CEPEJ Study on the judicial systems in the EU Member States - Country fiche

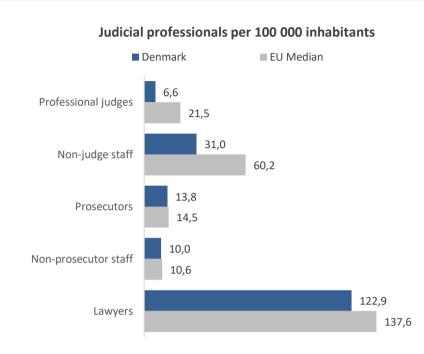
Judiciary at a glance in Denmark

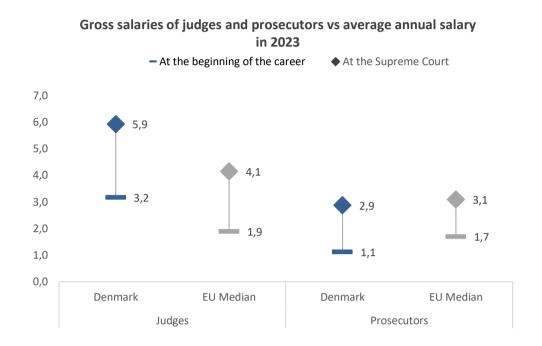
(2023 data)

General data

Population: 5 932 654 GDP per capita: 63 403 € Average annual 44 793 € salary:

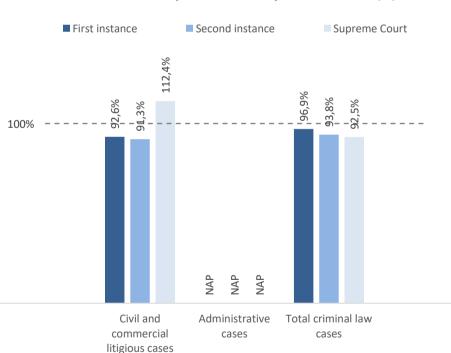
Professionals



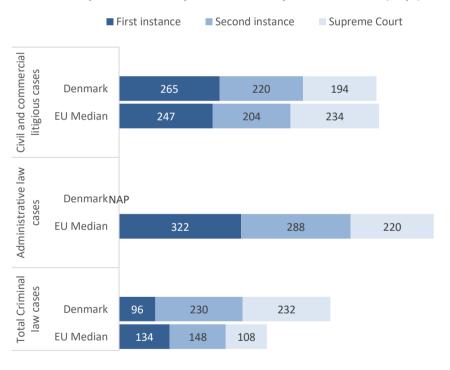


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2023 (%)

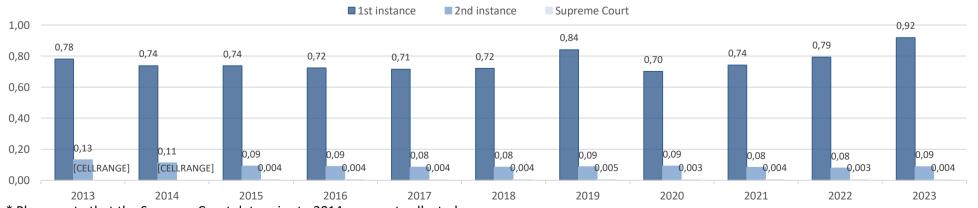


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2023 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



^{*} Please note that the Supreme Court data prior to 2014 were not collected.

CEPEJ (2024) 6rev part 2 - Denmark

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Denmark

		<u> </u>						•						
Economic and demographic data	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	Variat 2013-2023	2022-2023
Population	5 623 501	5 659 715	5 707 251	5 748 769	5 781 190	5 806 081	5 822 763	5 840 045	5 873 420	5 928 364	5 932 654		5,5%	0,1%
GDP per capita	45 171	45 744	46 836	48 474	50 100	51 280	53 189	53 470	57 320	64 260	63 403		40,4%	-1,3%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	7,46	7,44	7,46	7,43	7,34	7,47	7,47	7,44	7,44	7,44	7,44		-0,3%	0,0%
Average annual salary							38 891	40 872	42 403	43 335	44 793			3,4%
Resources per 100 000 inh.	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
Professional judges	6,31	6,66	6,55	6,47	6,52	6,46	6,44	6,64	6,61	6,49	6,56		3,9%	1,0%
Non-judge staff	31,14	30,99	26,79	28,56	28,26	28,52	30,48	31,10	30,63	30,01	31,01		-0,4%	3,4%
Public prosecutors								NA	13,01	13,49	13,80			2,3%
Non-prosecutors staff								28,60	12,72	10,21	10,03	li		-1,7%
Lawyers	107,64	108,38	109,25	108,48	111,57	113,04	117,52	117,64	120,25	122,97	122,88		14,2%	-0,1%
Mediators	2,21	2,67	2,58	2,49	2,34	2,46	2,44	2,45	2,43	2,33	2,24		1,7%	-3,7%
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trends 2012-2021	2013-2023	2022-2023
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,78	0,74	0,74	0,72	0,71	0,72	0,84	0,70	0,74	0,79	0,92	miliil	17,7%	15,8%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Total criminal law cases									2,37	2,59	2,71	111		4,8%
									2,07	2,00	2,7 1		0040 0000	_
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trends 2012-2021	2013-2023 (percentange points)	2022-2023 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	107%	102%	102%	101%	102%	95%	92%	111%	98%	93%	93%		-14,54	-0,03
CR administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
CR total criminal law cases								95%	97%	99%	97%	IIII		-2,57
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	164	177	174	176	172	207	222	190	238	268	265	millill	61,4%	-1,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
DT total criminal law cases (days)								64	85	77	96	ılli		24,2%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
Civil and commercial litigious cases	0,38	0,37	0,36	0,35	0,34	0,39	0,47	0,40	0,47	0,54	0,62	matill	68,6%	14,3%
Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		NAP	NAP
Total criminal law cases								0,46	0,53	0,54	0,69	1111		26,9%
Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023 (percentange points)	2022-2023 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases				109%	105%	96%	94%	98%	102%	101%	91%			-9,72
CR administrative law cases				NAP			NAP							
CR total criminal law cases								98%	98%	88%	94%			6,24
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)				141	136	168	193	180	176	185	220	miliii		19,2%
DT administrative law cases (days)				NAP			NAP							
DT total criminal law cases (days)								141	143	202	230	ull		13,9%
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023 (percentange points)	2022-2023 (percentange points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases				93%	110%	92%	90%	105%	95%	102%	112%			10,65
CR administrative law cases				NAP			NAP							
CR total criminal law cases								103%	110%	79%	93%	Hi		13,13
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend 2013-2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)				207	170	187	219	257	248	329	194	milib		-40,9%
DT administrative law cases (days)				NAP			NAP							

DT total criminal law cases (days)

2

-22,5%

194

189

299

232

1. Judicial organisation in Denmark (2023 data)

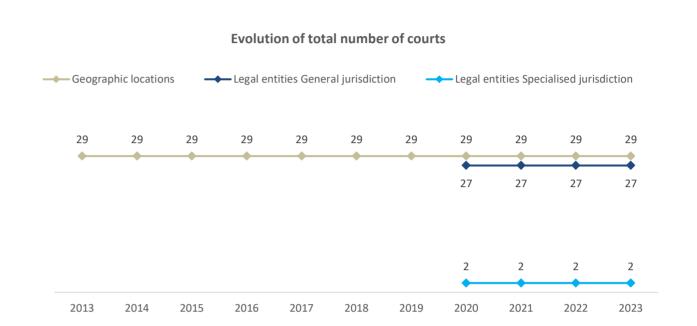
According to 2023 data, the Danish court system is composed of 29 legal entities, among which 27 are of general jurisdiction, while two have specialized competence. More precisely, the 27 courts of general jurisdiction encompass 24 District Courts intervening at first instance, two High Courts dealing with appeals, and the Supreme Court.

The Land Registration Court and the Maritime and Commercial Court are considered as first-instance specialized courts.

In terms of geographic locations, there are 29 courts among which there are 26 courts of first instance, which include the 24 District Courts as well as the Land Registration Court and the Maritime and Commercial Court.

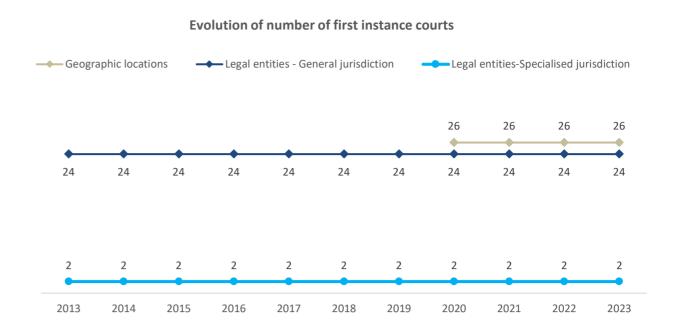
Evolution of total number of courts

Tetal number of	0	Legal er	ntities
Total number of courts	Geographic locations	General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2013	29		
2014	29		
2015	29		
2016	29		
2017	29		
2018	29		
2019	29		
2020	29	27	2
2021	29	27	2
2022	29	27	2
2023	29	27	2

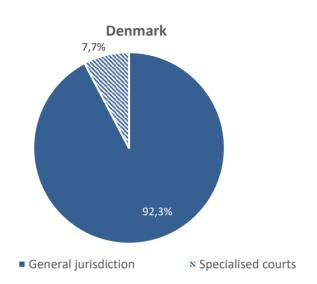


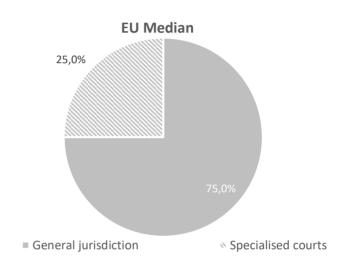
Evolution of number of first instance courts

		Legal er	ntities
First instance courts	Geographic locations	General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2013		24	2
2014		24	2
2015		24	2
2016		24	2
2017		24	2
2018		24	2
2019		24	2
2020	26	24	2
2021	26	24	2
2022	26	24	2
2023	26	24	2



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts





The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts in Denmark is 92,3% - 7,7% (distribution tendency in EU: 75,0% - 25,0%).

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	2	NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	1	NAP
Insolvency courts	1	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	NAP	NAP
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	NAP	NAP
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	1	NAP

In Denmark, there are only two specialized courts acting as legal entities at first instance. The Maritime and Commercial Court handles commercial cases and, to a significant extent, insolvency cases, such as bankruptcies, though not exclusively. The Land Registration Court, on the other hand, was established in 2009.

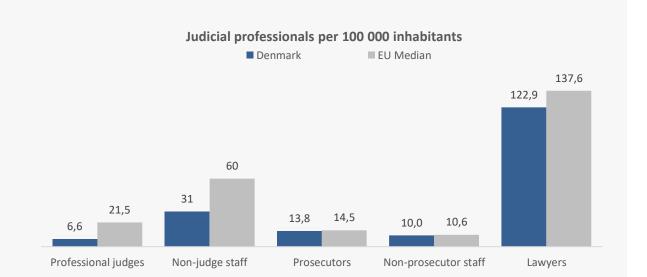
Juvenile courts do not exist as separate entities. Instead, cases involving juveniles fall under the jurisdiction of the District Courts, where a Juvenile Board ensures special care for such matters. Similarly, family courts are not independent legal entities but operate as sections within the District Courts. There is also one military court, but it does not fall under the authority of the Danish Courts Administration.

