



COUNCIL OF EUROPE CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE

Strasbourg, 20 June 2009

CEP-CDPATEP (2009) COE/ELCDatabase 3
(in English only)

EUROPEAN LANDSCAPE CONVENTION

Council of Europe

Paris, Council of Europe Office

20 May 2009

EXPERT MEETING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A COUNCIL OF EUROPE INFORMATION SYSTEM ON THE EUROPEAN LANDSCAPE CONVENTION

REPORT

*Document by the General Secretariat
Cultural Heritage, Landscape and Spatial Planning Division*

1. Opening of the meeting

Mr Jean-François SEGUIN, Chair of the Conference of the Council of Europe on the European Landscape Convention welcomed the participants (see List of participants in the Appendix 2 to this Report).

2. Information on the establishment of a Council of Europe Information System on the European Landscape Convention

The Chair presented the objective of the meeting which was, following the decision of the CDPATEP (Appendix 3 to this Report) to adopt the European Landscape Convention Information System (2nd Meeting, 11-12 May 2009), to prepare the specification for the Information System on the European Landscape Convention.

3. Points for examination

The participants discussed the following themes and considered the following:

1) *Name of the Project*

The participants decided to use the term “Information System”, as decided by the CDPATEP.

2) *Objectives of the Information System*

The participants considered that the Information System will provide the CDPATEP with an information tool for the follow up of the Convention and will enhance the concrete effects of the implementation of the Convention

3) *Links with HEREIN*

The participants welcomed the proposal of Mr Adrian Oliver to examine the extract grid of the European Landscape Convention (Appendix 5 to this Report) and to circulate a draft proposal among the members of the Working Group.

4) *Glossary/thesaurus*

The participants decided to prepare a first thesaurus on the basis of the Convention taking into consideration the linguistic versions, and asked Mrs Natasa BRATINA JURKOCIC, with Mr Pere SALA and Mr Yves LUGINBÜHL (French speaking) to identify the terms.

5) *Monitoring of the implementation of the Convention*

The participants decided that the purpose of the monitoring, based on the Council of Europe’s questionnaire, will be to define standards, develop a follow up of the Convention and help countries to implement the Convention through good practices and benchmarking. Its objective will be to analyse where we are, how it’s happening, what it means and how to improve the quality of territories. Should it be done will broad horizontal or on articles with European perspective? The questionnaire established by the Secretariat of the Council of Europe, including a reference to Article 7 of the Convention will be examined by the experts (Appendix 4 to this Report).

6) *Forum for Parties*

The participants discussed the possibility to organise a forum between the Parties and others with local and regional authorities and NGOs. They considered that it should be possible to start with a Forum opened to the Parties which could welcome partners.

7) *Architecture of the Information System*

The participants discussed the synoptic conceptual framework prepared by Mrs Natasa BRATINA JURKOVIC which appears in the appendix of the decision. They decided that all the elements will appear in the elements of the Website.

8) *Enquiry*

The participants expressed the wish to have a well designed simple website.

The participants prepared the final version of the decisions of the CDPATEP and asked Mr Yves LUGINBÜHL as Expert of the Council of Europe, to prepare with the collaboration of the other Experts a the document on which the specification will be prepared by the Council of Europe's Department of information and technology.

4. *Other business*

None.

5. *Next meeting*

The participants decided that the next meeting will be held in the Council of Europe Office of Paris on 28 September 2009.

APPENDIX 1

AGENDA

- 1. Opening of the meeting**
- 2. Information on the establishment of a Council of Europe Database on the European Landscape Convention**
- 3. Points for examination**
- 4. Other business**

APPENDIX 2

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

BELGIUM / BELGIQUE

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FRANCE

M. Jean-François SEGUIN, Président de la Conférence du Conseil de l'Europe sur la Convention européenne du paysage, Chef du Bureau des paysages et de la publicité, Direction générale de l'aménagement, du logement et de la nature, Direction de l'habitat, de l'urbanisme et des paysages, Sous-direction de la qualité du cadre de vie, Ministère de l'écologie, de l'énergie, du développement durable et de l'aménagement du territoire, 20 avenue de Ségur, F - 75302 PARIS 07 SP
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EXPERTS

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SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL DU CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE**

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APPENDIX 3

DECISION OF THE STEERING COMMITTEE FOR CULTURAL HERITAGE AND LANDSCAPE (CDPATEP) ON THE GUIDING PRINCIPLES OF THE EUROPEAN LANDSCAPE CONVENTION INFORMATION SYSTEM (FINAL VERSION)

The Steering Committee for Cultural Heritage and Landscape (CDPATEP),

1. Considering that the aim of the Council of Europe is to achieve greater unity between its members for the purpose of safeguarding and realising the ideals and principles which are their common heritage;
2. Having regard to the European Landscape Convention (ETS No 176) adopted by the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe on 19 July 2000 and opened for signature by Council Member States in Florence on 20 October 2000;
3. Considering that the Convention makes an important contribution to the Council of Europe's objectives of promoting democracy, human rights and the rule of law and seeking common solutions to the main problems facing European society today;
4. Underlining that, in taking account of natural, cultural and landscape value of regions, the Council of Europe seeks to preserve the quality of life and human well-being;
5. Referring to the provisions of the Convention on monitoring its implementation (Article 10.1) and mutual assistance and exchange of information (Article 8), under which the parties undertake to co-operate in order to enhance the effectiveness of measures taken and, in particular, exchange information on all matters covered by the provisions of the Convention;
6. Considering that Recommendation CM/Rec(2008)3 of the Committee of Ministers to Member States on the guidelines for the implementation of the European Landscape Convention proposes that each party should contribute to the setting up of a database to appear on the website of the Council of Europe's European Landscape Convention; pointing out that the recommendation mentions that the database should be a "toolbox" providing technical and scientific assistance through the collection and exchange of landscape experience and research, as provided for in Article 8 of the European Landscape Convention concerning mutual assistance and exchange of information;
7. Takes note of the guiding principles which appear in the document in the Appendix.

Appendix

European Landscape Convention Information System

Introduction

1. The European Landscape Convention represents a major contribution to the attainment of the goals of the Council of Europe, which are to promote democracy, human rights and rule of law and to seek common solutions to the major problems of Europe's society. Therefore, as required by Article 10.1 of the Convention on the monitoring of its implementation, and by the provisions in the terms of reference of the Steering Committee for Cultural Heritage and Landscape (CDPATEP) on monitoring of the cultural heritage and landscape conventions, it is expedient to have an information system established for documenting measures taken, experience gained and trials conducted in support of the Convention's implementation, under the aegis of the Council of Europe Conference on the European Landscape Convention.

Article 8 of the Convention on mutual assistance and exchange of information provides that the Parties undertake to co-operate in order to enhance the effectiveness of measures taken and in particular to exchange information on all matters covered by the provisions of the Convention; accordingly, this European Landscape Convention Information System will foster international co-operation in landscape matters.

2. A document presenting the landscape policies pursued in the Council of Europe member states, which sets out the essential facts concerning the status of landscape in those countries, is regularly produced by the Council of Europe Secretariat [*Document of the 5th Council of Europe Conference on the European Landscape Convention - CEP-CDPATEP (2009) 3Bil*].

