

#### **Martin Kanzler**

Deputy Head of Department for Market Information

European Audiovisual Observatory

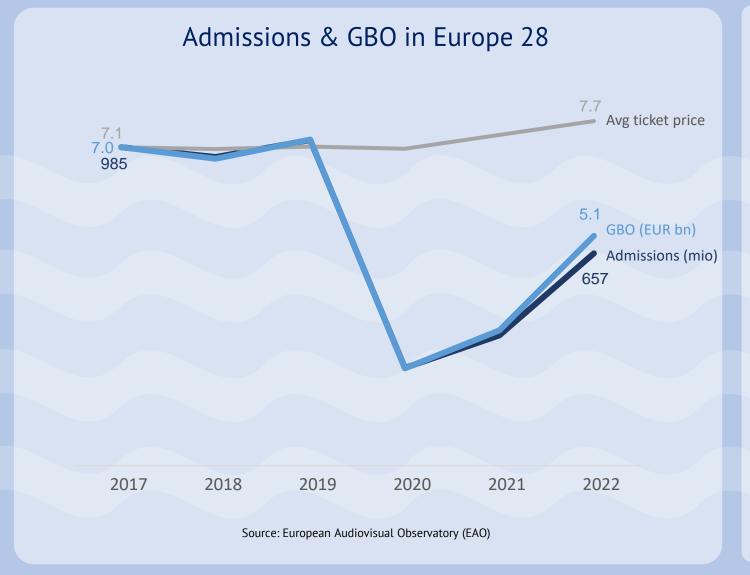


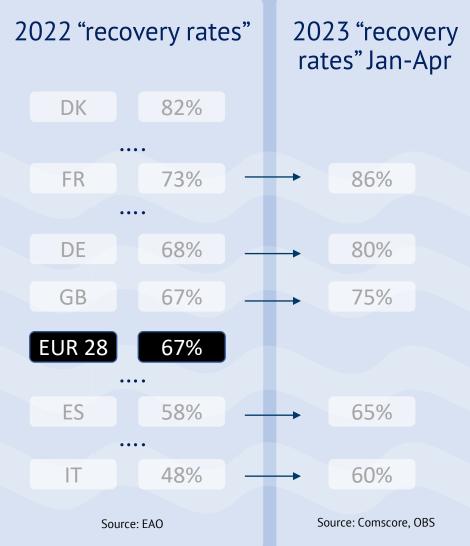


# Let's start with the fundamentals

## European box office is growing, but still 33% lower ...

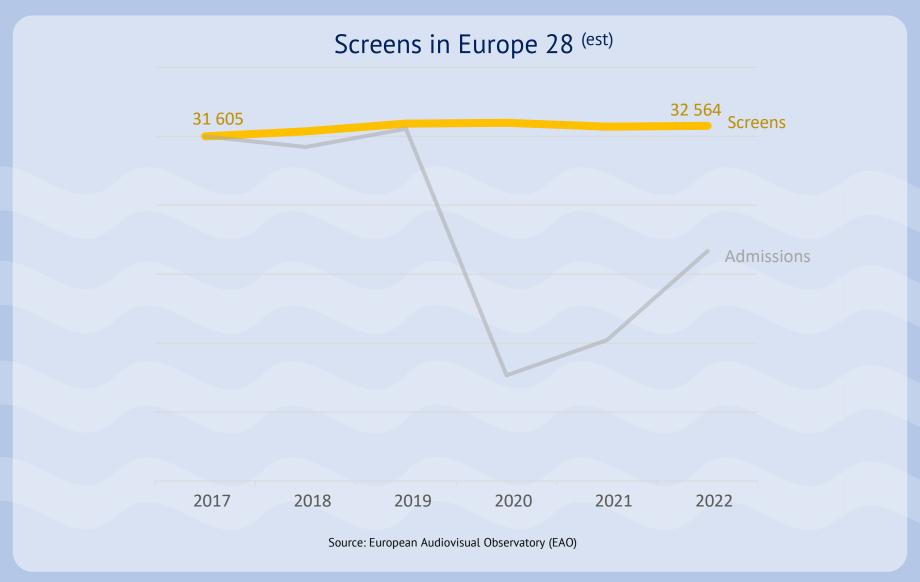


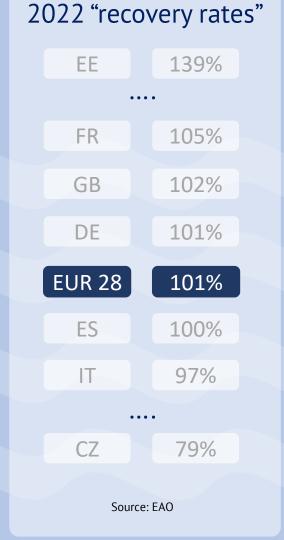




## However, European screen base did not shrink (at all)

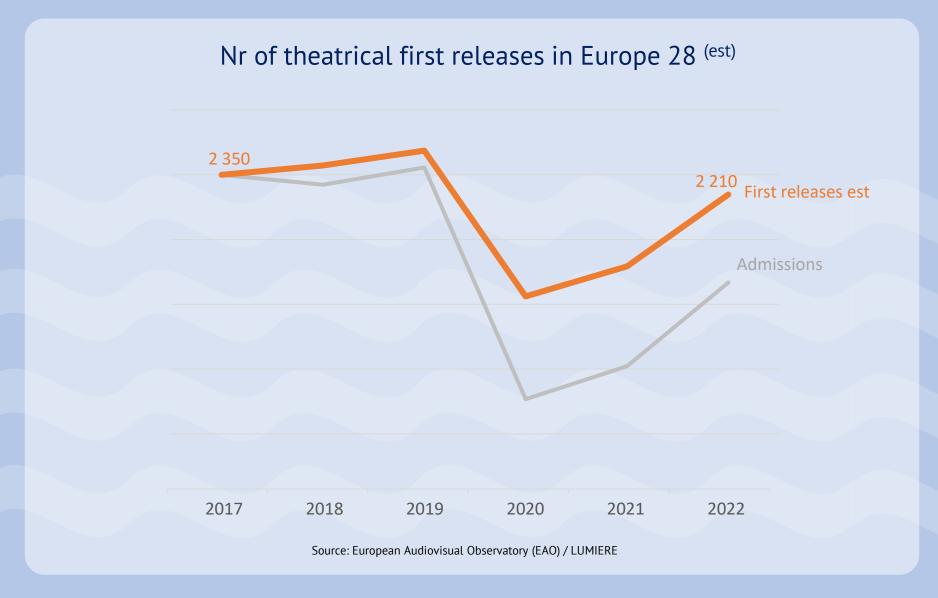


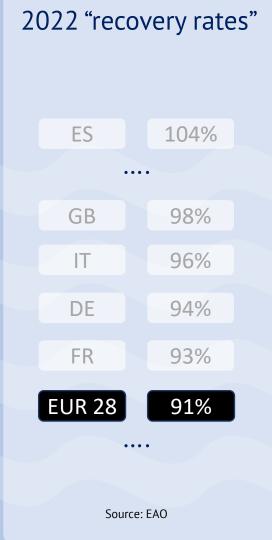




