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22 January 2026

Committee on Rules, Ethics and Immunities

Participation of members in Parliamentary Assembly plenary sessions and committee meetings¹

Information memorandum

prepared by the Secretariat

1. Introduction

1.1. Framework for the collection of statistics in relation to plenary sessions

1. In Resolution 1583 (2007) on “Improving the participation of members in Assembly plenary sessions and committee meetings”, the Parliamentary Assembly adopted measures aimed at promoting improved participation by Assembly members in its activities and those of its committees. Paragraph 7 of the resolution provides for follow-up to the measures taken:

“7. The Assembly:

7.1. invites its Secretary General to continue observing closely the level of participation of members of national parliamentary delegations at plenary sessions, including during votes, and in the general committees of the Assembly, and to inform the Bureau of the Assembly and the Committee on Rules of Procedure and Immunities regularly thereon;

7.2. invites the President of the Assembly to examine, with the speakers and political groups of the parliaments concerned, the possible consequences if, during one year following the adoption of this resolution, the average level of participation of national delegations in Assembly sittings, as shown by the signatures in the register of attendance, falls below 50% of their nominal strength;

7.3. resolves to review the Assembly’s committee structure, including the possible merger of committees, if, during the same period, there is no improvement in the level of participation in committees.”

2. The purpose of this information memorandum is therefore to allow the Committee on Rules, Ethics and Immunities, in compliance with paragraph 7.1 of Resolution 1583, to consider relevant statistics on the following points:

- participation of members of national parliamentary delegations in plenary sessions,
- participation of members of national parliamentary delegations in votes during plenary sessions,
- participation of members of national parliamentary delegations in the Assembly’s general committees.

3. The Assembly has made regular efforts since Resolution 1583 (2007), to improve its operation and the participation of its members in its work, in particular by offering them more opportunities to speak during

¹ Declassified by decision of the Committee on Rules, Ethics and Immunities at its meeting on 29 January 2026

debates and by making debates livelier. Reviews of the structure of Committees and methods of functioning were notably made in 2011 and 2015 to improve participation.

4. In 2025, the Assembly adopted Resolution 2634 (2025) on “Increasing members’ active participation in the work of the Parliamentary Assembly” as part of the Assembly’s ongoing reform efforts. Key changes include optimising speaking time, introducing voting incentives, and limiting simultaneous rapporteurships. The Assembly is also working to enhance transparency, efficiency, visibility, and support to members through better tools, communication, and training.

1.2. Framework for the collection of statistics in relation to committee meetings

5. Rule 44.11 of the Assembly’s Rules of Procedure states that “*If (...) in the course of a parliamentary year*, the average level of participation of a national delegation in the meetings of a committee is below 33%, the Secretary General of the Parliamentary Assembly shall inform the President of the Assembly, the Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, Ethics and Immunities and the chairperson of the national delegation concerned. The President of the Assembly shall bring this to the attention of the speaker of the national parliament concerned and the Bureau of the Assembly.*”

[* If during the reference year, parliamentary elections are held, the national delegation concerned may request that the reference time be prolonged by the Bureau up to a maximum of two years.]

6. The aim is therefore to observe, firstly, the average level of participation of each delegation in all the committees, taken as a whole; and, secondly, the average level of participation of each delegation in each separate committee, which can be more complex.

1.3. Specific contextual elements for 2025

7. Nine member states held national parliamentary elections in 2025, namely: Albania, Czechia, Germany, Ireland, Liechtenstein, Republic of Moldova, Netherlands, Norway and Portugal². As is well known, in election years, it is often impossible for members to take part in Assembly activities when they are required to stay in their constituencies for the election campaign in the run up to an election. Moreover, elections often imply a change to the national delegation where members lose their seats or parliamentary political representation changes, causing further impacts on participation. This can therefore have a significant effect on participation for those countries holding national elections. For this reason, where relevant to the statistics, in this note an asterisk has been placed next to the countries that held a general parliamentary election in 2025 in acknowledgement of the impact this will have had on the statistics, not least given that one of the largest delegations, Germany, had federal elections, which thus is likely to have an impact on the overall Assembly statistics.

8. Two member states did not have a delegation participating to the 2025 PACE session, Azerbaijan³ and Georgia⁴, and consequently do not appear in the statistics for 2025.

9. During the June part-session, technical issues with the electronic registration system disrupted the accurate tracking of member attendance and participation. As a result, statistics pertaining to the plenary meetings are incomplete as they do not include data from the third part-session.

² National elections held in 2025, in alphabetical order (does not include indirect elections, presidential elections and referendums): Albania (Parliament – 11 May), Czechia (Parliament – 3/4 October), Germany (Federal election – 23 February), Ireland (Seanad – 29/30 January), Liechtenstein (Parliament – 9 February), Moldova (Parliament – 28 September), Netherlands (House of Representatives – 29 October), Norway (Parliament – 8 September), Portugal (Parliament – 18 May).

³ The Parliament of Azerbaijan did not transmit credentials for the 2025 Ordinary Session. (See Article 25 of the Statute of the Council of Europe and Rule 6 of the Rules of Procedure of the Assembly).

⁴ The Georgian delegation withdrew from the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe on 30 January 2025 following the Assembly’s vote to ratify the delegation’s credentials subject to conditions.

2. Statistics

2.1. Participation of members of national parliamentary delegations in plenary sessions

10. Statistics show that the overall level of participation⁵ of members of the 44⁶ national delegations for the four 2025 part-sessions was 49% (see Appendix I).⁷ All part-sessions recorded a participation rate between 46% and 51%, which is an improvement on 2024. It should be noted that the January part-session usually has the highest participation rate, but in 2025 it was the October part-session that had the highest rate, at 51%.

11. It should be pointed out that these “participation” rates are based on the electronic registration (badge), and they do not reflect the actual presence of parliamentarians in the Assembly chamber or their actual participation in the debates. Members do not necessarily remain throughout the debate for which they have registered, and this is not dependent on whether they are called on to speak. Moreover, members who attend a debate but do not swipe their badge are not recorded as being present.

12. In 2025, 26 delegations had an average participation rate of less than 50%, and thus are affected by the measure provided for in paragraph 7.2 of Resolution 1583 (2007). This can be compared with 32 delegations in 2024, 27 delegations in 2023 and 16 delegations in 2022. It should be added that 8 of the 26 delegations held national general elections in 2025. The 26 delegations are⁸:

– Czechia*	1,06%
– Slovak Republic	8,89%
– Slovenia	11,11%
– Denmark	24,44%
– Hungary	26,98%
– Germany*	30,04%
– Estonia	33,33%
– Serbia	34,39%
– France	36,01%
– Albania*	37,96%
– Italy	38,07%
– Liechtenstein*	38,89%
– Netherlands*	39,15%
– Belgium	39,15%
– Republic of Moldova*	40,00%
– Bosnia and Herzegovina	41,48%
– Poland	43,52%
– Finland	43,70%
– Montenegro	44,44%
– Greece	45,50%
– Türkiye	46,71%
– Iceland	46,91%
– Bulgaria	47,53%
– Ireland*	48,15%
– Spain	48,46%
– Portugal*	48,68%

13. It is also noteworthy that the participation level of four of the five large delegations, France, Germany*, Italy and Türkiye, was below 50% for 2025, which has a significant impact on overall statistics given the size of their delegations.

⁵ The average presence rate of a delegation for each year is calculated on the basis of the number of members that registered for each sitting.

⁶ The participation figures for the national delegations of Azerbaijan and Georgia are excluded from the calculations of total average rates in this document, even though the Georgian delegation attended a portion of the first part-session in 2025 before withdrawing, giving it an average participation rate of 5.19% for the 2025 Ordinary Session.

⁷ It was 41% in 2024; 44.80% in 2023; 56.86% in 2022; 69.68% in 2021 and 54.34% in 2019.

⁸ An asterisk (*) next the name indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections in 2025.