3. Recommendation CM/Rec(2008)3 of the Committee of Ministers to Member States on the guidelines for the implementation of the European Landscape Convention proposes that each party contribute to the setting up of a database to appear on the website of the Council of Europe's European Landscape Convention. It indicates that the database would be a "toolbox" helping to provide mutual technical and scientific assistance through the collection and exchange of landscape-related experience, experimentation and research work, as provided for in the aforementioned Article 8 of the Convention on mutual assistance and exchange of information. The European Landscape Convention Information System will constitute that toolbox.

The creation of a European Landscape Convention Information System requires that its objectives and implementation procedures be settled, that is:

- 1) its architecture,
- 2) its accessibility,
- 3) its form,
- 4) its content,
- 5) the languages used,
- 6) its interactive mode of operation,
- 7) the links established with existing networks,
- 8) its development in the medium term,
- 9) its implementation.

I. OBJECTIVES OF THE INFORMATION SYSTEM

Having regard to the prerequisites stipulated above, it is proposed to create within the Council of Europe an interactive information system aiding the implementation of the European Landscape Convention and conforming to the Convention's main articles:

- Article 1: Definitions of the terms protection, management and planning;
- Article 6: Specific measures:
 - C, Identification and assessment,
 - D, Landscape quality objectives,
 - E, Implementation,
- Article 8: Mutual assistance and exchange of information;
- Article 10: Monitoring of the implementation of the Convention.

The information system should permit the fulfilment of the following objectives:

Main objectives:

- 1) put at the disposal a tool for the monitoring of the implementation of the European Landscape Convention;
- 2) highlight actual effects of the implementation of the European Landscape Convention;
- 3) maintaining and extending landscape co-operation networks, and fostering transnational co-operation;
- 4) provide useful information for research and action.

Particular objectives:

- affording administrations and the public access to sources of essential facts and experiences of landscape protection, management and planning;
- acting as an “observatory” in order to analyse and forecast the advantages which a rapidly changing society can derive from taking care of the landscape;
- making it easier to monitor the development of landscape policies “in keeping” with the European Landscape Convention;
- creating a landscape portal in order to disseminate information effectively, facilitate the organisation of interactive professional forums and data networks, and encourage people, especially youth, to take an interest in landscape;

This information system will result in the establishment of a European Landscape Convention Information System for handling certain subject areas of relevance to landscapes and their development.

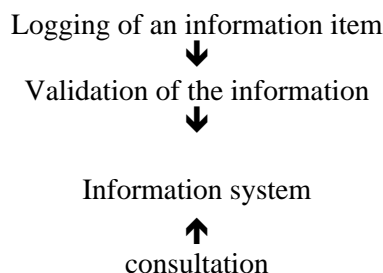
II. ACCESSIBILITY OF THE INFORMATION SYSTEM

The principle of the European Landscape Convention Information System's information system is founded on accessibility of the information to all publics; however, a distinction should be drawn between:

- entities providing input into the information system and the public consulting it,

- factual information (policies, official texts) as opposed to programmatic and problematic information.

The principle of input and consultation is applied as outlined below:



1. Entities contributing to the information system

- Council of Europe Secretariat, CDPATEP, Committee of Ministers,
- Council of Europe official Parties,
- Political authorities,
- Central, local and regional public authorities of the Council of Europe countries,
- General public, NGOs, all agents in the economic or social sectors,
- Educational and scientific bodies,

According to the validation procedures specified below.

2. Public consulting the information system

As a matter of principle, the information system is accessible to all types of public.

III. ARCHITECTURE OF THE INFORMATION SYSTEM

The information system of the European Landscape Convention is constituted by networked databases and a forum, linked in turn to national, regional or local and thematic websites, with entry-points marked by specific tabs.

- The advantage of such a system is to avoid constituting unduly voluminous databases and to allow distinct, separate management of each database;
- It also allows interconnection of the whole of the existing databases and networks with direct or indirect bearing on the question of landscapes.

This Internet network will be associated with a database containing “original” items which is specific to the European dimension of the Information System, gathering together the data produced by the Council of Europe Secretariat.

An operator will be selected by the Council of Europe on the basis of a set of specifications itemising the tasks to be completed for the system’s construction and also its maintenance. Drawing up the specifications is one of the short-term objectives of the group of experts.

IV. CONTENT OF THE INFORMATION SYSTEM OF THE EUROPEAN LANDSCAPE CONVENTION INFORMATION SYSTEM

The Information System functions have the following components:

- one (or more) databases made up of:
 - a compendium of the policies of the Parties to the Convention,
 - a roundup of Council of Europe publications on landscape,
 - a diary of Council of Europe landscape-related events;
 - information on Interreg and other Programmes of the European Union and other organisations;
- a record of experience or experimentation with landscape protection, management and planning actions, conducted in accordance with the principles of the European Landscape Convention or innovative where landscape is concerned;
- a discussion forum available, on the one hand to the Parties to the Convention and to authorized bodies by the Parties, on the other to all types of public according to the procedures below specified;
- a thesaurus/glossary, taking into account the CEMAT Spatial development glossary;
- a portal for accessing projects and initiatives sustained by all types of players and validated according to the procedure discussed below;

The diary section may be provided at other levels (regional, local): see below.

1. Database on the policies of the Parties to the European Landscape Convention

The database will be stocked with:

- a) Information on the landscape policies of the various states, derived from the work of the Member States' representatives, gathered by means of the Secretariat's survey of Council of Europe Parties conducted by questionnaire;
- b) Information on sectoral policies with a landscape-related component (for example, agricultural policy embodying provisions for landscape enhancement or construction policy with provisions taking landscape into account) and also derived from the same survey;
- c) Information should be validated with regard to its precision and correctness. Several levels of validation can be specified:
 - the first, priority, level of validation is the national, regional or local level: the representatives of the Parties to the European Landscape Convention will satisfy themselves as to the validity of the information in relation to the corpus of landscape policies and other policies embodying a landscape dimension, whatever the levels where these policies are framed, the representatives of the Parties and the authorized authorities and bodies are responsible for the quality of the information system available information and its validation,
 - another level is that of the Council of Europe Secretariat which will verify the conformity of the information to the objectives of the database. It may be assisted by a group of experts which will provide support in testing the validity of the information.

2. Database on experimental landscape protection, management or planning

It will concern experiments in landscape protection, management and planning carried out by member states, local and regional authorities or NGOs according to the principles of the European Landscape Convention or according to innovative methods not necessarily identified with the European Landscape Convention but conducive to improvement or enrichment of the methods. The pinpointing of these experiments will be left to the initiative of all publics so as to allow their protagonists all possible scope for expression.

3. Discussion forum

- a) The discussion forum was designed as a forum with two entry-points. One reserved to the Parties, and to the authorized authorities and bodies. "Virtual space enabling a free discussion on several miscellaneous subjects", this forum is run by a moderator, either coming from the

Group of Experts or chosen for his/her specific skills, who organises discussions on current subjects during a limited time which ended when no more information is added. At this stage, the discussion forum is available to all types of public on the issues discussed by Parties. Nonetheless, the possibility to ask new questions is restricted to few weeks and, in particular, during the workshop sessions of the European Landscape Convention.

- b) Designed on an interactive pattern, the discussion forum will be consultable by all publics. The running of the forum rests with the Secretariat assisted by a moderator, either coming from the group of experts or chosen for his/her specific skills on the discussed issues, under arrangements to be considered when the specifications for setting up the information system are established. Activities in this connection may include thematic discussions with reference to current concerns, and acute landscape issues.
- c) Any other kind of discussion forum is left to the initiative of the Parties, the political authorities at other levels or the other bodies and NGOs interested in landscape matters. The information system may set up links with these other forums.
- d) Utilisation of the informational and speculative material delivered by the contributors to the forum will be handled by the group of experts, which will make analyses of this material and produce synopses of it for posting on the site. Study of utilisation practices will be part of the questions considered in making out the specifications of the information system.

