

CEPEJ Study on the judicial systems in the EU Member States - Country fiche

Judiciary at a glance in Bulgaria

(2022 data)

General data

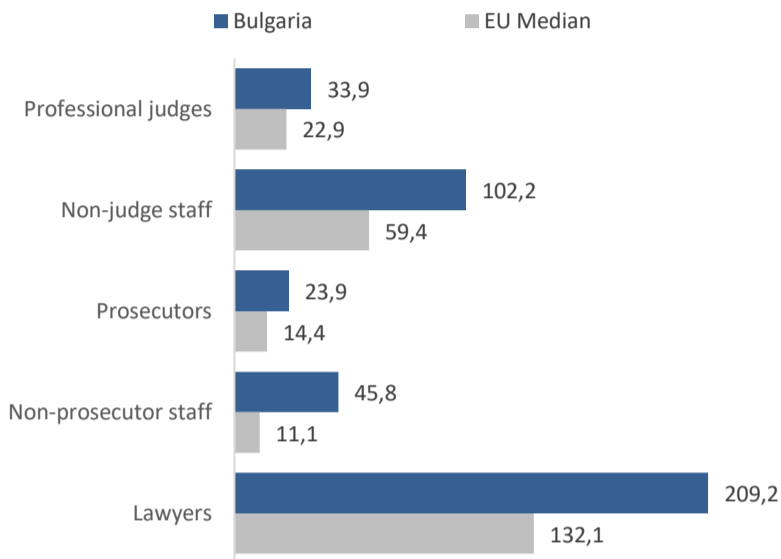
Population: 6 447 710

GDP per capita: 13 271 €

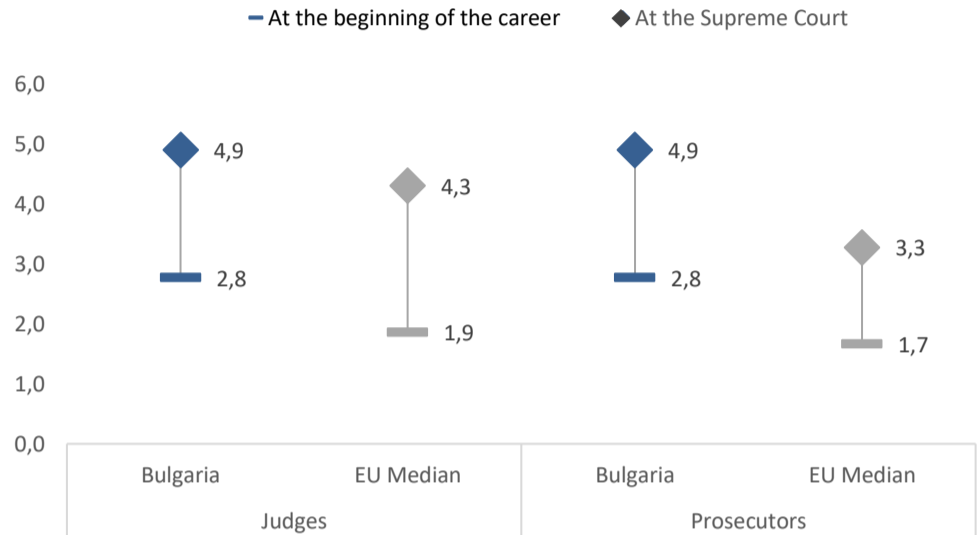
Average annual salary: 10 861 €

Professionals

Judicial professionals per 100 000 inhabitants

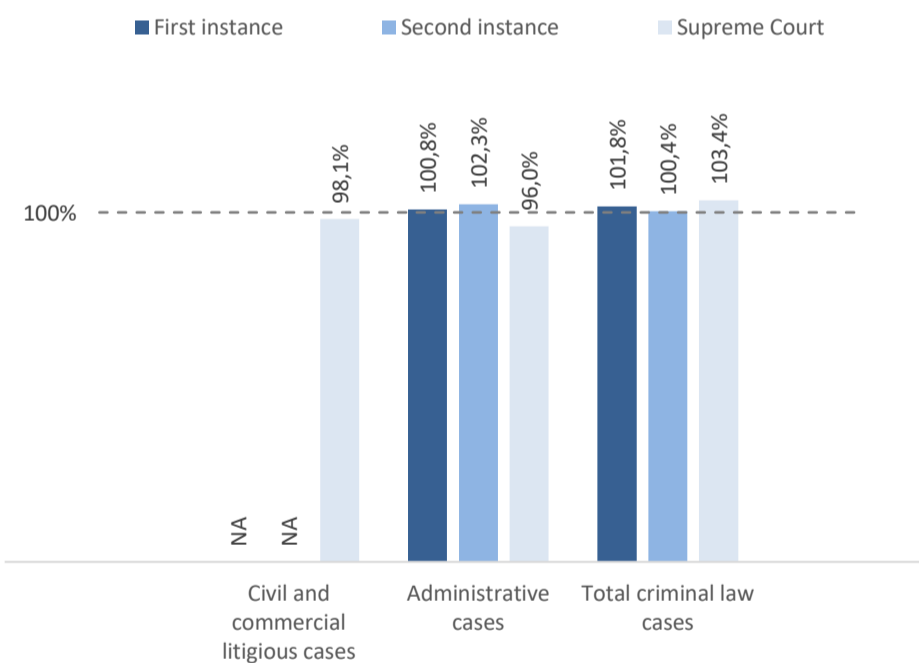


Gross salaries of judges and prosecutors vs average annual salary in 2022

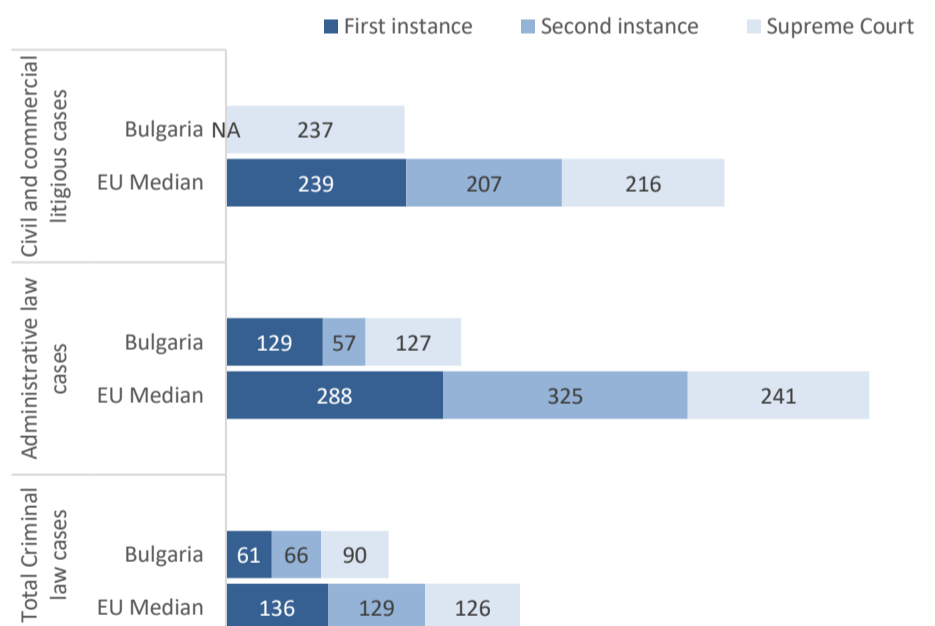


Efficiency

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2022 (%)

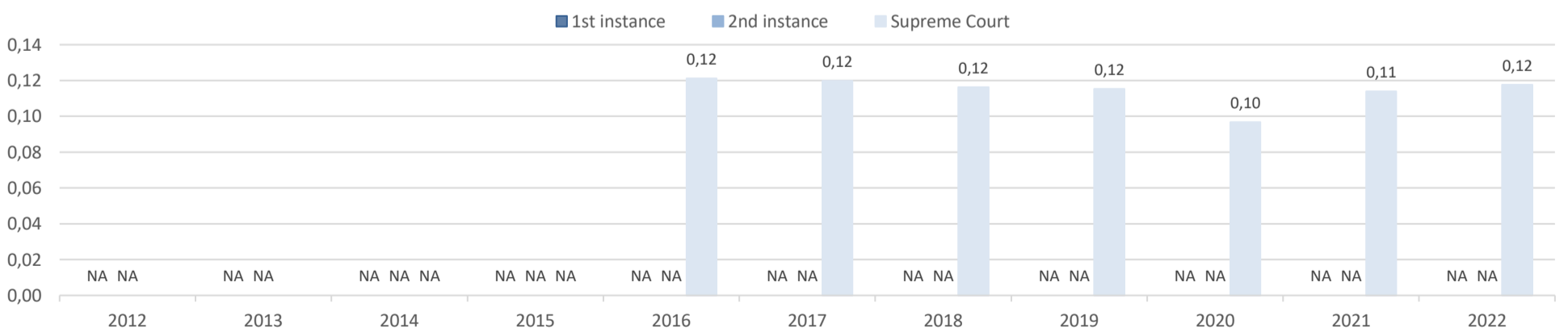


Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2022 (days)



Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants

Incoming Civil (and commercial) litigious cases per 100 inhabitants*



* Please note that the Supreme Court data prior to 2014 were not collected.

CEPEJ (2023) 17rev part 2 - Bulgaria

Synthesis table for the main indicators for:

Bulgaria

Economic and demographic data	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trend 2012-2022	Variations	
													2012-2022	2021-2022
Population	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	6 916 548	6 838 937	6 447 710		-11,5%	-5,7%
GDP per capita	5 436	5 493	5 808	6 152	6 645	7 099	7 855	8 779	8 845	9 868	13 271		144,1%	34,5%
Exchange rate (local currency needed to obtain 1€)	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96	1,96		0,0%	0,0%
Average annual salary							6 964	7 814	8 509	9 514	10 861			14,2%
Resources per 100 000 inh.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trend 2012-2022	2012-2022	2021-2022
Professional judges	30,74	30,24	30,82	31,10	31,75	31,70	31,76	31,86	31,58	32,05	33,93		10,4%	5,9%
Non-judge staff	82,56	82,23	83,50	85,87	86,93	88,11	89,46	90,96	91,51	94,68	102,16		23,7%	7,9%
Public prosecutors									21,98	22,33	23,92			7,1%
Non-prosecutors staff									43,68	42,21	45,85			8,6%
Lawyers	164,87	165,75	176,28	181,90	190,09	194,61	194,86	199,67	201,89	198,93	209,18		26,9%	5,1%
Mediators	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
First instance incoming cases per 100 inhab.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2022	2021-2022
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,39	0,36	0,34	0,37	0,35	0,44	0,44	0,50	0,42	0,42	0,44		11,0%	3,5%
Total criminal law cases									1,88	1,92	1,93			0,1%
First instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trends 2012-2021	2012-2022 (percentage points)	2021-2022 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
CR administrative law cases	92%	109%	101%	99%	104%	95%	100%	99%	100%	100%	101%		8,68	0,72
CR total criminal law cases									98%	100%	102%			1,85
First instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trend 2012-2022	2012-2022	2021-2022
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
DT administrative law cases (days)	150	110	124	122	108	116	112	107	124	125	129		-14,4%	2,9%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									66	65	61			-6,6%
First instance pending cases per 100 inhab. on 31 dec.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trend 2012-2022	2012-2022	2021-2022
Civil and commercial litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Administrative law cases	0,15	0,12	0,12	0,12	0,11	0,13	0,14	0,14	0,14	0,14	0,16		30,6%	7,2%
Total criminal law cases									0,34	0,34	0,33			-4,8%

Second instance performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trend 2012-2022	2012-2022 (percentage points)	2021-2022 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
CR administrative law cases				102%	102%	101%	101%	101%	100%	100%	102%			2,22
CR total criminal law cases									99%	99%	100%			1,84
Second instance performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trend 2012-2022	2012-2022	2021-2022
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA
DT administrative law cases (days)				70	62	62	59	57	64	61	57			-6,3%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									56	63	66			4,4%
Supreme court performance indicators (Clearance Rate)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trend 2012-2022	2012-2022 (percentage points)	2021-2022 (percentage points)
CR civil and commercial litigious cases				NA	97%	101%	96%	98%	103%	89%	98%			9,08
CR administrative law cases				96%	95%	105%	100%	114%	110%	100%	96%			-4,11
CR total criminal law cases									103%	97%	103%			6,12
Supreme court performance indicators (Disposition Time)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Trend 2012-2022	2012-2022	2021-2022
DT civil and commercial litigious cases (days)				NA	172	161	184	190	205	247	237			-4,0%
DT administrative law cases (days)				159	181	143	141	84	83	103	127			23,5%
DT total criminal law cases (days)									91	98	90			-8,1%

1. Judicial organisation in Bulgaria (2022 data)

In Bulgaria in 2022, the number of courts considered as legal entities is 180. Namely, there are 147 courts of general jurisdiction and 33 specialised courts.

Among the 147 legal entities of general jurisdiction, 113 District courts act as main first instance courts. They have jurisdiction over all cases except those which are statutorily assigned to another court. They deal with civil, criminal and administrative-criminal cases. The decisions of the district courts are subject to appeal before the respective Regional court.

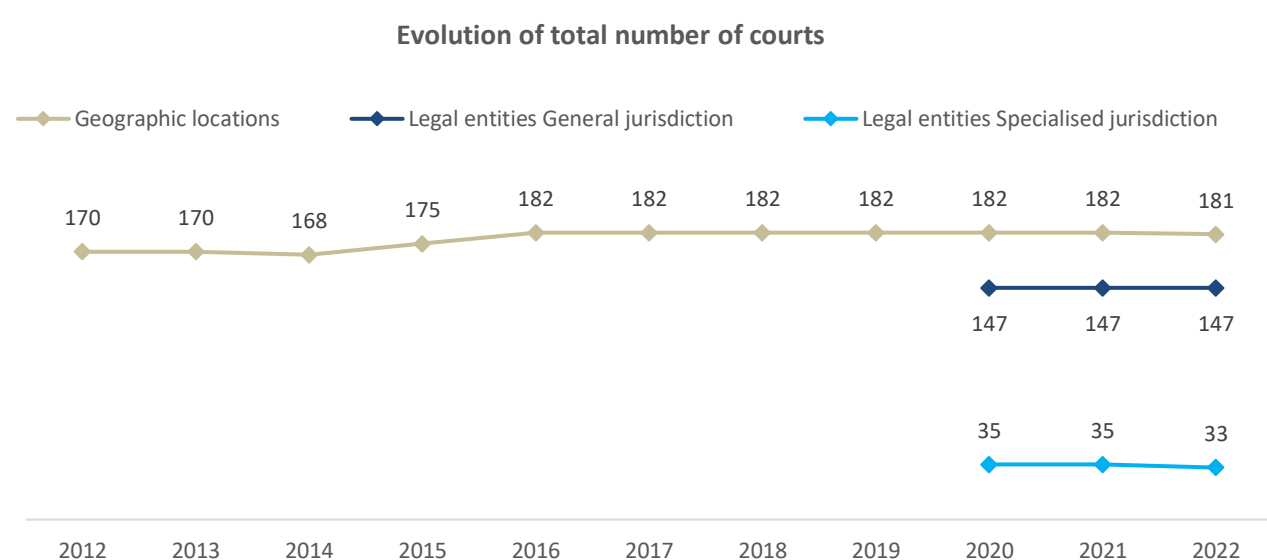
The 28 Provincial/Regional Courts act as courts of first and second instance. As courts of first instance, they examine a precisely defined categories of cases involving significant sums or substantial societal interest. When acting as a second (appellate) instance, they re-examine decisions taken by the District courts. In the frame of question 42, they are included in the number of courts of second instance with general jurisdiction, the decisive indicator used is the number of incoming cases. At second instance, besides the Regional courts, there are in Bulgaria 5 Courts of appeal.

The Supreme Cassation Court is the highest instance court of general jurisdiction. Its equivalent in administrative matters is the Supreme Administrative Court. Among the 33 specialised courts, 31 act at first instance, while 3 are higher instance courts (see below for more details).

In terms of geographic locations, there are 181 courts among which 145 are of first instance. Indeed, the Sofia District Court has two buildings where hearings are held.

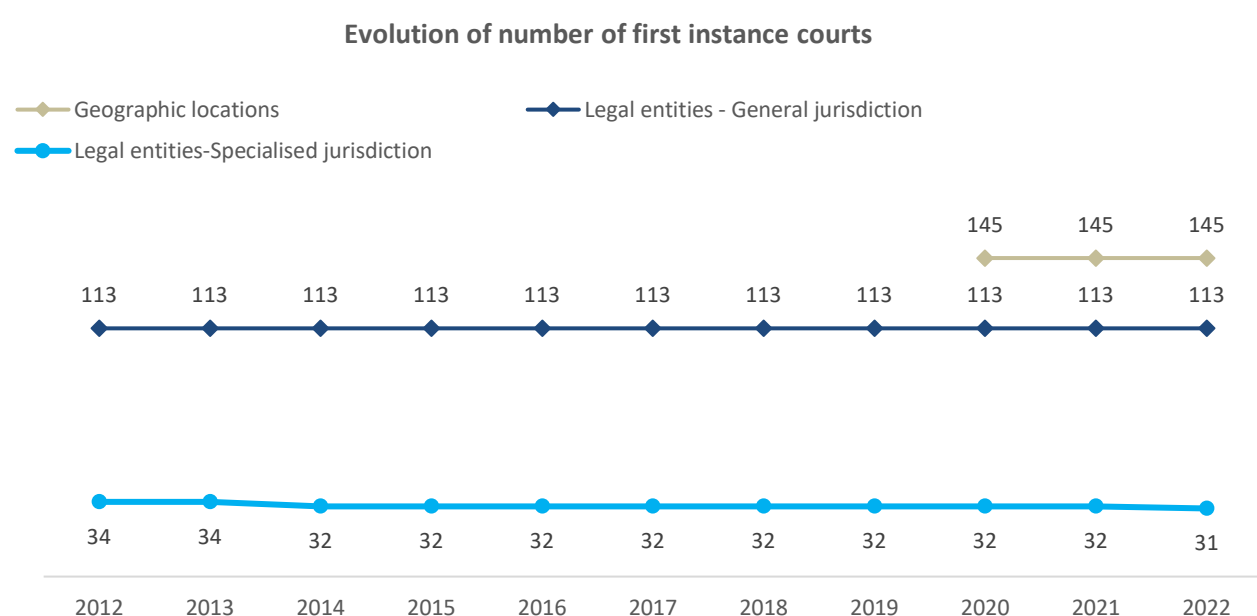
Evolution of total number of courts

Total number of courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012	170		
2013	170		
2014	168		
2015	175		
2016	182		
2017	182		
2018	182		
2019	182		
2020	182	147	35
2021	182	147	35
2022	181	147	33

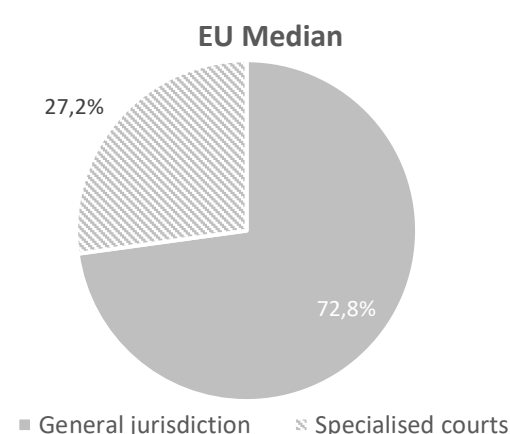
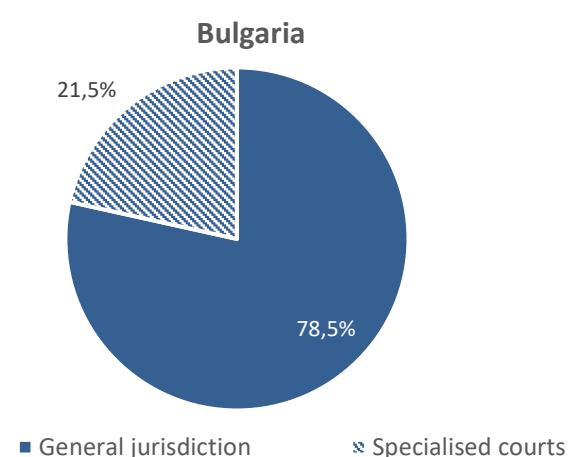


Evolution of number of first instance courts

First instance courts	Geographic locations	Legal entities	
		General jurisdiction	Specialised jurisdiction
2012		113	34
2013		113	34
2014		113	32
2015		113	32
2016		113	32
2017		113	32
2018		113	32
2019		113	32
2020	145	113	32
2021	145	113	32
2022	145	113	31



Distribution of first instance general jurisdiction and specialised courts



The distribution between first instance general jurisdiction courts and first instance specialised courts in Bulgaria is 78,5% - 21,5%, which is similar to the distribution tendency in the EU: 72,8% - 27,2%.

