

Second CAHDI workshop on non-legally binding instruments

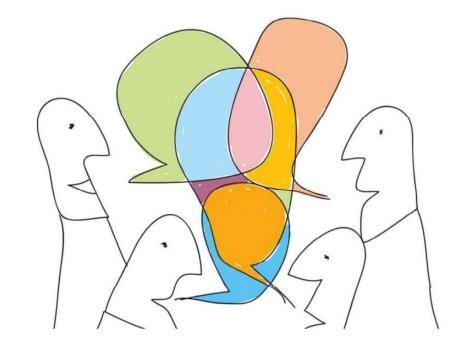
Concluding panel

Exploring the usefulness and appropriateness of a potential model text for NLBIs, guidelines, compilations of good practices or a glossary



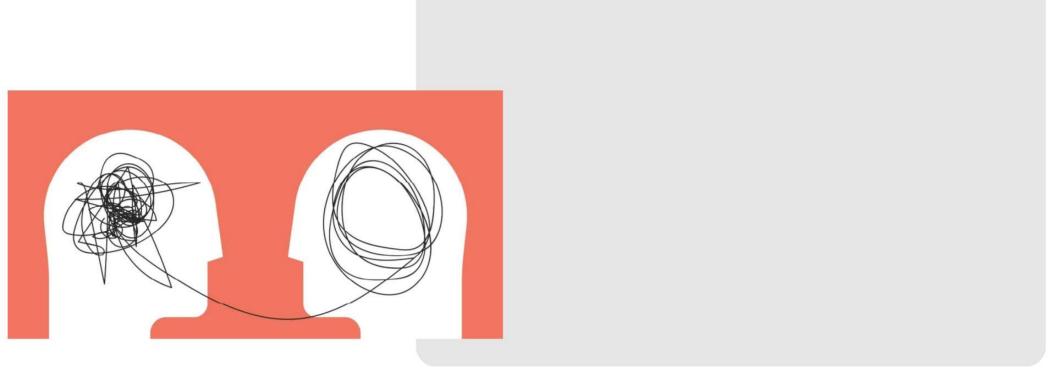
Objectives of this Panel

- To discuss arguments for and against the elaboration of tools.
- To explore potential tools for harmonising formats, contents, and terminology of NLBIs.
- To formulate actionable proposals to the CAHDI session.





Arguments for and against tools







On the regional level









Arguments in Favour

- Consistency across jurisdictions
- Legal clarity
- Facilitates international cooperation
- Procedural efficiency
- Facilitation of daily work



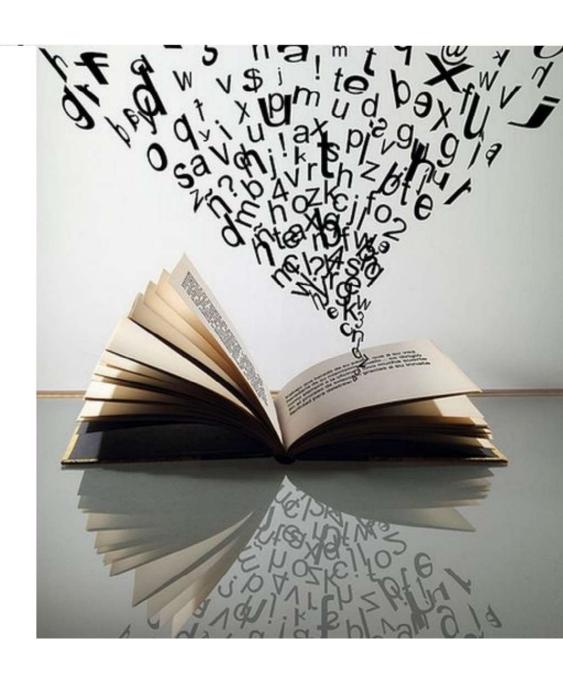


Arguments Against

- Oversimplification?
 - Flexibility
- National solutions adapted to constitutional and political environment



Potential Tools for Harmonisation



Annex 2: Model MOU including sample paragraphs

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN		
THE GOVERNMENT OF		
AND		
THE GOVERNMENT OF []		
CONCERNING []		
The Government of [] ('the Participants'),		
Desiring to [];		
Have reached the following understanding:		
Paragraph 1		
Purpose		
The Participants will seek to []		
Paragraph 2		
[heading]		
The Participants will []		
Paragraph []		
Amendment		
This Memorandum may be amended at any time by the mutual written consent of the Participants.		
Paragraph []		
Termination		
This Mamorandum may be terminated by either Participant giving at least six months' written notice to the other		

Participant. The Participants will consult to determine how any outstanding matters should be dealt with.

Model Text(s)

Paragraph []

Disputes

Any disputes about the interpretation or application of the Memorandum will be resolved by consultations between the Participants, and will not be referred to any national or international tribunal or third party for settlement.

