

CEPEJ Study on the judicial systems in the EU Member States - Country fiche

Judiciary at a glance in France(2023 data)

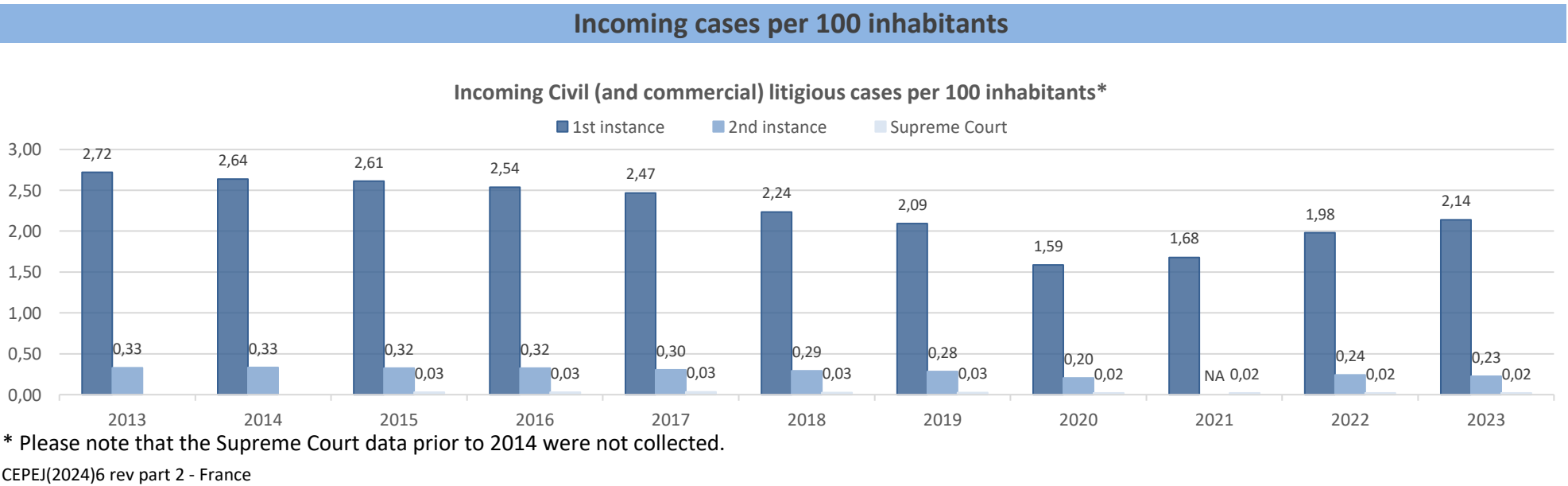
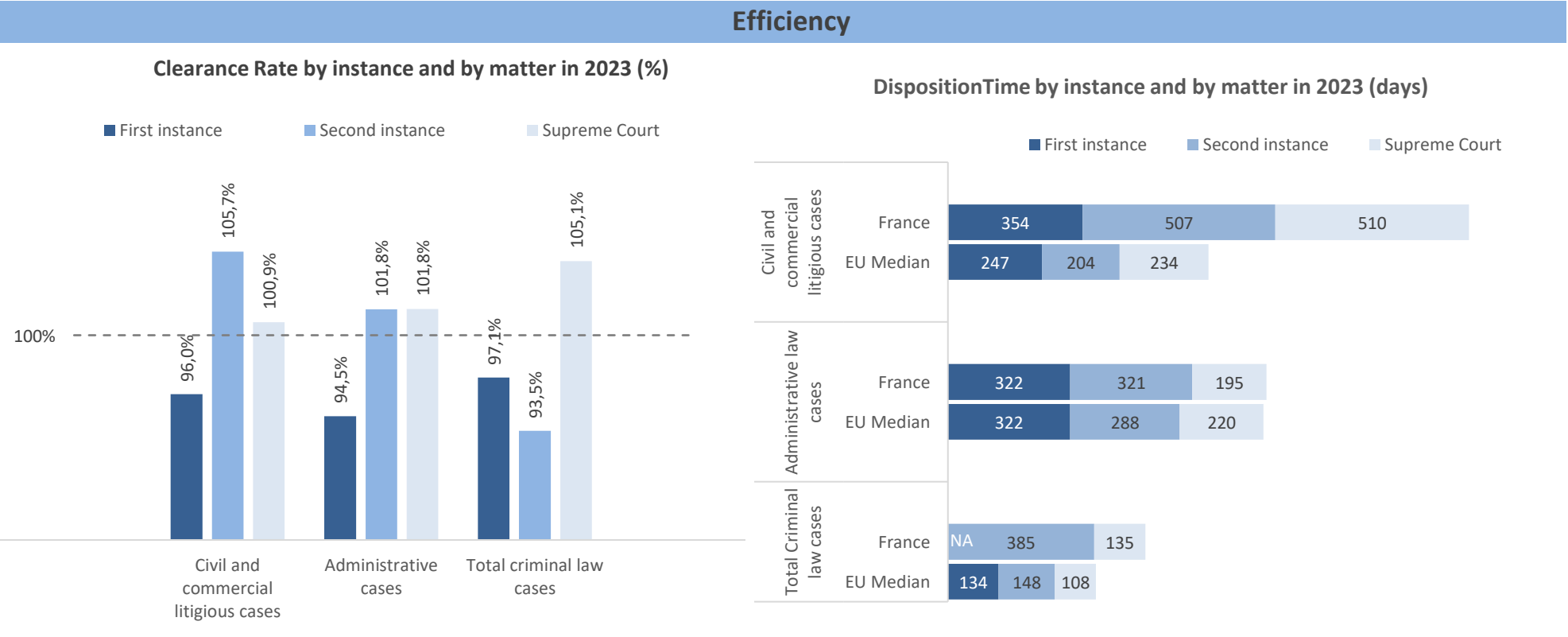
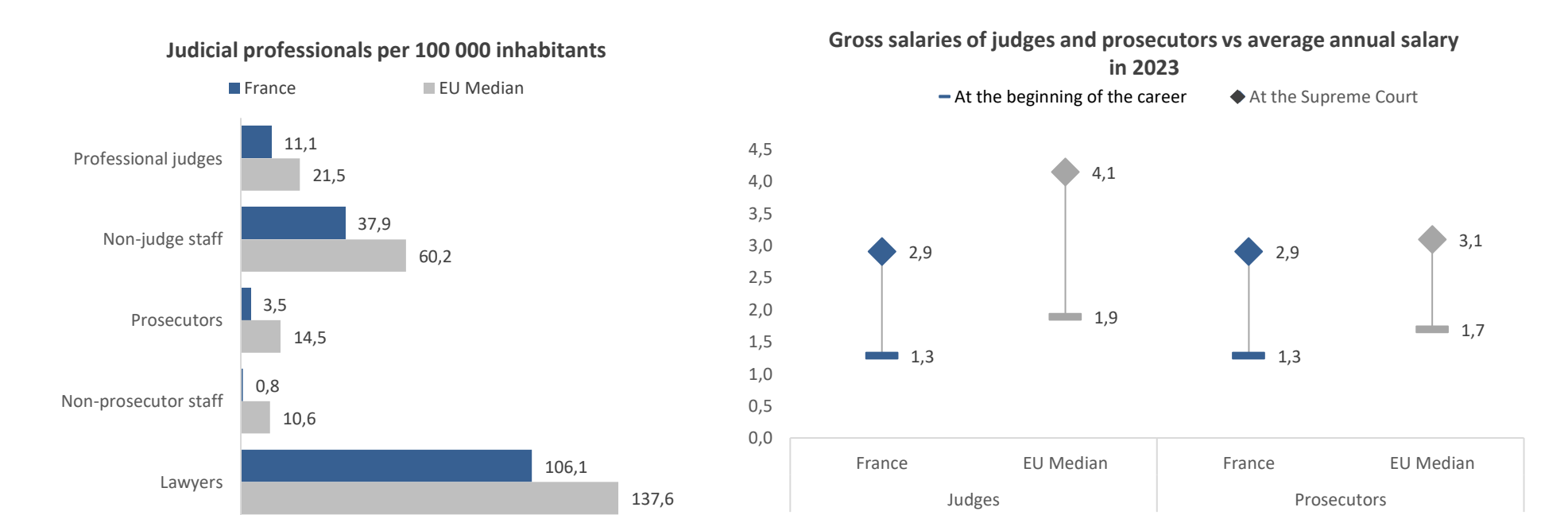
General data

Population:68 373 433

GDP per capita:41 332 €

Average annual salary:42 534 €

Professionals



Synthesis table for the main indicators for: France

Economic and demographic data	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	Variations	
													2013-2023	2022-2023
Population	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	67 407 241	67 626 000	68 043 000	68 373 433	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 3,9%	<div><div></div></div> 0,5%
GDP per capita	32 112	32 227	32 796	33 337	34 150	34 978	35 960	33 959	36 660	38 547	41 332	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 28,7%	<div><div></div></div> 7,2%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Average annual salary							36 705	34 495	37 742	41 876	42 534	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 1,6%
Resources per 100 000 inh.	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
Professional judges	10,72	10,46	10,46	10,44	10,52	10,86	11,07	11,16	11,20	11,30	11,08	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 3,3%	<div><div></div></div> -2,0%
Non-judge staff	33,34	33,72	33,51	33,90	33,81	34,10	34,89	35,70	32,70	37,31	37,95	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 13,8%	<div><div></div></div> 1,7%
Public prosecutors								3,19	3,17	3,17	3,50	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 10,5%
Non-prosecutors staff								NA	0,53	0,55	0,78	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 42,2%
Lawyers	91,50	93,60	93,16	97,74	99,66	99,95	102,64	103,95	104,68	106,58	106,07	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 15,9%	<div><div></div></div> -0,5%
Mediators	3,70	3,69	3,86	4,39	4,38	2,14	NA	3,77	3,76	4,19	4,36	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 17,8%	<div><div></div></div> 3,9%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trends 2012-2021	2013-2023	2022-2023
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,72	2,64	2,61	2,54	2,47	2,24	2,09	1,59	1,68	1,98	2,14	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> -21,4%	<div><div></div></div> 8,0%
Administrative law cases	0,27	0,29	0,29	0,29	0,29	0,32	0,34	0,31	0,36	0,35	0,38	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 40,9%	<div><div></div></div> 6,2%
Total criminal law cases									NA	1,44	1,42	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> -1,5%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trends 2012-2021	2013-2023 (percentage points)	2022-2023 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	98%	94%	98%	99%	103%	96%	100%	93%	107%	103%	96%	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> -1,56	<div><div></div></div> -6,55
CR administrative law cases	104%	96%	98%	99%	102%	98%	97%	95%	97%	96%	94%	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> -9,76	<div><div></div></div> -1,86
CR total criminal law cases								91%	NA	95%	97%	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 2,38
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	308	348	346	353	341	420	432	637	495	333	354	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 15,0%	<div><div></div></div> 6,5%
DT administrative law cases (days)	284	305	313	314	290	285	284	333	299	314	322	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 13,3%	<div><div></div></div> 2,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)								NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
Civil and commercial litigious cases	2,24	2,37	2,42	2,43	2,36	2,47	2,47	2,57	2,44	1,85	1,99	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> -16,0%	<div><div></div></div> 7,7%
Administrative law cases	0,22	0,24	0,24	0,25	0,24	0,24	0,26	0,27	0,28	0,29	0,31	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div> 32,2%	<div><div></div></div> 6,6%
Total criminal law cases								NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023 (percentage points)	2022-2023 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases				95%	104%	105%	102%	105%	NA	106%	106%	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> -0,75
CR administrative law cases				98%	100%	97%	96%	102%	NA	105%	102%	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> -3,28
CR total criminal law cases								102%	NA	95%	93%	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> -1,84
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)				487	464	466	481	607	NA	489	507	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 3,7%
DT administrative law cases (days)				341	334	327	329	362	NA	329	321	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> -2,4%
DT total criminal law cases (days)								399	NA	366	385	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 5,2%
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023 (percentage points)	2022-2023 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases				105%	90%	123%	102%	105%	104%	98%	101%	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 2,90
CR administrative law cases				100%	103%	100%	101%	96%	103%	102%	102%	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 0,13
CR total criminal law cases								104%	100%	102%	105%	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 3,45
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)				376	469	337	402	485	442	487	510	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> 4,8%
DT administrative law cases (days)				207	184	200	188	221	175	200	195	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> -2,5%
DT total criminal law cases (days)								146	147	152	135	<div><div></div></div>		<div><div></div></div> -11,6%

1. Judicial organisation in France (2023 data)

The French judicial system is characterised by the coexistence of two distinct orders - "ordre judiciaire" and "ordre administratif", each of which is organised into three court instances. In the sense of the CEPEJ terminology, administrative courts are considered as specialised courts.

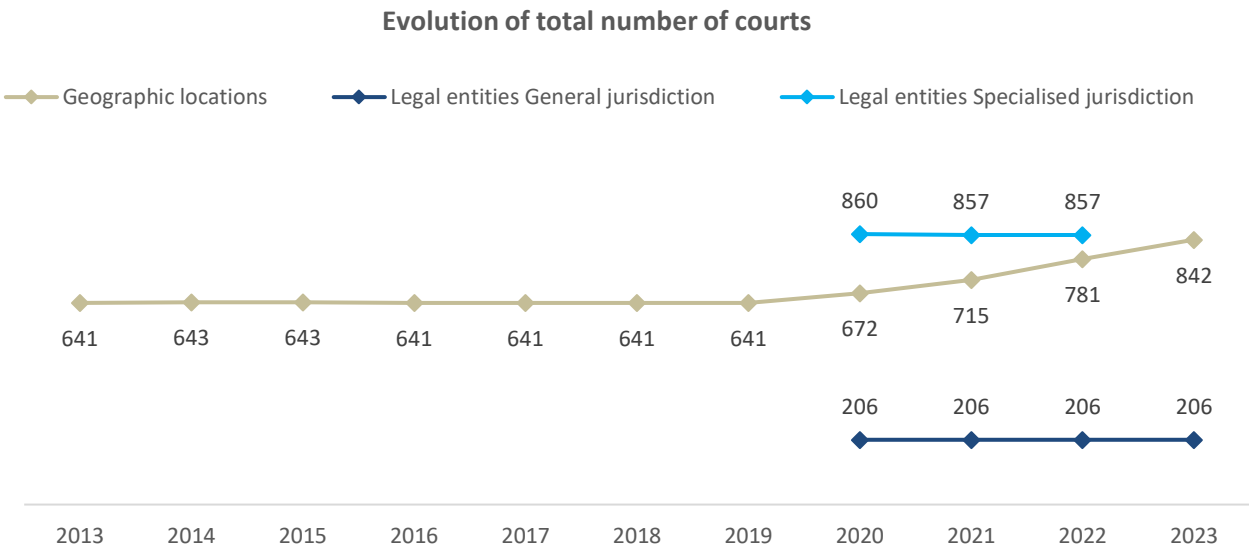
In 2023 in France, there are 206 courts (legal entities) of general jurisdiction. Among them, the 164 “tribunaux judiciaires” and the 4 First instance courts (TPI) have competence at first instance, while the 37 Courts of appeal are the second instance courts of general jurisdiction. The Cassation Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction and its equivalent in administrative matters is the Council of State (Conseil d'Etat).

France is characterised by a very high number of specialised courts, most of which act at first instance, while at a higher instance there are only administrative courts (9 Appellate administrative courts and the Council of State).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 842 courts among which 789 are of first instance. When a court of first instance and a court of appeal are located on the same site, they have been counted separately.

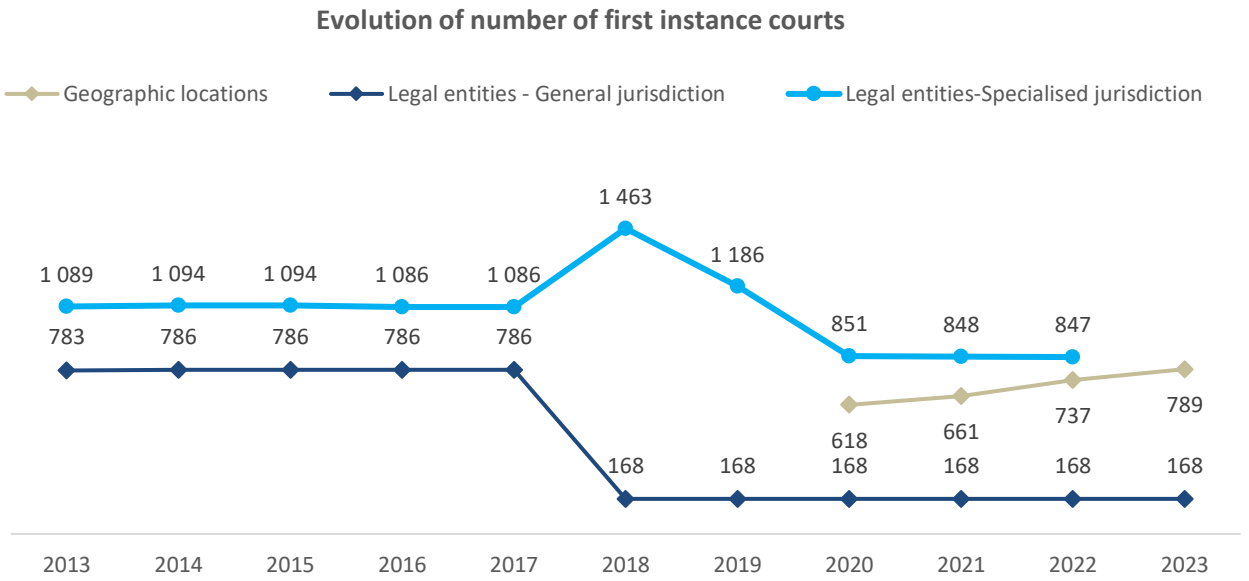
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2013	641		
2014	643		
2015	643		
2016	641		
2017	641		
2018	641		
2019	641		
2020	672	206	860
2021	715	206	857
2022	781	206	857
2023	842	206	NA



Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2013		783	1 089
2014		786	1 094
2015		786	1 094
2016		786	1 086
2017		786	1 086
2018		168	1 463
2019		168	1 186
2020	618	168	851
2021	661	168	848
2022	737	168	847
2023	789	168	NA



The increase observed in the number fo geographic locations is due to some methodological adjustments. Namely, some administrative courts of first instance have several premises where hearings are held and this was not reflected in previous years.

