritage,	n other stakeholders, espe in tourism predicated on a as well as the natural and to support communities l n the Burren Region;	the farm I cultural	Red Yellow Green
award of the European Diploma to this area have			the development of furth oughout the Burren Regio	_	Red Yellow Green
been tackled?	Conditions	developm current B Group of for Proted successor	oudget from 2022 onward nent of a successor progra urren Programme; share Specialists on the Europe cted Areas the details of t programme to the curre me prior to its entry into f	amme to the with the an Diploma he nt Burren	Red Yellow Green
	Achievements				
	Shortcomings				
Other highlights worth to be mentioned					
To what extend the visibility of the					

European Diploma has been improved?	
Conclusions and action suggested	

Name of the awarded area	71. Portugal Desertas Islands Nat	ture Reserve	Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	02.07.2014 / 30.06.2029		
	conditions: red: not	Provide an assessment of the compliance with the recommendations and the conditions: red: not started, yellow: underway, green: completed (please do the assessments which are not relevant)				
		that no p introduce stringent qua implemented and animals a	all necessary precaution lant and/or animal specied into the reserve; rantine measures are right to ensure that no species are introduced to the res	es is corously es of plants erve.	Yellow	
		flora and eradication recent av During 2022,	nd publish studies carrie fauna, following the defi on of all alien species, ind ailable data for the three local and foreign scientis rch projects in Desertas	initive cluding e islands; sts develop	Yellow	
To what extend the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2019)8	Bugio and restoration Monitoring of the recovery habitat, whice 2010, has been involving hab effort to com	soil erosion on the plateard, if deemed necessary, in measures; if the main actions of the of <i>Pterodroma deserta</i> as h was developed between maintained up to presitat restoration. There is bat soil erosion, conside uties of the nature wards	project for nd its en 2006 and sent, a constant red one of	Yellow	
European Diploma to this area have been tackled?		4) keep the and under ensure the and the services for threated 25 years of the main actions while avoid the main actions and a services and large involved an endistribution of goat populations of the management	goat population at a very a strict monitoring school in a strict plant specified experience has less that the strict plant specified experience has less that the strict plant specified experience and the strict plant specified experience and the strict project to another specified experience and population of specified experience and establishing a monal establishing esta	eme to al vegetation rogrammes ecies. While ed to positive est e and population recover a 2000 sites slands densities and uction in the onitoring the success eented to	Yellow	

5) ensure a high level of training for the guides who accompany tourists in the reserve; visitors are met by the Nature Wardens, accompany them along the informative circuit and then to the reception centre. The site management has also signed a protocol with the Regional Delegation of the National Trade Union of Tourist Activity, Translators and Interpreters, under which these professionals receive specific information that results in a better quality of information provided at the location. 6) pursue the monitoring of the yellow-legged gull breeding population and their possible interferences with seabird colonies, in order to ensure early detection of possible negative changes; although the yellow-legged gull (Atlantic form) Larus michohellis atlantis should not be considered an alien species, there is a constant effort to prevent their breeding on the Islands. Due to the remoteness of Desertas Islands and to their characteristics this is an easy and forward task. 7) monitor the implementation of the management plan against conservation objectives and initiate its revision by 2024. the responsible regional authority is committed to update the management plan of the Desertas Islands Nature Reserve by 2024. 1) eliminate avoidable causes of non-natural mortality of Mediterranean monk seals. To this end, revise the design and construction of the local fishing gear, the so-called "covos", to include mechanisms which prevent the capture of young seals and their subsequent death by drowning. Alternatively, replace the fishing equipment that causes these accidents with safer and more sustainable systems which do not interfere with the population of marine mammals in general, and of the monk seal in particular. The Desertas Islands Nature Reserve legislation and regulations have been updated to forbid the use of the local fishing gear, the so-called "covos" in the Reserve's area by the updated Desertas Islands Nature Reserve legislation and regulations. Critical Mediterranean monk seal reproduction area has been			
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Critical Mediterranean monk seal reproduction area has			ertas
	Achievements		
been designed and fishing prohibited.		·	has
		been designed and fishing prohibited.	

	Shortcomings	
Other highlights worth to be mentioned		
To what extend the		
visibility of the	All the events and lectures addressed to the public in general and target grou	ıps,
European Diploma	as well as the website, facebook campaigns and new production of illustrated	d
has been	material, namely informative panels, used to raise awareness about the	
improved?	importance of the Desertas Islands Nature Reserve, were reinforced with the	j
	European Diploma logo.	
Conclusions and	The EDPA GoS welcomes the efforts in implementing the condition and	
action suggested	recommendations attached to the renewal of the Diploma and encourages the	he
	authorities to ccontinue implementing the recommendations until the Diplor	ma
	renewal.	