Specialised Courts

Specialised courts	First instance	Higher instance
Total	31	2
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP
Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP
Labour courts	NAP	NAP
Family courts	NAP	NAP
Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP
Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP
Administrative courts	28	1
Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP
Military courts	3	1
Juvenile courts	NAP	NAP
Other specialised courts	NAP	NAP

In 2022, the 33 specialised courts encompass 28 first instance administrative courts, the Supreme Administrative Court, 3 military courts and the Military Court of Appeal.

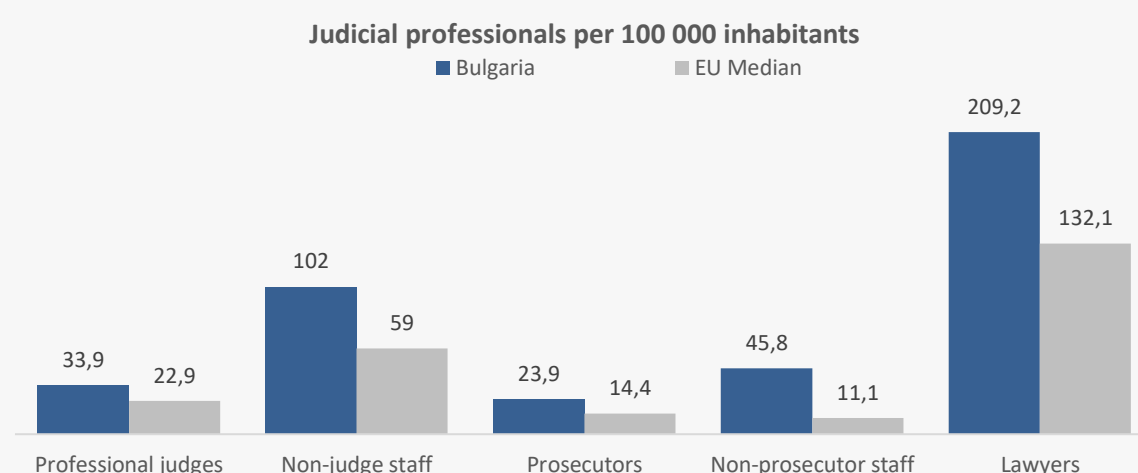
For the previous cycles, the category "other specialised courts" encompassed the Specialized Criminal Court of Republic of Bulgaria and the Specialized Criminal Court of Appeal. In the State Gazette, no. 32 of 26.04.2022, the Law on Amendments and Supplements to the Law on the Judiciary/ Judiciary System Act was promulgated, which closed the specialized court and prosecutor's office.

2. Professionals of justice in Bulgaria (2022 data)

Judicial professionals (summary)

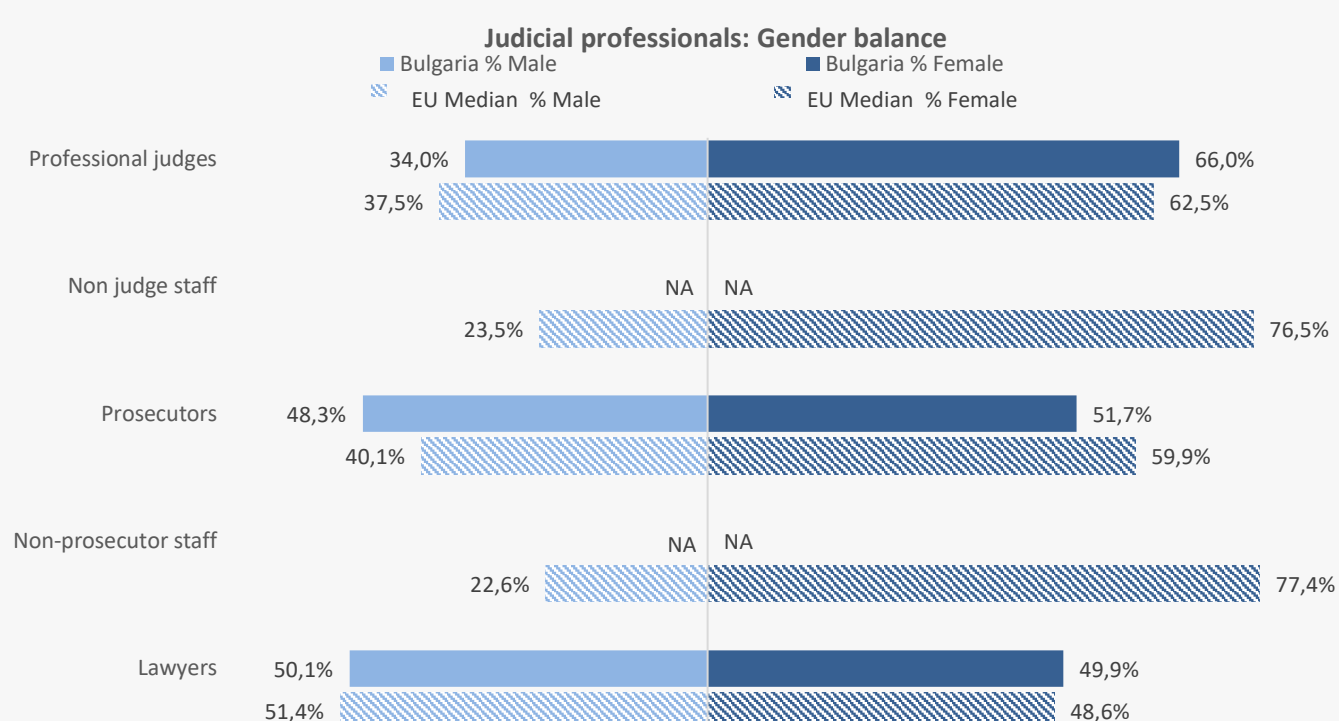
Judicial professionals in absolute number and per 100 000 inhabitants

	Absolute number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	EU Median
Professional judges	2 188	33,9	22,9
Non-judge staff	6 587	102	59
Prosecutors	1 542	23,9	14,4
Non-prosecutor staff	2 956	45,8	11,1
Lawyers	13 487	209,2	132,1



Judicial professionals: Gender balance

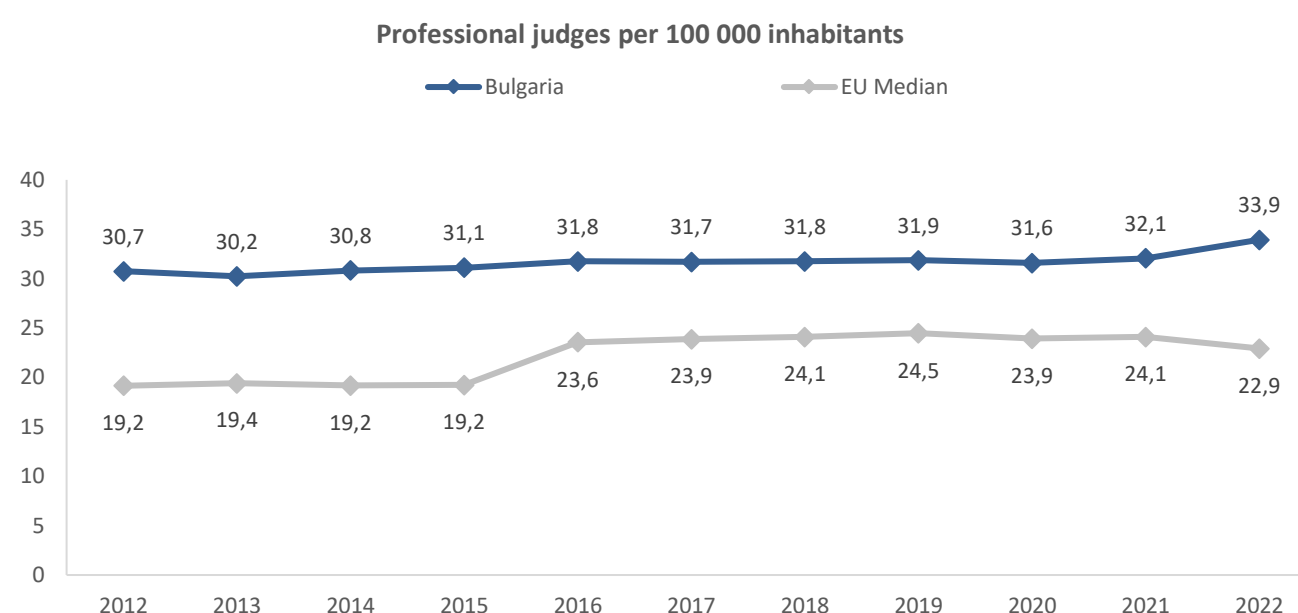
	% Male	% Female
Professional judges	34,0%	66,0%
Non judge staff	NA	NA
Prosecutors	48,3%	51,7%
Non-prosecutor staff	NA	NA
Lawyers	50,1%	49,9%



Professional judges

Evolution of the number of professional judges since 2012 (Q46)

Number of professional judges	Absolute Number		Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	2 239	19,2	30,7	19,2
2013	2 191	19,4	30,2	19,4
2014	2 220	19,2	30,8	19,2
2015	2 225	19,2	31,1	19,2
2016	2 255	23,6	31,8	23,6
2017	2 235	23,9	31,7	23,9
2018	2 223	24,1	31,8	24,1
2019	2 215	24,5	31,9	24,5
2020	2 184	23,9	31,6	23,9
2021	2 192	24,1	32,1	24,1
2022	2 188	22,9	33,9	22,9

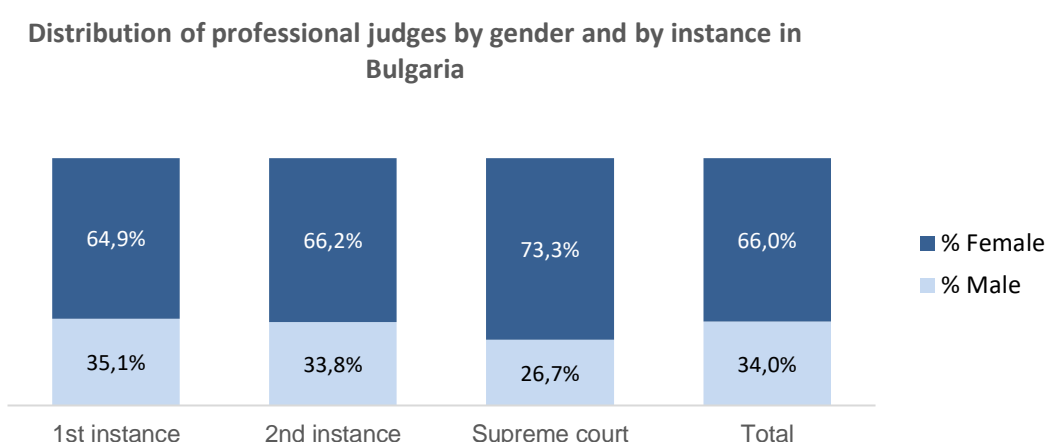
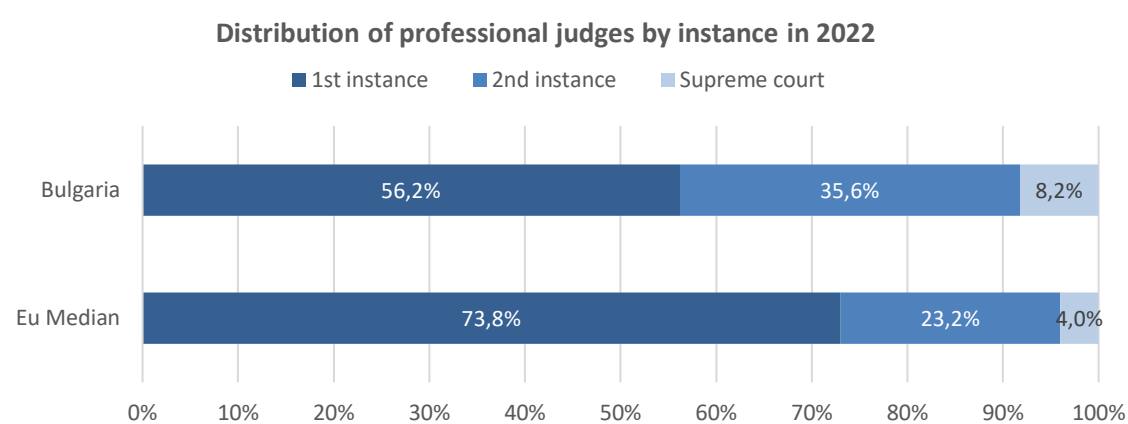


According to 2022 data, the total number of professional judges sitting in courts (all instances) in Bulgaria is 2 188, which is -0,2% less than in previous cycle.

More precisely, in Bulgaria, there are 33,93 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 22,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants)

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and gender

Professional judges 2022	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	1 230	56,2%	432	798	35,1%	64,9%
2nd instance	778	35,6%	263	515	33,8%	66,2%
Supreme court	180	8,2%	48	132	26,7%	73,3%
Total	2 188		743	1 445	34,0%	66,0%



In this cycle, the total number of female professional judges (all instances) is 1 445, which represents 66,0% of the total number of judges.

The total number of judges is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 1 230 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 798 are female); 778 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 515 are female) and 180 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 132 are female).

Compared with the EU distribution of professional judges per instance, the trend is similar in Bulgaria, first instance judges constituting the majority. However, it should be pointed out that Regional courts' judges who have double competence and intervene at first and second instance, are counted as second instance judges. Accordingly, the percentage of first instance judges appears lower than the EU median.

As regards the distribution of the number of judges among the different judicial instances, Bulgaria presents some peculiarities which should be mentioned. Namely, the number of first instance professional judges encompasses judges of the 113 district courts, 28 administrative courts, 3 military-district courts. Regional courts intervene at both instances - first and second, depending on the case categories, but given their predominant competences, they are categorized as courts of second instance. Accordingly, are presented as second instance judges those of the 28 Regional courts, of the 5 Appellate courts and the Military Court of Appeal. Third instance judges are those of the Supreme Court of Cassation and the Supreme Administrative Court.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female judges constitute the majority at all court instances.

Absolute number of professional judges by instance and matter

Professional judges 2022	Total	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	1 230	NA	NA	299	9
2nd instance	778	461	275	NAP	5
Supreme court	180	65	24	90	NAP
Total	2 188	NA	NA	389	14

In Bulgaria, the distribution of judges by categories of cases is possible for some categories only as presented in the graph below.

Distribution of professional judges by instance and matter

Distribution of Professional judges by instance and matter 2022	Civil and commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
1st instance	NA	NA	24,3%	0,7%
2nd instance	59,3%	35,3%	NAP	0,6%
Supreme court	36,1%	13,3%	50,0%	NAP
Total	NA	NA	17,8%	0,6%

The total number of 1230 first-instance judges includes 922 district judges for whom no information regarding specialization is available, and military judges are listed in the "Other" column.

The total number of 778 judges of the second instance includes 37 junior judges for whom no information regarding specialization is available, and the judges of the Military Court of Appeal are listed in the "Other" column.

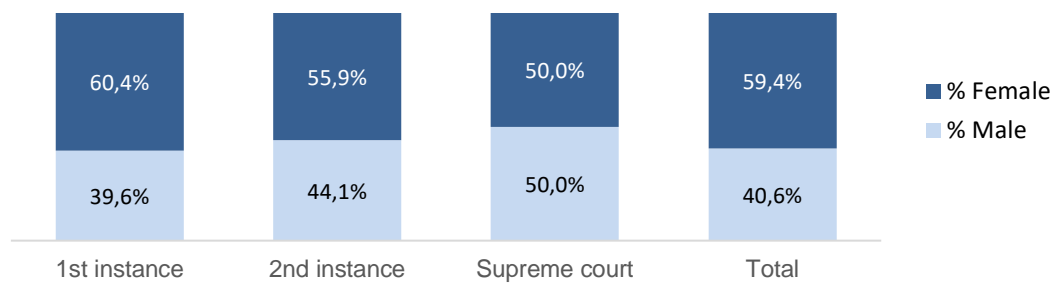
Regarding the Supreme Court of Cassation, the total number of 180 judges also includes the president of the court, for whom no information is available regarding specialization.

Court presidents

Absolute number of court presidents by instance and gender

Court presidents 2022	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	144	80,0%	57	87	39,6%	60,4%
2nd instance	34	18,9%	15	19	44,1%	55,9%
Supreme court	2	1,1%	1	1	50,0%	50,0%
Total	180		73	107	40,6%	59,4%

Distribution of court presidents by gender and by instance in Bulgaria

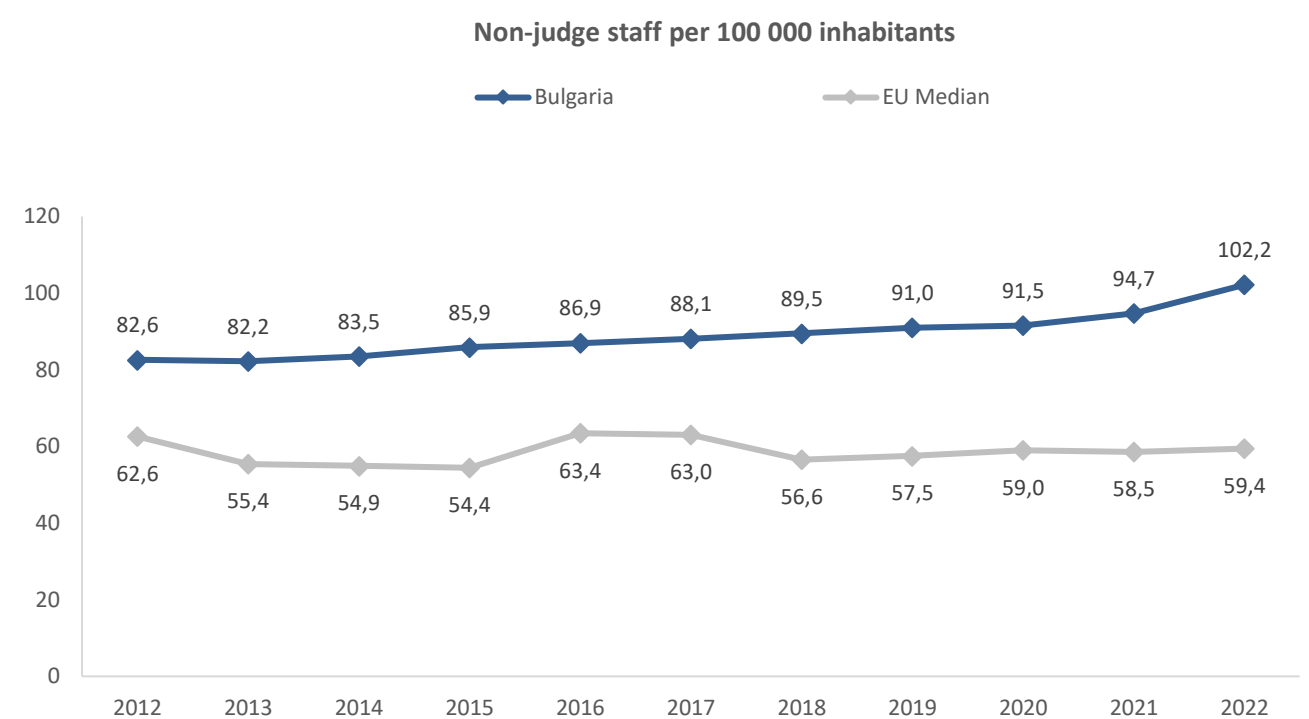


In this cycle, the total number of female court presidents (all instances) is 107, which represents 59,4% of the total number of court presidents.

