### The European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice

#### Evaluation of the judicial systems 2024 (data 2022)



Armenia

Generated on: 27/09/2024 16:44

Reference data 2022 (01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022)

Start/end date of the data collection campaign: 15/03/2023 - 01/10/2023

#### Objective:

The CEPEJ decided, at its 39th plenary meeting, to launch the nineth evaluation cycle 2024, focused on 2022 data. The CEPEJ wishes to use the methodology developed in the previous cycles to get, with the support of its national correspondents' network, a general evaluation of the judicial systems in the 46 member states of the Council of Europe as well as three observer states (Israel, Morocco and Kazakhstan).

The present questionnaire was developed by the Working group on evaluation of judicial systems (CEPEJ-GT-EVAL) in view of the previous evaluation cycles and considering the comments submitted by CEPEJ members, observers, experts and national correspondents. The aim of this exercise is to increase awareness of judicial systems in the participating states, to compare the functioning of judicial systems in their various aspects, as well as to have a better knowledge of the trends of the judicial organisation in order to help improve the efficiency of justice. The evaluation questionnaire and the analysis of the results becomes a genuine tool in favour of public policies on justice, in service of the European citizens.

For better understanding of the questions it is necessary to consult the Explanatory note that gives definitions and explanations on the CEPEJ evaluation questionnaire and the methodology needed for replying, You can download the Explanatory note as a whole document on the CEPEJ website. In addition to the Explanatory note, there is also the User manual that is a technical document to help you navigate through this application for data collection.

In case you have any questions related to these documents or on the use of the application, please do not hesitate to contact the Secretariat.

#### Instruction:

Explanatory note: https://rm.coe.int/explanatory-note-2024-cycle-cepej-2023-2-en/1680aae30a

Word version of the questionnaire - https://rm.coe.int/evaluation-scheme-2024-cycle-cepej-2022-9rev1-en-30-march-2023/1680aae309

CEPEJ COLLECT - User manual - you can download under Documentation tab

#### 1.General and financial information

- 1.1.Demographic and economic data
- 1.1.1Inhabitants and economic general information

001. Number of inhabitants (if possible on 1 January of the reference year +1)

[2977130]

Comments



#### 003. Per capita GDP (in €) in current prices for the reference year

[6210]

Comments

#### 004. Average gross annual salary (in €) for the reference year

[6732]

Comments The average monthly nominal wage has been increased since the last data collection EUR ~ 2 220 (AMD 235 576) was the average monthly nominal wage for 2022, the average annual salary is EUR~6732. The basis for calculations was the exchange rate 420.06.

### 005. Exchange rate of national currency (non-Euro zone) in € on 1 January of the reference year +1:

[ 420.06 ]
Allow decimals : 5

Comments The information is provided by the Central Bank of Armenia.

The average exchange rate for 2022 is 460.8.

#### A1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Sources: https://armstat.am/am/?nid=12&id=17012&submit= https://www.cba.am/EN/SitePages/ExchangeArchive.aspx?FilterDate=2023-01-01 Official information provided by the Central Bank of Armenia.

#### 1.1.2Budgetary data concerning judicial system



006. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, in € (without the budget of the public prosecution services and without the budget of legal aid). If you cannot separate the budget allocated to the courts from the budget of public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please go to question 7. If you are able to answer this question, please answer NA to question 7.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
TOTAL - Annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$	35 433 878 []NA	34 359 417 []NA
1. Annual public budget allocated to (gross) salaries	28 034 364 []NA	27 730 651 []NA

2. Annual public budget allocated to computerisation (2.1 -	- 781 310	642 263
2.2)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
2.2)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2.1 Investments in computerisation	648 443	534 738
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2.2 Maintenance of the IT equipment of courts	132 867	107 525
2.2 Wantenance of the 11 equipment of courts	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[]NAP	NAP
	201.076	124 227
3. Annual public budget allocated to justice expenses	201 876	124 227
(expertise, interpretation, etc.)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
4. Annual public budget allocated to court buildings	531 161	495 774
(maintenance, operating costs)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
(maintenance, operating costs)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
5. Annual public budget allocated to investments in new	7 618	7 618
	[ ] NA	[ ]NA
(court) buildings	[ ] NAP	[]NAP
6. Annual public budget allocated to training	89 481	8 348
o. Annual public budget anocated to training	[]NA	[ ] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP
7. Other (please specify)	5 788 067	5 350 536
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. If the annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget allocated to the functioning of all courts, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The budget category "other" includes:

- 7.1 The reserve fund of courts: 694,144.65 (implemented: 659 546)
- 7.2 Providing social packages for employees of state institutions and organizations: 437 367 (implemented: 387 457)
- 7.3 The annual public budget allocated to other equipment: 213 135 (implemented: 296 620)
- 7.4 Maintenance of courts of RA: 4 443 421 (implemented: 4 006 912)

It should be noted that in Armenia social packages for employees (7.2) are not included in the category of salaries. The mentioned measures are allocated separately within the framework of the "Providing employees of state institutions and organizations with a social package" program of budget. The same point applies to the maintenance of courts (7.4) mentioned in the section "other" as it does not include annual public budget allocated to court buildings, but it is allocated to ensure the normal functioning of the courts and their staff and is intended for other expenses. It is not possible to perform accurate recalculation to include those elements respectively within categories 6.1 Salaries and 6.4 Budget allocated to court buildings.

# 007. If you cannot answer question 6 because you cannot isolate the public budget allocated to courts from the budget allocated to public prosecution services and/or the one allocated to legal aid, please fill in only the appropriate line in the table according to your system:

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and the public prosecution services together	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP
Total annual public budget allocated to all courts and legal aid together	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP

Total annual public budget allocated to all courts, public prosecution services and legal aid together	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the fig lifferent from the approved annual public budget, please indicate		
On the second se	ourt fee to init	iate a proceeding at a court of
general juristicuon.		Litigants required to pay a court fee to initiate a proceeding at a court of general jurisdiction?
for criminal cases		( ) Yes, at the beginning of the procedure ( ) Yes, at a later stage ( X ) No
for other than criminal cases		(X) Yes, at the beginning of the procedure  () Yes, at a later stage () No
ONS-1. Please briefly present the methodology of a case. As per the latest amendments, appeals is 4% and the fee for non-pecuniary claims is approximate.	ate fees for claims ar	nd appeals, as well as for getting copies of the y claims is 3% of the cost of the lawsuit, the fee f
008-2. The amount of court fees requested to co	ommence an ac	ction for 3000€ debt recovery:
Comments The fee for initiating a lawsuit for 3000€ debt recovery examined by the simplified procedures it will cost 60 EUR. In 202 was increased.		
009. Annual income of court fees received by the	he State (in €)	:
[ 7 295 616 ]		

Comments In 2022, as a result of the amendments in the "Law on State Fee" the state fee was increased.

[ ] NA

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#### 012. Annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, in €.

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual approved public budget	1 065 679		
allocated to legal aid (12.1 + 12.2)	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
anocated to legal aid (12.1 + 12.2)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
12.1 for cases brought to court (court fees			
and/or legal representation)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
and or regar representation)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
12.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
advice, first and outer legal services)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

#### 012-1. Annual implemented public budget allocated to legal aid, in $\in$ .

	TOTAL	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
TOTAL - Annual implemented public budget	1 065 679		
allocated to legal aid (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
anocated to legal and (12-1.1 + 12-1.2)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
12-1.1 for cases brought to court (court fees			
and/or legal representation)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
and/or regar representation)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
12-1.2 for cases not brought to court (legal			
advice, ADR and other legal services)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
advice, ADR and outer legal services)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

If the public budget actually implemented regarding legal aid is different from the annual approved public budget allocated to legal aid, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

#### 0

#### 012-3. Do legal aid budgets indicated in Q12 and Q12-1 include:

	Amount calculated/estimated included
Coverage of court fees	( ) Yes
_	( X ) No
	( ) NAP (Legal aid does not include
	coverage of court fees)
Exemption from court fees	( ) Yes
_	(X) No
	( ) NAP (Legal aid does not include
	exemption from court fees)

Comments

013. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in €.

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services, in € (including 13.1)	15 201 084 []NA	15 161 305 []NA
13.1. Annual public budget allocated to training of public prosecution services	[] NA [X] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP

Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the public prosecution services actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences: The budget of the RA Prosecutor's Office is formed exclusively at the expense of the state budget. As for the budget allocated for training, the allocations for the training of prosecutors at the expense of the state budget are provided to the RA Academy of Justice. Apart from the depreciation of euro, the reason for increase is the dedicated state policy aimed at expanding the prosecutor's network, thanks to which the budget has increased. It is also noteworthy that during the year, the prosecutors were paid supplements.

#### A2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: The official information provided by the RA Prosecutor's Office.

#### 1.1.3Budgetary data concerning the whole justice system



015-1. Annual (approved and implemented) public budget allocated to the whole justice system, in € (this global budget includes the judicial system budget - see 15-2 and other elements of the justice system - see 15-3)

	Approved budget (in €)	Implemented budget (in €)
Total annual public budget allocated to the whole justice	99 878 651	97 105 632
system in €	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment to explain the figures provided above and specify if a large portion of the budget allocated to the whole justice system comes from an international organisation. Moreover, if the annual public budget allocated to the whole justice system actually implemented is different from the approved annual public budget, please indicate the main reasons for the differences:

#### 015-2. Elements of the judicial system budget (Q6, Q7, Q12, Q13)

	Included
Courts	(X)Yes
	( ) <b>N</b> o
Legal aid	(X) Yes
	( ) No

Public prosecution services	(X)Yes
	( ) No
	[ ] NAP

Comments

### 015-3. Other budgetary elements

	Included
Prison system	(X) Yes () No
Probation services	(X) Yes () No
High Judicial Council	( X ) Yes ( ) No [ ] NAP
High Prosecutorial Council	( ) Yes ( ) No [X] NAP
Constitutional court	( ) Yes (X) No [] NAP
Judicial management body	(X) Yes () No
Service for legal representation of the State	( ) Yes ( ) No [X] NAP
Enforcement services	( X ) Yes ( ) No [ ] NAP
Notariat	( ) Yes ( X ) No [ ] NAP
Forensic services	(X) Yes () No
Judicial protection of juveniles	(X) Yes () No
Functioning of the Ministry of Justice	(X) Yes () No
Refugees and asylum seekers services	( ) Yes ( X ) No [ ] NAP
Immigration Service	( ) Yes ( X ) No [ ] NAP

Some police services (e.g.: transfer, investigation, prisoners' security)	( ) Yes
	(X) No
	[ ] NAP
Other	( ) Yes
	(X) No
	[ ] NAP

If "Other", please specify:

#### A3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Law on State Budget and relevant reports

#### 2. Access to justice and all courts

#### 2.1.Legal Aid

#### 2.1.1Scope of legal aid

#### 016. Does legal aid apply to:

	Criminal cases	Other than criminal cases
Representation in court	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
<b>.</b>	( ) No	( ) No
	[ ] NA	[]NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Legal advice, ADR and other legal services	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

#### 016-1. Please briefly describe the organisation of the legal aid system in your country.

- Armenia has made significant progress in ensuring access to justice for vulnerable groups of the population through the provision of free legal aid since the establishment of the Public Defender's Office (PDO) in 2006.

Over the years, the number of cases handled within the state-guaranteed free legal aid system grew steadily, from 1408 in 2007 to 3119 in 2012 to 14423 in 2020 to 18064 in 2022.

The Law on Advocacy states that "Free legal aid includes:

1)consultation: preparation of lawsuits, applications, complaints, and other legal documents, including the provision of legal information,

2)representation or defense in criminal, civil, administrative, and constitutional cases." (Article 41).

At the time of its adoption in 2004, the Law on Advocacy provided that the State shall guarantee legal aid in criminal cases pursuant to the procedure and in cases provided for by the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Republic of Armenia, as well as pursuant to the procedure prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure of the Republic of Armenia in the following cases:

1)in actions with regard to collecting maintenance payments;

2)compensation for losses incurred as a result of mayhem or other injury to the health, as well as death of the bread-winner.

After applying to the Public Defender's Office, if you fall under the category of who can receive free legal aid, your case will be

re	ferred to the appropriate public defender who will provide counseling.
In	December 2011, the Law on Advocacy was amended, adding the possibility for various categories of population to receive free
le	gal aid in civil and administrative cases. The categories listed in this amendment were (Article 41, part 5):
1)	family members of soldiers who deceased during the defense of the borders of the Republic of Armenia;
2)	persons with 1st, 2nd degree of disability;
3)	convicts;
	members of families registered in the family indigence assessment system and those having a rate of indigence higher than "0";
	participants of the Great Patriotic War and battles of the Republic of Armenia during the defense of its borders;
	unemployed persons;
	pensioners living alone;
	children left without parental care, as well as persons considered to be children left without parental care; refugees;
	))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))
	) those indigent natural persons, who present truthful data that certify their indigence. In the meaning of this provision, indigent is a
	atural person not having sufficient income, an employed family member who lives with him/her, as well as does not have any
	nmovable property or a vehicle exceeding the amount of thousand-fold of the minimum salary, other than his/her personal apartment.
	ecent amendment expanded the list with the following categories:
	2) to individuals having mental disorders and receiving medical treatment in an asylum. 13) to individuals who have been recognized
	victims or special category victims by the identification committee of human trafficking and exploitation in order prescribed by the
	w. 14) to the ones searching shelter in the Republic of Armenia. 15) persons who have suffered from torture in order to receive
	ompensation in accordance with the procedure established by Article 1087.3 of the Civil Code of the Republic of Armenia.
	6) persons who have been subjected to domestic violence in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Armenia "On Prevention of
	omestic Violence, Protection of persons who have been subjected to Domestic Violence and restoration of solidarity in the family".
17	7) defendants in civil cases initiated on the basis of the Law of the Republic of Armenia on confiscation of property of illegal origin".
18	3) foreigners - for protesting the decision on deportation. 19) persons in respect of whom proceedings are being carried out on cases
of	recognition as incapacitated or with limited legal capacity, on recognition as incapacitated of a citizen recognized as incapacitated,
OI	on the abolition of restrictions on the legal capacity of a citizen. 20) victims, if they are conscripts or a child under 16 years of age.
018	Can legal aid be granted for the fees that are related to the enforcement of judicial decisions
(e.g	fees of an enforcement agent)?
(	) Yes
( X	) No
,	NAP
If yes	, please specify:
019	. Can legal aid be granted for other costs (different from those mentioned in questions 16 to 18,
	fees of technical advisors or experts, costs of other legal professionals (notaries), travel costs
etc.)	
<del></del>	· •

Criminal cases

Other than criminal cases

	( ) Yes	
( X ) No	( X ) No	
[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	

#### 020. Please indicate the number of cases for which legal aid has been granted:

	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL	18 064		
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
In criminal cases	11 117		
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
In other than criminal cases	6 947		
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate: The Information is provided by the Chamber of Advocates.

#### 020-0. Please indicate the number of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Cases brought to court	Cases not brought to court
TOTAL			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
In criminal cases			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
In other than criminal cases			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - Please specify when appropriate:

020-0-1. Are there statistic	cal data disaggre	egated by gen	der in respect	t of recipients	s of legal aid?
			- · · · I		

( ) Yes

(X) No

Comments

#### 020-0-2. If yes, please provide details on distribution by gender of recipients of legal aid:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid	[]NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

020-0-3. Is it possible to divide the number of recipients of legal aid per decipients	ifferent categories of
cases?	

(X) Yes
() No

Comment: If yes, please specify for which categories of cases:

### 020-0-4. Are there situations where legal aid is automatically granted depending on categories of cases?

( X ) Yes ( ) No

Comment: If yes, please specify:

#### 020-0-5. How many of the recipients of legal aid are alleged victims of domestic violence?

	Total	Males	Females
Number of recipients of legal aid who are	9		
alleged victims of domestic violence	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP

Comments

### 020-1. Please indicate the timeframes of the procedure for granting legal aid, in relation to the duration from the initial legal aid request to the final decision on the legal aid request:

	Time in days
Maximum duration prescribed in law/regulation	2
and the second of the second o	[ ] NA
	[]NAP
Actual average duration	1
	[ ] NA
	[]NAP

Comments - Please specify if the envisaged timeframe is set in a statutory law, or in other regulation. Furthermore, if different timeframes are envisaged for criminal and other than criminal cases, please provide more information:

### 021. In criminal cases, can individuals who do not have sufficient financial means be assisted by a free of charge (or financed by a public budget) lawyer?

	Assisted by a free of charge lawyer
Accused individuals	(X) Yes () No
Victims	(X) Yes () No

### 022. In criminal cases are these individuals free to choose their lawyer within the framework of the legal aid system?

	free selection of lawyer
Accused individuals	( ) Yes (X) No
Victims	( ) Yes (X) No

Comments

### 023-0. Does your country have an income and assets evaluation for granting full or partial legal aid?

( ) Yes

(X) No

Comments - Please indicate if any other criteria are taken into account for the granting of legal aid and any comment that could explain the data provided above:

#### 023. If yes, please specify in the table:

	Annual income value (for one person), (in €)	Assets value (for one person), (in €)
Full legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Full legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal cases		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for criminal cases		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Partial legal aid to the applicant for other than criminal		
cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
- Cubeb	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

### 024. Is it possible to refuse legal aid for lack of merit of the case (for example for frivolous action or no chance of success)?

( ) Yes ( X ) No

Comments - If yes, please specify the exact criteria for denying legal aid:

#### 025. Is the decision to grant or refuse legal aid taken by:

(		) t	he	jud	lge(	(s)	d	leal	ing	with	the	main	case
---	--	-----	----	-----	------	-----	---	------	-----	------	-----	------	------

( ) another judge or official

(X) several authorities (court and external bodies)		
(A) several authornes (court and external bodies)		
Comments The external body is the Office of Public Defender.		
27. Can judicial decisions direct how legal cost	ts, paid by the parties	during the procedure, w
hared:	,1 J 1	<i>S</i> 1 ,
	Judicia costs v	al decisions direct how legal will be shared
in criminal cases	(X)` (_)N	
in other than criminal cases	(X)` (_)N	
omments - If no, please specify how legal costs are distributed:		
2.Court users and victims 2.1Rights of the users and victims		
-	•	udicial Council etc.) wh
-	•	udicial Council etc.) who
eneral public may have free-of-charge access to	o the following:	
eneral public may have free-of-charge access to Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)	Yes, internet adresse(es)	No
eneral public may have free-of-charge access to Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)  Case-law of the higher court/s  Information about the judicial system (organisation of	Yes, internet adresse(es)  (X) arlis.am	No ( )
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)  Case-law of the higher court/s  Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)  Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online	Yes, internet adresse(es)  (X) arlis.am  (X) datalex.am	No ( ) ( )
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)  Case-law of the higher court/s  Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)  Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online registration forms)	Yes, internet adresse(es)  (X) arlis.am  (X) datalex.am  (X) court.am  (X) e-draft.am	No ( ) ( ) ( )
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)  Case-law of the higher court/s  Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)  Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online registration forms)	Yes, internet adresse(es)  (X) arlis.am  (X) datalex.am  (X) court.am  (X) e-draft.am	No  ( )  ( )  ( )  ( )  ne draft laws of the Republic of
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)  Case-law of the higher court/s  Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)  Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online registration forms)  Comment - Please specify what documents and information are incommentation.	Yes, internet adresse(es)  (X) arlis.am  (X) datalex.am  (X) court.am  (X) e-draft.am	No  ( )  ( )  ( )  ( )  ne draft laws of the Republic of
Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)	Yes, internet adresse(es)  (X) arlis.am  (X) datalex.am  (X) court.am  (X) e-draft.am	No  ( )  ( )  ( )  ( )  ne draft laws of the Republic of
Legal texts (e.g. codes, laws, regulations, etc.)  Case-law of the higher court/s  Information about the judicial system (organisation of courts, court proceedings, etc)  Other documents (e.g. forms, downloadable forms, online registration forms)  Comment - Please specify what documents and information are inclarmenia.  D29. Is there an obligation to provide information imeframes of their proceedings?	Yes, internet adresse(es)  (X) arlis.am  (X) datalex.am  (X) court.am  (X) e-draft.am	No  ( )  ( )  ( )  ( )  ne draft laws of the Republic of

1	) Vac	only in	como	enocific	situations
	1 1 55.	CHILD III	SOILE	SDECILIC	SHUALIOHS

Comment - If "Yes, only in some specific situations", please specify:

## 030. Is there a public and free-of-charge information system for providing information and facilitating access to justice:

	Information system
General for citizens	[ X ] Online information [ ] Telephone [ ] Interactive chat [ ] In-person (physical access on site) [ ] Other [ ] No
Specific for victims of offences	[ X ] Online information [ X ] Telephone [ ] Interactive chat [ X ] In-person (physical access on site) [ ] Other [ ] No
Specific for minors (child-friendly systems)	[ ] Online information [ ] Telephone [ ] Interactive chat [ ] In-person (physical access on site) [ ] Other [ X ] No

Comments - Please provide more information on these systems and specify how this assistance is provided:

## 031. Are there special favourable arrangements to be applied, during judicial proceedings, to the following categories of vulnerable persons:

	Information mechanism	Special arrangements in hearings	Other specific arrangements
Victims of sexual violence/rape	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	() No	( X ) No
Victims of terrorism	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( X ) No	(X) No
Minors (witnesses or victims)	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Victims of domestic violence	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	() No	() No	( X ) No
Ethnic minorities	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	() No	( X ) No	( X ) No
Persons with disabilities	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Juvenile offenders	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes

Other (e.g. victims of human trafficking, forced	(X) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes			
marriage, sexual mutilation)	( ) No	( ) No	( X ) No			
Comments - If "Other vulnerable person" and/or "Other	er specific arrangements", p	please specify:				
031-0. If there are special arrangements	s for minors, what a	are the settings / too	ols / facilities /			
practises employed to protect them when they participate in judicial proceedings?						
[ ] Special and child-adequate preparation for participation in trials / lawsuits (explaining in a child-friendly manner the proceedings)						
[ ] Special room in court designated for child-friendly hearings						
[ X ] Special person / team of trained professional(s)	(such as psychologists) to	accompany a minor throug	ghout the proceedings			
[ X ] Special ways to communicate and explain mea	ning of court decisions					
[ ] Interagency/multidisciplinary structure such as	"Children's Houses"					
[ ] Other, please specify						
[ ] NAP						
Comment						
031-1. What are the main criteria for a	person under 18 ye	ars of age to act in	court proceedings or			

### to be a witness?

	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Capacity to initiate a proceeding and take other procedural	[ X ] Age threshold	[ X ] Age threshold
actions in his/her own name	[Comment]18  [ ] Capacity for	[Comment]16 [ ] Capacity for
	discernment [ ] Other	discernment [ ] Other
	[] NAP	[ ] NAP
To be a witness	[ ] Age threshold [Comment] [ ] Capacity for	[ ] Age threshold [Comment] [ ] Capacity for
	discernment [ X ] Other	discernment [ X ] Other

Comments - Please specify if you selected "Other".