2. Professionals of justice in Denmark (2023 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

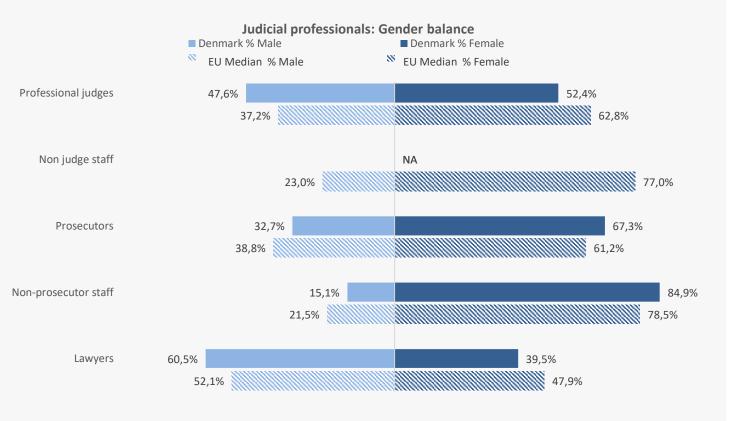
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	389	6,6	21,5
Non-judge staff	1 840	31	60
Prosecutors	819	13,8	14,5
Non-prosecutor staff	595	10,0	10,6
Lawyers	7 290	122,9	137,6



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

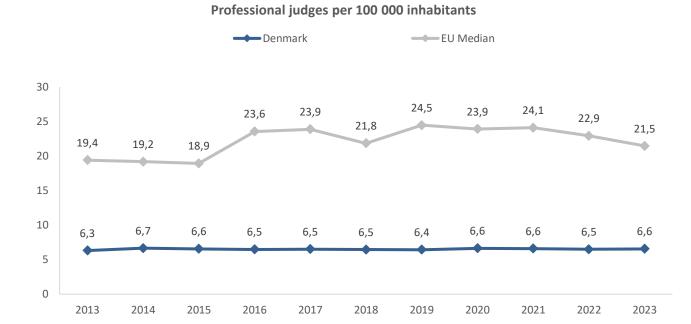
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	47,6%	52,4%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	32,7%	67,3%
Non-prosecutor staff	15,1%	84,9%
Lawyers	60,5%	39,5%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants		
judges	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median	
2013	355	6,3	19,4	
2014	377	6,7	19,2	
2015	374	6,6	18,9	
2016	372	6,5	23,6	
2017	377	6,5	23,9	
2018	375	6,5	21,8	
2019	375	6,4	24,5	
2020	388	6,6	23,9	
2021	388	6,6	24,1	
2022	385	6,5	22,9	
2023	389	6,6	21,5	

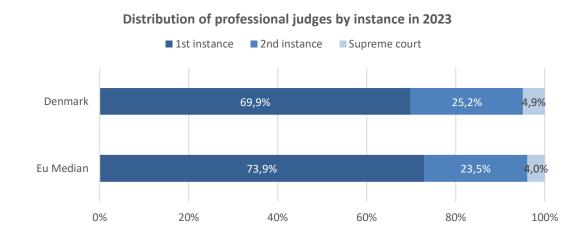


According to 2023 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Denmark is 389, which is 1,0% more than in previous cycle.

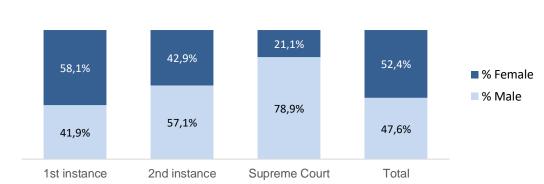
More precisely, in Denmark, there are 6,6 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 21,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants)

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2023	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	272	69,9%	114	158	41,9%	58,1%
2nd instance	98	25,2%	56	42	57,1%	42,9%
Supreme Court	19	4,9%	15	4	78,9%	21,1%
Total	389		185	204	47,6%	52,4%







In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 204, which represents 52,4% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 272 are sitting in the first instance courts (of which 158 are female); 98 are sitting in the second instance courts (of which 42 are female) and 19 are sitting at the Supreme Court (of which 4 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, a similar trend is observed in Denmark. However, the predominance of first-instance judges is less pronounced, while the number of judges at the second and third instances is relatively higher.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified, the number of female judges exceeds that of male judges only at the first-instance level.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2023	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	272	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	98	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court	19	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	389	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

In Denmark, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is not possible.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2023	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
2nd instance	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Supreme Court	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Total	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

Judges in Denmark deal with all types of cases, including both civil, commercial and criminal cases.

Court presidents

Absolute number of court presidents by instance and gender

Court presidents 2023	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	28	90,3%	16	12	57,1%	42,9%
2nd instance	2	6,5%	2	0	100,0%	0,0%
Supreme Court	1	3,2%	1	0	100,0%	0,0%
Total	31		19	12	61,3%	38,7%

Distribution of court presidents by gender and by instance in Denmark

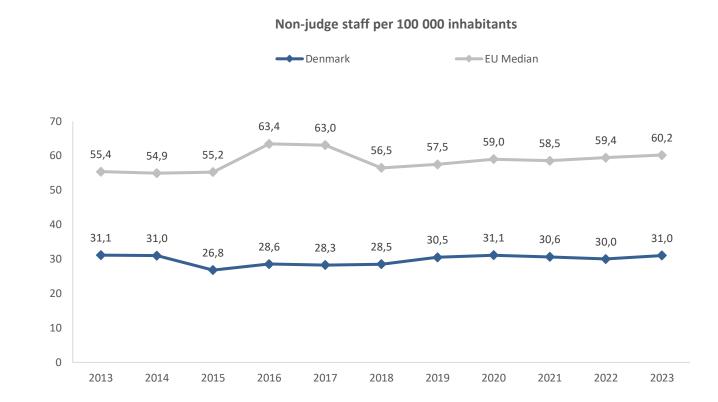


In this cycle, the total number of female court presidents (all instances) is 12, which represents 38,7% of the total number of court presidents.

The total number of court presidents is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 28 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 12 are female); 2 are sitting in second instance courts (of which none is female) and 1 is sitting in Supreme Court (he is a man).

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge	Absolute Number	Per 100 000) inhabitants
staff	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
2013	1 751	31,1	55,4
2014	1 754	31,0	54,9
2015	1 529	26,8	55,2
2016	1 642	28,6	63,4
2017	1 634	28,3	63,0
2018	1 656	28,5	56,5
2019	1 775	30,5	57,5
2020	1 816	31,1	59,0
2021	1 799	30,6	58,5
2022	1 779	30,0	59,4
2023	1 840	31,0	60,2



In 2023, Denmark has 1 840 non-judge staff. The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 3,4%.

In 2023, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 30,0 in 2022 to 31,0 in 2023).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 6,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2022 to 6,6 in 2023.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2023	Absolute number	in %
Total	1 840	
Rechtspfleger	355	19,3%
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	5	0,3%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 385	75,3%
Technical staff	85	4,6%
Other	10	0,5%

The category "Other non-judge staff" covers kitchen assistants.

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

- 355 Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) with judicial or quasi-judicial tasks having autonomous competence and whose decisions could be subject to appeal;
- $\,{\scriptstyle \circ}\, 5$ non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 1 385 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- ∘ 85 technical staff;
- \circ 10 other;

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Denmark	EU median
Professional judges	6,6	21,5
Non-judge staff	31,0	60,2
Non-judge staff per judge	4,7	3,3

Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

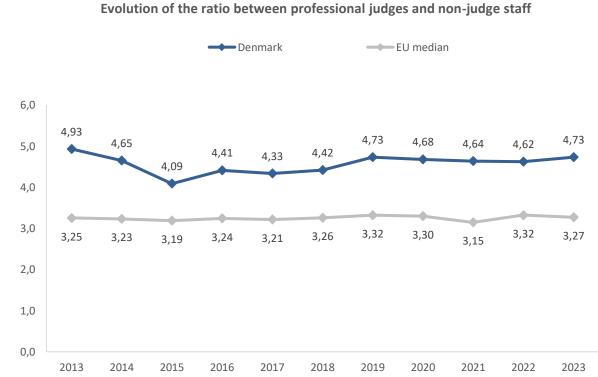


In Denmark, there are 6,6 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is below the EU median of 21,5 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 4,7 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 4,6 non-judge staff per judge.

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

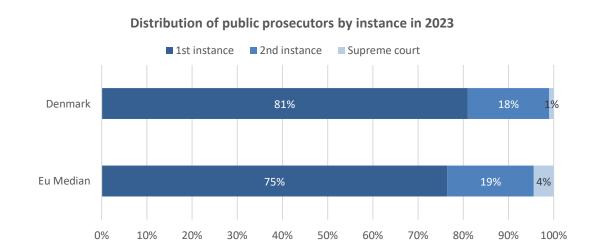
Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.	Non-judge staff per 100 000 inh.	Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff		
	Denmark	Denmark	Denmark	EU median	
2013	6,3	31,1	4,93	3,25	
2014	6,7	31,0	4,65	3,23	
2015	6,6	26,8	4,09	3,19	
2016	6,5	28,6	4,41	3,24	
2017	6,5	28,3	4,33	3,21	
2018	6,5	28,5	4,42	3,26	
2019	6,4	30,5	4,73	3,32	
2020	6,6	31,1	4,68	3,30	
2021	6,6	30,6	4,64	3,15	
2022	6,5	30,0	4,62	3,32	
2023	6,6	31,0	4,73	3,27	

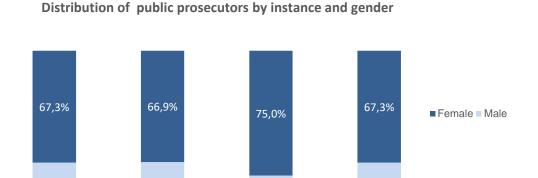


Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2023	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	663	81,0%	217	446	32,7%	67,3%
2nd instance	148	18,1%	49	99	33,1%	66,9%
Supreme court	8	1,0%	2	6	25,0%	75,0%
Total	819		268	551	32,7%	67,3%





25,0%

Supreme court

32,7%

Total

In this cycle, the total number of female prosecutors (all instances) is 551, which represents 67,3% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 663 in first instance (of which 446 are female); 148 are in second instance (of which 99 are female) and 8 in final instance (of which 6 are female).

32,7%

1st instance

33,1%

2nd instance

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors are the majority at all instances (more than 65% at all three instances).

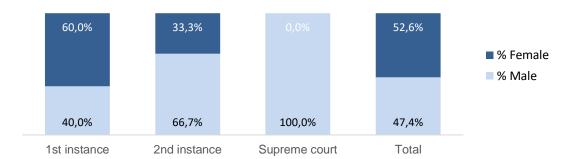
The reported number represents the actual number of employees in full-time equivalents as of December 2023. Full-time equivalents are calculated based on allocations made on the 1st of each month, which means an exact figure for December 31st is not available. Therefore, the figure for December 1st, 2023, has been used and scaled up to reflect an annual total. The data on the number of employees in the Danish Prosecution Service, as well as their distribution, is recorded in Polpai, a database that includes all employees in both the Danish Police and the Danish Prosecution Service.