The total number of court presidents is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 144 are sitting in first instance courts (of which 87 are female); 34 are sitting in second instance courts (of which 19 are female) and 2 are sitting in Supreme Court (of which 1 are female).

Non-judge staff

Number of non-judge staff	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	6 014	82,6	62,6
2013	5 958	82,2	55,4
2014	6 014	83,5	54,9
2015	6 143	85,9	54,4
2016	6 174	86,9	63,4
2017	6 212	88,1	63,0
2018	6 262	89,5	56,6
2019	6 323	91,0	57,5
2020	6 329	91,5	59,0
2021	6 475	94,7	58,5
2022	6 587	102,2	59,4



In 2022, Bulgaria has 6 587 non-judge staff. Data by gender are not available. The total number of non-judge staff in comparison with the previous cycle reveals an increase of 1,7%. In 2022, the number of non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants has increased (from 94,7 in 2021 to 102,2 in 2022).

During the same period, the number of judges per 100 000 inhabitants evolved from 32,1 judges per 100 000 inhabitants in 2021 to 33,9 in 2022.

Number of non-judge staff by category in 2022	Absolute number	in %
Total	6 587	
Rechtspfleger	NAP	NAP
Non-judge staff assisting the judge	4 936	74,9%
Staff in charge of administrative tasks	983	14,9%
Technical staff	629	9,5%
Other	39	0,6%

In this cycle, the non-judge staff is broken down as follows:

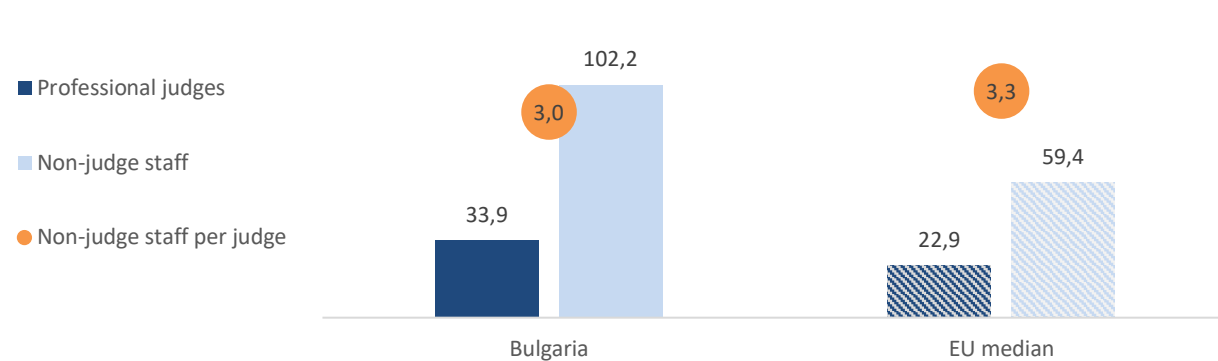
- 4 936 non-judge staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars;
- 983 staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the court management;
- 629 technical staff;
- 39 other.

The category "other" encompasses the number of non-judge staff employees working in the recreational field. The Judicial Administration Commission does not keep statistics of those who are trained, as well as of trainee judges. There are junior judges in the courts in the country, for whom Judicial Administration Commission has no relation, no data. Accordingly, the total number of judicial employees in the courts does not include trainee judges.

Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Bulgaria	EU median
Professional judges	33,9	22,9
Non-judge staff	102,2	59,4
Non-judge staff per judge	3,0	3,3

Professional judges and non-judge staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



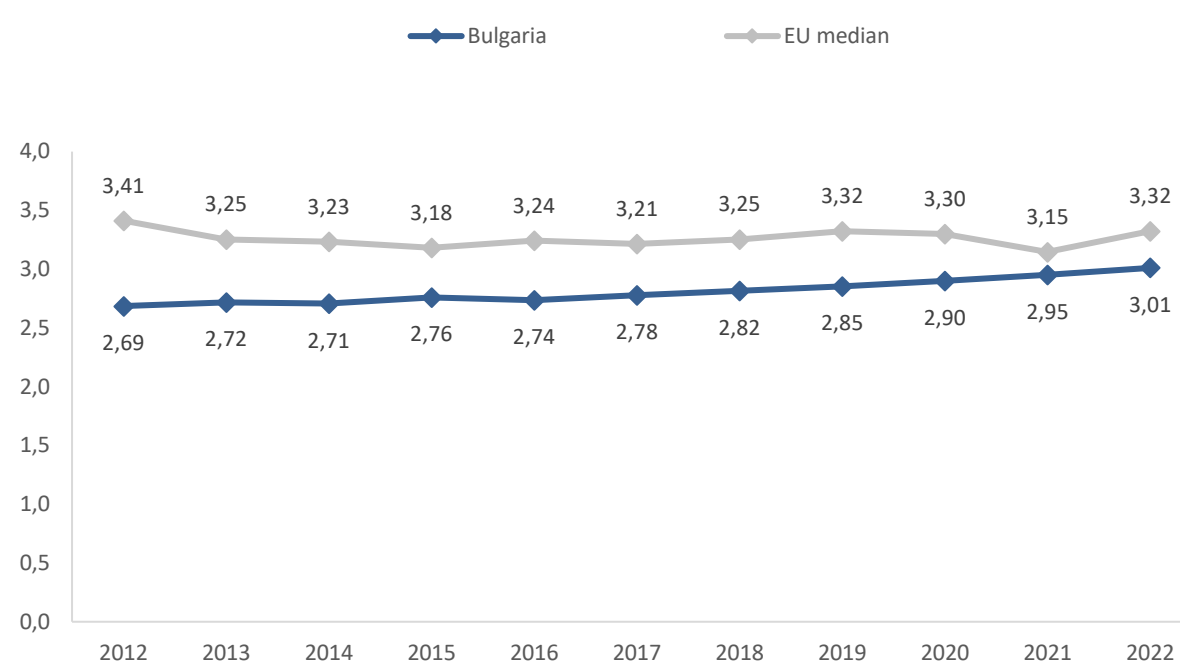
In Bulgaria, there are 33,93 professional judges per 100 000 inhabitants (this figure is above the EU median of 22,92 judges per 100 000 inhabitants) and about 3,01 non-judge staff per judge.

There has been a small increase compared with previous cycle when this ratio was at 2,95 non-judge staff per judge.

Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff

Cycle	Judges per 100 000 inh.		Ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU median
2012	30,7	82,6	2,69	3,41
2013	30,2	82,2	2,72	3,25
2014	30,8	83,5	2,71	3,23
2015	31,1	85,9	2,76	3,18
2016	31,8	86,9	2,74	3,24
2017	31,7	88,1	2,78	3,21
2018	31,8	89,5	2,82	3,25
2019	31,9	91,0	2,85	3,32
2020	31,6	91,5	2,90	3,30
2021	32,1	94,7	2,95	3,15
2022	33,9	102,2	3,01	3,32

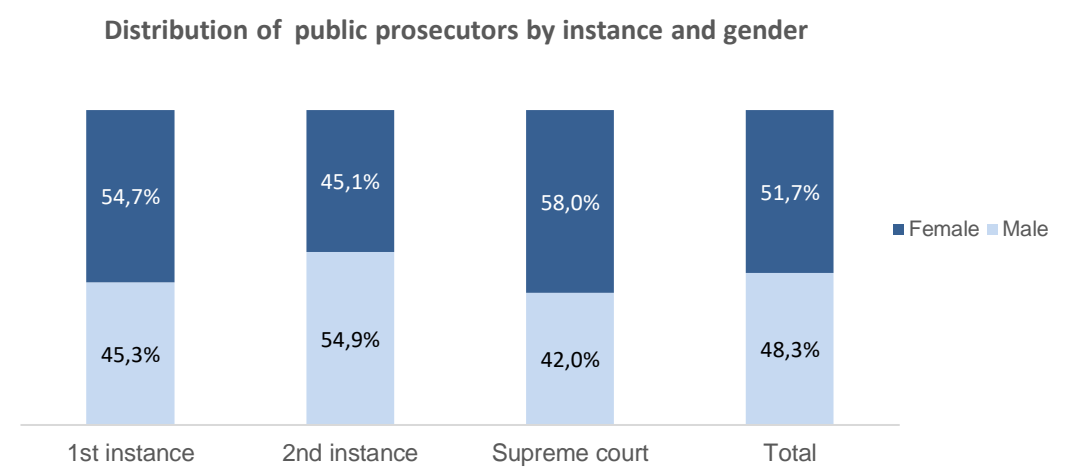
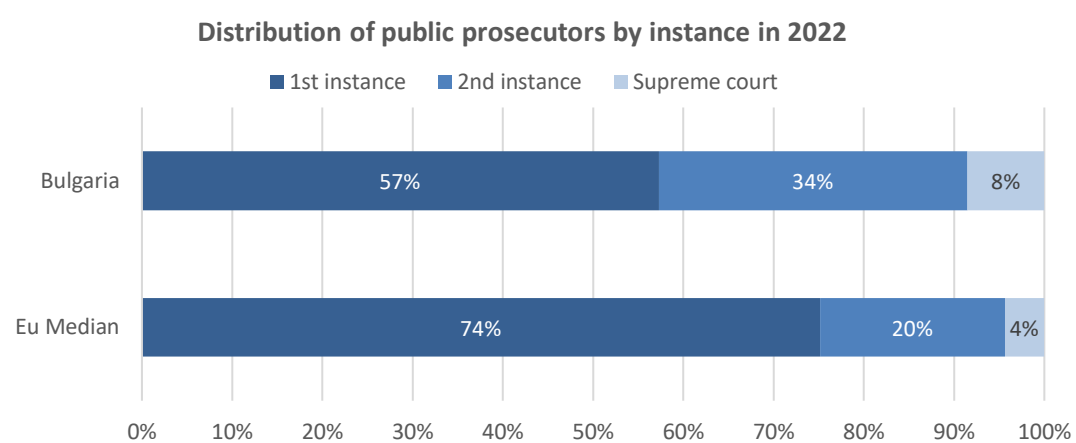
Evolution of the ratio between professional judges and non-judge staff



Public prosecutors

Absolute number of public prosecutors by instance and gender

2022	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	Male	Female
1st instance	883	57,3%	400	483	45,3%	54,7%
2nd instance	528	34,2%	290	238	54,9%	45,1%
Supreme court	131	8,5%	55	76	42,0%	58,0%
Total	1 542		745	797	48,3%	51,7%



In this cycle, the total number of Female prosecutors (all instances) is 797, which represents 51,7% of the total number of prosecutors.

The total number of prosecutors is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 883 in first instance (of which 483 are female); 528 are in second instance (of which 238 are female) and 131 in final instance (of which 76 are female).

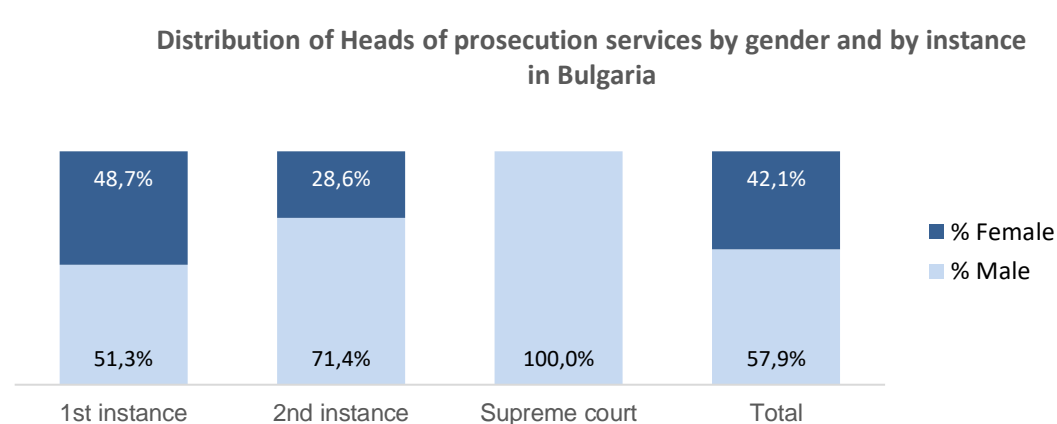
As regards the methodology of presentation of data in respect of the number of public prosecutors, it should be noticed that data refer to the actual number of employed persons for the year of reference.

As regards the distribution male/female, it has to be specified that female prosecutors constitute the majority at first instance as well as at the level of the Supreme court.

Heads of prosecution services

Absolute number of Heads of prosecution services by instance and gender

Heads of prosecution services 2022	Total	Distribution by instance	Male	Female	% Male	% Female
1st instance	78	68,4%	40	38	51,3%	48,7%
2nd instance	35	30,7%	25	10	71,4%	28,6%
Supreme court	1	0,9%	1	0	100,0%	0,0%
Total	114		66	48	57,9%	42,1%



In this cycle, the total number of female Heads of prosecution services (all instances) is 48, which represents 42,1% of the total number of Heads of prosecution.

The total number of Heads of prosecution services is distributed among the different judicial instances in the following way: 78 at first instance level (of which 38 are female); 35 at second instance level (of which 10 are female) and 1 at the highest instance level (who is a male).

Non-prosecutor staff

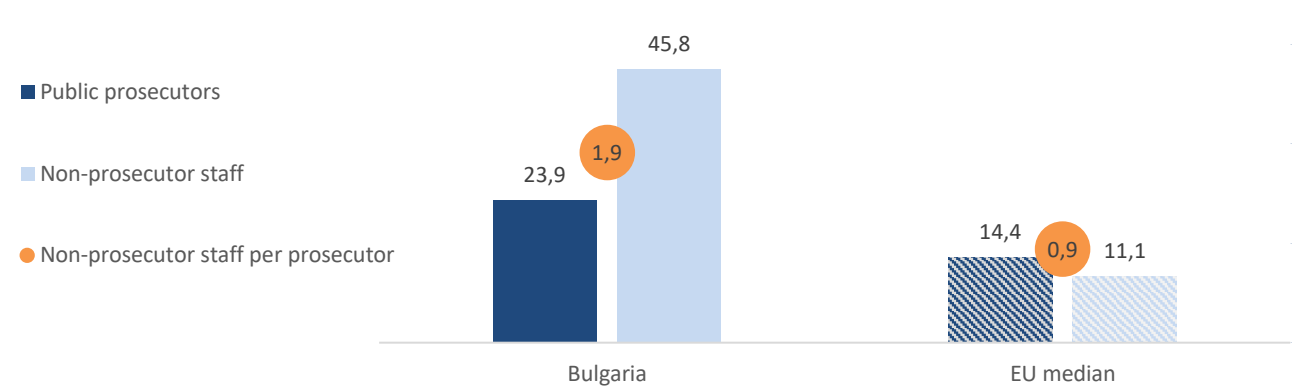
Non-prosecutor staff	Total	Male	Female
2020	3 021	NA	NA
2021	2 887	NA	NA
2022	2 956	NA	NA

More precisely, the number of full-time positions for judicial officers in the general and specialized administration in all prosecutor's offices of the Republic of Bulgaria is 2901 /as of December 31, 2022/. The number of full-time employees in specific positions for judicial officers in the educational centers of the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Bulgaria is 55 /as of December 31, 2022/.

Ratio between non-prosecutor staff and public prosecutors

Per 100 000 inhabitants	Bulgaria	EU median
Public prosecutors	23,9	14,4
Non-prosecutor staff	45,8	11,1
Non-prosecutor staff per prosecutor	1,9	0,9

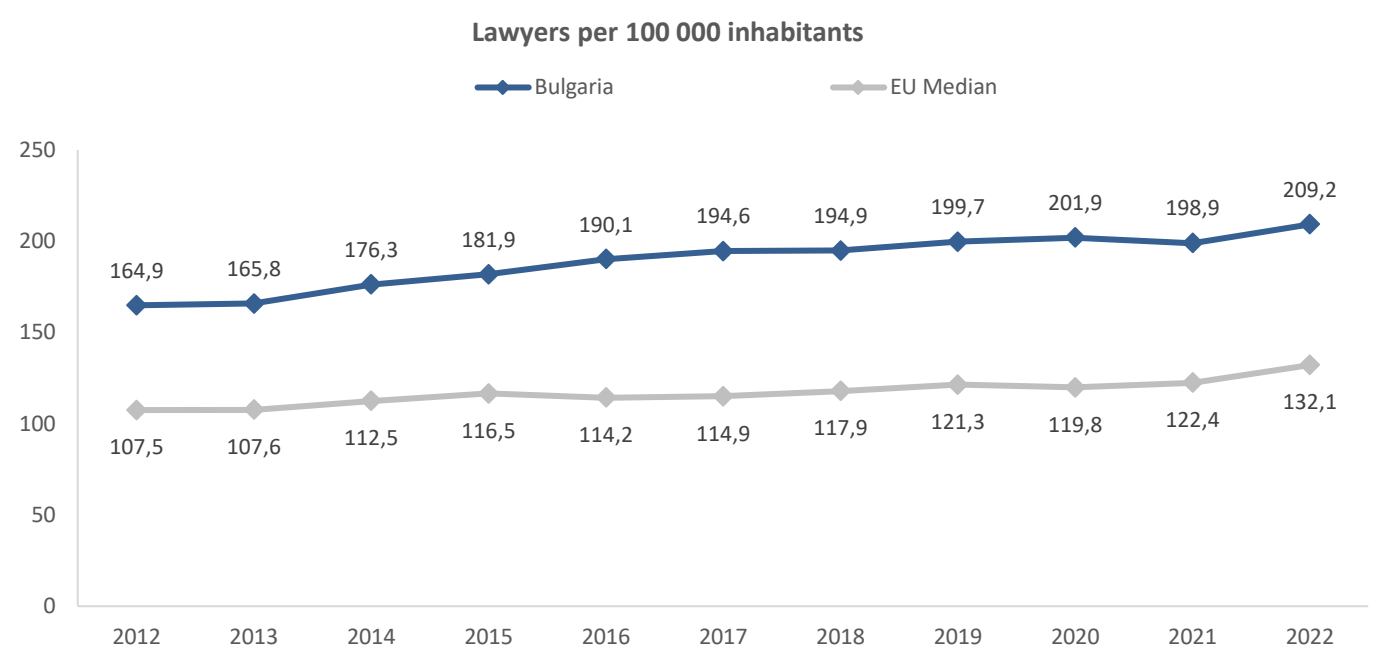
Public prosecutors and non-prosecutor staff per 100 000 inhabitants, and their ratio



In 2022, in Bulgaria, the ratio between non-prosecutor staff and prosecutors of 1,9 was more than double the EU median of 0,9.