## Number of first releases (almost) back to normal levels ...



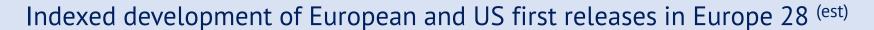


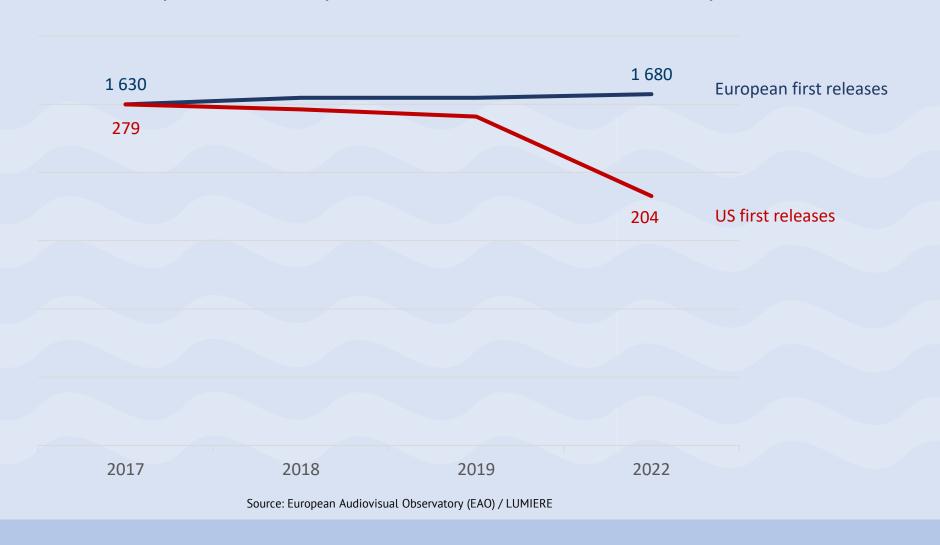


# a closer look at the film offering

## More European, less US releases ...







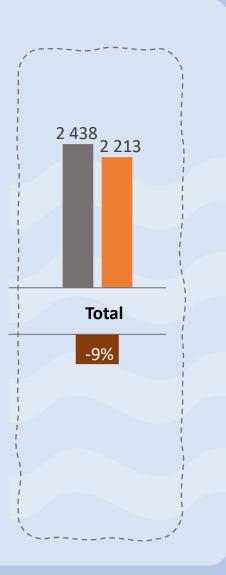
#### ... and far fewer blockbusters and mid-tier films



Number of first releases by admissions bracket

Avg 2017 - 2019

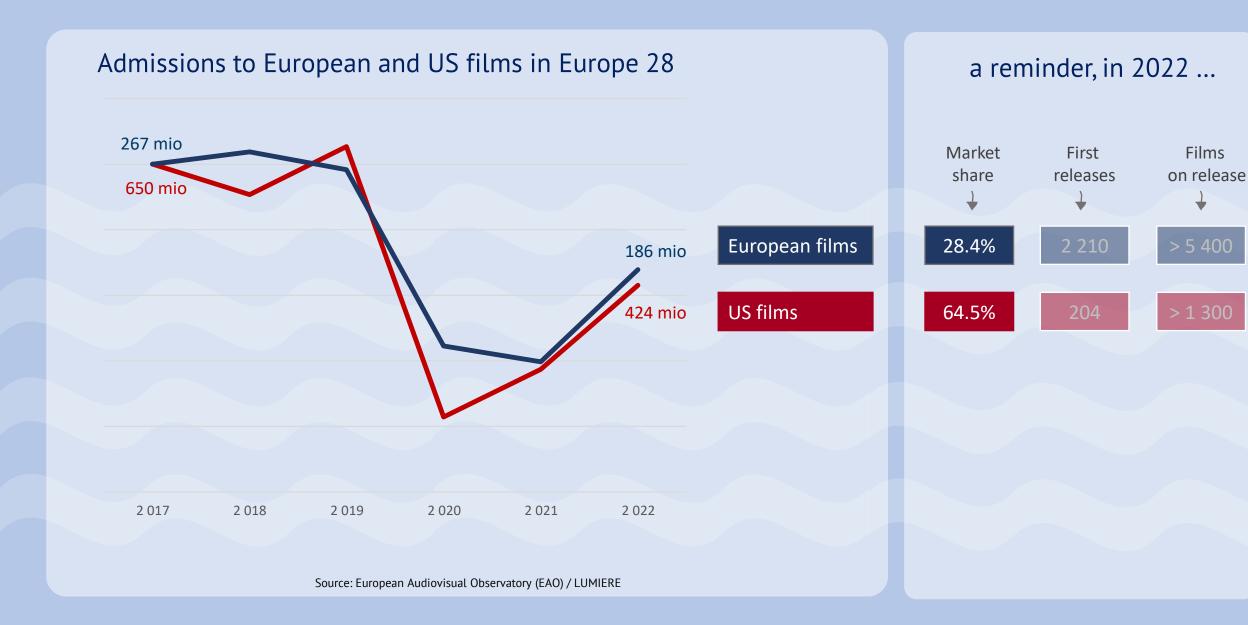
2022



## a closer look at the **drop in admissions**

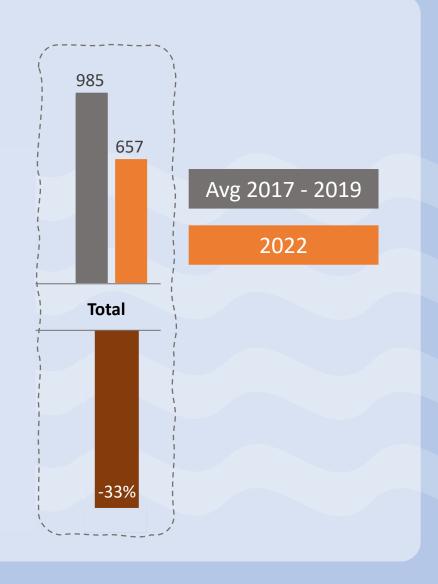
## Drop in US admissions not proportional to drop in releases