Heads of prosecution services

Absolute number of Heads of prosecution services by instance and gender

Heads of prosecution services 2023	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	15	78,9%	6	9	40,0%	60,0%
2nd instance	3	15,8%	2	1	66,7%	33,3%
Supreme court	1	5,3%	1	0	100,0%	0,0%
Total	19		9	10	47,4%	52,6%

Distribution of Heads of prosecution services by gender and by instance in Denmark



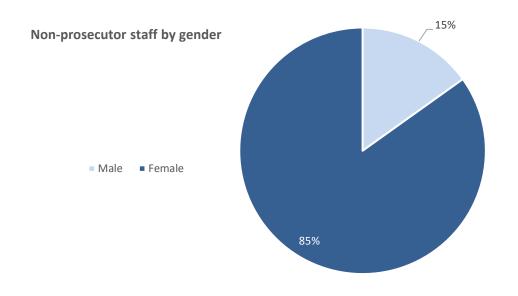
In this cycle, the total number of female Heads of prosecution services (all instances) is 10, which represents 52,6% of the total number of Heads of prosecution services.

The total number of Heads of prosecution services is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 15 at first instance level (of which 9 are female); 3 at second instance level (of which 1 is female) and 1 at the highest instance level who is a man.

The head of the prosecution offices at the first instance level is the director of the prosecution service in each of the 15 police districts across Denmark, Greenland, and the Faroe Islands. At the second instance level, which includes the Court of Appeal, the heads of prosecution are the leaders of the three state prosecutors' offices: Copenhagen, Viborg, and the State Prosecutor for Special Crime. At the Supreme Court level, the head of the prosecution office is the Director of Public Prosecutions (Rigsadvokaten).

Non-prosecutor staff

Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	1 670	510	1 160
2021	747	196	551
2022	605	102	503
2023	595	90	505

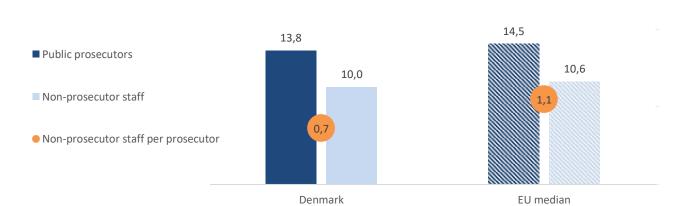


In Denmark, the staff attached to the public prosecution service (non-public prosecutors) are shared between the police and the prosecution offices (first instance level).

Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio

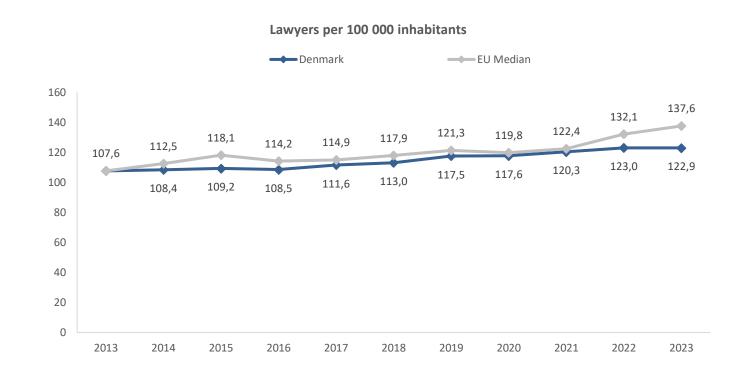
Per 100 000 inhabitants	Denmark	EU median
Public prosecutors	13,8	14,5
Non-prosecutor staff	10,0	10,6
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	0,7	1,1



In 2023, in Denmark, the ratio between non-prosecutor staff and prosecutors of 0,7 was significantly below the EU median of 1,1

Lawyers

1	Absolute Number	Per 100 000	0 inhabitants
Lawyers	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
2013	6 053	107,6	107,6
2014	6 134	108,4	112,5
2015	6 235	109,2	118,1
2016	6 236	108,5	114,2
2017	6 450	111,6	114,9
2018	6 563	113,0	117,9
2019	6 843	117,5	121,3
2020	6 870	117,6	119,8
2021	7 063	120,3	122,4
2022	7 290	123,0	132,1
2023	7 290	122,9	137,6



In 2023, there are 7 290 lawyers, which is the same than in 2022.

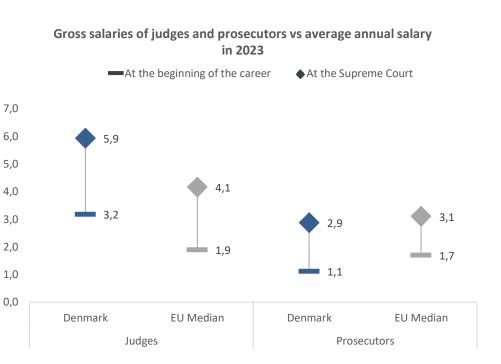
There are 2 880 female lawyers which is 40% of the total.

Denmark has 122,9 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is below the EU median of 137,6 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

The data from 2023 was also reported last year. Due to the implementation of a new member system at the Danish Bar and Law Society, currently it is not possible to access the total number of female/male lawyers practicing as of January 1st 2022.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national a	verage annual gross ary
processario. S	Denmark		Denmark	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	141 942€	NA	3,2	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	265 248€	NA	5,9	4,1
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	50 011€	NA	1,1	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	128 625€	NA	2,9	3,1



In the European Union, the absolute gross salary for a judge at the beginning of career ranges from a minimum of 25 759€ to a maximum of 144 856€.

According to 2023 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Denmark is 141 942€, which is more than double the EU median of 58 128€. (144% above)

Compared with the annual average salary in the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 3,2 times higher (the EU median is 1,9)

At the highest level, the range of the EU absolute gross salary for a judge is from 58 623€ to 266 974€. Denmark's absolute gross salaries for judges at the highest level is 124% above the EU median of 118 595€.

For the public prosecutors, the range for the absolute gross salary at the beginning of career is from a minimum of 25 759€ to a maximum of 101 592€.

In 2023, the absolute gross salary of a public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career in Denmark of 50 011€ is around the EU median of 49 953€.

Compared with the annual average salary in the country, the salary for a public prosecutors at the beginning of his/her career is 1,1 times higher (the EU median is 1,7)

At the highest level, the minimum absolute gross salary for prosecutors in the European Union is 51 456€ and the maximum is 199 670€. Denmark's absolute gross salaries for prosecutors at the highest level is 37% above the EU median of 93 759€.

The Danish authorities are unable to provide information on the net salary as the Danish tax system is progressive. This means the tax rate is based on income, and municipal taxes vary depending on the municipality. The employment terms for a new public prosecutor are governed by a collective agreement. In addition to the stated salary, a newly appointed public prosecutor receives an annual supplement of 17,388 DKK (approximately 2,330 EUR). This supplement compensates for the prosecutor's participation in the Local Prosecution Service's shift schedule (b-vagt).

The public prosecutor's base salary is determined centrally through the collective agreement and is based on factors such as years of experience, qualifications, job responsibilities, and the specific position. Beyond the base salary, additional locally negotiated supplements may apply, depending on the prosecutor's qualifications and specific responsibilities. Public prosecutors are also entitled to annual salary negotiations.

Professional judges are employed as "civil servants" who receive a lifelong pension.

3. System of compensating users in Denmark (2023 data)

System for compensating users

2023	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
Total	3 400	1 654	3 973 934 €
Excessive length of proceedings	NA	NA	NA
Non-execution of court decisions	NA	NA	NA
Wrongful arrest/detention	235	145	196 986 €
Wrongful conviction	165	22	31 691 €
Other	3 000	1 487	3 744 886 €

Year	Number of requests for compensation	Number of compensations granted	Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
2021	3 400	1 499	2 742 529 €
2022	2 921	1 529	3 705 779 €
2023	3 400	1 654	3 973 934 €

According to the Danish authorities, the data has been compiled outside of the standard data model. While specifically developed data models have been tested, they carry a higher risk of undetected errors compared to using the standard model. As a result, the data in the table is associated with significant uncertainty. The figures showing condemned requests and total amounts represent the sum of cases and amounts that were either fully or partially granted. The € amounts are calculated using xe.com.

For the "Other" category, the figures represent the total numbers minus those for the three categories with separate figures: excessive length of proceedings, wrongful arrest, and wrongful conviction. There is no specific reason for the fluctuations in compensation requests and awards, though they can vary considerably from year to year.

The data is sourced from a case management system, which was not designed for statistical purposes. Consequently, registrations within different categories may differ significantly based on the case manager. However, the overall numbers of compensation requests, compensations granted, and amounts should be accurate. It is the categorization of these figures that carries uncertainty.

4. Performance of courts in Denmark (2023 data)

• Efficiency indicators

∘ Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

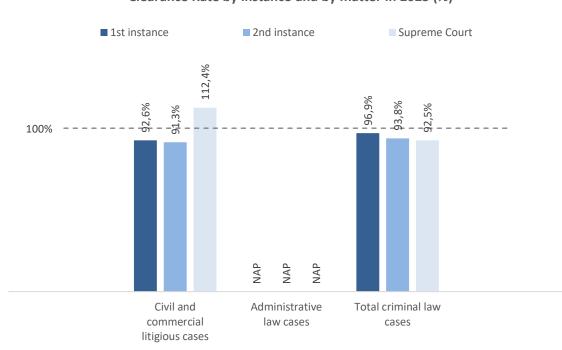
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

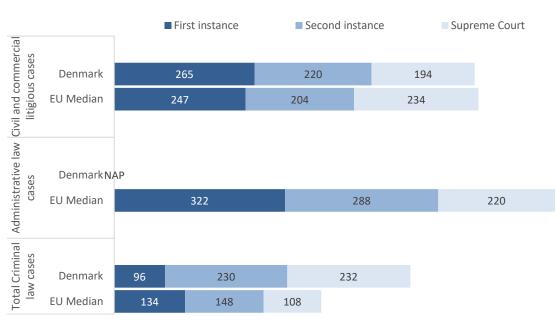
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

	efficiency nce and	Civil and commer	cial litigious cases	Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
· ·	e matter	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
	1st instance	92,6%	96,6%	NAP	100,9%	96,9%	99,6%
Clearance Rate (%)	2nd instance	91,3%	101,3%	NAP	97,7%	93,8%	100,0%
	Supreme Court	112,4%	102,9%	NAP	106,0%	92,5%	99,0%
	1st instance	265	247	NAP	322	96	134
Disposition Time (days)	2nd instance	220	204	NAP	288	230	148
	Supreme Court	194	234	NAP	220	232	108

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2023 (%)



DispositionTime by instance and by matter in 2023 (days)



In Denmark, administrative courts do not exist. Instead, administrative cases are initially handled outside the judicial system by court-like bodies, such as appeal boards, committees, or councils. Litigious administrative cases that proceed to court are included in the category of civil and commercial litigious cases.

The higher number of cases in 2023 compared to 2021 is due to lower activity in 2021 caused by COVID-19. Compared to 2022, the January 1, 2023 pending case figures appear higher, mainly due to late registrations and a new, more accurate calculation method. The January 1, 2023 figures align with those recorded on December 31, 2022, in the Danish Courts database.

In 2023, criminal law cases at the first instance in Denmark had the shortest processing time, averaging 96 days, closely aligning with the EU trend for the reference year (134 days). In contrast, civil and commercial litigious cases at the first instance recorded the longest processing time in Denmark, averaging 265 days, which is slightly above the EU median for such cases (247 days).

Regarding the Clearance Rate indicator at the first instance level, it remains below the 100% threshold for both criminal law cases and civil and commercial litigious cases.

At the second instance level, the Clearance Rate also falls short of 100% - 93,8% for criminal law cases and 91,3% for civil and commercial litigious cases.