Lawyers

Lawyers	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	12 010	164,9	107,5
2013	12 010	165,8	107,6
2014	12 696	176,3	112,5
2015	13 013	181,9	116,5
2016	13 500	190,1	114,2
2017	13 720	194,6	114,9
2018	13 640	194,9	117,9
2019	13 880	199,7	121,3
2020	13 964	201,9	119,8
2021	13 605	198,9	122,4
2022	13 487	209,2	132,1



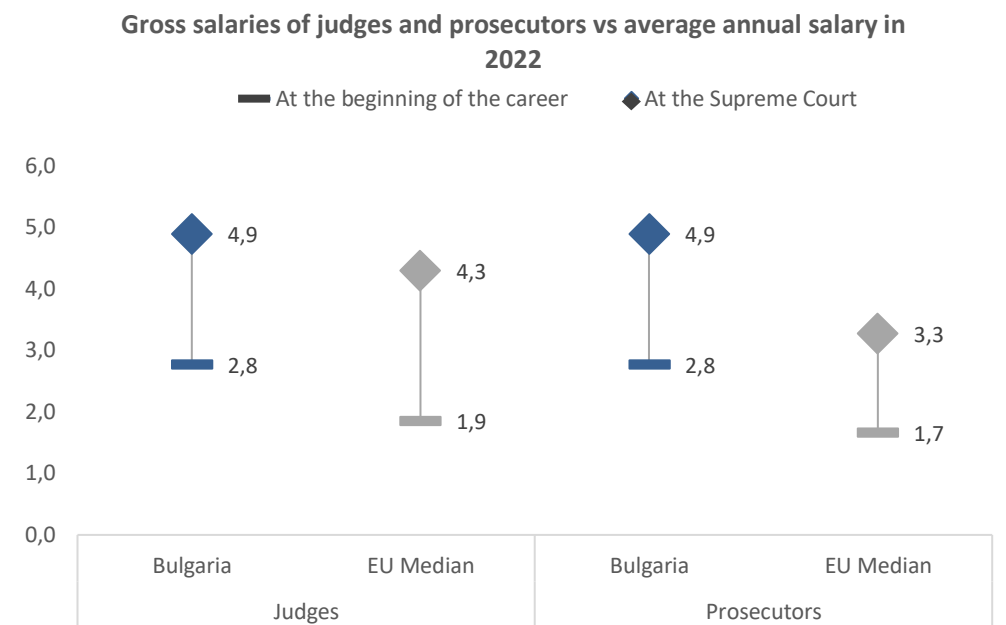
In 2022, there are 13 487 lawyers, which is -0,9% less than in 2021.

There are 6 724 female lawyers which is 50% of the total.

Bulgaria has 209,2 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants, which is above the EU median of 132,1 lawyers per 100 000 inhabitants.

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors at beginning of a career and at the highest instance

Salaries of professional judges and prosecutors	Average gross annual salary in €	Average net annual salary in €	Ratio with national average annual gross salary	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU median
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	30 085€	27 076€	2,8	1,9
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court	53 144€	47 829€	4,9	4,3
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	30 085€	27 076€	2,8	1,7
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance	53 144€	47 829€	4,9	3,3



In the European Union, the absolute gross salary for a judge at the beginning of career ranges from a minimum of 26 931€ to a maximum of 140 244€.

According to 2022 data, the absolute gross salary of a judge at the beginning of his/her career in Bulgaria is 30 085€, which is rather below the EU median of 54 224€ (-45% below).

Compared with the annual average salary in the country, the salary for a judge at the beginning of his/her career is 2,8 times higher (the EU median is 1,9).

At the highest level, the range of the EU absolute gross salary for a judge is from 53 144€ to 261 648€. Bulgaria is the country with minimum absolute gross salary of 53 144€ for judges at the highest level.

For the public prosecutors, the range for the absolute gross salary at the beginning of career is from a minimum of 24 609€ to a maximum of 96 084€.

In 2022, the absolute gross salary of a public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career in Bulgaria of 30 085€ is rather below the EU median of 48 728€ (-38% below).

Compared with the annual average salary in the country, the salary for a public prosecutors at the beginning of his/her career is 2,8 times higher (the EU median is 1,7).

At the highest level, the minimum absolute gross salary for prosecutors in the European Union is 44 880€ and the maximum is 194 005€. Bulgaria's absolute gross salaries for prosecutors at the highest level is -39% below the EU median of 87 247€.

The increase of gross salaries (respectively net salaries) compared to 2020 is due to the increase in labour remuneration: 10% in 2021 and 10% in 2022, as well as the funds provided in the budget of the judiciary for additional remuneration in connection with Art. 233, paragraph 6 of the Judiciary System Act.

The amount of maximum basic monthly remuneration of judges of the Court of cassation shall be determined by the Plenum of the Supreme Judicial Council. Judges shall receive additional remuneration for long service and professional experience, determined in relation to the basic remuneration at the rate of up to 40% (2% – for 1 calendar year for acquired service and professional experience in a judicial authority; 1.5% – for 1 calendar year for acquired service and professional experience outside a judicial authority, but in the same time, similar or the same nature of work, position or profession; 1% – for 1 calendar year for acquired service and professional experience outside a judicial authority and in another specialty). The maximum amount of 40% is set by the Judiciary System Act, in force since 11.08.2007. Judges who reached a higher percentage before the amendment of the law shall retain the percentage reached in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Judicial Council under Protocol No.29/21.09.2007. In the Supreme Court of Cassation, 14 judges receive additional remuneration in excess of 40%. Judges don't get a 13th salary or bonuses paid regularly to everyone, regardless of their personal circumstances. By a decision of the Plenum of the Supreme Judicial Council, an additional remuneration may be paid to judges, but its receipt is not mandatory and unconditional. The entitlement to receive an additional remuneration is defined in the Rules for Determination and Payment of Additional Remuneration. In 2022, additional remuneration in the amount of 11,220 BGN or 5,736.69 EUR was paid to the judges of the Supreme Court of Cassation (Gross annual salary, in €= basic salary+ additional remuneration for seniority).

3. System of compensating users in Bulgaria (2022 data)

System for compensating users

2022	Number of requests for compensation	Number of condemnations	Amount paid in compensations
Total	NA	NA	NA
Excessive length of proceedings	536	204	316 392 €
Non-execution of court decisions	NA	NA	NA
Wrongful arrest/detention	NA	230	1 311 388 €
Wrongful conviction	NA	NA	NA
Other	NA	NA	NA

Year	Number of requests for compensation	Number of condemnations	Amount paid in compensations
2020	NA	NA	NA
2021	NA	NA	NA
2022	NA	NA	NA

The Act on the Liability for Damage Incurred by the State and the Municipalities sets out the procedure for liability for activity of the Administration, law-enforcement authorities, Commission for Forfeiture of Unlawfully Acquired Assets and Liability for actions of the judiciary bodies, for violation of the right to a hearing and pronouncement of judgment within a reasonable time. Pursuant to this Act, the state and the municipalities shall be liable for any damage inflicted on individuals and legal persons by legally non-conforming acts, actions or omissions of State bodies and municipal authorities and officials upon or in connection with the performance of administrative activity, as well as for the damages caused by the action of repealed as illegal or declared as null and void legal acts (Art. 1, para 1). Art. 2, para. 1 and para. 2 of the ALDISM, lists the cases in which the State shall be liable for any damage inflicted on citizens by criminal investigation authorities, public prosecution authorities or court. The scope of the ALDISM includes the responsibility for illegal acts, actions or omissions of the bodies and officials under the Anti-Corruption and Confiscation of Illegally Acquired Property Act, performed during or on the occasion of exercising their powers or service, as well as the responsibility of the bodies of the judiciary for violation of the right to consider and resolve the case within a reasonable time.

Chapter Three "a" of the Judiciary System Act (JSA) establishes a procedure for the examination of applications submitted by citizens or legal persons against instruments, actions or omissions of the judicial authorities which infringe the right of the citizen or legal person to have the case thereof heard and disposed of within a reasonable time. The verification of the applications is carried out by the Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council, and after its completion the documents in the file are sent to the Minister of Justice. The Minister of Justice or a person authorized by him/her rejects the application as unfounded or determines the amount of compensation in accordance with the case law of the European Court of Human Rights and proposes an agreement with the applicant, in cases where the applicant's right to a hearing within a reasonable time is violated. The verification of the circumstances and the ruling on the application shall be carried out within 6 months from its receipt. The maximum amount of compensation may not exceed BGN 10,000. The persons who have received compensation under the Judiciary System Act may not seek compensation on the same grounds in court.

In the Republic of Bulgaria, there are two mechanisms for compensation for damages in connection with criminal proceedings.

The first one is the already described mechanism regulated in the LLSMD. The Prosecutor's Office does not keep statistics in the form of the CEPEJ question. 2022 data regarding the conviction of the Prosecutor's Office under LLSMD are as follows: the Prosecutor's Office was convicted by 255 persons on claims with a legal basis, Art. 2 and Art. 2b LLSMD, with 248 convictions entering into force. Of these 248 convictions, 134 were based on upheld claims (acquittal entered into force), and 92 (decree on termination of criminal proceedings entered into force). 2 court decisions were issued (violation of rights protected by Art. 5, § 2-4 of the ECHR.) 2 convictions were rendered (illegal detention). For violation of the right to consider the case within a reasonable time, 18 convictions were issued and entered into force. There are no claims filed concerning imprisonment in violation of Art. 5, § 1 ECHR, illegal use of Special Intelligence Means, and execution of an imposed penalty exceeding the specified term or amount. The total amount of compensation awarded for claims brought against the Prosecutor's Office under the LLSMD procedure for 2022 is BGN 2,564,814.75 (EUR 1,311,369).

The second legal mechanism for compensation is the one regulated in the Law on the Judiciary, Chapter Three "a" - consideration of applications against violation of the right to consider and resolve the case within a reasonable time) (*supra*). Data on the implementation of this mechanism are not collected in the Prosecutor's Office. The applications under para. 1 shall be submitted within 6 months from the completion of the relevant proceedings with a final act through the Inspectorate of the Supreme Judicial Council to the Minister of Justice.

Statistics on number of compensations granted for wrongful arrest include overall prosecution data on detention in custody and house arrest, but also for wrongful charges with subsequent acquittals and termination of proceedings, as well as violations of Art. 5, § 2 – 4 of the ECHR, since the numbers under the provision for seeking compensation for those are aggregate. Amount of compensation also includes compensations under another 18 court decisions for length of proceedings, but data cannot be disaggregated. Statistics on excessive length of proceedings use data by the Procedural Representation before the ECHR Directorate of the Ministry of Justice on the review of applications for the domestic compensatory remedy for excessive length of proceedings under the Judicial System Act. Sums paid may include payments under applications from December of the previous year.

4. Performance of courts in Bulgaria (2022 data)

• Efficiency indicators

- Clearance Rate (CR) and Disposition Time (DT)

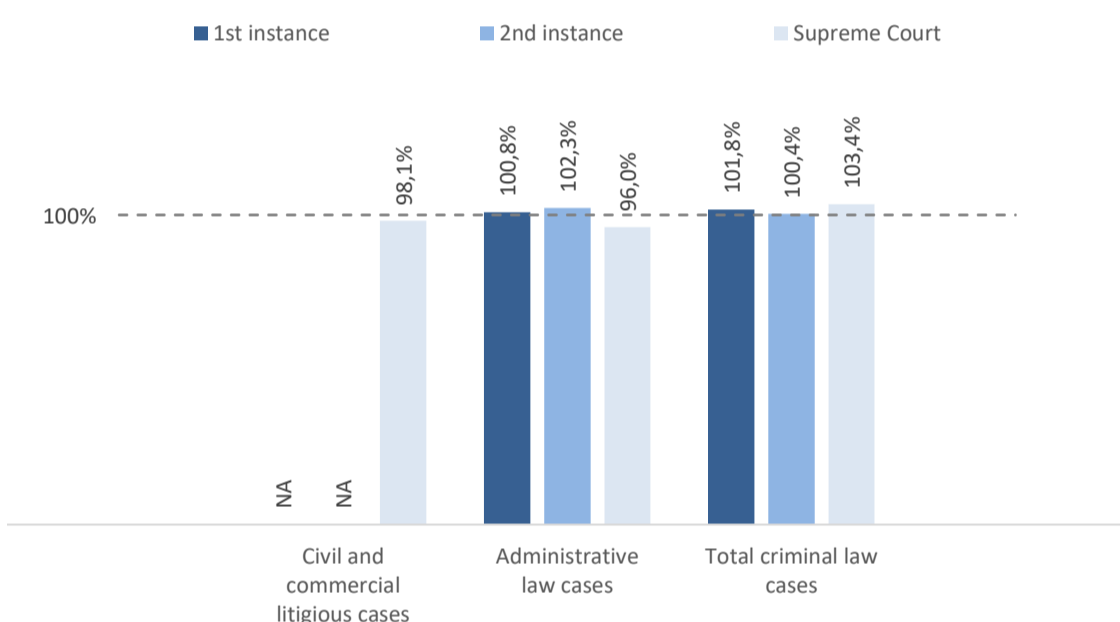
The Clearance Rate shows the capacity of a judicial system to deal with the incoming cases. A Clearance Rate of 100% and higher does not generate backlog.

The Disposition Time determines the estimated number of days necessary for a pending case to be solved in a court.

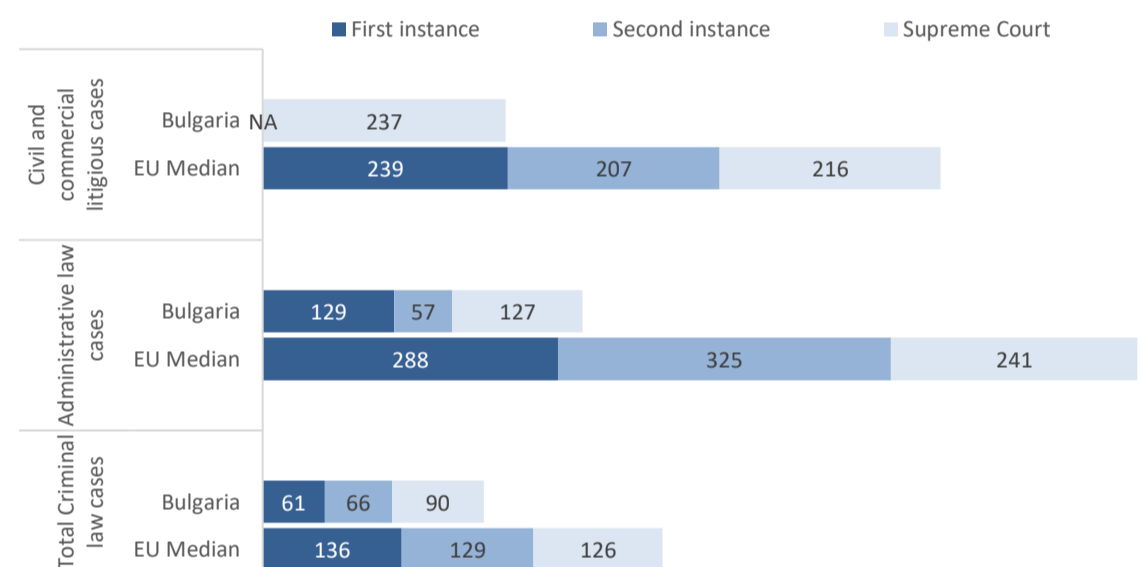
Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter

Overall efficiency by instance and by case matter		Civil and commercial litigious cases		Administrative law cases		Total criminal law cases	
		Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
Clearance Rate (%)	1st instance	NA	100,5%	100,8%	98,8%	101,8%	100,0%
	2nd instance	NA	97,1%	102,3%	102,3%	100,4%	99,1%
	Supreme Court	98,1%	104,7%	96,0%	101,7%	103,4%	98,5%
Disposition Time (days)	1st instance	NA	239	129	288	61	136
	2nd instance	NA	207	57	325	66	129
	Supreme Court	237	216	127	241	90	126

Clearance Rate by instance and by matter in 2022 (%)



Disposition Time by instance and by matter in 2022 (days)



Following the EU trend, in 2022, in Bulgaria, the total length of criminal proceedings is the shortest one. Moreover, in criminal matters, at all three instances, the Disposition Time indicator is considerably below the respective EU medians, and the Clearance rate is above the 100% threshold.

In Bulgaria, in 2022, but also generally speaking, the length of administrative proceedings is shorter than in the European Union, at all three instances. Namely, the Disposition Time of administrative courts is meaningfully below the respective EU medians, while the Clearance rate indicator is slightly below the 100% only at the level of the Supreme Administrative court (SAC).

With regard to the Supreme Administrative court, the increase in the number of pending cases at the end of 2022 is explained, on the one hand, by the unevenness of the initiated cases by matter in the different divisions of the SAC, and, on the other hand - by the complexity and volume of the cases handled by some divisions (e.g. tax, customs, cases under the Management of Resources from the European Funds under Shared Management Act, public procurement, elections, etc.); the need for in-depth knowledge of European law, including requests for preliminary rulings to the CJEU. The problem with the pending cases till issuance of interpretative decisions or rulings of CJEU continues to be relevant, as all such cases are suspended, resulting in delays in their consideration. Furthermore, it should be stressed that in parallel with the judicial activity, General meetings of the SAC on interpretative cases for unification of the case law were held on a monthly basis in 2022. Joint meetings of the Supreme Court of cassation and the Supreme Administrative court on joint interpretative cases were also conducted regularly. On the other hand, the decrease in the number of initiated cases in 2022 is also due to undertaken legislative changes concerning jurisdiction. Last but not the least, in 2022, there was still a high incidence of COVID-19 among the judges and staff of the Supreme Administrative court, which further led to delay in the administration of justice of the court.

As to the civil litigious cases, the analyses continue being partial due to the statistical impossibility to distinguish between civil litigious and civil non-litigious cases at first and second instance. Accordingly, only the efficiency of the Supreme Court of cassation can be measured and for 2022, its Disposition Time indicator is above the EU median, while the Clearance rate is very close but below the 100% threshold. It is worth explaining that the reasons for the higher number of pending cases at the beginning of 2022 compared to 2021 are twofold: the large increase in case filings in 2021 and the critical staffing of the court, leading to a high backlog at the end of 2021. On the one hand, as a result of the amendments to the Civil Procedure Law, access to cassation appeals has been expanded from the beginning of 2020 in cases related to consumer disputes, which in turn determined the increase in the number of cassation cases in the Civil Division and the Commercial Division. On the other hand, in 2021 the Court is not sufficiently staffed due to the delay in the competitions for the appointment of judges in the Supreme Court of Cassation, as well as due to the retirement of judges in 2021 - 3 judges in the Civil Division and 1 judge in the Commercial Division.

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	NA	NA	NA
2013	NA	NA	NA
2014	NA	NA	NA
2015	NA	NA	NA
2016	NA	NA	NA
2017	NA	NA	NA
2018	NA	NA	NA
2019	NA	NA	NA
2020	NA	NA	NA
2021	NA	NA	NA
2022	NA	NA	NA
2022 EU Median	1,91	1,58	1,03

Data on civil commercial litigious cases are not available (incoming, resolved, pending).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	NA	100,4%	NA	218
2013	NA	101,2%	NA	247
2014	NA	101,8%	NA	201
2015	NA	102,5%	NA	182
2016	NA	102,0%	NA	196
2017	NA	101,3%	NA	204
2018	NA	101,2%	NA	220
2019	NA	99,9%	NA	213
2020	NA	98,5%	NA	221
2021	NA	102,5%	NA	234
2022	NA	100,5%	NA	239

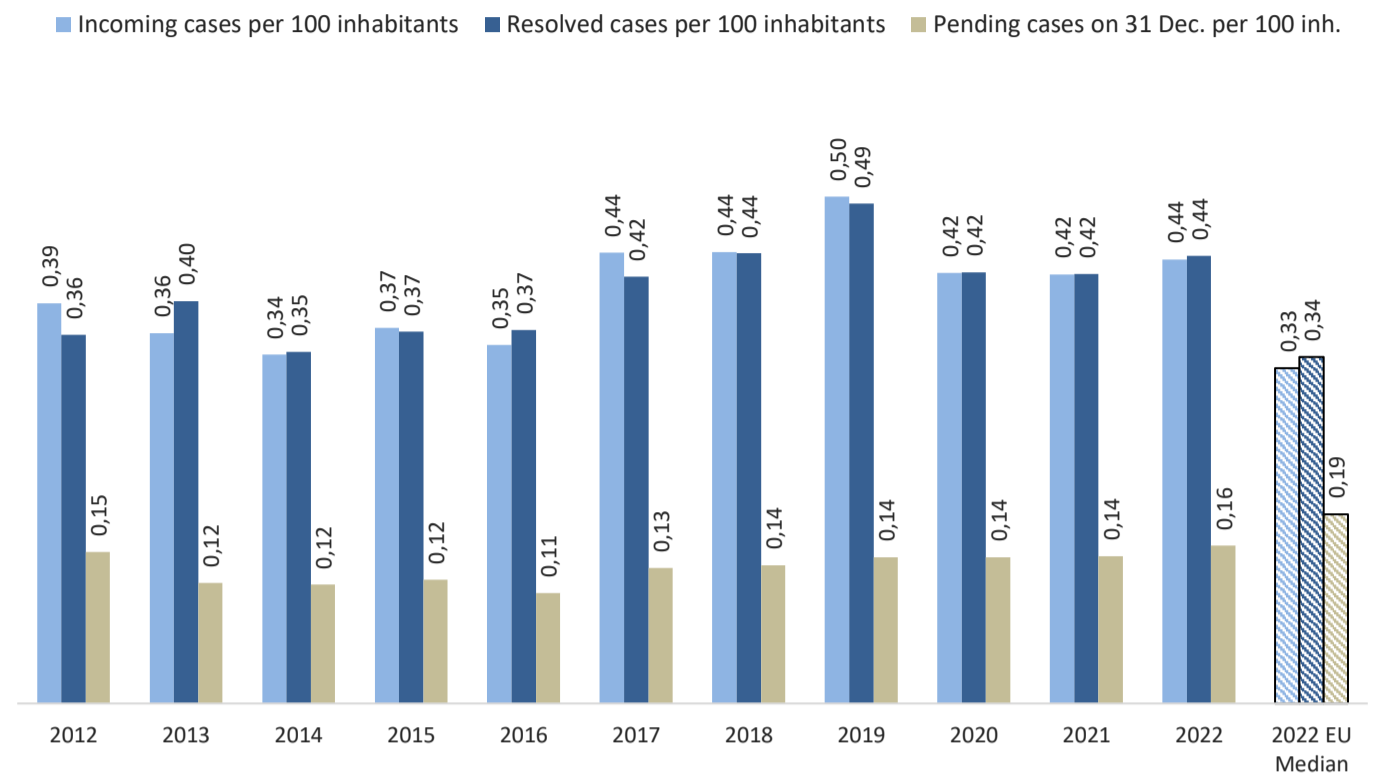
The Clearance Rate and the Disposition Time of first instance Civil (and commercial) litigious cases cannot be calculated.