## Admissions drop due to lower admissions to high grossing films ...

Admissions by admissions bracket – Europe 28 in million



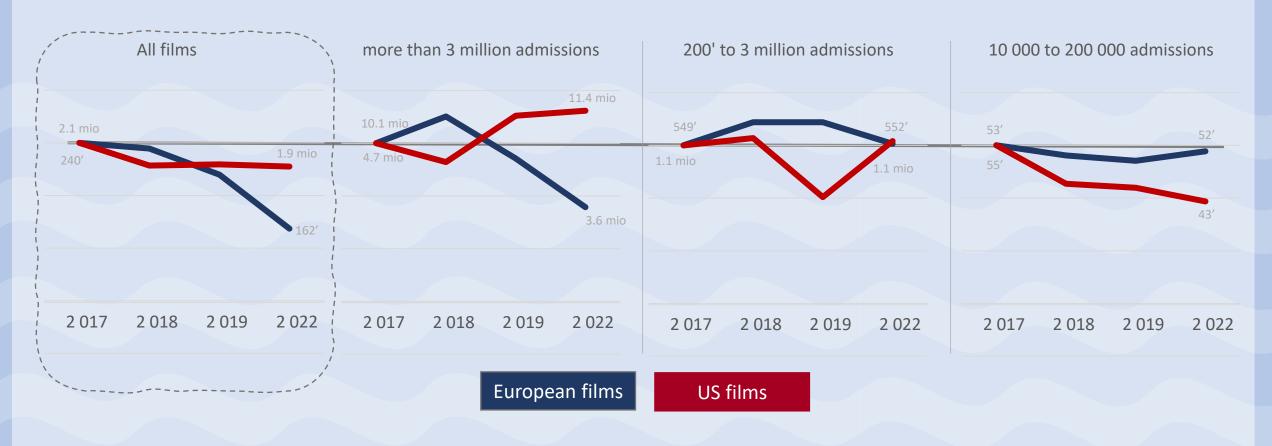
Source: European Audiovisual Observatory (EAO) / LUMIERE

### Lower average admissions to European films

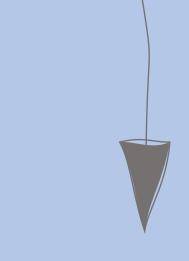


#### Indexed average admissions to US and European films\*

" in million. Calculated only for films selling more than 10 000 tickets.



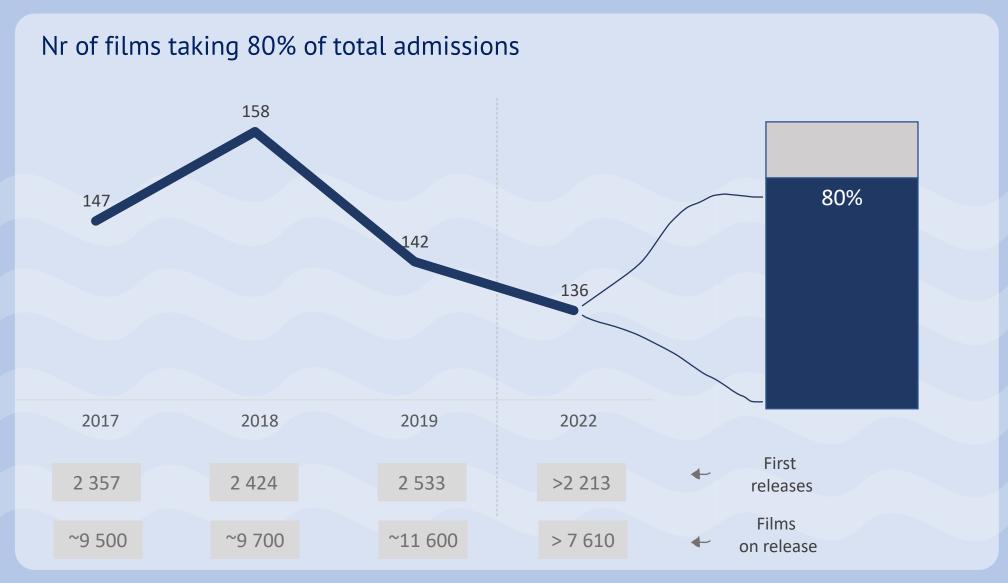
Source: European Audiovisual Observatory (EAO) / LUMIERE