4. Thesaurus/glossary

- a) To aid communication and comprehension of the terms used in the information from the various Member States which goes towards the completion of the databases, a thesaurus/glossary will be compiled with reference to the terms defined in the European Landscape Convention, viz.:

- Term equivalent to “landscape” in each country and definition(s) of the term according to the scientific publications of the country concerned,
- Landscape policy,
- Landscape quality goal,
- Landscape protection,
- Landscape management,
- Landscape planning,
- And any other term that may appear relevant (eg landscape atlas = *catalogue de paysage*).

The method implemented consists in analysing the European Landscape Convention text and then in extracting the terms used in the official languages of the Council of Europe, that is to say English and French. As a first stage, an experimentation will be done with two other languages, using terms from the translations of the European Landscape Convention, in order to see the relevance of the construction of a glossary in all the Member State of the Council of Europe languages.

- b) Others terms may be added to the above depending on the significance attached to them by the national correspondents. The latter will need to verify the validity of the information they deliver and will be able to consult the specialists of their countries.
- c) Links will be established with the thesauruses of the HEREIN and ECLAS databases.
- d) The organisation of the thesaurus will be founded mainly on keywords drawn from the words and phrases of the European Landscape Convention.

- e) Management of the thesaurus is ensured by another group of experts than the one assisting with the running of the information system but the groups will be in contact under arrangements discussed when the specifications of the information system are worked out.

5. Portal for accessing databases, open to projects and initiatives identified in conjunction with the Parties and associated with the implementation of the Convention

- a) Miscellaneous information on landscape protection, management and planning which may be directly entered in the database by public authorities and the public according to the criteria to be proposed by the Secretariat and the experts' working group;
- b) Council of Europe publications;
 - reference texts (of the European Landscape Convention, explanatory report and sundry recommendations, particularly for the implementation of the convention, conference reports, etc.);
 - records and communications of the meetings of Council of Europe workshops on the implementation of the European Landscape Convention;
 - records and communications of the Council of Europe national seminars on the implementation of the European Landscape Convention;
- c) News about the Council of Europe Landscape Prize: candidates, winners, winning entries;
- d) Chart of signatures and ratifications of the European Landscape Convention ;
- e) Bibliographies of non-Council of Europe publications: *link to external sites*:
 - scientific publications,
 - publications of research reports,
 - books on various topics, particularly landscape painting;
- f) Institutions specialising in the study, protection, management and planning of landscapes and especially in the implementation of the European Landscape Convention: *link to external websites*;
- g) Identification and mapping of landscapes placed under special protection status (protected landscapes, part of the UNESCO World Heritage, etc.): *link to external websites*;
- h) Scientific laboratories specialising in landscape research: *link to external websites*;
- i) Transfrontier experiences: *link to external websites*;
- j) Photographic landscape observatories: *link to external websites*.

6. News spot

This will function at three levels:

- A diary of events organised or sponsored by the Council of Europe Secretariat concerning the European Landscape Convention (colloquies, workshops, seminars and exhibitions in progress or announced);
- A diary of events organised by the other Parties and other local and regional authorities; these will be tagged with a link to the relevant websites;
- A diary of events concerned by the proceedings of the thematic forum and tagged with a link to the relevant websites.

V. LANGUAGES USED IN THE DATABASES

- a) The languages used at the Council of Europe are English and French. These will be the languages used for the databases, but the information coming from a State Party will also appear in the national language.
- b) For the forum hosting discussion between the Parties, the languages used will be English and French together with the language of the country or community concerned.
- c) For the other discussion forums hyperlinked with the information system, the initiative of having translation into the Council of Europe official languages carried out rests with those in charge of the forums.
- d) A link is established with the thesaurus/glossary.

VI. LINKS WITH EXISTING NETWORKS

Prime links will be established with intergovernmental or non-governmental networks and databases.

The databases of the Council of Europe, HEREIN and CEMAT, the governments and the LE NOTRE website of ECLAS or of certain NGOs will be given pride of place.

- a) The principle of the link is founded on the central theme covered by the network, institution or NGO;
- b) The institutional or NGO networks are the following:

Council of Europe:

- HEREIN: link under the heading of protection (heritage database);
- CEMAT: themes to be determined according to an instruction of the Conference;

Parties:

- Other links with the institutions of the Parties (ministries especially).

Non-governmental organisations:

- ECLAS: link to the thesaurus principally, and training matters;
- NGOs: links provided with the NGOs holding observer status with the Council of Europe in respect of the European Landscape Convention; the link will operate at the level of the Secretariat.

VII. MEDIUM-TERM DEVELOPMENT

- a) The information system will be put into effect starting with the preparation of a study specifying its architecture and proposing answers to the outstanding questions that will have been debated at the Conference of the European Landscape Convention in March 2009.
- b) Data collection might begin by inquiry among the correspondents of the Parties about national policies, then compilation of the database on national or regional policies.

- c) Work on the other databases, the glossary and the discussion forum will be spread out over progressive stages in collaboration with the technical operators. A timetable of these stages might be proposed together with the set of specifications for the information system. A trial model should be set up for testing and validation. These stages should lead to the creation of the European Landscape Convention Information System whose acronym will be OCEP in French and ELCO in English.
- d) In future, links may be established with other NGOs according to the state of progress with implementation of the European Landscape Convention and the subject areas covered by these NGOs.

VIII. ACTUATION

- a) The creation of the information system requires the development of a user-friendly technical and ergonomic model comprising tabs for access to the various databases and the other sections, in particular the discussion forum and the glossary/thesaurus. It should allow the incorporation of all forms of documents relating to the landscapes issue, such as maps, photographs, sketches, graphs and possibly 3D representations, etc. The system should be accessible to visually challenged persons, as already appears possible now with the development of new technologies.
- b) Actuation will begin by laying down the specifications of the information system, to which the present group of experts will contribute, assisting the Council of Europe Secretariat and the CDPATEP. This group might work in collaboration with the technical operator and form the agency looking after the validation and quality control of the data or leading the discussion forum. The choice of the group of experts rests with the Council of Europe Secretariat.

Appendix

Complementary synoptic explanatory table

Definitions	measures	nationals	European Co-operation	Exchange of	experiences	Status and connections
	General measures	Specific measures		Examples of good practice	Evaluation of landscapes – cartography maps	Status of ratification,
Landscape	Legislation – recognition of landscapes in law	Awareness-raising	International policies and programmes	Ministry responsibilities	Landscape Information system	contact person
Landscape policy	establish and implement landscape policies	Training and Education	Mutual assistance and exchange of information	NGO's participation	Protected landscapes: Natural heritage Cultural heritage	Connection addresses
Landscape quality objectives	participation of the general public	Identification and assessment	Transfrontier landscapes	Research institutions	Outstanding landscapes	Register of workshops
Landscape protection	Integration landscape into regional and town planning	Landscape quality objectives	Monitoring of the implementation of the Convention	Education institutions	Photo presentation landscape	List of national web sites
Landscape management	Integration landscape into cultural, environmental, agricultural, social and economical policies	Implementation – to introduce instruments aimed protection, management, planning	Landscape Award of the Council of Europe	National Landscape Award – presentation of national projects	Exhibitions on landscape projects	International discussion forum
Landscape planning				International cooperation	Publication on ELC and it's implementation	

APPENDIX 4

REQUEST OF THE SECRETARIAT OF THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE

(including a reference added to Article 7 of the ELC - 20 May 2009)

Strasbourg, 19 November 2008

Subject: Document T-FLOR (2008) NLP-ELC

Dear Madam, Dear Sir,

I have pleasure in informing you that the 5th Conference of the Council of Europe on the European Landscape Convention will take place in the Palais de l'Europe, in Strasbourg, on 30-31 March 2009.