14. During the 2025 session, the Assembly adopted 74 texts (see Appendix IX), compared to 81 in 2024 and 71 in 2023. Moreover, during the 2025 session, the Assembly held 13 debates under urgent procedure⁹ and 9 current affairs debates¹⁰ (of which 3 were held during the Standing Committees). In the last 10 years, the average number of texts adopted by the Assembly has been around 79 per year and in 2025 there was no major negative impact on the productivity of the Assembly.

15. The list of texts adopted by the Assembly this year (see Appendix VIII) shows that the interest of Assembly members was focused on topical political issues (the protection of journalists, the humanitarian crisis in Gaza, the Russian Federation's war of aggression against Ukraine, as well as concerns about foreign interference). Additionally, members engaged with broader issues relating to human rights protection, youth movements, discrimination, the fight against corruption, and specific questions surrounding migration, among others.

16. While a statistical analysis of the participation of members of national parliamentary delegations in plenary sessions provides some indication of the interest and importance attached by delegations to the work of the Parliamentary Assembly, it does not provide an indication of impact of the work of the Assembly or the level of visibility given to the Assembly. This would require a separate examination outside the scope of this document, and may be worth following up, taking into account Resolution 2277 (2019) on "*Role and mission of the Parliamentary Assembly: main challenges for the future*". This notes that enhanced impact and visibility of the Assembly's work is only possible if the decisions it takes are being followed up, in particular by or through national parliaments. Resolution 2277 (2019) introduces, *inter alia*, the following proposals:

"13.1 the Secretary General of the Parliamentary Assembly to ensure that Speakers of national parliaments are regularly informed about conclusions and proposals made in Assembly resolutions, especially those concerning their own country;

13.2 national parliamentary delegations to the Assembly to regularly report to their parliaments on their activities in the Assembly, preferably after each part-session, and to inform the Assembly's Bureau on the national follow-up given to Assembly resolutions at least once a year".

2.2. Participation of members of national parliamentary delegations in voting at plenary sessions

17. There is still a very significant difference between the number of members electronically registered in sittings and the number who actually take part in the votes at the sitting for which they have registered.

18. In 2025, the participation rate of 30% of Assembly members in votes in plenary sittings is slightly higher than the figures in 2024 (27%), and in line with previous years, in 2023 (31.23%), in 2022 (31.22%), in 2021 (31.92%)¹¹.

19. Only eight delegations out of 44 had a participation rate of 50% or more in votes in 2025 (in order of participation rate): Sweden (66%), Switzerland (60%), Monaco (58%), Andorra (57%), Liechtenstein (56%), Spain (54%), Ukraine (51%) and Norway (50%).¹²

20. The fact that 20 delegations' participation rates in votes were less than 25% is of concern, even if there is an improvement compared to 2024.¹³ Those with rates below 25% are Albania*, Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czechia*, Denmark, Estonia, France, Germany*, Hungary, Ireland*, Latvia, Malta, Republic of Moldova*, Montenegro, Poland, Romania, Serbia, Slovak Republic and Slovenia (see Appendix V).

21. It is worth noting that there is no absolute correlation between the participation rate of national delegations as recorded in the register of signatures and the participation rate of the members of the

⁹ Under Rule 52 of the Rules of Procedure.

¹⁰ Under Rule 54 of the Rules of Procedure.

¹¹ The average participation rate of national delegations to voting is calculated by averaging the percentage of members of each delegation that have voted in each Resolution, Recommendation or Opinion.

¹² The figure was eight in 2024, three in 2023, eight in 2022, eleven in 2021 and fifteen in 2019.

¹³ Compared to 26 delegations in 2024, 23 delegations in 2023, 21 delegations in 2022, 18 delegations in 2021 and 15 delegations in 2019.

same delegations in votes.¹⁴ It would be appropriate therefore to discuss matters more thoroughly with the delegations to understand better why their members attend sessions but do not vote on the texts being debated.

2.3. Participation of members of national parliamentary delegations in meetings of general Assembly committees

2.3.1. Participation levels in committee meetings by delegation

22. In 2025, the nine Assembly committees held a total of 68 meetings (see Appendix VII).¹⁵ This figure is in line with the level of previous years, except for 2021, when the highest score was recorded.

23. The overall level of participation of Assembly members in the Assembly's nine committees in 2025 was 47.89%. Similar participation was recorded in previous years except 2021 when the highest rate was recorded (albeit participation in 2021 was online due to the Covid-19 outbreak).¹⁶

24. With more specific regard to the participation of national delegations in the meetings of the six committees where they are represented (as opposed to the committees where candidatures are presented by political groups), the rate was 46.15% in 2025 (see Appendix VI).¹⁷

25. Ten delegations had average rates of participation in all committee meetings below 33% (thus engaging Rule 44.11 of the Rules of Procedure). These were, in alphabetical order: **Andorra, Bulgaria, Czechia*, Estonia, Germany*, Hungary, Iceland, Republic of Moldova*, Slovak Republic, Slovenia.**¹⁸

26. Fourteen of the 44 delegations achieved average participation rates of 50% or more.¹⁹ Three delegations have an average of over 70%, a decrease from 2024, when they were five.

27. The national delegations' levels of participation in committee meetings varied greatly in 2025:

- The delegations of the Slovak Republic and Slovenia did not participate in any of the meetings of the Committee on Political Affairs and Democracy.
- the delegations of Andorra, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cyprus, Czechia*, Latvia, Republic of Moldova* did not participate in any of the meetings of the Committee on Social Affairs, Health and Sustainable Development;
- the delegations of Andorra, Czechia* and the Slovak Republic did not participate in any of the meetings of the Committee on Legal Affairs and Human Rights;
- the delegations of North Macedonia, Republic of Moldova*, Serbia and the Slovak Republic did not participate in any of the meetings of the Committee on Culture, Science, Education and Media;
- the delegations of Andorra, Czechia*, Estonia, Latvia, Republic of Moldova* and the Slovak Republic did not participate in any of the meetings of the Committee on Migration, Refugees and Displaced Persons;
- the delegations of Cyprus, Czechia* and Slovenia did not participate in any of the meetings of the Committee on Equality and Non Discrimination.

28. Reasons for these variations vary. Members belonging to small delegations are often members of many committees and this can lead to a heavy/unmanageable workload were they to attend them all, resulting in the low participation rates of some delegations. Several delegations are faced with budgetary constraints which rule out long or frequent journeys.

¹⁴ Some delegations had more than 40 p.p. of difference between the participation and the voting rate, for example, the Armenian delegation's participation rate in 2025 was 67% and its participation rate in voting was 23% only. The same applies to Montenegro (44% and 2%) and Luxembourg (89% and 48%).

¹⁵ The nine Assembly committees held: 67 meetings in 2024, 64 meetings in 2023; 74 meetings in 2022 and 85 meetings in 2021.

¹⁶ The rate was 45.26% in 2024; 44.99% in 2023; 54.43% in 2022 and 65.09% in 2021.

¹⁷ The rate was 44.79% in 2024; 44.74% in 2023 and 51.27% in 2022.

¹⁸ There were 22 in 2020, 15 in 2019, 6 in 2018, 13 in 2017, and 10 in 2016.

¹⁹ Compared to 13 in 2024; 17 in 2023; 22 in 2022 and 21 in 2021.

29. Unlike 2020 and 2021, committees since then have been held in *presential*. As mentioned in Resolution 2377 (2021) and Resolution 2634 (2025), it is essential to continue to base the Assembly's work on face-to-face meetings between its members, to allow for rich exchanges that are indispensable for the work of a multilateral organisation. While online meetings were originally devised as an exceptional measure in the face of exceptional circumstances, they are also a complementary working method which allows for greater flexibility under certain circumstances.

2.3.2. Overall participation levels in meetings by committee²⁰

30. As to the level of participation in committees, four out of nine committees recorded an overall figure of over 50% compared to two in 2024, two in 2023, five in 2022 and eight in 2021 (see Appendix VII).