## concentration

## Fewer films accounting for 80% of total admissions

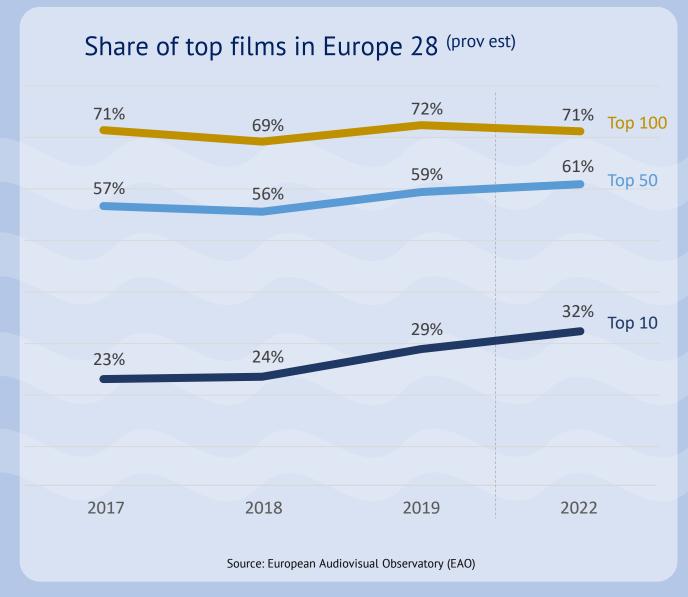




Source: European Audiovisual Observatory (EAO) / LUMIERE

## Increased concentration on top 10 films





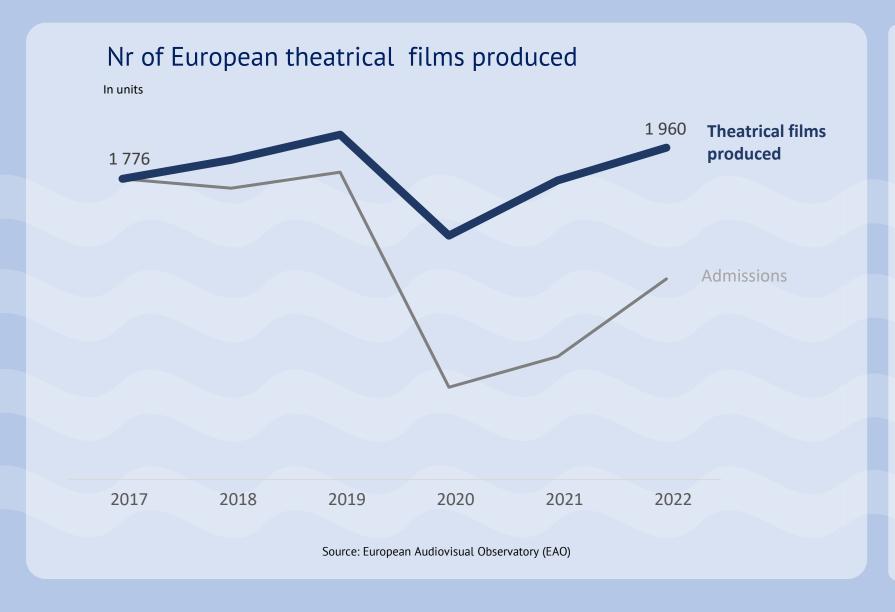




# implications on production levels

## Productions seemingly unaffected by box office decline ...







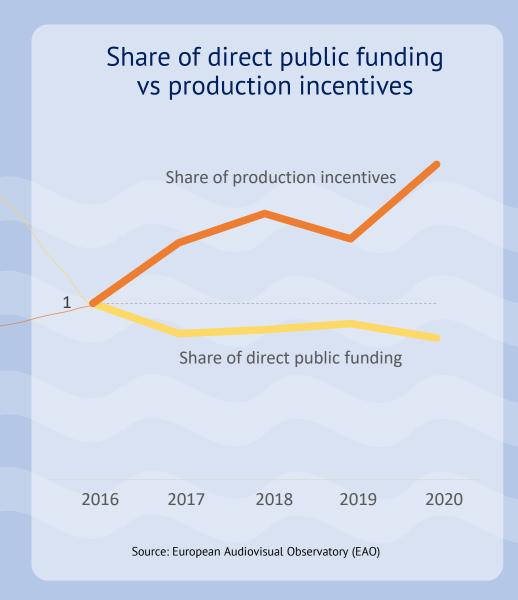
## ... arguably thanks to public support



Financing structure of European theatrical films (prov. est.)

	2016	2020
Direct public funding	29%	24%
Broadcaster contributions	26%	21%
Prod Invest (excl Broadcaster)	16%	18%
Production incentives	9%	16%
Presales (excl national TV and VOD)	15%	14%
Other financing sources	5%	7%
Total sample fin. volume (in EUR billion)	1.4	1.3

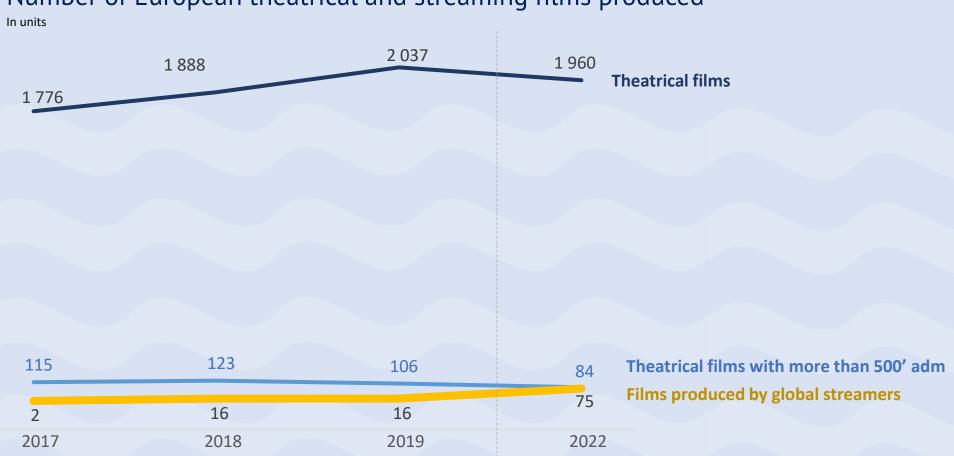
Source: European Audiovisual Observatory (EAO)



## Increasing number of platform films







Source: European Audiovisual Observatory (EAO)

Wrap it up, already!

- ... Lower box office
- ... Higher concentration
- ... Lower avg admissions
- ... Meaning, that while theatrical exploitation was already difficult for European films, it became even more difficult
- ... Despite that, production levels seems to be unaffected by this
- ... Is the traditional link between box office and film production loosening?