As Article 8 of the Convention entitled "*Mutual assistance and exchange of information*", states that "*the Parties undertake to co-operate in order to enhance the effectiveness of measures taken under other articles of th(e) Convention, and in particular: ... c. to exchange information on all matters covered by the provisions of the Convention*", we would like to ask you, in view of the preparation of this Conference, if you could complete the document T-FLOR (2008) NLP-ELC in attachment and send it by e-mail to maguelonne.dejeant-pons@coe.int, by 15 February 2009. I am sending you for information the previous document T-FLOR (2007) 7 rev. prepared in 2007.

Yours faithfully,

Maguelonne DÉJEANT-PONS

Head of the Cultural Heritage, Landscape and Spatial Planning Division

Letter sent to the members of the CDPATEP and to other governmental delegates responsible for landscape matters and copy to the members of the CSO-CEMAT

Strasbourg, 19 November 2008

T-FLOR (2008) NLP ELC 2007-2008

EUROPEAN LANDSCAPE CONVENTION
– Florence Convention –

PRESENTATION OF THE
STATUS OF LANDSCAPE POLICIES IN
THE MEMBER STATES OF THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE
- 2007-2008 -

The articles mentioned refer to the European Landscape Convention

1.
State :.....

2. Has the European Landscape Convention been signed or ratified?

3. Correspondent:
 Name :.....
 Ministry/Department:

 Mail address:.....
 Phone:
 Fax:
 e-mail address:

4. Division of responsibilities
“Each Party shall implement this Convention, in particular Articles 5 and 6, according to its own division of powers, in conformity with its constitutional principles and administrative arrangements, and respecting the principle of subsidiarity, taking into account the European Charter of Local Self-government. Without derogating from the provisions of this Convention, each Party shall harmonise the implementation of this convention with its own policies.”(article 4)

4.1. Which ministry/administration is in charge of landscape?

4.2. Is this ministry/administration vested with other responsibilities?

4.3. Is this ministry/administration provided with a specific landscape policy document?

4.4. Are regional and local authorities empowered in respect of landscape?

4.5. Is there a framework for consultation between ministries on territorial and/or landscape matters (territorial conference, landscape council, other structure)?

4.6. Is there a consultation procedure for decision-making on territorial policy between the national and the regional levels?

4.7. What are the human and financial resources devoted to putting landscape policies in place:

4.7.1. At national level?

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.....

4.7.2. At regional level?

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5. General measures

"Each Party undertakes to recognise landscapes in law as an essential component of people's surroundings, an expression of the diversity of their shared cultural and natural heritage, and a foundation of their identity;" (article 5. a)

5.1. How is the term "landscape" defined in your language?

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.....

5.2. Is there a legal definition of the term "landscape"?

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.....

5.3. Is landscape the subject of one or more articles of the constitution or the basic law?

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5.4. Is landscape the subject of a specific law or is it embodied in other laws?

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.....

5.5. Is there a code that consolidates the applicable texts relating to landscape?

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"Each Party undertakes to establish procedures for the participation of the general public, local and regional authorities, and other parties with an interest in the definition and implementation of the landscape policies mentioned in paragraph b above;" (article 5, c)

5.6. What are the procedures for arranging participation:

5.6.1. by the public?

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5.6.2. by local and regional authorities?
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5.6.3. by other players with an interest in the framing and implementation of landscape policies?
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“Each Party undertakes to integrate landscape into its regional and town planning policies and in its cultural, environmental, agricultural, social and economic policies, as well as in any other policies with possible direct or indirect impact on landscape” (article 5 , d)

5.7. Which instruments allow the integration of landscape into:

5.7.1. regional planning policies?
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5.7.2. town planning policies?
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5.7.3. cultural policies?
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5.7.4. environmental policies?
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5.7.5. agricultural policies?
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5.7.6. social and economic policies?
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5.7.7. into such other policies as may have a direct or indirect effect on landscape?
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6. Specific measures

“Awareness-raising : Each Party undertakes to increase awareness among the civil society, private organisations, and public authorities of the value of landscapes, their role and changes to them.” (article 6, A)

6.1. Which measures have been taken to increase awareness:

6.1.1. in civil society (landscape-related events, celebrations, festivals, etc.)

6.1.1.1. at national level?
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6.1.1.2. at regional level?
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6.1.2. among private organisations?
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6.1.3. on the part of the public authorities?
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“Training and education: Each Party undertakes to promote training for specialists in landscape appraisal and operations” (article 6, B, a)

6.2. Which measures have been taken to promote training for specialists in landscape appraisal and operations (setting up specialist courses, recognition of landscape engineering diplomas, etc.)?
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“Each Party undertakes to promote multidisciplinary training programmes in landscape policy, protection, management and planning, for professionals in the private and public sectors and for associations concerned; (article 6, B, b)

6.3. Which measures have been taken to promote the introduction of multidisciplinary training programmes:

6.3.1. for professionals in the private sector?

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6.3.2. for professionals in the public sector?

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6.3.3. for associations concerned?

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“Each Party undertakes to promote: school and university courses which, in the relevant subject areas, address the values attaching to landscapes and the issues raised by their protection, management and planning.” (article 6 ,B, c)

6.4. Which measures have been taken to promote landscape-related training and education as part of the curriculum in:

6.4.1. primary education?

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6.4.2. secondary education?

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6.4.3. tertiary education?

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“Identification and assessment:

1. With the active participation of the interested parties, as stipulated in Article 5.c, and with a view to improving knowledge of its landscapes, each Party undertakes:

- a. i) to identify its own landscapes throughout its territory;*
- ii) to analyse their characteristics and the forces and pressures transforming them;*
- iii) to take note of changes;*

b. to assess the landscapes thus identified, taking into account the particular values assigned to them by the interested parties and the population concerned.

2. These identification and assessment procedures shall be guided by the exchanges of experience and methodology, organised between the Parties at European level pursuant to Article 8”. (article 6, C)

6.5. Which measures have been taken to carry out the identification of landscapes and the analysis of their characteristics (catalogues, atlases, registers of landscapes)

6.5.1. at national level?

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6.5.2. at regional level?

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“Landscape quality objectives: Each Party undertakes to define landscape quality objectives for the landscapes identified and assessed, after public consultation in accordance with Article 5.c.” (article 6, D)

6.6. Please give two or more examples of experiences conducive to the definition of landscape quality objectives.

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“Implementation :To put landscape policies into effect, each Party undertakes to introduce instruments aimed at protecting, managing and/or planning the landscape.” (article 6, E)

6.7. Which types of instruments have been adopted for protecting, managing and/or planning landscapes (management agreements, contracts, charters, seals of quality ...)?