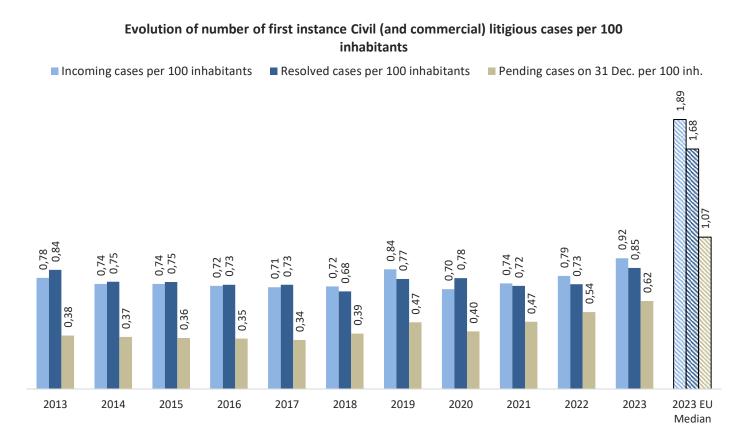
At the third instance level, the Clearance Rate exceeds 100% only for civil litigious cases. For criminal law cases, however, it remains below the threshold at 92,5%, indicating potential challenges in processing this category of cases.

Denmark attributes the overall decrease in the number of criminal cases at the second instance in 2023 primarily to a notable increase in case processing times at the second instance courts. This stands in contrast to the first instance and highest instance courts, where processing times have also risen, though to a much lesser extent.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2013	0,78	0,84	0,38
2014	0,74	0,75	0,37
2015	0,74	0,75	0,36
2016	0,72	0,73	0,35
2017	0,71	0,73	0,34
2018	0,72	0,68	0,39
2019	0,84	0,77	0,47
2020	0,70	0,78	0,40
2021	0,74	0,72	0,47
2022	0,79	0,73	0,54
2023	0,92	0,85	0,62
2023 EU Median	1,89	1,68	1,07



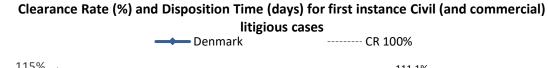
The number of incoming cases in 2023 in Denmark (0,92 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below EU median (1,89 per 100 inhabitants).

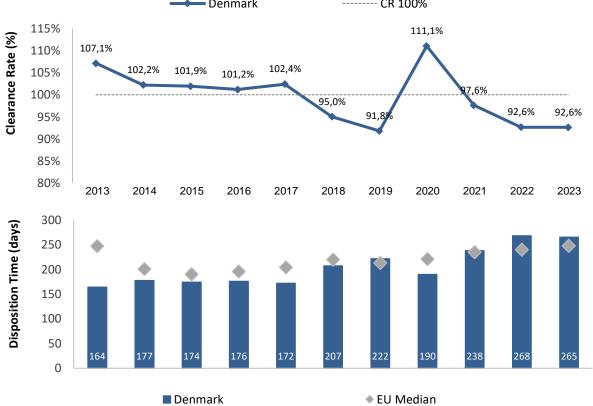
The number of resolved cases in 2023 in Denmark (0,85 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,68 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2023 in Denmark (0,62 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (1,07 per 100 inhabitants).

Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and	Clearance	Clearance Rate (%)		Time (days)
commercial) litigious cases	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
2013	107,1%	101,2%	164	247
2014	102,2%	101,8%	177	201
2015	101,9%	102,3%	174	190
2016	101,2%	102,0%	176	196
2017	102,4%	101,3%	172	204
2018	95,0%	101,2%	207	220
2019	91,8%	99,9%	222	213
2020	111,1%	98,5%	190	221
2021	97,6%	102,5%	238	234
2022	92,6%	100,5%	268	239
2023	92,6%	96,6%	265	247





With a Clearance Rate calculated at 92,6% in 2023 Denmark seems face difficulties to deal with its first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases.

Between 2022 and 2023, the Clearance Rate has decreased by 0,0 points.

In 2023, first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases are solved in approximately 265 days, which is slightly above EU median of 247 days.

The analysis of the 2022 - 2023 period reveals a -1,2% decrease of the Disposition Time.

First instance Administrative law cases

$\,{}^{\scriptscriptstyle \odot}$ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2013	NAP	NAP	NAP
2014	NAP	NAP	NAP
2015	NAP	NAP	NAP
2016	NAP	NAP	NAP
2017	NAP	NAP	NAP
2018	NAP	NAP	NAP
2019	NA	NA	NA
2020	NAP	NAP	NAP
2021	NAP	NAP	NAP
2022	NAP	NAP	NAP
2023	NAP	NAP	NAP
2023 EU Median	0,36	0,34	0,22

∘ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

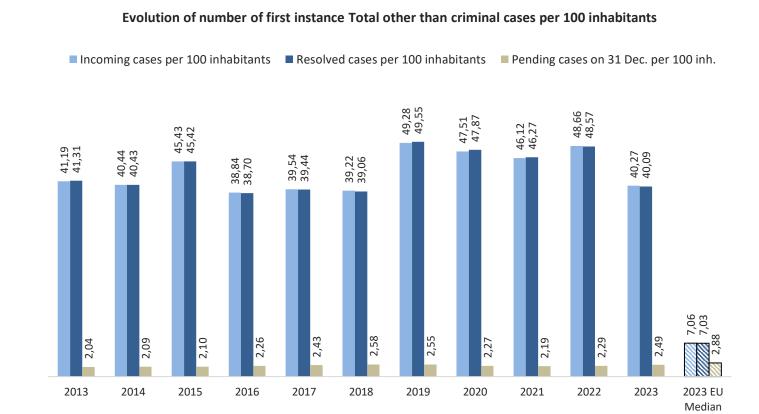
First instance	Clearanc	Clearance Rate (%)		Time (days)
Administrative law cases	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
2013	NAP	100,3%	NAP	281
2014	NAP	99,6%	NAP	305
2015	NAP	103,7%	NAP	315
2016	NAP	103,0%	NAP	297
2017	NAP	102,1%	NAP	303
2018	NAP	99,7%	NAP	308
2019	NA	102,1%	NA	284
2020	NAP	100,1%	NAP	388
2021	NAP	101,7%	NAP	296
2022	NAP	98,8%	NAP	288
2023	NAP	100,9%	NAP	322

In Denmark, administrative courts do not exist. Instead, administrative cases are initially handled outside the judicial system by court-like bodies, such as appeal boards, committees, or councils. Litigious administrative cases that proceed to court are included in the category of civil and commercial litigious cases.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2013	41,19	41,31	2,04
2014	40,44	40,43	2,09
2015	45,43	45,42	2,10
2016	38,84	38,70	2,26
2017	39,54	39,44	2,43
2018	39,22	39,06	2,58
2019	49,28	49,55	2,55
2020	47,51	47,87	2,27
2021	46,12	46,27	2,19
2022	48,66	48,57	2,29
2023	40,27	40,09	2,49
2023 EU Median	7,06	7,03	2,88



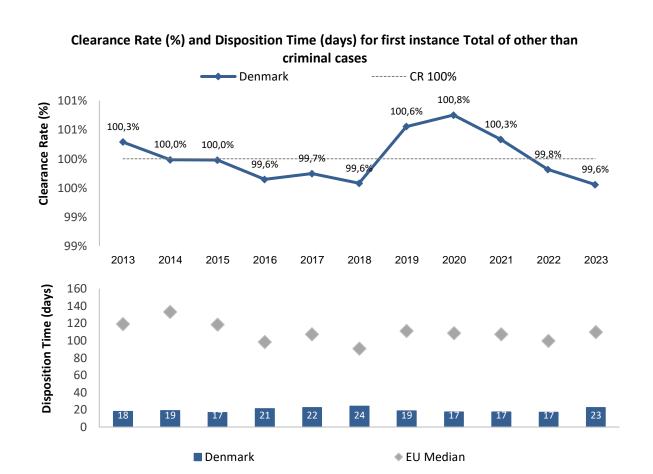
The number of incoming cases in 2023 in Denmark (40,27 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (7,06 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2023 in Denmark (40,09 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (7,03 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2023 in Denmark (2,49 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below EU median (2,88 per 100 inhabitants).

∘ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance	Clearanc	Clearance Rate (%)		Time (days)
Total other than criminal cases	Denmark	EU Median	Denmark	EU Median
2013	100,3%	100,7%	18	119
2014	100,0%	101,9%	19	133
2015	100,0%	101,0%	17	119
2016	99,6%	101,5%	21	98
2017	99,7%	100,6%	22	107
2018	99,6%	100,6%	24	91
2019	100,6%	99,8%	19	111
2020	100,8%	98,7%	17	109
2021	100,3%	101,2%	17	107
2022	99,8%	99,8%	17	100
2023	99,6%	99,9%	23	110



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 99,6% in 2023 Denmark seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2022 and 2023, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -0,3 points.

In 2023, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 23 days, which is significantly below EU median of 110 days.

The analysis of the 2022 - 2023 period reveals a 31,6% increase of the Disposition Time.

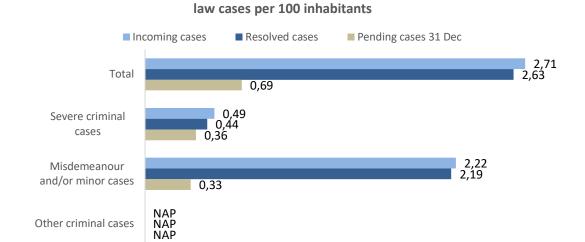
First instance Criminal Law Cases

• Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	35 973	160 955	155 976	40 952
Severe criminal cases	18 568	29 355	26 321	21 602
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	17 405	131 600	129 655	19 350
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance T	otal Criminal law cases	per 100 inhabitants in 2023
2,63 lucoming case	es Resolved cases	■ Pending cases 31 Dec
	0,69	1,64
Denmark		EU Median

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,61	2,71	2,63	0,69
Severe criminal cases	0,31	0,49	0,44	0,36
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	0,29	2,22	2,19	0,33
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal

The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2023 in Denmark (2,71 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,64 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2023 in Denmark (2,63 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly above EU median (1,59 per 100 inhabitants).

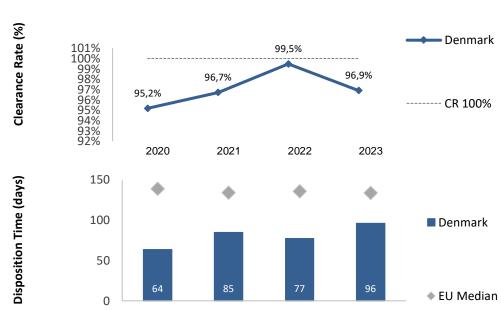
The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2023 in Denmark (0,69 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (0,48 per 100 inhabitants).

∘ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

Criminal law cases Denmark EU Median Denmark 2020 95,2% 95,2% 64 2021 96,7% 100,0% 85	EU Median
2021 96,7% 100,0% 85	139
	134
2022 99,5% 100,0% 77	136
2023 96,9% 99,6% 96	

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law

Other criminal cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 96,9% in 2023 Denmark seems have some difficulties to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2022 and 2023, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -2,6 points.

In 2023, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 96 days, which is somewhat below EU median of 134 days.

The analysis of the 2022 - 2023 period reveals a 24,2% increase of the Disposition Time.

5. Public prosecution services in Denmark (2023 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant		
public prosecution services in €	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median	
2016	110 435 917 €	19,2 €	12,3 €	
2017	108 228 822 €	18,7 €	12,3 €	
2018	112 402 737 €	19,4 €	13,8 €	
2019	120 724 723 €	20,7 €	14,0 €	
2020	133 276 866 €	22,8 €	14,5 €	
2021	142 722 702 €	24,3 €	15,8 €	
2022	133 111 033 €	22,5€	16,3 €	
2023	144 436 227 €	24,3 €	17,2 €	

	Total imp	plemented	annual pub	lic budget a services in		the public p	rosecution	
		_	─ Denmark		─ EU	Median		
30,0€						24,3 €		24,3 €
25,0€				20,7 €	22,8 €	24,5 €	22,5 €	24,3 €
20,0 €	19,2 €	18,7 €	19,4 €					
15,0 €				-	-	45.0.6	16,3 €	17,2 €
10,0 €	12,3 €	12,3 €	13,8 €	14,0 €	14,5 €	15,8€	10,5 €	
5,0€								
0,0€ -								
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inh	abitant
	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
2020	NA	NA	0,01 €
2021	NA	NA	0,02€
2022	NA	NA	0,01€
2023	NA	NA	0,02€

Data on the budget allocated to the training of public prosecution services is not available.