### 031-2. If a person under 18 years of age cannot act in court proceedings in his/her own name, who can represent him/her in judicial proceedings?

	Civil proceedings	Criminal proceedings
Parent/legal guardian	[ X ] Yes, always [ ] Yes, except in some specific situations [ ] No	[ X ] Yes, always [ ] Yes, except in some specific situations [ ] No

Another representative (instead of parent/legal guardian)	[ X ] Social care services or	[ X ] Social care services or
	other public institution	other public institution
	[ ] Legal professional	[ ] Legal professional
	[ ] Associations for	[ ] Associations for
	protection of minors  [ ] Other	protection of minors  [ ] Other
		[ ] Other
Comment		
031-3. What are the different criteria for the crit	minal liability of minors	? (multiple replies
possible)		
[X] Age threshold(s)		
[X] Capacity for discernment		
[ ] Other criteria		
Comment		
031-3-1. What is the age threshold for the crimi	nal liability of minors?	
Criminal liability resulting in sentence without privation of	f liberty (for example, educatio	nal measures)
[16]		
[ ] NA		
[ ] NAP		
Criminal liability resulting in sentence of privation of liber	rty	
[16]		
[ ] NA		
[ ] NAP		
Comment - Please describe, briefly, the specifics of your system. C sanctions and how?	Could you, please specify if the pos	ssibility of mitigation applies to th
<u>-</u> -		
032. Does your country allocate compensation f	for victims of offences?	
( ) Yes, but only if the offender is unknown		
( ) Yes, but only if compensation could not be obtained from the	he offender	
(X) Yes, in both situations		
( ) No		
Comment		
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the	compensation is allocate	ed?
(X) For all types of offences		
( ) For some types of offences		
[ ] NAP		
Comment - Please specify:		
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the fr	ramework of the compen	sation procedure?

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(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
(X) For all types of offences
( ) For some types of offences
[ ] NAP
Comment - Please specify:
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments
032-0. If yes, for what types of offences the compensation is allocated?
(X) For all types of offences
( ) For some types of offences
[ ] NAP
Comment - Please specify:
032-1. Is a court decision necessary in the framework of the compensation procedure?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments
034. Is there a regular monitoring (official studies, reports etc.) allowing the evaluation of the
recovery rate of the damages awarded by courts to victims?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please illustrate with available data concerning the recovery rate, the title of the studies, the frequency of the studies and the coordinating body:
035. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to victims (protection and assistance)?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
035-1. Do public prosecutors have a specific role with respect to minor victims (protection and
assistance)?
( ) Yes
( X ) No

-
036. Do victims of offences have the right to dispute a public prosecutor's decision to discontinue
a case? Please verify the consistency of your answers in this question and question 105 regarding
the possibility for a public prosecutor "to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a
judge".
(X) Yes
( ) No
[ ] NAP
Comment - If necessary, please specify:
007 T- 4

#### 037. Is there a system of compensation in the following circumstances:

Comment - If yes, please specify:

	Number of requests for compensation		Total amount of compensations granted (in €)
Total			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Excessive length of proceedings			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Non-execution of court decisions			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Wrongful arrest/detention			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Wrongful conviction			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Other			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - Where appropriate, please give details on the compensation procedure and the calculation method for the amount of the compensation (e.g., the amount per day for unjustified detentions or convictions): There is no consolidated data regarding those questions. However, the law provides for compensation scheme.

### 037-1. Please specify which authorities are responsible for dealing with the requests and whether a legal time limit exists to deal with these requests:

	Responsible authorities	Legal time limit
Court concerned	[ ]	[ ]
Other court	[X]	[X]
Ministry of Justice	[ ]	[ ]

Other external bodies (e.g. Ombudsman)	[ ]	[ ]	
omments Civil courts deal with such claims.  37-2. Are there statistical data disagg	regated by gender concerning	ng the number of:	
	E	existence of statistical data isaggregated by gender	
Persons who initiate a case in other than criminal matters		( ) Yes - If yes, please specify for which rategories of cases: [Comment] ( ) No X ] NA	
Victims recognised as such by the court	ty	( ) Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment] ( ) No X ] NA	
Perpetrators of criminal offences	ty	( ) Yes - If yes, please specify for which types of offences: [Comment] ( ) No	
		X ] NA	
Comments  237-3. Are there statistical data on the he victim recognised by the court?  ( ) Yes		X ] NA	
he victim recognised by the court?  ( ) Yes ( X) No  Eyes, please specify:  22.2 Confidence and satisfaction of 1938. Does your country implement sur	relation between the perpet citizens with their justice eveys to measure trust in jus	rator of the criminal offence a	
he victim recognised by the court?  ( ) Yes  (X) No  Eyes, please specify:  2.2 Confidence and satisfaction of	relation between the perpet citizens with their justice eveys to measure trust in jus	rator of the criminal offence a	
he victim recognised by the court?  ( ) Yes ( X) No  Eyes, please specify:  22.2 Confidence and satisfaction of 1938. Does your country implement sur	relation between the perpet citizens with their justice eveys to measure trust in justice em?	rator of the criminal offence a  system  tice and satisfaction with the	
he victim recognised by the court?  ( ) Yes  (X) No  Eyes, please specify:  2.2.2 Confidence and satisfaction of 1938. Does your country implement surfervices delivered by the judicial systems.	relation between the perpet  citizens with their justice  veys to measure trust in justice  Mational level  [ ] Annual [ ] Other regular	rator of the criminal offence a  system  tice and satisfaction with the  Court level  [ ] Annual  [ ] Other regular	

[ ]

High Judicial Council

[ ]

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Surveys for lawyers	[ ] Annual	[ ] Annual
	[ ] Other regular	[ ] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[ X ] Ad hoc
Surveys for other professionals	[ ] Annual	[ ] Annual
	[ ] Other regular	[ ] Other regular
	[ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Ad hoc
Surveys for the parties	[ ] Annual	[ ] Annual
	[ ] Other regular	[ ] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[ ] Ad hoc
Surveys for other court users (e.g. jurors, witnesses,	[ ] Annual	[ ] Annual
experts, interpreters, representatives of governmental	[ ] Other regular	[ ] Other regular
agencies, NGOs)	[ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Ad hoc
Surveys for victims	[ ] Annual	[ ] Annual
	[ ] Other regular	[ ] Other regular
	[X] Ad hoc	[ ] Ad hoc
Surveys for minors	[ ] Annual	[ ] Annual
	[ ] Other regular	[ ] Other regular
	[ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Ad hoc
Surveys for the general public	[ ] Annual	[ ] Annual
	[ ] Other regular	[ ] Other regular
	[ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Ad hoc
Other not mentioned	[ ] Annual	[ ] Annual
	[ ] Other regular	[ ] Other regular
	[ ] Ad hoc	[ ] Ad hoc

[ ] NA

Comment - Please, indicate the references and links to the satisfaction surveys you mentioned above: "Public Opinion Survey: Residents of Armenia", May 2021 https://www.iri.org/sites/default/files/armenia\_ppt\_final.pdf
Survey on judges by the lawyers https://helpcourt.am/

#### 3.Organisation of the court system

#### 3.1.Courts

#### 3.1.1Number of courts

#### 0

#### 042. Number of courts - legal entities.

	Number of courts
Total number of all courts - legal entities (1 + 2)	18 []NA
1 Total number of courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities (1.1 + 1.2 + 1.3)	14 []NA
1.1 First instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	11 []NA []NAP

1.2 Second instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	2
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP
1.3 Highest instance courts of general jurisdiction - legal entities	1
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP
2 Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	4
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP

Comments

### 043. Number of specialised courts - legal entities.

	First instance	Higher instances
Total number of specialised courts - legal entities	3	1
	[]NA []NAP	[]NA []NAP
Commercial courts (excluded insolvency courts)		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Insolvency courts	1	
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Labour courts		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Family courts		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Rent and tenancies courts		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Enforcement of criminal sanctions courts		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Fight against terrorism, organised crime and corruption		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Internet related disputes		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Administrative courts	1	1
	[]NA []NAP	[]NA
Insurance and / or social welfare courts		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP
Military courts		
•	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
Juvenile courts		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[]NA [X]NAP

Other specialised courts	1	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

Comments - If "Other specialised courts", please specify: There are three specialized courts in Armenia: the Insolvency Court, the Administrative Court and the Anti-Corruption Court.

There is an Administrative Court of Appeal, and no specialized Insolvency court of Appeal, since the review of Insolvency Court decisions is being done by the Civil court of Appeal. In 2022, a first instance anti-corruption court was established (based on legal amendments which was adopted on October 29, 2021), increasing thus the number of specialized first instance courts to 3 (the Anti-Corruption Court, Administrative Court and Insolvency Court). The number of higher specialized courts remained the same, including only the Administrative Court of Appeal.

#### 044. Number of courts - geographic locations.

	Number of courts (geographic locations)
First instance courts geographic locations (this includes 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction and first instance specialised courts)	44 []NA []NAP
All the courts (geographic locations) (this includes 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction, first instance specialised courts, all second instance courts and courts of appeal and all Supreme Courts)	47 []NA []NAP

Comments The 1st instance courts of general jurisdiction of different districts of city of Yerevan were combined into one court for Yerevan city decreasing thus the number of geographic locations from 50 in 2020 to 44 in 2022.

#### C. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Information on questions 42-44 can be found here: https://court.am/hy

#### 3.2. Court staff

#### 3.2.1Judges and non-judge staff

046. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled for all types of courts - general jurisdiction and specialised courts)

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of professional judges $(1 + 2 + 3)$	297	204	93 []NA
	[]NAP	[] NAP	[]NAP
1. Number of first instance professional judges	215	141	74
J. J	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)	55	41	14
professional judges	[]NA []NAP	[]NA	[ ] NA [ 1 NAP

3. Number of Supreme Court professional	27	22	5
judges	[]NA	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
Comment - Please provide any useful comment for	interpreting the data a	1.	If leaver
=			(
046-1-1. Does your system allow par	t-time work for	professional judges	with proportionally
reduced remuneration?			
( ) Yes			
( X ) No			
Comments			
046-1-2. If yes, please specify in	which situation	(s) part-time work c	an be granted (multiple
replies possible).			
[ ] Child-care			
[ ] Elderly care or other dependant persons	care care		
[ ] Training			
[ ] For the purposes of early retirement			
[ ] No specific reason required			
[ ] Other reason, please specify:			
Comments			
046-1-3. If yes, what is the number	er of profession	al judges working p	art-time with reduced
renumeration?	-		
	Total	Males	Females
Total $(1+2+3)$	[ ] NA	[ ]NA	[ ] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
1. At first instance level			

	Total	Males	Females
Total $(1 + 2 + 3)$			
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. At first instance level			
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. At second instance (court of appeal) level			
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. At Supreme Court level			
_	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

046-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart from part-time) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Other measures	( ) Yes ( X ) No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration?

#### 046-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

[	] Child-care
[	] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[	] Training
[	] For the purposes of early retirement
[	] As part of induction process for new judges
[	] No specific reason required
[	] Other reason, please specify:
[	X ] NAP

Comments

#### 046-2. Number of judges (FTE) by case type:

	Total	Civil and/or commercial	Criminal	Administrative	Other
Total number of judges	297	124	119	38	16
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
First instance	215	92	86	21	16
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Second instance	55	20	23	12	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Supreme Court	27	12	10	5	
_	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

If "Other", please explain which types of cases: "Other" refers to insolvency cases.

The increase in the number of judges at the Court of Cassation compared to 2020 was a result of legislative changes that led to the separation of the civil and administrative chambers of the Court of Cassation and the establishment of the anti-corruption chamber. In 2020, there was a single Civil and administrative chamber at the Supreme Court dealing with both cases that's why previously no separate number was provided, unlike the 2022 data.

047. Number of court presidents.				
	Total	Males	Females	
Total number of court presidents (1 + 2 + 3)	17 []NA	14 []NA []NAP	3 []NA []NAP	
1. Number of first instance court presidents	13	11 []NA	2 []NA	

[ ] NAP 3

[]NA

0

[ ] NA

	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Number of Supreme Court presidents	1	0	1
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

[ ] NA

Comments

court presidents

2. Number of second instance (court of appeal)

048. Number of professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis and who are paid as such (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year):

	Figure
Gross figure	
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
In full-time equivalent	
	[]NA [X]NAP

Comments - If necessary, please provide comments to explain the answer provided: As of December 31, 2022, there were no judges with a reserve status or sitting in courts on an occasional basis in the judicial system of the Republic of Armenia.

048-1. Do these professional judges sitting in courts on an occasional basis deal with a significant part of cases?

(	) Yes	If yes, please give specifications on the types of cases and an estimate in percentage.	
(	) No		
[	X ] NAP		

Comments

049. Number of non-professional judges who are not remunerated but who may receive a simple defrayal of costs (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (e.g. lay judges or "juges consulaires", but not arbitrators or persons sitting on a jury):

	Figure
Gross figure	
	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP

In full time equivalent		[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	
Comments			
49-1. If such non-professional judges	exist at first	instance in your co	untry, please specify for
which types of cases:			
	Yes	No	Echevinage / mixed bench
Criminal cases (severe)	( )	( )	( )
Criminal cases (misdemeanour and/or minor)	( )	( )	( )
Family law cases	( )	( )	( )
Labour law cases	( )	( )	( )
Social law cases	( )	( )	( )
Commercial law cases	( )	( )	( )
Insolvency cases	( )	( )	( )
Other civil cases	( )	( )	( )
[ X ] NAP	1		
domments - If "Other civil cases", please specify:			
50. Does your judicial system include	trial by jury	with the participati	on of citizens?
( ) Yes			
( X ) No			
omments			
050-1. If yes, for which type(s) of	case(s)?		
[ ] Criminal cases			
[ ] Other than criminal cases			
omments			
	olved in such	juries for the year	of reference:
51. Number of citizens who were inv	orved in such		
51. Number of citizens who were inv  [	orved in such		

052. Number of non-judge staff who are working in courts (if possible on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled)

	Total	Males	Females
Total non-judge staff working in courts (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	1 582 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	401 []NA	1 181 []NA
Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies) (see     Explanatory Note)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2. Non-judge (judicial) staff whose task is to assist the judges such as registrars (case preparation, assistance during the hearing, helping to draft the decisions)	312	95	217
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
3. Staff in charge of different administrative tasks and of the management of the courts (human resources management, material and equipment management, including computer systems, financial and budgetary management, training management)	773	70	703
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
4. Technical staff	497	236	261
	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP
5. Other non-judge staff	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

Comments - If "Other non-judge staff", please specify:

052-1. Number of non-judge staff by instance (if possible, on 31 December of the reference year) (this data should not include the staff working for public prosecutors; see question 60) (please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females	
Total non-judge staff working in courts	1 582	401	1 181	
(1+2+3)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
(1+2+3)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
1. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	1 230	317	913	
first instance level	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
instance level	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
2. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	244	50	194	
second instance (court of appeal) level	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
second histance (court of appear) level	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
3. Total non-judge staff working in courts at	108	34	74	
Supreme Court level	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
Supreme Court level	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	

Comments

=	
053.	If there are Rechtspfleger (or similar bodies), please specify in which fields they have a role:
[ ]	Legal aid
[ ]	Family cases
[ ]	Payment orders
[ ]	Registry cases (land and/or business registry cases)
[ ]	Enforcement of civil cases
[ ]	Enforcement of criminal cases
[ ]	Non-litigious cases
	Other cases not mentioned (please describe in comment)  ] NAP
Comm	nents - Please briefly describe their status and exact duties:
054.	Have the courts outsourced certain services under their responsibilities to external providers?
(X)	) Yes
( )	No
Comm	nents
0	54-1. If yes, please specify which services have been outsourced:
	[X] IT services
	[ ] Training of staff
	[ ] Security
	[ ] Archives
	[ ] Cleaning
	[ ] Other types of services (please specify):
Comm	nents - If "Other types of services", please specify:
[]	NA
C1. I	Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
S	ources: Information provided by the Supreme Judicial Council.

#### 3.3. Public prosecution

#### 3.3.1Public prosecutors and staff

055. Number of public prosecutors (on 31 December of the reference year). (Please give the information in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled.)

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of prosecutors $(1 + 2 + 3)$	399	318	81
, ,	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Number of prosecutors at first instance level			
1. Ivaliber of prosecutors at first instance level	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2. Number of prosecutors at second instance			
_	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
(court of appeal) level	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
3. Number of prosecutors at Supreme Court			
level	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
ICACI	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

Comments - Please indicate any useful comment for interpreting the data above:

\_

### 055-1-1. Does your system allow part-time work for prosecutors with proportionally reduced remuneration?

( ) Yes

(X) No

Comments

### 055-1-2. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) part-time work can be granted? (multiple replies possible)

[	1	Chil	d-c	care

[ ] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care

[ ] Training

[ ] For the purposes of early retirement

[ ] No specific reason required

[ ] Other reason, please specify: .....

Comments

### 055-1-3. If yes, what is the number of prosecutors working part-time with reduced remuneration?

	Total	Males	Females
	[ ]NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
1. At first instance level	[ ] NA	[ ]NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ]NAP	[ X ] NAP

2. At second instance (court of appeal) level				
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	
3. At Supreme Court level				
_	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	

Comments

### 055-1-4. Are there other possibilities (apart of part-time work) for regular adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration?

	Adjustment of working time or conditions with or without reduced remuneration
Temporary reduction of the workload	( ) Yes
	(X)No
Temporary reduction of the working time / special leave	( ) Yes
	( X ) No
Other measures	( ) Yes
	( X ) No

Comment: If such possibilities for regular adjustment exist, please specify if they imply or not a reduction of the remuneration?

#### 055-1-5. If yes, please specify in which situation(s) these possibilities can be used?

[	] Child-care
[	] Elderly care or other dependant persons' care
[	] Training
[	] For the purposes of early retirement
[	] As part of induction process for new prosecutors
[	] No specific reason required
[	] Other reason, please specify:
Г	XINAP

Comments

#### 056. Number of heads of prosecution offices.

	Total	Males	Females
Total number of heads of prosecution offices $(1 + 2 + 3)$	28 []NA [INAP	27 []NA	1 []NA []NAP
1. Number of heads of prosecution offices at first instance level	[ ] NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2. Number of heads of prosecution offices at second instance (court of appeal) level	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

	1	Τ	Т
3. Number of heads of prosecution offices at			
Supreme Court level	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
Please provide any useful comment for interpreting the	e data above: For the heads	s of individual prosecutor's	offices (individual
prosecutor's offices), their number is 28, according to	the following list: the Prose	ecutor General of the Repul	olic of Armenia 1, the Militar
Prosecutor of the Republic of Armenia 1, the Prosecut	or of the City of Yerevan 1	, prosecutors of the admini	strative districts of Yerevan 7
prosecutors of regions 10, military prosecutors of garr	isons 8.		
057. In your judicial system, do other p	parcone hava cimila	r duties to those of	nublic prosecutors?
	ersons have simma	duties to those of	public prosecutors:
( ) Yes			
( X ) No			
Comments - If yes, please specify their titles and func	tions:		
057-1. If yes, please provide the nu	mber (in full-time e	equivalent):	
[ ]			
[ ] NA			
059. If yes, is their number include	d in the number of j	public prosecutors t	hat you have
indicated under question 55?			
( ) Yes			
( ) No			
[X]NAP			
Comments			
059-1. Do prosecution offices have pro	secutors who are s	necially trained in a	reas of domestic
	becatois wito are s	coluiny dumod in a	ious of dolllosuo
violence and sexual violence?			

	-
Domestic violence	[X]Yes
	[ ] Yes, specifically for minor victims
	[ ] No
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP
Sexual violence	[X]Yes
	[ ] Yes, specifically for minor victims
	[ ] No
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify In 2022, the following disciplines were included in the training programme of prosecutors: "Investigation of gender-based violent crimes", "Combating and Prevention of Domestic Violence and Violence against Women in the Republic of Armenia" and "Criminological and Criminal-Procedural Issues of Struggle against Domestic Violence, Sex-Based and Juvenile Crime".

060. Number of staff (non-public prosecutors) attached to the public prosecution services, if

possible, on 31 December of the reference year and without the number of non-judge staff, see question 52 (in full-time equivalent and for posts actually filled).

	Total	Males	Females
Number of staff (non-public prosecutors)	274	80	194
attached to the public prosecution service	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Comment – please describe which categories of staff you have included in your reply: According to official information provided by the Prosecutor General's Office, the increase is attributed to the expansion of the network and reforms in the prosecution system.

#### C2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Information provided from the Prosecutor General's Office.	
bources. Information provided from the Prosecutor General's Office.	