First instance Administrative law cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Administrative law cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	0,39	0,36	0,15
2013	0,36	0,40	0,12
2014	0,34	0,35	0,12
2015	0,37	0,37	0,12
2016	0,35	0,37	0,11
2017	0,44	0,42	0,13
2018	0,44	0,44	0,14
2019	0,50	0,49	0,14
2020	0,42	0,42	0,14
2021	0,42	0,42	0,14
2022	0,44	0,44	0,16
2022 EU Median	0,33	0,34	0,19

Evolution of number of first instance Administrative law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of incoming administrative cases in 2022 in Bulgaria (0,44 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,33 per 100 inhabitants).

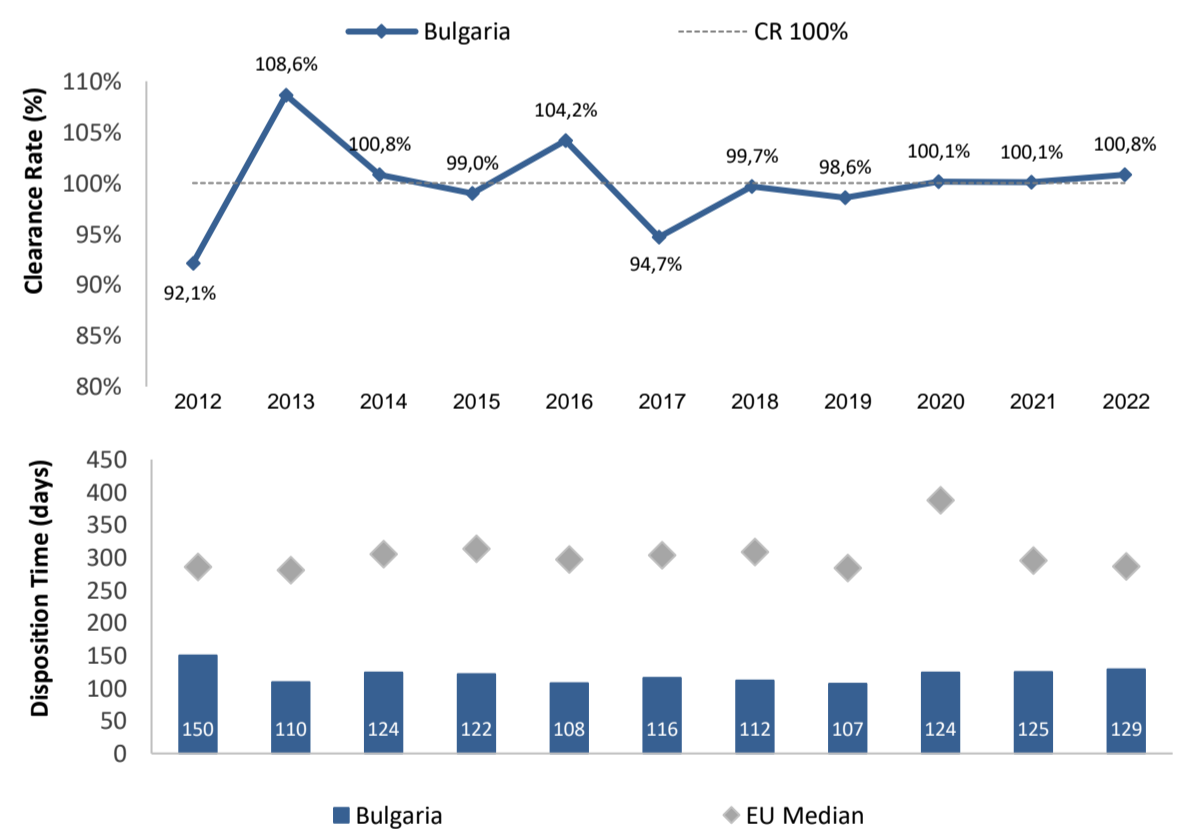
The number of resolved administrative cases in 2022 in Bulgaria (0,44 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat above the EU median (0,34 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending administrative cases at the end of 2022 in Bulgaria (0,16 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (0,19 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Administrative law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	92,1%	101,0%	150	286
2013	108,6%	100,3%	110	281
2014	100,8%	99,6%	124	305
2015	99,0%	103,3%	122	313
2016	104,2%	103,0%	108	297
2017	94,7%	102,1%	116	303
2018	99,7%	99,7%	112	308
2019	98,6%	102,1%	107	284
2020	100,1%	100,1%	124	388
2021	100,1%	101,7%	125	296
2022	100,8%	98,7%	129	286

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for first instance Administrative cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,8% in 2022 Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its first instance Administrative law cases.

Between 2021 and 2022, the Clearance Rate has increased by 0,7 points.

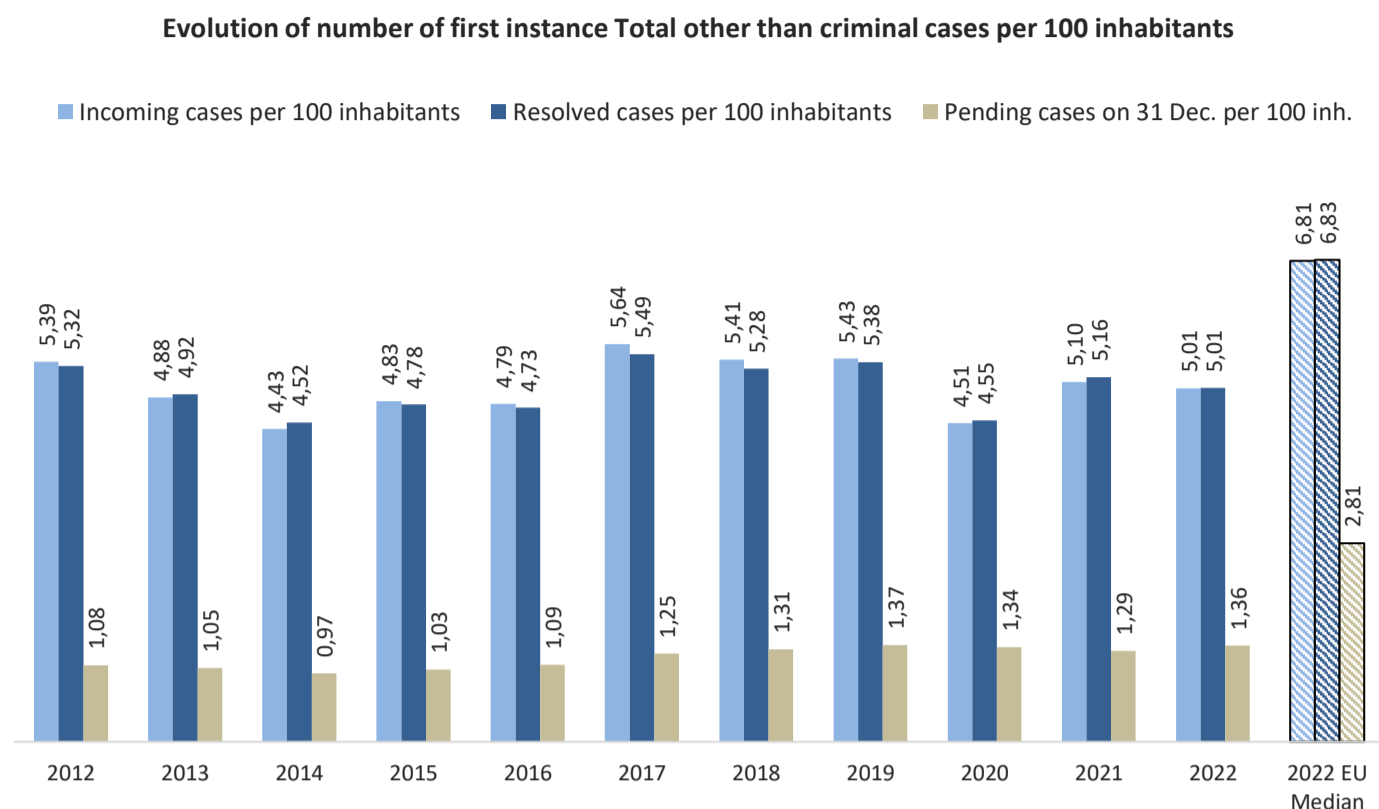
In 2022, first instance Administrative law cases are solved in approximately 129 days, which is considerably below the EU median of 286 days.

The analysis of the 2021 - 2022 period reveals a 2,9% increase of the Disposition Time.

First instance Total of other than criminal cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Resolved cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2012	5,39	5,32	1,08
2013	4,88	4,92	1,05
2014	4,43	4,52	0,97
2015	4,83	4,78	1,03
2016	4,79	4,73	1,09
2017	5,64	5,49	1,25
2018	5,41	5,28	1,31
2019	5,43	5,38	1,37
2020	4,51	4,55	1,34
2021	5,10	5,16	1,29
2022	5,01	5,01	1,36
2022 EU Median	6,81	6,83	2,81



The total of "other than criminal cases" includes civil and commercial litigious cases, civil and commercial non-litigious cases and administrative law cases. The category "Civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases" includes cases that are initiated upon an application for issuing an enforcement order for the fulfillment of a monetary obligation pursuant to Art. 410 and Art. 417 of the Civil Procedure Code - the so-called Order for payment cases. In the courts, other civil and non-litigious cases are considered, but they are part of the general statistics. As a consequence, in the national statistics, cases of divorce by mutual consent, and registration of political parties, religious confessions, claims for change of name, are included in the category "Civil (and commercial) litigious cases" since separate statistics are not collected for this type of cases.

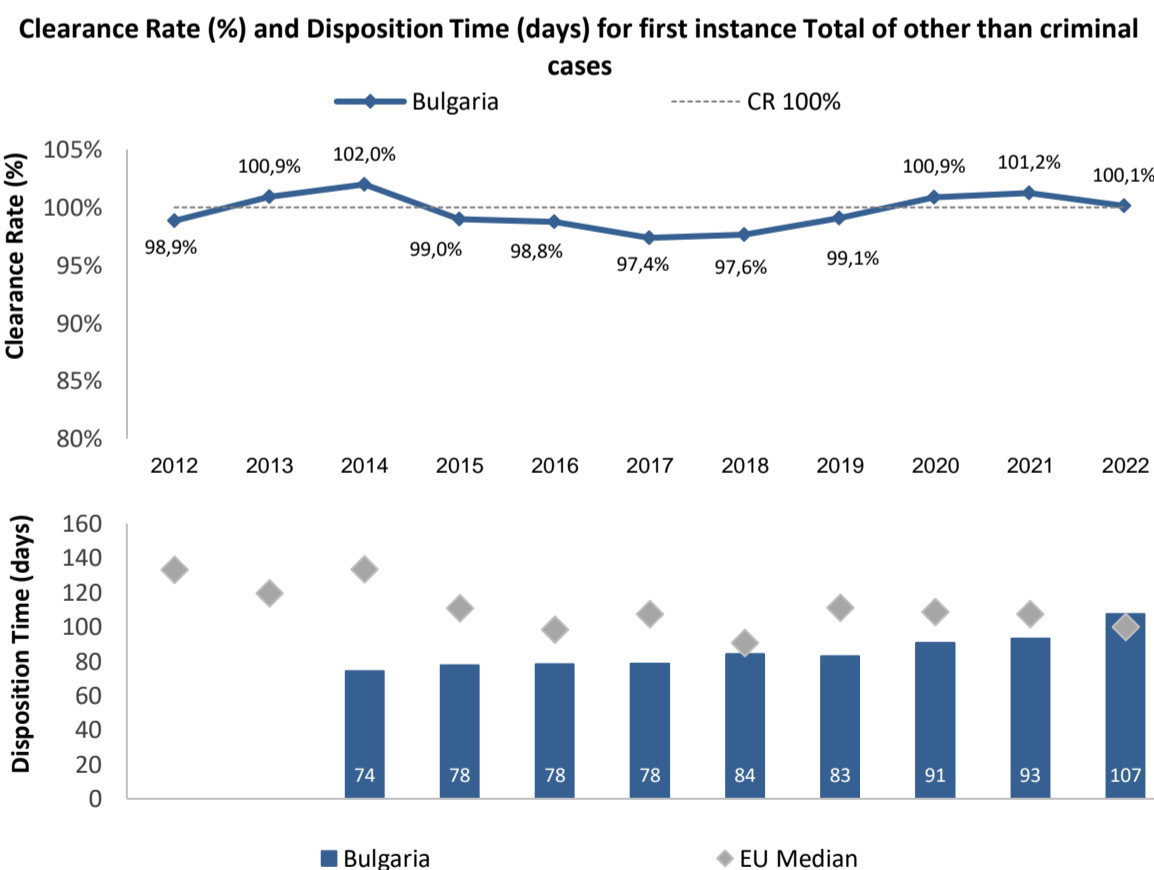
The number of incoming cases in 2022 in Bulgaria (5,01 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (6,81 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2022 in Bulgaria (5,01 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (6,83 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2022 in Bulgaria (1,36 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (2,81 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	98,9%	100,5%	-	133
2013	100,9%	100,7%	-	119
2014	102,0%	101,9%	74	133
2015	99,0%	101,2%	78	111
2016	98,8%	101,5%	78	98
2017	97,4%	100,6%	78	107
2018	97,6%	100,6%	84	91
2019	99,1%	99,8%	83	111
2020	100,9%	98,7%	91	109
2021	101,2%	101,2%	93	107
2022	100,1%	99,8%	107	100



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 100,1% in 2022 Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its other than criminal cases.

Between 2021 and 2022, the Clearance Rate has decreased by -1,1 points.

In 2022, other than criminal cases are solved in approximately 107 days, which is slightly above the EU median of 100 days.

The analysis of the 2021 - 2022 period reveals a 15,3% increase of the Disposition Time.

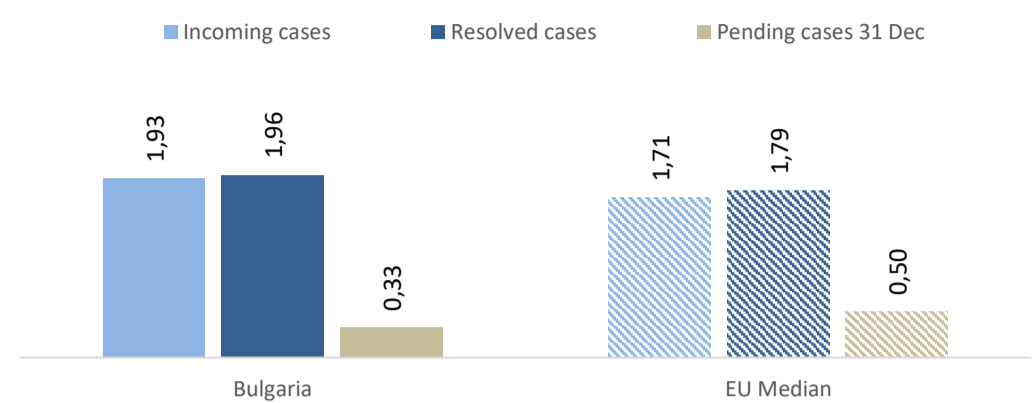
First instance Criminal Law Cases

◦ Incoming, resolved and pending cases

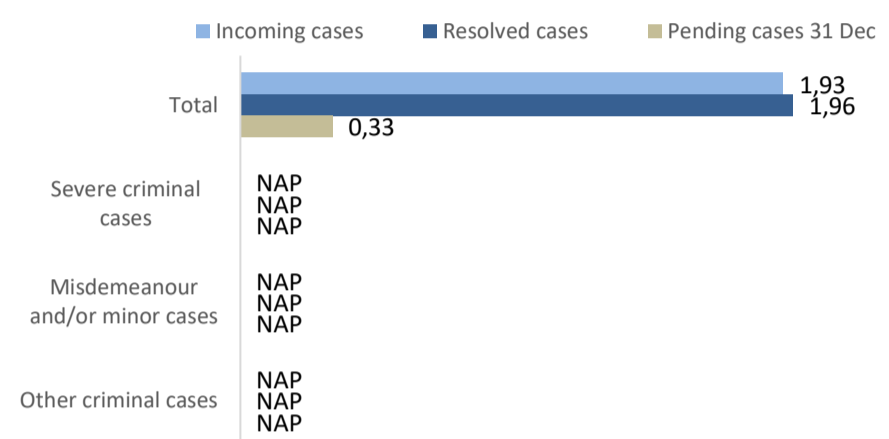
First instance Criminal Law Cases	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	23 195	124 178	126 366	21 007
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Criminal Law Cases Per 100 inh.	Pending cases 1 Jan	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases 31 Dec
Total	0,36	1,93	1,96	0,33
Severe criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Misdemeanour and/or minor cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP
Other criminal cases	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP

First instance Total Criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants in 2022



Severe, Misdemeanour and/or minor criminal cases, and other criminal law cases per 100 inhabitants



The number of total incoming criminal cases in 2022 in Bulgaria (1,93 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,71 per 100 inhabitants).