31. The Committee on the Election of Judges to the European Court of Human Rights had the highest participation rate at 75.46%, followed by the Committee on Political affairs and Democracy at 58.54%. In all other committees, the overall rate was between 37% and 53%. Three committees had participation rates of under 40%: the Committee on Social Affairs, Health and Sustainable Development; the Committee on Migration, Refugees and Displaced Persons and the Committee on Rules, Ethics and Immunities. Some caution, however, has to be expressed in these figures as mentioned earlier.

3. Possible explanations

32. Since 2008, the committee has examined the statistics on participation by members in the work of the Assembly and its committees, and looked for factors that might explain certain aspects. Since the 2007 report on "*Improving the participation of members in Assembly plenary sessions and committee meetings*" (see explanatory memorandum, Doc. 11295; paras. 31 to 41) and through the information memoranda presented since 2008, the committee has highlighted relevant considerations.²¹ As it has already pointed out, some caution is required when interpreting raw statistics, which take no account in themselves of the, often valid, reasons explaining parliamentarians' absence.

33. The participation of members of national delegations in plenary sessions tends to be decreasing, with the exception of 2021, when it increased sharply. Many of the traditional reasons for lower rates of attendance remain. These include: (i) budgetary problems and cuts in national parliaments affecting the ability of members to travel, and (ii) dual mandates which sometimes require members to stay in their national parliaments or be called back for important debates. While hybrid meetings would, in principle, help to address these two problems, parliamentarians are always juggling agendas and priorities, and the mere possibility of online participation would not be a guarantee of their availability or active participation.

34. As already mentioned, some smaller delegations note that their members cannot ensure regular participation in all the meetings of all the committees, because there are so few of them to cover all committees which they are entitled to attend.

35. It is also well known that, in election years, it can be impossible for members to take part in Assembly activities when they are required to stay in their constituencies for the election campaign. This was specifically highlighted in the introduction to this memorandum and asterisks indicate the affected delegations for 2025, in acknowledgement that the parliamentary election in 2025 can affect statistics. This explanation may account for the depleted ranks of these delegations during the part-sessions preceding or following national elections (pending also the appointment of a new delegation), but it should not be used to justify the absence of members throughout a whole year.

²⁰ The statistics provided concern the participation of committee members in meetings of their committees in the strict sense and do not take account conferences and seminars held by those committees, which sometimes nevertheless are attended by very large numbers of participants.

²¹ See documents AS/Pro (2008) 13, AS/Pro (2009) 21, AS/Pro (2010) 21, AS/Pro (2012) 02, AS/Pro (2013) 02, AS/Pro (2014) 03, AS/Pro (2015) 02, AS/Pro (2016) 03, AS/Pro (2017) 03, AS/Pro (2018) 02, AS/Pro (2019) 01, AS/Pro (2020) 03, AS/Pro (2021) 01, AS/Pro (2022) 01, AS/Pro (2024) 01.

36. It is also necessary here to underline the importance of national parliaments renewing their national delegations to the Assembly as quickly as possible after elections, as the late renewal of delegations has a significant impact on rates of participation in Assembly activities.²²

37. Another point emphasised by numerous members is that it is important to continue the work of the Assembly through face-to-face meetings and online meetings should be seen as an exceptional measure when exceptional circumstances arise. In this context it can be noted that in 2022, in 2023 and in 2024, the use of the online system of KUDO was provided to allow for participants from Ukraine to participate in the work of the Assembly. Members of the Ukrainian delegation participate actively and mainly in presential in committee meetings.

38. The low level, or lower level of participation of national delegations in voting clearly remains a concern and further exploration of the factors affecting this could be useful.

39. Notwithstanding the different comments above, it should be noted that the statistics on the participation of delegations in the Assembly in 2025 are broadly in keeping with recent trends but show a slight improvement in terms of the participation of members in plenary and committee meetings compared to 2024.

4. Conclusions

40. The success, utility and credibility of the Assembly depends on national delegations and individual members of the Assembly attending, participating and contributing to its work. There are both qualitative and quantitative elements to such participation – however, the quality of the output depends on sufficient presence in plenary debates, in votes, and in committee meetings. It is therefore vital that the Assembly remains alive to challenges to meaningful participation and looks at ways to ensure it remains a vibrant forum for political dialogue in Europe.

41. The statistics vary from year to year, depending on a multitude of factors. In 2025, two notable developments significantly impacted participation rates: the absence of the delegations from Azerbaijan and Georgia. However, even bearing in mind these factors, more can arguably be done to ensure a higher rate of participation in plenary votes, in plenary debates and in committee meetings. This is important for the credibility for Assembly reports and positions, as well as for the value of the political exchanges that take place within the Assembly.

42. The Committee on Rules, Ethics and Immunities will hold an exchange of views on the basis of this memorandum, and will consider, in accordance with Resolution 1583 (2007), what conclusions might be drawn from the analysis of the statistics on delegations' participation.

43. The committee is invited to transmit this memorandum to the Bureau of the Assembly, containing the following proposals, for appropriate follow-up:

44. The committee invites the President of the Assembly to notify in writing the chairpersons of the delegations and the speakers of the parliaments concerned by low participation rates (Rule 44.11 of the Rules of Procedure and paragraph 7.2 of Resolution 1583 (2007) – the President of the Assembly is invited “to examine, with the speakers and political groups of the parliaments concerned, the possible consequences if the average level of participation of national delegations in Assembly sitting falls below 50% of their nominal strength”) and to arrange a meeting with the chairpersons of the relevant delegations.

²² Under the Rules of Procedure (Rule 11.3), parliaments are required to appoint members of the new delegations within six months of parliamentary elections.

45. The 26 delegations affected by the measure planned under paragraph 7.2 of Resolution 1583 (average participation rate in Assembly sittings below 50%) is below, although those with an asterisk may be considered to have special reasons for not having met the 50% target for 2025 and it may therefore be considered not appropriate to write to the chairpersons and speakers of those delegations²³ :

- **Albania*, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czechia*, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany*, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland*, Italy, Liechtenstein*, Republic of Moldova*, Montenegro, Netherlands*, Poland, Portugal*, Serbia, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain and Türkiye,**

46. The ten delegations affected by the measure planned under Rule 44.11 (average participation rate in committee meetings below 33%) is as follows, although those with an asterisk may be considered to have special reasons for not having met the 33% target for 2025 and it may therefore be considered not appropriate to write to the chairpersons and speakers of those delegations:

- **Andorra, Bulgaria, Czechia*, Estonia, Germany*, Hungary, Iceland, Republic of Moldova*, Slovak Republic and Slovenia.**

47. Moreover, the committee suggests that the statistics relating to the participation of national delegations be made publicly available on the Assembly's website.

²³ An asterisk (*) next to the name indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections during 2025.