#### 3.4. Gender equality

#### 3.4.1 Specific provisions for facilitating gender equality

061-2. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for recruiting:

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	( X ) for judge candidates	( )
prosecutors	( )	(X)
non-judge staff	( )	(X)
lawyers	( )	(X)
notaries	( )	(X)
enforcement agents	( )	(X)

[]NA

Comments - if the situation changed since the reference year, please specify in the comments. If you have additional comments please specify:

## 061-3. Are there specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the framework of the procedures for promoting:

	Yes, please specify	No
judges	( )	(X)

non-judge staff  lawyers  ()  (C)  (C)  (C)  (C)  (D)  (C)  (C)				
lawyers  notaries  enforcement agents  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year or you have additional comments, please specifically agender equality within the procedures for the appointment of:  Yes / No  Court president  Court president  () Yes If "yes specify:[Comment (X) No  Comments  3.4.2 At national level  O61-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  () Yes (X) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you s link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Peairns at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  O61-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunit institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify No  The recruitment of judges	prosecutors	( )	(X)	
notaries  enforcement agents  ()  (3)  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year or you have additional comments, please specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within to procedures for the appointment of:  Yes / No  Court president  () Yes If "yes specify:[Comment (X) No  Head of prosecution services  () Yes If "yes specify:[Comment (X) No  Comments  3.4.2 At national level  D61-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy) plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  () Yes  (() Y	non-judge staff	( )	(X)	
enforcement agents  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year or you have additional comments, please specifically and the specific provisions for facilitating gender equality within the procedures for the appointment of:  Yes / No  Court president  Court president  Court president  Court president  Court president  Court president  Comments  3.4.2 At national level  Comments  3.4.2 At national level  Contract program on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  ( ) Yes  ( ) One comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you shink of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Positions at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  Coll-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	lawyers	( )	(X)	
Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year or you have additional comments, please specifically and the specifically within the procedures for the appointment of:    Yes / No	notaries	( )	(X)	
Court president  Court	enforcement agents	( )	(X)	
Court president  () Yes / No  () Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No  Head of prosecution services  (X) No  (Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No  (Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No  (Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No  Comments  3.4.2 At national level  061-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  (Yes (X) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you s link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Peaims at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify No  The recruitment of judges	Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year	ar or you have additional comme	nts, please specify:	
Court president  ( ) Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No ( ) Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No ( ) Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No ( ) Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No (X)	061-3-1. Are there specific provisions for	facilitating gender equa	lity within the framework of th	
Court president  ( ) Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No  Head of prosecution services  ( ) Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No  Comments  3.4.2 At national level  061-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  ( ) Yes  ( X) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you s link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Peaims at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunit institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	procedures for the appointment of:			
Head of prosecution services  (X) No  () Yes If "yes specify: [Comment (X) No  Comments  3.4.2 At national level  061-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  () Yes  (X) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you s link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Polaims at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges		7	es / No	
Head of prosecution services  ( ) Yes If "yes specify: [Comments 3.4.2 At national level    ( ) At national level    ( ) Yes your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  ( ) Yes  ( ) Yes  ( ) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you s link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Polaims at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  ( ) 61-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	Court president		( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]	
3.4.2 At national level  061-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  ( ) Yes ( X ) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you s link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Polaims at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	-		( ) Yes If "yes", please specify:[Comment]	
Doll-5. Does your country have an overarching document (e.g. policy/strategy plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  ( ) Yes  ( X ) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you stink of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Polaims at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  Doll-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	Comments			
plan/program) on gender equality that applies specifically to the judiciary?  ( ) Yes  ( X ) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you stink of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Positions at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  O61-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	3.4.2 At national level		•	
( ) Yes ( X ) No  Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you s link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Positions at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  O61-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	061-5. Does your country have an overarc	hing document (e.g. pol	icy/strategy/action	
Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you say link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Polaims at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  O61-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	plan/program) on gender equality that app	lies specifically to the j	ıdiciary?	
Comments - If the situation changed since the reference year, please indicate in the comments. Could you shink of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Polaims at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  1061-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunity institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  1081-109-109-109-109-109-109-109-109-109-10	( ) Yes			
link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us? Specifically for judiciary, no. But the Gender Positions at promoting women's representation in decision-making positions and eliminate the gender bias regard which may include also judiciary.  O61-6. At national level, is there any specific person (e.g. an equal opportunit institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	( X ) No			
institution dealing with gender issues in the justice system concerning:  Yes, please specify  No  The recruitment of judges	link of this/these document(s) or send/upload it/them to us?	Specifically for judiciary, no. B	ut the Gender Policy Strategy adopted in 20	
Yes, please specify No  The recruitment of judges ( ) ( )	061-6. At national level, is there any speci	fic person (e.g. an equa	l opportunities commissioner)	
The recruitment of judges ( )	institution dealing with gender issues in th	e justice system concer	ning:	
		Yes, please specify	No	
The promotion of judges ( )	The recruitment of judges	( )	(X)	
	The promotion of judges	( )	(X)	

( )

( )

The recruitment of prosecutors

The promotion of prosecutors

(X)

(X)

The recruitment of non-judge staff	( )	(X)
The promotion of non-judge staff	( )	(X)

Comments - Please specify the status of this person/institution and if it has a consultative function or if its opinions/decisions have legal consequences:

#### 3.4.3 At court/public prosecution services level

061-7. At the court or public prosecution services level, is there a person (e.g. an equal opportunities commissioner)/institution specifically dedicated to ensure the respect of gender equality in the organisation of judicial work?

	Yes	No
in courts (judges)	( )	(X)
in public prosecution services (prosecutors)	( )	(X)
for courts' non-judge staff	( )	(X)

Comments - Please specify the details of this person/institution, in particular its titles and function:

061-9. In order to improve gender balance in access to different judicial professions and gender equality in promotion and in access to functions of responsibility, what are the measures, in your country, which:

have been already implemented (please specify): Judicial Code adopted in 2018 has provisions for improving gender balance in judiciary.

For example, Article 100, part 3: For the purpose of gender representation of judge members within the Supreme Judicial Council, the number of representatives of the same gender must be as restricted as possible to maximum three members.

Article 109, part 5: Where the number of judges of either sex is less than twenty-five per cent of the total number of judges, up to fifty percent of the places in the list of contenders for judge candidates shall be reserved to the persons of the sex concerned who have received the maximum number of "for" votes, but not less than at least more than half of those of all the members of the Supreme Judicial Council.

In 2015, Armenia adopted the Action Plan On Promoting Gender Balance among Candidates for Judges for 2015-2017. The Action Plan defines, inter alia, the action of (i) analyzing existing opinions and approaches in different social groups on gender equality in the judiciary; (ii) developing educational materials and thematic curricula based on the analysis of the international experience; (iii) providing capacity building on gender equality; (iv) ensuring cooperation with different educational institutions, NGOs and INGOs; (v) promoting access to legal professions among girls and young women; (vi) organising discussions, roundtables, seminars for raising awareness on the issue of gender equality in the judiciary. CEDAW Committee, in its concluding observations on the combined fifth and sixth periodic reports of Armenia, notes that this Action Plan is a positive development for the country.

are planned (please specify): In 2019, the government adopted the Gender Policy Implementation Strategy and Action Plan for 2019–2023. Among the priority areas, there are objectives related to the improvement of national machinery on women's

advancement and equal participation of women and men in the leadership and decision-making positions; elimination of gender discrimination in the socio-economic sphere and enhancement of economic opportunities for women, including addressing work-family balance, prevention of gender-based discrimination, including promoting increased political representation of women and addressing gender stereotypes.
Comments - If the situation changed since reference year, please specify in the comments. During 2022 the number of women court
presidents raised.
During recent 5 years the number of women judge candidates raised, and nowadays most of the candidates especially for civil and administrative cases are women.
[ ] NAP
061-10. Are there evaluation studies or official reports regarding the main causes of possible
gender inequalities with regard to:
[ ] Recruitment procedures, please specify:
[ ] Appointment to the position of court president, please specify:
[ ] Appointment to the position of head of prosecution services, please specify:
[ ] Promotion procedures and access to the functions of responsibility, please specify:
[ ] Other studies, please specify:
[ X ] NAP
Comments - Please specify also the reference documents.
3.5. Use of information technologies in courts
3.5.1 Governance
ICT STRATEGY
062-01. Do you have an overall Information and Communication Technology (ICT) strategy in the
judicial system?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments
062-02. If there is an overall ICT strategy in the judicial system, who was involved in the process
of its definition?
[ X ] Judges (Judicial council)
[ X ] Prosecutors (Prosecutorial or judicial council)
[ X ] Ministry of justice
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[ X ] Lawyers (bar association)		
[ X ] Notaries (association of notaries)		
[ X ] Enforcement agents (association of enforcement agents)		
[ X ] Other (please specify)Line ministries, CSOs		
[]NA		
[ ] NAP		
Comments		
LEGISLATION		•
062-03. Does a national legislation/regulation of	f ICT in the judicial syste	m exist?
(X)Yes		
( ) No		
Comments		
062-04. If yes, how is this legislation/regulat	ion of ICT in the judicial	evetem etmotured?
[ ] Relevant norms are included in the general e-government	•	system suuctureu:
[ X ] Relevant norms are included in specific legislation/reg		
[ ] Relevant texts are included in dedicated technical docu	_	
[ ] Other, please specify		
Comment - If more than one of the proposed models exist in your c	ountry, please select them all and e	explain the details
[]NA	, F	
IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTATION OF ICT	SYSTEMS	•
062-05. Have you already organised audits/eval	uations/assessments of th	e impact of the
implementation of the ICT system?		
( ) Yes		
( X ) No		
Comments		
062-06. If these audits/evaluations/assessme	nts were already organise	ed, please specify their
modalities:	, ,	
	Format	Last conducted audit
	1 Office	Last conducted addit
ICT Governance	[ ] Internal	[ ] In the last 2 years
	[ ] External	[ ] Between 2 and 5 year
	[ ] NAP - no audit has been organised	ago [ ] More than 5 years ago
	[]NA	[ ] NAP - no audit has
		been organised

Security and risk management	[ ] Internal	[ ] In the last 2 years
accurry with right management	[ ] External	[ ] Between 2 and 5 years
	[ ] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[ ] More than 5 years ago
	[ ] NA	[ ] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[ ] NA
Impact on efficiency and quality of the business processes	[ ] Internal	[ ] In the last 2 years
and workflow	[ ] External	[ ] Between 2 and 5 years
and working	[ ] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[ ] More than 5 years ago
	[ ] NA	[ ] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[ ] NA
Impact on human resources (number, workload, wellbeing)	[ ] Internal	[ ] In the last 2 years
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[ ] External	[ ] Between 2 and 5 years
	[ ] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[ ] More than 5 years ago
	[ ] NA	[ ] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[ ] NA
Other, please specify in comments	[ ] Internal	[ ] In the last 2 years
	[ ] External	[ ] Between 2 and 5 years
	[ ] NAP - no audit has	ago
	been organised	[ ] More than 5 years ago
	[ ] NA	[ ] NAP - no audit has
		been organised
		[ ] NA

### apply their recommendations/results?

L	J Update applications
[	] Define new ICT projects/modules
[	] Adjust legislation
[	] Adjust working processes
[	] Withdraw/stop use of a module/application
[	] Reporting purpose only
[	] Other, please specify
[ ] NA	
[ ] NA	P

Comments

[]

#### 3.5.2 Electronic case processing

#### **ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF CASES**

062-08. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, what are the deployment and

#### usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic	( ) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	submission is not possible	submission is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Comments

#### 062-09. If it is possible to submit a case to a court electronically, please specify the modalities:

Electronic or paper	Possible to be submitted	Data integration	
	electronically by:		

Civil	the only way)  [ ] Double submission (paper must accompany the electronic submission)	[ X ] Lawyer   [ X ] Party not represented by a lawyer   [ ] Other, please specify   [ ] NAP — electronic submission is not possible   [ ] NA	[ X ] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS)   [ X ] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS   [ ] NAP — electronic submission is not possible   [ ] NA
	[ ] NAP – electronic submission is not possible		
Administrative	[ ] Paper submission is still possible     [ ] Paper submission is not possible anymore	[ ] Lawyer [ ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ ] Other, please specify [ X ] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [ ] NA	[ ] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS)   [ ] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS   [ X ] NAP — electronic submission is not possible   [ ] NA
Criminal	[ ] Paper submission is still possible     [ ] Paper submission is not possible anymore (electronic submission is	[ ] Lawyer [ ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ ] Other, please specify [ X ] NAP — electronic submission is not possible [ ] NA	[ ] The data are electronically transferred to the Case Management System (CMS)   [ ] The data are manually re-entered in the CMS   [ X ] NAP — electronic submission is not possible   [ ] NA

#### SENDING ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTS TO COURT

# 062-10. If it is possible to send case-related documents to the courts electronically, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
Administrative	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - electronic delivery is not possible
Criminal	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - electronic delivery is not possible	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 %

Comments

### 062-11. If it is possible to send electronically case related documents to the courts, please specify the modalities:

 Possible to be submitted	Data integration
electronically by:	

Civil	[ ] Paper delivery is	[ ] Documents sent	[ ] The data are
	still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[ ] Paper delivery is	[ ] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[ ] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	• • •	manually re-entered in
	only way)	Documents sent	the CMS
	[ ] Double delivery	by another	[ X ] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	<u></u>	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA	
	possible		
	[ ] NA		
Administrative	[ ] Paper delivery is	[ ] Documents sent	[ ] The data are
	still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	Paper delivery is	[ ] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	The data are
	(electronic delivery is the		manually re-entered in
	only way)	[ ] Documents sent	the CMS
	[ ] Double delivery	by another	[ X ] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	*	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA	
	possible		
	[ ] NA		
Criminal	Paper delivery is	[ ] Documents sent	The data are
	still possible	by a lawyer	electronically transferred
	[ ] Paper delivery is	[ ] Documents sent	to the CMS
	not possible anymore	by a party not	[ ] The data are
	(electronic delivery is the	represented by a lawyer	manually re-entered in
	only way)	[ ] Documents sent	the CMS
	[ ] Double delivery	by another	[ X ] NAP –
	(Paper delivery must	person/institution	electronic delivery is not
	accompany the electronic	[ X ] NAP –	possible
	one)	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP –	possible	
	electronic delivery is not	[ ] NA	
	possible		
	[ ] NA		

Comment - If you have selected the option "Documents sent by another person/institution", please specify details.

#### **ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS**

062-12. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate
-----------------	------------

Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	(X) NAP - electronic	(X) NAP - electronic
	notifications are not possible	notifications are not possible
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

#### 062-13. If it is possible for courts to send electronic notifications, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper	Type of notification	Data integration
Civil	[ ] Paper	[ ] Notifications	[ ] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[ ] Paper	[ ] Notifications	[ ] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[ X ] NAP –
	the only way)	[ ] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[ ] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[ ] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[ ] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[ X ] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[ X ] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[ ] NA	are not possible	
		[ ] NA	

Administrative	[ ] Paper	[ ] Notifications	[ ] The electronic
	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
	possible	lawyer	from the CMS
	[ ] Paper	[ ] Notifications	[ ] The electronic
	notification is not	sent by the court to the	notification is manually
	possible anymore	party not represented by	generated
	(electronic notification is	a lawyer	[ X ] NAP –
	the only way)	[ ] Notifications	electronic notifications
	[ ] Double	with attached official	are not possible
	notification (paper	documents sent by the	[ ] NA
	notification must	courts	
	accompany the electronic	[ ] Notifications	
	one)	sent to other	
	[ X ] NAP –	persons/institutions	
	electronic notifications	[ X ] NAP –	
	are not possible	electronic notifications	
	[ ] NA	are not possible	
		[ ] NA	
Criminal	[ ] Paper	[ ] Notifications	[ ] The electronic
Criminal	[ ] Paper notification is still	[ ] Notifications sent by the court to the	[ ] The electronic notification is generated
Criminal			
Criminal	notification is still	sent by the court to the	notification is generated
Criminal	notification is still possible	sent by the court to the lawyer	notification is generated from the CMS
Criminal	notification is still possible [ ] Paper	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated
Criminal	notification is still possible [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP – electronic notifications
Criminal	notification is still possible [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way) [ ] Double	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [ ] Double notification (paper	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [ ] Double notification (paper notification must	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [ ] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [ ] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one)  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions  [ X ] NAP —	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [ ] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one)  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible
Criminal	notification is still possible  [ ] Paper notification is not possible anymore (electronic notification is the only way)  [ ] Double notification (paper notification must accompany the electronic one)  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications	sent by the court to the lawyer  [ ] Notifications sent by the court to the party not represented by a lawyer  [ ] Notifications with attached official documents sent by the courts  [ ] Notifications sent to other persons/institutions  [ X ] NAP —	notification is generated from the CMS  [ ] The electronic notification is manually generated  [ X ] NAP — electronic notifications are not possible

Comment - If you have selected the option "Notifications sent to other persons/institutions", please specify details.

#### CONSULTATION OF A CASE ONLINE

062-14. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate
-----------------	------------

Civil	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( )0%
	( ) NAP - online consultation	( ) NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[X]NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - online consultation	( ) NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - online consultation	( ) NAP - online consultation
	is not possible	is not possible
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA

#### 062-15. If it is possible for external users to consult a case online, please specify the modalities:

	Content	Access	Consultation format
Civil	[ X ] Case status	[ X ] Lawyer	[ ] Electronic access
	[ ] Documents	[ X ] Party not	at the court premises
	[ ] Notifications	represented by a lawyer	[ X ] Other, please
	[ X ] Events/calendar	[ ] Other, please	specify
	[ X ] Court decision	specify	[ ] NAP – online
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] NAP – online	consultation is not
	specify	consultation is not	possible
	[ ] NAP – online	possible	[ ] NA
	consultation is not	[ ] NA	
	possible		
	[ ] NA		

Administrative	[ X ] Case status	[ X ] Lawyer	[ ] Electronic access
	[ ] Documents	[ X ] Party not	at the court premises
	[ ] Notifications	represented by a lawyer	[ X ] Other, please
	[ X ] Events/calendar	[ ] Other, please	specify
	[ X ] Court decision	specify	[ ] NAP – online
	[ X ] Other, please	[ ] NAP – online	consultation is not
	specify	consultation is not	possible
	[ ] NAP – online	possible	[ ] NA
	consultation is not	[ ] NA	
	possible		
	[ ] NA		
	[ ]		
Criminal	[X] Case status	[ X ] Lawyer	[ ] Electronic access
Criminal		[ X ] Lawyer [ X ] Party not	[ ] Electronic access at the court premises
Criminal	[ X ] Case status		
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ ] Documents	[ X ] Party not	at the court premises
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ ] Documents [ ] Notifications	[ X ] Party not represented by a lawyer	at the court premises [ X ] Other, please
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ ] Documents [ ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar	[ X ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ ] Other, please	at the court premises [ X ] Other, please specify
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ ] Documents [ ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar [ X ] Court decision	[ X ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ ] Other, please specify	at the court premises  [ X ] Other, please specify  [ ] NAP – online
Criminal	[ X ] Case status [ ] Documents [ ] Notifications [ X ] Events/calendar [ X ] Court decision [ ] Other, please	[ X ] Party not represented by a lawyer [ ] Other, please specify [ ] NAP – online	at the court premises  [ X ] Other, please specify  [ ] NAP – online consultation is not
Criminal	[ X ] Case status   [ ] Documents   [ ] Notifications   [ X ] Events/calendar   [ X ] Court decision   [ ] Other, please specify	[ X ] Party not represented by a lawyer         [ ] Other, please specify         [ ] NAP – online consultation is not	at the court premises  [ X ] Other, please specify  [ ] NAP – online consultation is not possible
Criminal	[ X ] Case status   [ ] Documents   [ ] Notifications   [ X ] Events/calendar   [ X ] Court decision   [ ] Other, please specify   [ ] NAP – online	[ X ] Party not represented by a lawyer         [ ] Other, please specify         [ ] NAP – online consultation is not possible	at the court premises  [ X ] Other, please specify  [ ] NAP – online consultation is not possible

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other", please specify details. (See general comment)

#### **REMOTE HEARINGS**

#### 062-16. If it is possible to organise remote hearings what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( ) NAP - remote hearings are not possible	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( ) NAP - remote hearings are not possible
	[X]NA	[X] NA
Administrative	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( ) NAP - remote hearings are not possible	( ) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( ) NAP - remote hearings are not possible

Criminal	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - remote hearings	( ) NAP - remote hearings
	are not possible	are not possible
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA

# 062-17. If it is possible to organise remote hearings, please specify the functionalities and modalities:

	Functionalities	Modalities
Civil	[ ] Dedicated tool	[X] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[ ] The judge can impose a
	[ X ] Publicly available	remote hearing
	tools used by courts	[ ] NAP – remote hearings
	[ ] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[ ] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[ ] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[ ] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[ ] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[ ] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[ ] NA	

Administrative	[ ] Dedicated tool	[ X ] Agreement of the
	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
	by courts	[ ] The judge can impose a
	[ X ] Publicly available	remote hearing
	tools used by courts	[ ] NAP – remote hearings
	[ ] Organisation of private	are not possible
	sessions within online hearings	[ ] NA
	for consultation between parties	
	and their lawyers	
	[ ] Tools for witness	
	protection (voice distortion,	
	picture distortion)	
	[ ] Tools for simultaneous	
	interpretation	
	[ ] Tools for automatic	
	subtitling (speech-to-text)	
	[ ] NAP – remote hearings	
	are not possible	
	[ ] NA	
Criminal	[ ] Dedicated tool	[ X ] Agreement of the
Criminal	[ ] Dedicated tool specially designed for the use	[ X ] Agreement of the parties is needed
Criminal		_
Criminal	specially designed for the use	parties is needed
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [X] Publicly available	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [ X ] Publicly available tools used by courts	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [X] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [ X ] Publicly available tools used by courts [ ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [X] Publicly available tools used by courts  [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [] Tools for witness	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts [X] Publicly available tools used by courts [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [X] Publicly available tools used by courts  [] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ X ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion,	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ X ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ X ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation  [ ] Tools for automatic	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ X ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation  [ ] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ X ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation  [ ] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)  [ ] NAP – remote hearings	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible
Criminal	specially designed for the use by courts  [ X ] Publicly available tools used by courts  [ ] Organisation of private sessions within online hearings for consultation between parties and their lawyers  [ ] Tools for witness protection (voice distortion, picture distortion)  [ ] Tools for simultaneous interpretation  [ ] Tools for automatic subtitling (speech-to-text)	parties is needed  [ ] The judge can impose a remote hearing  [ ] NAP – remote hearings are not possible

#### **ELECTRONIC ARCHIVES**

062-18. If electronic archives of cases exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

Deployment rate	Usage rate

Civil	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic archives	( ) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	( ) NAP - electronic archives	( ) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %	(X)95-100%
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - electronic archives	( ) NAP - electronic archives
	do not exist	do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

#### 062-19. If an electronic archive of cases exists, please specify the modalities:

	Electronic or paper
Civil	[ X ] Paper archiving is still possible  [ ] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way)  [ ] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one)  [ ] NAP – electronic archives do not
	exist
Administrative	[ X ] Paper archiving is still possible  [ ] Paper archiving is not possible anymore (electronic archiving is the only way)  [ ] Double archiving (paper archiving must accompany the electronic one)  [ ] NAP – electronic archives do not exist

Criminal	[ X ] Paper archiving is still possible
	[ ] Paper archiving is not possible
	anymore (electronic archiving is the only
	way)
	[ ] Double archiving (paper archiving
	must accompany the electronic one)
	[ ] NAP – electronic archives do not
	exist
	[ ] NA

#### **3.5.3 Tools**

#### **CASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (CMS)**

### 062-20. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - CMS does not	( ) NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Administrative	(X)95-100%	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - CMS does not	( ) NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X)95-100%	(X)95-100%
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 %	( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - CMS does not	( ) NAP - CMS does not
	exist	exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Comments

062-21. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Civil	[ X ] Centralised and/or interoperable CMS databases
	[ X ] Active case management
	dashboard
	[X] Random allocation of cases
	<ul><li>[ ] Case weighting</li><li>[ X ] Identification of a case between</li></ul>
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[ X ] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[ ] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[ X ] Interoperability with other
	systems (civil register, tax register,
	insolvency register)
	[ X ] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[X] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Protected log files
	[ X ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[ ] NA
Administrative	[ X ] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[ X ] Active case management
	dashboard
	[ X ] Random allocation of cases
	[ ] Case weighting
	[ X ] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[ X ] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[ ] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[ ] Interoperability with other systems
	(civil register, tax register, insolvency
	register)
	[X] Advanced general project
	[ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Protected log files
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify [ ] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", because of its importance please specify details. The electronic signature is applicable only for payment orders.