The total number fo specialised courts was not available for 2023, because of the lack of data on Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total		
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	152	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	216	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts		NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	38	10
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	155	NAP
Other specialised courts	282	NAP

In France in 2023, at first instance there are 152 commercial courts; 216 labor courts (211 “conseils de prud’hommes” and 5 labor courts); 38 administrative courts; 155 juvenile courts and 282 other specialised courts (272 parity courts for rural leases (tribunaux paritaires des baux ruraux (TPBR)), the Court for navigation on the Rhine; the Court for navigation on the Moselle; 6 Maritime courts; the National court of asylum and the “Commission du contentieux du stationnement payant”).

In matters of enforcement of sentences, the enforcement judge (JAP) is a court of first instance for the enforcement of sentences, being at the same time a decision-making, monitoring and follow-up body. The Court for the Enforcement of Sentences (TAP) is a court of first instance, composed of three JAPs of the judicial courts (most complex and sensitive cases). In each court of appeal, a TAP is established. The exact number of enforcement of criminal sanctions courts is not available and for that reason teh total number of specialised first instance court cannot be calculated for 2023.

In matters of terrorism, a derogatory jurisdiction is provided for under ordinary law (articles 706-22-1 and D 49-75 to D49-81-5 of the CPP). The Paris enforcement courts specialized in terrorist matters (JAPAT, the TAPAT and the enforcement chamber) have exclusive jurisdiction to monitor persons convicted by specialized terrorism trial courts; shared jurisdiction with ordinary law enforcement courts to monitor persons convicted of acts of terrorism and other offenses falling within the scope of Article 706-16 of the CPP by ordinary law courts.

Concerning military jurisdictions, in peacetime courts of general jurisdiction are competent, while in times of war, the territorial courts of the armed forces are competent as exceptional jurisdictions.

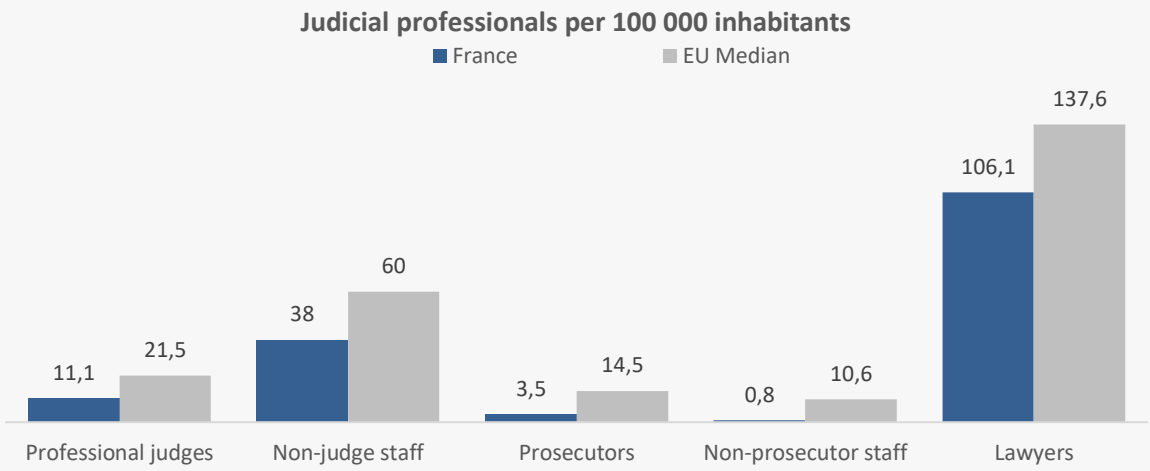
Higher instance specialised courts exist only in administrative matters - the 9 Administrative courts of appeal and the Council of State.

2. Professionals of justice in France (2023 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

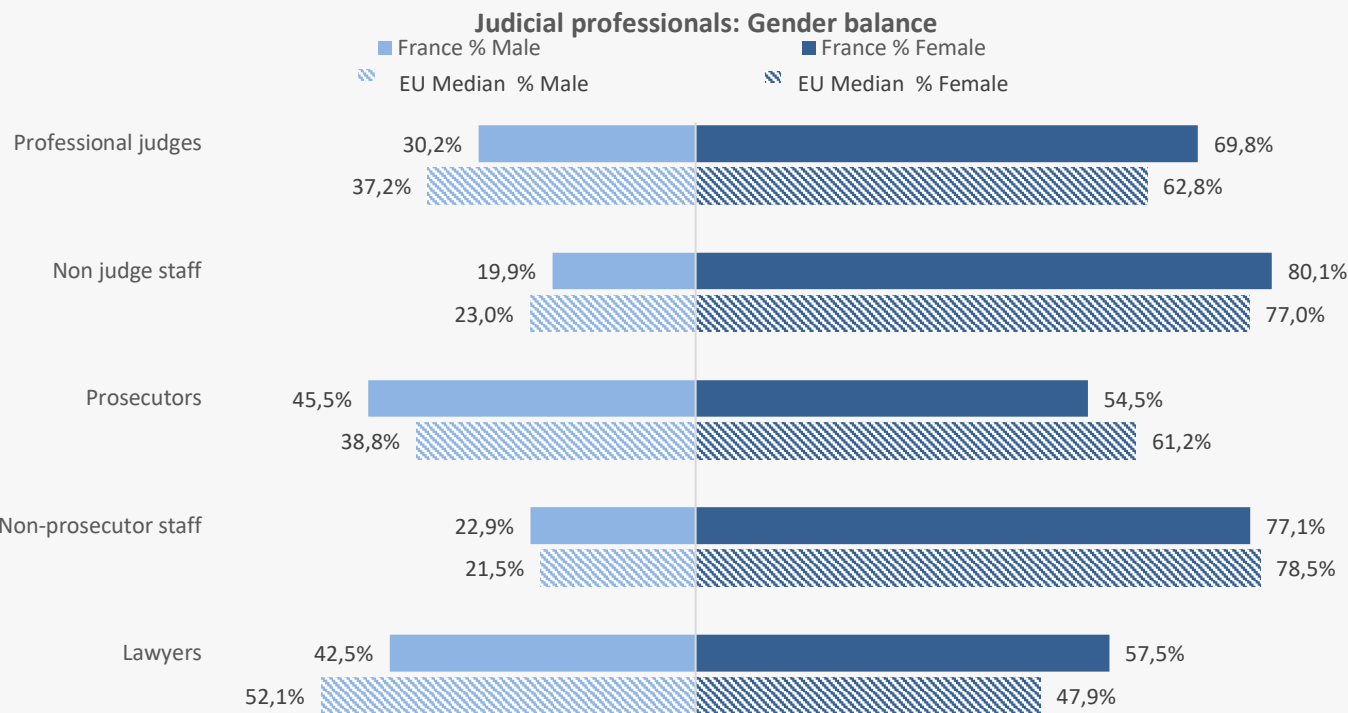
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	7 573	11,1	21,5
Non-judge staff	25 947	38	60
Prosecutors	2 394	3,5	14,5
Non-prosecutor staff	536	0,8	10,6
Lawyers	72 521	106,1	137,6



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

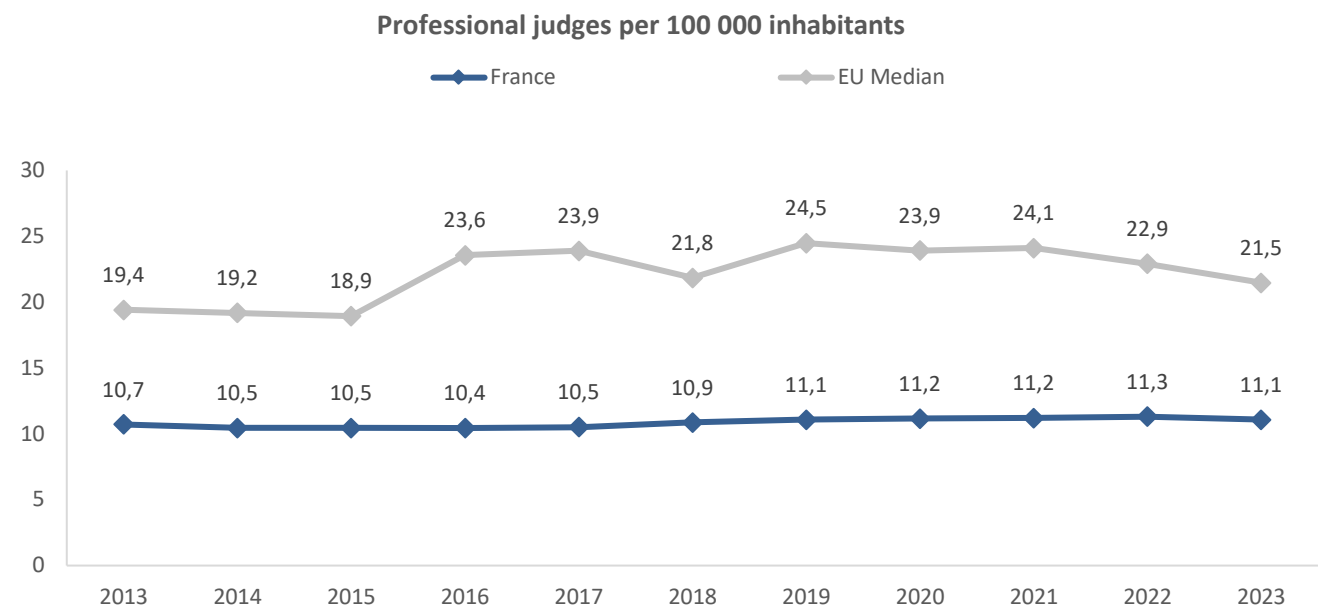
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	30,2%	69,8%
Non judge staff	19,9%	80,1%
Prosecutors	45,5%	54,5%
Non-prosecutor staff	22,9%	77,1%
Lawyers	42,5%	57,5%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	France	France	EU Median
2013	7 054	10,7	19,4
2014	6 935	10,5	19,2
2015	6 967	10,5	18,9
2016	6 995	10,4	23,6
2017	7 066	10,5	23,9
2018	7 277	10,9	21,8
2019	7 427	11,1	24,5
2020	7 522	11,2	23,9
2021	7 574	11,2	24,1
2022	7 690	11,3	22,9
2023	7 573	11,1	21,5



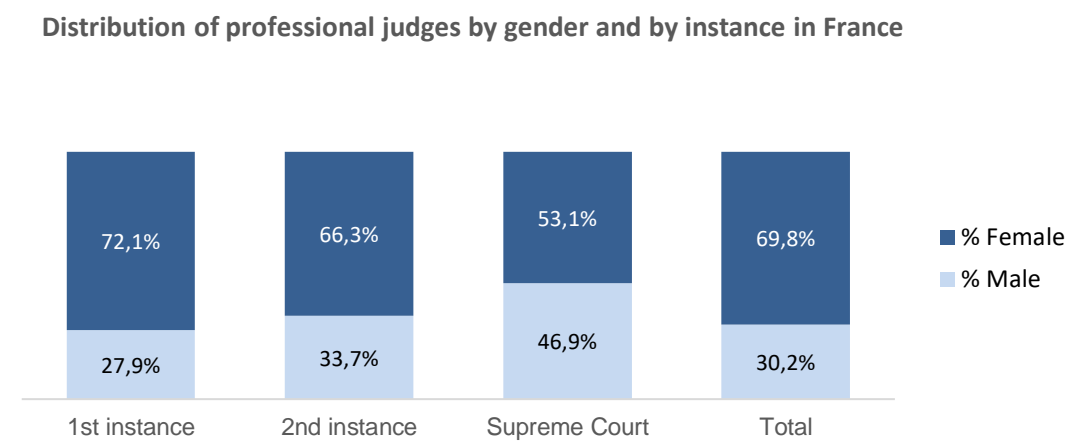
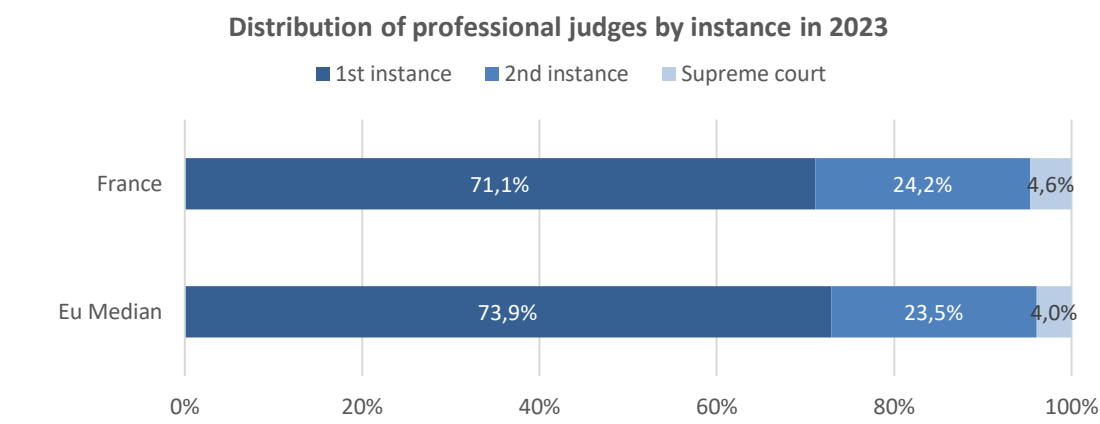
According to 2023 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in France is 7 573, which is -1,5% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in France, there are 11,1 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 21,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants)

It should be mentioned that the data submitted for administrative judges are lower than those submitted for the previous cycle because they take into account the actual rate of assignment to the Litigation Division of the Council of State and not the number of individuals. Indeed, a member of the Council of State may be assigned simultaneously to the Litigation Division - and thus perform the duties of a judge - and to the Administrative division. For information, the number of staff without taking into account the rate of assignment is as follows: Total: 155 (Men: 92; Women: 63).

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2023	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	5 386	71,1%	1 501	3 885	27,9%	72,1%
2nd instance	1 835	24,2%	619	1 216	33,7%	66,3%
Supreme Court	352	4,6%	165	187	46,9%	53,1%
Total	7 573		2 285	5 288	30,2%	69,8%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 5 288, which represents 69,8% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 5 386 are sitting in the first instance courts (of which 3 885 are female); 1 835 are sitting in the second instance courts (of which 1 216 are female) and 352 are sitting at the Supreme Court (of which 187 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in France. First instance judges are predominant but slightly less than in the EU, while second and third instance judges are slightly above the respective EU medians.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges constitute the majority at all three instances.

When analysing data on professional judges, it is worth having in mind that in France, besides the 7 573 professional judges, there are 22 938 non-professional judges intervening in different matters such as commercial, insolvency, labour and social law. Within this figure are counted also assessors at the juvenile courts, courts for rural leases and maritime courts. Moreover, in labour, commercial and insolvency matters, non-professional judges are sitting alone, not in a mixed bench with a professional judge.



Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2023	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	5 386	NA	NA	990	NA
2nd instance	1 835	NA	NA	290	NA
Supreme Court	352	NA	NA	127	NA
Total	7 573	NA	NA	1 407	NA

In France, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible only for administrative matters.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

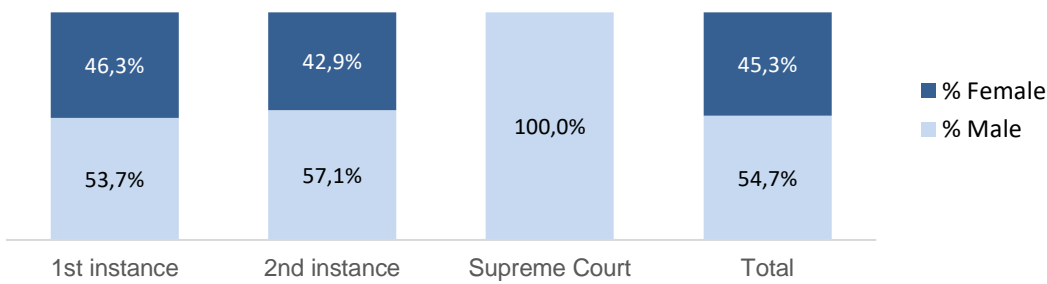
Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2023	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	18,4%	NA
2nd instance	NA	NA	15,8%	NA
Supreme Court	NA	NA	36,1%	NA
Total	NA	NA	18,6%	NA

Court presidents

Absolute number of court presidents by instance and gender

Court presidents 2023	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	203	82,2%	109	94	53,7%	46,3%
2nd instance	42	17,0%	24	18	57,1%	42,9%
Supreme Court	2	0,8%	2	0	100,0%	0,0%
Total	247		135	112	54,7%	45,3%

Distribution of court presidents by gender and by instance in France

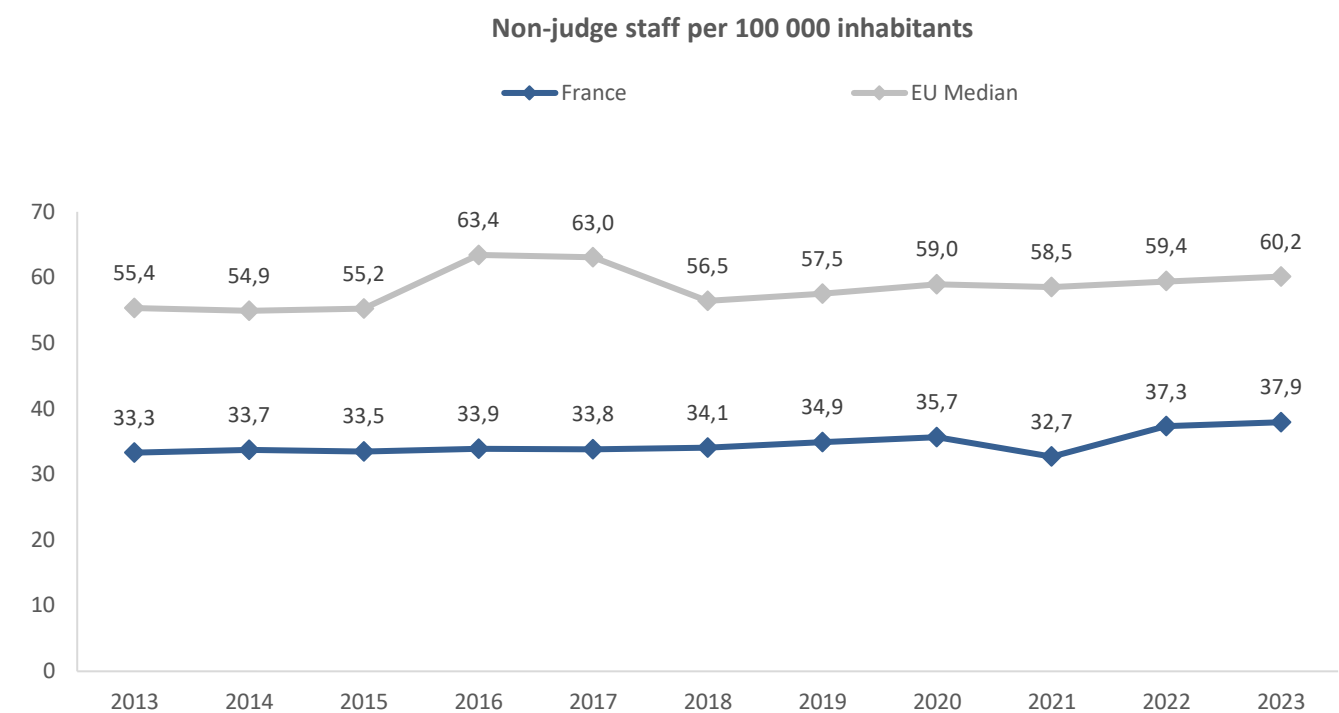


In this cycle, the total number of female court presidents (all instances) is 112, which represents 45,3% of the total number of court presidents.