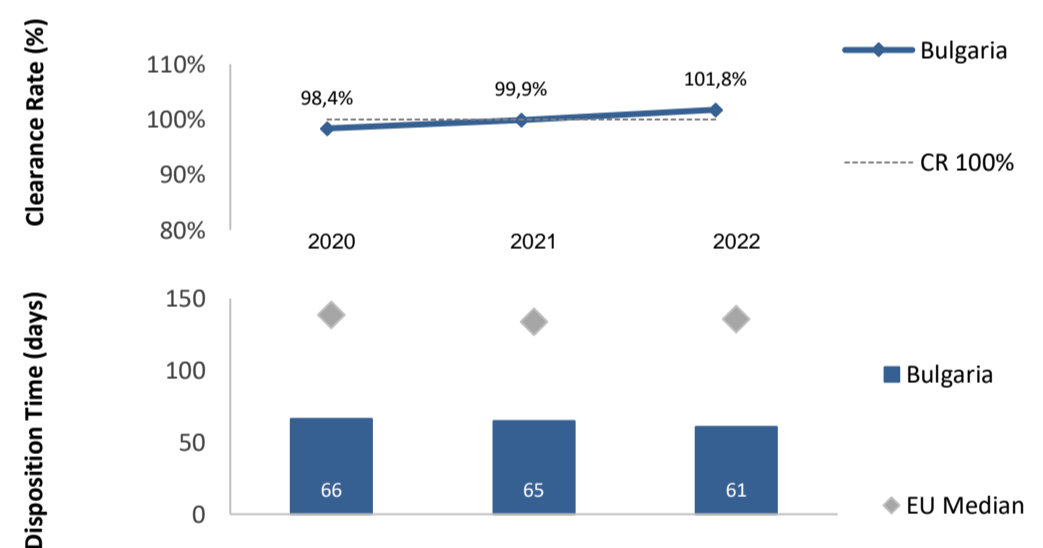
The number of total resolved criminal cases in 2022 in Bulgaria (1,96 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly above the EU median (1,79 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of total pending criminal cases at the end of 2022 in Bulgaria (0,33 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (0,50 per 100 inhabitants).

◦ Clearance Rate and Disposition Time

First instance Total criminal law cases	Clearance Rate (%)		Disposition Time (days)	
	Bulgaria	EU Median	Bulgaria	EU Median
2020	98,4%	95,2%	66	139
2021	99,9%	100,0%	65	134
2022	101,8%	100,0%	61	136

Clearance Rate (%) and Disposition Time (days) for First Instance Total criminal law cases



With a Clearance Rate calculated at 101,8% in 2022 Bulgaria seems to be able to deal with its first instance total criminal law cases.

Between 2021 and 2022, the Clearance Rate has increased by 1,8 points.

In 2022, first instance total criminal law cases are solved in approximately 61 days, which is significantly below the EU median of 136 days.

The analysis of the 2021 - 2022 period reveals a -6,6% decrease of the Disposition Time.

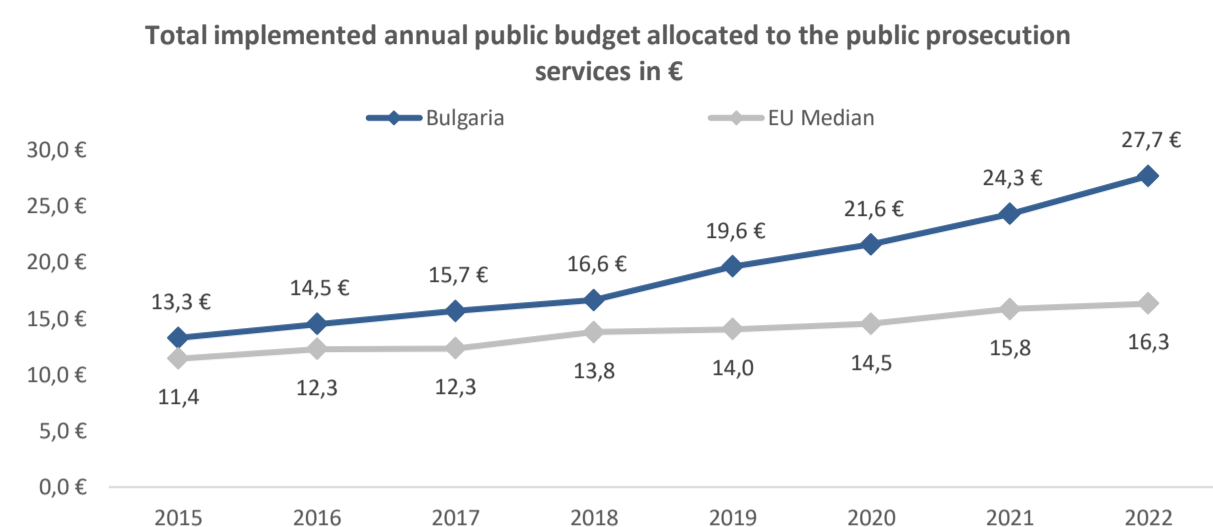
It is worth mentioning that for most of the crimes, the Bulgarian Criminal Code provides for a deprivation of liberty, which makes the distinction between severe and minor offences hard to be made. The offences could be divided into two categories: common offences and offences subject to private prosecution. For the common offences, the search of responsibility is subordinated to the common regime (there is a public interest concerned or public interest and personal goods). Such are the crimes against individuals (homicide, grievous or intermediate bodily harm, rape, fornication and etc.), crimes against the property (the list is not exhaustive). As to the offences subject to private prosecution, the criminal proceedings are initiated upon a complaint by the affected person (personal interests of the affected person, and usually the affected person and the perpetrator are close relatives). Those offences have a lower degree of public danger and affect less the rights of the concerned person. Such offences are the minor bodily injury, the insult, the slander and etc.

The "Total of criminal cases" includes all criminal cases - criminal cases of a general nature, criminal cases of a private nature, cases of exemption from criminal liability with the imposition of an administrative penalty in accordance with Art. 78a of the Criminal Code, private criminal cases, interrogation and administrative-criminal cases heard by the first instance courts.

5. Public prosecution services in Bulgaria (2022 data)

Public prosecution implemented budget

Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2015	94 966 603 €	13,3 €	11,4 €
2016	102 876 460 €	14,5 €	12,3 €
2017	110 387 845 €	15,7 €	12,3 €
2018	116 412 630 €	16,6 €	13,8 €
2019	136 392 502 €	19,6 €	14,0 €
2020	149 281 332 €	21,6 €	14,5 €
2021	166 149 076 €	24,3 €	15,8 €
2022	178 508 426 €	27,7 €	16,3 €



The Prosecutor's Office prepares a consolidated budget for all units, namely district, regional, military-regional, appellate, military-appellate prosecutor's offices, the administration of the European delegated prosecutors, training and rest bases and submits it to the Supreme Judicial Council (SJC). Pursuant to Article 36 of the Judicial System Act, the budget of the PRB includes all revenues from the activity, maintenance costs, relations with the central budget and other budgets.

The budget procedure is carried out in two stages. First stage - preparation of a medium-term forecast for a period of three years. Second stage - preparation of a draft budget for the relevant year and updated budget forecasts for the next two years. The Minister of Justice proposes a draft budget for the judiciary and submits it for discussion in the Plenum of the SJC. The draft budget of the judiciary is accompanied by estimates for the next two years. The Council of Ministers submits to the National Assembly the draft law on the state budget of the Republic of Bulgaria for the relevant year together with the draft annual budget of the judiciary, proposed by the plenary session of the SJC, with a detailed justification. When adopting the state budget, the National Assembly listens to a report of the plenary session of the SJC, presented by its representative. The National Assembly adopts the budget of the judicial power, allocated to the SJC, the Inspectorate of the SJC, the bodies of the judicial power, including PRB and the National Institute of Justice (NIJ). The Plenum of the SJC organizes the execution of the budget of the judiciary through the Inspectorate of the SJC, the Supreme Court of Cassation, the Supreme Administrative Court, the courts, the Prosecutor General and the National Institute of Justice. The PRB is a second-level budget manager and all units of the PRB system are third-level budget managers. For third-level managers, the budget manager is the relevant manager.

1. Preparation and presentation of a draft budget for the current budget year. The Law on the State Budget of the Republic of Bulgaria adopts the budget of the judiciary, including the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Bulgaria. By decree of the Council of Ministers, the main parameters and Guidelines for the implementation of the budget are given. 2. Budget adjustments. Currently, during the calendar year, the Prosecutor General submits proposals for updating to the Budget and Finance Committee of the Supreme Judicial Council.

Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	Absolute Number	Per inhabitant	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2019	12 799 €	0,00 €	0,03 €
2020	3 646 €	0,00 €	0,01 €
2021	9 569 €	0,00 €	0,02 €
2022	7 224 €	0,00 €	0,01 €

At the beginning of 2022, funds for training amounting to BGN 23 800 are planned. (EUR 12 169). The information is based on summary draft budgets for all structural units in PORB for 2022, prepared at the end of January 2022. At the end of the reference year (as at 31.12.2022), approximately BGN 14,129 had actually been spent at cash level (EUR 7 224). The lower implementation is to some extent due to both organisational (most of the training organised and delivered was conducted online) and financial reasons (in 2022, the SBARB was adopted later – on 4 March 2022).

A comparison of data for several consecutive years – 2020, 2021 and 2022 – shows an increase in the planned training funds for the respective years (given the increase in the cost of posting and services) and a decrease in the actual spent ones in relation to the restrictive measures introduced during the coronavirus pandemic and conducting online trainings instead of face-to-face ones, resulting in a decrease in spending.

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases

Public prosecution caseflow: Number of first instance criminal cases	Absolute Number *		Per 100 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	% Variation 2021 - 2022	Bulgaria	Eu Median
1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	4 205	▲ 2,1%	0,07	0,88
2. Incoming/received cases	96 968	▼ -3,6%	1,50	2,89
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)	161 905	▼ -4,0%	2,51	3,15
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1 + 3.1.2 + 3.1.3 + 3.1.4)	133 466	▲ 31,3%	2,07	2,08
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,61
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	98 306	▼ -3,3%	1,52	0,64
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,12
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	35 160	NAP	0,55	0,06
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	NAP	NAP	NAP	0,17
3.3. Cases brought to court	28 439	▼ -1,8%	0,44	0,63
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	4 208	▲ 0,1%	0,07	0,97

* Please note that these figures include traffic offence cases.

Are considered as "pending cases" the pre-trial proceedings (PTP) pending with the prosecutor for which the investigation has been completed by an investigative body and sent to the prosecutor. This indicator does not include PTPs not closed by an investigating authority.

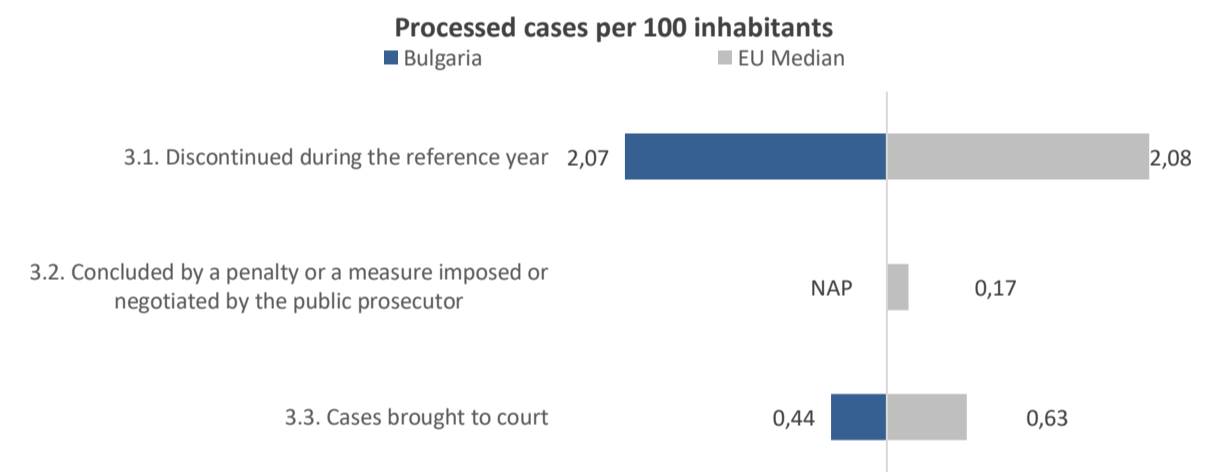
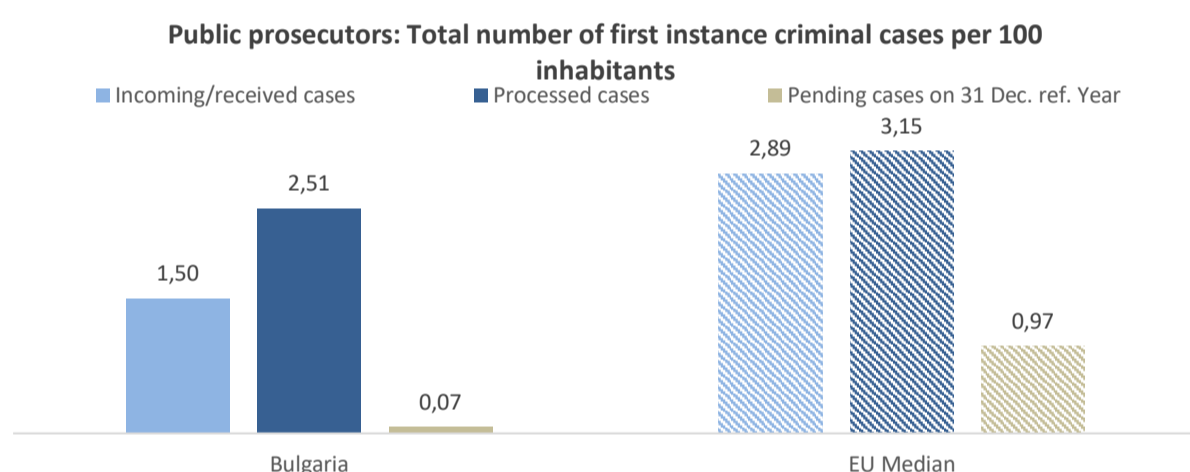
Are counted as "received/Incoming cases" PTP in which an investigation by an investigative body was completed during the reference year and sent to the prosecutor for adjudication (the so-called closed PTP).

The "processed cases" are PTP decided on merits by the prosecutor (by act of bringing the cases to court or by act of termination the pre-trial proceedings), and PTP decided by the prosecutor by act of suspending them or sending by competence during the reporting period to another prosecutor's office. Cases suspended and sent by competence are reported as resolved by the prosecution, but temporarily, not on the merits (the work on them is only temporarily suspended, i.e. they are not investigated by the investigating authority). Therefore, their number is included under the indicator "Processed cases", but not under the indicator "Received cases".

"Terminated by the prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation": PTP terminated because the act was not committed or did not constitute an offence, pursuant to Art. 243(1), in conjunction with Art. 1(1) of the CPC, and PTPs terminated due to the statute of limitations.

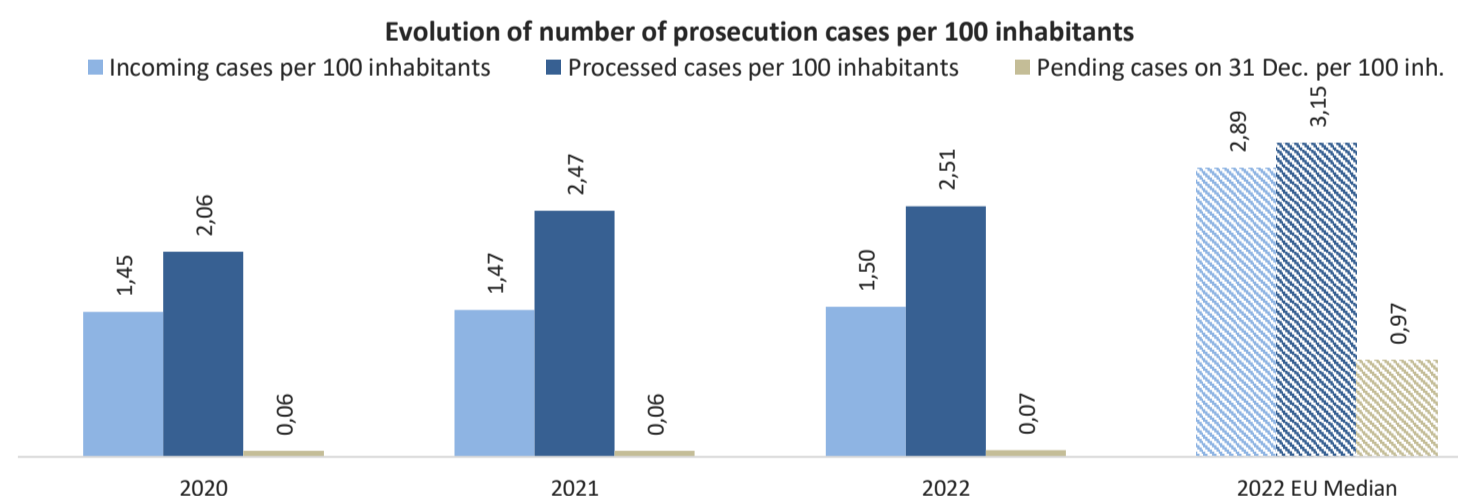
"Discontinued for other reasons" refer to suspended PTPs and the PTP sent by competence during the reporting period.

"Cases brought to court" – PTP brought to court with a prosecutor's report in the reference year.



Evolution of incoming, processed and pending cases

First instance Total other than criminal cases	Incoming cases per 100 inhabitants	Processed cases per 100 inhabitants	Pending cases on 31 Dec. per 100 inh.
2020	1,45	2,06	0,06
2021	1,47	2,47	0,06
2022	1,50	2,51	0,07
2022 EU Median	2,89	3,15	0,97



The number of incoming cases in 2022 in Bulgaria (1,50 per 100 inhabitants) is somewhat below the EU median (2,89 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of resolved cases in 2022 in Bulgaria (2,51 per 100 inhabitants) is slightly below the EU median (3,15 per 100 inhabitants).

The number of pending cases at the end of 2022 in Bulgaria (0,07 per 100 inhabitants) is significantly below the EU median (0,97 per 100 inhabitants). Here, it is worth recalling that cases suspended and sent by competence are reported as resolved by the prosecution, but temporarily, not on the merits (the work on them is only temporarily suspended, i.e. they are not investigated by the investigating authority). Accordingly, the number of pending cases is low.

6. Mediators and notaries in Bulgaria (2022 data)

Number of mediators in 2022

Mediators	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
2012	NA	NA	9,5
2013	NA	NA	9,6
2014	NA	NA	8,9
2015	NA	NA	11,3
2016	NA	NA	13,0
2017	NA	NA	13,2
2018	NA	NA	14,9
2019	NA	NA	14,3
2020	NA	NA	14,4
2021	NA	NA	16,2
2022	NA	NA	17,4

The number of accredited or registered mediators who practise court related mediation is not available. As of June 2023, the total number of mediators registered in the Unified Register of Mediators at the Ministry of Justice is 3463 (for 2022 the number of newly registered is 226).

The variation between 2021 and 2022 cannot be calculated.

According to the general requirements defined by the Mediation Act, a mediator can only be a competent person who meets the following requirements: 1. has not been convicted of a crime of a general nature; 2. has successfully completed a mediator training course; 3. is not disqualified from exercising a profession or activity; 4. has a long-term or permanent residence permit in the Republic of Bulgaria if the person is a foreign citizen; 5. is entered in the Unified Register of Mediators at the Minister of Justice (article 8). The requirement under Paragraph 1, Item 4 shall not apply to nationals of the Member States of the European Union, of the other States of the European Economic Area and of Switzerland. The Minister of Justice or an official designated by him from the Ministry shall issue a certificate to the mediator for his entry in the Unified Register of Mediators. The Minister of Justice shall approve by order the organisations that train mediators. The conditions and procedure for their approval as well as the requirements for the training of mediators shall be determined by a regulation of the Minister of Justice. Where the person — candidate for mediator and the organization that applies to train mediators do not meet the regulatory requirements, the Minister of Justice or an official designated by him from the composition of the Ministry shall refuse by order the entry in the Unified Register of Mediators, respectively the approval. The order may be appealed under the Administrative Procedure Code before the relevant administrative court.

Mediator at court mediation centre: a mediator at a court mediation centre may be a person with legal education who meets the requirements of Article 8, Paragraph 1 and has undergone additional selection and specialised training in accordance with the procedure laid down in the Ordinance referred to in Article 25 (article 20). The district courts shall maintain lists of mediators at the judicial mediation centres. No fee shall be charged for listing mediators. Appointment of a mediator: a mediation procedure in a pending court case shall be conducted by one or more mediators registered in the list of mediators at a court mediation centre, who are appointed by the court mediation centre, unless appointed by common agreement of the parties (art. 21). The selection of mediators to the judicial mediation centres, the procedure for their inclusion and deletion from the lists of the district courts, their training, mandate and control over their activity, as well as the activity of the coordinators of the centres shall be regulated by a regulation adopted by the Supreme Judicial Council. The ordinance shall regulate the amount of fees payable by the parties to the judicial centre and the costs of the mediation procedure in pending court cases (art.25).