## tbd



A two-fold objective for a multi-level public policy

European Audiovisual Observatory Conference Cannes Film Festival, 20 May 2023

#### **Sophie Valais**

Deputy Head of Department for Legal Information European Audiovisual Observatory





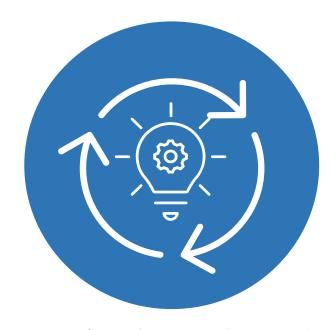
# A range of public policy tools based on support to culture and the industry



Legal basis in the EU Treaties



EU legal toolbox and key concepts



A diversity of national approaches

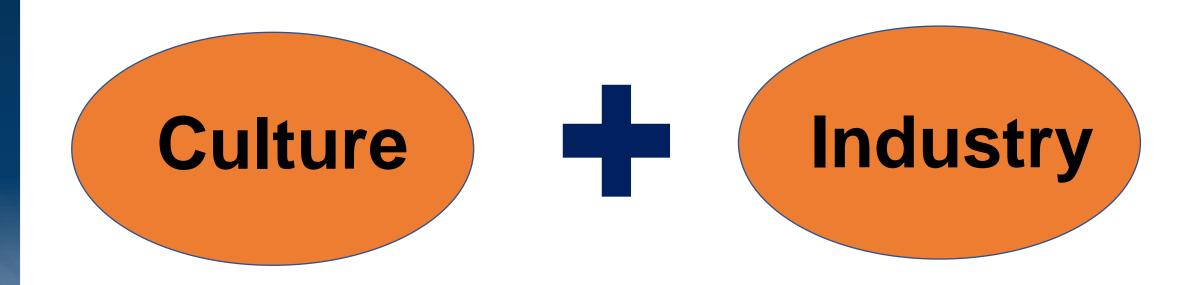
## Legal basis in the EU Treaties





Image source: Robert Baldwin, A Matter of Principle

## A two-fold objective for EU action...



## Legal basis for EU action

#### **Culture and subsidiarity**

- Art 167 TFEU: The EU contributes to the <u>flowering of the cultures</u> of the Member States
- Art. 5 TEU + Art. 2.5, Art 6(c) TFEU Principle of subsidiarity of EU action on culture

#### Competition and exclusive competence

- Art. 173 TFEU Shared competence to ensure the <u>competitiveness</u> of the EU industry
- Art. 107(3)(d) <u>Exclusive competence</u> of the EU on <u>competition rules</u>



## EU legal toolbox and key concepts





Image source: Simon Laganière, Les outils

## A multi-dimensional EU legal framework

**Copyright Package** 

**Sat-Cab Directive** 

Communication on state aid for films and other AV works

**EU Competition law** 

Audiovisual Media Services Directive





**Portability Regulation** 

**Geo-Blocking Regulation** 

**Services Directive** 

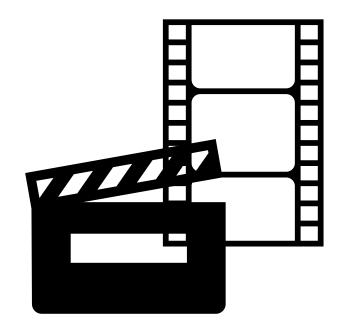
**E-Commerce Directive** 

DSA/DMA

## **Obligations - Promotion of European works**

#### Audiovisual Media Services Directive (revised in 2018)

- Obligations on TV broadcasters (Articles 16-17)
- Obligations on on-demand services (Article 13)



## Promotion and distribution of European works

**Obligations for TV broadcasters (Articles 16-17)** 



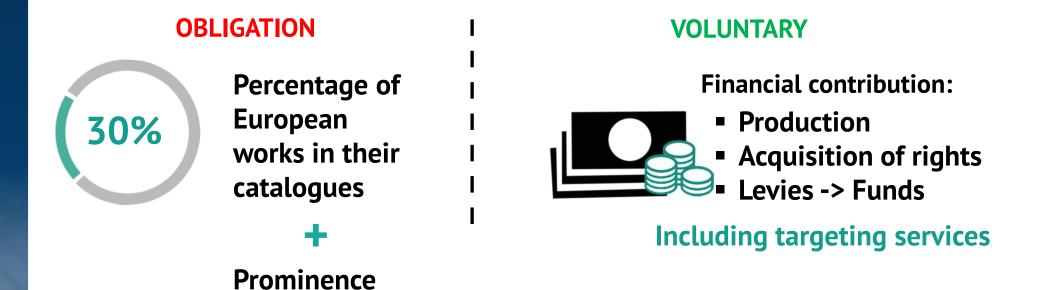
majority proportion of broadcasting time



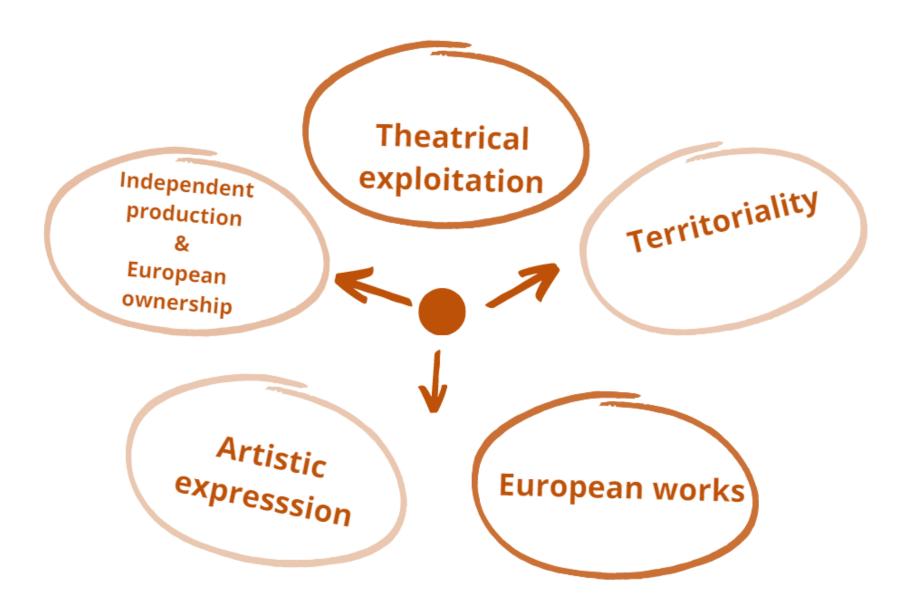
of broadcasting
time/programming budget for
European works created by
producers who are independent
of broadcasters

## Promotion and distribution of European works

**Obligations for on-demand services (Article 13)** 



## A policy approach based on some key concepts...



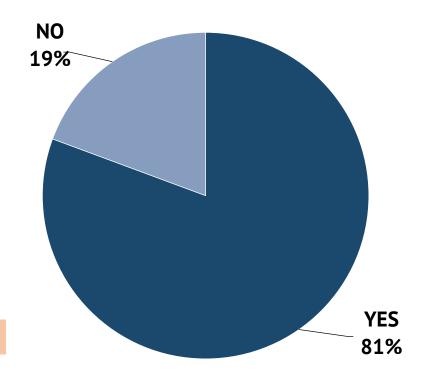
## Defining "European works"

Under Art. 1(n) AVMSD, European works are:

- i. works originating in Member States;
- ii. works originating in European **third States party to the European Convention on Transfrontier Television** of the CoE;
- **iii. works co-produced** within the framework of agreements related to the audiovisual sector between the Union and third countries.