The total number of court presidents is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 203 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 94 are female); 42 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 18 are female) and 2 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which none is female).

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	France	France	EU Median
2013	21 946	33,3	55,4
2014	22 360	33,7	54,9
2015	22 326	33,5	55,2
2016	22 712	33,9	63,4
2017	22 714	33,8	63,0
2018	22 844	34,1	56,5
2019	23 396	34,9	57,5
2020	24 062	35,7	59,0
2021	22 115	32,7	58,5
2022	25 388	37,3	59,4
2023	25 947	37,9	60,2



In 2023, France has 25 947 non-judge staff (of which 20 785 are Female). The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 2,2%.

In 2023, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 37,3 in 2022 to 37,9 in 2023).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 11,3 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2022 to 11,1 in 2023.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2023	Absolute number	in %
Total	25 947	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	19 730	76,0%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	4 116	15,9%
Technical staff	908	3,5%
Other	1 193	4,6%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 19 730 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (of which 16 762 are Female);
- 4 116 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management (of which 2 985 are Female);
- 908 technical staff (of which 125 are Female);
- 1 193 other (of which 913 are Female);

“Other non-judge staff” include legal assistants and specialist assistants who do not work for the public prosecutor's office.

The category “2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to assist the judges ” includes also A, B and C category contract staff recruited under the local justice support plan implemented from the second half of 2020. These contract staff are recruited for 3 years.

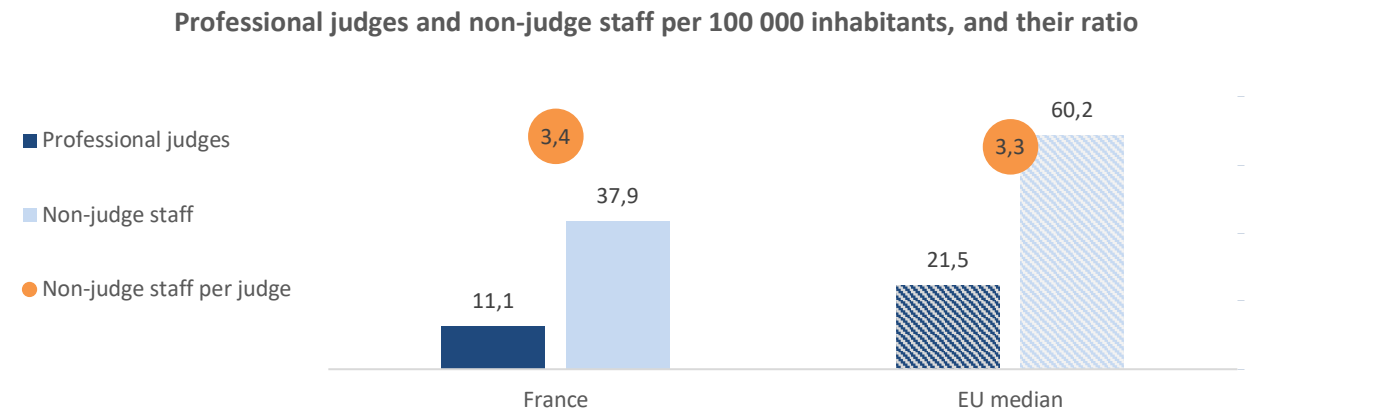
The total number of non-judge staff working in the courts increased by 564 actual staff between 2022 and 2023. For example, the number of “2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to assist the judges” decreased by 451 mainly because of the fall in the number of local justice contract staff in all categories (-268 actual staff numbers) and administrative assistants (-192 actual staff numbers), a number of whose posts have nevertheless been converted into administrative secretary posts. The “3. Staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the management of the courts” increased by 710, reflecting the continued strengthening of regional administrative services, which has been underway for several years (+233 actual staffing levels), which has led to the creation of contract B local IT technicians (contract B TIP, +126 actual staffing levels), administrative secretaries (+42 actual staffing levels) and psychologists (+18 actual staffing levels). Similarly, the number of non-judge administrative staff in the courts has increased significantly (in particular +156 administrative secretarial posts). Finally, the legal assistants and specialist assistants making up the other non-judge staff category increased by 301. As at 31/12/2023, 1 580 category A and B staff (including 1 291 women) were undergoing initial training at the National School for Court Registrars, most of them on practical training in the courts. These staff will join the courts in 2024 or 2025, which will significantly increase the number of staff working in the courts and regional administrative departments.

With regard to the administrative courts, the technical staff listed correspond to the staff employed and paid by the administrative court and not the people working under service contracts for which data are not available.



Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

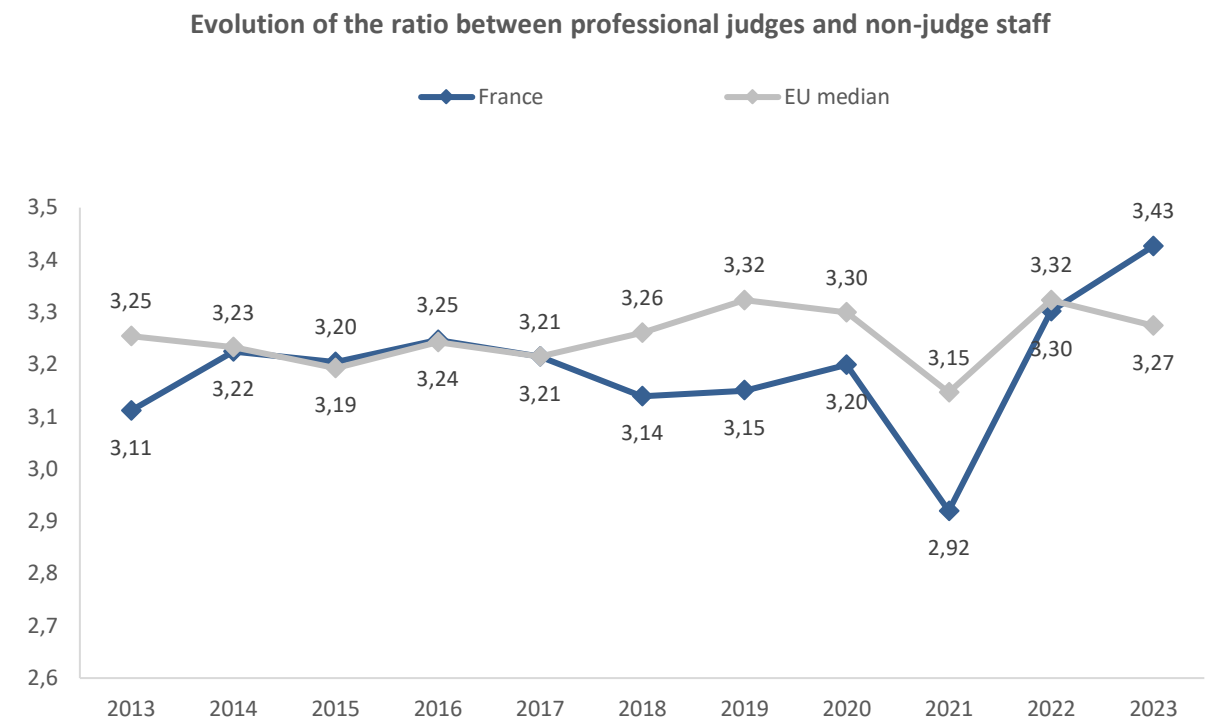
Per 100 000 inhabitants	France	EU median
Professional judges	11,1	21,5
Non-judge staff	37,9	60,2
Non-judge staff per judge	3,4	3,3



In France, there are 11,1 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 21,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,4 non-judge staff per judge. There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 3,3 non-judge staff per judge.

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

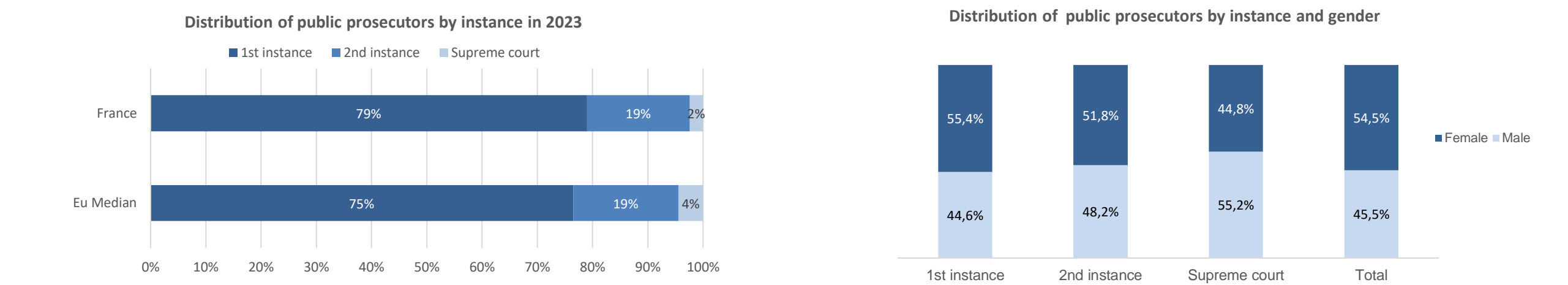
Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	France	France	France	EU median
2013	10,7	33,3	3,11	3,25
2014	10,5	33,7	3,22	3,23
2015	10,5	33,5	3,20	3,19
2016	10,4	33,9	3,25	3,24
2017	10,5	33,8	3,21	3,21
2018	10,9	34,1	3,14	3,26
2019	11,1	34,9	3,15	3,32
2020	11,2	35,7	3,20	3,30
2021	11,2	32,7	2,92	3,15
2022	11,3	37,3	3,30	3,32
2023	11,1	37,9	3,43	3,27



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2023	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	1 892	79,0%	843	1 049	44,6%	55,4%
2nd instance	444	18,5%	214	230	48,2%	51,8%
Supreme court	58	2,4%	32	26	55,2%	44,8%
Total	2 394		1 089	1 305	45,5%	54,5%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 1 305, which represents 54,5% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 892 in first instance (of which 1 049 are female); 444 are in second instance (of which 230 are female) and 58 in final instance (of which 26 are female).

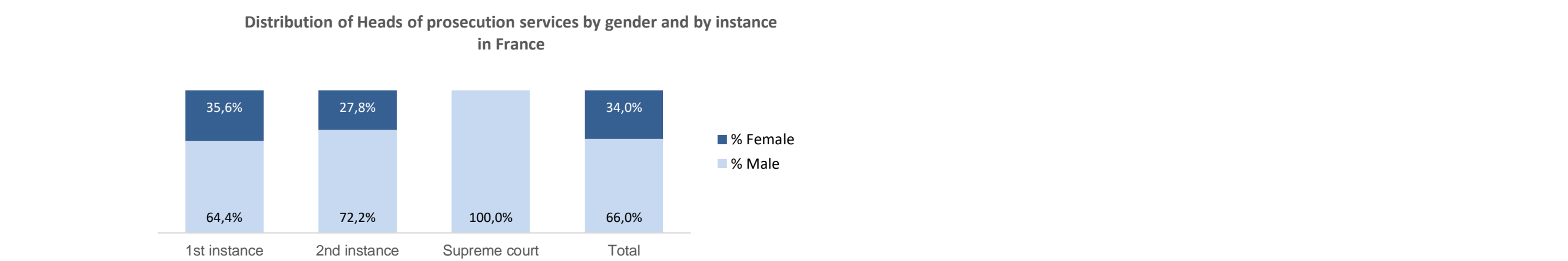
As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of public prosecutors, it should be noticed that starting from 2023, data on first instance public prosecutors include also the 430 "délégués du procureur" (72 women and 358 men) who carry out functions comparable to those of public prosecutors....

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female public prosecutors constitute the majority except at the Supreme Court level.

Heads of prosecution services

Absolute number of Heads of prosecution services by instance and gender

Heads of prosecution services 2023	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	163	81,5%	105	58	64,4%	35,6%
2nd instance	36	18,0%	26	10	72,2%	27,8%
Supreme court	1	0,5%	1	0	100,0%	0,0%
Total	200		132	68	66,0%	34,0%



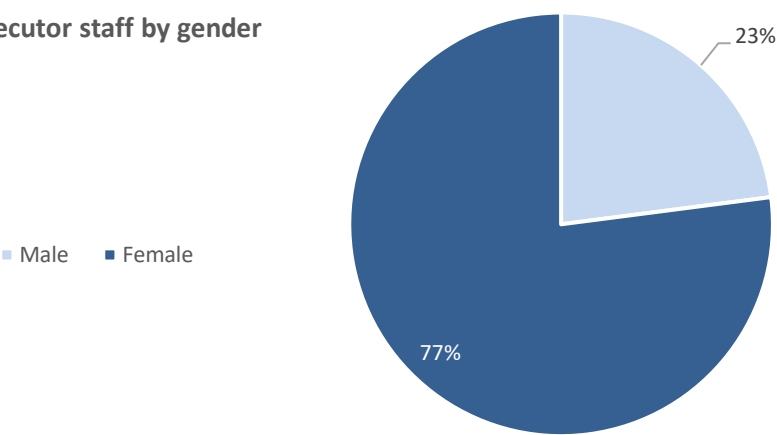
In this cycle, the total number of female Heads of prosecution services (all instances) is 68, which represents 34,0% of the total number of Heads of prosecution services.

The total number of Heads of prosecution is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 163 at first instance level (of which 58 are female); 36 at second instance level (of which 10 are female) and 1 at the highest instance level who is a man.

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	NA	NA	NA
2021	359	93	266
2022	375	97	278
2023	536	123	413

Non-prosecutor staff by gender



The categories of staff taken into account correspond to legal assistants and specialist assistants working for the public prosecutor's office.

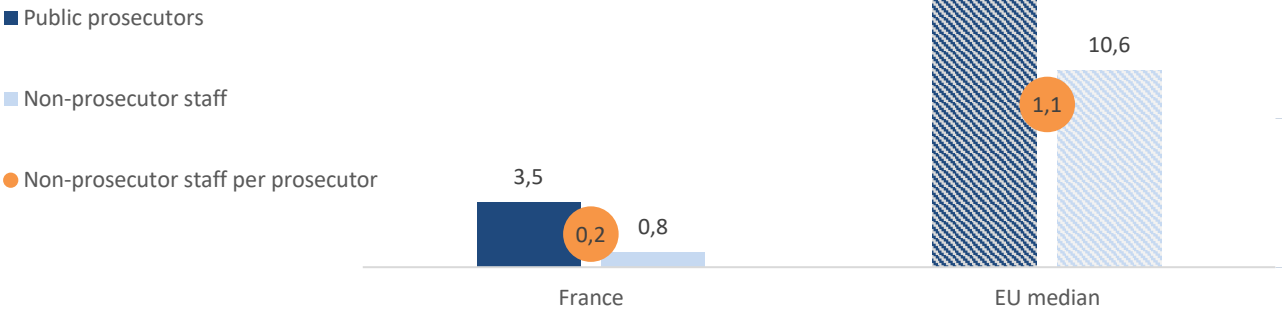
The increase in the numbers between 2022 and 2023 occurs in the context of the strengthening of the justice budget, in particular by providing for the creation of a large number of posts for legal assistants (300 in 2023), these criteria have made it possible to consolidate the assignment of legal assistants to the Public Prosecutor's Office on a long-term basis.

In accordance with the note from the Directorate of Judicial Services dated 30 January 2023 on the distribution and recruitment of legal assistant staff for the year 2023, the following were taken into account: the support for the activity of the public prosecutors' offices, the ratio of the number of legal assistant staff jobs per localised prosecutor's position so that it is between 1 for 6 and 1 for 7 for all metropolitan jurisdictions, the specificities of overseas jurisdictions and jurisdictions hosting specialized interregional jurisdictions (JIRS) or national centers. In addition, the distribution of the posts of legal assistant officers was linked to an action plan to reduce stocks and improve the quality of processing of proceedings. Similarly, the need to support the public prosecutors' offices, particularly within the JIRS or national centres, in the characterisation and processing of complex offences has led to the assignment of specialised assistants within these courts.

Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

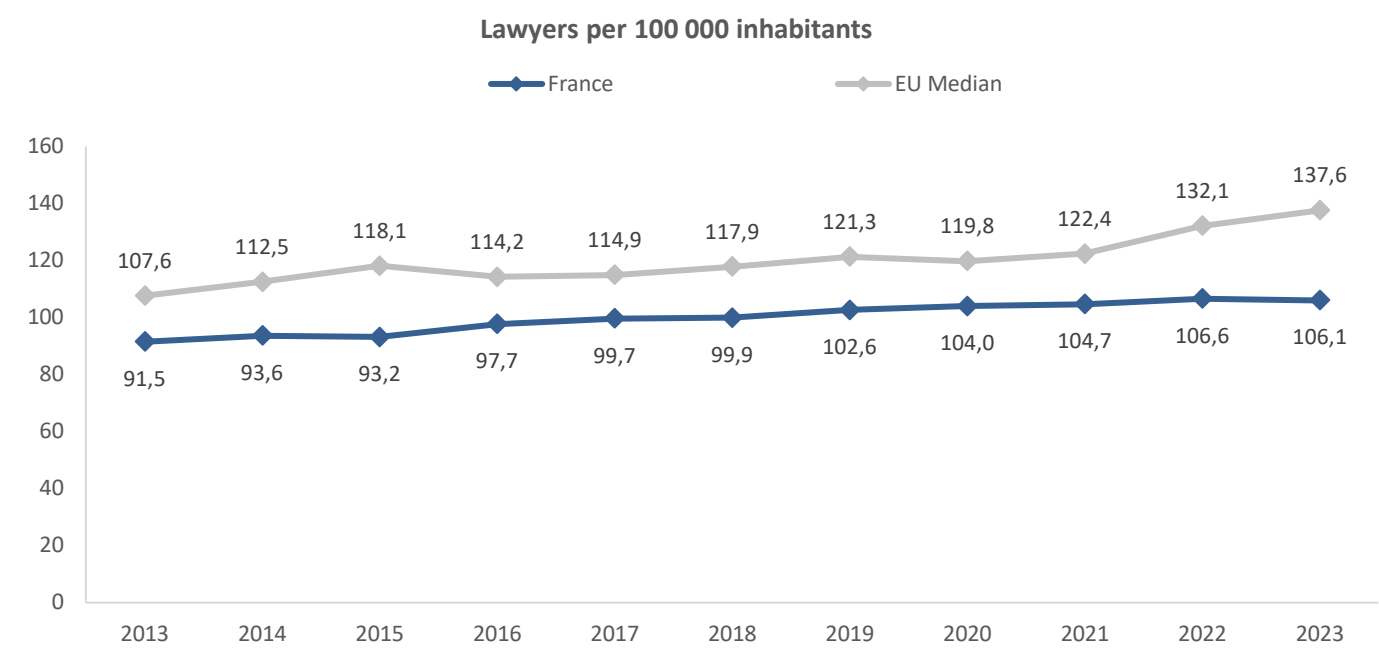
Per 100 000 inhabitants	France	EU median
Public prosecutors	3,5	14,5
Non-prosecutor staff	0,8	10,6
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,2	1,1

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



In 2023, in France, the ratio between non-prosecutor staff and prosecutors of 0,2 was significantly below the EU median of 1,1

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	France	France	EU Median
2013	60 223	91,5	107,6
2014	62 073	93,6	112,5
2015	62 073	93,2	118,1
2016	65 480	97,7	114,2
2017	66 958	99,7	114,9
2018	66 958	99,9	117,9
2019	68 835	102,6	121,3
2020	70 073	104,0	119,8
2021	70 794	104,7	122,4
2022	72 521	106,6	132,1
2023	72 521	106,1	137,6



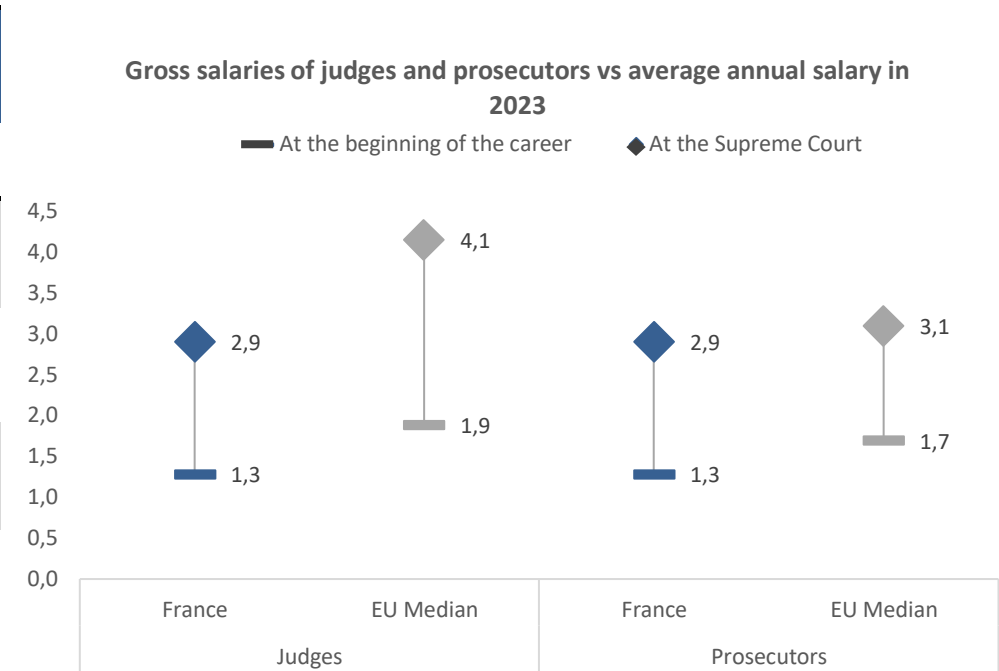
In 2023, there are 72 521 lawyers, as in 2023.

There are 41 688 female lawyers which is 57% of the total.

France has 106,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 137,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	France		France	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	54 495€	46 320€	1,3	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	123 504€	102 508€	2,9	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	54 495€	46 320€	1,3	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	123 504€	102 508€	2,9	3,1



In the European Union, the absolute gross salary for a judge at the beginning of career ranges from a minimum of 25 759€ to a maximum of 144 856€.

According to 2023 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in France is 54 495€, which is around the EU median of 58 128€. (-6% below)

Compared with the annual average salary in the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 1,3 times higher. (the EU median is 1,9)

At the highest level, the range of the EU absolute gross salary for a judge is from 58 623€ to 266 974€. France's absolute gross salaries for judges at the highest level is 4% above the EU median of 118 595€

For the public prosecutors, the range for the absolute gross salary at the beginning of career is from a minimum of 25 759€ to a maximum of 101 592€.

In 2023, the absolute gross salary of a public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career in France of 54 495€ is slightly above the EU median of 49 953€. (9% above)

Compared with the annual average salary in the country, the salary for a public prosecutors at the beginning of his/her career is 1,3 times higher. (the EU median is 1,7)

At the highest level, the minimum absolute gross salary for prosecutors in the European Union is 51 456€ and the maximum is 199 670€. France's absolute gross salaries for prosecutors at the highest level is 32% above the EU median of 93 759€

It has to be pointed out that the salary scale for judges at the beginning of their career has been upgraded.

3. System of compensating users in France (2023 data)

System for compensating users

2023	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
Total	3 995	2 040	21 270 877 €
Excessive length of proceedings	1 472	626	3 728 832 €
Non-execution of court decisions	NA	NA	NA
Wrongful arrest/detention	602	520	14 448 388 €
Wrongful conviction	NA	NA	NA
Other	1 921	894	3 093 657 €

Year	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
2021	NA	NA	NA
2022	2 545	1 648	15 729 100 €
2023	3 995	2 040	21 270 877 €

The sub-directorate for legal affairs of the Ministry of Justice, in conjunction with the State judicial agent, monitors liability actions relating to the defective functioning of the public service of Justice (essentially based on Article L. 141-1 of the Code of Judicial Organisation, with regard to users of this service). The State judicial agent directly follows up actions for compensation for pre-trial detention undergone in the context of criminal proceedings that have ended with a decision to dismiss, discharge or acquit (Articles 149 et seq. of the Code of Criminal Procedure).

1) Regarding liability actions relating to the defective functioning of the public service of Justice: The vast majority of them are based on Article L. 141-1 of the Code of Judicial Organisation. According to this article, the State is obliged to allow a compensation for damage caused by the defective functioning of the Justice service. Except in the case of special provisions, this liability is incurred only in the event of serious fault or a denial of justice. This regime of liability concerns only the user of the public service of Justice, the third party to the legal proceedings being able to engage only the liability without fault of the State for breach of equality before public charges.

2) With regard to actions based on Article 149 et seq. of the Code of Criminal Procedure: article 149 of the Code of Criminal Procedure gives the right, under certain conditions, to full compensation for the damage suffered as a result of detention in proceedings that have been dismissed, acquitted or discharged. Any person who has been held in pre-trial detention during proceedings which have ended in a decision to dismiss, discharge or acquit that has become final, shall be entitled, subject to the exceptions precisely defined by Article 149 of the CCP, at his or her request, to full compensation for the moral and material damage caused by this detention. The compensation awarded is payable by the State. It is the First president of the court of appeal within whose jurisdiction the decision to dismiss, discharge or acquit, resulting in the detainee's innocence, has been taken, who decides, after a public and contradictory procedure, by a reasoned decision that can be appealed to the national commission for compensation for detention placed at the Court of Cassation (CNRD).

The figures given in the “excessive length of proceedings” category correspond to liability actions relating to the defective operation of the public justice service (article L. 141-1 of the Code of Judicial Organisation); the figures given in the “wrongful arrest/detention” category correspond to legal actions initiated on the basis of article 149 et seq. of the Code of Criminal Procedure; the figures given in the “Other” category correspond to legal proceedings relating to ‘seals’ and ‘police property damage’ (door breakage).



#### 4. Performance of courts in France (2023 data)

● **Efficiency indicators**

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

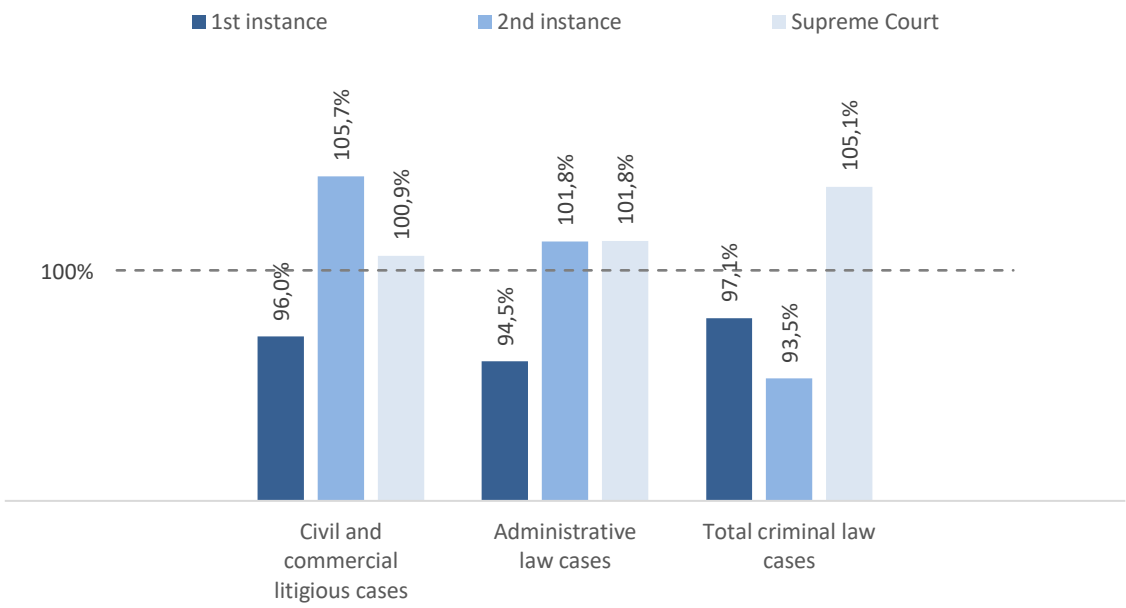
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

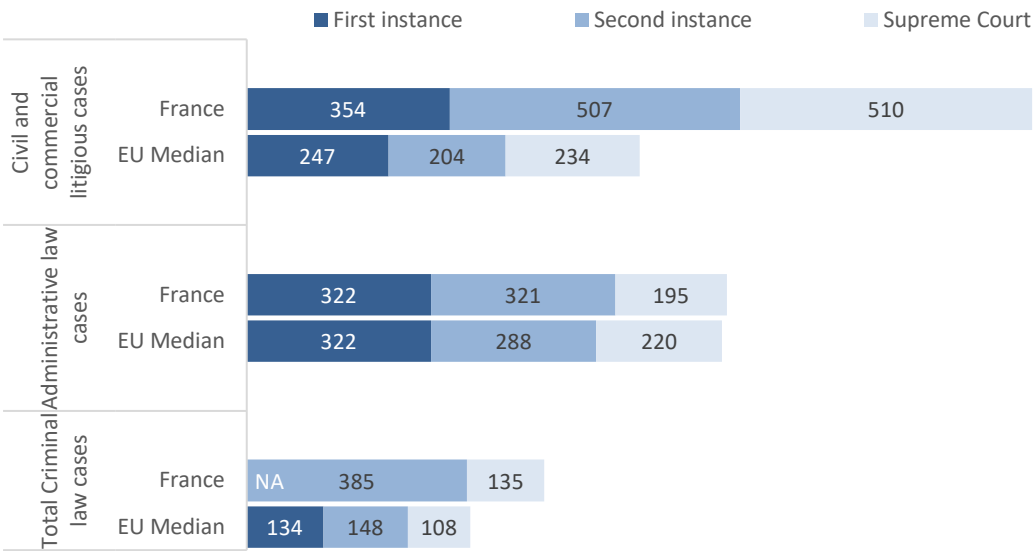
#### Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		France	EU Median	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	96,0%	96,6%	94,5%	100,9%	97,1%	99,6%
	2nd instance	105,7%	101,3%	101,8%	97,7%	93,5%	100,0%
	Supreme Court	100,9%	102,9%	101,8%	106,0%	105,1%	99,0%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	354	247	322	322	NA	134
	2nd instance	507	204	321	288	385	148
	Supreme Court	510	234	195	220	135	108

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2023 (%)



DispositionTime by instance and by matter in 2023 (days)



In 2023, the longest total length of proceedings (all instances combined) in France is registered in civil matters, while in the EU administrative proceedings proved to be the longest. As to criminal matters, it is not possible to measure their length at first instance because of the lack of available data on pending criminal cases.

In 2023, the lowest Disposition Time in France was registered with regard to third instance criminal cases, while the highest one was calculated for third instance civil cases.

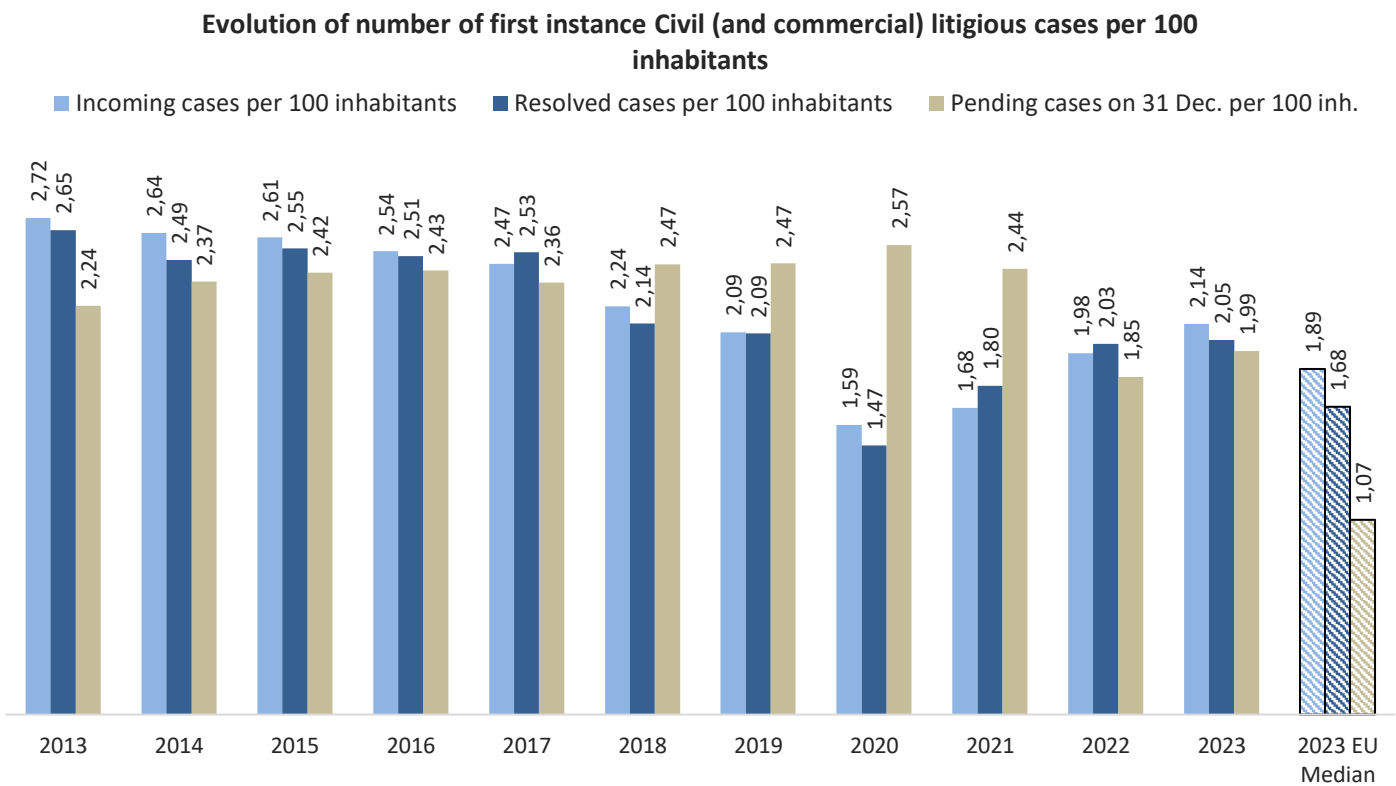
One can see that in civil and criminal matters the Disposition Time values are above the respective EU medians at all three instances. Conversely, in administrative matters, the Disposition Time is below the respective EU medians at second and third instance, while at first instance the value of France constitutes the EU median.