APPENDIX I - Participation of national delegations in the Assembly part-sessions in 2025^{24 25 26}

Country	Number of members	Average presence January 2025	Average presence April 2025	Average presence October 2025	Average presence 2025	Rank
Albania*	4	55,56%	8,33%	50,00%	37,96%	35
Andorra	2	44,44%	100,00%	77,78%	74,07%	4
Armenia	4	75,00%	77,78%	47,22%	66,67%	7
Austria	6	51,85%	61,11%	61,11%	58,02%	11
Belgium	7	36,51%	38,10%	42,86%	39,15%	31
Bosnia and Herzegovina	5	62,22%	37,78%	24,44%	41,48%	29
Bulgaria	6	64,81%	44,44%	33,33%	47,53%	22
Croatia	5	37,78%	66,67%	64,44%	56,30%	15
Cyprus	2	61,11%	77,78%	50,00%	62,96%	8
Czechia*	7	3,17%	0,00%	0,00%	1,06%	44
Denmark	5	28,89%	26,67%	17,78%	24,44%	41
Estonia	3	33,33%	25,93%	40,74%	33,33%	38
Finland	5	71,11%	15,56%	44,44%	43,70%	27
France	18	48,77%	46,30%	12,96%	36,01%	36
Germany*	18	8,02%	37,65%	44,44%	30,04%	39
Greece	7	34,92%	52,38%	49,21%	45,50%	25
Hungary	7	36,51%	23,81%	20,63%	26,98%	40
Iceland	3	0,00%	85,19%	55,56%	46,91%	23
Ireland*	4	41,67%	58,33%	44,44%	48,15%	21
Italy	18	41,36%	37,04%	35,80%	38,07%	34
Latvia	3	62,96%	74,07%	33,33%	56,79%	13
Liechtenstein*	2	55,56%	0,00%	61,11%	38,89%	33
Lithuania	4	61,11%	52,78%	55,56%	56,48%	14
Luxembourg	3	96,30%	96,30%	74,07%	88,89%	1
Malta	3	44,44%	70,37%	48,15%	54,32%	16
Republic of Moldova*	5	53,33%	42,22%	24,44%	40,00%	30
Monaco	2	83,33%	83,33%	72,22%	79,63%	2
Montenegro	3	51,85%	51,85%	29,63%	44,44%	26
Netherlands*	7	41,27%	25,40%	50,79%	39,15%	32
North Macedonia	3	62,96%	51,85%	44,44%	53,09%	18
Norway*	5	77,78%	66,67%	42,22%	62,22%	9
Poland	12	62,04%	45,37%	23,15%	43,52%	28
Portugal*	7	61,90%	52,38%	31,75%	48,68%	19
Romania	10	42,22%	67,78%	52,22%	54,07%	17
San Marino	2	55,56%	61,11%	66,67%	61,11%	10
Serbia	7	33,33%	38,10%	31,75%	34,39%	37
Slovak Republic	5	20,00%	0,00%	6,67%	8,89%	43
Slovenia	3	25,93%	0,00%	7,41%	11,11%	42
Spain	12	37,96%	51,85%	55,56%	48,46%	20
Sweden	6	72,22%	77,78%	62,96%	70,99%	5
Switzerland	6	81,48%	72,22%	75,93%	76,54%	3
Türkiye	18	52,47%	43,83%	43,83%	46,71%	24
Ukraine	12	82,41%	73,15%	54,63%	70,06%	6
United Kingdom	18	64,20%	45,68%	62,96%	57,61%	12
Total	294	48,49%	46,71%	51,36%	48,85%	

²⁴ The average presence rate of a delegation for each year is calculated on the basis of the number of members that registered for each sitting.

²⁵ An asterisk (*) next to the name indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections during 2025.

²⁶ Due to a technical issue, attendance records for the June part-session were not accurately registered, so these data are not shown and the total average for the 2025 session is based on three part-sessions.

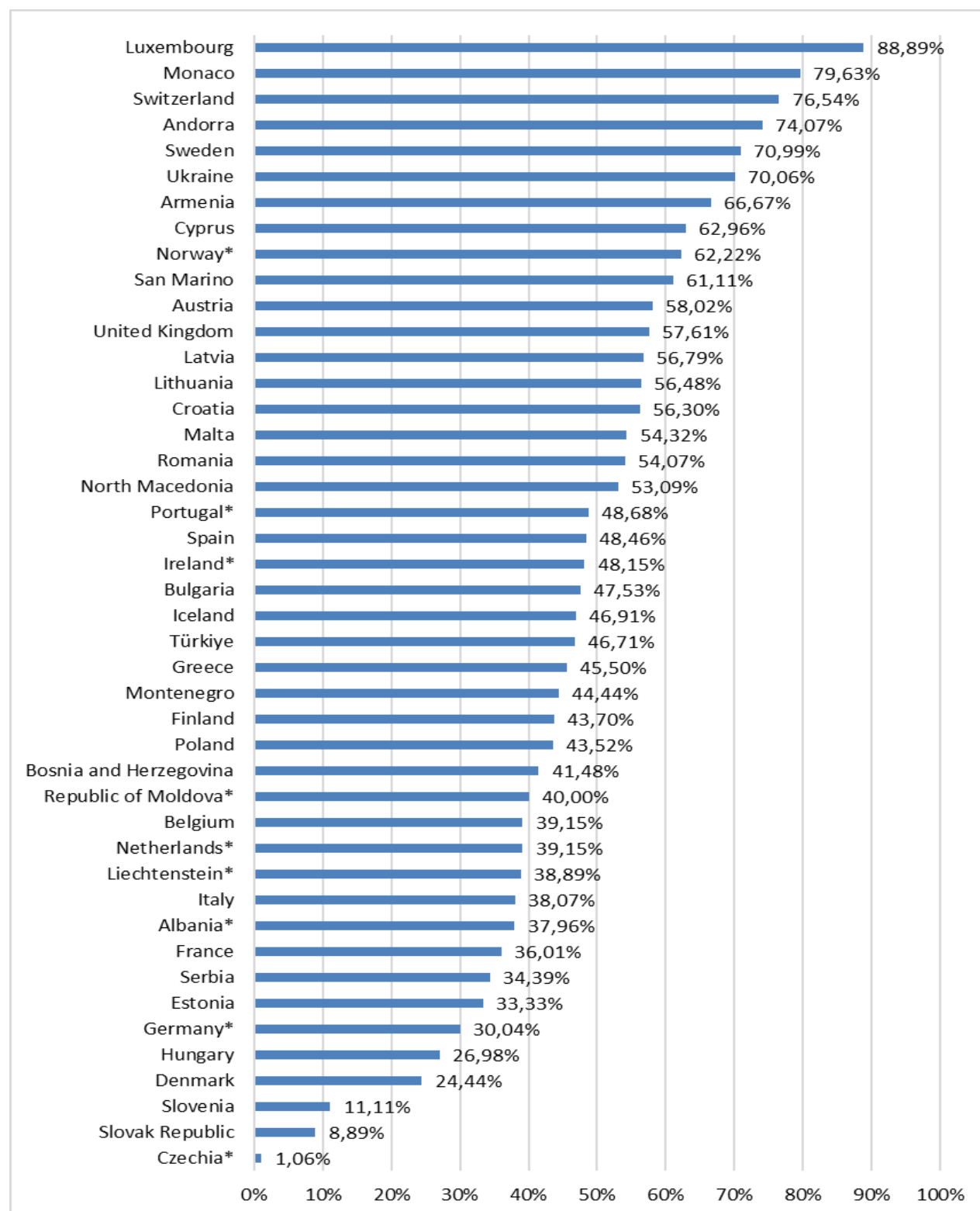
APPENDIX II - Participation of national delegations in the Assembly part-sessions from 2021 to 2025²⁷²⁸