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7. International policies and programmes

“Parties undertake to co-operate in the consideration of the landscape dimension of international policies and programmes, and to recommend, where relevant, the inclusion in them of landscape considerations”. (article 7)

7. Have there been examples of cooperation?

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8. Mutual assistance and exchange of information

*“The Parties undertake to co-operate in order to enhance the effectiveness of measures taken under other articles of this Convention, and in particular:
a. to render each other technical and scientific assistance in landscape matters through the pooling and exchange of experience, and the results of research projects;
b. to promote the exchange of landscape specialists in particular for training and information purposes;
c. to exchange information on all matters covered by the provisions of the Convention”. (article 8)*

8.1. Has technical and scientific assistance been conducted with other states and/or regions (pooling and exchange of experience, research work on landscape ...)?

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8.2. Have there been exchanges of landscape specialists?

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9. Transfrontier landscapes

“The Parties shall encourage transfrontier co-operation on local and regional level and, wherever necessary, prepare and implement joint landscape programmes.” (article 9)

9.1. Have actions to encourage transfrontier co-operation been conducted:

9.1.1. between states:

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9.1.1.1. at national level?

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9.1.1.2. at regional level?

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9.1.2. between regions of the state?

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9.2. Have programmes of transfrontier co-operation with other states and/or regions been set up?

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10. Landscape award of the Council of Europe

- “1. *The Landscape award of the Council of Europe is a distinction which may be conferred on local and regional authorities and their groupings that have instituted, as part of the landscape policy of a Party to this Convention, a policy or measures to protect, manage and/or plan their landscape, which have proved lastingly effective and can thus serve as an example to other territorial authorities in Europe. The distinction may be also conferred on non-governmental organisations having made particularly remarkable contributions to landscape protection, management or planning.*
2. *Applications for the Landscape award of the Council of Europe shall be submitted to the Committees of Experts mentioned in Article 10 by the Parties. Transfrontier local and regional authorities and groupings of local and regional authorities concerned, may apply provided that they jointly manage the landscape in question.*
3. *On proposals from the Committees of Experts mentioned in Article 10 the Committee of Ministers shall define and publish the criteria for conferring the Landscape award of the Council of Europe, adopt the relevant rules and confer the Award.*
4. *The granting of the Landscape award of the Council of Europe is to encourage those receiving the award to ensure the sustainable protection, management and/or planning of the landscape areas concerned.” (article 11).*

10.1. Have one or more landscape awards been instituted at national and/or regional level? Do they refer to the European Landscape Convention?

10.1.1. at national level

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10.1.2. at regional level

11. Major changes since the previous report (T-FLOR (2007) 7 rev.)

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ANNEXE 2

DEMANDE DU SECRETARIAT DU CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE

(incluant une référence ajoutée à l'article 7 de la CEP - 20 mai 2009)

Strasbourg, le 19 novembre 2008

Objet : Document T-FLOR (2008) PNP-CEP

Chère Madame, Cher Monsieur,

J'ai le plaisir de vous annoncer que la 5^e Conférence du Conseil de l'Europe sur la Convention européenne du paysage se tiendra au Palais de l'Europe, à Strasbourg, les 30-31 mars 2009.

L'article 8 de la Convention européenne du paysage intitulé « *Assistance mutuelle et échange d'informations* », prévoyant que « *Les Parties s'engagent à coopérer pour renforcer l'efficacité des mesures prises conformément aux articles de la [...] Convention, et en particulier : [...] c. à échanger des informations sur toutes les questions visées par les dispositions de la [...] Convention* », nous souhaitons vous demander, afin de préparer cette réunion, de bien vouloir compléter le document ci-joint T-FLOR (2008) PNP-CEP et de le faire parvenir par courriel pour le 30 février 2009 à maguelonne.dejeant-pons@coe.int. Nous faisons parvenir, pour information, le précédent document T-FLOR (2007) 7 rev., préparé en 2007.

Veuillez agréer, Chère Madame, Cher Monsieur, l'expression de ma meilleure considération.

Maguelonne DÉJEANT-PONS

Chef de la Division du patrimoine culturel, du paysage et de l'aménagement du territoire

Lettre adressée aux membres du CDPATEP et aux autres délégués gouvernementaux en charge des questions paysagères et copie aux membres du CHF-CEMAT

Strasbourg, le 19 novembre 2008

T-FLOR (2008) PNP CEP 2007-2008

CONVENTION EUROPEENNE DU PAYSAGE – Convention de Florence –

PRESENTATION DES POLITIQUES DU PAYSAGE MENEES DANS LES ETATS MEMBRES DU CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE - 2007-2008 -

Les articles mentionnés se réfèrent à la Convention européenne du paysage

1. Etat :

2. La Convention européenne du paysage a-t-elle été signée et ratifiée ?

.....
.....

3. Correspondant :

Nom :

Ministère/administration :

Adresse :

Téléphone :

Télécopie :

Adresse e-mail :

4. Répartition des compétences

« Chaque Partie met en œuvre la présente Convention, en particulier ses articles 5 et 6, selon la répartition des compétences qui lui est propre, conformément à ses principes constitutionnels et à son organisation administrative, et dans le respect du principe de subsidiarité, en tenant compte de la Charte européenne de l'autonomie locale. Sans déroger aux dispositions de la présente Convention, chaque Partie met en œuvre la présente convention en accord avec ses propres politiques. » (article 4)

4.1. Quel est le ministère/l'administration en charge du paysage ?

.....

4.2. Ce ministère/administration a-t-il d'autres attributions ?

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4.3. Ce ministère/administration dispose t-il d'un document spécifique en matière de politique du paysage ?

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4.4. Les autorités régionales et locales ont-elles une compétence en matière de paysage ?

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4.5. Existe-t-il un cadre de concertation interministériel concernant le territoire et/ou le paysage (conférence territoriale, conseil du paysage...)?

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4.6. Existe-t-il une procédure de concertation pour la prise de décision en matière de politique territoriale entre le niveau national et régional ?

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4.7. Quels sont les moyens humains et financiers consacrés à la mise en place des politiques du paysage :

4.7.1. au niveau national ?

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4.7.2. au niveau régional ?

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5. Mesures générales

« Chaque Partie s’engage à reconnaître juridiquement le paysage en tant que composante essentielle du cadre de vie des populations, expression de la diversité de leur patrimoine commun culturel et naturel, et fondement de leur identité ; » (article 5, a)

5.1. Quel est la définition du terme paysage dans votre langue ?

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5.2. Existe-t-il une définition juridique du terme paysage ?

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5.3. Le paysage fait-il l’objet d’un ou de plusieurs articles de la constitution ou de la loi fondamentale ?

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5.4. Le paysage fait-il l’objet d’une loi spécifique ou est-il intégré à d’autres lois ?

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5.5. Existe-t-il un code rassemblant les textes en vigueur concernant le paysage ?

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« Chaque Partie s’engage à mettre en place des procédures de participation du public, des autorités locales et régionales, et des autres acteurs concernés par la conception et la réalisation des politiques du paysage mentionnées à l’alinéa b ci-dessus ; » (article 5, c)

5.6. Quelles procédures permettent de mettre en œuvre une participation :

5.6.1. du public ?

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5.6.2. des autorités locales et régionales ?

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5.6.3. des autres acteurs concernés par la conception et la réalisation des politiques du paysage ?

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« Chaque Partie s'engage à intégrer le paysage dans les politiques d'aménagement du territoire, d'urbanisme et dans les politiques culturelle, environnementale, agricole, sociale et économique, ainsi que dans les autres politiques pouvant avoir un effet direct ou indirect sur le paysage. » (article 5, d)

5.7. Quels instruments permettent d'intégrer le paysage dans les politiques :

5.7.1. d'aménagement du territoire ?