# 062-22. If one or more case management system(s) (CMS) exist, please specify the functionalities of these system(s):

	Functionalities
Criminal	[ X ] Centralised and/or interoperable
	CMS databases
	[ X ] Active case management
	dashboard
	[ X ] Random allocation of cases
	[ ] Case weighting
	[ ] Identification of a case between
	instances (unique or linked id number)
	[ X ] Electronic transfer of a case to
	another instance/court
	[ ] Anonymisation of decisions to be
	published
	[ ] Interoperability with prosecution
	system
	[ ] Interoperability with other systems
	(civil register, tax register, insolvency
	register)
	[ X ] Access to closed/resolved cases
	[ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Protected log files
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – CMS does not exist
	[ ] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

#### WRITING ASSISTANCE TOOLS

#### 062-23. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, what are their deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 %	( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 %	( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 %
	( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - writing assistance tools do not exist	( ) 0 % ( X ) NAP - writing assistance
	[ ] NA	tools do not exist

Administrative	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( ) 0 %
	(X) NAP - writing assistance	(X) NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	( ) 95-100 %	( ) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%	( )0%
	(X) NAP - writing assistance	(X) NAP - writing assistance
	tools do not exist	tools do not exist
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

#### 062-24. If writing assistance tools exist in courts, please describe their functionalities:

	Functionalities
Civil	[ ] Templates
	[ ] Automatically generated text
	[ ] Automatically suggested decision
	[ ] Speech-to-text
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ X ] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[ ] NA
Administrative	[ ] Templates
	[ ] Automatically generated text
	[ ] Automatically suggested decision
	[ ] Speech-to-text
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ X ] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[ ] NA

Criminal	[ ] Templates
	[ ] Automatically generated text
	[ ] Automatically suggested decision
	[ ] Speech-to-text
	[ ] Electronic signature
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ X ] NAP – writing assistance tools do
	not exist
	[ ] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details.

#### RECORDING OF COURT HEARINGS

#### 062-25. If a tool to record court hearings exists, what are the deployment and usage rates?

	Deployment rate	Usage rate
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Administrative	(X) 95-100 %	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 %	( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 %
	( ) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings	( ) NAP - there is no tool for recording hearings
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % ( ) 75-95 % ( ) 50-75 % ( ) 25-50 % ( ) 1-25 % ( ) 0 % ( ) NAP - there is no tool for	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - there is no tool for
	recording hearings	recording hearings

Comments

#### 062-26. If a tool to record court hearings exist, please specify its functionalities:

Functionalities

Civil	[ X ] Audio recording    [ ] Video recording    [ X ] Systematic recording for all hearings    [ ] Automatically indexed recording    [ ] Automatic transcript from recording    [ X ] Possibility to request a copy of the recording    [ X ] Other special functionality, please specify
	[ ] NAP – there is no tool for recording hearings
Administrative	[ ] NA  [ X ] Audio recording  [ ] Video recording  [ X ] Systematic recording for all hearings  [ ] Automatically indexed recording  [ ] Automatic transcript from recording  [ X ] Possibility to request a copy of the recording  [ X ] Other special functionality, please specify  [ ] NAP – there is no tool for recording hearings
Criminal	[ X ] Audio recording [ ] Video recording [ X ] Systematic recording for all hearings [ ] Automatically indexed recording [ ] Automatic transcript from recording [ X ] Possibility to request a copy of the recording [ X ] Other special functionality, please specify [ ] NAP – there is no tool for recording hearings [ ] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details. Digital signature is also applicable at the end of the recording.

#### **DATABASE OF COURT DECISIONS**

062-27. If there is a national database of court decisions, please provide the percentage of the decisions published at each instance.

	Percentage of 1st instance decisions published	Percentage of 2nd instance decisions published	Percentage of Supreme court decisions published
Civil	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions
Administrative	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions
Criminal	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions	(X) 95-100 % () 75-95 % () 50-75 % () 25-50 % () 1-25 % () 0 % () NAP - There is no database for these decisions

Comments The database of court decisions is located in the courts and in the central body of the judicial system, from where the data is moved datalex.am judicial information system.

# 062-28. If there is a national database of court decisions, please specify the modalities in publishing these decisions:

	1st instance	2nd instance	Supreme court
Civil	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

Administrative	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
Criminal	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online	[ X ] Published online
	(public website)	(public website)	(public website)
	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an	[ X ] Published in an
	internal database	internal database	internal database
	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please	[ ] Other, please
	specify	specify	specify
	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is	[ ] NAP– There is
	no database for these	no database for these	no database for these
	decisions	decisions	decisions
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA

<sup>-</sup> If you have selected the option "Other" because the court decisions are published online in some other way then the presented modalities, please describe.

### 062-29. If there is a database of court decisions at national level, what are the functionalities of this database?

	Functionalities
Civil	[ ] Automatic anonymisation
	[ ] Manual anonymisation
	[ X ] Free public online access
	[ X ] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[ X ] Open data
	[ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Machine-readable content
	[ ] Structured content
	[ ] Metadata
	[ ] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[ ] NA

Administrative	[ ] Automatic anonymisation
	[ ] Manual anonymisation
	[ X ] Free public online access
	[X] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[ X ] Open data
	[ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Machine-readable content
	[ ] Structured content
	[ ] Metadata
	[ ] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[ ] NA
Criminal	[ ] Automatic anonymisation
	[ ] Manual anonymisation
	[ X ] Free public online access
	[ X ] Link to the case law of the
	European Court of Human Rights (ECHR)
	[ X ] Open data
	[ X ] Advanced search engine
	[ X ] Machine-readable content
	[ ] Structured content
	[ ] Metadata
	[ ] European Case Law Identifier
	(ECLI)
	[ ] Other special functionality, please
	specify
	[ ] NAP – There is no database for
	these decisions
	[ ] NA

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details. The answers are provided for datalex.am judicial information system.

#### STATISTICAL TOOLS

#### 062-30. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, what is their deployment rate?

	Deployment rate
Civil	(X)95-100%
	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%
	( ) NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[ ] NA

Administrative	(X)95-100%
	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%
	( ) NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[ ] NA
Criminal	(X) 95-100 %
	( ) 75-95 %
	( ) 50-75 %
	( ) 25-50 %
	( ) 1-25 %
	( )0%
	( ) NAP - there are no statistical tools
	[ ] NA

# 062-31. If there are statistical tools for analysing court case data, please describe their functionalities and the data available for statistical analysis:

	Functionalities	Data available for statistical analysis
Civil	[ X ] Integration/connection	[ X ] Case flow data
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[ X ] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[ X ] Age of a pending case
	[ ] Generation of	[ ] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[ X ] Number of hearings
	[ ] Generation of	[ X ] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[ ] Case weights
	[ X ] Internal page and/or	[ X ] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[ ] External page with	[ X ] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[ X ] Result of the appeal
	[ X ] Real-time data	[ ] NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[ ] Automatic	[ ] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[ ] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[ ] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[ ] NA	

	[V] Internation/sourcetion	[V]Coorflow data
Administrative	[ X ] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
	[ X ] Business intelligence	pending)
	software	[ X ] Age of a pending case
	[ ] Generation of	[ ] Length of proceedings
	predefined statistical reports	[ X ] Number of hearings
	[ ] Generation of	[ X ] Cases per judge
	customised statistical reports	[ ] Case weights
	[ X ] Internal page and/or	[ X ] Number of parties in a
	dashboard	case
	[ ] External page with	[ X ] Indicator of appeal
	statistics (public website)	[ X ] Result of the appeal
	[ X ] Real-time data	[ ] NAP– there are no
	availability	statistical tools
	[ ] Automatic	[ ] NA
	consolidation of data at the	
	national level	
	[ ] Other special	
	functionality, please specify	
	[ ] NAP – there are no	
	statistical tools	
	[]NA	
Criminal	[X] Integration/connection	[X] Case flow data
Criminal	[ X ] Integration/connection with the CMS	[ X ] Case flow data (number of incoming, resolved.
Criminal	with the CMS	(number of incoming, resolved,
Criminal	_	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)
Criminal	with the CMS [ X ] Business intelligence software	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports  [ X ] Internal page and/or	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports  [ X ] Internal page and/or dashboard	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports  [ X ] Internal page and/or dashboard  [ ] External page with	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal
Criminal	with the CMS  [ X ] Business intelligence software  [ ] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [ ] Generation of customised statistical reports  [ X ] Internal page and/or dashboard  [ ] External page with statistics (public website)	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data availability	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data availability  [] Automatic	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data availability  [] Automatic consolidation of data at the	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data availability  [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data availability  [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level  [] Other special	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data availability  [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level  [] Other special functionality, please specify	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data availability  [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level  [] Other special functionality, please specify  [] NAP – there are no	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no statistical tools
Criminal	with the CMS  [X] Business intelligence software  [] Generation of predefined statistical reports  [] Generation of customised statistical reports  [X] Internal page and/or dashboard  [] External page with statistics (public website)  [X] Real-time data availability  [] Automatic consolidation of data at the national level  [] Other special functionality, please specify	(number of incoming, resolved, pending)  [ X ] Age of a pending case  [ ] Length of proceedings  [ X ] Number of hearings  [ X ] Cases per judge  [ ] Case weights  [ X ] Number of parties in a case  [ X ] Indicator of appeal  [ X ] Result of the appeal  [ ] NAP- there are no statistical tools

Comment - If you have selected the option "Other special functionality", please specify the details

#### OTHER TOOLS

062-32. Is there any application for online court-related dispute resolution?

( ) Yes

(X) No

062-33. If yes, is there a maximum value over which online court-related dispute resolution cannot be organised?
( ) Yes, please specify the maximum value
( ) No
Comments
062-34. If yes, can the online court-related dispute resolution be used in the following areas?
[ ] Small claim litigation
[ ] Undisputed claim
[ ] Payment order
[ ] Misdemeanour criminal cases
[ ] Enforcement of civil cases
[ ] Other, please specify
Comment: Please describe the existing online procedures:
062-35. Is there a computerised national record centralising all criminal convictions?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments
062-36. If yes, please specify the following information:
[ ] The computerised record includes biometric data (ex. fingerprint data, picture)
[ ] The computerised record is linked to other European records of the same nature (ex. ECRIS)
[ $X$ ] The content is directly available through computerised means for judges and/or prosecutors (ex. interoperability with the CMS)
[ X ] The content is directly available for purposes other than criminal (ex. civil and administrative matters)
[ ] The record contains conviction information on third-country nationals and stateless persons
Comments All convictions are stored in the database of courts and the Judicial Department.
062-37. Is there a Document Management System (DMS) in the registry of courts?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comment: If yes, please provide details on the purposes and usage of this system. (See general comment)
062-38. In addition to the tools listed in the ICT section of this questionnaire does your judicial
system use other innovative ICT tools?
( ) Yes
(X) No

Comment: If yes, please list and describe these ICT tools.

#### 3.6.Performance and evaluation

concerning:

#### 3.6.1National policies applied in courts and public prosecution services

066. Are quality standards determined for the judicial sy	stem at national level (are there	e quality
systems for the judiciary and/or judicial quality policies	·	
( ) Yes		
( X ) No		
Comments - If yes, please specify:		
067. Do you have specialised personnel entrusted with i	mnlementation of these nationa	l level
quality standards?	implementation of these national	.1 10 101
quality surrounds.	Yes / No	
within the courts	( ) Yes ( X ) No	
within the public prosecution services	( ) Yes ( X ) No	
Comments		
		(
3.6.2 Measuring court/public prosecution services		
070. Do you regularly monitor court activities (perform	ance and quality) concerning:	
[ X ] number of incoming cases		
[ X ] length of proceedings (timeframes)		
[ X ] number of resolved cases		
[ X ] number of pending cases		
[X] backlogs		
[ X ] productivity of judges and court staff		
[ ] satisfaction of court staff		
[ ] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the courts)		
[ X ] costs of the judicial procedures		
[ X ] number of appeals		
[ ] appeal ratio		
[ ] clearance rate		
[ ] disposition time		
[ ] other (please specify):		
Comments According to official information provided by the Judicial Departm	nent, "satisfaction of court staff" was carried	l out once is
2021. As of 2022 such monitoring hasn't been carried out.		

070-1. Do you regularly monitor public prosecution activities (performance and quality)

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[ X ] number of incoming cases		
[ X ] length of proceedings (timeframes)		
[ X ] number of resolved cases		
[ X ] number of pending cases		
[X] backlogs		
[ ] productivity of prosecutors and prosecution staff		
[ ] satisfaction of prosecution staff		
[ ] satisfaction of users (regarding the services delivered by the	e by the public prosecution)	
[ ] costs of the judicial procedures		
[ ] clearance rate		
[ ] disposition time		
[ X ] percentage of convictions and acquittals		
[ X ] other (please specify):		
Comments Each year, before April 1, the Prosecutor General submassembly of the Republic of Armenia. The report shall include infethe previous year in relation to each of the powers defined by Artic	ormation on the activities carried	out by the Prosecutor's Office during
071. Do you monitor the number of pending cas	ses and cases that are no	t processed within a
reasonable timeframe (backlogs) for:		
[ ] civil law cases		
[ ] criminal law cases		
[ ] administrative law cases		
Comments Control of reasonable terms of consideration of cases at out.	nd the number of cases that have r	not received progress is not carried
The Supreme Judicial Council confirmed that monitoring of the nureasonable timeframe (backlogs) is not being carried out in essence and monitoring will be carried out starting from 2024.		
072. Do you monitor waiting time during judici	al proceedings?	
	Yes (If yes, please specify)	No
within the courts	( )	(X)
within the public prosecution services	( )	(X)
Comments		
073. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly	court performance base	ed on the monitored
indicators of question 70?		
( ) Yes		
(X) No		
Comments		

0/3-0. If yes, please specify the frequency:
( ) Annual
( ) Less frequent
( ) More frequent
Comments - If "Less frequent" or "More frequent", please specify:
073-1. Is this evaluation of the court activity used for the later allocation of resources within this
court?
( ) Yes
( X ) No
Comments
073-2. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?
[ ] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance
[ ] Reallocating resources (human/financial resources based on performance)
[ ] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency
[ ] Other (please specify):
Comments
073-3. Do you have a system to evaluate regularly the performance of the public prosecution
services based on the monitored indicators of question 70-1?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments
073-4. If yes, please specify the frequency:
( ) Annual
( ) Less frequent
( ) More frequent
Comments - If "less frequent" or "more frequent", please specify: The performance of a specific prosecution service may also be evaluated based on the relevant order of the Prosecutor General.
073-5. Is this evaluation of the activity of public prosecution services used for the later allocation
of resources within this public prosecution service?
( ) Yes
( X ) No
Comments
073-6. If yes, which courses of action are taken (multiple replies possible)?  [ ] Identifying the causes of improved or deteriorated performance

[ ] Reallocating resources (numan/imancial resources based on performance)	
[ ] Reengineering of internal procedures to increase efficiency	
[ ] Other (please specify):	
Comments	_
O79. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the courts (multiple replies possible	.9
[ ] High Judicial Council	
[ ] Ministry of Justice	
[ ] Inspection authority	
[ ] Supreme Court	
[ ] External audit body	
[ ] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
079-1. Who is responsible for evaluating the performance of the public prosecution services	
(multiple replies possible)?	
[ ] Public Prosecutorial Council	
[ ] Ministry of Justice	
[ ] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior public prosecutor	
[ ] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[ ] External audit body	
[ ] Other (please specify):	
Comments	
3.6.3Information regarding courts /public prosecution services activity	<u> </u>
080. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding	he.
functioning of the courts?	110
(X) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution): The Office of the Supreme Judicial Council: Judicial Depar	ment
15/1 Koryun street, Yerevan, 0009, Republic of Armenia)	
( ) No	
Comments	
080-1. Are the statistics on the functioning of each court published?	
( X ) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)https://court.am/hy/monitoring	
( ) No, only internally (on an intranet website)	
( ) No	
Comments	
=	

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the functioning of the public prosecution services?
( X ) Yes (please indicate the name and the address of this institution):the Department of Statistics and Analysis within the Prosecutor General's Office (Address: 5 Vazgen Sargsyan, Yerevan, 0010, Armenia)
( ) No
Comments
080-3. Are the statistics on the functioning of each public prosecution service published?
( ) Yes, on the internet (please provide the link)
( ) No, only internally (on an intranet website)
(X) No
Comments
=
081. Are individual courts required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data
on the number of resolved cases or pending cases, the number of judges and administrative staff,
targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. to whom the report is primarily intended):
081-1. If yes, please specify in which form this report is released:
[ ] Internet
[ ] Intranet (internal) website
[ X ] Paper distribution
Comments
081-2. If yes, please, indicate the periodicity at which the report is released:
( ) Annual
( ) Less frequent
(X) More frequent
Comments Twice a year.
=
081-3. Are public prosecution services required to prepare an activity report (that includes, for example, data on the number of incoming cases, the number of decisions, the number of public
prosecutors and administrative staff, targets and assessment of the activity)?
(X) Yes
( ) No
( )110
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080-2. Is there a centralised institution that is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding

rding all aspects of prosecutorial activities which is
rding all aspects of prosecutorial activities which is
rding all aspects of prosecutorial activities which is
rding all aspects of prosecutorial activities which is
report is released:
osecutors
ach judge (e.g. the number of
dge?
ts are not met?
Consequences:
[ ] Warning by court's president [ ] Temporary salary reduction [ ] Reflected in the individual assessment [ ] Other, please specify: [Comment]

Comments - If yes, please describe the content of the report and its audience (i.e. for whom the report is primarily intended):

With disciplinary procedure	[ ] Warning by court's president [ ] Temporary salary reduction [ ] Reflected in the individual
	assessment
	[ ] Other, please specify: [Comment]
_	[ ] No consequences
-	[ X ] NAP (no targets defined)
Comments	
114. Is there a system of individual evaluation of	f the judges' work?
	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of the judges' work
Quantitative	(X) Yes
Qualitative	(X) Yes () No
Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is bapurposes for which the results of the assessment are used:	ased, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the
114-1. Please specify the frequency of this evalu	lation:
( ) Annual	
(X) Less frequent	
( ) More frequent	
( ) Different frequencies used, please specify:	
=	
083-2. Are there quantitative performance target	ts defined for each public prosecutor (e.g. the
number of decisions in a month or year)?	
( ) Yes	
(X) No	
Comments	
083-3. Who is responsible for setting these targe	ets for each public prosecutor?
[ ] Executive power (for example the Ministry of Justice)	
[ ] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor	
[ ] Public Prosecutorial Council	
[ ] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchically superior pul	blic prosecutor
[ ] Other (please specify):	
[X]NAP	
Comments	
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#### 083-3-1. What are the consequences for a prosecutor if these targets are not met?

	Consequences:		
Without disciplinary procedure	[ ] Warning by head of prosecution [ ] Temporary salary reduction		
	[ ] Reflected in the individual		
	assessment		
	[ ] Other, please specify: [Comment]		
With disciplinary procedure	[ ] Warning by head of prosecution		
	[ ] Temporary salary reduction		
	[ ] Reflected in the individual		
	assessment		
	[ ] Other, please specify: [Comment]		
No consequences	[ ] No consequences		

#### 120. Is there a system of individual evaluation of the public prosecutors' work?

	Existence of a system of individual evaluation of thepublic prosecutors' work
Quantitative	(X)Yes
	( ) No
Qualitative	(X) Yes
	( ) No

Comment: Please specify the criteria on which the assessment is based, the authority competent for carrying out the assessment, the purposes for which the results of the assessment are used: According to Article 50, Part 10 and 11 of the Law "On Prosecutor's Office": The immediate superior prosecutor shall submit the appraisal of the prosecutor at least two weeks before the competency evaluation. The appraisal must contain data on the prosecutor, on his or her practical and personal features and a justified evaluation of the results of his or her official activities. This evaluation must be based on the conclusions of the immediate superior prosecutor with respect to the reports submitted to him or her by the prosecutor once a year, which relate to the activities carried out by the latter during the period following the previous competency evaluation. The data on the number of motions submitted in the criminal cases under the supervision of the prosecutor as a measure of restraint, the number of satisfied and rejected motions must be attached to the assessment. A process is currently underway to introduce quantitative and qualitative criteria for evaluating the individual performance of prosecutors.