Country	Average presence 2021	Average presence 2022	Average presence 2023	Average presence 2024	Average presence 2025
Albania	61,16%*	51,29%	25,42%	30,06%	37,96%*
Andorra	53,13%	74,01%	5,28%*	81,55%	74,07%
Armenia	85,16%*	85,12%	77,92%	61,90%	66,67%
Austria	87,87%	70,44%	69,44%	69,11%*	58,02%
Belgium	62,18%	57,14%	37,38%	31,35%*	39,15%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	53,75%	40,08%*	52,00%	43,25%	41,48%
Bulgaria	35,04%*	36,9%*	25,93%*	34,33%*	47,53%
Croatia	80,09%	59,37%	59,89%	42,22%*	56,30%
Cyprus	70,31%*	75,60%	64,72%	63,29%	62,96%
Czechia	55,93%*	36,79%*	23,89%	22,96%*	1,06%*
Denmark	49,20%	34,29%*	53,44%	30,95%	24,44%
Estonia	62,50%	33,73%	28,33%*	24,60%	33,33%
Finland	76,88%	74,13%	53,22%*	67,38%	43,70%
France	75,00%	55,58%*	40,71%*	29,96%*	36,01%
Germany	43,92%*	39,48%	33,95%	40,32%	30,04%*
Greece	83,29%	50,40%	26,59%*	40,36%	45,50%
Hungary	70,98%	41,95%*	49,52%	38,32%	26,98%
Iceland	55,51%*	50,53%	56,11%	42,06%*	46,91%
Ireland	81,92%	69,44%	62,22%	34,13%*	48,15%*
Italy	63,69%	39,31%*	37,13%	39,70%	38,07%
Latvia	80,95%	69,31%*	77,78%	60,98%	56,79%
Liechtenstein	84,38%*	91,27%	37,22%	54,96%	38,89%*
Lithuania	78,79%	51,98%	52,78%	40,97%*	56,48%
Luxembourg	72,77%	51,72%	43,15%*	69,31%	88,89%
Malta	31,25%	43,52%*	47,41%	47,75%	54,32%
Republic of Moldova	92,19%*	46,67%	24,22%	45,56%	40%*
Monaco	66,22%	69,05%	53,33%	72,42%	79,63%
Montenegro	76,72%	34,39%	25,19%*	39,81%	44,44%
Netherlands	68,57%*	48,98%	37,94%*	25,62%	39,15%*
North Macedonia	58,59%	39,55%	37,59%	29,63%*	53,09%
Norway	77,87%*	78,81%	69,44%	62,06%	62,22%*
Poland	63,39%	36,41%	33,06%*	38,99%	43,52%
Portugal	59,87%	44,33%*	59,13%	41,16%*	48,68%*
Romania	90,40%	65,95%	48,44%	31,03%*	54,07%
San Marino	83,55%	85,71%	66,67%	51,98%*	61,11%
Serbia	26,16%	48,92%*	36,83%*	29,08%	34,39%
Slovak Republic	47,32%	9,44%	0%*	2,78%	8,89%
Slovenia	73,55%	18,52%*	3,33%	9,66%	11,11%
Spain	86,98%	48,38%	42,22%*	40,54%	48,46%
Sweden	84,90%	72,62%*	60,19%	49,21%	70,99%
Switzerland	69,64%	88,96%	70,37%*	77,58%	76,54%
Türkiye	80,03%	61,71%	42,44%*	50,71%	46,71%
Ukraine	89,47%	81,68%	82,45%	85,48%	70,06%
United Kingdom	68,58%	49,76%	42,31%	21,76%*	57,61%
Total	69,68%	52,80%	44,80%	41,08%	48,85%

²⁷ The average presence rate of a delegation for each year is calculated on the basis of the number of members that registered for each sitting.

²⁸ An asterisk (*) next to the value indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections during 2025.

APPENDIX III - Average participation of national delegations in the Assembly 2025 Session - Ranked^{29 30}



²⁹ An asterisk (*) next to the name indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections during 2025.

³⁰ Due to a technical issue, attendance records for the June part-session were not accurately registered, so the total average for the 2025 session is based on three part-sessions.

APPENDIX IV - Average participation in votes: 2021 - 2025³¹

Part-session	Number of votes	Votes cast	The average number of participants in each vote
January 2021	62	7496	121
April 2021	40	4577	114
June 2021	49	4618	94
October 2021	82	7794	95
Total 2021	233	24485	106
January 2022	115	10529	92
March 2022	14	2928	209
April 2022	54	5362	99
June 2022	36	2442	68
October 2022	58	4493	77
Total 2022	277	25754	109
January 2023	70	6989	100
April 2023	28	2171	77
June 2023	96	6553	68
October 2023	55	4070	74
Total 2023	249	19780	80
January 2024	53	5413	102
April 2024	41	4105	100
June 2024	45	3165	70
October 2024	45	3926	87
Total 2024	184	16609	90
January 2025	79	7868	100
April 2025	52	5425	104
June 2025	54	5474	101
October 2025	63	5428	86
Total 2025	248	24195	98

³¹ The number of votes cast and the number of votes in this table includes votes for Resolutions, Recommendations, Opinions, Amendments and Sub-Amendments.

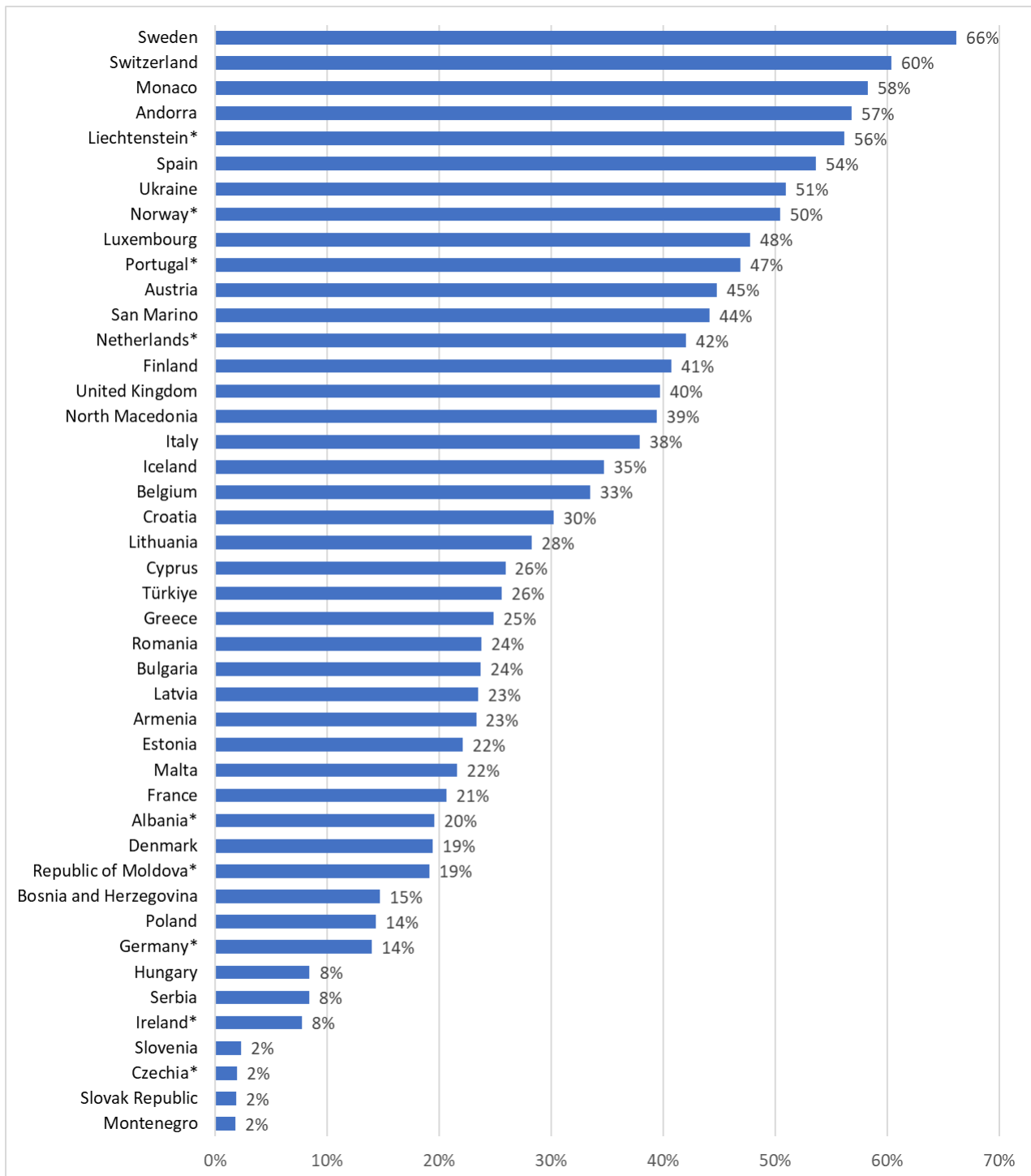
APPENDIX V – Participation of national delegations in voting at the Assembly part-sessions in 2025 (only includes votes to Resolutions, Recommendations and Opinions)^{32 33}