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5.7.2. d'urbanisme ?

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5.7.3. culturelles ?

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5.7.4. environnementales ?

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5.7.5. agricoles ?

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5.7.6. sociales et économiques ?

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5.7.7. dans les autres politiques pouvant avoir un effet direct ou indirect sur le paysage ?

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6. Mesures particulières

« Sensibilisation : Chaque Partie s'engage à accroître la sensibilisation de la société civile, des organisations privées et des autorités publiques à la valeur des paysages, à leur rôle et à leur transformation » (article 6, A)

6.1. Quelles mesures ont été prises afin d'accroître la sensibilisation :

6.1.1. de la société civile (manifestations en faveur du paysage, fêtes, festivals...)

6.1.1.1. au niveau national ?

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6.1.1.2. au niveau régional ?

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6.1.2. des organisations privées ?

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6.1.3. des autorités publiques ?

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« Formation et éducation : Chaque Partie s'engage à promouvoir la formation de spécialistes de la connaissance et de l'intervention sur les paysages ; » (article 6, B, a)

6.2. Quelles mesures ont été prises en faveur de la formation de spécialistes à la connaissance et à l'intervention sur les paysages (établissement d'enseignements spécialisés, reconnaissance de diplôme en matière de paysage...) ?

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« Chaque Partie s'engage à promouvoir des programmes pluridisciplinaires de formation sur la politique, la protection, la gestion et l'aménagement du paysage, destinés aux professionnels du secteur privé et public et aux associations concernés (B) ; » (article 6, B, b)

6.3. Quelles mesures ont été prises en faveur de la mise en place de programmes pluridisciplinaire de formation, destinés :

6.3.1. aux professionnels du secteur privé ?

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6.3.2. aux professionnels du secteur public ?

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6.3.3. aux associations concernées ?

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« Chaque Partie s'engage à promouvoir des enseignements scolaire et universitaire abondant, dans les disciplines intéressées, les valeurs attachées au paysage et les questions relatives à sa protection, à sa gestion et à son aménagement. » (article 6 ,B, c)

6.4. Quelles mesures ont été prises en faveur de la formation et de l'éducation au paysage dans les programmes d'enseignements :

6.4.1. primaire ?

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6.4.2. secondaire ?

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6.4.3. universitaire ?

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« Identification et qualification

1. En mobilisant les acteurs concernés conformément à l'article 5.c et en vue d'une meilleure connaissance de ses paysages, chaque Partie s'engage :

- a. i) à identifier ses propres paysages, sur l'ensemble de son territoire ;
- ii) à analyser leurs caractéristiques ainsi que les dynamiques et les pressions qui les modifient ;
- iii) à en suivre les transformations ;

b. à qualifier les paysages identifiés en tenant compte des valeurs particulières qui leur sont attribuées par les acteurs et les populations concernés.

2. Les travaux d'identification et de qualification seront guidés par des échanges d'expériences et de méthodologies, organisés entre les Parties à l'échelle européenne en application de l'article 8. » (article 6, C)

6.5. Quelles mesures ont été prises en vue de réaliser l'identification et la qualification des paysages (catalogues, atlas, registres de paysages...)

6.5.1. au niveau national ?

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6.5.2. au niveau régional ?

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« Objectifs de qualité paysagère

Chaque Partie s'engage à formuler des objectifs de qualité paysagère pour les paysages identifiés et qualifiés, après consultation du public conformément à l'article 5.» (article 6, D)

6.6. Pourriez-vous mentionner deux exemples ou plus, d'expériences tendant à formuler des objectifs de qualité paysagère.

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« Mise en œuvre : Pour mettre en œuvre les politiques du paysage, chaque Partie s'engage à mettre en place des moyens d'intervention visant la protection, la gestion et/ou l'aménagement des paysages » (article 6, E)

6.7. Quels sont les types de moyens d'intervention adoptés en vue de protéger, gérer et/ou aménager les paysages (conventions de gestion, contrats, chartes, labels...) ?

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7. Politiques et programmes internationaux

« Les Parties s'engagent à coopérer lors de la prise en compte de la dimension paysagère dans les politiques et programmes internationaux, et à recommander, le cas échéant, que les considérations concernant le paysage y soient incorporées. » (article 7)

7. Est-il possible de donner des exemples ?

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8. Assistance mutuelle et échange d'informations

« Les Parties s'engagent à coopérer pour renforcer l'efficacité des mesures prises conformément aux articles de la présente Convention, et en particulier :

a. à offrir une assistance technique et scientifique mutuelle par la collecte et l'échange d'expériences et de travaux de recherche en matière de paysage ;

b. à favoriser les échanges de spécialistes du paysage, notamment pour la formation et l'information ;

c. à échanger des informations sur toutes les questions visées par les dispositions de la présente Convention. » (article 8)

8.1. Une assistance technique et scientifique a-t-elle été réalisée avec d'autres Etats et/ou régions (collecte et échange d'expériences, travaux de recherche en matière de paysage...) ?

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8.2. Des échanges de spécialistes du paysage ont-ils été effectués ?

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9. Paysages transfrontaliers

« Les Parties s'engagent à encourager la coopération transfrontalière au niveau local et régional et, au besoin, à élaborer et mettre en oeuvre des programmes communs de mise en valeur du paysage. » (article 9)

9.1. Des actions tendant à encourager la coopération transfrontalière ont-elles été menées :

9.1.1. entre les Etats :

9.1.1.1. au niveau national ?

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.....9.1.1.2. au niveau régional ?

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9.1.2. entre des régions de l'Etat ?

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9.2. Des programmes de coopération transfrontalière avec d'autres Etats et ou régions ont-ils été mis en place ?

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10. Prix du paysage du Conseil de l'Europe

« 1. Peuvent se voir attribuer le Prix du paysage du Conseil de l'Europe les collectivités locales et régionales et leurs groupements qui, dans le cadre de la politique de paysage d'une Partie à la présente Convention, ont mis en œuvre une politique ou des mesures visant la protection, la gestion et/ou l'aménagement durable de leurs paysages, faisant la preuve d'une efficacité durable et pouvant ainsi servir d'exemple aux autres collectivités territoriales européennes. La distinction pourra également être attribuée aux organisations non gouvernementales qui ont fait preuve d'une contribution particulièrement remarquable à la protection, à la gestion ou à l'aménagement du paysage.

2. Les candidatures au Prix du paysage du Conseil de l'Europe seront transmises aux Comités d'experts visés à l'article 10 par les Parties. Les collectivités locales et régionales transfrontalières et les regroupements de collectivités locales ou régionales concernés peuvent être candidats, à la condition qu'ils gèrent ensemble le paysage en question.

3. Sur proposition des Comités d'experts visés à l'article 10 le Comité des Ministres définit et publie les critères d'attribution du Prix du paysage du Conseil de l'Europe, adopte son règlement et décerne le prix.

4. L'attribution du Prix du paysage du Conseil de l'Europe doit conduire les sujets qui en sont titulaires à veiller à la protection, à la gestion et/ou à l'aménagement durables des paysages concernés. » (article 11)

10.1. Un ou des prix du paysage ont-ils été mis en place au niveau national et/ou régional ? Ce (ces) prix se réfère(nt)-t-il(s) à la Convention européenne du paysage ?