Third instance courts managed to exceed the 100% threshold in terms of Clearance Rate in all three matters which is not the case for first instance courts. As to second instance courts, only in criminal matters their Clearance Rate is below 100%.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2013	2,72	2,65	2,24
2014	2,64	2,49	2,37
2015	2,61	2,55	2,42
2016	2,54	2,51	2,43
2017	2,47	2,53	2,36
2018	2,24	2,14	2,47
2019	2,09	2,09	2,47
2020	1,59	1,47	2,57
2021	1,68	1,80	2,44
2022	1,98	2,03	1,85
2023	2,14	2,05	1,99
2023 EU Median	1,89	1,68	1,07



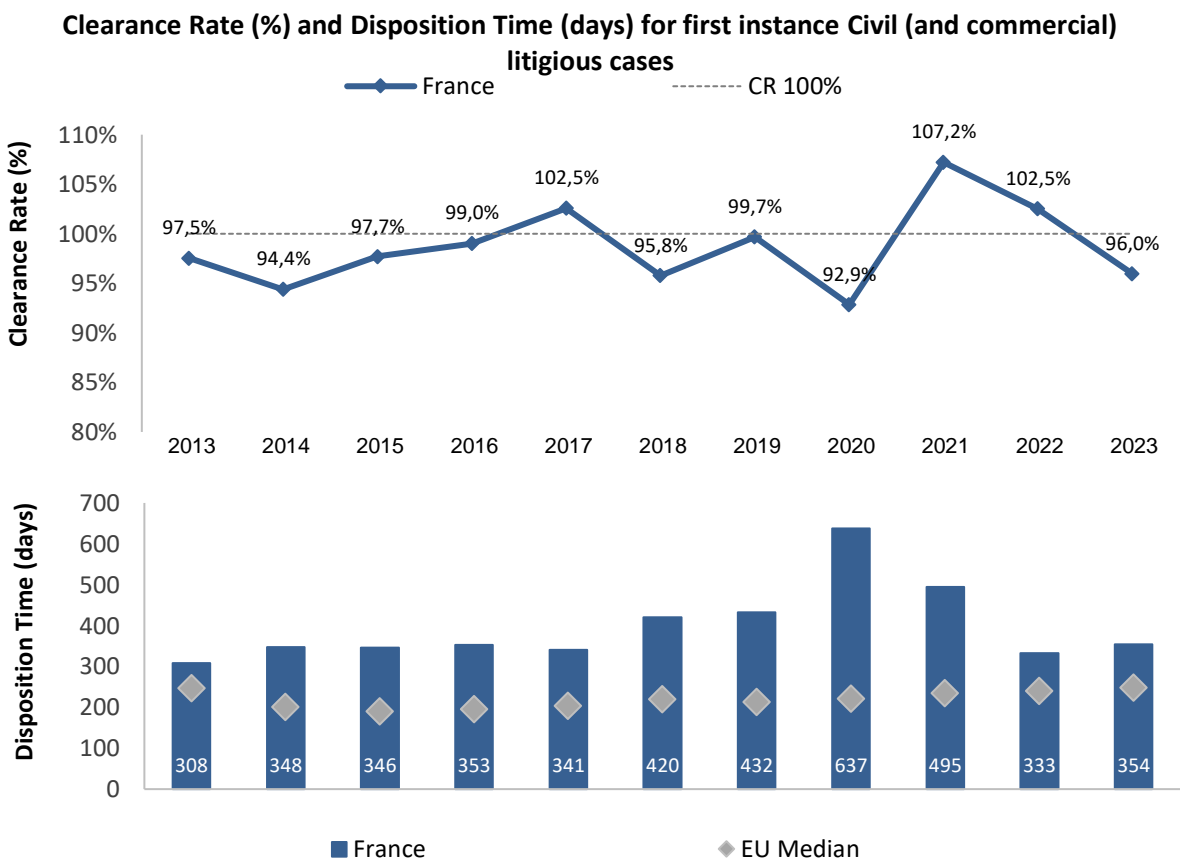
The number of incoming civil and commercial litigious cases in 2023 in France (2,14 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,89 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved such cases in 2023 in France (2,05 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (1,68 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2023 in France (1,99 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above the EU median (1,07 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2013	97,5%	101,2%	308	247
2014	94,4%	101,8%	348	201
2015	97,7%	102,3%	346	190
2016	99,0%	102,0%	353	196
2017	102,5%	101,3%	341	204
2018	95,8%	101,2%	420	220
2019	99,7%	99,9%	432	213
2020	92,9%	98,5%	637	221
2021	107,2%	102,5%	495	234
2022	102,5%	100,5%	333	239
2023	96,0%	96,6%	354	247



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 96,0% in 2023 France seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2022 and 2023, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -6,5 points.

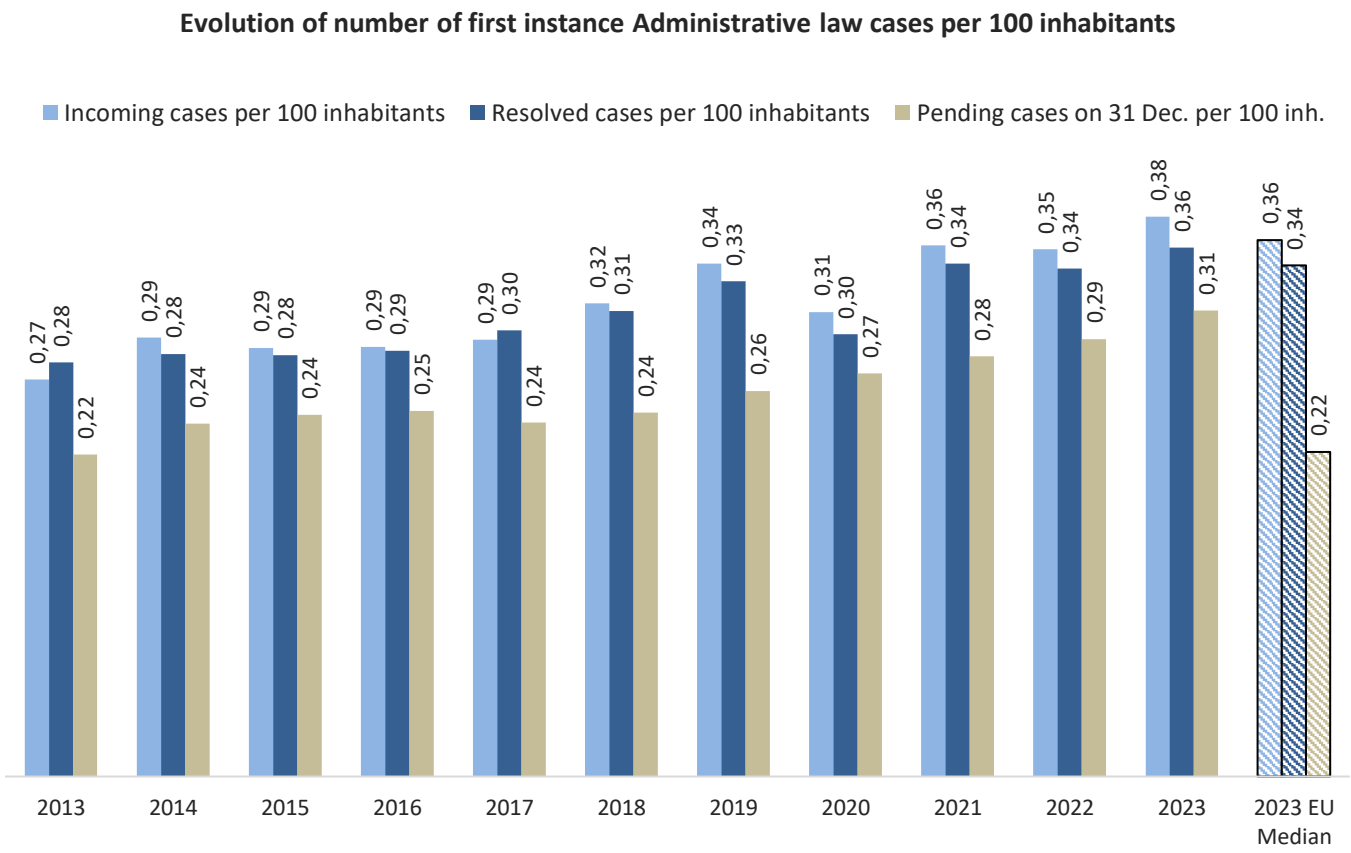
In 2023, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 354 days, which is somewhat above the EU median of 247 days.

The analysis of the 2022 - 2023 period reveals a 6,5% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2013	0,27	0,28	0,22
2014	0,29	0,28	0,24
2015	0,29	0,28	0,24
2016	0,29	0,29	0,25
2017	0,29	0,30	0,24
2018	0,32	0,31	0,24
2019	0,34	0,33	0,26
2020	0,31	0,30	0,27
2021	0,36	0,34	0,28
2022	0,35	0,34	0,29
2023	0,38	0,36	0,31
2023 EU Median	0,36	0,34	0,22



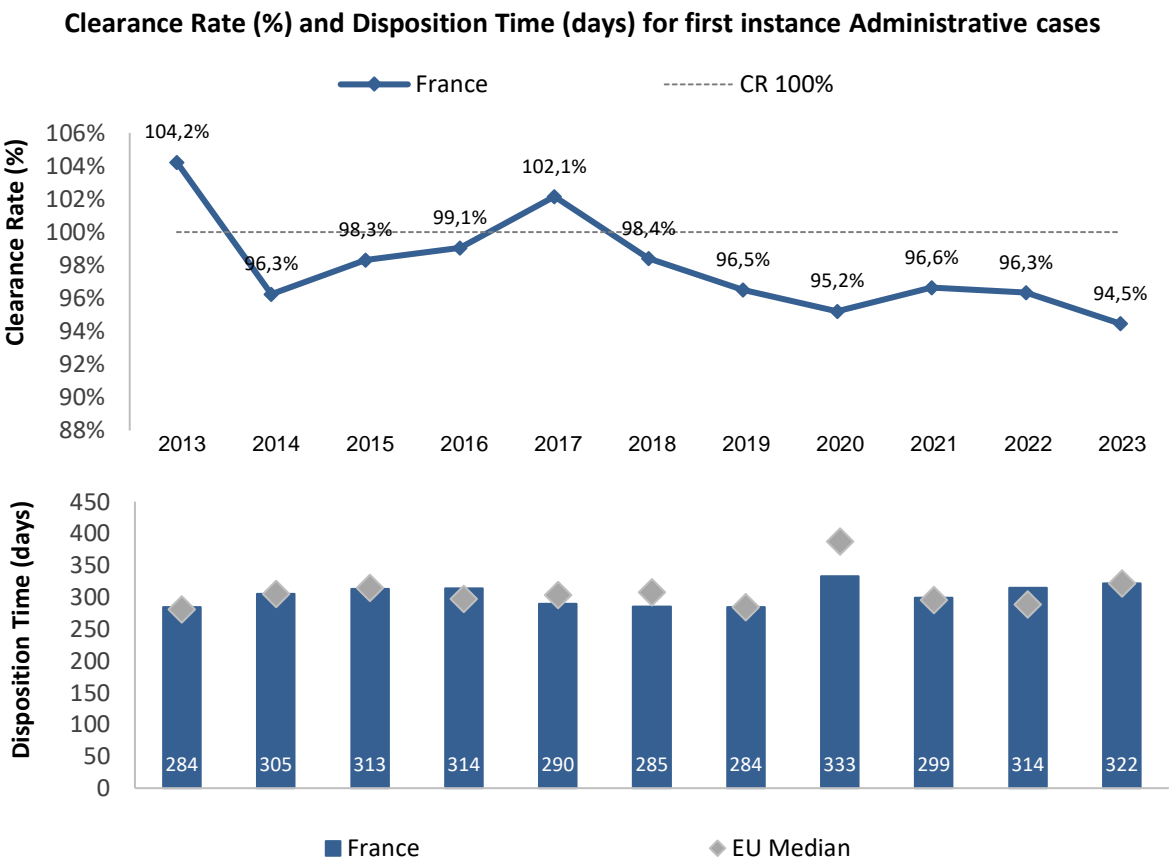
The number of incoming administrative cases in 2023 in France (0,38 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,36 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved administrative cases in 2023 in France (0,36 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2023 in France (0,31 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,22 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2013	104,2%	100,3%	284	281
2014	96,3%	99,6%	305	305
2015	98,3%	103,7%	313	315
2016	99,1%	103,0%	314	297
2017	102,1%	102,1%	290	303
2018	98,4%	99,7%	285	308
2019	96,5%	102,1%	284	284
2020	95,2%	100,1%	333	388
2021	96,6%	101,7%	299	296
2022	96,3%	98,8%	314	288
2023	94,5%	100,9%	322	322



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 94,5% in 2023 France seems to encounter difficulties in dealing with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2022 and 2023, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -1,9 points.

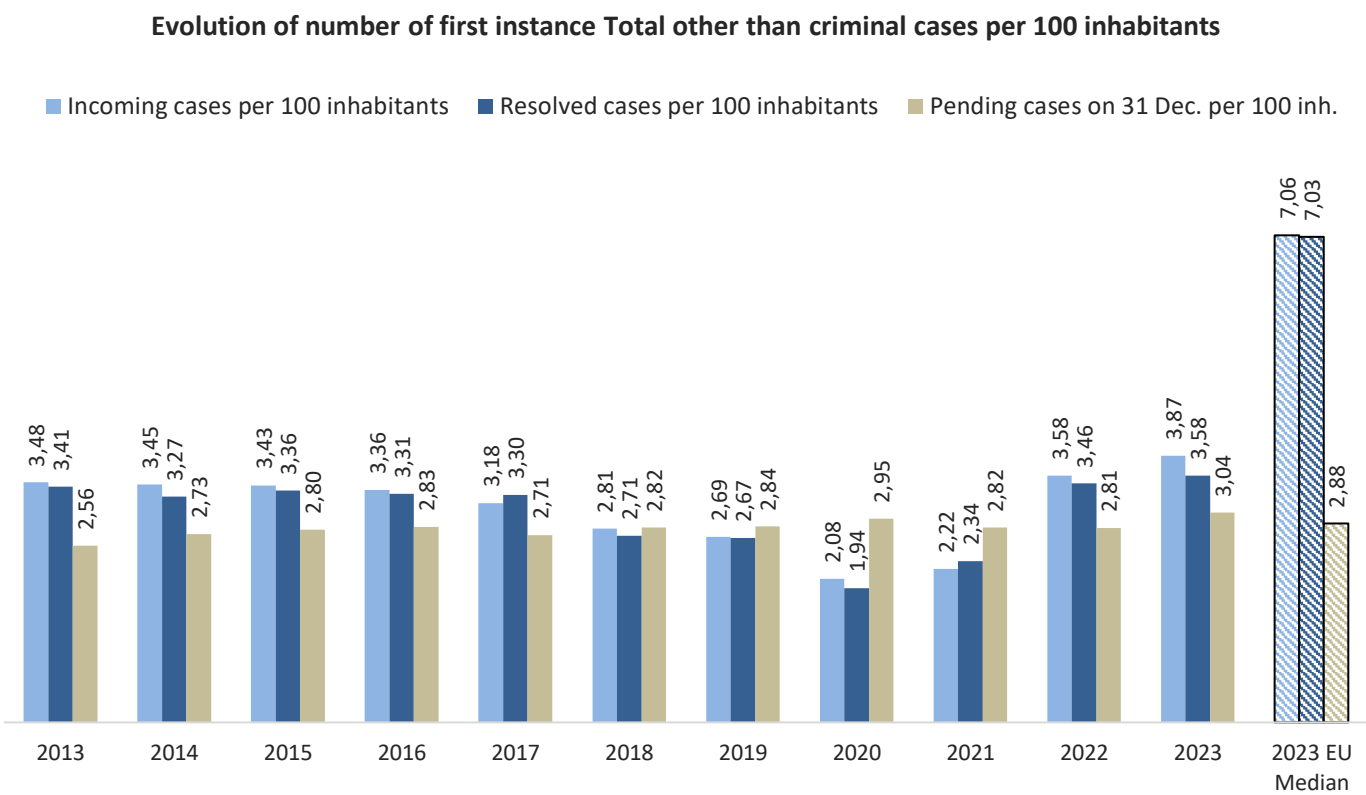
In 2023, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 322 days, which constitutes the EU median.

The analysis of the 2022 - 2023 period reveals a 2,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2013	3,48	3,41	2,56
2014	3,45	3,27	2,73
2015	3,43	3,36	2,80
2016	3,36	3,31	2,83
2017	3,18	3,30	2,71
2018	2,81	2,71	2,82
2019	2,69	2,67	2,84
2020	2,08	1,94	2,95
2021	2,22	2,34	2,82
2022	3,58	3,46	2,81
2023	3,87	3,58	3,04
2023 EU Median	7,06	7,03	2,88



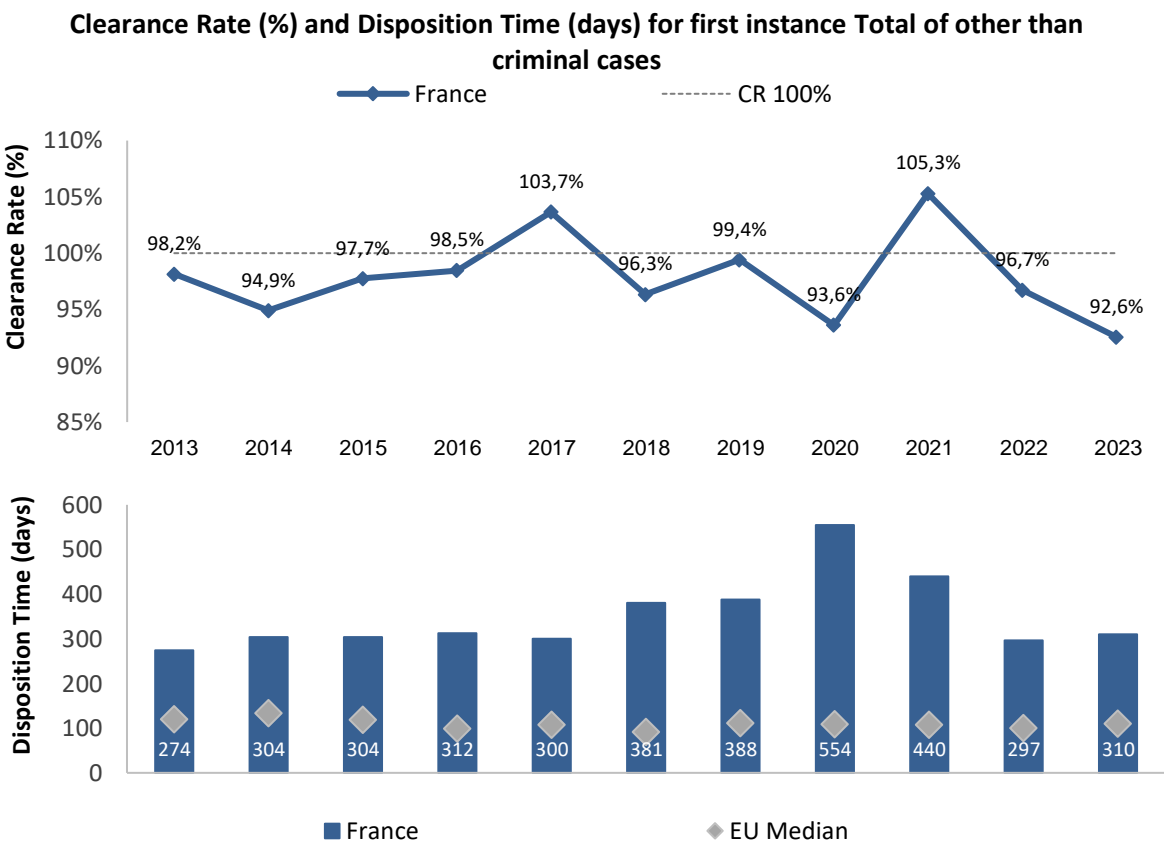
The number of incoming cases in 2023 in France (3,87 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (7,06 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2023 in France (3,58 per 100 inhabitants) is considerably below the EU median (7,03 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2023 in France (3,04 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (2,88 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2013	98,2%	100,7%	274	119
2014	94,9%	101,9%	304	133
2015	97,7%	101,0%	304	119
2016	98,5%	101,5%	312	98
2017	103,7%	100,6%	300	107
2018	96,3%	100,6%	381	91
2019	99,4%	99,8%	388	111
2020	93,6%	98,7%	554	109
2021	105,3%	101,2%	440	107
2022	96,7%	99,8%	297	100
2023	92,6%	99,9%	310	110



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,6% in 2023 France seems to face some difficulties in dealing with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2022 and 2023, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -4,2 points.