Country	Votes	Seats	%	Rank
Albania*	55	4	20%	32
Andorra	81	2	57%	4
Armenia	65	4	23%	28
Austria	185	6	45%	11
Belgium	163	7	33%	19
Bosnia and Herzegovina	50	5	15%	35
Bulgaria	100	6	24%	26
Croatia	105	5	30%	20
Cyprus	35	2	26%	22
Czechia*	8	7	2%	42
Denmark	66	5	19%	33
Estonia	46	3	22%	29
Finland	136	5	41%	14
France	250	18	21%	31
Germany*	176	18	14%	37
Greece	115	7	25%	24
Hungary	41	7	8%	38
Iceland	72	3	35%	18
Ireland*	22	4	8%	40
Italy	467	18	38%	17
Latvia	49	3	23%	27
Liechtenstein*	75	2	56%	5
Lithuania	79	4	28%	21
Luxembourg	99	3	48%	9
Malta	43	3	22%	30
Republic of Moldova*	65	5	19%	34
Monaco	82	2	58%	3
Montenegro	4	3	2%	44
Netherlands*	200	7	42%	13
North Macedonia	81	3	39%	16
Norway*	175	5	50%	8
Poland	124	12	14%	36
Portugal*	223	7	47%	10
Romania	168	10	24%	25
San Marino	60	2	44%	12
Serbia	42	7	8%	39
Slovak Republic	7	5	2%	43
Slovenia	5	3	2%	41
Spain	441	12	54%	6
Sweden	271	6	66%	1
Switzerland	251	6	60%	2
Türkiye	323	18	26%	23
Ukraine	422	12	51%	7
United Kingdom	495	18	40%	15
Total	6022	294	30%	

³² The average participation rate of national delegations to voting is calculated by averaging the percentage of members of each delegation that have voted in each Resolution, Recommendation or Opinion.

³³ An asterisk (*) next to the name indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections during 2025.

Participation of national delegations in voting at the Assembly part-sessions in 2025 (only includes votes to Resolutions, Recommendations and Opinions) - Ranked³⁴



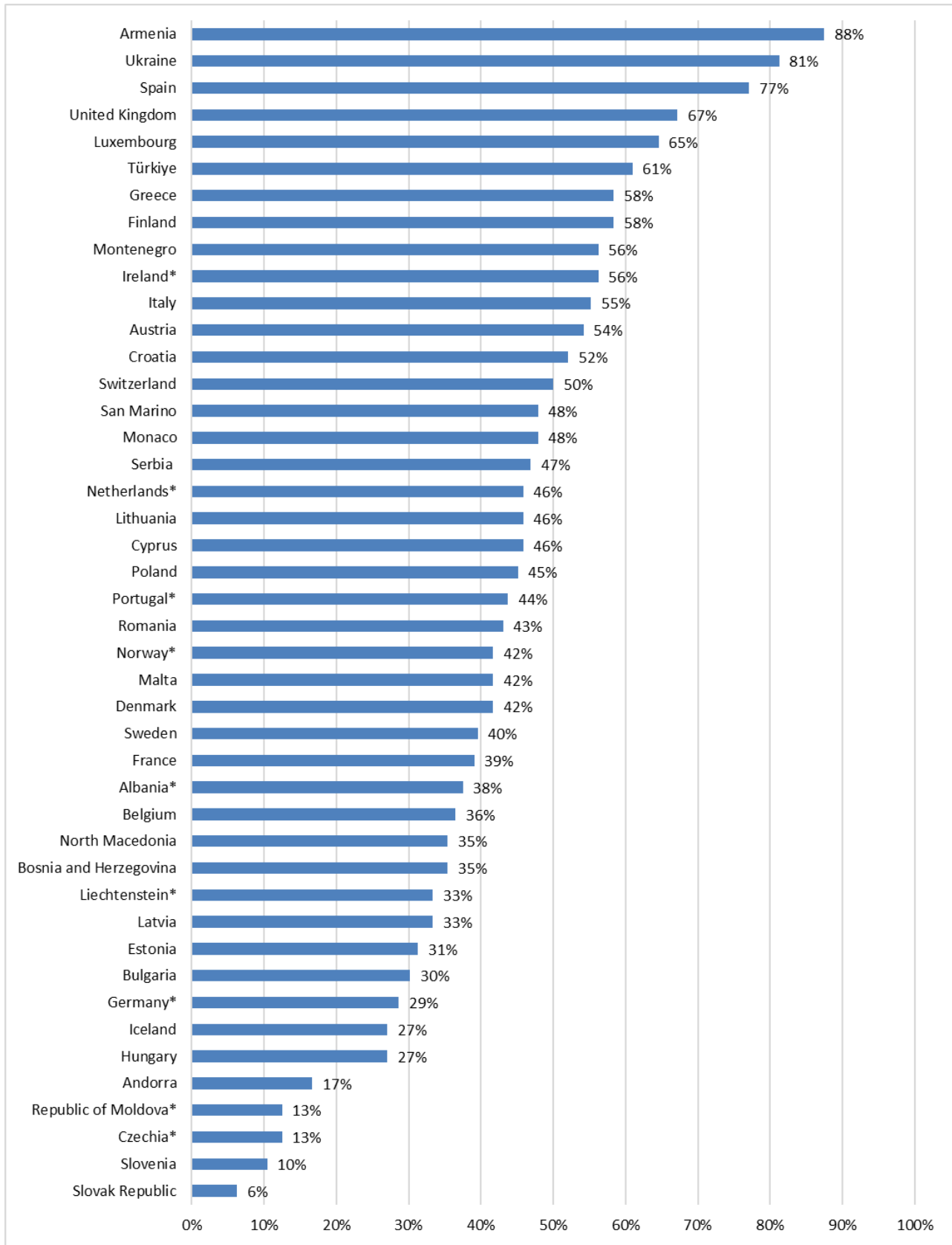
³⁴ An asterisk (*) next to the name indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections during 2025.

APPENDIX VI – Participation of delegations in committee meetings in 2025 (6 committees)³⁵

No.	Country	no of members in committee	Committee on Political Affairs and Democracy	Committee on Social Affairs, Health and Sustainable Development	Committee on Legal Affairs and Human Rights	Committee on Culture, Science, Education and Media	Committee on Migration, Refugees and Displaced Persons	Committee on Equality and Non Discrimination	Average level of participation	Rank
	N° of meetings in 2025	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		
1	Albania*	1	3	1	3	2	5	4	37,50%	29
2	Andorra	1	2	0	0	4	0	2	16,67%	40
3	Armenia	1	8	8	8	8	5	5	87,50%	1
4	Austria	2	12	7	10	9	3	11	54,17%	12
5	Belgium	2	3	4	8	14	1	5	36,46%	30
6	Bosnia and Herzegovina	1	4	0	5	2	5	1	35,42%	31
7	Bulgaria	2	7	1	12	6	2	1	30,21%	36
8	Croatia	1	6	2	6	7	3	1	52,08%	13
9	Cyprus	1	8	0	6	5	3	0	45,83%	18
10	Czechia*	2	6	0	0	6	0	0	12,50%	41
11	Denmark	1	4	1	1	8	1	5	41,67%	24
12	Estonia	1	4	1	7	2	0	1	31,25%	35
13	Finland	1	5	6	5	1	7	4	58,33%	7
14	France	4	26	8	17	8	7	9	39,06%	28
15	Germany*	4	12	8	10	7	9	9	28,65%	37
16	Greece	2	12	10	6	6	10	12	58,33%	7
17	Hungary	2	7	2	1	4	5	7	27,08%	38
18	Iceland	1	3	2	4	2	1	1	27,08%	38
19	Ireland*	1	5	8	2	3	5	4	56,25%	9
20	Italy	4	20	11	17	18	21	19	55,21%	11
21	Latvia	1	4	0	1	4	0	7	33,33%	33
22	Liechtenstein*	1	3	3	3	1	3	3	33,33%	33
23	Lithuania	1	7	2	6	2	2	3	45,83%	18
24	Luxembourg	1	5	5	5	7	6	3	64,58%	5
25	Malta	1	4	4	2	4	2	4	41,67%	24
26	Republic of Moldova*	1	2	0	1	0	0	3	12,50%	41
27	Monaco	1	6	2	3	3	2	7	47,92%	15
28	Montenegro	1	5	2	7	1	5	7	56,25%	9
29	Netherlands*	2	4	14	12	10	3	1	45,83%	18
30	North Macedonia	1	2	3	6	0	1	5	35,42%	31
31	Norway*	1	6	2	1	7	3	1	41,67%	24
32	Poland	3	14	8	18	8	8	9	45,14%	21
33	Portugal*	2	12	8	4	5	5	8	43,75%	22
34	Romania	3	18	16	15	8	3	2	43,06%	23
35	San Marino	1	5	7	4	2	1	4	47,92%	15
36	Serbia	2	15	6	13	0	5	6	46,88%	17
37	Slovak Republic	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	6,25%	44
38	Slovenia	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	10,42%	43
39	Spain	3	22	21	21	17	14	16	77,08%	3
40	Sweden	2	11	4	7	4	8	4	39,58%	27
41	Switzerland	2	9	11	7	5	8	8	50,00%	14
42	Türkiye	4	14	22	17	23	19	22	60,94%	6
43	Ukraine	3	25	19	22	18	14	19	81,25%	2
44	United Kingdom	4	20	17	25	23	28	16	67,19%	4
	Participation:	78	370	258	330	275	234	261	46,15%	
	Participation (%):		59,29	41,35	52,88	44,07	37,50	41,83		