The implemented budget reflects actual expenditures observed during the reference year. In 2023, there was a notable strengthening of criminal case processing compared to 2021, driven by efforts to reduce case backlogs and processing times. This initiative resulted in increased resource consumption for case processing and prosecution activities.

The difference between the implemented budget and the formally approved budget by Parliament arises because the implemented budget corresponds to the actual expenditures incurred during the reference year.

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

	Absolute Number *			Per 100 inhabitants	
Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Denmark	% Var 2022 -		Denmark	Eu Median
. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	54 743		4,9%	0,92	0,9
2. Incoming/received cases	229 975	•	-3,6%	3,88	2,90
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	552 839		17,4%	9,32	3,16
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year	307 699		25,6%	5,19	2,10
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	92 786	•	-0,9%	1,56	0,6
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	207 492	_	43,8%	3,50	0,79
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	5 071		12,8%	0,09	0,13
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	2 247	•	-12,4%	0,04	0,38
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	65 461		18,9%	1,10	0,17
3.3. Cases brought to court	176 654		5,3%	2,98	0,5
. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	32 458	-	-40,7%	0,55	0,8

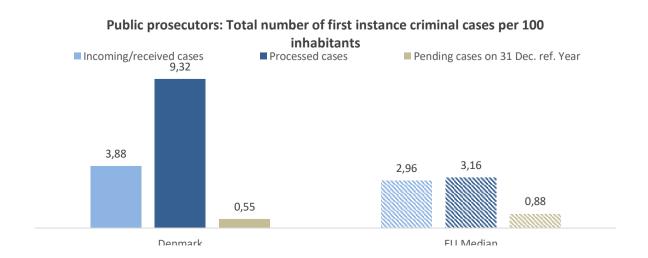
^{*} Please note that these figures do not include traffic offence cases.

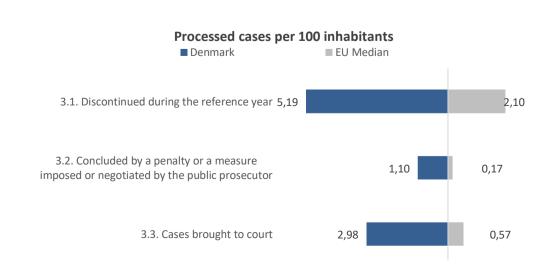
The number of processed cases includes those dismissed by both the police and the public prosecutor.

Prosecutors are recruited through a formal procedure conducted by the Director of Public Prosecutions' Office on behalf of the Ministry of Justice. A prosecutor may serve in the Local Prosecution Service within one of the 15 police districts, or in the Central Prosecution Service, which includes Regional State Prosecutors' offices and the Director of Public Prosecutions' Office.

According to Danish authorities, the discrepancy between closed/finished cases and incoming cases arises because processed cases involve work carried out by both the police and the prosecution service, depending on the case. Distinguishing between cases finalized by the police versus the prosecution service is not always possible, as cases are often archived in police departments, regardless of who handled the final processing. For statistical purposes, one case represents one crime per person involved. For example, if two crimes are committed by three individuals, this results in six counts (cases). Additionally, reports of crime can increase in counts as they progress through the chain of criminal proceedings. The department that last worked on the case is considered its "owner."

It is not possible to extract data on discontinued cases in the format requested (Q 3.1.1, 3.1.2, and 3.1.4), as Danish law (sections 721 and 749 of the Administration of Justice Act) does not categorize such cases into these specific subsectors. Between 2021 and 2023, there has been an intensified effort to reduce the number of pending cases, which partly explains the increase in processed cases during this period.

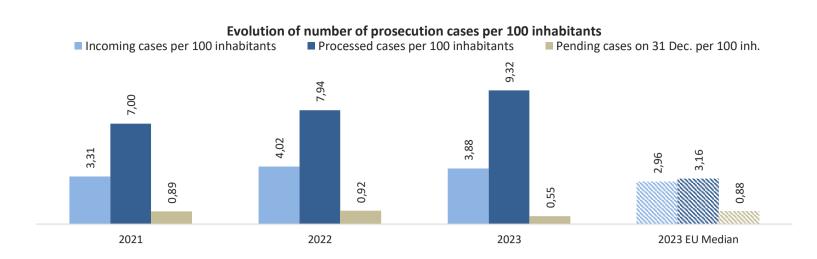




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$\,{}^{_{\odot}}$ Evolution of incoming, processed and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants p	Processed cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2021	3,31	7,00	0,89
2022	4,02	7,94	0,92
2023	3,88	9,32	0,55
2023 EU Median	2,96	3,16	0,88



The number of incoming cases in 2023 in Denmark (3,88 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above EU median (2,96 per 100 inhabitants).

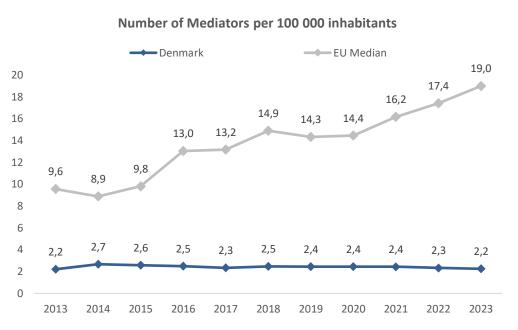
The number of resolved cases in 2023 in Denmark (9,32 per 100 inhabitants) is well above EU median (3,16 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2023 in Denmark (0,55 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below EU median (0,88 per 100 inhabitants).

6. Mediators and notaries in Denmark (2023 data)

Number of mediators in 2023

Mediatore	Absolute Number	Per 100 000	inhabitants
Mediators	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
2013	124	2,2	9,6
2014	151	2,7	8,9
2015	147	2,6	9,8
2016	143	2,5	13,0
2017	135	2,3	13,2
2018	143	2,5	14,9
2019	142	2,4	14,3
2020	143	2,4	14,4
2021	143	2,4	16,2
2022	138	2,3	17,4
2023	133	2,2	19,0



In 2023, there are 133 accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation which represents 2,2 accredited or registered mediators per 100 000 inhabitants.

The variation of the number of mediators between 2022 and 2023 is about -3,6%.

To qualify as a court-appointed mediator, a candidate must be a practicing lawyer or judge, have completed a relevant training program in mediation, and be deemed suitable for the role through a comprehensive assessment.

Although court-appointed mediators may also work as lawyers or judges, they act solely as mediators during the mediation process. According to Section 273, Subsection 1, Numbers 1 and 2 of the Administration of Justice Act, judges appointed as mediators are selected by the relevant court president, while lawyers are appointed by the Danish Court Administration after consultation with the two High Courts, the district courts, and the Danish Bar and Law Society.

It is the responsibility of each court president and the Danish Court Administration to assess candidates individually to ensure they possess the necessary qualifications and competencies.

Court-appointed mediators are also required to continuously maintain and develop their skills through ongoing professional education and training to support their mediation expertise.

Number of notaries in 2023

Notaries	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
Notaries	Denmark	Denmark	EU Median
Total	41	0,7	7,3
1.Private professionals	NAP	NAP	NA
2.Holders of public offices appointed by the State	NAP	NAP	7,5
3.Civil servants	41	0,7	1,6
4.Other	NAP	NAP	10,8

In 2023, there are 41 notaries which represents 0,7 notaries per 100 000 inhabitants.

The function of a notary is an integral part of the district courts. All 24 district courts have one or more notaries who can verify signatures on important documents or certify that a copy is identical to the original. Notaries can confirm the identity of individuals signing wills or other documents and ensure that the signer understands the implications of creating such a document. They can also witness and confirm that a specific person has signed a particular document.

The exact number of notaries is uncertain, as the Danish Court Administration does not have precise data on the total number of notaries employed by the courts or their gender distribution. However, based on accounting figures and average annual costs, it is estimated that in 2023 there were approximately 41 full-time equivalent notary positions in the district courts.

7. ICT tools of courts in Denmark (2023 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2023 can be summarised to:

Writing assistance tools

Deployment rate

Usage rate

Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal	
95-100 %	95-100 %	95-100 %	
95-100 %	95-100 %	95-100 %	

Features of the writing assistance tools

Templates

Automatically generated text

Automatically suggested decision

Speech-to-text

Electronic signature

Other special functionality

Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
Yes	Yes	Yes
Yes	Yes	Yes
No	No	No

Recording of court hearings

Deployment rate

Usage rate

Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal	
95-100 %	95-100 %	95-100 %	
1-25 %	0%	25-50 %	

Features of the recording of court hearings

Audio recording

Video recording

Systematic recording for all hearings

Automatically indexed recording

Automatic transcript from recording

Possibility to request a copy of the recording

Other special functionality

Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
Yes	NA	Yes
No	NA	No
No	NA	Yes
No	NA	No

Writing assistance tools: The system has a function that replaces a physical signature through an approval flow, but it is not a digital signature.

Recording of Court Hearings: In civil cases, recording is available in 287 courtrooms across 26 courts but is used only sporadically and requires explicit consent from the parties involved.

For administrative cases, recording is not practically relevant, though the same 287 courtrooms in 26 courts are equipped for it.

In criminal cases, recording is primarily used. While it is available in 287 courtrooms across 26 courts, the usage rate varies from court to court and judge to judge. Each judge decides on a case-by-case basis whether to use this functionality for a specific hearing. Recording is officially authorized under Danish legislation.

Playback of recordings during court proceedings is available for jurors. Automatic transcription of recordings is planned for the future once the quality becomes reliable. Currently, transcription is handled manually by court clerks on an ad hoc basis.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Denmark (2023 data)

In Denmark, quality standards are not determined for the judicial system at the national level.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	•	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	8
Length of proceedings (timeframes)		Costs of the judicial procedures	
Number of resolved cases	⊘	Number of appeals	
Number of pending cases	⊘	Appeal ratio	8
Backlogs	⊘	Clearance rate	8
Productivity of judges and court staff	⊘	Disposition time	
Satisfaction of court staff	8	Other	

According to Danish authorities, they collect data on specific aspects such as satisfaction of court staff and the appeal ratio. However, this data is not used to monitor the courts. Instead, they share it with the courts for their guidance or with the Ministry of Justice. Neither them nor the Ministry of Justice have the mandate to regulate or monitor the courts based on this data. The shift in approach compared to previous years is not due to a lack of monitoring but rather a change in how the term "monitor" has been interpreted. While they do collect this data, they do not have the authority to enforce any actions upon the courts.

Quantitative performance targets do not exist for judges.



Without disciplinary procedure		With disciplinary procedure		
	Warning by court's president	NAP	Warning by court's president	NAP
	Temporary salary reduction	NAP	Temporary salary reduction	NAP
	Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP	Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP
	Other	NAP	Other	NAP

Judges are independent. Therefore measuring is done focusing on case-flows and economic indicators without identifying the individual judge.