Name of the	72. Georgia		Date of the award /	03.06.201	-
awarded area	Vashlovani Protected	Areas	renewal of the European Diploma	03.06.203	0
			Lui opean Dipionia		
		•	liance with the recomme		
	conditions: red: not st delete the assessment		underway, green: compl ot relevant)	eted (pleas	e
	delete the assessment		and start implementing i	n 2020 a	
			nagement Plan for the no		Yellow
			riod. Include specific pro ed to climate change and		
			this issue in relation to the		
		-	eservation of species and	habitats	
		typical f	rom the area;		
		A new nine-	year management plan is	already	
			and approved. No inform		
			ed within the report on s edicated to climate chan	-	
			e to fully implement the		
		_	ment Plan as part of the	_	Yellow
		_	ment Plan. Carefully mor activities and the respect		
			ntracts by the farmers. So		
To what extent			onding budgets from stat	e and	
have the conditions		other so	urces;		
and recommendations		The Project	"Sustainable managemer	nt of	
conditioning the	Recommendations	•	Georgia to demonstrate o		
award of the	CM/ResDip(2020)8		gation and adaptation be r local communities" has		
European Diploma			and pasture productivity		
to this area been tackled?		-	the core plant species of		
			Protected Areas has been database, as well as an a		
			urelands. About 60% of	lajastea	
		•	s are already leased. Reg		
		_	raise awareness among talso held. To improve the		
			f farmers, the construction		
		water pipeli	nes were carried out.		
			ion was provided on the nd other sources.	budget	
		i iroini state a	nu otner sources.		
		,	all the available scientific		Yellow
		_	e them into the database		
			ction. Present a systemat with short description a		
		respecti	ve coverage in the Vashlo		
			ed Areas. Establish a	- w - o w -l	
		compre	nensive list of endemic, r	are and	

threatened species with differentiation between the Caucasus, Georgian and local respective species;

According to the work plan within the new 9 year Management Plan, the administration has the direct obligation to annually conduct biodiversity research and monitoring activities of the onsite represented species. Based on this, data is periodically collected and later integrated into the shared database. Systematic list of habitats with short descriptions is represented as an appendix to the report document. It was not specified within the report if the database differentiates between the Caucasus, Georgian and local respective species.

 Continue working closely with the local authorities and communities, especially in the field of tourism and sustainable development;

Yellow

The administration of Vashlovani protected areas works closely with the local authorities and tourist service providers such as the Dedoplistskaro Tourism Development Association, which is according to their website, promoting sustainable tourism development in the region.

5) Continue maintaining and improving the visitors' infrastructures in the park; carefully control the motor traffic on the roads inside the protected areas and monitor the visitors' activities;

Yellow

The maintaining process of the tourist infrastructure is completed: roads are being repaired regularly, restrictions on driving motorcycles and large camper trucks inside the park were imposed. During 2022, the administration continuously monitored the state of infrastructure units. Repair works were being carried out. 3 new picnic tables were constructed, and rangers stations picnic area have been renovated. Barriers were installed at the nature monument of the Eagle Gorge, board stickers were renewed. The construction of the hiking trail of the Eagle Gorge has been completed. 175 units of road signs were installed in Vashlovani National Park and nearby.

	6) Pursue and develop international collaboration with the Republic of Azerbaijan, especially focusing on ungulate and large mammals' conservation. Cooperation in the field of biodiversity restoration in Iori-Mingechauri cross-border area is noteworthy, in which the main component is the Gazelle Reintroduction Project. At this stage, the results, methods and other important information of the Gazelle monitoring in the cross-border area are being exchanged on a regular basis. The Parliament has already granted the status of "multi-use area" to Samukhi Valley, which will make the protection and monitoring of Gazelles even more effective. No information was provided on other	Yellow
	mammals. Agency of Protected Areas of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture of Georgia and the Service of the Protection of Biodiversity of the Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources of the Republic of Azerbaijan established that cooperation under the MoU may include: a. exchanges of information and materials; b. joint organization of symposiums, seminars, workshops, and forums; c. planning, development, and implementation of joint projects and programs; d. staff exchange, training, and other capacity-building programs; e. reciprocal assistance and advice;	
	7) Use more the European Diploma designation in promotional activities and display its logo; carefully consider other potential international designations, in order to avoid confusion among local authorities and population. No updates to the 2021 report were provided.	Green
Conditions		