Paragraph []

Duration and effect

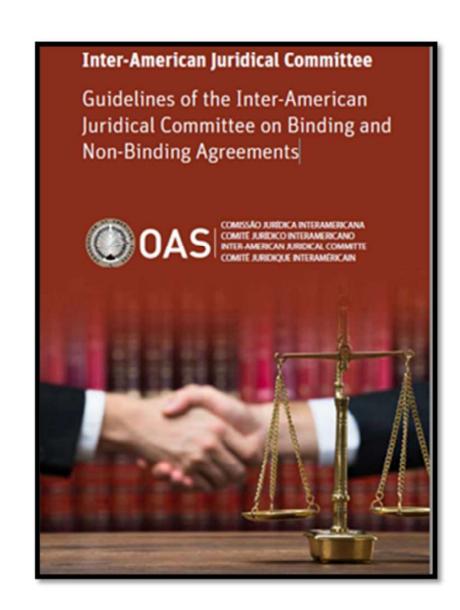
- This Memorandum will come into effect on the date it has been signed on behalf of the Participants and will remain in effect until terminated in accordance with Paragraph [].
- This Memorandum represents the understanding reached between the Participants and does not create any legally binding rights or obligations.

Signed in duplicate at [place] on [date] in the English and [other language] languages, both texts having equal validity.

For the Government of []

Guidelines

- Definitions
- Capacity to Conclude
- Methods for Identifying
- Procedures
- Legal Effects
- Training and Education
- NB: could include Sample Texts and Glossary of Terms



Good practices

- Methodology
- Criteria for good practices



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COMPENDIUM REPORT

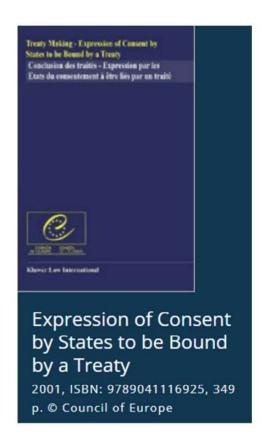
DO NOT USE	DO USE
article	paragraph
agree	accept/approve/decide
agreement/ undertaking	arrangement/understanding
authoritative/authentic	equally valid
clause	paragraph
conditions	provisions
continue in force	continue to have effect/continue in effect or operation/continue to apply
done	signed
enter into force	come into operation/come into effect



mutually agreed	jointly decided
obligations	commitments
parties	participants
preamble	introduction
rights	benefits
have the right	be permitted to
shall	will
undertake /agree/undertake to	carry out/decide/will

Publication in print...

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Part I: Analytical part
Part II: State practice
II.1 Country .... (CAHDI member)
II.2 Country or Organisation ....
(Observer
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Questionnaires







A number of the replies gathered by the CAHDI along the years from delegations in the form of questionnaires and databases have been made available to the public either on the CAHDI website (e.g., the questionnaire and database on the "Organisation and functions of the Office of the Legal Adviser of the MFA") or in CAHDI publications (e.g., the questionnaire on "Immunities of special missions").

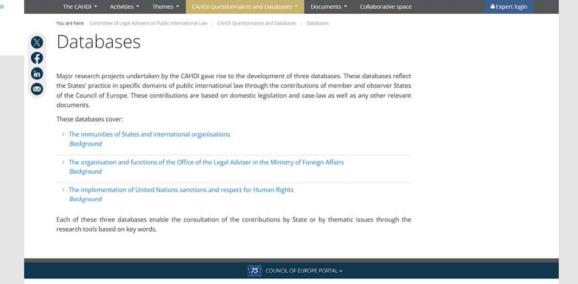
On the occasion of the 62nd CAHDI meeting, on 24 March 2022, the Chair noted that replies to certain questionnaires were currently still confidential. Delegations held an exchange of views on whether the confidentiality status of these questionnaires was still justified or whether this could be lifted in the interest of making this information publicly available. An inquiry form was sent to all delegations to find out which questionnaires each delegation would be ready to render

On the occasion of the 65th and 66th meetings, the CAHDI decided to lift the confidentiality of replies to the following

- Settlement of disputes of a private character to which an international organisation is party
- Immunity of state-owned cultural property on loan
- Immunities of special missions
- > Service of process on a foreign State
- ▶ Possibility for the MFA to raise public international law issues in procedures pending before national tribunals and related to States' or international organisations' immunities

The replies can be found on each questionnaire dedicated page.

....or online

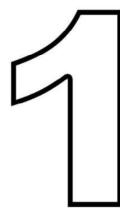








Approval of the Final Report and Publication



- Approval of the final report
- Authorising its publication and dissemination



Potential CAHDI tools

- a) Glossary
- b) Compilation of good practices
- c) Guidelines
- d) Potential model text(s)