Systems for measuring and evaluating public prosecution services' performance

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases		Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	b t
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	②	Costs of the judicial procedures	
Number of resolved cases	②	Clearance rate	
Number of pending cases		Disposition time	
Backlogs		Percentage of convictions and aquittals	
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		Other	×
Satisfaction of prosecution staff			

Length of Procedure: If the question refers to the time from charge to indictment, this is something the Danish authorities are measuring, and it is not a new procedure.

Clearance Rate: We monitor both the number of pending charges without indictment and those without a decision. This allows us to calculate the clearance rate, and we have been able to do so for more than just this year, so this is not a new procedure either.

In Denmark, there is a system to regularly evaluate the activity of each public prosecutor qualitatively but not quantitatively.

Quantitative performance targets do not exist for public prosecutors.



Without disciplinary procedure		With disciplinary procedure	
Warning by head of prosecution	NAP	Warning by head of prosecution	NAP
Temporary salary reduction	NAP	Temporary salary reduction	NAP
Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP	Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP
Other	NAP	Other	NAP

Denmark (2013-2023) data tables Variations for quantitative questions 2015 2020 2021 2022 Question 2013 2014 2016 2017 2018 2019 2023 2013-2023 2022-2023 Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5) 5 932 654 5 623 501 5 840 045 5 928 364 5,5% Q1 Number of inhabitants 5 659 715 5 707 251 5 748 769 5 781 190 5 806 081 5 822 763 5 873 420 0,1% 45 171 45 744 40,4% Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices 46 836 48 474 50 100 53 470 57 320 64 260 63 403 -1,3% 51 280 53 189 -0,3% 0,0%

Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
	Indicato	r 1: Systems f	or measuring	and evaluatir	ng the perform	nance of court	ts and prosecu	ution services			
(Q66, Q67, Q7	7, Q78, Q77-1, (Q78-1, Q73, Q	73-0, Q73-1, Q	73-2, Q73-3, (Q73-4, Q73-5,	Q73-6, Q70, Q	70-1, Q71, Q7	2, Q83-2, Q83-	-3, Q120 and Q	(120-1)	
66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	F
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	F
70.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
70.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
70.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
70.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	
70.1.5 backlogs							True	False	False	True	
70.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							True	False	False	True	
70.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	F
970.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	F
70.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	True	
70.1.10 number of appeals							False	False	False	True	
70.1.11 appeal ratio							False	False	False	False	F
70.1.12 clearance rate							False	False	False	False	F
70-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True	
70-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									False	False	
70-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True	
70-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True	
70-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True	
70-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									True	True	
70-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									True	True	
970-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by he public prosecution)									False	False	F
770-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False	
70-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	False	
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									True	True	
770-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and aquittals									True	True	
070-1.1.13 Other									True	True	F
71.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									False	False	
71.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									False	False	
71.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									False	False	

		Denma	rk				(2013-2023) data tables						
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quest	
			-0.0			20.0	-0.0					2013-2023	2022-2023
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									True	False	False		
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance tagets defined for each prosecutors									False	False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP	NAP		
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									-	-	-		
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False	False	False		
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									False	False	False		
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									True	True	True		
				Indicator 2	: The judicial o	organisation							
				(Q	42, Q43 and Q	(44)							
Q42.1.1Total number of all courts - legal entities									29	29	29	-	0,0%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities									27	27	27	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	24	24	24	. 24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities									2	2	2	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities									1	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities									2	2	2	-	0,0%

2

1

NAP

2

1

0,0%

0,0%

0,0%

0,0%

0,0%

2

1

2

1

NAP

2

1

NAP

NAP

43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance

43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)

43.1.3 Insolvency courts

	,	Demma			(2013-2023) uata tables								
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for ques	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	24	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.13 Juvenile courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0,0%	0,0%
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	_
43.2.12 Military courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

											(======================================			
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		r quantitative tions	
Question	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-2023	
43.2.13 Juvenile courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
43.2.14 Other specialised courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-	
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations									26	26	26	-	0,0%	
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	0,0%	0,0%	

		Ind	icator 3: The	performance o	of courts at all	stages of the	proceedings						
			First	instance other	er than crimin	al cases (Q91)						
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	117 611	114 483	116 296	122 137	136 043	144 319	164 281	153 654	137 817	130 431	137 019	16,5%	5,1%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	23 845	21 282	20 933	20 790	20 909	20 458	23 273	28 176	26 655	28 515	32 553	36,5%	14,2%
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			66 789	73 598	87 083	94 887	110 970	94 970	81 027	70 058	70 655	-	0,9%
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	56 974	57 523	60 220	66 980	77 671	83 319	87 757	77 017	63 009	55 931	56 611	-0,6%	1,2%
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			6 569	6 618	7 012	9 229	20 541	15 105	14 776	10 962	10 837	-	-1,1%
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	2 460	1 680	1 616	971	1 728	3 094	2 223	3 173	2 751	485	-	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	6 841	5 736	4 953	5 647	5 284	6 135	18 318	11 932	12 025	10 477	10 837	58,4%	3,4%
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	2 400	2 339	2 672	2 848	3 242	3 165	3 207	-	1,3%
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	27 491	28 262	28 574	27 749	28 051	28 974	30 043	30 508	30 135	31 858	33 811	23,0%	6,1%
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 316 568	2 288 883	2 592 856	2 232 881	2 286 018	2 277 208	2 869 512	2 774 689	2 708 751	2 884 662	2 388 978	3,1%	-17,2%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	43 878	41 717	42 053	41 620	41 329	41 854	48 940	40 928	43 581	47 020	54 486	24,2%	15,9%
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 420 680	2 060 019	2 104 528	2 076 446	2 650 449	2 557 380	2 471 484	2 623 082	2 085 299	-	-20,5%
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	370 649	359 920	346 762	352 091	368 012	357 316	359 176	296 786	259 987	274 683	294 625	-20,5%	7,3%
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			2 073 918	1 707 928	1 732 276	1 714 131	2 285 719	2 255 423	2 206 088	2 342 932	1 784 928	-	-23,8%
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	1 762 764	1 744 916	2 061 209	1 689 939	1 713 233	1 689 592	2 267 166	2 238 608	2 188 515	2 323 512	1 768 372	0,3%	-23,9%

		Demina							,	(2013-202	io, aata t	abics	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quest	ions
												2013-2023	2022-2023
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	13 341	10 665	12 709	17 989	19 043	24 539	18 553	16 815	17 573	19 420	16 556	24,1%	-14,7%
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	-								
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	4 240	4 999	5 554	5 171	5 409	5 467	5 746	-	5,1%
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	125 936	131 665	130 123	131 242	140 161	158 908	170 123	176 381	193 686	214 560	249 193	97,9%	16,1%
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	2 323 265	2 288 504	2 592 317	2 225 000	2 280 231	2 267 599	2 885 425	2 795 569	2 717 756	2 879 334	2 378 373	2,4%	-17,4%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	47 009	42 638	42 867	42 116	42 325	39 768	44 924	45 458	42 543	43 556	50 453	7,3%	15,8%
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			2 418 335	2 052 009	2 098 695	2 070 226	2 670 673	2 573 426	2 483 238	2 623 232	2 077 522	-	-20,8%
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	372 421	357 102	344 907	344 729	365 470	357 728	373 901	312 743	267 842	275 872	288 147	-22,6%	4,4%
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			2 073 428	1 707 280	1 728 773	1 707 761	2 291 277	2 255 800	2 210 157	2 341 820	1 783 523	-	-23,8%
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	1 763 487	1 745 063	2 061 886	1 689 196	1 711 887	1 690 470	2 266 404	2 239 046	2 190 963	2 322 595	1 766 574	0,2%	-23,9%
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	15 048	12 275	11 542	18 084	16 886	17 291	24 873	16 754	19 194	19 225	16 949	12,6%	-11,8%
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	-	-								
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	4 452	4 737	5 495	4 883	5 239	5 540	5 852	-	5,6%
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	125 300	131 426	131 115	130 875	139 211	157 605	169 828	176 685	191 975	212 546	250 398	99,8%	17,8%
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	114 531	118 484	119 689	129 683	140 504	149 974	148 368	132 774	128 812	135 759	147 626	28,9%	8,7%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	21 120	20 705	20 458	20 294	19 913	22 544	27 289	23 646	27 693	31 979	36 586	73,2%	14,4%
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			71 458	81 302	91 552	97 182	90 746	78 924	69 273	69 908	78 434	-	12,2%
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	57 559	62 626	64 876	74 342	80 213	82 907	73 032	61 060	55 154	54 742	63 089	9,6%	15,2%
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			6 582	6 960	9 151	11 674	14 983	14 728	10 707	12 074	12 244	-	1,4%
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	1 737	1 533	939	1 714	3 074	2 216	2 985	2 735	303	1 402	1 800	3,6%	28,4%
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	5 751	4 954	5 643	5 246	6 077	9 458	11 998	11 993	10 404	10 672	10 444	81,6%	-2,1%

		Dellilla	ı N							(2013-20/	23) aata t	anies	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quest	-
												2013-2023	2022-2023
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NAP	NAP	2 188	2 601	2 731	3 136	3 412	3 092	3 101	-	0,3%
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	28 364	28 666	27 773	28 087	29 039	30 248	30 333	30 204	31 846	33 872	32 606	15,0%	-3,7%
		Clearence	e rate and Dis	position time	for first insta	nce other thai	n criminal cas	ses (Q91)					
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	100,3%	100,0%	100,0%	99,6%	99,7%	99,6%	100,6%	100,8%	100,3%	99,8%	99,6%	(0,73)	(0,26)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	107,1%	102,2%	101,9%	101,2%	102,4%	95,0%	91,8%	111,1%	97,6%	92,6%	92,6%	(14,54)	(0,03)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	99,9%	99,9%	99,6%	99,7%	99,7%	100,8%	100,6%	100,5%	100,0%	99,6%	-	(0,38)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	100,5%	99,2%	99,5%	97,9%	99,3%	100,1%	104,1%	105,4%	103,0%	100,4%	97,8%	(2,68)	(2,63)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	100,1%	100,0%	100,0%	99,8%	99,6%	100,2%	100,0%	100,2%	100,0%	99,9%	-	(0,03)
CR Non litigious land registry cases	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	99,9%	100,1%	100,0%	100,0%	100,1%	100,0%	99,9%	(0,14)	(0,06)
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	112,8%	115,1%	90,8%	100,5%	88,7%	70,5%	134,1%	99,6%	109,2%	99,0%	102,4%	(10,42)	3,38
CR Other registry cases	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	105,0%	94,8%	98,9%	94,4%	96,9%	101,3%	101,8%	-	0,51
CR Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,5%	99,8%	100,8%	99,7%	99,3%	99,2%	99,8%	100,2%	99,1%	99,1%	100,5%	0,99	1,42
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	18	19	17	21	22	24	19	17	17	17	23	25,9%	31,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	164	177	174	176	172	207	222	190	238	268	265	61,4%	-1,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	12	11	14	16	17	12	11	10	10	14	-	41,7%
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	56	64	69	79	80	85	71	71	75	72	80	41,7%	10,3%
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	-	33,2%
DT Non litigious land registry cases	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,4%	68,8%
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	139	147	178	106	131	200	176	261	198	203	225	61,2%	11,0%

		Dellilla								(2013-20/	23) data t	abics	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		r quantitative tions
												2013-2023	2022-2023
DT Other registry cases	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	179	200	181	234	238	204	193	-	-5,1%
DT Administrative law cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	83	80	77	78	76	70	65	62	61	58	48	-42,5%	-18,3%
			Soco	nd instance o	other than cri	minal cases (Q	007)						
97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than			3600	2 580	2 137	1 935	2 183	2 466	2 516	2 410	2 384		-1,1%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and				2 580	2 137	1 935	2 183	2 466	2 516	2 410	2 384		-1,1%
commercial) litigious cases 97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				5 075	4 819	4 839	5 022	5 271	4 862	4 622	5 140	-	11,2%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				5 075	4 819	4 839	5 022	5 271	4 862	4 622	5 140	-	11,2%
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