Number of notaries in 2022

Notaries	Absolute Number	Per 100 000 inhabitants	
	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	EU Median
Total	706	10,9	7,6
1.Private professionals	NAP	NAP	-
2.Holders of public offices appointed by the State	706	10,9	7,6
3.Civil servants	NAP	NAP	-
4.Other	NAP	NAP	-

In 2022, there are 706 notaries which represents 10,9 notaries per 100 000 inhabitants.

Notaries and Notarial Practice Act regulates the legal status of notaries and of the Notary Chamber, the organisation of the notarial practice and notarial fees. Notaries are private persons who are entrusted by the State with the performance of notarial acts as provided for in the laws. They are independent in the performance of their duties and comply solely with the law. The Minister of Justice exercises control over the practice of each notary as to the implementation of the law and the Statute of the Notary Chamber of Bulgaria. The Council of Notaries also has the power to monitor compliance with the obligations of the notaries and the assistant notaries, and may take part through its representatives in disciplinary proceedings against such notaries and assistants in the prescribed cases. The notary procedures are stipulated by the Civil Procedure Code (Articles 569-594).

7. ICT tools of courts in Bulgaria (2022 data)

The ICT questions

The answers to the ICT questions in 2022 can be summarised to :

Writing assistance tools	Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
Deployment rate	95-100 %	NAP	95-100 %
Usage rate	95-100 %	NAP	95-100 %

Features of the writing assistance tools	Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
Templates	Yes	NAP	Yes
Automatically generated text	No	NAP	No
Automatically suggested decision	No	NAP	No
Speech-to-text	No	NAP	No
Electronic signature	No	NAP	No
Other special functionality	No	NAP	No

The templates are embedded in the Unified Information System for Courts that is used in all courts except in the administrative courts and the Supreme Administrative Court.

Recording of court hearings	Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
Deployment rate	95-100 %	95-100 %	95-100 %
Usage rate	95-100 %	95-100 %	95-100 %

Features of the recording of court hearings	Civil and/or commercial	Administrative	Criminal
Audio recording	Yes	Yes	Yes
Video recording	No	No	No
Systematic recording for all hearings	No	No	No
Automatically indexed recording	No	No	No
Automatic transcript from recording	No	No	No
Possibility to request a copy of the recording	No	No	No
Other special functionality	No	No	No

The courtrooms in the Bulgarian courts are equipped with sound recording equipment for recording court hearings.

8. Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and public prosecution services in Bulgaria (2022 data)

In Bulgaria, quality standards are determined for the judicial system at national level (e.g. quality systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies). Specialised personnel within the courts and the public prosecution services is entrusted with implementation of these national level quality standards.

The competent bodies in these matters are:

1) The Inspectorate to the Supreme Judicial Council (SJC) that checks the organization of the initiation and movement of judicial, prosecutorial and investigative cases, as well as the closing of cases within the established terms and in case of violations, signals the administrative head of the relevant body of the judiciary and the relevant College of the Supreme Judicial Council; sends signals, proposals and reports to other state bodies, including the competent bodies of the judiciary; examines applications against violation of the right to examine and resolve cases within reasonable time.

2) The Judges' College of the SJC: annually analyses and reports the degree of workload of the bodies of the judiciary; requests and summarizes every 6 months information from the courts about their activity; resolves questions about the organization of the activity of the relevant system of judicial authorities; adopts rules for the allocation of cases between the judges who consider cases allocated according to Art. 9, para. 3, in order to equalize their total workload; determines the number of judicial officers according to the degree of workload on the proposal of or after agreement with the administrative heads of the bodies of the judiciary, and may open new and lays off positions.

The Plenary of the SJC: on the proposal of one of the Colleges, after coordination with the administrative heads of the bodies of the judiciary, determines the number of judges, prosecutors and investigators in all courts, prosecutor's offices and investigative departments according to the degree of workload; hears and accepts the annual reports of the bodies of the judiciary under Art. 84, item 16 of the Const

According to the answers of the Prosecutor's office of the Republic of Bulgaria, the legal regulation is in Art. 84, item 16 of the Constitution of the Republic of Bulgaria, according to which the Parliament hears and accepts the annual report of the Prosecutor General submitted by the SJC and Art. 30, para. 2, item 4 of the Judicial System Act, according to which the Plenum of the SJC hears and accepts this annual report.

Approved by the Prosecutor General/ chief prosecutor is the Directive on the control activity of the Prosecutor's Office, aimed at ensuring the exact and uniform application of the laws in the performance of the functional duties of the prosecutors and investigators. The Directive regulates the conditions, order and procedures for carrying out control activities through audits, checks and analyzes of the work of the prosecutor's offices, the National Investigation Service, as well as individual prosecutors and investigators, outside of the institutional and official verification of the legality of their acts.

Systems for measuring and evaluating courts' performance

A regular monitoring system of court activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✔	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)	✘
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✔	Costs of the judicial procedures	✘
Number of resolved cases	✔	Number of appeals	✔
Number of pending cases	✔	Appeal ratio	✘
Backlogs	✔	Clearance rate	✘
Productivity of judges and court staff	✘	Disposition time	✘
Satisfaction of court staff	✘	Other	✘

Quantitative performance targets do not exist for judges. ✘

Without disciplinary procedure

Warning by court's president	NAP
Temporary salary reduction	NAP
Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP
Other	NAP

With disciplinary procedure

Warning by court's president	NAP
Temporary salary reduction	NAP
Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP
Other	NAP

A regular monitoring system of public prosecution services activities is in place concerning:

Number of incoming cases	✓	Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)	✗
Length of proceedings (timeframes)	✓	Costs of the judicial procedures	✗
Number of resolved cases	✓	Clearance rate	✓
Number of pending cases	✓	Disposition time	✓
Backlogs	✓	Percentage of convictions and acquittals	✓
Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff	✓	Other	✗
Satisfaction of prosecution staff	✗		

Quantitative performance targets do not exist for public prosecutors. ✗

None of the following consequences are possible:

Without disciplinary procedure

Warning by head of prosecution	NAP
Temporary salary reduction	NAP
Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP
Other	NAP

With disciplinary procedure

Warning by head of prosecution	NAP
Temporary salary reduction	NAP
Reflected in the individual assessment	NAP
Other	NAP

It is worth mentioning that there is a quantitative evaluation of the work of a prosecutor which reflects in the individual assessment.

Bulgaria

(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
Table General Data: Economic and demographic data, in absolute values (Q1, Q3, Q5)													
Q1 Number of inhabitants	7 284 552	7 245 677	7 202 198	7 153 784	7 101 859	7 050 034	7 000 039	6 951 482	6 916 548	6 838 937	6 447 710	-11,5%	-5,7%
Q.3 GDP Per capita (in €) in current prices	5 436	5 493	5 808	6 152	6 645	7 099	7 855	8 779	8 845	9 868	13 271	144,1%	34,5%
Q5. Exchange rate of Nat currency to € on 1 Jan	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0,0%	0,0%

Indicator 1: Systems for measuring and evaluating the performance of courts and prosecution services

(Q66, Q67, Q77, Q78, Q77-1, Q78-1, Q73, Q73-0, Q73-1, Q73-2, Q73-3, Q73-4, Q73-5, Q73-6, Q70, Q70-1, Q71, Q72, Q83-2, Q83-3, Q120 and Q120-1)

66 Qlty standards formulated_jud system	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	True	True	True		
67 Specialised court staff entrusted_qlty standards	No	No	No	No	False	False	False	False	True	True	True		
070.1.1 number of incoming cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.2 length of proceedings (timeframes)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.3 number of resolved cases	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	True	True	True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.4 number of pending cases							True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.5 backlogs							False	True	True	True	True		
070.1.6 productivity of judges and court staff							False	False	False	False	False		
070.1.7 satisfaction of court staff							False	False	False	False	False		
070.1.8 satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)							False	False	False	False	False		
070.1.9 costs of the judicial procedures							False	False	False	False	False		
070.1.10 number of appeals							True	True	True	True	True		
070.1.11 appeal ratio							False	True	False	False	False		
070.1.12 clearance rate							False	True	False	False	False		
070-1.1.1 Number of incoming cases									True	True	True		
070-1.1.2 Length of proceedings (timeframes)									True	True	True		

Bulgaria

(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
070-1.1.3 Number of resolved cases									True	True	True		
070-1.1.4 Number of pending cases									True	True	True		
070-1.1.5 Backlogs									True	True	True		
070-1.1.6 Productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff									False	False	True		
070-1.1.7 Satisfaction of prosecution staff									False	False	False		
070-1.1.8 Satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the public prosecution)									False	False	False		
070-1.1.9 Costs of the judicial procedures									False	False	False		
070-1.1.10 Clearance rate									False	True	True		
070-1.1.11 Disposition time									False	True	True		
070-1.1.12 Percentage of convictions and acquittals									True	True	True		
070-1.1.13 Other									False	True	False		
071.1.1 Monitoring backlogs in Civil law cases									True	True	True		
071.1.2 Monitoring backlogs in Criminal law cases									True	True	True		
071.1.3 Monitoring backlogs in Administrative law cases									True	True	True		
072.1.1 Monitoring timeframes Within the courts									False	False	False		
072.1.2 Monitoring timeframes Within the public prosecution services									False	False	False		
083-2.1.1 Quantitative performance targets defined for each prosecutors									False	False	False		
083-3.1.1 Body responsible - Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.2 Body responsible - Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.3 Body responsible - Public Prosecutorial Council									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.4 Body responsible - Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	NAP		
083-3.1.5 Body responsible - Other									NAP	NAP	NAP		

Bulgaria

(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
120.1.1 Qualitative individual assessment of the public prosecutors' work									-	-	-		
120-1.1.1 Feequency - Annual									False	False	False		
120-1.1.2 Feequency - Less frequent									True	True	False		
120-1.1.3 Feequency - More frequent									False	False	False		

Indicator 2: The judicial organisation

(Q42, Q43 and Q44)

Q42.1.1 Total number of all courts - legal entities										182	182	180	-	-1,1%
Q42.1.2 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities										147	147	147	-	0,0%
Q42.1.3 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	0,0%	0,0%
Q42.1.4 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities										33	33	33	-	0,0%
Q42.1.5 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities										1	1	1	-	0,0%
Q42.1.6 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities										35	35	33	-	-5,7%
43.1.1 Total number of specialised courts of first instance	34	34	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	31	-8,8%	-3,1%
43.1.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.3 Insolvency courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.4 Labour courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.5 Family courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.6 Rent and tenancies courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.9 Internet related disputes	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.10 Administrative courts	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	0,0%	0,0%

Bulgaria

(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
43.1.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.12 Military courts	5	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-40,0%	0,0%
43.1.13 Juvenile courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.1.14 Other specialised courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	NAP	-	-
43.2.1 Total number of specialised courts of higher instances									3	3	2	-	-33,3%
43.2.2 Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.3 Insolvency courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.4 Labour courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.5 Family courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.6 Rent and tenancies courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.7 Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.8 Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.9 Internet related disputes									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.10 Administrative courts									1	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.11 Insurance and / or social welfare courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.12 Military courts									1	1	1	-	0,0%
43.2.13 Juvenile courts									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
43.2.14 Other specialised courts									1	1	NAP	-	-
44.1.1 First instance courts geographic locations									145	145	145	-	0,0%
44.1.2 All courts geographic locations	170	170	168	175	182	182	182	182	182	182	181	6,5%	-0,5%

Indicator 3: The performance of courts at all stages of the proceedings

First instance other than criminal cases (Q91)

Bulgaria

(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
91.1.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	74 505	79 157	76 155	69 865	73 159	77 396	82 931	91 896	95 459	92 645	88 192	18,4%	-4,8%
91.1.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.1.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.1.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
91.1.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases	8 622	10 909	8 642	8 460	8 759	7 743	9 426	9 509	9 999	9 932	10 244	18,8%	3,1%
91.1.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	65 883	68 248	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.1 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	392 320	353 415	319 414	345 327	340 272	397 399	378 948	377 325	312 117	348 759	322 794	-17,7%	-7,4%
91.2.2 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.3 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.4 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.2.5 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.6 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.7 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.8 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.2.9 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
91.2.10 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases	28 726	26 441	24 757	26 472	25 072	31 333	31 146	34 724	29 349	28 924	28 217	-1,8%	-2,4%
91.2.11 1st inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	363 594	326 974	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
91.3.1 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	387 832	356 677	325 754	341 715	336 056	386 923	369 915	373 760	314 849	353 084	323 177	-16,7%	-8,5%
91.3.2 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.3 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.4 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.3.5 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.6 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.7 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.8 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.3.9 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
91.3.10 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases	26 462	28 727	24 955	26 196	26 117	29 666	31 044	34 226	29 388	28 946	28 442	7,5%	-1,7%
91.3.11 1st inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	361 370	327 950	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.1 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	78 993	75 895	69 815	73 477	77 375	87 872	91 964	95 461	92 727	88 320	87 809	11,2%	-0,6%
91.4.2 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.3 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.4 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
91.4.5 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.6 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.7 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.8 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases			NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
91.4.9 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases			NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
91.4.10 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases	10 886	8 623	8 444	8 736	7 714	9 410	9 528	10 007	9 960	9 910	10 019	-8,0%	1,1%
91.4.11 1st inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	68 107	67 272	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
Clearance rate and Disposition time for first instance other than criminal cases (Q91)													
CR Total of other than criminal law cases	98,9%	100,9%	102,0%	99,0%	98,8%	97,4%	97,6%	99,1%	100,9%	101,2%	100,1%	1,26	(1,12)
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases	92,1%	108,6%	100,8%	99,0%	104,2%	94,7%	99,7%	98,6%	100,1%	100,1%	100,8%	8,68	0,72
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	99,4%	100,3%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases	74	78	78	78	84	83	91	93	107	91	99	33,4%	8,6%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases	NA	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases	-	-	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NAP	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases	150	110	124	122	108	116	112	107	124	125	129	-14,4%	2,9%

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)	69	75	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

Second instance other than criminal cases (Q97)

97.1.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				14 841	12 788	12 457	12 512	13 611	15 876	18 713	19 082	-	2,0%
97.1.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.1.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.1.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.1.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases				3 239	2 932	2 688	2 526	2 411	2 264	2 244	2 230	-	-0,6%
97.1.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.2.1 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				60 271	59 309	58 503	57 281	59 922	56 644	55 193	50 579	-	-8,4%
97.2.2 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.3 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.4 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.2.5 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.6 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.7 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.8 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.2.9 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
97.2.10 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases				14 979	15 481	14 793	14 705	14 421	12 717	13 419	12 225	-	-8,9%
97.2.11 2nd inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.3.1 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				61 852	59 636	58 446	56 180	57 658	53 814	54 821	52 031	-	-5,1%
97.3.2 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.3 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.4 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.3.5 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.6 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.7 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.8 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.3.9 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.3.10 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases				15 286	15 724	14 954	14 819	14 567	12 744	13 430	12 506	-	-6,9%
97.3.11 2nd inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.4.1 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				13 260	12 461	12 514	13 613	15 875	18 706	19 085	17 630	-	-7,6%
97.4.2 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.3 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.4 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.4.5 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.6 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.7 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.8 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
97.4.9 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
97.4.10 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases				2 932	2 689	2 527	2 412	2 265	2 237	2 233	1 949	-	-12,7%
97.4.11 2nd inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
97.5.1 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.2 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
97.5.10 2nd inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases				-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases				102,6%	100,6%	99,9%	98,1%	96,2%	95,0%	99,3%	102,9%	-	3,54
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases				102,0%	101,6%	101,1%	100,8%	101,0%	100,2%	100,1%	102,3%	-	2,22
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Total of other than criminal law cases				78	76	78	88	100	127	127	124	-	-2,7%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
DT Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases				70	62	62	59	57	64	61	57	-	-6,3%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q99)													
99.1.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				9 462	9 956	10 912	9 934	10 063	8 988	7 358	8 298	-	12,8%
99.1.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	3 736	3 940	3 732	3 917	4 048	3 841	4 686	-	22,0%
99.1.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	3	NA	3	3	-	-	-
99.1.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	3	-	-	-
99.1.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.1.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	3	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.1.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Administrative law cases				5 590	6 220	6 972	6 199	6 146	4 937	3 514	3 612	-	2,8%
99.1.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 1 Jan. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.1 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				25 012	23 443	23 479	24 176	23 075	20 862	20 789	20 087	-	-3,4%
99.2.2 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	8 605	8 441	8 138	8 015	6 693	7 798	7 581	-	-2,8%
99.2.3 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	151	NA	139	160	182	-	13,8%
99.2.4 High inst courts_Incoming cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	58	NA	NA	160	182	-	13,8%

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
99.2.5 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.6 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.7 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.8 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.2.9 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	93	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.2.10 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Administrative law cases				14 931	14 838	15 038	15 887	15 060	14 030	12 831	12 324	-	-4,0%
99.2.11 High inst courts_Incoming cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.1 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				24 571	22 474	24 297	23 868	25 085	22 473	19 946	19 445	-	-2,5%
99.3.2 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	8 388	8 485	7 774	7 846	6 876	6 940	7 435	-	7,1%
99.3.3 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	152	NA	139	163	181	-	11,0%
99.3.4 High inst courts_Resolved cases_General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	58	NA	NA	163	181	-	11,0%
99.3.5 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.6 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.7 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.8 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.3.9 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	94	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.3.10 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Administrative law cases				14 301	14 086	15 812	15 942	17 239	15 458	12 843	11 829	-	-7,9%
99.3.11 High inst courts_Resolved cases_Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.1 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				9 903	10 925	9 934	10 061	8 053	7 375	8 311	8 940	-	7,6%
99.4.2 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	3 953	3 735	3 915	4 086	3 863	4 699	4 832	-	2,8%
99.4.3 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	2	NA	3	-	1	-	-
99.4.4 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	1	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
99.4.5 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.6 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.7 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.8 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.4.9 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	2	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
99.4.10 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Administrative law cases				6 220	6 972	6 199	6 144	3 967	3 509	3 612	4 107	-	13,7%
99.4.11 High inst courts_Pending cases on 31 Dec. Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
99.5.1 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)				-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	199	-	-
99.5.2 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	98	-	-
99.5.10 High inst courts_Pending more than 2 years - Administrative law cases				-	479	248	81	85	53	66	101	-	53,0%

Clearance rate and disposition time for Supreme courts' other than criminal law cases (Q97)

CR Total of other than criminal law cases				98,2%	95,9%	103,5%	98,7%	108,7%	107,7%	95,9%	96,8%	-	0,86
CR Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	97,5%	100,5%	95,5%	97,9%	102,7%	89,0%	98,1%	-	9,08
CR Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	100,7%	NA	100,0%	101,9%	99,5%	-	(2,42)
CR General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	100,0%	NA	NA	101,9%	99,5%	-	(2,42)
CR Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
CR Other non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	101,1%	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR Administrative law cases				95,8%	94,9%	105,1%	100,3%	114,5%	110,2%	100,1%	96,0%	-	(4,11)
CR Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
DT Total of other than criminal law cases				147	177	149	154	117	120	152	168	-	10,3%
DT Civil (and commercial) litigious cases				NA	172	161	184	190	205	247	237	-	-4,0%
DT Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	5	NA	8	-	2	-	-
DT General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	-	NA	NA	-	2	-	-
DT Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non litigious land registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Non-litigious business registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other registry cases				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT Other non-litigious cases				NA	NAP	NAP	8	NA	NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT Administrative law cases				159	181	143	141	84	83	103	127	-	23,5%
DT Other cases (e.g. insolvency registry cases)				NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

First instance criminal law cases (Q94)