Without prejudice to the possibility of Member States laying down a more detailed definition as regards media service providers under their jurisdiction.

#### **Definition of "European works" in the EU27**



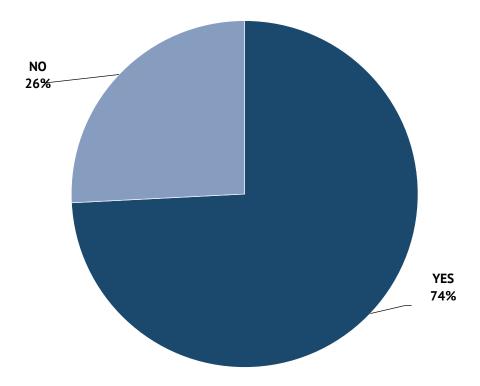
## Defining (or not) "independent" producer

Art. 17 AVMSD – Independence from broadcasters

Definition of "independent producer« in the EU 27

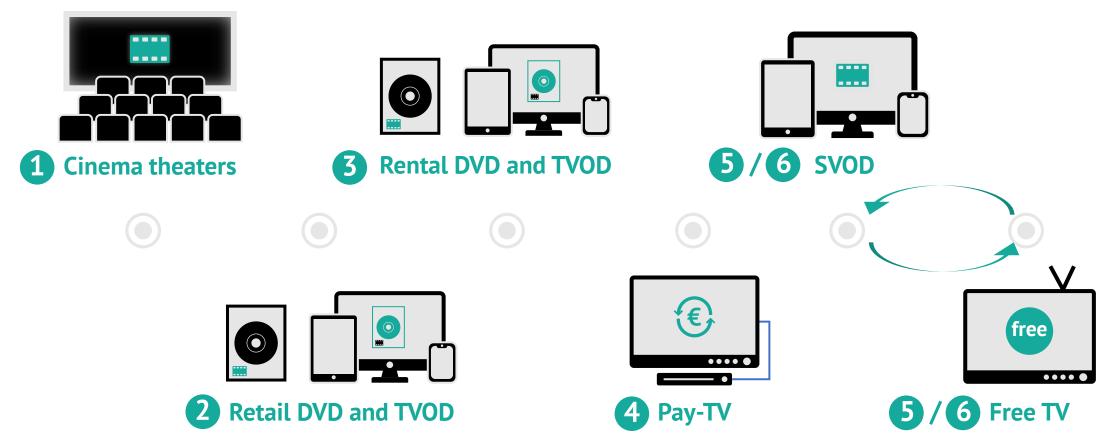
#### **Recital 71 AVMSD:** criteria used are:

- the level of shares hold in the production company (or vice versa);
- the level of turnover that a production company makes due to contracts with a single AVMS service.



## Regulating (or not) release windows

The exploitation of cinematographic works



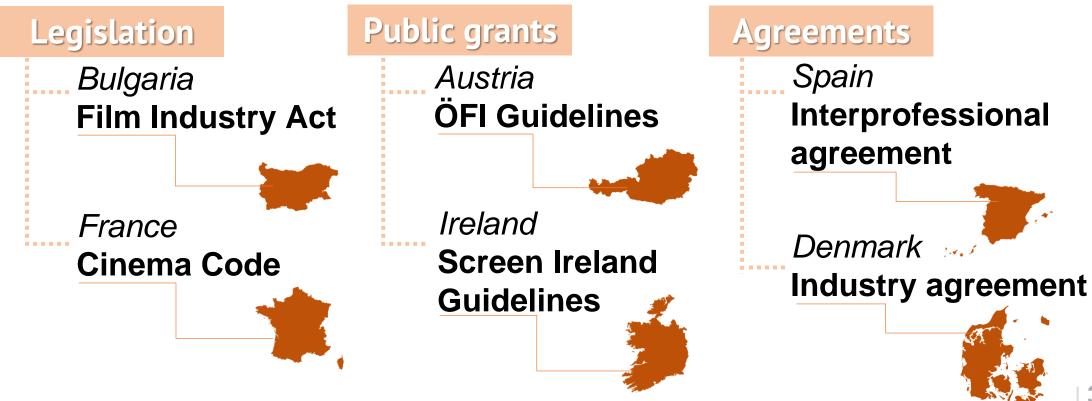
#### Release windows – various approaches