		Dellilla							,	(2010 201	23) uata t	abico	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations fo	r quantitative tions
												2013-2023	2022-2023
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				5 525	5 063	4 636	4 717	5 177	4 978	4 670	4 694	-	0,5%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				5 525	5 063	4 636	4 717	5 177	4 978	4 670	4 694	-	0,5%
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				2 130	1 893	2 138	2 488	2 560	2 400	2 362	2 830	-	19,8%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				2 130	1 893	2 138	2 488	2 560	2 400	2 362	2 830	-	19,8%
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	-							

		Domina								(2010 202	io, aata t	abioo	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for ques	r quantitative tions
												2013-2023	2022-2023
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases				NA	NAP	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
		Clearance ra	ate and dispos	sition time for s	second instan	ce other than	criminal law	cases (Q97)					
CR Total of other than criminal law cases				108,9%	105,1%	95,8%	93,9%	98,2%	102,4%	101,0%	91,3%	-	(9,72)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				108,9%	105,1%	95,8%	93,9%	98,2%	102,4%	101,0%	91,3%	-	(9,72)
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases				141	136	168	193	180	176	185	220	-	19,2%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				141	136	168	193	180	176	185	220	-	19,2%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

		Denma	IN							(2013-202	23) data t	abies	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for ques	quantitative tions
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		
DT Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		_
DT Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		_
DT Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		_
DT Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		
DT Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		
Dr Other cases (e.g. msolvency registry cases)				IVAI	IVAI	IVAI	IVAI	IVAI	IVAI	IVAI	INAI		
			Supre	eme courts' oth	er than crimi	nal law cases	(Q99)						
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				114	131	100	133	156	146	157	151	-	-3,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				114	131	100	133	156	146	157	151	-	-3,8%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				248	215	257	302	197	242	168	209	-	24,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				248	215	257	302	197	242	168	209	-	24,4%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		-

		Delillia							'	(2010 20	23) uata t	abioo	
Question	2013	2014	2045	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022		r quantitative stions
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				231	236	236	272	207	231	171	235	-	37,4%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				231	236	236	272	207	231	171	235	-	37,4%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	_						
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	-	_						
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				131	110	121	163	146	157	154	125	-	-18,8%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				131	110	121	163	146	157	154	125	-	-18,8%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	-	<u>-</u>						
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	-	-						

		Denma	II K							(2013-202	23) aata t	abies	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for ques	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases				NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
		Clearance ra	ate and dispos	sition time for S	Supreme cou	rts' other than	criminal law	cases (Q97)					
CR Total of other than criminal law cases				93,1%	109,8%	91,8%	90,1%	105,1%	95,5%	101,8%	112,4%	-	10,65
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				93,1%	109,8%	91,8%	90,1%	105,1%	95,5%	101,8%	112,4%	-	10,65
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases				207	170	187	219	257	248	329	194	-	-40,9%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				207	170	187	219	257	248	329	194	-	-40,9%

		Demina							\	(2013-20	23) uata t	abics	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 ·	Variations for ques	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
				First instance	e criminal law	v cases (Q94)							
094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan								19 143	26 760	31 455	35 973		14,4%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan								9 781	13 932	14 552	18 568	-	27,6%
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan								9 362	12 828	16 903	17 405	-	3,0%
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP		
094.2.1 Total -incoming								162 899	139 350	153 429	160 955		4,9%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming								26 889	22 314	23 483	29 355	-	25,0%
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming								136 010	117 036	129 946	131 600	-	1,3%
094.2.4 Other - incoming								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved								155 064	134 781	152 630	155 976	-	2,2%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved								22 648	21 651	22 021	26 321	-	19,5%
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved								132 416	113 130	130 609	129 655	-	-0,7%
094.3.4 Other - resolved								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec								26 978	31 329	32 254	40 952	-	27,0%

										(-0:0 -0:			
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quest	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec								14 022	14 595	16 014	21 602	-	34,9%
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec								12 956	16 734	16 240	19 350	-	19,2%
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
		Clea	rance rate and	d disposition t	ime for first i	nstance crimir	nal law cases	(Q94)					
CR of Total								95%	97%	99%	97%	-	(2,6)
CR of Severe cases								84%	97%	94%	90%	-	(4,1)
CR of Misdemeanour cases								97%	97%	101%	99%	-	(2,0)
CR of Other								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total								64	85	77	96	-	24,2%
DT of Severe cases								226	246	265	300	-	12,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases								36	54	45	54	-	20,0%
DT of Other								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
				Second instar	nce criminal la	aw cases (Q98	3)						
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan								2 114	2 251	2 376	3 198	-	34,6%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan								2 114	2 251	2 376	3 198	-	34,6%
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
098.2.1 Total -incoming								6 000	6 175	6 601	6 046	-	-8,4%

1982.21 Misdemeanour cases - Incoming 1984 19			Dominio							'	(-0:0 -0:	es data t		
2013-2 Severe coaces - increming 000.2 3 Severe coaces - increming in Case 000.2 3 Severe coaces -	Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
1982.24 Mindementari casses inconting 1982 19		20.0			20.0	-0	20.0	20.0				_0_0	2013-2023	2022-2023
1982 A Chief - Incoming 1982 1985 19	098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming								6 000	6 175	6 601	6 046	-	-8,4%
1983.1 Total - resolved 1 1987 1988 1978 1987 1988 1987 1988 1987 1988	098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
98.3.3 Severe cases - resolved	098.2.4 Other - incoming								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
1981.31 Mindemeanance cases - resolved NaP	098.3.1 Total - resolved								5 857	6 055	5 781	5 672	-	-1,9%
NAP	098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved								5 857	6 055	5 781	5 672	-	-1,9%
18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
088.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec 2.257 2.371 3.196 3.572 - 11.87% 089.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP 089.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec NAP	098.3.4 Other - resolved								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
1088.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec NAP	098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec								2 257	2 371	3 196	3 572	-	11,8%
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP -	098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec								2 257	2 371	3 196	3 572	-	11,8%
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years NA	098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years NA	098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
NAP	098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
NAP	098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98) CR of Total 97,6% 98,1% 87,6% 93,8% - 7,12 CR of Severe cases 97,6% 98,1% 87,6% 93,8% - 7,12 CR of Misdemeanour cases NAP NAP NAP NAP - - CR of Other NAP NAP NAP NAP - - DT of Total 141 143 202 230 - 13,9% DT of Severe cases 141 143 202 230 - 13,9%	098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR of Total 97,6% 98,1% 87,6% 93,8% - 7,12 CR o2 Severe cases 97,6% 98,1% 87,6% 93,8% - 7,12 CR of Misdemeanour cases NAP NAP NAP NAP - - - CR of Other NAP NAP NAP NAP -	098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR o2 Severe cases 97,6% 98,1% 87,6% 93,8% - 7,12 CR of Misdemeanour cases NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP - - - CR of Other NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP -			Cleara	ance rate and	disposition tin	ne for second	l instance crim	ninal law case	s (Q98)					
CR of Misdemeanour cases NAP NAP NAP NAP - - - CR of Other NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP NAP - - DT of Total 141 143 202 230 - 13,9% DT of Severe cases 141 143 202 230 - 13,9%	CR of Total								97,6%	98,1%	87,6%	93,8%	-	7,12
CR of Other NAP NAP NAP NAP -	CR o2 Severe cases								97,6%	98,1%	87,6%	93,8%	-	7,12
DT of Total 141 143 202 230 - 13,9% DT of Severe cases 141 143 202 230 - 13,9%	CR of Misdemeanour cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Severe cases 141 143 202 230 - 13,9%	CR of Other								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
	DT of Total								141	143	202	230	-	13,9%
DT of Misdemeanour cases NAP NAP NAP NAP	DT of Severe cases								141	143	202	230	-	13,9%
	DT of Misdemeanour cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

		Dellilla	1111							2013-201	23) dala l	abics	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for ques	r quantitative tions
Quosilon		20	20.0			2010	20.0	_020			2020	2013-2023	2022-2023
DT of Other								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
				Supreme cour	ts' criminal la	w cases (Q100	0)						
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan								35	33	28	41	-	46,4%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan								35	33	28	41	-	46,4%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.1 Total -incoming								60	49	63	80	-	27,0%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming								60	49	63	80	-	27,0%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.2.4 Other - incoming								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.1 Total - resolved								62	54	50	74	-	48,0%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved								62	54	50	74	-	48,0%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.3.4 Other - resolved								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec								33	28	41	47	-	14,6%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec								33	28	41	47	-	14,6%
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
100.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)

		Denma	IIK							(2013-202	23) data t	abies	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for ques	
QUESTION	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
CR of Total								103,3%	110,2%	79,4%	92,5%	-	13,13
CR of Severe cases								103,3%	110,2%	79,4%	92,5%	-	13,13
CR of Misdemeanour cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	•	-
CR of Other								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total								194	189	299	232	-	-22,5%
DT of Severe cases								194	189	299	232	-	-22,5%
DT of Misdemeanour cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Other								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
				Indicator 4: F	Public prosec	ution services							
				(Q1	07, Q107-1, C	(109)							
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year								60 656	61 014	52 164	54 743	-	4,9%
2. Incoming/received cases								223 459	194 540	238 451	229 975	-	-3,6%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)								420 204	411 362	470 857	552 839	-	17,4%
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)								207 165	208 106	245 011	307 699	-	25,6%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified								NA	NA	93 622	92 786	-	-0,9%
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation								NA	NA	144 328	207 492	-	43,8%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity								769	3 875	4 497	5 071	-	12,8%
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons								NA	NA	2 564	2 247	-	-12,4%
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor								47 560	50 243	55 071	65 461	-	18,9%
3.3. Cases brought to court								165 479	153 013	167 768	176 654	-	5,3%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year								61 014	52 163	54 743	32 458	-	-40,7%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases								1,88	2,11	1,97	2,40	-	21,7%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases								0,26	0,22	0,23	0,14	-	-40,7%

		Dellilla								(2013-202	LJ) data t	abics	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quest	
QUESTION	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total								28 468	20 941	27 224	24 582	-	-9,7%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total								NAP	20 941	27 224	24 582	-	-9,7%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total								28 468	NAP	-		-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases								NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	
			В	udget of publi	c prosecution	n services (Q1	3)						
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	94 400 000 €	97 116 986 €	99 140 896 €	99 406 787 €	110 570 966 €	93 961 349 €	111 398 062 €	121 432 125 €	134 145 358 €	122 677 280 €	133 880 186 €	41,8%	9,13%
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	115 870 009€	101 749 306 €	110 435 917 €	108 228 822 €	112 402 737 €	120 724 723 €	133 276 866 €	142 722 702 €	133 111 033 €	144 436 227 €	-	8,51%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	