10.1.1. au niveau national

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10.1.2. au niveau régional

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11. Changements majeurs depuis le précédent rapport

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APPENDIX 5

TEMPLATE FOR THE PRESENTATION OF THE LANDSCAPE POLICIES IN THE MEMBER STATES OF THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE

Prepared by the Secretariat of the Council of Europe (4 March 2009)

(with reference added on 20 May 2009 to Article 7 of the ELC)

Article 8 of the Convention entitled “*Mutual assistance and exchange of information*”, states that “*the Parties undertake to co-operate in order to enhance the effectiveness of measures taken under other articles of th(e) Convention, and in particular: ... c. to exchange information on all matters covered by the provisions of the Convention*”. In order to promote mutual assistance and exchange of information, the Members States of the Council of Europe are invited to complete the following questionnaire.

Table of contents

Theme 1 - Basic information

Theme 2 - Agents, cooperation and resources

1. Governmental administration / organisation
2. Decentralised authorities
3. Other actors (organisations and institutions)

Theme 3 - Concept and definition of landscape measures

Theme 4 - Measures

1. General measures targeting landscape
2. Instruments to integrate landscape into policies
3. Awareness-raising
4. Training and education
5. Multidisciplinary training programmes
6. School and university courses
7. Identification and assessment

Theme 5 - European co-operation

1. International policies and programmes
2. Mutual assistance and exchange of information
3. Transfrontier landscapes
4. Landscape Award of the Council of Europe

Theme 6 - Major changes since the previous report

Theme 1 - Basic information

State

Has the European Landscape Convention been signed or ratified?

Yes

No

Theme 2 - Agents, cooperation and resources

This theme concerns the organisations and actors that represent landscape and spatial planning.

1. Governmental administration / organisation

Please list the competent government authorities with legal responsibilities for landscape policy and management:

Name of organisation	
Name of Minister	
Address	
Postcode	
City	
E-mail	
Website	
Name of Correspondent	
Address	
Postcode	
City	
E-mail	
Website	

Add government organisation

Governmental organisation: *Copy/paste structure of above tables and repeat for as many organisations you need to add*

Where is overall responsibility for landscape situated in the government structure? Which other responsibilities does the ministry have?

Please tick as many as are required e.g. Ministry of Environment and Tourism affairs, tick “environment” and “tourism”. If responsibility for landscape is equally split between several ministries / organisations, please indicate their remits in column 2 and 3.

Ministerial remit	Insert Name	Insert Name	Insert Name
Indicate ministry with overall responsibility (if applicable)			
Landscape protection Environmental Heritage Landscape Planning Religion Community Culture Environment Agriculture Foreign affairs Research Education Tourism Sport Media Other (please specify):			

Is this ministry/administration provided with a specific landscape policy document?

- Yes
- No

If yes, how is it called and what are its core points?

Which practices of consultation and exchange do exist between ministries on territorial and/or landscape matters (territorial conference, landscape council, other structure)?

Is there a territorial conference?	
Yes No	If yes, please indicate its title:

Authorities involved	
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How often does it take place?	Less than once a year Once a year Twice a year More often than once a year
What is the output of the conference?	Common statement Publication Joint Projects or Programmes Other

Is there a landscape council?	
Yes No	If yes, please indicate its title:

Authorities involved	
How often does it take place?	Less than once a year Once a year Twice a year More often than once a year
What is the output of the conference?	Common statement Publication Joint Projects or Programmes Other

Is there any other structure?	
Yes No	If yes, please indicate its title:

Authorities involved	
How often does it take place?	Less than once a year Once a year

	Twice a year More often than once a year
What is the output of the conference?	Common statement Publication Joint Projects or Programmes Other

What are the human and financial resources devoted to putting landscape policies in place at the national level?

Human Resources (Number of People within the authority working on landscape issues)	Financial Resources (Amount spent per year)
less than people	less than Euro
between and people	between and Euro
more than people	more than Euro

2. Decentralised authorities

Are there any regional and local authorities empowered in respect of landscape? If yes, please list:

Name of organisation	
Name of Deputy Director	
Address	
Postcode	
City	
E-mail	
Website	

What are the human and financial resources devoted to putting landscape policies in place at the regional level?

Human Resources (Number of People within the authority working on landscape issues)	Financial Resources (Amount spent per year)
less than people	less than Euro
between and people	between and Euro
more than people	more than Euro

Add other regional authorities

Regional and local authorities: *Word users - Copy/paste structure of above tables and repeat for as many organisations you need to add*

3. Other actors (organisations and institutions)

Which other relevant organisations or institutions are active in the field of landscape in your country? If yes, please list:

Name of organisation	
Address	
Postcode	
City	
E-mail	
Website	
Organisation type <i>Select one or add 'other'</i>	NGO INGO University Research Institution Private Company Museum Other:

On which human financial resources does the organisations activities rest upon ?

Human Resources (Number of people working on landscape issues)	Financial Resources (Amount spent per Year)
less than	less than Euro
between and	between and Euroe
more than	more than Euro

Add other regional organisations or institutions

Other relevant organisations or institutions : *Word users - Copy/paste structure of above tables and repeat for as many organisations you need to add*

How are those actors empowered or sustained through the ministry?

Structural Funding of Academic Institutions	Consultation Contracts with Researchers/Research Institutions
Structural Funding of INGOS	Funding of International Projects and International Exchange Activities concerning Landscape
Structural Funding of NGOs	Funding of Small-Scale Projects
Structural Funding of Museums	Funding of Exhibitions
Project Contracts with Private Companies	Other

Does the ministry interact with other actors concerned with landscape?

Yes
No
Not yet, but there are plans to establish an interaction in the coming year.

If yes, which procedures of consultation or cooperation have been established between different actors concerned with landscape?

Regular Meetings btw. national and local/regional authorities (please indicate how often and btw. whom those take place)	Networking organisation of different INGOs/NGOs (please indicate name and contact person)
Regular meetings btw. national authorities and INGOs/NGOs/Representatives of Research/Private Companies/Museums (please indicate how often and btw. whom those take place)	Joint Projects (please indicate actors involved and name of projects)
Regular Meetings between Local/Regional Authorities and INGOs/NGOs/Representatives of Research/Private Companies/Museums (please indicate how often and btw. whom those take place)	Joint Organization of Conferences (please indicate actors involved and name of projects)
Other	

Theme 3 - Concepts and Definition of Landscape

“Each Party undertakes to recognise landscapes in law as an essential component of people’s surroundings, an expression of the diversity of their shared cultural and natural heritage, and a foundation of their identity;” (article 5. a)

If there a legal definition of the term “landscape” in your country?

Yes	No
If yes, please indicate its name:	

If you think about the term “landscape” in your own language, which words do you have for it and how would you describe their meaning?

Word	Meaning

If you regard the following aspects of landscape, how would you estimate their importance for landscape?

	Very important	Important	Not important
Protection of Nature			

Agriculture			
Forestry and Watermanagement			
Cultural Heritage			
Protection and Renovation of built structure (houses, churches, other landmarks)			
Local People			

Is landscape the subject of one or more articles of the constitution or the basic law?

There is no article of the constitution or basic law dealing with landscape.
There is one article, which is called
There are several articles.

Is landscape the subject of a specific law or is it embodied in other laws?

There is no specific law or other laws dealing with landscape.
There is one law, which is called
There are several laws, which deal with landscape.

Is there a code that consolidates the applicable texts relating to landscape?