**EU Legal basis:** 

**EU Competition Law** 



+ Art. 8 AVMSD



# A diversity of national approaches

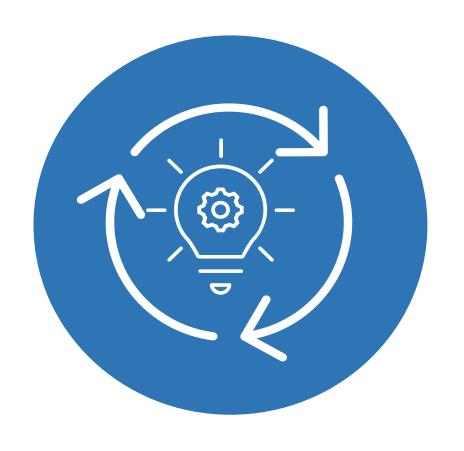
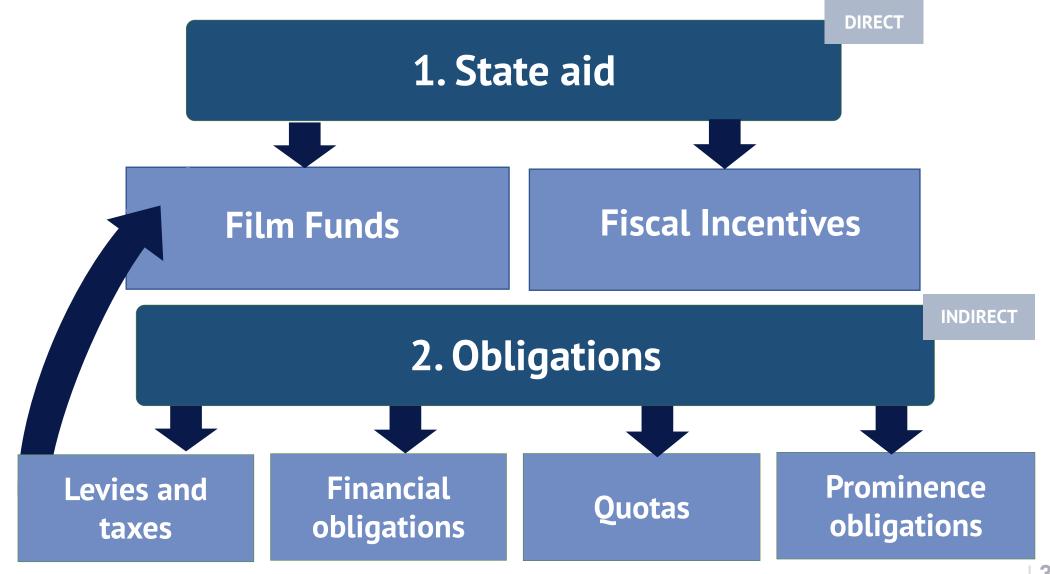


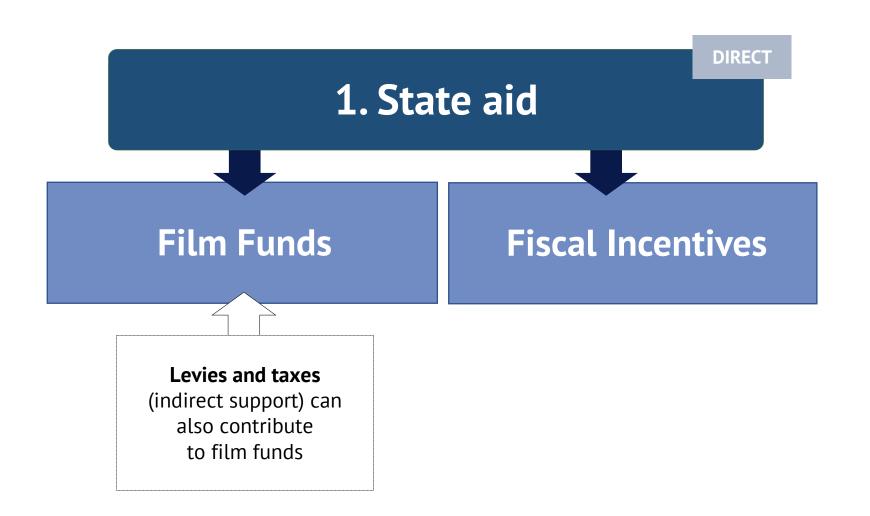


Image source: DVD: The Wolf of Wall Street (theartsdesk.com)

## A two-sided full ecosystem...



# Public aid: support to cultural diversity vs. support to the industry



## Various types of public aid

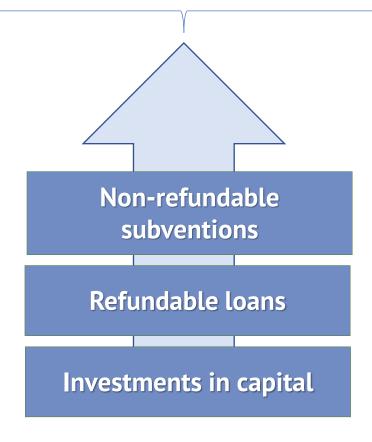
Films, series, documentaries...

Production, distribution, exhibition...