Indicator 5: Access to justice

		Delillia	111						'	(2013-202	io, aata t	abics	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for ques	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
				System f	or compensa	ting users							
					(Q37)								
Number of requests for compensation													
037.1.1 Total								NA	3 400	2 921	3 400	-	16,4%
037.1.2 Excessive length of proceedings								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.1.3 Non-execution of court decisions								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.1.4 Wrongful arrest/detention								NA	259	261	235	-	-10,0%
037.1.5 Wrongful conviction								NA	80	3	165	-	5400,0%
037.1.6 Other								NA	3 061	2 657	3 000	-	12,9%
Number of compensations granted													
037.2.1 Total								NA	1 499	1 529	1 654		8,2%
037.2.2 Excessive length of proceedings								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.2.3 Non-execution of court decisions								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.2.4 Wrongful arrest/detention								NA	140	163	145	-	-11,0%
037.2.5 Wrongful conviction								NA	31	4	22	-	450,0%
037.2.6 Other								NA	1 328	1 362	1 487	-	9,2%
Amount of compensations granted (in €)													
037.3.1 Total								NA	2 742 529 €	3 705 779 €	3 973 934 €	-	7,2%
037.3.2 Excessive length of proceedings								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.3.3 Non-execution of court decisions								NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.3.4 Wrongful arrest/detention								NA	81 005 €	117 793 €	196 986 €	-	67,2%
037.3.5 Wrongful conviction								NA	47 969 €	267 €	31 691 €	-	11769,3%
037.3.6 Other								NA	2 613 555 €	3 587 720 €	3 744 886 €		4,4%

Denmark (2013-2023) data tables Variations for quantitative questions 2013 2015 2016 2017 2020 2021 2022 Question 2014 2018 2019 2023 2013-2023 2022-2023 Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users (Q62-23, Q62-24, Q62-25, Q62-26) Writing assistance tools 062-23.1.1.1 Deployment rate in civil and/or commercial matter 95-100 % 95-100 % 062-23.1.2.1 Usage rate in civil and/or commercial matter 95-100 % 95-100 % 062-23.1.3.1 Deployment rate in administrative matter NA 95-100 % 062-23.2.1.1 Usage rate in administrative matter NA 95-100 % 062-23.2.2.1 Deployment rate in criminal matter 95-100 % 95-100 % 062-23.2.3.1 Usage rate in criminal matter 95-100 % 95-100 % Features of the writing assistance tools Civil and/or commercial matter 062-24.1.1.1 Templates True True 062-24.1.1.2 Automatically generated text True True 062-24.1.1.3 Automatically suggested decision False False 062-24.1.1.4 Speech-to-text False False 062-24.1.1.5 Electronic signature False False 062-24.1.1.6 Other special functionality False False **Administrative matter** 062-24.1.2.1 Templates True True 062-24.1.2.2 Automatically generated text True True 062-24.1.2.3 Automatically suggested decision False False 062-24.1.2.4 Speech-to-text False False 062-24.1.2.5 Electronic signature False False

		Domina				(2010 2020) data tables							
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2019	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations fo ques	r quantitative tions
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
062-24.1.2.6 Other special functionality										False	False		
Criminal matter													
062-24.1.3.1 Templates										True	True		
062-24.1.3.2 Automatically generated text										True	True		
062-24.1.3.3 Automatically suggested decision										False	False		
062-24.1.3.4 Speech-to-text										False	False		
062-24.1.3.5 Electronic signature										False	False		
062-24.1.3.6 Other special functionality										False	False		
Recording of court hearings													
062-25.1.1.1 Deployment rate in civil and/or commercial matter										95-100 %	95-100 %		
062-25.1.2.1 Usage rate in civil and/or commercial matter										NA	1-25 %		
062-25.1.3.1 Deployment rate in administrative matter										NA	95-100 %		
062-25.2.1.1 Usage rate in administrative matter										NA	0%		
062-25.2.2.1 Deployment rate in criminal matter										95-100 %	95-100 %		
062-25.2.3.1 Usage rate in criminal matter										NA	25-50 %		
Features of the recording of court hearings													
Civil and/or commercial matter													
062-26.1.1.1 Audio recording										True	True		
062-26.1.1.2 Video recording										False	False		
062-26.1.1.3 Systematic recording for all hearings										False	False		
062-26.1.1.4 Automatically indexed recording										False	False		
062-26.1.1.5 Automatic transcript from recording										False	False		
062-26.1.1.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording										False	False		

		Domina								•	es, data t		_
Question	2012	2044	2015	2016	2017	2018	2040	2020	2024	2022	2022	Variations fo ques	r quantitati stions
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-20
062-26.1.1.7 Other special functionality							-	-		False	False		
Administrative matter													
062-26.1.2.1 Audio recording										NA	NA		
062-26.1.2.2 Video recording										NA	NA		
062-26.1.2.3 Systematic recording for all hearings										NA	NA		
062-26.1.2.4 Automatically indexed recording										NA	NA		
062-26.1.2.5 Automatic transcript from recording										NA	NA		
062-26.1.2.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording										NA	NA		
062-26.1.2.7 Other special functionality							-	-		NA	NA		
Criminal matter													
062-26.1.3.1 Audio recording										True	True		
062-26.1.3.2 Video recording										False	False		
062-26.1.3.3 Systematic recording for all hearings										False	False		
062-26.1.3.4 Automatically indexed recording										False	False		
062-26.1.3.5 Automatic transcript from recording										False	False		
062-26.1.3.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording										True	True		
062-26.1.3.7 Other special functionality										False	False		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice													
(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)													
46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	355	377	374	372	377	375	375	388	388	385	389	9,6%	1,0%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	236	261	260	254	254	258	252	264	258	257	272	15,3%	5,8%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	101	97	95	99	105	99	105	106	112	110	98	-3,0%	-10,9%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	18	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	19	5,6%	5,6%

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Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quest	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	176	NA	NA	183	184	177	188	177	184	181	185	5,1%	2,2%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	101	NA	NA	113	110	110	112	107	108	108	114	12,9%	5,6%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	62	58	NA	57	61	54	62	57	62	59	56	-9,7%	-5,1%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	13	14	14	13	13	13	14	13	14	14	15	15,4%	7,1%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	179	NA	NA	189	193	198	187	211	204	204	204	14,0%	0,0%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	135	NA	NA	141	144	148	140	157	150	149	158	17,0%	6,0%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	39	39	NA	42	44	45	43	49	50	51	42	7,7%	-17,6%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	5	5	5	6	5	5	4	5	4	4	4	-20,0%	0,0%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total									388	385	389	-	1,0%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total									258	257	272	-	5,8%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total									112	110	98	-	-10,9%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total									18	18	19	-	5,6%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative									NA	NA	NAP	-	-

		Demina					(2013-2023) uata tabies							
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quest	_	
												2013-2023	2022-2023	
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative									NA	NA	NAP	-	-	
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other									NA	NA	NAP	-	-	
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other									NA	NA	NAP	-	-	
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other									NA	NA	NAP	-	-	
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other									NA	NA	NAP	-	-	
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	1 751	1 754	1 529	1 642	1 634	1 656	1 775	1 816	1 799	1 779	1 840	5,1%	3,4%	
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	308	572	357	275	270	274	331	338	338	315	355	15,3%	12,7%	
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	17	18	14	12	10	9	7	10	10	12	5	-70,6%	-58,3%	
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 360	1 091	1 089	1 285	1 290	1 291	1 345	1 375	1 353	1 354	1 385	1,8%	2,3%	
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	61	68	63	63	64	72	92	84	89	89	85	39,3%	-4,5%	
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	5	5	6	7	-	10	-	9	9	9	10	100,0%	11,1%	
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	1 751	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	308	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	17	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	1 360	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	61	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	5	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	-	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	

									'		.b) data t		
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for quest	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									1 799	1 779	1 840		3,4%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									1 566	1 548	1 643	-	6,1%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									202	205	174	-	-15,1%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									31	26	23	-	-11,5%
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	NA		-
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									764	800	819	-	2,4%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									594	662	663	-	0,2%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									170	131	148	-	13,0%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									6	7	8	-	14,3%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									253	264	268	-	1,5%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									184	216	217	-	0,5%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									69	46	49	-	6,5%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									2	2	2	-	0,0%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									512	536	551	-	2,8%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									410	446	446	-	0,0%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									101	85	99	-	16,5%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									4	5	6		20,0%

		Demina								(2013-202	o, aata t	40100	
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Variations for ques	
												2013-2023	2022-2023
057 Other with similar duties as public prsecutors											False	-	-
056.1.1 Heads of prosecution (total)										19	19	-	0,0%
056.1.2 Heads of prosecution (1st inst.)										15	15	-	0,0%
056.1.3 Heads of prosecution (2nd inst.)										3	3	-	0,0%
056.1.4 Heads of prosecution (Highest instance)										1	1	-	0,0%
056.2.1 Heads of prosecution - Males -total										10	9	-	-10,0%
056.2.2 Heads of prosecution - Males, 1st inst.										7	6	-	-14,3%
056.2.3 Heads of prosecution - Males, 2nd inst.										2	2	-	0,0%
056.2.4 Heads of prosecution - Males, Supreme courts										1	1	-	0,0%
056.3.1 Heads of prosecution - Females, Total										9	10	-	11,1%
056.3.2 Heads of prosecution - Females, 1st inst.										8	9	-	12,5%
056.3.3 Heads of prosecution - Females, 2nd inst.										1	1	-	0,0%
056.3.4 Heads of prosecution - Females, Supreme courts										0,0%	0	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total							-	1 670	747	605	595	-	-1,7%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males							-	510	196	102	90	-	-11,8%
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females							-	1 160	551	503	505	-	0,4%
004 Annual average salary in the country							38 891 €	40 872 €	42 403 €	43 335 €	44 793 €	-	3,4%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							132 316 €	122 545 €	118 377 €	140 244 €	141 942 €	-	1,2%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							240 196 €	236 387 €	221 226 €	261 648 €	265 248 €	-	1,4%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							54 045 €	48 322 €	49 058 €	49 137 €	50 011 €	-	1,8%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							95 657 €	NA	89 407 €	126 411 €	128 625 €	-	1,8%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

										(
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		r quantitative tions
Question -	2013	2017	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							False	False	False	False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							False	False	False	False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							False	False	False	False	False		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							False	False	False	False	False		

		Denmai	rk		(2013-2023) data tables						ables		
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		r quantitative tions
Question	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2013-2023	2022-2023
					Lawyers								
				(Q1	46, Q147, Q14	48)							
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	6 053	6 134	6 235	6 236	6 450	6 563	6 843	6 870	7 063	7 290	7 290	20,4%	0,0%
146.2.1 Practicing lawyers - man							4 307	4 302	4 369	4 410	4 410	-	0,0%
146.3.1 Practicing lawyers - woman							2 536	2 568	2 694	2 880	2 880	-	0,0%
147 Does this figure include "legal advisors" who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?				False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:				NA	NA	NA	3 276	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
				Indicator 8:	Mediators ar	nd notaries							
					(Q166, Q157)								
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	124	151	147	143	135	143	142	143	143	138	133	7,3%	-3,6%
166.2.1 Mediators - male							42	NA	NA	NA	41	-	-
166.3.1 Mediators - female							100	NA	NA	NA	93		-
192.1.1 Number of notaries 192.1.2 Private professionals (without control from public authorities)										NA NAP	41 NAP		-
192.1.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State										NAP	NAP	-	-
192.1.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)										NA	41	-	-
192.1.5 Other										NAP	NAP	-	-
192.2.1 Number of notaries- male										NA	NA	-	-
192.2.2 Private professionals (without control from public										NAP	NAP	_	_
authorities)- male													
192.2.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State- male										NAP	NAP		_
192.2.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)- male 192.2.5 Other- male										NA NAP	NA NAP		
192.2.5 Other- male 192.3.1 Number of notaries- female										NAP NA	NAP NA	-	•
192.3.2 Private professionals (without control from public												-	-
authorities)- female										NAP	NAP		-
192.3.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State- female										NAP	NAP	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%

NAP

NA

192.3.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)- female

192.3.5 Other- female