#### 120-1. Please specify the frequency of this evaluation:

( ) Annual
(X) Less frequent
( ) More frequent
( ) Different frequencies used, please specify:
[ ] NAP

Comments

#### C4. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Law on Prosecution	
Information provided by the Prosecutor General's Office	
4.Fair trial	
4.1.Principles	
4.1.1Principles of fair trial	
084. Percentage of first instance criminal in absentia judgme	nts (cases in which the suspect is no
attending the hearing in person nor is represented by a lawye	· •
	,
L J	
[ X ] NAP	
Comments - Please add methodology for calculation used.	
085. Is there a procedure to effectively challenge a judge (rec	cusal), if a party considers that the
judge is not impartial?	t as all, in a party constraint and and
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comments - Please could you briefly specify:	
085-1. If yes, what are:	
	-
The total asymptom of the initiated among dynas in the mefersance years	
The total number of the initiated procedures in the reference year	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP
The total number of recusals pronounced in the reference year	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP
Comment - Please, could you briefly specify: No records or statistics are being proce	essed on the number of recusals.
086. Is there in your country a monitoring system for the vio	lations related to Article 6 of the
European Convention on Human Rights?	
[ X ] For civil procedures (non-enforcement)	
[ X ] For civil procedures (timeframe)	
[ X ] For criminal procedures (timeframe)	
[ ] NAP	
Comments - Please specify what are the terms and conditions of this monitoring systems by ECHR at the State/courts level; implementation of internal systems to prevent other.	

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086-1. Is there in your country a possibility to review/reopen a case after a finding of a violation of
the European Convention on Human Rights by the European Court of Human Rights?
[X] For civil cases
[X] For criminal cases
[ X ] For administrative cases
[ ] NAP
Comments
D1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: Judicial code of RA, Criminal Procedure Code of RA, Civil Procedure Code of RA, Administrative Procedure Code of RA,
Law on the Representative of Armenia before the ECHR
4.2.Timeframe of proceedings
4.2.1 General information
087. Are there specific procedures for urgent matters regarding:
[X] civil cases
[ X ] criminal cases
[ X ] administrative cases
[ ] There is no specific procedure for urgent matters
Comments - If yes, please specify:
088. Are there simplified procedures for:
[X] civil cases (small disputes)
[ ] criminal cases (misdemeanour cases)
[ X ] administrative cases
[ ] There is no simplified procedure
Comments - If yes, please specify:
088-1. For these simplified procedures, may judges deliver an oral judgement with a written order
and without the full reasoning of the judgement?
[X] civil cases
[ ] criminal cases
[ ] administrative cases
Comments - If yes, please specify:

# 089. Do courts and lawyers have the possibility to conclude agreements on arrangements for processing cases (presentation of files, decisions on timeframes for lawyers to submit their conclusions etc.)?

	Yes	No
Agreement on general arrangements	( )	(X)
Agreement in specific cases	( )	(X)

Comments

#### 4.2.2 Case flow management – first instance

#### 091. First instance courts: number of other than criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of other than criminal law	88 804	219 161	212 046	95 919	
cases (1+2+3+4)	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial)	74 086	176 534	165 670	84 950	
litigious cases (including litigious	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[X]NA
enforcement cases and if possible	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
without administrative law cases,					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases	6 757	32 741	36 456	3 042	
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
2.1. General civil (and	6 757	32 741	36 456	3 042	
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry cases	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

2.2.2 Non-litigious business			5 3374		
registry cases	[ ] NA				
registry cases	[ X ] NAP				
2.2.3. Other registry cases					
	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
_	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				
3. Administrative law cases	7 961	9 886	9 920	7 927	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
4. Other cases					
	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				

### 092. If courts deal with "civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases", please indicate the case categories included:

. Regarding the case categories, which are included in civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases, it should be noted that according to the statistics provided by the Judicial department the following cases are included: statement for recognition of sui juris (emancipated), cases on declaring a citizen as having no active legal capacity or limiting the active legal capacity of a citizen, cases on involuntary hospitalization of the citizen in the psychiatric organization, cases on recognition of the citizen as missing or dead, cases on finding out the inaccuracies in the records of civil acts, cases on considering property as ownerless, cases on on confirmation of the facts having legal value, cases on recovery of the rights on the lost bearer securities or order securities.

#### 093. Please indicate the case categories included in the category "other cases":

. NAP			

#### 094. First instance courts: number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Total of criminal law cases	4 826	6 457	6 900	4 383	
(1+2+3)	[]NA	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases		[ ] I I I I			
	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP

2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[ X ] NA				
Cilimai Cases	[ ] NAP				
3. Other criminal cases					
	[ X ] NA				
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify According to the Criminal Code crimes are divided into four groups: minor, moderate, grave and especially grave. As there is no breakout of each type of case we selected all categories as NA.

#### 4.2.3 Case flow management – second instance

#### 0

#### 097. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of "other than criminal law" cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[X]NA	[ X ] NA
	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Civil (and commercial) litigious cases (including litigious enforcement cases and if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3)	[X]NA []NAP	7 551 [] NA [] NAP	7 765 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP
2. Non litigious cases (2.1+2.2+2.3)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2.1. General civil (and commercial) non-litigious cases, e.g. uncontested payment orders, request for a change of name, non-litigious enforcement cases	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
etc. (if possible without administrative law cases, see category 3; without registry cases and other cases, see categories 2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases (2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business registry cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP

2.2.3. Other registry cases					
	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				
2.3. Other non-litigious cases					
	[ ] NA				
	[ X ] NAP				
3. Administrative law cases	3 427	5 014	3 973	4 468	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP				
4. Other cases					
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ ] NAP			

Comments - If "Other cases" please specify

#### 098. Second instance courts (appeal): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the second instance court
Total of criminal law cases	704	5 807	5 788	723	
(1+2+3)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
(1+2+3)	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
Cilimital Cases	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify:

#### 4.2.4 Case flow management – Supreme Court



#### 099. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of "other than criminal law" cases:

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases		Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of other than criminal law cases (1+2+3+4)	[X]NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[X]NA	[X]NA

1. Civil (and commercial)	1 106	3 419	4 267	258	
litigious cases (including litigious	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
enforcement cases and if possible	[ ] NAP				
without administrative law cases,					
·					
see category 3)					
2. Non litigious cases					
(2.1+2.2+2.3)	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP			
	[ ] NAF	[ ] NAF	[ ] NAF	[ ] NAF	[ ] IVAF
2.1. General civil (and	F 37 7 3 7 A	F 37 1 31 A	F 37 1 31 A	F 37 1 37 A	F 37 3 3 1 A
commercial) non-litigious cases,	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP			
e.g. uncontested payment orders,	[ ] 1 1 1 1	[]1411	[ ] 11/11	[ ] 1 1 1 1	[ ] TATE
request for a change of name,					
non-litigious enforcement cases					
etc. (if possible without					
administrative law cases, see					
category 3; without registry cases					
and other cases, see categories					
2.2 and 2.3)					
2.2. Registry cases					
(2.2.1+2.2.2+2.2.3)	[ ] NA				
,	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
2.2.1. Non litigious land registry					
cases	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA	[]NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP
2.2.2 Non-litigious business					
registry cases	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP				
	[A]NAI	[A]NAI	[A]NAI	[A]IMI	[A] IVAI
2.2.3. Other registry cases	r I NI A	r I NIA	F 1.31A	r anta	r I NIA
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP				
	[21]11/11	[ 71 ] 1 1 7 1 1	[ 21 ] 11211	[21]1411	[21]1111
2.3. Other non-litigious cases	[ ] NA				
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP
2 Administration 1	398	1 592	1 874	116	
3. Administrative law cases	398 []NA	[ ] NA	[] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[]NAP	[] NAP
4 Other eages					
4. Other cases	[ ] NA				
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP

Comments - If "Other cases", please specify The quantitative growth of resolved civil litigious cases is connected:

- 1. with the increase in the number of lawsuits filed in court.
- 2. with newly appointed judges.

( ) No

3. Implementation of simplified civil procedure (with the introduction of written procedures, for example, providing for a 4-month period).

## 099-1. At the level of the Highest court (Supreme Court), is there a procedure of manifest inadmissibility?

nadmissibility?	
(X) Yes, please indicate the number of cases closed by this procedure: NA	

#### 100. Highest instance courts (Supreme Court): Number of criminal law cases.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the Supreme Court
Total of criminal law cases	374	1 702	1 931	145	
(1+2+3)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
(1+2+3)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Severe criminal cases					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. Misdemeanour and / or minor					
criminal cases	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
Crimmar cases	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Other criminal cases					
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comment - If you cannot make a distinction between misdemeanour criminal cases and severe criminal cases (according to the CEPEJ definitions), please specify what cases are reported in those categories. If "Other criminal cases", please specify According to the Criminal Code crimes are divided into four groups: minor, moderate, grave and especially grave. As there is no breakout of each type of case we selected all categories as NA.

#### 4.2.5 Case flow management and timeframes - specific cases

#### 101. Number of specific litigious cases received and processed by first instance courts.

	Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases	Pending cases on 31 Dec ref. year	Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court
Litigious divorce cases	966	1 256	1 341	881	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP
Employment dismissal cases	130	145	114	161	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Insolvency	6 965	4 058	4 278	6 745	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Robbery case	75	41	31	85	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Intentional homicide	187	79	47	219	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments For 2022, information on reinstatement cases (employment dismissal cases) was separated and provided.

0

#### 101-0. Number of cases relating to asylum seekers and to the right of entry and stay for aliens.

	on 1 Jan. ref.	Incoming cases		Pending cases on 31 Dec ref.	Pending cases for more than 2
	year			year	years
Court cases relating to asylum					
seekers (refugee status under the	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
, ,	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
1951 Geneva Convention)					
Court cases relating to the right					
of entry and stay for aliens	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
of chiry and stay for affens	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

# 101-1. Could you briefly describe the system in your country dealing with legal remedies relating to asylum seekers (refugee status under the 1951 Geneva Convention) and the right of entry and stay for aliens:

- . According to the Law of the Republic of Armenia on Refugees and Asylum Article 2,
- 1. Asylum is the protection granted to a foreign citizen or stateless person in the Republic of Armenia, which guarantees the application of the principle defined in Article 9 of this Law, as well as all the rights granted under the Convention, present Law, and other legal acts of the Republic of Armenia to refugees recognized as such in the Republic of Armenia.
- 2. Asylum, as defined in the Paragraph 1 of this Article, shall further be extended to any foreign citizen or stateless person recognized as a refugee by another State, if he/she has legally entered the territory of the Republic of Armenia and has one of the resident permits issued based on the legislation of the Republic of Armenia, providing the right to legally reside in the country.
- 3. The granting of asylum shall be considered a peaceful and humanitarian gesture and shall in no manner be regarded as an unfriendly act, as it does not imply any judgement on the country of citizenship of the refugee or any other country.

Article 57. Appeal Against Decisions on Asylum Application and Recognition as Refugee

- 1. Asylum seekers and refugees shall have the right to appeal to the court against any negative decisions issued by the Designated Body to them in the course of the asylum procedure or any other administrative procedure based on the present Law. Appeals may be launched within 30 days after notification on decision.
- 2. If the deadline defined in Paragraph 1 of the present Article is not met, the decision of the Designated Body becomes final. The period for launching an appeal may be renewed if there are valid reasons, which do not fall within the sphere of influences of the appellant.
- 3. After the reason (reasons) for missing the appeal period disappears, the asylum seeker can present an appeal to the court within 15 days, but not later than within 3 months starting from the day s/he got acknowledgement of the decision by the Designated Body regarding his/her asylum application. 4. Negative decision of the Designated Body shall include information on the right to appeal and the periods for launching an appeal as defined in Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the present Article, as well as on applying to respective court.
- 5. Negative decisions of the Designated Body on asylum application or refugee recognition shall be considered final, if the asylum seeker did not appeal within the timeframe defined in Paragraph 3 of the present Article.

Article 7. Asylum for Family Members and Family Reunion

- 1. The spouse, the child under 18 years of age, and any other person under the lawful care of a refugee granted asylum in the Republic of Armenia shall also be considered refugees and accorded with asylum in the Republic of Armenia, if they reside together with the refugee in the territory of the Republic of Armenia and do not possess any citizenship different from that of the refugee providing effective protection.
- 2. Other relatives, or in-laws of a refugee granted asylum in the Republic of Armenia may also be considered refugees and accorded with asylum in the Republic of Armenia, providedhey reside together with the refugee in the territory of the Republic of Armenia, are dependent on him/her and do not possess any citizenship different from that of the refugee providing effective protection.
- 3. According to the criteria of Article 6 of the present Law, the parents of the child who is recognized as a refugee and received asylum in the Republic of Armenia, under 18 years old, as well as sisters and brothers above 18 who are disabled, are also considered

refugees and granted asylum in the Republic of Armenia, if they reside together with the child who received refugee status and do not possess citizenship of another state – different from that of this child – providing effective protection. 4. Refugees granted asylum in the Republic of Armenia shall be entitled to family reunion with their family members specified in Paragraphs 1 and 3 of the present Article on the territory of the Republic of Armenia pursuant to the procedure stipulated in Article 54 of the present Law.

5. In case of cessation, or cancellation of the recognition as refugee, or the cessation of asylum of the refugee who was recognized first (hereafter: the principal refugee) pursuant to Article 53, of the present law, his/her family members, who have been recognised as refugees and obtained asylum in the Republic of Armenia according to Paragraphs 1, 2, or 3 of the present Article, shall forfeit their status together with the principle refugee. However, this shall not deprive them of the possibility to launch an asylum application immediately thereafter based on their personal reasons. They shall, however, if recognised as refugees and granted asylum not be able to confer their status to those family members, who have lost their recognition as refugees and the right to asylum by cessation, revocation, or cancellation.

Article 54. Procedure for Family Reunification

- 1. Family members of a refugee granted Asylum in the Republic of Armenia enumerated in Article 7, Paragraphs 1 and 3 of the present Law are entitled to refugee status and asylum in the Republic of Armenia, even if they are outside the boundaries of the Republic of Armenia.
- 2. Persons mentioned in Paragraph 1 of this Article, who reside outside the boundaries of the Republic of Armenia, and intend to join a refugee granted asylum in the Republic of Armenia, shall apply to the diplomatic representations and consular department of the Republic of Armenia in a respective country with the request for family reunification. The relevant diplomatic representations and consular department of the Republic of Armenia shall record their application and forward it to the Designated Body. In the cases of absence of a diplomatic representations and a consular institution of the Republic of Armenia in a respective country,

the persons defined in Paragraph 1 of the present Article who reside outside the boundaries of the Republic of Armenia, and intend to join their family member recognized as a refugee and granted asylum in the Republic of Armenia, shall apply to the diplomatic representations and consular department of the Republic of Armenia in the closest country with request for family reunification.

- 3. The Designated Body, in co-operation with the designated body for Foreign Affairs, shall verify the information provided by the applicants and determine whether they fulfil the requirements stipulated in Article 7, Paragraphs 1 and 3 of the present Law.
- 4. If the Designated Body decides that the requirements of Paragraph 3 of the present Article are met, it shall grant refugee status and asylum to those persons on the basis of Article 52 Paragraph 3 and Article 53, Paragraph 5 of the present Law and shall inform about it the relevant diplomatic representation and consular department of the Republic of Armenia, through the designated body for Foreign Affairs, based on which the latter shall issue the family members granted asylum with valid visa for entering the Republic of Armenia. The Police shall issue them Convention Travel Documents upon arrival to the Republic of Armenia.
- 5. If the Designated Body considers that the requirements of Paragraph 3 of the present Article are not met, it shall make a decision on rejecting the application pursuant to Article 52, Paragraph 7 of the present Law, informing the diplomatic representation and consular department of the Republic of Armenia in the respective country through the designated body for Foreign Affairs. The latter informs the persons who submitted an asylum application. The refugee granted asylum in the Republic of Armenia may appeal the decision of the Designated Body pursuant to Article 57 of the present Law.

## 101-2. Number of cases relating to child sexual abuse and child pornography received and processed by first instance courts.

Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	Incoming cases	Resolved cases		Pending cases older than 2 years from the date the case came to the first instance court	
---	----------------	----------------	--	---	--

Child sexual abuse	18	3	3	18		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP					
Child pornography	0	0	0	0	0	
	[ ] NA					
	[]NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	

Comments - Please explain what are the legal definitions of these categories of offences in your system: According to article 202 of the Criminal Code, offering a meeting by a person over the age of 18, using information or communication technologies to a person under the age of 16, and performing an action aimed at a meeting for the purpose of sexual relations or other actions of a sexual nature, including imitation of sexual intercourse or satisfaction of sexual needs, or the creation or production of child pornography, if there are no signs crimes provided for in Articles 189 or 198-201 of this Code are punishable by short-term imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

According to article 300 of the Criminal Code, the creation, production, acquisition, distribution, sale, export, import, offer, advertising, provision of access, disposal of child pornography, acquisition of access through information or communication technologies or storage or viewing of child pornography on a computer, computer system, computer network or other computer equipment or any other in this way, they are punished by a fine in the amount of ten to thirty times the size or by community service lasting from one hundred to two hundred hours, or restriction of liberty for a term not exceeding three years, or short-term imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years.

Within the meaning of this article, child pornography is any material depicting a child performing a real or imitative act of a sexually explicit nature or demonstrating a child's sexual organ for sexual reasons.

According to article 198(2) of the Criminal Code, sexual intercourse or other acts of a sexual nature against a minor, including imitation of sexual intercourse or satisfaction of sexual needs, committed against the will of the victim of the crime, or ignoring his will with the use of violence against the victim of the crime, or another person, or with the threat of its use, or with the use of the helpless state of a person who has suffered from a crime, shall be punished by imprisonment for a term from.

According to article 199(2) of the Criminal Code, sexual intercourse or other acts of a sexual nature against a minor, including imitation of sexual intercourse or satisfaction of sexual needs, committed for the purpose of blackmail, threat of destruction, damage or seizure of property or use of material or other dependence of a person who has suffered a crime, or on reasonable conviction without his consent, or forcing him to have sexual intercourse or other sexual acts in the same way, in the absence of signs of crimes provided for in Articles 188 or 189 of this Code, is punishable by imprisonment for a term of three to six years.

102. Percentage of decisions subject to appeal, average length of proceedings and percentage of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances for specific litigious cases. The average length of proceedings has to be calculated from the date the application for judicial review is lodged to the date the judgment is made, without taking into account the investigation phase in criminal cases as well as enforcement procedure.

	% of decisions subject to appeal	Average length in 1st instance (in days)	Average length in 2nd instance (in days)	Average length in 3rd instance (in days)	Average length of the entire procedure (in days)	% of cases pending for more than 3 years for all instances
Civil and commercial litigious cases	Allow decimals : 2	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA	Allow decimals : 2
Litigious divorce cases	NAP Allow decimals : 2					[ ] NAP Allow decimals : 2
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA

Employment dismissal cases	Allow decimals : 2  [ X ] NA  [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	Allow decimals : 2  [ X ] NA  [ ] NAP
Insolvency cases	Allow decimals : 2  [ X ] NA  [ ] NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	Allow decimals : 2  [X]NA  []NAP
Robbery cases	Allow decimals : 2  [X]NA  []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	Allow decimals : 2  [X]NA  []NAP
Intentional homicide cases	Allow decimals : 2  [X]NA  []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[X]NA []NAP	[ X ] NA [ ] NAP	Allow decimals : 2  [X] NA  [] NAP

Comments

104. How is the length of proceedings calculated for the six case categories of question 102? Please give a description of the calculation method.

. NAP			

### 4.2.6 Case flow management – public prosecution

105. Role and powers of the public prosecutor in the criminal procedure (multiple replies possible):

[X]	to	conduct	or	supervise	investigation
[ 4 x ]	w	conduct	OI	super visc	mvesugation

- [ ] when necessary, to request investigation measures from the judge
- [X] to charge
- [X] to present the case in court
- [X] to propose a sentence to the judge
- [X] to appeal
- [ X ] to supervise the enforcement procedure
- [ X ] to discontinue a case without needing a decision by a judge (ensure consistency with question 36!)
- [ ] to end the case by imposing or negotiating a penalty or measure without requiring a judicial decision
- [X] other significant powers (please specify): According to Armenian Constitution: The Prosecutor's Office, in cases and under the procedure prescribed by law, shall: (1) instigate criminal prosecution; (2) exercise oversight over the lawfulness of pre-trial criminal proceedings; (3) pursue a charge at court; (4) appeal against the civil judgments, criminal judgments and decisions of courts; (5) exercise oversight over the lawfulness of applying punishments and other coercive measures.

Comments Comments In regard of conducting or supervising police investigation, it should be noted that the term "supervising police investigation" is not envisaged by the RA legislation and the RA Prosecutor's Office does not have such authority.

However, if saying "police investigation" we should understand police operative-investigative activities, than in accordance with the Article 35 of the RA Law on Operative Investigation, the prosecutor exercises control over the legality of operative-investigative activities, while conducting procedural oversight of the preliminary investigation and inquiry in the scope of the powers vested to him by law, and if "police investigation" means investigation conducted by the police, than In accordance with the Constitution of the Republic of Armenia, the prosecutor's office exercises control over the legality of the investigation and preliminary investigation.

#### 106. Does the public prosecutor also have a role in:

- [X] civil cases
- [X] administrative cases
- [X] insolvency cases

Comments - If yes, please specify:



#### 107. Public prosecutors: Total number of 1st instance criminal cases.

	Number of cases
1.Pending cases on 1 Jan. ref. year	7 853 []NA
2.Incoming/received cases	58 249 []NA []NAP
3.Processed cases (3.1+3.2+3.3+3.4)	24 854 []NA []NAP
3.1.Discontinued during the reference year (3.1.1+3.1.2+3.1.3+3.1.4.)	14 644 [ ] NA [ ] NAP
3.1.1 Discontinued by the public prosecutor because the offender could not be identified	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
3.1.2 Discontinued by the public prosecutor due to the lack of an established offence or a specific legal situation	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
3.1.3 Discontinued by the public prosecutor for reasons of opportunity	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
3.1.4 Discontinued for other reasons	14 644 [ ] NA [ ] NAP
3.2.Concluded by a penalty or a measure imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
3.3.Cases brought to court	4 432 []NA []NAP

4.Pending cases on 31 Dec. ref. year	28 390
·	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP

Comments The increased number of criminal proceedings initiated in 2022 is also due to the entry into force of the new Criminal Procedure Code of the Republic of Armenia, which entered into force on July 1, 2022.

Thus, if at the stage of initiation of a criminal case (preparation of materials), provided for by the Criminal Procedure Code of the Republic of Armenia, adopted on July 1, 1998, the body conducting the proceedings had the opportunity within 10 days to verify the legality of the reason for initiating a criminal case and the sufficiency of the grounds and only then decide on the initiation of a criminal case, then in the new Code of Criminal Procedure, there is no longer a ten-day period for reviewing and resolving communications, and the issue of initiating criminal proceedings is resolved only in each case of receiving a proper communication.