In 2023, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 310 days, which is well above the EU median of 110 days.

The analysis of the 2022 - 2023 period reveals a 4,4% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	970 491	942 408	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	562 066	569 951	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	408 425	372 457	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	16 629	14 860	NA

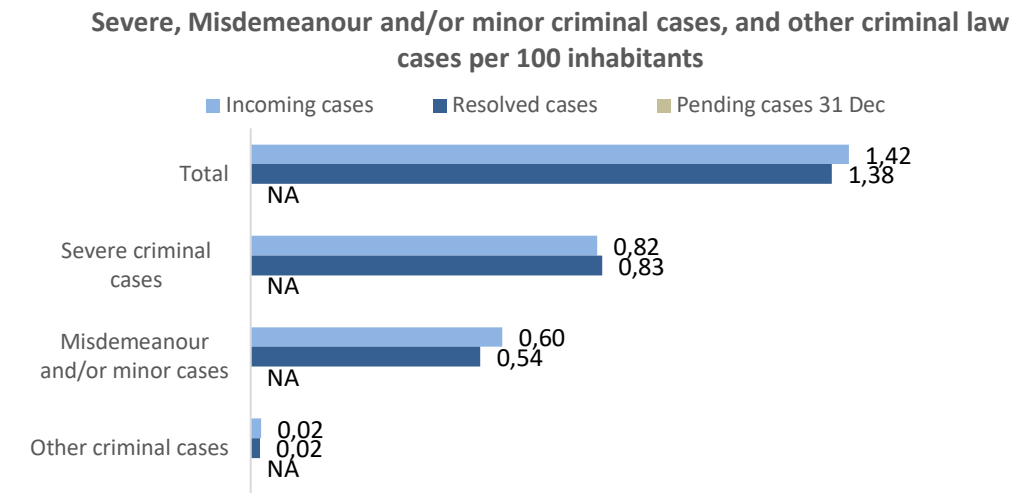
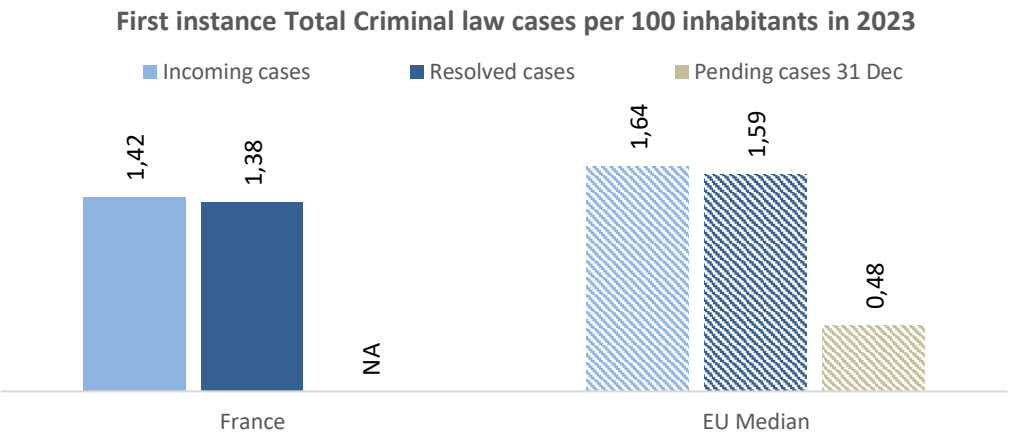
The category "other" refers to cases that have gone through investigation. However, these cases are already contained in the 2 previous categories. The total is therefore not equal to the sum of the 3 sub-categories but to the sum of lines 1 and 2.

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	NA	1,42	1,38	NA
Severe criminal cases	NA	0,82	0,83	NA
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NA	0,60	0,54	NA
Other criminal cases	NA	0,02	0,02	NA

The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2023 in France (1,42 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,64 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2023 in France (1,38 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (1,59 per 100 inhabitants).

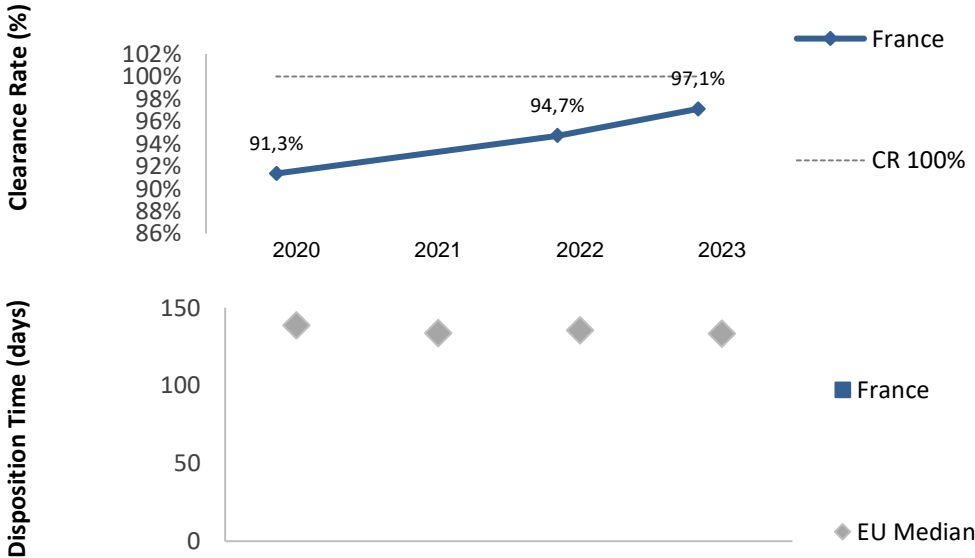
Data on pending criminal cases are not available.



◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	France	EU Median	France	EU Median
2020	91,3%	95,2%	NA	139
2021	NA	100,0%	NA	134
2022	94,7%	100,0%	NA	136
2023	97,1%	99,6%	NA	134

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 97,1% in 2023 France seems to have improved its ability to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases, compared to 2022.

Between 2022 and 2023, the Clearance Rate has increased by 2,4 points.

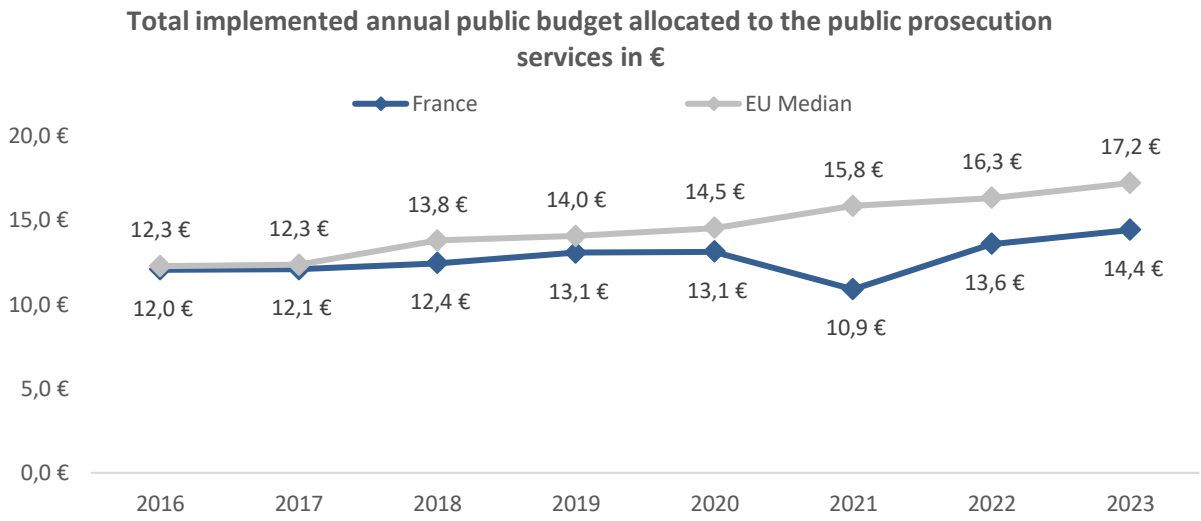
The Disposition Time of first instance total criminal law cases cannot be calculated.



5. Public prosecution services in France (2023 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	France	France	EU Median
2016	807 160 505 €	12,0 €	12,3 €
2017	811 386 286 €	12,1 €	12,3 €
2018	833 119 054 €	12,4 €	13,8 €
2019	875 628 332 €	13,1 €	14,0 €
2020	884 666 227 €	13,1 €	14,5 €
2021	736 277 006 €	10,9 €	15,8 €
2022	924 356 631 €	13,6 €	16,3 €
2023	985 188 635 €	14,4 €	17,2 €



The budget of the Public Prosecution Services is not distinguishable from the budget allocated for the functioning of all courts. It was decided to apply a distribution key of 80% courts/20% public prosecution services.

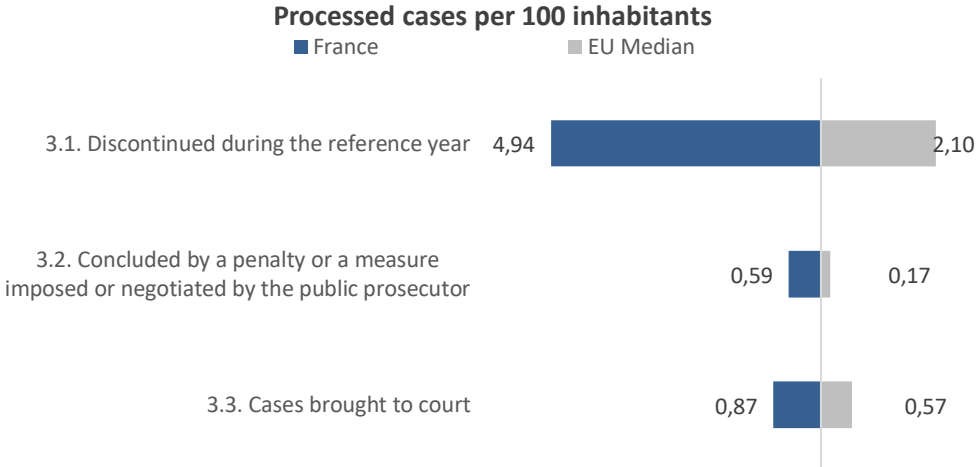
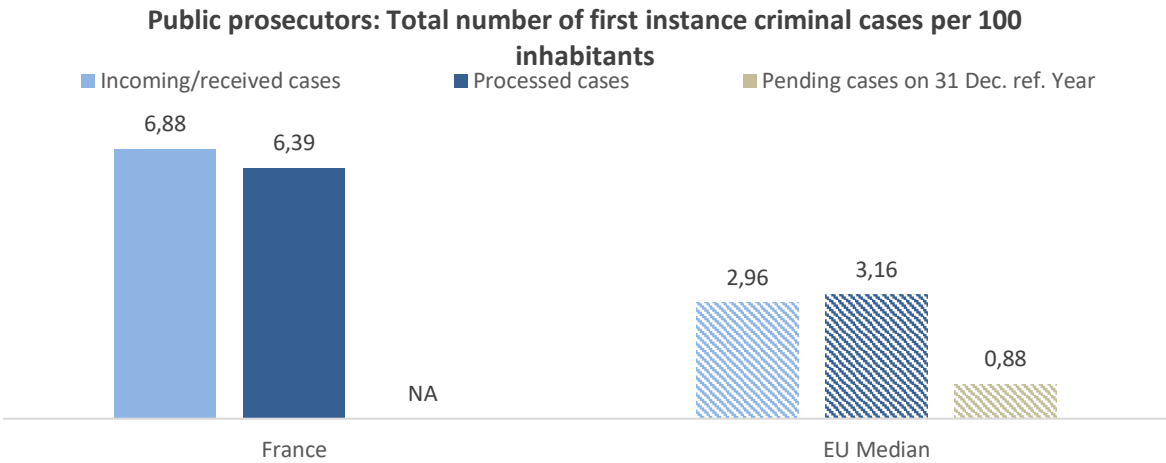
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	France	France	EU Median
2020	NA	NA	0,01 €
2021	29 092 471 €	0,43 €	0,02 €
2022	NA	NA	0,01 €
2023	34 075 141 €	0,50 €	0,02 €

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseload: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	France	% Variation 2022 - 2023	France	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,92
2. Incoming/received cases	4 705 322	▲ 7,7%	6,88	2,96
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	4 370 113	▲ 7,2%	6,39	3,16
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year	3 375 290	▲ 9,8%	4,94	2,10
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	2 437 843	▲ 6,1%	3,57	0,66
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	732 377	▲ 21,2%	1,07	0,79
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	205 070	▲ 20,0%	0,30	0,13
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,35
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	400 458	▼ -5,3%	0,59	0,17
3.3. Cases brought to court	594 365	▲ 2,1%	0,87	0,57
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	NA	NA	NA	0,88

\* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

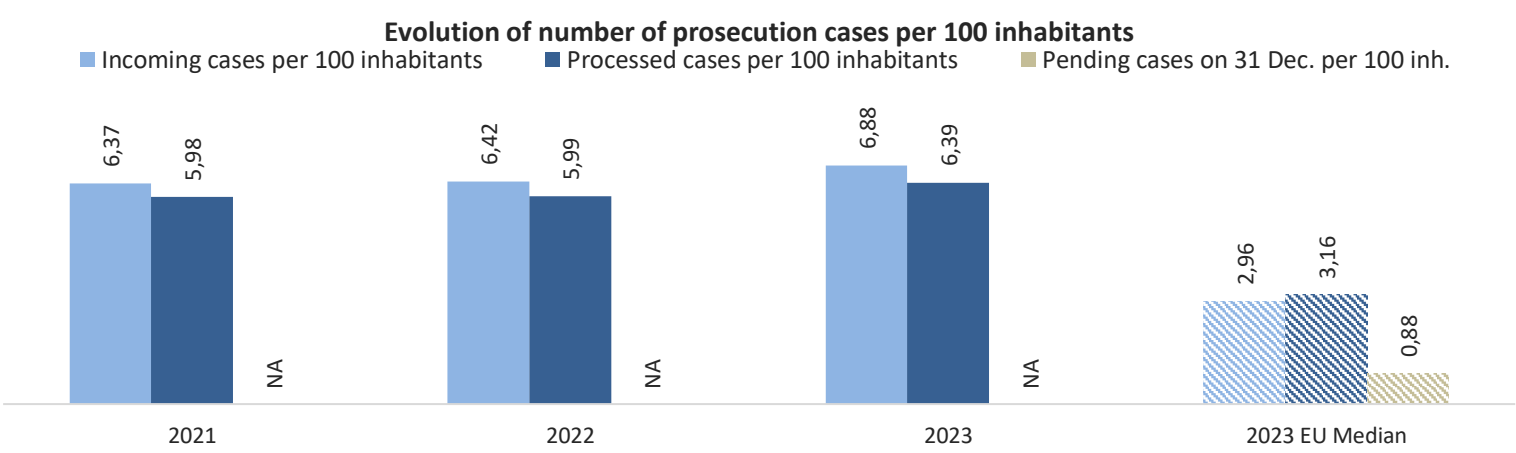
“3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation” and “3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity”: data used are based on extractions from “Cassiopée”. However, the introduction of the PPN has led to the gradual integration into the applications over the period 2022-2024 of cases that were not previously recorded in the applications. Accordingly, the number of criminal cases at first instance has increased artificially in 2023 as a result of the integration of unrecorded cases (small X). It should be noted that this increase has also affected 2022 data; it was less strong but already present. Source(s) : SSER, Cassiopée statistical file.





◦ Evolution of incoming, processed and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Processed cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2021	6,37	5,98	NA
2022	6,42	5,99	NA
2023	6,88	6,39	NA
2023 EU Median	2,96	3,16	0,88



The number of incoming cases in 2023 in France (6,88 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (2,96 per 100 inhabitants).

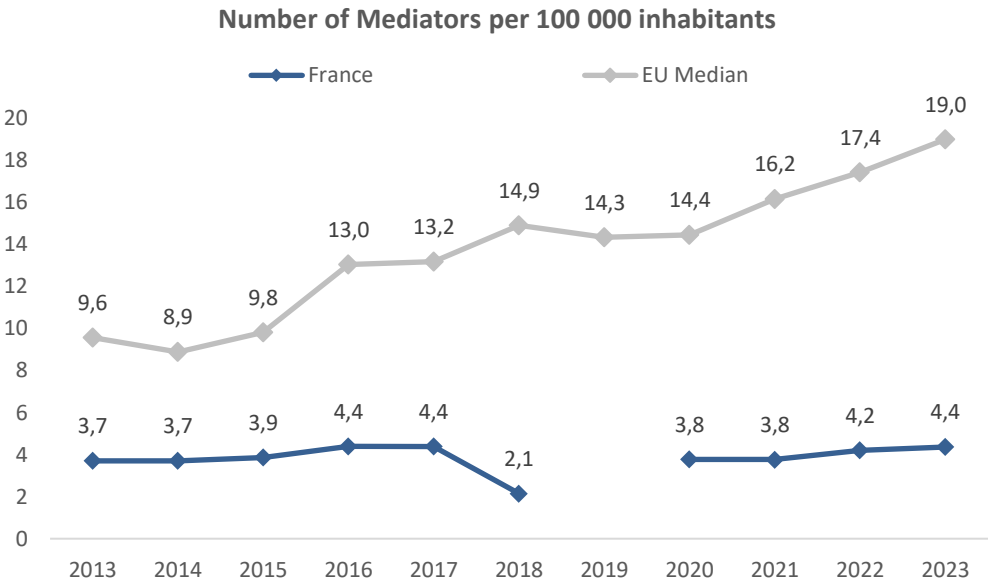
The number of resolved cases in 2023 in France (6,39 per 100 inhabitants) is well above the EU median (3,16 per 100 inhabitants).

The data for pending cases for France is not available.