Yes	No
If yes, please indicate its name:	

Theme 4 - Measures focusing on Landscape

1. General Measures targeting Landscape

“Each Party undertakes to establish procedures for the participation of the general public, local and regional authorities, and other parties with an interest in the definition and implementation of the landscape policies mentioned in paragraph b above;” (article 5, c)

Which procedures have been established concerning the encouragement of participation of the public in landscape protection, management and planning?

Please name good practices, if applicable.

Local Level	Regional Level	National Level	Across Spatial Levels

Which procedures have been established concerning the encouragement of participation of the local and regional authorities in landscape protection, management and planning?

Please name good practices, if applicable.

Local Level	Regional Level	National Level	Across Spatial Levels

Which procedures have been established concerning the encouragement of participation of other actors in landscape protection, management and planning?

Please name good practices, if applicable.

Local Level	Regional Level	National Level	Across Spatial Levels

2. Instruments to integrate landscape into policies

“Each Party undertakes to integrate landscape into its regional and town planning policies and in its cultural, environmental, agricultural, social and economic policies, as well as in any other policies with possible direct or indirect impact on landscape” (article 5 , d)

Has landscape been integrated into the following policies?

	Please check:	Please indicate good practices, if available:
Regional planning policies	Yes No	
Town planning policies	Yes No	
Cultural policies	Yes No	
Environmental policies	Yes No	
Agricultural policies	Yes No	
Social and economic policies	Yes No	
Such other policies as may have a direct or indirect effect on landscape	Yes No	

3. Awareness Raising

“Awareness-raising : Each Party undertakes to increase awareness among the civil society, private organisations, and public authorities of the value of landscapes, their role and changes to them.” (article 6, A)

Which measures have been introduced to increase awareness

Please name good practices, if applicable.

	In civil society	Among private organisations	On part of public authorities
Local Level			
Regional Level			
National Level			
Across Spatial Levels			

4. Training and Education

“Training and education: Each Party undertakes to promote training for specialists in landscape appraisal and operations” (article 6, B, a)

Which measures have been taken to promote training for specialists in landscape appraisal and operations?

Measures	Further description of concrete measures taken
Setting up advanced training and further training (e.g. for landscape architects, urbanists, architects, constructors, farmers, professional gardeners, lawyers, sociologists, anthropologists, archeologists, etc.) to sustain specialisation in landscape planning, management or protection	
Recognition of landscape diplomas	
Promoting of special Bachelor/Master degree programmes on landscape	
Setting up PhD grants for actual project proposals focusing on landscape	
Setting up financial support for NGOs for multiplier-training in landscape sensitivity	
Other	

5. Multidisciplinary training programmes

“Each Party undertakes to promote multidisciplinary training programmes in landscape policy, protection, management and planning, for professionals in the private and public sectors and for associations concerned; (article 6, B, b)

Which measures have been taken to promote the introduction of multidisciplinary training programmes? Please indicate examples, if available:

	For associations?	For professionals in the private sector?	For professionals in the public sector?
Landscape Policy			
Landscape Protection			
Landscape Management			
Landscape Planning			

6. School and university courses

“Each Party undertakes to promote school and university courses which, in the relevant subject areas, address the values attaching to landscapes and the issues raised by their protection, management and planning.” (article 6 ,B, c)

Which measures have been taken to promote landscape-related training and education as part of the curriculum in the following educational schemes? Please list some examples, if available.

Primary education?	Secondary education?	Tertiary education?

7. Identification and Assessment

“With the active participation of the interested parties, as stipulated in Article 5.c, and with a view to improving knowledge of its landscapes, each Party undertakes:

- a. i) to identify its own landscapes throughout its territory; ii) to analyse their characteristics and the forces and pressures transforming them;iii) to take note of changes;
- b. to assess the landscapes thus identified, taking into account the particular values assigned to them by the interested parties and the population concerned.

2. These identification and assessment procedures shall be guided by the exchanges of experience and methodology, organised between the Parties at European level pursuant to Article 8”. (article 6, C)

Which measures have been taken to carry out the identification of landscapes and the analysis of their characteristics?

	At regional level	At national level
Catalogues & Brochures		
Atlases		
Registers of landscapes		
Other		

“Landscape quality objectives: Each Party undertakes to define landscape quality objectives for the landscapes identified and assessed, after public consultation in accordance with Article 5.c.” (article 6, D)

Have quality objectives yet been defined in your country?

Yes	No
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Please give two or more examples of how landscape quality objectives have been defined.

Example 1	
Example 2	

“Implementation :To put landscape policies into effect, each Party undertakes to introduce instruments aimed at protecting, managing and/or planning the landscape.” (article 6, E)

Which types of instruments have been adopted for protecting, managing and/or planning landscapes?

management agreements	contracts
charters, seals of quality	other
seals of quality	other

Theme 5 - European co-operation

1. International policies and programmes

“Parties undertake to co-operate in the consideration of the landscape dimension of international policies and programmes, and to recommend, where relevant, the inclusion in them of landscape considerations”. (article 7)

Please give two or more examples of international policies and programmes.

Example 1	
Example 2	

2. Mutual assistance and exchange of information

“The Parties undertake to co-operate in order to enhance the effectiveness of measures taken under other articles of this Convention, and in particular:

- a. to render each other technical and scientific assistance in landscape matters through the pooling and exchange of experience, and the results of research projects;*
- b. to promote the exchange of landscape specialists in particular for training and information purposes;*
- c. to exchange information on all matters covered by the provisions of the Convention”.* (article 8)

Has technical and scientific assistance been conducted with other states and/or regions (pooling and exchange of experience, research work on landscape ...)? If yes, please indicate good practices.

<p>Yes</p> <p>No</p>	<p>Good practice:</p>
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Have there been exchanges of landscape specialists? If yes, please indicate good practices.

<p>Yes</p> <p>No</p>	<p>Good practice:</p>
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3. Transfrontier landscapes

“The Parties shall encourage transfrontier co-operation on local and regional level and, wherever necessary, prepare and implement joint landscape programmes.” (article 9)

Have actions to encourage transfrontier co-operation been conducted?

	between states	at national level	at regional level	between regions of the state
Yes/No	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
Good Practice				

Have programmes of transfrontier co-operation with other states and/or regions been set up?

Yes	No
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4. Landscape Award of the Council of Europe

“1. The Landscape award of the Council of Europe is a distinction which may be conferred on local and regional authorities and their groupings that have instituted, as part of the landscape policy of a Party to this Convention, a policy or measures to protect, manage and/or plan their landscape, which have proved lastingly effective and can thus serve as an example to other territorial authorities in Europe. The distinction may be also conferred on non-governmental organisations having made particularly remarkable contributions to landscape protection, management or planning.

2. Applications for the Landscape award of the Council of Europe shall be submitted to the Committees of Experts mentioned in Article 10 by the Parties. Transfrontier local and regional authorities and groupings of local and regional authorities concerned, may apply provided that they jointly manage the landscape in question.

3. On proposals from the Committees of Experts mentioned in Article 10 the Committee of Ministers shall define and publish the criteria for conferring the Landscape award of the Council of Europe, adopt the relevant rules and confer the Award.

4. The granting of the Landscape award of the Council of Europe is to encourage those receiving the award to ensure the sustainable protection, management and/or planning of the landscape areas concerned.” (article 11).

Have one or more landscape awards been instituted at national and/or regional level?

	Yes	No
At national level		
At regional level		

Do they refer to the European Landscape Convention?

	Yes	No
At national level		
At regional level		

Theme 6: Major changes since the previous report