³⁵ An asterisk (*) next to the name indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections during 2025.

Participation of delegations in committee meetings in 2025 (6 committees)³⁶



³⁶ An asterisk (*) next to the name indicates that the country had general parliamentary elections during 2025.

APPENDIX VII – Participation in committee meetings 2018-2025

Committee	2025		2024		2023		2022	
	number of meetings	average level of participation (in %)	number of meetings	average level of participation (in %)	number of meetings	average level of participation (in %)	number of meetings	average level of participation (in %)
Committee on Political Affairs and Democracy	8	58,54	9	57,95	8	58,33	13	58,83
Committee on Legal Affairs and Human Rights	8	52,88	8	44,78	8	49,38	8	47,22
Committee on Social Affairs, Health and Sustainable Development	8	38,13	8	38,13	8	38,12	10	59,38
Committee on Migration, Refugees and Displaced Persons	8	37,50	8	39,72	8	38,73	7	48,15
Committee on Culture, Science, Education and Media	8	44,07	7	37,79	7	43,03	9	43,21
Committee on Equality and Non-Discrimination	8	43,11	8	42,25	7	40,74	5	56,22
Monitoring Committee ³⁷	8	52,86	8	46,19	8	47,15	9	51,30
Committee on Rules, Ethics and Immunities ³⁷	7	37,45	6	43,69	6	37,39	8	46,60
Committee on the Election of Judges to the European Court of Human Rights	5	75,46	5	59,09	4	60,23	5	90,00
Total	68	47,89	67	45,26	64	44,99	74	54,43

³⁷ Unlike other committees, the Monitoring Committee and the Committee on Rules, Ethics and Immunities do not include alternate members.

Committee	2021		2020		2019		2018	
	number of meetings	average level of participation (in %)	number of meetings	average level of participation (in %)	number of meetings	average level of participation (in %)	number of meetings	average level of participation (in %)
Committee on Political Affairs and Democracy	9	66,27	7	59,67	8	53,70	8	56,63%
Committee on Legal Affairs and Human Rights	11	90,70	7	55,13	8	52,47	8	55,87%
Committee on Social Affairs, Health and Sustainable Development	10	48,00	9	44,58	8	40,90	7	53,62%
Committee on Migration, Refugees and Displaced Persons	10	60,35	8	47,06	8	41,51	8	52,47%
Committee on Culture, Science, Education and Media	9	58,82	6	51,96	7	45,50	8	43,06%
Committee on Equality and Non-Discrimination	11	57,22	7	55,30	8	48,30	8	44,60%
Monitoring Committee	10	55,33	9	48,07	9	38,53	9	33,93%
Committee on Rules of Procedure, Immunities and Institutional Affairs	9	62,76	6	54,96	7	55,41	9	55,81%
Committee on the Election of Judges to the ECHR	6	86,36	3	56,06	5	51,82	5	56,36%
	85	65,09	62	51,78%	68	47,69%	70	49,80%

APPENDIX VIII – List of texts adopted by the Assembly in 2025

First part of the Ordinary Session, 27-31 January 2025

Opinion

Opinion 304 (2025)	Opinion on a draft convention for the protection of the profession of lawyer (Doc. 16102)	101 votes
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Recommendations

Recommendation 2288 (2025)	The need for a renewed rules-based international order (Doc. 16087)	120 votes
Recommendation 2289 (2025)	Addressing risks to human rights and the rule of law posed by mercenaries and private military and security companies: a call for comprehensive regulation (Doc. 16092)	40 votes
Recommendation 2290 (2025)	Multiperspectivity in remembrance and history education for democratic citizenship (Doc. 16090)	120 votes
Recommendation 2291 (2025)	Overcoming age-based discrimination against older persons (Doc. 16091)	32 votes

Resolutions

Resolution 2580 (2025)	The progress of the Assembly's monitoring procedure (January-December 2024) (Doc. 16086)	102 votes
Resolution 2581 (2025)	The need for a renewed rules-based international order (Doc. 16087)	126 votes
Resolution 2582 (2025)	The absolute and urgent need to end the humanitarian crisis for women, children and the hostages in Gaza (Doc. 16093)	122 votes
Resolution 2583 (2025)	Addressing risks to human rights and the rule of law posed by mercenaries and private military and security companies: a call for comprehensive regulation (Doc. 16092)	38 votes
Resolution 2584 (2025)	Multiperspectivity in remembrance and history education for democratic citizenship (Doc. 16090)	122 votes
Resolution 2585 (2025)	Challenge, on substantive grounds, of the still unratified credentials of the parliamentary delegation of Georgia (Doc. 16104)	134 votes
Resolution 2586 (2025)	Immigration, one of the answers to Europe's demographic ageing (Doc. 16072)	87 votes
Resolution 2587 (2025)	The urgent need for free and fair elections in Belarus (Doc. 16105)	79 votes
Resolution 2588 (2025)	European commitment to a just and lasting peace in Ukraine (Doc. 16106)	92 votes
Resolution 2589 (2025)	Women in the economy: employment, entrepreneurship and gender-responsive budgeting (Doc. 16068)	70 votes
Resolution 2590 (2025)	Regulating content moderation on social media to safeguard freedom of expression (Doc. 16089)	57 votes
Resolution 2591 (2025)	"Long Covid" and access to the right to health (Doc. 16088)	36 votes
Resolution 2592 (2025)	Overcoming age-based discrimination against older persons (Doc. 16091)	32 votes

Second part of the Ordinary Session, 7-11 April 2025**Opinion**

Opinion 305 (2025)	Draft Council of Europe Convention on the Protection of the Environment through Criminal Law (Doc. 16150)	91 votes
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Recommendations

Recommendation 2292 (2025)	Foreign interference: a threat to democratic security in Europe (Doc. 16131)	151 votes
Recommendation 2293 (2025)	Respect for the rule of law and the fight against corruption within the Council of Europe (Doc. 16138)	110 votes
Recommendation 2294 (2025)	Russian war of aggression against Ukraine: the need to ensure accountability and avoid impunity (Doc. 16152)	77 votes
Recommendation 2295 (2025)	Implementation of judgments of the European Court of Human Rights (Doc. 16134)	57 votes
Recommendation 2296 (2025)	Strengthening relations between the Council of Europe and Latin America (Doc. 16129)	40 votes