6. Mediators and notaries in France (2023 data)

Number of mediators in 2023

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	France	France	EU Median
2013	2 435	3,7	9,6
2014	2 450	3,7	8,9
2015	2 571	3,9	9,8
2016	2 940	4,4	13,0
2017	2 940	4,4	13,2
2018	1 436	2,1	14,9
2019	NA	NA	14,3
2020	2 542	3,8	14,4
2021	2 542	3,8	16,2
2022	2 854	4,2	17,4
2023	2 980	4,4	19,0



In 2023, there are 2 980 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 4,4 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation of the number of mediators between 2022 and 2023 is about 4,4%.

The figure 2 980 includes 2 627 individuals and 353 legal entities.

Mediators in civil, commercial and social matters are entered on the list of mediators provided for by the law of 8 February 1995, drawn up for the information of judges.

The list includes a special section for family mediators and a special section for online services providing mediation services. It is drawn up every three years and may be amended at any time if necessary. It is made available to the public on the website of the Court of Appeal or, failing that, the Ministry of Justice.

A natural person may only be entered on the list if s/he meets the following conditions: 1) has not been convicted of a criminal offence, been disqualified or withdrawn from practicing mediation; 2) has not been the perpetrator of an offence contrary to honour, probity or morality that has resulted in a disciplinary or administrative sanction involving removal from office, striking off the roll, dismissal, withdrawal of approval or authorisation; 3) has training or experience that attests to her/his suitability to practise mediation.

A legal entity carrying out the activity of mediator may only be entered on the list if it meets the following conditions: 1) its directors meet the conditions listed above; 2) its articles of association provide that it may carry out mediation; 3) Each natural person who carries out mediation must meet the above conditions.

The Court of Appeal councillor responsible for monitoring the activities of judicial conciliators and mediators and coordinating their work within the jurisdiction of the Court of Appeal, examines the application and checks that the applicant meets the required conditions. The general assembly of judges of the court of appeal draws up the list of mediators in civil, commercial and social matters.

The decision to refuse registration or to strike off the list may only be appealed to the Court of Cassation.

Number of notaries in 2023

Notaries	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	France	France	EU Median
Total	17 528	25,6	7,3
1.Private professionals	NAP	NAP	NA
2.Holders of public offices appointed by the State	17 528	25,6	7,5
3.Civil servants	NAP	NAP	1,6
4.Other	NAP	NAP	10,8

In 2023, there are 17 528 notaries which represents 25,6 notaries per 100 000 inhabitants.

The status of notaries as public and ministerial officers is defined by the provisions of article 1 of Order no. 45-2590 of 2 November 1945 relating to the status of notaries and article 3 of the amended Act of 25 Ventôse Year XI concerning the organisation of the notarial profession. Article 1 bis of Order no. 45-2590 of 2 November 1945 on the status of notaries defines the various legal forms in which the profession of notary may be practised.

## 7. ICT tools of courts in France (2023 data)

### The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2023 can be summarised to:

#### Writing assistance tools

Deployment rate  
Usage rate

Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
75-95 %	95-100 %	95-100 %
75-95 %	25-50 %	95-100 %

#### Features of the writing assistance tools

Templates  
Automatically generated text  
Automatically suggested decision  
Speech-to-text  
Electronic signature  
Other special functionality

Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
Yes	Yes	Yes
No	Yes	Yes
No	No	No
No	Yes	No
Yes	No	Yes
Yes	No	No

#### Recording of court hearings

Deployment rate  
Usage rate

Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
NA	NAP	NA
NA	NAP	NA

#### Features of the recording of court hearings

Audio recording  
Video recording  
Systematic recording for all hearings  
Automatically indexed recording  
Automatic transcript from recording  
Possibility to request a copy of the recording  
Other special functionality

Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
No	NAP	No
Yes	NAP	Yes
No	NAP	No
No	NAP	No
No	NAP	No
No	NAP	No
No	NAP	No

### Comments on writing assistance tools

In civil matters, the courts have an electronic minute-book to record electronically signed decisions.

## 8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in France (2023 data)

In France, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). However, there is no specialised personnel within the courts or the public prosecution services entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

Quality standards developed for public administration are used in the judicial system. The charter of the administrations thus sets the rules for the reception of litigants in all courts and can lead to certification. There are also local initiatives aimed at setting up a "quality system" based on certification by an external body, which consists in establishing procedures describing the reception process, the organisation of work and the management of a case.

As regards administrative justice: the rate of annulment and reversal of court decisions must be kept below 15% and the stock of cases older than two years must be kept below 7.5% of the total stock.

Following an experimental phase, the direct style of drafting of decisions in litigious matters rendered within the administrative court has been generalized, as of January 1, 2019. With this in mind, a vade-mecum on the drafting of decisions of the administrative court had been drawn up by a working group and distributed.

The framework letters sent to each court by the General Secretariat of the Council of State recall the general objectives set out in the documents accompanying the Finance Act in terms of speed and quality: target average delivery time, proportion of cases of more than 24 months (must not exceed 8.5% of the overall backlog of all courts and 4.5% of the overall backlog for administrative courts of appeal) and rate of annulment-reversal of judgments of the tribunals by the courts or judgments of the courts by the judge of cassation not exceeding 15%.

Strictly speaking, there are no specialised staff responsible for the implementation of these quality standards, but a monitoring responsibility for the presidents of chambers and heads of courts.

### Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

**A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:**

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Number of appeals	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Appeal ratio	✓
Backlogs	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Productivity of judges and court staff	✓	Disposition time	✓
Satisfaction of court staff	✓	Other	✓

"Other": Indicators for monitoring activity by matters, types of judicial formation (collegial, summary proceedings, single judge, orders); Indicator for monitoring the number of cases resolved by a judge and decision-making support; Social barometers were carried out in 2017, 2021 and 2023.

**Quantitative performance targets exist for judges.** ✓

The consequences if these targets are not met are:

#### Without disciplinary procedure

Warning by court's president	✓
Temporary salary reduction	✓
Reflected in the individual assessment	✓
Other	✗

#### With disciplinary procedure

Warning by court's president	✗
Temporary salary reduction	✗
Reflected in the individual assessment	✗
Other	✗

No quantitative target per judge is defined at national level. For administrative courts, the General Secretariat of the Council of State, in consultation with the head of court, sets an overall target for each court. Heads of court may set quantitative performance targets per judge: number of cases per year, priority given to the oldest cases. For administrative courts, there are individual quantitative targets which is not the case for civil and criminal courts, where the indicators relate to functions (courts of general jurisdiction, investigation judges, juvenile courts, public prosecutors) and registry staff. Thus, a set of objectives and indicators are set out, at national level, in the annual documents presented to Parliament (Annual Performance Project and Annual Performance Report), including a certain number of indicators measuring the "performance" of civil servants and judges, with an average level of performance to be achieved (targets). These ratios are very general.

The individual part of the administrative judges' function allowance (there is also a functional part that depends on the responsibilities, the level of experience and the constraints relating to the functions performed), which takes into account the results obtained and the way of serving, may be adjusted if the objectives, qualitative and in particular quantitative, are not met.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✓
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

In France, there is a system to regularly evaluate the activity of each public prosecutor service qualitatively but not quantitatively.

Quantitative performance targets do not exist for public prosecutors. ✗

Without disciplinary procedure

Warning by head of prosecution	NAP
Temporary salary reduction	NAP
Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP
Other	NAP

With disciplinary procedure

Warning by head of prosecution	NAP
Temporary salary reduction	NAP
Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP
Other	NAP

The assessment of public prosecutors foreseen by article 12-1 of the Statutory Order 58-1270 of 22 December 1958 is aimed at determining the prosecutor’s professional value. It must reflect their professional legal and technical skills, their level of commitment and assess their ability to perform a given function as well as identifying their training needs as part of a career path. The assessment is drawn up by the Prosecutor General of the Court of Appeal or the prosecutor at the High Court of Appeal in the case of public prosecutors within their scope. The assessment is seen as an opportunity for discussion between the prosecutor and his or her superior and should enable the prosecutor to highlight the skills he or she has applied, his or her strengths and areas for improvement. It helps to better situate the prosecutor's work within the organisation and operation of the department, but also to clarify the tasks associated with his or her duties by highlighting his or her professional potential. The assessment is therefore an opportunity for public prosecutors to take stock of their work, consider changes in their professional practice and assess themselves at regular intervals in relation to their career plans. For the assessor, the aim is to identify the potential of each individual in order to contribute to the efficient management of human resources.

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)													
Q1 Number of inhabitants	65 821 000	66 317 994	66 627 602	66 991 000	67 186 638	66 992 699	67 063 703	67 407 241	67 626 000	68 043 000	68 373 433	3,9%	0,5%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	32 112	32 227	32 796	33 337	34 150	34 978	35 960	33 959	36 660	38 547	41 332	28,7%	7,2%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services													
(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)													
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	False	True	True	True	True	True	False	
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.5 backlogs							True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							True	False	True	True	True	True	
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False	False	
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.11 appeal ratio							True	True	True	True	True	True	
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	True	False	True	True	True	
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True	True		
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									True	True	True		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	False	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False	False		



France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance tagets defined for each prosecutors									False	False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									-	-	-		
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False	False	False		
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True	False	False		
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False	False	False		
Indicator 2: The judicial organisation													
(Q42, Q43 and Q44)													
Q42.1.1Total number of all courts - legal entities									1 063	1 063	NA	-	-
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities									206	206	206	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	783	786	786	786	786	168	168	168	168	168	168	-78,5%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities									37	37	37	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities									1	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities									857	857	NA	-	-
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	1 089	1 094	1 094	1 086	1 086	1 463	1 186	851	848	847	NA	-	-
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	143	148	148	143	143	143	143	152	152	152	152	6,3%	0,0%
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	216	0,0%	0,0%
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	281	281	281	281	281	289	289	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	50	50	50	50	50	49	49	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	38	-9,5%	-9,5%
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	141	141	141	141	141	241	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts									156	156	155	-	-0,6%
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	208	208	208	200	200	474	438	286	282	282	282	35,6%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances									9	10	NA	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts									9	10	10	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.13 Juvenile courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations									661	737	789	-	7,1%

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	641	643	643	641	641	641	641	672	715	781	842	31,4%	7,8%
Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings													
First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)													
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 643 188	1 692 658	1 810 803	1 863 243	1 899 497	1 821 752	1 892 584	1 903 120	1 987 671	1 895 589	1 882 880	14,6%	-0,7%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 428 811	1 473 097	1 571 438	1 611 461	1 630 342	1 588 116	1 651 625	1 655 997	1 732 374	1 272 301	1 302 725	-8,8%	2,4%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	72 374	83 425	87 270	-	4,6%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	64 473	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	72 374	83 425	87 270	35,4%	4,6%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	149 904	149 932	158 768	162 856	164 091	160 474	165 741	173 792	182 923	191 053	200 093	33,5%	4,7%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	348 809	292 792	-	-16,1%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 288 177	2 285 876	2 288 643	2 253 976	2 135 602	1 882 289	1 801 871	1 400 368	1 502 201	2 434 599	2 642 957	15,5%	8,6%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 789 902	1 747 989	1 740 302	1 698 704	1 658 004	1 498 080	1 403 505	1 068 850	1 136 137	1 346 826	1 461 353	-18,4%	8,5%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			356 334	361 740	280 355	171 180	167 086	121 004	124 680	125 726	133 184	-	5,9%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	322 513	342 262	356 334	361 740	280 355	171 180	167 086	121 004	124 680	125 726	133 184	-58,7%	5,9%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	175 762	195 625	192 007	193 532	197 243	213 029	231 280	210 514	241 384	241 187	257 329	46,4%	6,7%

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	720 860	791 091	-	9,7%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 246 155	2 169 237	2 237 067	2 219 465	2 213 947	1 813 313	1 791 335	1 310 960	1 581 821	2 355 029	2 446 309	8,9%	3,9%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 745 616	1 649 648	1 700 279	1 682 166	1 700 230	1 434 571	1 399 133	992 473	1 218 052	1 380 745	1 402 464	-19,7%	1,6%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			348 005	345 602	312 257	169 124	168 973	118 076	130 515	116 443	119 093	-	2,3%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	317 357	331 294	348 005	345 602	312 257	169 124	168 973	118 076	130 515	116 443	119 093	-62,5%	2,3%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	183 182	188 295	188 783	191 697	201 460	209 618	223 229	200 411	233 254	232 332	243 089	32,7%	4,6%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	625 509	681 663	-	9,0%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	1 685 210	1 809 297	1 862 379	1 897 754	1 821 152	1 890 728	1 903 120	1 991 346	1 908 051	1 914 487	2 076 139	23,2%	8,4%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	1 473 097	1 571 438	1 611 461	1 627 999	1 588 116	1 651 625	1 655 997	1 732 374	1 650 459	1 258 249	1 361 614	-7,6%	8,2%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	76 259	66 539	89 190	98 013	-	9,9%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	69 629	80 597	88 926	105 064	73 162	75 218	73 331	76 259	66 539	89 190	98 013	40,8%	9,9%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	142 484	157 262	161 992	164 691	159 874	163 885	173 792	182 713	191 053	200 093	214 292	50,4%	7,1%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	366 957	402 220	-	9,6%

    Clearence rate and Disposition time for first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,2%	94,9%	97,7%	98,5%	103,7%	96,3%	99,4%	93,6%	105,3%	96,7%	92,6%	(5,60)	(4,17)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	97,5%	94,4%	97,7%	99,0%	102,5%	95,8%	99,7%	92,9%	107,2%	102,5%	96,0%	(1,56)	(6,55)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	96,8%	97,7%	95,5%	111,4%	98,8%	101,1%	97,6%	104,7%	92,6%	89,4%	-	(3,20)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	98,4%	96,8%	97,7%	95,5%	111,4%	98,8%	101,1%	97,6%	104,7%	92,6%	89,4%	(8,98)	(3,20)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	104,2%	96,3%	98,3%	99,1%	102,1%	98,4%	96,5%	95,2%	96,6%	96,3%	94,5%	(9,76)	(1,86)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	86,8%	86,2%	-	(0,61)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	274	304	304	312	300	381	388	554	440	297	310	13,1%	4,4%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	308	348	346	353	341	420	432	637	495	333	354	15,0%	6,5%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	89	93	111	86	162	158	236	186	280	300	-	7,4%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	80	89	93	111	86	162	158	236	186	280	300	275,1%	7,4%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	284	305	313	314	290	285	284	333	299	314	322	13,3%	2,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	214	215	-	0,6%
Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)													

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				307 020	317 778	310 011	302 841	295 549	NA	285 452	273 217	-	-4,3%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				266 127	276 110	268 669	260 673	247 769	NA	245 214	234 993	-	-4,2%
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				12 996	NA	12 798	12 700	16 837	NA	1 699	1 810	-	6,5%
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				12 996	13 068	12 798	12 700	16 837	NA	1 699	1 810	-	6,5%
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases				27 897	28 600	28 544	29 468	30 943	NA	30 514	28 845	-	-5,5%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	7 647	7 569	-	-1,0%
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				282 835	273 682	263 086	263 044	201 536	NA	226 490	221 881	-	-2,0%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				217 135	203 792	194 060	190 203	137 434	NA	164 891	154 668	-	-6,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				34 392	NA	35 253	37 157	33 873	NA	1 693	1 505	-	-11,1%
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				34 392	38 607	35 253	37 157	33 873	NA	1 693	1 505	-	-11,1%
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases				31 308	31 283	33 773	35 684	30 229	NA	30 446	31 586	-	3,7%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	29 677	34 122	-	15,0%
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				272 077	281 393	270 311	264 733	207 617	NA	237 784	231 611	-	-2,6%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				207 152	211 233	203 258	194 479	144 706	NA	175 555	163 506	-	-6,9%



France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				34 320	NA	34 199	35 994	32 205	NA	1 600	1 681	-	5,1%
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				34 320	38 877	34 199	35 994	32 205	NA	1 600	1 681	-	5,1%
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases				30 605	31 283	32 854	34 260	30 706	NA	31 981	32 144	-	0,5%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	29 923	34 280	-	14,6%
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				317 778	310 067	302 786	301 152	289 468	NA	274 827	264 485	-	-3,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				276 110	268 669	259 471	256 397	240 497	NA	234 993	227 006	-	-3,4%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				13 068	NA	13 852	13 863	18 505	NA	1 810	1 658	-	-8,4%
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				13 068	12 798	13 852	13 863	18 505	NA	1 810	1 658	-	-8,4%
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases				28 600	28 600	29 463	30 892	30 466	NA	28 845	28 303	-	-1,9%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	7 569	7 518	-	-0,7%
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases				NA	NA	NA	950	1 108	NA	1 341	1 310	-	-2,3%

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
CR Total of other than criminal law cases				96,2%	102,8%	102,7%	100,6%	103,0%	NA	105,0%	104,4%	-	(0,60)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				95,4%	103,7%	104,7%	102,2%	105,3%	NA	106,5%	105,7%	-	(0,75)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				99,8%	NA	97,0%	96,9%	95,1%	NA	94,5%	111,7%	-	17,19
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				99,8%	100,7%	97,0%	96,9%	95,1%	NA	94,5%	111,7%	-	17,19
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases				97,8%	100,0%	97,3%	96,0%	101,6%	NA	105,0%	101,8%	-	(3,28)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	100,8%	100,5%	-	(0,37)
DT Total of other than criminal law cases				426	402	409	415	509	NA	422	417	-	-1,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				487	464	466	481	607	NA	489	507	-	3,7%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				139	NA	148	141	210	NA	413	360	-	-12,8%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				139	120	148	141	210	NA	413	360	-	-12,8%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases				341	334	327	329	362	NA	329	321	-	-2,4%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	92	80	-	-13,3%
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)													
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				28 489	29 757	29 145	25 062	24 729	NA	25 548	25 620	-	0,3%

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				23 041	24 358	23 870	19 635	19 231	NA	19 922	20 131	-	1,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases				5 448	5 399	5 275	5 427	5 498	5 860	5 562	5 387	-	-3,1%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	64	102	-	59,4%
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				30 018	32 754	27 021	27 287	23 451	27 094	25 378	23 982	-	-5,5%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				20 398	22 890	17 458	17 071	13 417	15 781	15 479	14 189	-	-8,3%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases				9 620	9 864	9 563	10 216	10 034	11 313	9 672	9 574	-	-1,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	227	219	-	-3,5%
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				30 994	30 806	31 076	27 795	23 742	28 032	25 190	24 299	-	-3,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				21 387	20 667	21 493	17 475	14 071	16 421	15 168	14 315	-	-5,6%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases				9 607	10 139	9 583	10 320	9 671	11 611	9 833	9 746	-	-0,9%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	189	238	-	25,9%
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				27 513	31 705	25 090	24 554	24 575	25 456	25 722	25 293	-	-1,7%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				22 052	26 581	19 835	19 231	18 714	19 894	20 233	20 005	-	-1,1%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases				5 461	5 124	5 255	5 323	5 861	5 562	5 387	5 205	-	-3,4%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	102	83	-	-18,6%
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	781	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases				NA	NA	NA	89	132	102	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)													
CR Total of other than criminal law cases				103,3%	94,1%	115,0%	101,9%	101,2%	103,5%	99,3%	101,3%	-	2,06