At the same time, the legislator established that in each case of receiving a proper notification, the issue of initiating a criminal case by an investigator should be resolved immediately, but no later than within 24 hours (Part 1 of Article 178 of the Criminal Procedure Code of the Republic of Armenia).

In addition, a 22% increase in crimes against humanity is attributed to cases of sudden death, for which no criminal case (proceedings) were initiated before July 1, 2022.

In accordance with the provisions of the former RA Code of Criminal Procedure, materials were prepared, as a result of which, as a rule, the initiation of a criminal case (proceedings) was refused on an exculpatory basis, and they were not considered by the police information center as a case of a crime.

According to the current Code of Criminal Procedure of the Republic of Armenia, criminal proceedings are initiated in all these cases, and these cases are counted as murder.

Category 3.1.4 (discontinued for other reasons) has been marked as there is no breakdown available. The consistency on pending 1 Jan + incoming - processed = pending on 31 Dec is not observed because of merged cases and cases sent under jurisdiction (for example, if the proceedings are transferred from one investigative body to another investigative body after qualification of a crime under a different article).

#### 107-1. If the guilty plea procedure exists, how many cases were concluded by this procedure?

	Total	Severe criminal cases	Misdemeanour and / or minor criminal cases
Total number of guilty plea procedures	422		
	[ ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Before the main trial			
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
During the main trial			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments The guilty plea procedure was introduced in 2021 and this is the first year that the statistics are collected.

109.	Do	the	figures	provided	in (	<b>Q107</b>	include	traffic	offence	cases?
------	----	-----	---------	----------	------	-------------	---------	---------	---------	--------

(X) Yes

( ) No

Comments

#### D2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Criminal Procedure Code of RA,
Information provided by the Prosecutor General's office.

#### 5. Career of judges and public prosecutors

#### 5.1.Recruitment and promotion

#### 5.1.1Recruitment and promotion of judges

#### 110. How are judges recruited?

	X ] through a competitive exam (open competition)
[	] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers
[	] other (please specify):

#### Comments

#### 110-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for judges in your country:

. The Supreme Judicial Council annually, no later than September 15, establishes and publishes the form of the qualifying written exam, minimum requirements for the structure and content of examination questions, the procedure for organizing and conducting the written exam, including the procedure for distributing examination materials, the course of the exam, the use of legal or other documents or technical means, evaluation of examination papers, minimum pass the score based on the results of the written exam (which cannot be less than 60 percent of the total (Part 1 of Article 100 of the Constitutional Law "Judicial Code of the Republic of Armenia").

The qualification check consists of the stages of application and verification, a written exam and an interview(Part 1 of Article 96 of the Constitutional Law "Judicial Code of the Republic of Armenia").

A person applying for inclusion in the list of candidates for judges, within one month from the date of publication of the decision on the qualification check, submits an application to the Supreme Judicial Council in the form established by the Supreme Judicial Council (Part 1 of Article 98 of the Constitutional Law "Judicial Code of the Republic of Armenia").

Persons between the ages of 25 and 60, who have the right to vote, may participate in the qualification check for inclusion in the list of candidates for judges if:

- 1. They possess only the citizenship of the Republic of Armenia.
- 2. They have obtained a Bachelor of Law qualification degree in the Republic of Armenia or the qualification of a certified specialist with higher legal education, or have received the corresponding degree in a foreign country.
- 3. They are proficient in Armenian.
- 4. They have the appropriate level of language knowledge established by the Supreme Judicial Council in at least one of the English, Russian, and French languages tested using standardized test systems.
- 5. Only in the case of a Bachelor of Law degree or obtaining an appropriate degree in a foreign country, they have professional work experience of at least five years. In the case of a Bachelor of Law and Master of Law degree or a qualified degree of a certified specialist with higher legal education or obtaining an appropriate degree in a foreign country, they should have professional work experience of at least three years.
- 6. There are no restrictions provided for by Judicial Code for the appointment of a judge.

Candidates with extensive experience in the field of law (experienced legal professionals) are eligible to apply for inclusion in the list of judicial candidates if they meet the requirements set out in paragraphs 1-4 and 6 above, and:

1. Have at least eight years of professional work experience in the last 10 years. 2. Have an academic degree in law and have taught law for at least five years in a higher educational institution or the state non-profit organization "Academy of Justice," the foundation "Academy of Advocates of the Republic of Armenia" or have performed scientific work in a scientific institution over the past 10 years.

In this case, the candidate undergoes the interview stage to assess their qualifications in accordance with the established procedure.

[X] Age				
EXTINE (* 11)				
[X] Nationality				
[ X ] Physical/Psychological capacity				
[ X ] General studies in law				
[ ] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)				
[ X ] Number of years of relevant experience				
[ ] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts				
[ X ] Validation of a general state examination	n in law			
[ X ] Validation of a specific examination for	judges			
[ X ] Clean criminal record				
[ X ] Foreign languages				
[ X ] Personal requirements (related to integri	ty)			
[ ] Other				
[ ] NAP				
Comments - If "other", please specify:				
Number of applicants	143	67	76	
Number of applicants  Number of recruited persons	[] NA 39	[] NA 21	[ ] NA 18	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
Number of recruited persons	[] NA 39 [] NA	[] NA 21 [] NA	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  Comments	[] NA 39 [] NA	[] NA 21 [] NA	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  Comments  110-4. If the number of applicants	[] NA 39 [] NA	[] NA 21 [] NA	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  Comments  110-4. If the number of applicants  ( ) Yes (X) No	[] NA 39 [] NA	[] NA 21 [] NA	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  Comments  110-4. If the number of applicants  ( ) Yes (X) No	39 []NA decreased in the	21 []NA  21 []NA  last years did you ta	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  Comments  110-4. If the number of applicants  ( ) Yes (X) No Comments	39 []NA decreased in the	21 []NA  21 []NA  last years did you ta	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  Comments  110-4. If the number of applicants  ( ) Yes  ( X ) No  Comments  110-5. If yes, please specify when the specific persons to the specific person to the specific per	39 []NA decreased in the	21 []NA  21 []NA  last years did you ta	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  Comments  110-4. If the number of applicants  ( ) Yes (X) No  Comments  110-5. If yes, please specify where the specific process of the specific persons of the specific	39 []NA decreased in the	21 []NA  21 []NA  last years did you ta	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  Comments  110-4. If the number of applicants  ( ) Yes ( X ) No  Comments  110-5. If yes, please specify where the specified in the specified where the specif	39 []NA decreased in the	21 []NA  21 []NA  last years did you ta	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  110-4. If the number of applicants  ( ) Yes (X) No  Comments  110-5. If yes, please specify where the specified of the specified of the specified where the specified of the specified where the spec	39 []NA decreased in the	21 []NA last years did you to	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure
Number of recruited persons  110-4. If the number of applicants  ( ) Yes  ( X ) No  Comments  110-5. If yes, please specify where the specify where the specify where the specified incentives  [ ] Other financial incentives  [ ] Improving working conditions  [ ] Workload reduction at the beginning	39 []NA decreased in the	21 []NA last years did you to	[] NA 18 [] NA	sure

111. Authority(ies) responsil	ale for recruitment - are	e iudoes initially/at	the beginning of the	ir career
recruited and nominated by:	ne for recruitment - are	c judges initially/at	the beginning of the	in career
[ ] An authority made up of judges	only			
[ ] An authority made up of non-jud				
[ X ] An authority/authorities made u				
[ ] Other				
Comments - Please indicate the name of there are several authorities, please described and the comments of the		or the whole procedure of	recruitment and nomination (	of judges. If
111-1. How many members	compose this authority	?		
	Total	Males	Females	
Members	9 []NA []NAP	6 []NA []NAP	3 []NA []NAP	
Comments – Please specify what is the street the Supreme Judicial Council according	to law.			
111-2. May non-selected car	ididates appeal against	the decision on rec	ruitment/appointme	at?
( ) No				
Comments – Please specify the procedu	re to be followed, the competent	t authority, the moment for	exercising the right of appe	al:
112. Is the same authority (Q	(111) competent for the	e promotion of judg	ges?	
(X) Yes	- , <u>-</u>			
( ) No				
Comments - No, please specify which a	uthority is competent for promo	ting judges		
113. What is the procedure f	or the promotion of jud	lges? (multiple rep	ies possible)	
[ ] Competitive test / Exam				
[ ] Previous individual evaluations				
[ X ] Other procedure(s) (interview or	other)			
[ ] No special procedure				
Comments - Please specify how the problem how the publicity of promotion processes		organised (especially if the	re is no competition or exam	ination) and
113-0. In the frame of the pro-	omotion procedures, pl	ease indicate the n	umber of applicants	and the

number of promotions actually made during the reference year:

Total

Males

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Females

Number of applicants	26	21 []NA	5 []NA
Number of promoted persons	26	21 []NA	5 []NA

Comments

[ ] No criteria

113-1. Ple	ase indicate	the criteria	used for the	promotion o	of a jud	lge? (	multip	le replies	possible)

[ X ] Years of experience
[ X ] Professional skills (and/or qualitative performance)
[ X ] Performance (quantitative)
[ X ] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation)
[ ] Other

Comments - Please specify any useful comment regarding the criteria (especially if you have checked the box "performance" or "other"):

#### 5.1.2Status, recruitment and promotion of prosecutors

#### 115. What is the status of public prosecution services?

[ X ] Has an independent status as a separate entity among state institutions

[ ] Is part of the executive power but enjoys functional independence (please briefly explain how and to what extent)

[ ] Is part of the executive power (without functional independence)

[ ] Is part of the judicial power but enjoys functional independence (please briefly explain how and to what extent)

[ ] Is part of the judicial power (without functional independence)

[ ] Is a mixed model (please explain)

[ ] Has other status (please explain)

Comments - When appropriate, please specify the objective guarantees of this independence (such as funding) and where they are enshrined (Constitution, legislation etc.). Furthermore, if "mixed model" or "other", please specify.

## 115-1. Are specific instructions addressed to a public prosecutor to prosecute or not prohibited by law or other regulation?

( ) Yes

(X) No

Comments - If yes, please specify: According to Article 69, Part 1 of the RA Law on the Prosecutor's Office while performing his or her activities, a prosecutor shall be independent and shall obey only the law. Prosecutor shall take decisions autonomously based on laws and inner conviction, and shall be responsible for decisions taken by him.

Any interference with the prosecutor's activities, which is not prescribed by law, leads to legal liability and shall be prohibited. According to the Article 32, instructions of the superior prosecutor are mandatory for the subordinate prosecutor, except in cases when the subordinate prosecutor finds that instructions are illegal or unfounded. In that case the subordinate prosecutor shall not follow the given instructions and must file a written objection to the superior prosecutor, who gave the instruction, except in cases when the instruction was given by the General Prosecutor. Where the disputed assignment or instruction is oral, the inferior prosecutor may, before submitting an objection, request a written assignment or instruction from the superior prosecutor.

#### 115-2. If they are prohibited by law or other regulation, are there exceptions?

( ) Yes
( ) No
[ X ] NAP
Comments - Please describe these exceptions:
115-3. Which authority can issue such specific instructions?
[ X ] General Prosecutor
[ X ] Higher prosecutor/Head of prosecution office
[ ] Executive power
[ ] Other
Comments - If "Other", please specify: According to the Article 6 of the "Law on Prosecution" of RA, in the exercise of his/her powers, every prosecutor shall take decisions autonomously based on laws and inner conviction, and shall be responsible for decisions taken by him. Any interference with the prosecutor's activities, which is not prescribed by law, leads to legal liability and shall be prohibited. It should be noted that according to the Article 32, instructions of the superior prosecutor are mandatory for the subordinate prosecutor, except in cases when the subordinate prosecutor finds that instructions are illegal or unfounded. In that case the subordinate prosecutor shall not follow the given instructions and must file a written objection to the superior prosecutor, who gave the instruction, except in cases when the instruction was given by the General Prosecutor.
115-4. What form these instructions may take?
[ X ] Oral instruction
[ ] Oral instruction with written confirmation
[X] Written instruction
[ ] Other
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-5. In that case, are the instructions:
[ ] Issued seeking prior advice from the competent public prosecutor
[ X ] Mandatory
[X] Reasoned
[ X ] Recorded in the case file
[ ] Other
[ ] NAP
Comments - If "Other", please specify:
115-6. What is the frequency of this type of instructions:
( ) Exceptional
(X) Occasional
( ) Frequent
( ) Systematic
[ ] NAP

115-7.	Can	the public	prosecutor	oppose/repor	t an instruction	n to a	n independent	body?
--------	-----	------------	------------	--------------	------------------	--------	---------------	-------

(	) Yes
( )	X) No
Γ	1 NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify to which body/institution and please describe under which conditions.

=

#### 116. How are public prosecutors recruited?

( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	[	X	] throu	ıgh a	competitive	e exam (	(open	competition)
---	---	---	---------	-------	-------------	----------	-------	--------------

[ X ] through a recruitment procedure for experienced legal professionals (for example experienced lawyers)

[ ] other (please specify):

Comments The exam is prevalent.

#### 116-1. Please briefly describe the recruitment procedure(s) for prosecutors in your country:

- . According to Article 33 of the Law on the Prosecutor's Office, a citizen of the Republic of Armenia aged from 22 to 65 years, who
- 1) has received a bachelor's degree or a certified specialist of higher legal education in the Republic of Armenia, or has acquired a similar degree in a foreign country, the recognition and establishment of equivalence of which in the Republic of Armenia are carried out in accordance with the procedure established by law;
- 2) speaks Armenian;
- 3) which is not subject to the restrictions established by part 1 of Article 34 of this Law;
- 4) has completed the relevant training at the Academy of Justice, if, in the cases established by part 10 of Article 38 of this Law, is not exempt from training at the Academy of Justice.
- 2. A person with at least two years of professional experience as a lawyer may be appointed as a prosecutor of a subdivision performing functions for the recovery of property of illegal origin.

To make additions to the list of candidates for prosecutors, a closed competition of applicants may be held on behalf of the Prosecutor General during the year.

The Qualification Commission checks the applicant's professional training, practical skills, awareness of the requirements of the fundamental legal acts concerning his/her status, his/her personal qualities and merits (self-control, behavior, listening skills, communication skills, analytical abilities, etc.), as well as compliance of the documents submitted by him/her with the requirements stipulated by law, when the applicant is a candidate of legal sciences or a doctor of law and has at least four years of scientific experience, the qualification commission checks only the compliance of the documents submitted by the applicant with the requirements provided by law, his/her personal qualities and merits to assess the qualities necessary to occupy this position (self-control, behavior, listening skills, communication skills, analytical abilities, presentation of a position on one brief legal issue in the field of relevant specialization).

Candidates of applicants, on which the qualification commission gives a positive conclusion, are submitted to the Prosecutor General. The Prosecutor General makes a reasoned decision not to include the applicant in the List, which the applicant can appeal in court. A person included in the list of candidates for prosecutors undergoes a training program at the Academy of Justice, with the exception of persons established by part 10 of this Article and legal scholars established by part 7 of this Article.

#### 116-2. What are the recruitment requirements for prosecutors (multiple replies possible)?

[X] Age
[X] Nationality
[ X ] Physical/Psychological capacity
[ X ] General studies in law
[ X ] Advanced studies in law (Master, PhD)
[ X ] Number of years of relevant experience
[ ] Traineeship/judicial functions in courts
[ ] Validation of a general state examination in law
[ ] Validation of a specific examination for prosecutors
[X] Clean criminal record
[ ] Foreign languages
[ X ] Personal requirements (related to integrity)
[X] Other
[ ] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify: In accordance with article 33 of the Law on the Prosecutor's Office:

- 1. A citizen of the Republic of Armenia under the age of 65 can be a prosecutor who:
- 1) has received a bachelor's degree or a graduate degree with higher legal education in the Republic of Armenia or received a similar degree in a foreign country, the recognition and confirmation of equivalence of which in the Republic of Armenia were carried out in accordance with the procedure established by law;
- 2) speaks Armenian;
- 3) is not subject to the restrictions established by part 1 of Article 34 of the Law;
- 4) has completed the relevant training at the Academy of Justice, if in the cases established by paragraph 10 of Article 38 of this law, he is not exempt from studying at the Academy of Justice.

According to part 1 of Article 34 of the Law on the Prosecutor's Office, a person cannot be a prosecutor who:

- 1) who has been declared legally incompetent or has limited legal capacity;
- 2) who has been convicted of an intentional crime, regardless of whether the criminal record has been extinguished or removed, and in the case of a crime of negligence before the repayment or removal of the criminal record;
- 3) who has a physical disability or illness that prevents him from being appointed to the position of prosecutor;
- 4) who did not undergo compulsory military service, with the exception of persons who were exempted from such service in accordance with the procedure and on the basis provided for by law;
- 5) in respect of whom the criminal prosecution initiated for an intentional crime has been terminated on an unjustified basis;
- 6) who also has the citizenship of another State;
- 7) who was previously dismissed from the post of prosecutor, judge or investigator (head of the investigative department, head of the investigative body) as a result of the application of a disciplinary penalty, if less than one year has passed since the application of the disciplinary penalty;
- 8) who has been deprived of the right to hold any position in the civil service by a judicial act that has entered into legal force.

### 116-3. In the frame of these recruitments, please indicate the number of applicants for the position of prosecutor and the number of recruitments actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	122 []NA	69	53 []NA
Number of recruited persons	34 []NA	23 []NA	11 []NA

Comments
116-4. If the number of applicants decreased in the last years did you take any remedial measures?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments
116-5. If yes, please specify what remedies you implemented:
[ ] Increase of salary
[ ] Other financial incentives
[ ] Improving working conditions
[ ] Workload reduction at the beginning of career
[ ] Other adjustments in the frame of the induction of new prosecutors
[ ] Other
Comments: If "other", please, specify:
117. Authority(ies) responsible for recruitment - Are public prosecutors initially/at the beginning
of their career recruited by:
[ ] An authority composed of public prosecutors only
[ ] An authority composed of non-public prosecutors only
[ X ] An authority composed of public prosecutors and non-public prosecutors
[ ] Other
Comments - Please indicate the name of the authority(ies) responsible for the whole procedure of recruitment and nomination of public prosecutors. If there are several authorities, please describe their respective roles: The Qualification Commission is responsible for the recruitment and nomination of public prosecutors. According to article 23 of Law on Prosecution- The Qualification Commission shall have nine members, and for choosing the candidates of prosecutors for carrying out the activities stipulated in "Forfeiture of unlawfully acquired property" law, the Commission shall have 11 members.

The Qualification Commission shall consist of one deputy of the Prosecutor General, four prosecutors, three law academics and the Rector of the Academy of Justice, and in the 2-nd case the Commission shall include 2 experts (appointed by the Prosecutor General) having at least 3 year's experience in the field of forfeiture of unlawfully acquired property.

#### 117-1. How many members compose this authority?

	Total	Male	Female
Members	9	8	1
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments – Please specify what is the status of this authority and who is proposing/appointing its members:

44	_ ^		•			1.	1 .	1	• .	. 1	1		•	/		
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( .	<b>X</b> )	res
(	)]	No

Comments – Please specify the procedure to be followed, the competent authority, the moment for exercising the right of appeal:

According to Article 38, Part 8: The candidacies of the applicants whereon the Qualification Commission delivers a positive opinion shall be submitted to the Prosecutor General. The Prosecutor General shall have the right to include the presented applicants in the list of candidates for prosecutors. The Prosecutor General shall render a reasoned decision on not including the applicant in the list, which may be appealed by the applicant through judicial procedure.

18. Is the same authority (Q.117	) competent for the p	promotion of public	prosecutors?
----------------------------------	-----------------------	---------------------	--------------

( X	(X) Yes
(	) No, please specify which authority is competent for promoting public prosecutors

#### 119. What is the procedure for the promotion of prosecutors? (multiple replies possible)

[	] Competitive t	est /	exam
---	-----------------	-------	------

Comments

[X] Previous individual evaluations

[ X ] Other procedure(s) (interview or other)

[ ] No special procedure

Comments - Please specify how the promotion procedure for prosecutors is organised (especially if there is no competition or examination) and how the publicity of promotion processes is ensured: The procedure is described by Article 39 of the Law on the Prosecutor's Office. According to it, the official promotion lists of prosecutors shall be drawn up by the Qualification Commission upon the order of the Prosecutor General: (1) in the course of regular competency evaluation of prosecutors; (2) on an extraordinary basis, when the Prosecutor General submits to the Qualification Commission a proposal on including a prosecutor in the promotion list by submitting relevant appraisal issued by the Prosecutor General or the Deputy Prosecutor General coordinating the respective field. The prosecutor shall be included in the official promotion list of prosecutors upon the positive conclusion of the Qualification Commission; (3) in the manner prescribed by part 11 of Article 38 of this Law, when the Qualification Commission adopts a decision on including the person, exempt from studies at the Academy of Justice prescribed by part 9 of Article 38 of this Law, simultaneously in the lists of candidates for prosecutors and lists of official promotion thereof prescribed by this Article.

## 119-1. In the frame of the promotion procedures, please indicate the number of applicants and the number of promotions actually made during the reference year:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of applicants	23 []NA	17	6 []NA
Number of promoted persons	22 [ ] NA	16	6

Comments

#### 119-2. Please indicate the criteria used for the promotion of a prosecutor:

[X] Years of experience

[X] Professional skills (and/or qualitative performance)

[X] Performance (quantitative)

[ X ] Subjective criteria (e.g. integrity, reputation)

[X] Other

[ ] No criteria

Comments - Please, specify any useful comment regarding the criteria (especially if you have checked the box "performance" or "other"):

### 5.1.3Mandate and retirement of judges and prosecutors 121. Are judges appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)? (X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:65 ( ) No Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify: 121-1. Can a judge be transferred to another court without his/her consent: [ ] For disciplinary reasons ] For organisational reasons ] For other reasons (please specify modalities and safeguards): [ X ] No Comments 122. Is there a probation period for judges (e.g. before being appointed "for life")? If yes, how long is this period? ( ) Yes, duration of the probation period (in years): ..... (X) No Comments 123. Are public prosecutors appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)? (X) Yes, please indicate the compulsory retirement age:65 ( ) No Comments - If yes, are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify: 124. Is there a probation period for public prosecutors? If yes, how long is this period? ( ) Yes, duration of the probation period (in years): ..... (X) No Comments 125. If the mandate of judges is not for an undetermined period (see question 121), what is the length of the mandate (in years)? [] NA [ X ] NAP Comments

125-1. Is it renewable?