Resolutions

Resolution 2593 (2025)	Foreign interference: a threat to democratic security in Europe (Doc. 16131)	158 votes
Resolution 2594 (2025)	Modification of various provisions of the Assembly's Rules of Procedure (Doc. 16137)	95 votes
Resolution 2595 (2025)	Putting an end to collective expulsions of aliens (Doc. 16135)	125 votes
Resolution 2596 (2025)	Respect for the rule of law and the fight against corruption within the Council of Europe (Doc. 16138)	104 votes
Resolution 2597 (2025)	The arrest of the Mayor of Istanbul and the state of democracy and human rights in Türkiye (Doc. 16151)	100 votes
Resolution 2598 (2025)	Russian war of aggression against Ukraine: the need to ensure accountability and avoid impunity (Doc. 16152)	74 votes
Resolution 2599 (2025)	Implementation of judgments of the European Court of Human Rights (Doc. 16134)	53 votes
Resolution 2600 (2025)	The situation in Georgia and follow up to Resolution 2585 (2025) «Challenge, on substantive grounds, of the still unratified credentials of the parliamentary delegation of Georgia» (Doc. 16153)	97 votes
Resolution 2601 (2025)	Legal aspects of the accession of the European Union to the European Convention on Human Rights (Doc. 16126)	71 votes
Resolution 2602 (2025)	Interconnections between the Council of Europe and the European Political Community (Doc. 16128)	34 votes
Resolution 2603 (2025)	Strengthening relations between the Council of Europe and Latin America (Doc. 16129)	39 votes

Third part of the Ordinary Session, 23-27 June 2025**Opinion**

Opinion 307 (2025)	Draft protocol amending the Council of Europe Convention on the Prevention of Terrorism (Doc. 16186)	82 votes
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Recommendations

Recommendation 2297 (2025)	Protecting human rights in and through sport: obligations and shared responsibilities (Doc. 16196)	85 votes
Recommendation 2298 (2025)	Saving the lives of migrants at sea and protecting their human rights (Doc. 16195)	70 votes

Resolutions

Resolution 2605 (2025)	Legal and human rights aspects of the Russian Federation's aggression against Ukraine (Doc. 16193)	90 votes
Resolution 2606 (2025)	Support for political negotiations to enforce exchange and release of prisoners of war (Doc. 16197)	88 votes
Resolution 2607 (2025)	Protecting human rights in and through sport: obligations and shared responsibilities (Doc. 16196)	85 votes
Resolution 2608 (2025)	The Olympic Movement and peacekeeping: is sport neutrality serving sport values? (Doc. 16185)	94 votes
Resolution 2609 (2025)	Global peace under threat: halting the humanitarian catastrophe in Gaza and addressing the wider conflict in the Middle East (Doc. 16210)	121 votes
Resolution 2610 (2025)	Social mobilisation, social unrest and police reaction in Council of Europe member States: is there a need for a new social contract? (Doc. 16191)	98 votes
Resolution 2611 (2025)	Analysis and guidelines for a sustainable and socially fair energy transition (Doc. 16182)	79 votes
Resolution 2612 (2025)	Saving the lives of migrants at sea and protecting their human rights (Doc. 16195)	68 votes
Resolution 2613 (2025)	The challenges and needs of public and private actors involved in migration management (Doc. 16192)	80 votes
Resolution 2614 (2025)	Women's rights in Europe – Progress and challenges (Doc. 16211)	72 votes
Resolution 2615 (2025)	Promoting inclusive participation in parliamentary life: gender equality, accessibility and inclusive policies (Doc. 16183)	53 votes

Fourth part of the Ordinary Session, 23 September - 3 October 2025**Opinions**

Opinion 309 (2025)	Draft Council of Europe convention on the co-production of audiovisual works in the form of series (Doc. 16238)	62 votes
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Opinion 308 (2025)	Draft convention establishing an international claims commission for Ukraine (Doc. 16270)	84 votes
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Recommendations

Recommendation 2299 (2025)	Youth movements for Democracy (Doc. 16239)	105 votes
Recommendation 2300 (2025)	Artificial intelligence and migration (Doc. 16240)	45 votes

Resolutions

Resolution 2616 (2025)	The Parliamentary Assembly should support Kazakhstan to continue its democratic reforms (Doc. 16245)	134 votes
Resolution 2617 (2025)	The honouring of membership obligations to the Council of Europe by Hungary (Doc. 16249)	124 votes
Resolution 2618 (2025)	Journalists matter: the need to step up efforts to liberate Ukrainian journalists held in captivity by the Russian Federation (Doc. 16237)	129 votes
Resolution 2619 (2025)	Youth movements for Democracy (Doc. 16239)	100 votes
Resolution 2620 (2025)	Post-monitoring dialogue with Bulgaria (Doc. 16246)	105 votes
Resolution 2621 (2025)	Russian democratic forces (Doc. 16247)	84 votes
Resolution 2622 (2025)	Russia: new threats to European democracies (Doc. 16272)	129 votes
Resolution 2623 (2025)	Urgent call to put an end to the devastating humanitarian catastrophe and the killing of journalists in Gaza (Doc. 16273)	128 votes
Resolution 2624 (2025)	Uphold democracy and the rule of law in Georgia (Doc. 16271)	77 votes
Resolution 2625 (2025)	Political parties and democracy (Doc. 16248)	76 votes
Resolution 2626 (2025)	Analysis and guidelines to guarantee the right to housing (Doc. 16244)	58 votes
Resolution 2627 (2025)	Promoting universal health coverage (Doc. 16243)	55 votes
Resolution 2628 (2025)	Artificial intelligence and migration (Doc. 16240)	41 votes
Resolution 2629 (2025)	Sexual violence against men and boys (Doc. 16250)	44 votes
Resolution 2630 (2025)	Ensuring Parliamentary Assembly members can travel freely to carry out their work (Doc. 16252)	42 votes

Standing Committee meetings**Valletta, 23 May 2025****Opinion**

Opinion 306 (2025)	Draft Third Additional Protocol to the European Convention on Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters (Doc. 16173)
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Resolution

Resolution 2604 (2025)	Expenditure of the Parliamentary Assembly for the biennium 2026-2027 (Doc. 16166)
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Chisinau, 21 November 2025**Resolutions**

Resolution 2631 (2025)	Preventing and combating gender discrimination in health (Doc. 16286)
Resolution 2632 (2025)	Identifying and managing conflicts of interest in the Parliamentary Assembly (Doc. 16287)
Resolution 2633 (2025)	Modification of various provisions of the Assembly's Rules of Procedure (Doc. 16292)
Resolution 2634 (2025)	Increasing members' active participation in the work of the Parliamentary Assembly (Doc. 16293)

APPENDIX IX – Adopted texts 2016-2025

PARLIAMENTARY ASSEMBLY - ADOPTED TEXTS

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Assembly's sessions											
<i>number of days, Assembly was in session</i>	20	20	20	20	5	16	21	20	20	20	182
Adopted texts:											
<i>recommendations</i>	13	18	22	19	6	19	21	17	17	13	165
<i>resolutions</i>	47	46	46	49	12	41	51	44	50	50	436
<i>opinions</i>		1		1		1	1	1	2	5	12
<i>orders</i>											0
Total number of adopted texts:	60	65	68	69	18	61	73	62	69	68	613
Standing Committee											
<i>number of meetings</i>	3	3	3	3	8	3	2	4	3	2	34
Adopted texts:											
<i>recommendations</i>	1	3	4	5	19	6	5	4	6	0	53
<i>resolutions</i>	9	9	9	16	29	16	10	5	6	5	114
<i>opinions</i>	2	3				1				1	7
<i>orders</i>											0
Total number of adopted texts:	12	15	13	21	48	23	15	9	12	6	168
Total (sessions + Standing Committee)	72	80	81	90	66	84	88	71	81	74	787