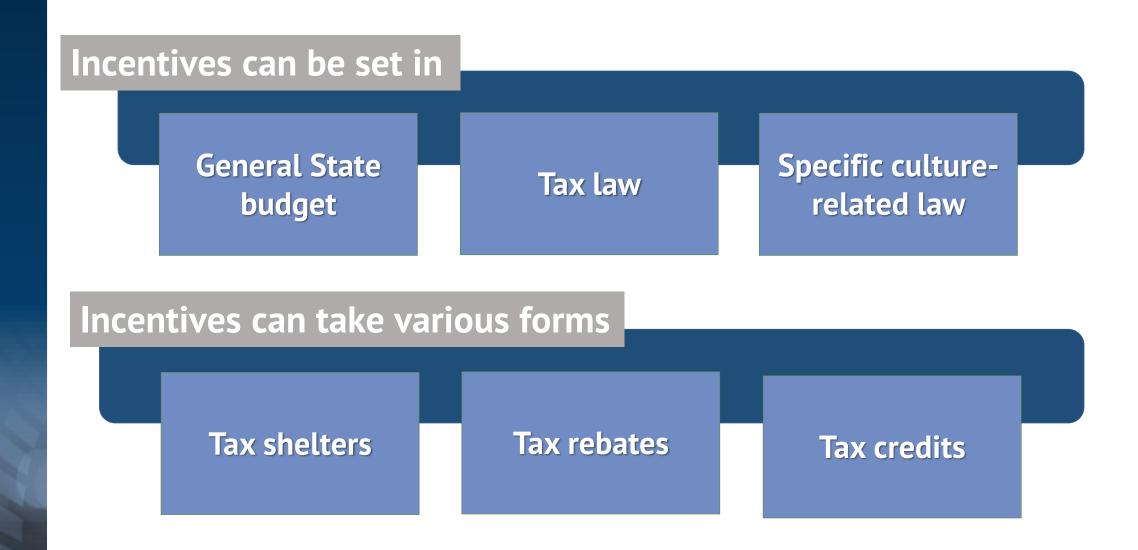
Automatic / selective

Pan-European, national, regional

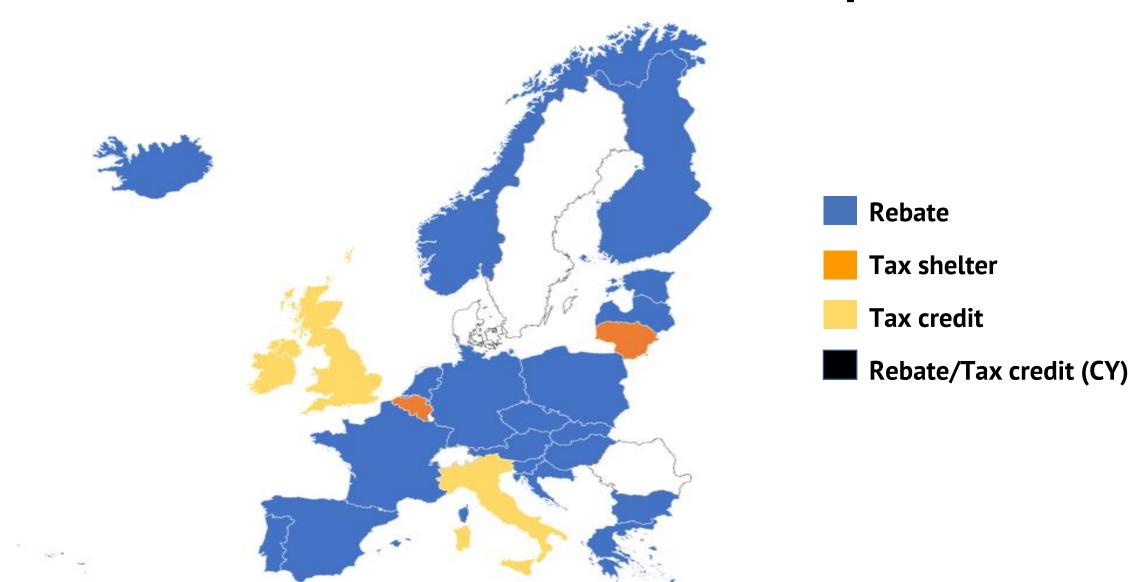
With various types of intervention



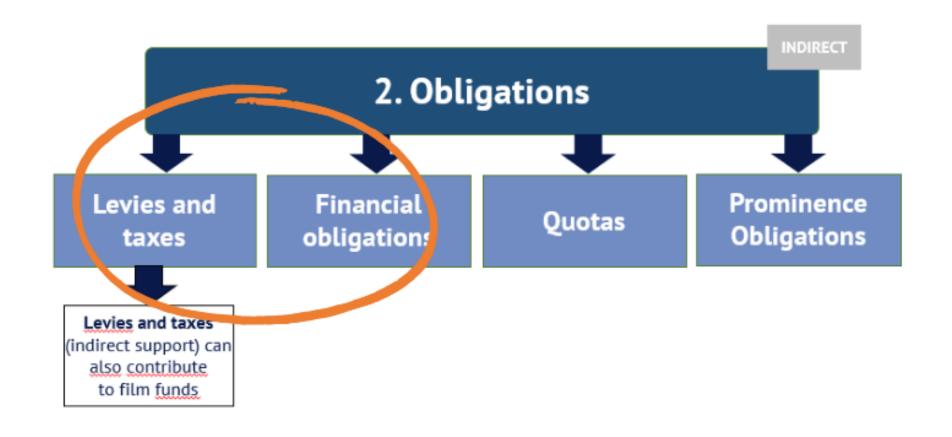
#### Various types of fiscal incentives



# Overview of fiscal incentives in Europe



# Financial obligations, taxes and levies



# Financial contribution (Art. 13.2 AVMSD)

#### **VOLUNTARY**

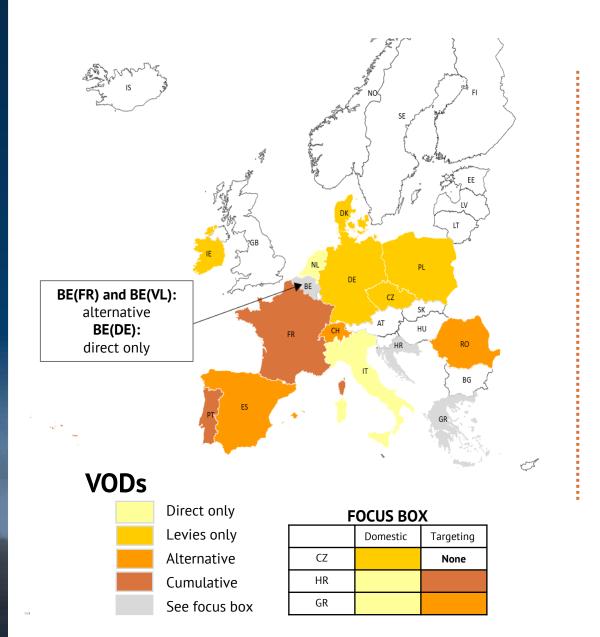


Financial contribution:

- Production
- Direct investments
- National funds

**Including targeting services** 

#### National overview - Financial contribution





#### **TV BROADCASTERS**

No obligation

Obligations on domestic and/or targeting services

Belgian specificities

# Next steps?

- Culture or competitiveness: Are these goals still valid today?
- Do the tools match the goals?
- What is cultural diversity in today's market reality?





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# Thank you for your attention!

sophie.valais@coe.int





# And now the panel discussion! Meet our guests (from left to right)

Moderator: Sophie Valais

Laurent Dutoit, CEO of Agora Films (CH)

**Didar Domehri**, Producer, **Chris Marcich**, CEO of Maneki films (FR)

Tomas Eskilsson, Head of Asger Flygare Bech-Strategy, Film i Väst (SE)

Moderator: Gilles Fontaine

Mariela Besuievsky, (ES) Producer, Tournesol Media

Croatian AV Centre (HR)

Thomsen, CEO of Nordisk Film Cinemas (Nordic)

Thanks so much for attending and see you all next year!

For more information about the European Audiovisual Observatory, drop by on our stand just next to this conference room - H1. We've got some great free cinema databases to show you!

Observatoire européen de l'audiovisuel European Audiovisual Observatory Europäische Audiovisuelle Informationsstelle