) Yes

what is the length of the mandate (in y			
[ ] NA [ X ] NAP			
Comments			
126-1. Is it renewable?			
( ) Yes			
( ) No [X] NAP			
Comments			
E1. Please indicate the sources for ans	swering the ques	tions in this part	
Information provided by the Prosecutor General's			
.2.Training 5.2.1Training of judges			
.2.Training	red to judges:	Optional	No training proposed
.2.Training 5.2.1Training of judges		Optional  ( ) Yes ( X ) No	No training proposed  ( ) Yes (X) No
.2.Training 5.2.1Training of judges 127. Types of different trainings offer Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school,	Compulsory  (X) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
.2.Training 5.2.1Training of judges 127. Types of different trainings offer Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in a court)	Compulsory  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	( ) Yes ( X ) No ( ) Yes	( ) Yes ( X ) No ( ) Yes
2.Training 5.2.1Training of judges 127. Types of different trainings offer Initial training (e.g. attend a judicial school, traineeship in a court) General in-service training In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or	Compulsory  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes	( ) Yes ( X ) No ( ) Yes ( X ) No ( ) Yes

126. If the mandate of public prosecutors is not for an undetermined period (see question 123),

( ) No

Comments

In-service training on ethics	( ) Yes	(X)Yes	( ) Yes
_	( X ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training on child-friendly justice	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training on gender equality	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
Other in- service training	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No	( X ) No

Comments Judge candidates must attend initial training at the Academy of Justice. This is a precondition for becoming a judge. It should be mentioned, that a training course on the use of computer facilities in courts is regularly being held as part of the educational program for individuals included in the list of applicants for candidates of judges position. Regarding a training course of management functions of the court it should be mentioned that this training course is compulsory in a framework of initial training. During in-service training the mentioned training is optional and organized for all judges. During this data collection "In-service training on ethics", "In-service training on gender equality" and "In-service training on child-friendly justice" are described as "optional" for more accuracy, as these courses become compulsory for judges if they select those ones.

#### 128. Frequency of the in-service training of judges:

	Frequency of the judges training
General in-service training	[ X ] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[ ] Occasional (as needed)
	[ ] No training proposed
In-service training for specialised judicial functions (e.g. judge for economic or	[ X ] Regularly (for example every
administrative issues)	year)
,	[ ] Occasional (as needed)
	[ ] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions of the court (e.g. court president)	[ X ] Regularly (for example every
m sorvice training for management raneuous or the court (e.g. court president)	year)
	[ ] Occasional (as needed)
	[ ] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in courts	[ ] Regularly (for example every
in service training for the use of computer fuenties in courts	year)
	[ ] Occasional (as needed)
	[ X ] No training proposed
F	[ X ] Regularly (for example every
In-service training on ethics	
	year) [ ] Occasional (as needed)
	[ ] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[ X ] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[ ] Occasional (as needed)
	[ ] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[ X ] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[ ] Occasional (as needed)
	[ ] No training proposed

Other in- service training	[ X ] Regularly (for example every
	year)
	[ ] Occasional (as needed)
	[ ] No training proposed

Comments - Please indicate any information on the periodicity of the continuous training of judges:

#### 128-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per judge:

	Per judge
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	
	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[ ] NA
	[X]NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	
	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	30
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	
in sorvice comparisory trainings imministration of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
	[A] NAF
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	10
	[]NA
	[ ] NAP

Comments In Academy of Justice the minimum amount of in-service compulsory trainings is 80 hours for judges.

#### 5.2.2Training of prosecutors

#### 129. Types of different trainings offered to public prosecutors:

	Compulsory	Optional	No training proposed
Initial training	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
-	( ) No	( X ) No	( X ) No
General in-service training	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
- C	( ) No	( X ) No	( X ) No
In-service training for specialised functions	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
(e.g. public prosecutors specialised in	( ) No	( X ) No	(X)No
organised crime)			
In-service training for management functions	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
(e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	(X)No	( ) No	(X)No
In-service training for the use of computer	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	(X) Yes
	(X) No	(X) No	( ) No
facilities in office	(11)110	(11)110	( )1.0
In-service training on ethics	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No	( X ) No

In-service training on child-friendly justice	( ) Yes	(X)Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No	( X ) No
In-service training on gender equality	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No	(X)No
Other in- service training	( ) Yes	(X) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No	( X ) No

Comments In-service trainings on management functions are being held for prosecutors only as part of online educational module (it is not organized only for heads of prosecution offices). A training course on the use of computer facilities in office is only being held for individuals included in the list of prosecutor candidates, as part of core curriculum. During this data collection "In-service training on ethics", "In-service training on gender equality" and "In-service training on child-friendly justice" are described as "optional" for more accuracy, as these courses become compulsory for prosecutors if they select those ones.

#### 130. Frequency of the in-service training of public prosecutors:

	Frequency of the in-service training
General in-service training	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)
In-service training for specialised functions (e.g. public prosecutor specialised in organised crime)	[ ] No training proposed  [ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training for management functions (e.g. Head of prosecution office, manager)	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training for the use of computer facilities in office	[ ] Regularly (for example every year) [ ] Occasional (as needed) [ X ] No training proposed
In-service training on ethics	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training on child-friendly justice	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
In-service training on gender equality	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed
Other in- service training	[ X ] Regularly (for example every year)  [ ] Occasional (as needed)  [ ] No training proposed

#### 130-1. Do you have a minimum number of compulsory trainings per prosecutor:

	Per prosecutor
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of trainings	
initial compulsory training infinition number of trainings	Min numeric value allowed: 0
	[ ] NA
	[X]NAP
Initial compulsory training – minimum number of days	W
	Min numeric value allowed: 0 30
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of trainings per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
	[A]IVAI
In-service compulsory trainings – minimum number of days per year	Min numeric value allowed : 0
	10
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP

Comments

#### **5.2.3 Training institutions**

#### 131. Do you have public training institutions for judges and / or prosecutors?

	Initial training only	Continuous training only	Initial and continuous training
Institution(s) for judges	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
Institution(s) for prosecutors	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	[ ]	[ ]	[X]

Comments

#### 131-0. If yes, what is the implemented budget of such institution(s)?

	Implemented budget of the institution for the reference year, in €
Institution(s) for judges	
	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP
Institution(s) for prosecutors	
institution(s) for prosecutors	[]NA
	[ X ] NAP
Institution(s) for both judges and prosecutors	
institution(b) for oour judges and prosecutors	[ ]NA
	[X]NAP

131-1. If judges and/or prosecutors have no compulsory initial training in such institutions, please	ase
indicate briefly how judges and/or prosecutors are trained?	

. NAP		

#### 5.2.4 Number of trainings

## 131-2. Number of in-service trainings available and delivered (in days) by the public institution(s) responsible for training.

	Number of different live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings available	Number of live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings delivered	Number of days of delivered live (in person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of internet-based trainings available on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total	90	73	219	16
1000	[]NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
For judges	53	52	100	9
<b>J</b>	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
For prosecutors	33	17	92	7
1	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
For non-judge staff	4	4	27	
3 2	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
For non-prosecutor staff				
<u>*</u>	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP

Comments In cooperation with international partners of the judiciary, a total of 4 trainings for non-judge staff officials were conducted in 2022.

#### 131-3. Number of participants in the trainings during the reference year.

	live (in-person, hybrid, videoconference) trainings	Number of participants in internet-based trainings provided on the e-learning platform of the training institution (not live)
Total	770	161
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Judges	250	89
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Prosecutors	376	72	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
Non-judge staff	144		
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	
Non-prosecutor staff			
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	

Comments

#### E2. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Information provided by the Academy of Justice Armenia.	

#### 5.3. Practice of the profession

#### 5.3.1Salaries and benefits of judges and prosecutors

#### 132. Salaries of judges and public prosecutors on 31 December of the reference year:

	Gross annual salary, in €	Net annual salary, in €	Gross annual salary, in local currency	Net annual salary, in local currency
First instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career	26 137 []NA []NAP	15 985 [] NA [] NAP	10 979 240 []NA []NAP	8 673 600 []NA []NAP
Judge of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Court (please indicate the highest salary of a judge at this level, excluding the salary of the Court President)	58 082 []NA []NAP	45 885 [] NA [] NAP	24 397 850 []NA []NAP	19 274 301 [ ] NA [ ] NAP
Public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career	15 077 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	10 946 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	6 333 560 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	4 598 280 []NA []NAP
Public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or the Highest Appellate Instance (please indicate the highest salary of a public prosecutor at this level, excluding the salary of the Attorney General).	15 332 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	12 037 [] NA [] NAP	6 448 656 [ ] NA [ ] NAP	5 056 225 [ ] NA [ ] NAP

Comment – Please describe briefly how the salaries are determined during the career of a judge/prosecutor: Special fee for judges is 30% of their salary (the special fee is an additional remuneration which is not based on performance/other criteria and mainly it is the same for all judges).

#### 133. Do judges and public prosecutors have additional benefits?

	Judges	Public prosecutors
Reduced taxation	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
Special pension	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
- ·	( ) No	( ) No
Housing	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	(X)No	( X ) No
Other financial benefit	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	( ) No	( ) No

Comments A judge or a prosecutor appointed to a position outside the place of his or her permanent residence shall, based on his or her application, be provided with compensation equal to the rent of an apartment in the given place.

The additional salary includes supplements and surcharges. It must be noted, however, that the 2022-2026 Strategy of Judicial and Legal Reforms provides for increase of salaries for judges, their staff and prosecutors.

#### 134. If "other financial benefit", please specify:

. According to Article 65 of the RA Law on the Prosecutor's Office, the Prosecutor may be granted a one-time financial assistance in the amount prescribed by the Prosecutor General within the salary fund, and according to Article 66 of the same law: Property damage caused to the prosecutor or his / her family members due to the fulfillment of obligations shall be compensated by the state in the manner prescribed by law.

The state provides free examinations and treatment of prosecutors. The examination and treatment of the prosecutor's health condition is carried out in the medical institutions mentioned in the list approved by the Police of the Republic of Armenia and the Ministry of Defense of the Republic of Armenia.

[ ] NAP

=

#### 135. Can judges combine their work with any of the following functions/activities?

	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Research and publication	( ) No (X) Yes	( ) No (X) Yes
Arbitrator	( ) No ( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) No ( ) Yes ( X ) No
Consultant	( ) Yes ( X ) No	(X) Yes () No
Cultural function	(X) Yes	(X) Yes () No
Political function	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No

Mediator	( ) Yes	(X) Yes
Other function	(X) No (X) Yes	( ) No (X) Yes
Other Tunction	( ) No	( ) No
pecify.	authorisation needed to perform these activities. bine their work with any of the fol	
	With remuneration	Without remuneration
Teaching	(X) Yes	(X) Yes
Research and publication	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Arbitrator	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes (X) No
Consultant	( ) Yes ( X ) No	(X) Yes () No
Cultural function	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No
Political function	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Mediator	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Other function	(X) Yes ( ) No	(X) Yes () No
Comments - If rules exist in your country (e.g pecify:	g. authorisation needed to perform these activities	es), please specify. If "other function",
•	dges receive bonuses based on the per of resolved cases (e.g. number	<b>-</b>
eriod of time)?		
( ) Yes		
(X)No		
comments - If yes, please specify the condition		
.3.2 Body/institution of ethics		
38. Is there in your country an i	nstitution / body giving guidelines	and/or opinions on ethical
	es (e.g. involvement in political life	e, use of social media by
udges, etc.)?		
( ) Yes		
( X ) No		
Comment - Please specify:		
		Page 101 of 138

138-1. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?
( ) Only judges
( ) Judges and other legal professionals
( ) Other, please specify:
Comments
138-2. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
( ) Yes
( ) No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of the guidelines and/or opinions, etc.:
138-2-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[ ] NA
Comments - Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions
138-3. Is there in your country an institution / body giving guidelines and/or opinions on ethical
questions of the conduct of prosecutors (e.g. involvement in political life, use of social media by
prosecutors, etc.)
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comment: Please specify
138-4. If yes, who are the members of this institution/body?
( ) Only prosecutors
(X) Prosecutors and other legal professionals
( ) Other, please specify:
Comments Pursuant to Article 57(10) of the RA Law on the Prosecutor's Office, the prosecutor may apply to the Ethics Committee for advisory comments on the prosecutor's code of conduct, and the Ethics Committee, in accordance consists of of seven members. According to the Order of the Prosecutor General dated on 10 April 2019 a specific committee was established aimed at giving confidential counselling to the prosecutors on ethical issues.
138-5. Are the guidelines and/or opinions of this institution / body publicly available?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments - Please describe the work of this institution / body, the frequency of opinions, etc.
138-5-1. How many guidelines and/or opinions were given during the reference year?
[1] []NA
Comments – Please specify what were the topics addressed in these guidelines and/or opinions

### 5.4.Disciplinary procedures

### 5.4.1Authorities responsible for disciplinary procedures and sanctions

140. Who is authorised to initiate	disciplinary proceedings	s against judges	(multiple replies
possible)?			

[ ] Court users
[ ] Relevant Court or hierarchical superior
[ ] High Court / Supreme Court
[ ] High Judicial Council
[ ] Disciplinary court
[ X ] Disciplinary body
[ ] Ombudsman
[ ] Parliament
[ X ] Executive power (please specify):The Ministry of Justice
[ X ] Other (please specify):Corruption Prevention Commission of the Republic of Armenia
[ ] This is not possible
Comments
141. Who is authorised to initiate disciplinary proceedings against public prosecutors: (multiple
replies possible):
[ ] Citizens
[ ] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior public prosecutor
[ X ] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor
[ ] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)
[ ] Disciplinary court
[ X ] Disciplinary body
[ ] Ombudsman
[ ] Professional body
[ ] Executive power (please specify):
[ ] Other (please specify):
[ ] This is not possible
Comments
142. Which authority has disciplinary power over judges (multiple replies possible)?
[ ] Court
[ ] Higher Court / Supreme Court
[ X ] High Judicial Council
[ ] Disciplinary court or body

[ ] Ombudsman		
[ ] Parliament		
[ ] Executive power (please specify):		
[ ] Other (please specify):		
Comments		
143. Which authority has disciplinary power over	er public prosecutors (m	ultiple replies possible)?
[ ] Supreme Court		
[ ] Head of the organisational unit or hierarchical superior		
[ X ] Prosecutor General /State public prosecutor		
[ ] Public prosecutorial Council (High Judicial Council)		
[ ] Disciplinary court or body		
[ ] Ombudsman		
[ ] Professional body		
[ ] Executive power (please specify):		
[ ] Other (please specify):		
Comments		_
5.4.2Number of disciplinary procedures and s	sanctions	•
144. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiate public prosecutors. (If a disciplinary proceeding count the proceedings only once and for the main	is undertaken because on reason.)	
	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (1+2+3+4)	27	22 [ ] NA

	Judges	Prosecutors	
Total number (1+2+3+4)	27	22	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
1. Breach of professional ethics	14	3	
_	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
2. Professional inadequacy	13	0	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
3. Criminal offence		0	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
4. Other		19	
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ ] NAP	

Comments - If "other", please specify: Non-performance or improper performance of duties was the basis for initiating disciplinary proceedings against 19 prosecutors in the reporting year.

145. Number of sanctions pronounced during the reference year against judges and public prosecutors:

	Judges	Prosecutors
Total number (total 1 to 10)	11	16
Total named (total 1 to 10)	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
1. Reprimand	4	15
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[]NA []NAP
2. Suspension	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
4.77	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP
4. Fine	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
5. Temporary reduction of salary	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP
3. Temporary reduction of safary	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
6. Position downgrade	[A]IMI	1
-	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[]NA []NAP
7. Transfer to another geographical (court) location		
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
8. Resignation	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
9. Other	4 []NA	0 [ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[] NAP
10. Dismissal	3 []NA	0 [ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference exists between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions, please indicate the reasons. Other: 2 warnings and 2 severe reprimands.

#### E3. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

S	ources:	Inf	ormati	ion	prov	ide	ed	by i	the S	Supreme	Juc	lici	al	C	ounci	l and	P	rosecutor	General	.'s (	Off	ice.
---	---------	-----	--------	-----	------	-----	----	------	-------	---------	-----	------	----	---	-------	-------	---	-----------	---------	-------	-----	------

#### 6.Lawyers

#### 6.1. Profession of lawyer

#### 6.1.1Status of the profession of lawyers

#### 146. Total number of lawyers practising in your country:

	Total	Males	Females
Number of lawyers	2 520	1 412	1 108

Comments

147. Does this figure include "legal advisors"	'who cannot represent their clients in court (for
example, some solicitors or in-house counsell	lors)?

Yes (	)
No (X	)
Commen	ts

148. Number of legal advisors who cannot represent their clients in court:

[	]
[ X ] NA	
[ ] NAP	
Comments	

149. Is legal representation in courts exclusively exercised by lawyers in: (multiple replies possible)

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil cases	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No
Dismissal cases	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP
Criminal cases – Defendant	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP
Criminal cases – Victim	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No [ ] NAP	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP	(X) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( ) No []NAP
Administrative cases	( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( X ) No [ ] NAP	( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( X ) No	( ) Yes always ( ) Yes in some cases ( X ) No

Comments - Please indicate any useful clarifications regarding the content of lawyers' exclusive rights:

#### 149-0. If other than lawyers may represent a client in court, please specify who:

	First instance	Second instance	Highest instance court (Supreme Court)
Civil society organisation	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Family member	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Self-representation	( X ) Yes ( ) No	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes
Trade union	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Other	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No

Comments - If "other", please specify. In addition, for the categories selected please specify the types of cases concerned by this/these representation(s):

### 149-1. In addition to the functions of legal representation and legal advice, can a lawyer exercise other activities?

[ ] Notarial	l activity
--------------	------------

[X] Arbitration / mediation

[X] Proxy / representation

[ X ] Property manager

[X] Real estate agent

[X] Other (please specify): Scentific, research and other activities

Comments

#### 149-2. Professional lawyers may have the status of:

[ X ] Self-employed lawyer

[X] Staff lawyer

[X] In-house lawyer

Comments

#### 150. Is the lawyer profession organised through:

	X ] a national bar association
[	] a regional bar association
[	] a local bar association

Comments

#### 151. Is there a specific initial training and/or exam to enter the profession of lawyer?

( )	X )	Yes
(	) ]	No

152. Is there a mandatory general in-service professional training system for lawyers?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments
153. Is the specialisation in some legal fields linked to specific training, levels of qualification,
specific diploma or specific authorisations?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
F1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Sources: Civil Procedure Code of Armenia, Criminal Procedure Code of Armenia, Administrative Procedure Code of Armenia, Law on Advocacy, information provided by the Chamber of Advocates of the Republic of Armenia
6.1.2Practicing the profession of lawyer
154. Can court users establish easily what the lawyers' fees will be (i.e. a prior information on the
foreseeable amount of fees)?
(X) Yes
( X ) Yes ( ) No
( ) No
( ) No Comments
( ) No Comments  155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?
( ) No Comments  155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated? ( X ) Yes
( ) No Comments  155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated? (X) Yes () No
Comments  155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?  (X) Yes  () No  Comments
Comments  155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?  (X) Yes  () No  Comments  156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely
Comments  155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?  (X) Yes  () No  Comments  156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely negotiated)?
Comments  155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?  (X) Yes  () No  Comments  156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely negotiated)?  [] Yes, laws provide rules
Comments  155. Are lawyers' fees freely negotiated?  (X) Yes () No  Comments  156. Do laws or bar standards provide any rules on lawyers' fees (including those freely negotiated)?  [] Yes, laws provide rules [X] Yes, standards of the bar association provide rules

( ) No	
Comments - If yes, what are the quality criteria used?	
158. If yes, who is responsible for formulating these qualit	y standards:
[ X ] the bar association	
[ X ] the Parliament	
[ ] other (please specify):	
Comments	
159. Is it possible to file a complaint about:	
[ X ] the performance of lawyers	
[ ] the amount of fees	
Comments - Please specify:	
160. Which authority is responsible for disciplinary proced	dures?
[ ] a judge	
[ ] Ministry of Justice	
[ X ] a professional authority	
[ ] other (please specify):	
Comments	
161. Disciplinary proceedings initiated against lawyers. (If pecause of several reasons, please count the proceedings of	
	Number of disciplinary proceedings
Total number of disciplinary proceedings initiated (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)	142 []NA []NAP
1. Breach of professional ethics	138 []NA
2. Professional inadequacy	4 []NA
3. Criminal offence	[]NAP
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP

(X) Yes

4. Other

Comments - If "other", please specify: Please take into consideration that all breaches (including not paying the membership fee or not participating in the trainings) are considered to be a breach of professional ethics.

0

[]NA []NAP

In accordance with the Law on Advocacy, the grounds for bringing a lawyer to disciplinary responsibility are:

1) violation of the requirements of the Law committed intentionally or through gross negligence;

- 2) Violation of the requirements of the Lawyer's Code of Conduct, committed intentionally or through gross negligence;
- 3) Violation of the requirements of the law "On Combating Money Laundering and Financing of Terrorism" and regulatory legal acts adopted on its basis, committed intentionally or through gross negligence;
- 4) Violation of the requirements of the law "On Non-cash transactions" and regulatory legal acts adopted on its basis, committed intentionally or through gross negligence.

#### 162. Sanctions pronounced against lawyers.

	Number of sanctions
Total number of sanctions $(1+2+3+4+5)$	68 []NA
	[]NAP
1. Reprimand	34
	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
2. Suspension	0
-	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	1,1200
	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
4. Fine	7
	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP
5. Other	27
	[ ] NAP

Comments - If "other", please specify. If a significant difference between the number of disciplinary proceedings and the number of sanctions exists, please indicate the reasons. Other: Severe reprimand

In accordance with the Law on Advocacy, having considered the issue of disciplinary responsibility of a lawyer, the disciplinary commission of the Chamber of Advocates may apply one of the following types of disciplinary penalties to a lawyer, with the exception of the case provided for in paragraph 3 of this Article:

- 1) reprimand.
- 2) severe reprimand.
- 3) attend additional refresher courses;
- 4) a fine.
- 5) termination of the lawyer's license:

#### 7. Court related mediation and other alternative Dispute Resolution

#### 7.1. Court related mediation

#### 7.1.1 Details on court related mediation

163. Does the judicial system provide for court-related mediation procedures?

(X) Yes

( ) No

Comments

163-1. In some fields, does the judicial system provide for mandatory mediation with a mediator?