	Achievements	3 new picnic tables were constructed, and rangers stations picnic area have been renovated. Barriers were installed, board stickers were renewed. The construction of the hiking trail of the Eagle Gorge has been completed. 175 units of road signs were installed in Vashlovani National Park and nearby.
	Shortcomings	No information has been provided within the report on specific provisions in the management plan dedicated to climate change. It was not specified if the database of endemic, rare and threatened species differentiates between the Caucasus, Georgian and local respective species. No information were provided on international collaboration with the Republic of Azerbaijan on the conservation of other ungulate and large mammals other than Gazelles.
Other highlights worth mentioning	were employed as ran	eshlovani protected areas has been increased, 6 locals gers. Venues of VPA have increased (63133 GEL in 2021; 71355
mentioning	GEL in 2022)	vendes of VI A have increased (03133 GEE in 2021, 71333
To what extent has the visibility of the European Diploma been improved?	See point 7.	
Conclusions and action suggested	recommendations. The EDPA GoS invites management plan on strengthen the internal	nes the progress in implementing most of the national authorities to report on the provisions in the climate change. The authorities are encouraged to ational collaboration with the Republic of Azerbaijan on her ungulate and large mammals other than Gazelles.

Name of the awarded area	73. Italy Regional Park Gallipol	li Cognato	Date of the award /renewal of the European Diploma	23.09.202 23.09.202	-
		arted, yellow	oliance with the recomm or: underway, green: comp not relevant)		
		forest to charact trees, a the partage. It won the trees the wind on the characters to the characters the characters to	te the present management owards a greater natural ser, with more diversity on a ser present parts of the lik are formed by trees of would also be advisable to ground — without removant may have died as a reprotect of the result of the product of the ser so as to favour saprosess.	of ages of forest in a similar to leave al – some esult of	Yellow
To what extent have the conditions and recommendations conditioning the award of the European Diploma	Recommendations CM/ResDip(2020)1	2010/2011, 2021, was e for a furthe 2023. Discussions plan is unde The new plainterventio aimed at ob- structure a creation of	t management plan apprage to the property of t	e spring of slation end of ment arcels orest	
to this area been tackled?		in parti 1970s a trees, t The Park m explained ii implement ongoing.	te the control of non-naticular conifers planted duand re-forest, with indige he relatively small areas anagement confirms when the annual report of 20 ation of the recommendation.	ring the nous affected; at 21. The ation is	Yellow
		with ne Lepus of animals the lon due to	te the repopulation of the wave releases of the Italian corsicanus. The numbers is so far introduced do now geterm viability of the point of the poi	hare of t ensure pulation	Yellow
		Lepus Corsi a few numb	of reproduction in capti canus continued also in 2 per (10 animals) of hare hed and in nature during 2022	2022 and nave been	

	4) monitor closely the effects of the introduction of the roe deer Capreolus capreolus italicus in the park, particularly in the forest. The low density of its only possible predators with the exception of man, the wolf, might lead to an explosion in numbers, which should be avoided; Reports of increased presence of roe dear	Yellow
	and wolf have been received. A monitoring campaign of the Italicus Roe deer population planned in 2023.	
	5) consider carrying out studies on the effects of climate change on the flora and fauna of the park. A project has been approved but has not been yet implemented.	Yellow
Conditions	 the regional authorities should ensure by 2022 a substantial increase in the budget presently allocated directly to the park to enable enough means for a stable management and a long-term consolidation of what seems now to be a very efficient but vulnerable structure; Regione Basilicata has confirmed for the period 2022-2023-2024 an extra budget of €100.000,00 per year, in addition to the annual consolidated contribution of € 450.000,00, ensured during the past years. 2) the regulations for the pre-park area are to be adopted by the regional government before the expiration of the first five years of the European Diploma (2025); Contacts and meetings with the municipal administrations of the pre-park area are in 	Yellow
Achievements	progress, in order to discuss the first draft of the regulation. regional authorities secured additional funding park until 2025. 10individuals of hare have been re-introduced nature during 2022 A study on the amphibian population in the Parconducted in 2022 highlighted a good presence	in ·k
	amphibious species in the protected area at the altitudes as in past years The commissarial management of the Executive	e same
Shortcomings	slowed down all the activity of the institution, affecting the implementation of some recommendations of the CoE.	

Other highlights worth mentioning	In 2022 other two important monitoring studies have been implemented using a satellitar monitoring system: - The monitoring of Black Stork (Ciconia nigra) - The monitoring of Black kite (Milvus migrans)
To what extent has the visibility of the European Diploma been improved?	No information included
Conclusions and action suggested	The EDPA GoS welcomes the progress in implementing the condition and recommendations, and urges continued and increased efforts. It wishes that a more stable management of the Executive Board will be secured in 2023. The EDPA GoS request the competent authorities to report on the use of the EDPA logo and information of the EDPA on website, letterheads and printed materials, and to provide pictures demonstrating the use of the logo.