094.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									21 184	23 281	23 195	-	-0,4%
094.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.2.1 Total -incoming									130 282	131 575	124 178	-	-5,6%
094.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.2.4 Other - incoming									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.3.1 Total - resolved									128 186	131 463	126 366	-	-3,9%
094.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	NAP	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
094.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.3.4 Other - resolved									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									23 280	23 393	21 007	-	-10,2%
094.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.5.1 Total - pending more than 2 years									NA	NA	NA	-	-
094.5.2 Severe cases - pending more than 2 years									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more than 2 years									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
094.5.4 Other - pending more than 2 years									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for first instance criminal law cases (Q94)													
CR of Total									98%	100%	102%	-	1,8
CR of Severe cases									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR of Other									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									66	65	61	-	-6,6%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
Second instance criminal law cases (Q98)													
098.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									1 611	1 704	1 862	-	9,3%
098.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	NAP	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
098.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
098.2.1 Total -incoming									11 268	11 003	10 121	-	-8,0%
098.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.2.4 Other - incoming									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
098.3.1 Total - resolved									11 174	10 841	10 158	-	-6,3%
098.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.3.4 Other - resolved									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
098.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									1 705	1 866	1 825	-	-2,2%
098.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
098.5.1 Total - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	NA	-	-
098.5.2 Severe cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more then 2 years									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
098.5.4 Other - pending more then 2 years									NA	NAP	NAP	-	-
Clearance rate and disposition time for second instance criminal law cases (Q98)													
CR of Total									99,2%	98,5%	100,4%	-	1,87
CR o2 Severe cases									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
CR of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	NAP	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
CR of Other									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
DT of Total									56	63	66	-	4,4%
DT of Severe cases									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT of Misdemeanour cases									NA	NA	NAP	-	-
DT of Other									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)													
100.1.1 Total - pending 1 Jan									293	266	296	-	11,3%
100.1.2 Severe cases - pending 1 Jan									231	215	239	-	11,2%
100.1.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 1 Jan									22	29	23	-	-20,7%
100.1.4 Other - pending 1 Jan									40	22	34	-	54,5%
100.2.1 Total -incoming									1 035	1 141	1 027	-	-10,0%
100.2.2 Severe cases - incoming									525	609	468	-	-23,2%
100.2.3 Misdemeanour cases - incoming									88	68	72	-	5,9%
100.2.4 Other - incoming									422	464	487	-	5,0%
100.3.1 Total - resolved									1 062	1 110	1 062	-	-4,3%
100.3.2 Severe cases -resolved									541	584	500	-	-14,4%
100.3.3 Misdemeanour cases - resolved									81	74	77	-	4,1%
100.3.4 Other - resolved									440	452	485	-	7,3%
100.4.1 Total - pending 31 Dec									266	297	261	-	-12,1%
100.4.2 Severe cases - pending 31 Dec									215	240	207	-	-13,8%
100.4.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending 31 Dec									29	23	18	-	-21,7%
100.4.4 Other - pending 31 Dec									22	34	36	-	5,9%

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
100.5.1 Total - pending more than 2 years									4	5	4	-	-20,0%
100.5.2 Severe cases - pending more than 2 years									4	5	4	-	-20,0%
100.5.3 Misdemeanour cases - pending more than 2 years									-	-	-	-	-
100.5.4 Other - pending more than 2 years									-	-	-	-	-

Clearance rate and disposition time for supreme courts' criminal law cases (Q100)

CR of Total									102,6%	97,3%	103,4%	-	6,12
CR of Severe cases									103,0%	95,9%	106,8%	-	10,94
CR of Misdemeanour cases									92,0%	108,8%	106,9%	-	(1,88)
CR of Other									104,3%	97,4%	99,6%	-	2,18
DT of Total									91	98	90	-	-8,1%
DT of Severe cases									145	150	151	-	0,7%
DT of Misdemeanour cases									131	113	85	-	-24,8%
DT of Other									18	27	27	-	-1,3%

Indicator 4: Public prosecution services

(Q107, Q107-1, Q109)

1. Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year									4 695	4 119	4 205	-	2,1%
2. Incoming/received cases									100 508	100 584	96 968	-	-3,6%
3. Processed cases (3.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.4)									142 299	168 588	161 905	-	-4,0%
3.1. Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)									74 567	101 626	133 466	-	31,3%
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation									74 567	101 626	98 306	-	-3,3%
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons									NAP	NAP	35 160	-	-
3.2. Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
3.3. Cases brought to court									27 879	28 975	28 439	-	-1,8%
4. Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year									4 119	4 205	4 208	-	0,1%
Public prosecution: Ratio of processed cases with incoming cases									1,42	1,68	1,67	-	-4,0%
Public prosecution: Ratio of pending cases with incoming cases									0,04	0,04	0,04	-	0,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total									19 155	21 346	21 326	-	-0,1%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Total - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Total									8 934	10 504	10 785	-	2,7%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - Before the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Total									10 221	10 842	10 541	-	-2,8%
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Severe criminal cases									NA	NA	NA	-	-
Number of cases concluded with the guilty plea procedure - During the main trial - Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases									NA	NA	NA	-	-
Budget of public prosecution services (Q13)													
Total approved annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	81 248 370 €	83 191 279 €	93 698 490 €	95 590 817 €	103 474 815 €	111 702 235 €	117 132 394 €	137 635 835 €	152 917 818 €	168 983 884 €	180 015 668 €	121,6%	6,53%

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
Total implemented annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services in €	-	-	93 356 800 €	94 966 603 €	102 876 460 €	110 387 845 €	116 412 630 €	136 392 502 €	149 281 332 €	166 149 076 €	178 508 426 €	-	7,44%
Approved annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 000 €	12 850 €	3 840 €	9 569 €	12 169 €	-	27,17%
Implemented annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services in € (included in the total)	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 480 €	12 799 €	3 646 €	9 569 €	7 224 €	-	-24,51%

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions		
												2012-2022	2021-2022	
Indicator 5: Access to justice														
System for compensating users														
(Q37)														
Number of requests for compensation														
037.1.1 Total									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.1.2 Excessive length of proceedings									NA	575	536		-	-6,8%
037.1.3 Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.1.4 Wrongful arrest/detention									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.1.5 Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.1.6 Other									NA	NA	NA		-	-
Number of compensations granted														
037.2.1 Total									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.2.2 Excessive length of proceedings									NA	300	204		-	-32,0%
037.2.3 Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.2.4 Wrongful arrest/detention									NA	257	230		-	-10,5%
037.2.5 Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.2.6 Other									NA	NA	NA		-	-
Amount of compensations granted (in €)														
037.3.1 Total									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.3.2 Excessive length of proceedings									NA	416 526 €	316 392 €		-	-24,0%
037.3.3 Non-execution of court decisions									NA	NA	NA		-	-
037.3.4 Wrongful arrest/detention									NA	1 041 345 €	1 311 388 €		-	25,9%

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
037.3.5 Wrongful conviction									NA	NA	NA	-	-
037.3.6 Other									NA	NA	NA	-	-

Indicator 6: The ICT tools of courts and for court users

(Q62-23, Q62-24, Q62-25, Q62-26)

Writing assistance tools													
062-23.1.1.1 Deployment rate in civil and/or commercial matter												NA	
062-23.1.2.1 Usage rate in civil and/or commercial matter												NA	
062-23.1.3.1 Deployment rate in administrative matter												NA	
062-23.2.1.1 Usage rate in administrative matter												NA	
062-23.2.2.1 Deployment rate in criminal matter												NA	
062-23.2.3.1 Usage rate in criminal matter												NA	
Features of the writing assistance tools													
Civil and/or commercial matter													
062-24.1.1.1 Templates												NA	
062-24.1.1.2 Automatically generated text												NA	
062-24.1.1.3 Automatically suggested decision												NA	
062-24.1.1.4 Speech-to-text												NA	
062-24.1.1.5 Electronic signature												NA	
062-24.1.1.6 Other special functionality												NA	

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions		
												2012-2022	2021-2022	
Administrative matter														
062-24.1.2.1 Templates												NA		
062-24.1.2.2 Automatically generated text												NA		
062-24.1.2.3 Automatically suggested decision												NA		
062-24.1.2.4 Speech-to-text												NA		
062-24.1.2.5 Electronic signature												NA		
062-24.1.2.6 Other special functionality												NA		
Criminal matter														
062-24.1.3.1 Templates												NA		
062-24.1.3.2 Automatically generated text												NA		
062-24.1.3.3 Automatically suggested decision												NA		
062-24.1.3.4 Speech-to-text												NA		
062-24.1.3.5 Electronic signature												NA		
062-24.1.3.6 Other special functionality												NA		
Recording of court hearings														
062-25.1.1.1 Deployment rate in civil and/or commercial matter												NA		
062-25.1.2.1 Usage rate in civil and/or commercial matter												NA		
062-25.1.3.1 Deployment rate in administrative matter												NA		
062-25.2.1.1 Usage rate in administrative matter												NA		
062-25.2.2.1 Deployment rate in criminal matter												NA		
062-25.2.3.1 Usage rate in criminal matter												NA		

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions		
												2012-2022	2021-2022	
												Features of the recording of court hearings		
Civil and/or commercial matter														
062-26.1.1.1 Audio recording														
062-26.1.1.2 Video recording														
062-26.1.1.3 Systematic recording for all hearings														
062-26.1.1.4 Automatically indexed recording														
062-26.1.1.5 Automatic transcript from recording														
062-26.1.1.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording														
062-26.1.1.7 Other special functionality														
Administrative matter														
062-26.1.2.1 Audio recording														
062-26.1.2.2 Video recording														
062-26.1.2.3 Systematic recording for all hearings														
062-26.1.2.4 Automatically indexed recording														
062-26.1.2.5 Automatic transcript from recording														
062-26.1.2.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording														
062-26.1.2.7 Other special functionality														
Criminal matter														
062-26.1.3.1 Audio recording														
062-26.1.3.2 Video recording														
062-26.1.3.3 Systematic recording for all hearings														
062-26.1.3.4 Automatically indexed recording														

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
062-26.1.3.5 Automatic transcript from recording											NA		
062-26.1.3.6 Possibility to request a copy of the recording											NA		
062-26.1.3.7 Other special functionality											NA		

Indicator 7: Professionals of justice

(Q46, Q46-2, Q52, Q52-1, Q55, Q60, Q4, Q132, Q133, Q144, Q145, Q146)

46.1.1 Total Number of professional judges	2 239	2 191	2 220	2 225	2 255	2 235	2 223	2 215	2 184	2 192	2 188	-2,3%	-0,2%
46.1.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges	1 188	1 614	1 753	1 760	1 789	1 745	1 750	1 898	1 246	1 258	1 230	3,5%	-2,2%
46.1.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges	859	396	277	277	276	299	289	134	760	750	778	-9,4%	3,7%
46.1.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges	192	181	190	188	190	191	184	183	178	184	180	-6,3%	-2,2%
46.2.1 Number of professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	749	732	742	743	-	0,1%
46.2.2 Number of 1st instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	655	435	440	432	-	-1,8%
46.2.3 Number of 2nd instance professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	50	255	254	263	-	3,5%
46.2.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_males	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	44	42	48	48	-	0,0%
46.3.1 Number of professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 466	1 452	1 450	1 445	-	-0,3%
46.3.2 Number of 1st inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 243	811	818	798	-	-2,4%
46.3.3 Number of 2nd inst professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	84	505	496	515	-	3,8%
46.3.4 Number of Supreme court professional judges_females	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	139	136	136	132	-	-2,9%
046-2.1.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Total									2 184	2 192	2 188	-	-0,2%
046-2.1.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Total									1 246	1 258	1 230	-	-2,2%
046-2.1.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Total									760	750	778	-	3,7%
046-2.1.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Total									178	184	180	-	-2,2%
046-2.2.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NA	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
046-2.2.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.2.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Civil and commercial									NA	432	461	-	6,7%
046-2.2.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Civil and commercial									66	62	65	-	4,8%
046-2.3.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Criminal									NA	NA	NA	-	-
046-2.3.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Criminal									NA	254	275	-	8,3%
046-2.3.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Criminal									28	27	24	-	-11,1%
046-2.4.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Administrative									337	330	389	-	17,9%
046-2.4.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Administrative									254	236	299	-	26,7%
046-2.4.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Administrative									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
046-2.4.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Administrative									83	94	90	-	-4,3%
046-2.5.1 Number of professional judges (FTE) - Other									17	15	14	-	-6,7%
046-2.5.2 Professional judges of first instance (FTE) - Other									12	10	9	-	-10,0%
046-2.5.3 Professional judges of second instance (FTE) - Other									5	5	5	-	0,0%
046-2.5.4 Professional judges of supreme court (FTE) - Other									NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts	6 014	5 958	6 014	6 143	6 174	6 212	6 262	6 323	6 329	6 475	6 587	9,5%	1,7%
52.1.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.1.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges	4 479	4 445	4 468	4 395	4 478	4 492	4 656	4 689	4 697	4 840	4 936	10,2%	2,0%
52.1.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks	1 480	1 458	1 491	1 191	1 162	1 118	1 006	979	968	970	983	-33,6%	1,3%
52.1.5 Number of Technical staff	NA	NA	NA	502	481	568	585	617	627	627	629	-	0,3%
52.1.6 Number of Other non judge staff	55	55	55	55	53	34	35	38	37	38	39	-29,1%	2,6%
52.2.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
52.2.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(men)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.2.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.5 Number of Technical staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.2.6 Number of Other non judge staff(men)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.1 Total Number of non judge staff who are working in courts(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.2 Number of Non judge staff (Rechtspfleger)(women)	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NA	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
52.3.3 Number of Non-judge staff assisting the judges(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.4 Number of Staff in charge of administrative tasks(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.5 Number of Technical staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
52.3.6 Number of Other non judge staff(women)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.1.1 Non-judge staff (Total)									6 329	6 475	6 587	-	1,7%
052-1.1.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (total)									4 099	4 176	4 263	-	2,1%
052-1.1.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (total)									1 821	1 875	1 893	-	1,0%
052-1.1.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (total)									409	424	431	-	1,7%
052-1.2.1 Non-judge staff (Males)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (males)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (males)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.2.4 Non-judge staff at Supreme court (males)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.1 Non-judge staff (females)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.2 Non-judge staff at first instance (females)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.3 Non-judge staff at second instance (females)									NA	NA	NA	-	-
052-1.3.4 Non-judge staff at supreme court (females)									NA	NA	NA	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
055.1.1 Prosecutors (total)									1 520	1 527	1 542	-	1,0%
055.1.2 Prosecutors (1st inst.)									884	904	883	-	-2,3%
055.1.3 Prosecutors (2nd inst.)									514	507	528	-	4,1%
055.1.4 Prosecutors (Highest instance)									122	116	131	-	12,9%
055.2.1 Prosecutors - Males -total									740	738	745	-	0,9%
055.2.2 Prosecutors - Males, 1st inst.									389	393	400	-	1,8%
055.2.3 Prosecutors - Males, 2nd inst.									297	292	290	-	-0,7%
055.2.4 Prosecutors - Males, Supreme courts									54	53	55	-	3,8%
055.3.1 Prosecutors - Females, Total									780	789	797	-	1,0%
055.3.2 Prosecutors - Females, 1st inst.									495	511	483	-	-5,5%
055.3.3 Prosecutors - Females, 2nd inst.									217	215	238	-	10,7%
055.3.4 Prosecutors - Females, Supreme courts									68	63	76	-	20,6%
057 Other with similar duties as public prosecutors											False	-	-
056.1.1 Heads of prosecution (total)											114	-	-
056.1.2 Heads of prosecution (1st inst.)											78	-	-
056.1.3 Heads of prosecution (2nd inst.)											35	-	-
056.1.4 Heads of prosecution (Highest instance)											1	-	-
056.2.1 Heads of prosecution - Males -total											66	-	-
056.2.2 Heads of prosecution - Males, 1st inst.											40	-	-
056.2.3 Heads of prosecution - Males, 2nd inst.											25	-	-
056.2.4 Heads of prosecution - Males, Supreme courts											1	-	-
056.3.1 Heads of prosecution - Females, Total											48	-	-
056.3.2 Heads of prosecution - Females, 1st inst.											38	-	-

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(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
056.3.3 Heads of prosecution - Females, 2nd inst.											10	-	-
056.3.4 Heads of prosecution - Females, Supreme courts											0	-	-
060.1.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Total							2 907	-	3 021	2 887	2 956	-	2,4%
060.2.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Males							NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-
060.3.1 Number of non-prosecutor staff Females							NA	-	NA	NA	NA	-	-
004 Annual average salary in the country							6 964 €	7 814 €	8 509 €	9 514 €	10 861 €	-	14,2%
132.1.1 Gross annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							19 941 €	22 957 €	24 990 €	27 867 €	30 085 €	-	8,0%
132.1.2 Gross annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							36 097 €	39 583 €	44 214 €	48 222 €	53 144 €	-	10,2%
132.1.3 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							19 941 €	22 957 €	24 990 €	27 867 €	30 085 €	-	8,0%
132.1.4 Gross annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							36 097 €	39 583 €	44 214 €	48 222 €	53 144 €	-	10,2%
132.2.1 Net annual salary, in € - Professional judge at the beginning of career							17 946 €	20 661 €	22 491 €	25 080 €	27 076 €	-	8,0%
132.2.2 Net annual salary, in € - Judge of the Supreme Court							32 487 €	35 625 €	39 793 €	43 400 €	47 829 €	-	10,2%
132.2.3 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor at the beginning of career							17 946 €	20 661 €	22 491 €	25 080 €	27 076 €	-	8,0%
132.2.4 Net annual salary, in € - Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance							32 487 €	35 625 €	39 793 €	43 400 €	47 829 €	-	10,2%
133.1.1.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Reduced taxation							False	False	False	False	False		
133.1.2.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Special pension							False	False	False	False	False		
133.1.3.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Housing							True	True	True	True	True		
133.1.4.1 - Additional benefits for judges - Other financial benefit							True	True	True	True	True		
133.2.1.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Reduced taxation							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.2.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Special pension							False	False	False	False	False		
133.2.3.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Housing							True	True	True	True	True		
133.2.4.1 - Additional benefits for prosecutors - Other financial benefit							True	True	True	True	True		

Lawyers

(Q146, Q147, Q148)

Bulgaria

(2012-2022) data tables

Question	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Variations for quantitative questions	
												2012-2022	2021-2022
146.1.1 Total number of lawyers practising	12 010	12 010	12 696	13 013	13 500	13 720	13 640	13 880	13 964	13 605	13 487	12,3%	-0,9%
146.2.1 Practising lawyers - man							6 503	6 608	6 597	6 783	6 763	-	-0,3%
146.3.1 Practising lawyers - woman							7 137	7 272	7 367	6 822	6 724	-	-1,4%
147 Does this figure include “legal advisors” who cannot represent their clients in court (for example, some solicitors or in-house counsellors)?				No	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	-	-
148 Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:				NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	NAP	-	-
Indicator 8: Mediators and notaries													
(Q166, Q157)													
166 Number of accredited or registered mediators who practice judicial mediation:	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
166.2.1 Mediators - male							NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
166.3.1 Mediators - female							NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	-
192.1.1 Number of notaries											706	-	-
192.1.2 Private professionals (without control from public authorities)											NAP	-	-
192.1.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State											706	-	-
192.1.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)											NAP	-	-
192.1.5 Other											NAP	-	-
192.2.1 Number of notaries- male											228	-	-
192.2.2 Private professionals (without control from public authorities)- male											NAP	-	-
192.2.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State- male											228	-	-
192.2.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)- male											NAP	-	-
192.2.5 Other- male											NAP	-	-
192.3.1 Number of notaries- female											478	-	-
192.3.2 Private professionals (without control from public authorities)- female											NAP	-	-
192.3.3 Holders of public offices appointed by the State- female											478	-	-
192.3.4 Civil servants (paid by the State)- female											NAP	-	-
192.3.5 Other- female											NAP	-	-

Key: Variation of more than (+ -) 30%