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				104,8%	90,3%	123,1%	102,4%	104,9%	104,1%	98,0%	100,9%	-	2,90
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases				99,9%	102,8%	100,2%	101,0%	96,4%	102,6%	101,7%	101,8%	-	0,13
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	83,3%	108,7%	-	25,42
DT Total of other than criminal law cases				324	376	295	322	378	331	373	380	-	1,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				376	469	337	402	485	442	487	510	-	4,8%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases				207	184	200	188	221	175	200	195	-	-2,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	197	127	-	-35,4%
First instance criminal law cases (Q94)													
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan								NA	NA	274 436	NA	-	-

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	81 997	NA	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming								965 679	NA	980 570	970 491	-	-1,0%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming								497 526	551 370	550 566	562 066	-	2,1%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming								468 153	455 348	430 004	408 425	-	-5,0%
094.2.4 Other - incoming								NAP	NAP	16 901	16 629	-	-1,6%
094.3.1 Total - resolved								882 087	NA	928 818	942 408	-	1,5%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved								490 172	NA	548 394	569 951	-	3,9%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved								391 915	387 728	380 424	372 457	-	-2,1%
094.3.4 Other - resolved								NAP	NAP	15 496	14 860	-	-4,1%
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec								NA	NA	276 608	NA	-	-
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	83 402	NA	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)													
CR of Total								91%	NA	95%	97%	-	2,4
CR of Severe cases								99%	NA	100%	101%	-	1,8
CR of Misdemeanour cases								84%	85%	88%	91%	-	2,7
CR of Other								NAP	NAP	92%	89%	-	(2,54)
DT of Total								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-



France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
DT of Severe cases								NA	NA	184	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other								NAP	NAP	1964	NA	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)													
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan								43 287	NA	39 746	41 807	-	5,2%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming								37 811	NA	43 797	42 927	-	-2,0%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved								38 730	NA	41 736	40 117	-	-3,9%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec								42 368	NA	41 807	42 291	-	1,2%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)													
CR of Total								102,4%	NA	95,3%	93,5%	-	(1,93)
CR o2 Severe cases								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR of Other								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT of Total								399	NA	366	385	-	5,2%
DT of Severe cases								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT of Other								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)													
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan								3 302	2 998	3 300	3 178	-	-3,7%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	27	22	-	-18,5%
100.2.1 Total -incoming								7 199	7 360	7 500	7 255	-	-3,3%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming								NAP	NAP	212	229	-	8,0%
100.3.1 Total - resolved								7 503	7 382	7 622	7 623	-	0,0%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved								NAP	NAP	217	217	-	0,0%
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec								2 998	2 976	3 178	2 810	-	-11,6%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	22	34	-	54,5%
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	54	36	-	-33,3%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years								NAP	NAP	9	10	-	11,1%

Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)													
CR of Total								104,2%	100,3%	101,6%	105,1%	-	3,45
CR of Severe cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Other								NAP	NAP	102,4%	94,8%	-	(7,60)
DT of Total								146	147	152	135	-	-11,6%
DT of Severe cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other								NAP	NAP	37	57	-	54,5%

Indicator 4: Public prosecution services													
(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)													
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
2. Incoming/received cases								4 124 168	4 306 541	4 370 413	4 705 322	-	7,7%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)								3 913 948	4 045 938	4 077 879	4 370 113	-	7,2%
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)								2 906 826	2 984 375	3 072 866	3 375 290	-	9,8%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified								2 161 428	2 172 041	2 297 567	2 437 843	-	6,1%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation								553 520	619 017	604 447	732 377	-	21,2%

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity								191 878	193 317	170 852	205 070	-	20,0%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor								477 768	474 452	422 762	400 458	-	-5,3%
3.3. Cases brought to court								529 354	587 111	582 251	594 365	-	2,1%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases								0,95	0,94	0,93	0,93	-	-0,5%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total								78 600	101 706	107 005	114 774	-	7,3%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases								NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases								NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total								78 600	101 706	107 005	114 774	-	7,3%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases								NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases								NA	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)													
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	742 704 493 €	780 762 888 €	774 262 280 €	809 515 806 €	816 441 201 €	848 000 592 €	886 722 963 €	894 309 558 €	744 155 981 €	925 997 116 €	994 821 129 €	33,9%	7,43%

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	793 313 171 €	778 590 473 €	807 160 505 €	811 386 286 €	833 119 054 €	875 628 332 €	884 666 227 €	736 277 006 €	924 356 631 €	985 188 635 €	-	6,58%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	29 123 899 €	NA	35 406 047 €	-	-
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NAP	NA	29 092 471 €	NA	34 075 141 €	-	-

Indicator 5: Access to justice													
System for compensating users													
(Q37)													
Number of requests for compensation													
037.1.1 Total								908	NA	2 545	3 995	-	57,0%
037.1.2 Excessive length of proceedings								NA	754	988	1 472	-	49,0%
037.1.3 Non-execution of court decisions								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Wrongful arrest/detention								NA	NA	607	602	-	-0,8%
037.1.5 Wrongful conviction								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.1.6 Other								NA	NA	950	1 921	-	102,2%
Number of compensations granted													
037.2.1 Total								249	NA	1 648	2 040	-	23,8%
037.2.2 Excessive length of proceedings								217	530	759	626	-	-17,5%
037.2.3 Non-execution of court decisions								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Wrongful arrest/detention								NA	575	575	520	-	-9,6%
037.2.5 Wrongful conviction								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.2.6 Other								NA	NA	314	894	-	184,7%
Amount of compensations granted (in €)													
037.3.1 Total								1 975 018 €	NA	15 729 100 €	21 270 877 €	-	35,2%

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
037.3.2 Excessive length of proceedings								1 388 393 €	2 514 646 €	3 374 741 €	3 728 832 €	-	10,5%
037.3.3 Non-execution of court decisions								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Wrongful arrest/detention								NA	NA	11 265 268 €	14 448 388 €	-	28,3%
037.3.5 Wrongful conviction								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Other								NA	NA	1 089 091 €	3 093 657 €	-	184,1%

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users													
(Q62-23, Q62-24, Q62-25, Q62-26)													
Writing assistance tools													
062-23.1.1.1 Deployment rate in civil and/or commercial matter										75-95 %	75-95 %		
062-23.1.2.1 Usage rate in civil and/or commercial matter										75-95 %	75-95 %		
062-23.1.3.1 Deployment rate in administrative matter										95-100 %	95-100 %		
062-23.2.1.1 Usage rate in administrative matter										1-25 %	25-50 %		
062-23.2.2.1 Deployment rate in criminal matter										95-100 %	95-100 %		
062-23.2.3.1 Usage rate in criminal matter										95-100 %	95-100 %		
Features of the writing assistance tools													
Civil and/or commercial matter													
062-24.1.1.1 Templates										True	True		
062-24.1.1.2 Automatically generated text										False	False		
062-24.1.1.3 Automatically suggested decision										False	False		
062-24.1.1.4 Speech-to-text										False	False		
062-24.1.1.5 Electronic signature										True	True		
062-24.1.1.6 Other special functionality										False	True		
Administrative matter													
062-24.1.2.1 Templates										True	True		



France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
062-24.1.2.2 Automatically generated text										False	True		
062-24.1.2.3 Automatically suggested decision										False	False		
062-24.1.2.4 Speech-to-text										False	True		
062-24.1.2.5 Electronic signature										False	False		
062-24.1.2.6 Other special functionality										False	False		
Criminal matter													
062-24.1.3.1 Templates										True	True		
062-24.1.3.2 Automatically generated text										True	True		
062-24.1.3.3 Automatically suggested decision										False	False		
062-24.1.3.4 Speech-to-text										False	False		
062-24.1.3.5 Electronic signature										True	True		
062-24.1.3.6 Other special functionality										False	False		
Recording of court hearings													
062-25.1.1.1 Deployment rate in civil and/or commercial matter										NA	NA		
062-25.1.2.1 Usage rate in civil and/or commercial matter										NA	NA		
062-25.1.3.1 Deployment rate in administrative matter										NAP	NAP		
062-25.2.1.1 Usage rate in administrative matter										NAP	NAP		
062-25.2.2.1 Deployment rate in criminal matter										NA	NA		
062-25.2.3.1 Usage rate in criminal matter										NA	NA		
Features of the recording of court hearings													
Civil and/or commercial matter													
062-26.1.1.1 Audio recording										NA	False		
062-26.1.1.2 Video recording										NA	True		
062-26.1.1.3 Systematic recording for all hearings										NA	False		

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
062-26.1.1.4 Automatically indexed recording										NA	False		
062-26.1.1.5 Automatic transcript from recording										NA	False		
062-26.1.1.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording										NA	False		
062-26.1.1.7 Other special functionality							-	-		NA	False		
Administrative matter													
062-26.1.2.1 Audio recording										NAP	NAP		
062-26.1.2.2 Video recording										NAP	NAP		
062-26.1.2.3 Systematic recording for all hearings										NAP	NAP		
062-26.1.2.4 Automatically indexed recording										NAP	NAP		
062-26.1.2.5 Automatic transcript from recording										NAP	NAP		
062-26.1.2.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording										NAP	NAP		
062-26.1.2.7 Other special functionality							-	-		NAP	NAP		
Criminal matter													
062-26.1.3.1 Audio recording										NA	False		
062-26.1.3.2 Video recording										NA	True		
062-26.1.3.3 Systematic recording for all hearings										NA	False		
062-26.1.3.4 Automatically indexed recording										NA	False		
062-26.1.3.5 Automatic transcript from recording										NA	False		
062-26.1.3.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording										NA	False		
062-26.1.3.7 Other special functionality										NA	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice													
(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)													
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	7 054	6 935	6 967	6 995	7 066	7 277	7 427	7 522	7 574	7 690	7 573	7,4%	-1,5%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	4 977	4 876	4 883	4 919	4 982	5 121	5 243	5 288	5 354	5 417	5 386	8,2%	-0,6%

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	1 708	1 706	1 721	1 731	1 748	1 805	1 827	1 880	1 868	1 893	1 835	7,4%	-3,1%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	369	353	363	345	336	351	355	354	352	380	352	-4,6%	-7,4%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	2 746	2 617	2 555	2 491	2 443	2 466	2 454	2 446	2 380	2 416	2 285	-16,8%	-5,4%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	1 772	1 701	1 657	1 628	1 608	1 611	1 629	1 615	1 586	1 572	1 501	-15,3%	-4,5%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	760	719	701	687	668	685	656	658	625	653	619	-18,6%	-5,2%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	214	197	197	176	167	170	167	173	170	192	165	-22,9%	-14,1%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	4 308	4 318	4 412	4 504	4 623	4 811	4 973	5 076	5 194	5 277	5 288	22,7%	0,2%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	3 205	3 175	3 226	3 291	3 374	3 510	3 613	3 673	3 768	3 845	3 885	21,2%	1,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	948	987	1 020	1 044	1 080	1 120	1 171	1 222	1 243	1 241	1 216	28,3%	-2,0%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	155	156	166	169	169	181	188	181	182	188	187	20,6%	-0,5%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total									7 574	7 670	7 573	-	-1,3%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total									5 354	5 402	5 386	-	-0,3%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total									1 868	1 888	1 835	-	-2,8%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total									352	380	352	-	-7,4%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative									1 313	1 382	1 407	-	1,8%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative									912	909	990	-	8,9%

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(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative									273	316	290	-	-8,2%
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative									128	157	127	-	-19,1%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other									NA	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other									NA	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other									NA	NAP	NA	-	-
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other									NA	NAP	NA	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	21 946	22 360	22 326	22 712	22 714	22 844	23 396	24 062	22 115	25 388	25 947	18,2%	2,2%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	17 920	18 816	18 906	18 904	19 074	18 894	18 891	19 573	18 311	20 190	19 730	10,1%	-2,3%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	2 979	2 493	2 513	2 613	2 703	2 657	2 853	3 045	2 391	3 424	4 116	38,2%	20,2%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	1 047	1 051	907	923	937	1 025	1 001	889	816	898	908	-13,3%	1,1%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	NAP	NAP	NAP	272	NAP	268	651	554	597	874	1 193	-	36,5%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	3 731	3 902	3 797	3 969	4 007	NA	4 244	4 383	3 914	4 870	5 162	38,4%	6,0%
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	2 258	2 454	2 450	2 497	2 585	NA	2 530	2 734	2 499	2 981	2 968	31,4%	-0,4%
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	679	585	603	621	658	NA	687	765	576	888	1 131	66,6%	27,4%
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	794	863	744	759	764	NA	843	742	684	763	783	-1,4%	2,6%
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	92	NAP	NA	184	141	155	238	280	-	17,6%
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	18 215	18 458	18 529	18 743	18 707	NA	19 152	19 678	18 200	20 516	20 785	14,1%	1,3%
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	15 662	16 362	16 456	16 407	16 489	NA	16 361	16 839	15 811	17 211	16 762	7,0%	-2,6%
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	2 300	1 908	1 910	1 992	2 045	NA	2 165	2 279	1 815	2 536	2 985	29,8%	17,7%
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	253	188	163	164	173	NA	158	146	132	134	125	-50,6%	-6,7%
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	180	NAP	NA	467	413	442	635	913	-	43,8%

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									20 708	23 957	24 446	-	2,0%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									17 929	19 736	20 106	-	1,9%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									2 483	3 494	3 588	-	2,7%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									296	727	752	-	3,4%
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									3 551	4 487	4 654	-	3,7%
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									2 894	3 387	3 514	-	3,7%
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									571	842	869	-	3,2%
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									86	257	271	-	5,4%
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									17 157	19 470	19 792	-	1,7%
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									15 035	16 349	16 592	-	1,5%
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									1 912	2 651	2 719	-	2,6%
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									210	469	481	-	2,6%
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									2 143	2 156	2 394	-	11,0%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									1 596	1 614	1 892	-	17,2%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									490	484	444	-	-8,3%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									57	58	58	-	0,0%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									882	867	1 089	-	25,6%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									603	592	843	-	42,4%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									249	243	214	-	-11,9%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									30	32	32	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									1 261	1 289	1 305	-	1,2%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									994	1 022	1 049	-	2,6%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									240	241	230	-	-4,6%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									27	26	26	-	0,0%
057 Other with similar duties as public prsecutors											True	-	-

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
056.1.1 Heads of prosecution (total)										202	200	-	-1,0%
056.1.2 Heads of prosecution (1st inst.)										164	163	-	-0,6%
056.1.3 Heads of prosecution (2nd inst.)										37	36	-	-2,7%
056.1.4 Heads of prosecution (Highest instance)										1	1	-	0,0%
056.2.1 Heads of prosecution - Males -total										134	132	-	-1,5%
056.2.2 Heads of prosecution - Males, 1st inst.										107	105	-	-1,9%
056.2.3 Heads of prosecution - Males, 2nd inst.										26	26	-	0,0%
056.2.4 Heads of prosecution - Males, Supreme courts										1	1	-	0,0%
056.3.1 Heads of prosecution - Females, Total										68	68	-	0,0%
056.3.2 Heads of prosecution - Females, 1st inst.										57	58	-	1,8%
056.3.3 Heads of prosecution - Females, 2nd inst.										11	10	-	-9,1%
056.3.4 Heads of prosecution - Females, Supreme courts										0,0%	0	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total							-	NA	359	375	536	-	42,9%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males							-	NA	93	97	123	-	26,8%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females							-	NA	266	278	413	-	48,6%
004 Annual average salary in the country							36 705 €	34 495 €	37 742 €	41 876 €	42 534 €	-	1,6%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							46 149 €	46 149 €	46 149 €	46 812 €	54 495 €	-	16,4%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							123 213 €	123 213 €	123 213 €	122 192 €	123 504 €	-	1,1%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							46 738 €	48 738 €	46 738 €	48 838 €	54 495 €	-	11,6%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							123 213 €	123 213 €	123 213 €	122 192 €	123 504 €	-	1,1%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							37 716 €	37 716 €	37 716 €	38 058 €	46 320 €	-	21,7%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							101 922 €	101 922 €	101 922 €	111 561 €	102 508 €	-	-8,1%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							38 502 €	38 502 €	38 502 €	39 705 €	46 320 €	-	16,7%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							101 922 €	101 922 €	101 922 €	111 561 €	102 508 €	-	-8,1%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							False	False	False	False	False		



France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							False	False	False	False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							False	False	False	False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							False	False	False	False	False		

France

(2013-2023) data tables

Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
Lawyers													
(Q146, Q147, Q148)													
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	60 223	62 073	62 073	65 480	66 958	66 958	68 835	70 073	70 794	72 521	72 521	20,4%	0,0%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							29 835	30 304	30 389	30 833	30 833	-	0,0%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							38 464	39 769	40 405	41 688	41 688	-	0,0%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?				False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: Mediators and notaries													
(Q166, Q157)													
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	2 435	2 450	2 571	2 940	2 940	1 436	NA	2 542	2 542	2 854	2 980	22,4%	4,4%
166.2.1 Mediators - male							NA	898	898	903	NA	-	-
166.3.1 Mediators - female							NA	1 644	1 644	1 651	NA	-	-
192.1.1 Number of notaries										17 295	17 528	-	1,3%
192.1.2 Private professionals (without control from public authorities)										NAP	NAP	-	-
192.1.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State										17 295	17 528	-	1,3%
192.1.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)										NAP	NAP	-	-
192.1.5 Other										NAP	NAP	-	-
192.2.1 Number of notaries- male										NA	7 397	-	-
192.2.2 Private professionals (without control from public authorities)- male										NA	NAP	-	-
192.2.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State- male										NA	7 397	-	-
192.2.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)- male										NAP	NAP	-	-
192.2.5 Other- male										NAP	NAP	-	-
192.3.1 Number of notaries- female										NA	10 131	-	-
192.3.2 Private professionals (without control from public authorities)- female										NA	NAP	-	-
192.3.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State- female										NA	10 131	-	-
192.3.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)- female										NAP	NAP	-	-
192.3.5 Other- female										NAP	NAP	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%