63-2. In some fields, does the	legal system pro	ovide for manda	tory informat	ive sessions with a
nediator?	_		-	
( ) Yes				
(X) No				
omments - If there are mandatory informa	tive sessions, please sp	ecify which fields are	concerned:	
64 Dlagge angelfy by type of	<b>h</b>	:doa ooyuu uolota	. سوندونات و سواد	i
64. Please specify, by type of	_	1	1	1
	Private mediator	Public authority (other than the	Judge	Public prosecutor
Civil and commercial cases	(X) Yes	court) ( ) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
Civil and commercial cases	( ) No	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[ ] NAP	[] NAP
Family cases	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	( ) No	(X) No	(X) No	(X) No
Administrative cases	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No	( ) No	( ) No
	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	[ X ] NAP
Labour cases including employment	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
dismissals	( ) No	(X)No	( X ) No	( <b>X</b> ) No
Criminal cases	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	( ) No	( ) No	( ) No	( ) No
	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP	[X]NAP
Consumer cases	(X) Yes () No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No	( ) Yes ( X ) No
	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP	[] NAP
omments				
omments				
65. Is there a possibility to rec	eive legal aid fo	r court-related r	nediation or r	eceive these servi
ree of charge?				
(X)Yes				
( ) No				
[ ] NAP				

[ ] Before/instead of going to court

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	Total	Males	Females
Number of mediators	55	32	23
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

# 166-1. Could you please describe what are the requirements and what is the procedure to become an accredited or registered mediator in your country (educational requirements, working experiences, accrediting procedure etc.)?

. A mediator is an individual who has received the qualification of an accredited mediator in accordance with the procedure established by law and is registered in the register of accredited mediators. As of 2022, the qualification of a licensed mediator may be obtained by a person who has reached the age of 25 and has a higher education.

The qualification of an accredited mediator cannot be awarded to a person who is a civil servant; convicted of a crime, and the criminal record has not been extinguished or canceled; who, according to a judicial act of the court that has entered into legal force, is recognized as incompetent, with limited legal capacity, missing or bankrupt, and bankruptcy proceedings have not been completed; against whom criminal prosecution has been initiated.

To participate in the qualification check in order to obtain the qualification of an accredited mediator, a candidate for mediator takes a training course in accordance with the program and training procedure approved by the Minister of Justice or submits a certificate of completion of a similar course in a foreign country, the recognition and confirmation of equivalence of which is carried out by the qualification commission, which is an advisory body under the Minister of Justice.

A person who is a mediator of a reputable foreign organization, when participating in a qualification check, is released from the obligation to complete a training course.

#### 167. Number of court-related mediations:

	Number of cases for which the parties agreed to start mediation	Number of finished court-related mediations	Number of cases in which there is a settlement agreement
Total $(1+2+3+4+5+6+7)$			
Total (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 3 + 0 + 7)	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[]NAP	[ ] NAP
1. Civil and commercial cases			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
2. Family cases			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
3. Administrative cases			
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP
4. Labour cases including employment			
dismissal cases	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
dishinssai cases	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

5. Criminal cases				
3. Criminal cases	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	
6. Consumer cases				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
7. Other cases				
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	

Comments - Please indicate the source:

=

#### 168. Do the following alternative dispute resolution (ADR) methods exist in your country?

[ X ] Mediation other than court-related mediation	
[X] Arbitration	

[ ] Conciliation (if different from mediation)

[ ] Other ADR (please specify): .....

Comments

#### G1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Source: moj.am

The Law on Financial Mediation System, the Law on Mediation, the Civil Procedure Code

#### 8.Enforcement of court decisions

### 8.1. Execution of decisions in civil matters

#### 8.1.1 Number of enforcement agents, status and mandate

#### 169. Number and type of enforcement agents in your country.

	Total	Male	Female	
Total (1+2+3+4)	303	205	98	
, ,	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
1. Private professionals under the authority				
(control) of public authorities	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
(condot) of public authorities	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[X]NAP	
2. Enforcement agents working in a public	303	205	98	
institution (civil servants paid by state)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
mistration (civil servants para by state)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	
3. Judges				
	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	
	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	[ X ] NAP	

	[] NA	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP
omments - If other, please specify their status	and competences:	
70. What are the requirements to	access the profession of enforceme	ent agent (multiple replie
possible)?	•	
[X] diploma		
[ ] professional experience		
[ X ] specific exam		
[ ] appointment procedure by the State		
[ X ] initial training		
[X] other		
Comments - If "other", please specify:		
71 Are enforcement agents annu	ointed to office for an undetermined	nomical (i.e. "for life" — v
<b>5</b> 11	ointed to office for an undetermined	period (i.e. for me = t
he official age of retirement)?		
(X) Yes, please indicate the age of retireme		
	opointment:	
Comments If was are there exceptions (a a di	''11''n1'	
	ismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify	<b>:</b>
		:
3.1.2 Activities/scope of compe	tence	
3.1.2 Activities/scope of compe		
.1.2 Activities/scope of compe	on can the enforcement agent access	at the beginning of the
.1.2 Activities/scope of compe	tence	at the beginning of the
.1.2 Activities/scope of compe	on can the enforcement agent access	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to
3.1.2 Activities/scope of compe 171-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?	on can the enforcement agent access  Access to information	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information
2.1.2 Activities/scope of compe 2.71-1. Which debtor's information of the conforcement procedure?	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes
3.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 171-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address  Date of birth	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes (X) No
3.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 171-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes
2.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 2.71-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address  Date of birth	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes (X) No
3.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 171-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address  Date of birth  Civil status	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No (X) Yes () No	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes (X) No
2.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 1.71-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address  Date of birth  Civil status	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No
2.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 1.71-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address  Date of birth  Civil status  Cohabitant  Employer	Access to information  (X) Yes () No	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No
2.1.2 Activities/scope of compercion of the comp	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes
2.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 2.71-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address  Date of birth  Civil status  Cohabitant  Employer  Motor vehicle	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) No	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No
2.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 171-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address  Date of birth  Civil status  Cohabitant  Employer	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes (X) No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes
3.1.2 Activities/scope of compete 171-1. Which debtor's information enforcement procedure?  Address  Date of birth  Civil status  Cohabitant  Employer  Motor vehicle	Access to information  (X) Yes () No (X) Yes	at the beginning of the  Direct electronic access to information  ( ) Yes (X) No ( ) Yes

Bank account	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	
	( ) No	( X ) No	
Other enforcement proceedings underway	(X)Yes	(X)Yes	
	( ) No	( ) No	
Insolvency proceedings (bankruptcy, judicial	(X) Yes	( ) Yes	
reorganisation, collective debt settlement etc.)	( ) No	( X ) No	
Other	( ) Yes	( ) Yes	
	(X) No	(X) No	

Comments - If "other", please specify:

## 171-2. Can the enforcement agent carry out the following civil enforcement proceedings:

	Option
Seizure of movable tangible properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) No
Preventive seizure of movable tangible properties	( X ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents         ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents         ( ) No
Seizure of immovable properties	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No [ ] NAP
Preventive seizure of immovable properties	( X ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No
Seizure from a third party of the debtor claims regarding a sum of money	( X ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No
Seizure of remunerations	( X ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No

Seizure of motorised vehicles	<ul> <li>(X) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents</li> <li>( ) No</li> </ul>
Eviction measures	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No [] NAP
Seizures of boats and ships	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No [X] NAP
Seizure of aircrafts	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No [X] NAP
Seizure of electronic assets (e.g cryptocurrency)	( X ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No
Enforced sale by public tender of seized properties	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No
Sale of shares	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No
Other	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by enforcement agents ( ) No [X] NAP

Comments

171-3. Apart from the enforcement of court decisions, what are the other activities that can be

carried out by enforcement agents?
[ ] Service of judicial and extrajudicial documents
[ X ] Debt recovery
[ ] Voluntary or public auctions of moveable or immoveable property
[ ] Custody of goods
[ ] Recording and reporting of evidence
[ ] Court hearings service
[ ] Provision of legal advice
[ ] Bankruptcy procedures
[ ] Performing tasks assigned by judges
[ ] Representing parties in courts
[ ] Drawing up private deeds and documents
[ ] Building manager
[X] Other
Comments
8.1.3 Training and ICT
172-1. Is there a system of mandatory general continuous training for enforcement agents?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments Each year, at least one third of compulsory enforcement officers shall be subject to mandatory attestation. After the attestation, the Attestation Committee is entitled to defer the attestation and second the compulsory enforcement officer to training. According to Law on Compulsory Enforcement Service of the Republic of Armenia all the enforcement agents shall be subject to annual evaluation of their performance. In cases of approval of non-correspondence between the actual knowledge and competitions of the enforcement agents and the ones needed for holding a position of the enforcement agent, the enforcement agent shall be entitled to mandatory retraining.
172-2. Do you have an e-learning training system established for enforcement agents?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-3. Does the content of the continuous training system also include ICT (related to enforcement
procedures)?
( ) Yes
( X ) No
Comments - If yes, please specify:
172-4. Have an electronic service of documents or electronic notifications been introduced in your country?  (X) Yes

Comments
172-5. Does the development of new technologies have an effect on the different stages of the
enforcement procedure?
(X) Yes
( ) No
Comments - Please explain: The Republic of Armenia is currently on a way to provide legislative and technical grounds for fully electronic enforcement proceedings. During the reference year several steps have been conducted to operate systems for electronic document circulation with other state institutions. To be more specific, an enforcement officer currently initiates the enforcement proceedings electronically and sends all the inquiries, decisions and notifications to state and local self-government bodies, legal persons and individual entrepreneurs via electronic systems of document circulation. Currently an e-payment system and united portal for electronic requests are available - enabling to conduct the payments and send all the applications, requests and complaints in scope of enforcement proceedings electronically.
8.1.4 Fees
174. Are enforcement fees easily established and transparent for parties?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments
175-1. Are the fees charged in case of successful enforcement proceedings freely negotiated?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments
175-2. Who has to pay these fees if the enforcement proceedings are successful?
[ X ] The debtor
[ ] The creditor
[ ] Other – please specify
Comments
176. Do laws provide any rules on enforcement fees (including those freely negotiated)?
(X)Yes
( ) No
Comments
H0. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part
Source: Law on Compulsory Enforcement of the Judicial Acts of the Republic of Armenia; Law on Compulsory Enforcement Service of the Republic of Armenia; Law on Civil Service of the Republic of Armenia; Law on Public Service of the Republic of Armenia.

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( ) No

## 8.1.5 Organisation of profession and efficiency of enforcement services 177. Is there a body entrusted with supervising and monitoring the enforcement agents' activity? (X) Yes ( ) No Comments 178. Which authority is responsible for supervising and monitoring enforcement agents? [ ] professional body [X] judge [X] Ministry of Justice [ ] public prosecutor [ ] other (please specify): Comments 181. Is there a specific mechanism for executing court decisions rendered against public authorities, including supervising such execution? (X) Yes ( ) No Comments - If yes, please specify: 182. Is there a system for monitoring how the enforcement procedure is conducted by the enforcement agent? (X) Yes ( ) No Comments - If yes, please specify: 183. What are the main complaints made by users concerning the enforcement procedure? Please indicate a maximum of 3. no execution at all ] non execution of court decisions against public authorities [X] lack of information [X] excessive length [ ] unlawful practices ] insufficient supervision

] excessive cost

Comments

] unethical behaviour of enforcement agent

[X] other (please specify):non-proper administration

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	Existence of the system
for similaring	( ) Yes
for civil cases	(X) No
for administrative cases	( ) Yes
	(X) No
comments	
86. Regarding a decision on debt collection, please esting	nate the average timeframe to serve
nd/or notify the decision to the parties who live in the ci	ty where the court sits (one option or
(X) between 1 and 5 days	
( ) between 6 and 10 days	
( ) between 11 and 30 days	
( ) more (please specify):	
Comments	
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please	· · · · ·
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against roceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, please	· · · · ·
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleafor the main reason.)	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleator the main reason.)	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)  1. For breach of professional ethics	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NAP
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)  1. For breach of professional ethics	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NA
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)  1. For breach of professional ethics	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NAP  55
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)  1. For breach of professional ethics  2. For professional inadequacy	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NAP  55 []NA []NAP  0
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)  1. For breach of professional ethics  2. For professional inadequacy	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NAP  55 []NA []NAP
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)  1. For breach of professional ethics  2. For professional inadequacy  3. For criminal offence	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NAP  55 []NA []NAP  0 []NAP  0
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleafor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)  1. For breach of professional ethics  2. For professional inadequacy  3. For criminal offence	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NAP  55 []NA []NAP  0 []NAP
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleafor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NAP  55 []NA []NAP  0 []NAP  0 []NAP
87. Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated against proceeding is undertaken because of several reasons, pleasor the main reason.)  Total number of initiated disciplinary proceedings (1+2+3+4)  1. For breach of professional ethics  2. For professional inadequacy  3. For criminal offence  4. Other	Number of disciplinary proceedings initiated  59 []NA []NAP  4 []NAP  55 []NA []NAP  0 []NAP  0 []NAP

Total number of sanctions (1+2+3+4+5)	26 []NA
	[ ] NAP
1. Reprimand	[]NA [X]NAP
2. Suspension	0 []NA []NAP
3. Withdrawal from cases	[ ] NA
4. Fine	[X]NAP
5. Other	26 []NA []NAP
Source: Law on Compulsory Enforcement Service of the Republic Information provided by the Compulsory Enforcement Service of the Service of th	of Armenia;
3.2.1Functioning of execution in criminal matter	rs
189. Which authority is in charge of the enforcement replies possible)	_
[ ] Judge	
[ ] Public prosecutor [ X ] Prison and Probation Sorvings	
[ X ] Prison and Probation Services [ X ] Enforcement agent	
[ ] Other authority (please specify):	
Comments - Please specify his/her functions and duties (e.g. initiative or (verdicts) in criminal cases shall be exercised by the Penitentiary Service of Justice. Service ensures implementation of its asks through its central	r monitoring functions). The enforcement of judgements e of the Republic of Armenia, which operates under the Mir

Comments - Please specify his/her functions and duties (e.g. initiative or monitoring functions). The enforcement of judgements (verdicts) in criminal cases shall be exercised by the Penitentiary Service of the Republic of Armenia, which operates under the Ministry of Justice. Service ensures implementation of its asks through its central body and through its structural subdivisions and penitentiary institutions. The Probation Service deals with the sanctions not related to deprivation of liberty. However, the judgements and decisions in criminal cases with respect to fines, confiscation of property considered as a tool of crime and levy of execution on property are subject to compulsory enforcement. Enforcement agents are in charge of enforcement of this kind of court judgments and decisions in criminal cases and are authorized to enforce all the applicable enforcement measures to ensure the factual enforcement of these acts.

( ) Yes			
(X)No			
omments			
191. If yes, what is the recovery ra	ate?		
( ) 80-100%			
( ) 50-79%			
( ) less than 50%			
comments - Please indicate the source for answering	this question:		
Notaries			
1.Profession of notary			
·	factorica		
.1.1Number, status and mandate of	<u>notaries</u>		
92. Number and status of notaries in	your country.		
	Total	Males	Females
TOTAL (1+2+3+4)	116	23	93
,	[]NA []NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP	[ ] NA [ ] NAP
1. Private professionals (without control from	[ ] NAF	JINAF	[ ] NAF
public authorities)	[ ] NA	[]NA	[ ] NA
<del>-</del>	[X] NAP	[ X ] NAP 23	93
2. Holders of public offices appointed by the	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
State	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
State			
3.Civil servants (paid by the State)	[ ] NA	[ ] NA	[ ] NA
3.Civil servants (paid by the State)	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP	[ ] NA [ X ] NAP

190. Are the effective recovery rates of fines decided by a criminal court evaluated by studies?

[ X ] other (please specify):at least 25 years old	ld, no criminal record, internship under the supervision of	at an acting notary
Comments		

## 192-2. Are notaries appointed to office for an undetermined period (i.e. "for life" = until the official age of retirement)?

	[ }	X] yes, please indicate the age of retirement:65
	[	] no, please specify the duration of the appointment:
C	Com	ments - are there exceptions (e.g. dismissal as a disciplinary sanction)? Please specify:

## 9.1.2 Activities/scope of competences

## 194. What kind of activities do notaries perform (multiple options possible)?

	Please select one option
Authentication	( X ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries  ( ) No  [ ] NAP
Certification of signatures	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries  ( ) No  [] NAP
Mediation	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( X ) No
Taking of oaths	(X) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries  ( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No []NAP
Non-contentious judicial procedures (e.g. acting as court commissioner in a successions file, performing divorce, division of estate, please specify)	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries ( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries ( ) No

Act as civil servant (for example performing marriage, please specify)	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries
	( ) No
	[X] NAP
Other judicial functions (for example, payment orders)	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by notaries
	( X ) Yes, but not exclusively performed
	by notaries  ( ) No
	[]NAP
Public auctions	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	( ) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries
	(X) No
Other (for example collect taxes, run registers etc.)	( ) Yes, exclusively performed by
	notaries
	(X) Yes, but not exclusively performed by notaries
	( ) No
Comments - If "other", please specify. Please indicate any useful clarifications re on the opposite, other bodies that also have competences for the listed activities.	garding the content of the notation execusive rights of
194-2. In which areas of law do notaries perform their activates	vities (multiple replies possible)?
[ X ] Real estate transaction	
[ X ] Family law	
[ X ] Succession law	
[ ] Company law	
[ ] Legality control of gambling activities	
[ ] Protection of vulnerable persons	
[ ] Other	
Comments	
2.1.3 ICT, organisation of the profession and training	
194-3. Do notaries use specialised ICT systems in their act	ivity?
[ X ] In their relations with the State (e.g. courts, registries, chambers of comme	erce, tax authorities)
[ X ] In their relations with their clients	
[ X ] In their relations with other notaries (e.g. videoconferencing, system to ex-	change documents)
Comments	
194-4 Which computerised registries can notaries consult	)

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[ X ] Business registry		
[ X ] Civil status / Population registry		
[ X ] Succession / Family law registry		
[ ] Any other registry (please specify)		
[ ] None		
omments		
94-5. Are there registries/ registry infr	astructures run by the notarie	s?
( ) Yes	·	
( X ) No		
omments - If yes, please specify:		
	matarias madify data (si	4h an dina atler an her arrhenditi
94-6. In which computerised registries	s can notaries modify data (ei	ther directly or by submitti
n online request)?		L
	Directly modifying	Indirectly modifying by submitting an online request
Land registry	( ) Yes	(X)Yes
	( X ) No	( ) No
David and the second	[]NAP	[]NAP
Business registry	( ) Yes (X) No	(X) Yes () No
	[]NAP	[]NAP
Civil status/ Population registry	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	( <b>X</b> ) <b>N</b> o	(X)No
Succession / Family law registry	(X)Yes	( ) Yes
	( ) <b>No</b>	(X)No
Any other registry (please specify)	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
, 5 , d 1 ,,	( X ) No	( X ) No
	[]NAP	[]NAP
Y	$(\mathbf{V})\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{c}\mathbf{c}}$	
None	(X) Yes () No	(X) Yes () No

Comments  194-8. Who is responsible to run the digital archive [X] Notariat / Professional body [] Other public authority [] Another entity (please specify)	ng and monito	
194-8. Who is responsible to run the digital archive [X] Notariat / Professional body [] Other public authority [] Another entity (please specify)	ng and monito	
[X] Notariat / Professional body  [ ] Other public authority  [ ] Another entity (please specify)	ng and monito	
[ ] Other public authority [ ] Another entity (please specify)	ng and monito	
[ ] Another entity (please specify)	ng and monito	
Comments  195. Is there an authority entrusted with supervisin  (X) Yes  () No  Comments	ng and monito	
195. Is there an authority entrusted with supervising (X) Yes () No Comments		
(X) Yes ( ) No Comments		
( ) No Comments	supervising ar	nd monitoring notaries (multiple
Comments	supervising ar	nd monitoring notaries (multiple
	supervising ar	nd monitoring notaries (multiple
196. If yes, which authority is responsible for s	supervising ar	nd monitoring notaries (multiple
		-
options possible)?		
[ ] professional body		
[ ] court		
[ X ] Ministry of Justice		
[ ] public prosecutor		
[ ] other (please specify):	····	
Comments		
196-1. Is there a system of general continuous train	ning for all no	otaries?
(X) Yes		
( ) No		
Comments		
196-2. Do notaries have training on:		
_	es	No
European law	( )	(X)
Law of another Member State (cross-border training programmes)	( )	(X)
Comments - If yes, please indicate the types (e.g. traditional courses, e	-learning, webinar	) and the major topics of the training activities
I1. Please indicate the sources for answering the qu	uestions in th	is part
Sources: Law on Notariat, Civil Code		

## 10. Judicial experts

## 10.1.Profession of judicial expert

## 10.1.1Status of judicial experts

202. In your system, what types of judicial experts can participate in judicial procedures (multiple
replies possible):
[X] Experts designated by the parties in support of their arguments but bound by a duty of independence and impartiality to the court

202. In your system, what types of judicial experts can participate in judicial procedures (multiple
replies possible):
[ X ] Experts designated by the parties in support of their arguments but bound by a duty of independence and impartiality to the court
[ X ] Experts appointed by the court or other authority independent of the parties
[ ] Other system of judicial expertise, please specify
Comments - Please specify who is proposing and appointing experts in an individual case.
202-1. Are there lists or any other form of official registration for judicial experts?
( ) Yes
(X) No
Comments
202-1-1. If yes, at which level is the list established (multiple replies possible):
[ ] national
[ ] administrative district or federal entity
[ ] judicial district
[ ] other
Comments - Please, indicate any other comment regarding these lists or databases of experts, if they do exist (e.g. does the expert take at oath? How are his/her skills evaluated? By whom?):
202-1-2. Are these lists publicly available?
( ) Yes, available on the internet
( ) Yes
( ) No
Comments
202-2. Which authority is competent for the registration of judicial experts?
[ ] Ministry of justice
[ ] Courts
[ ] Administrative body
[ ] Independent body (association of judicial experts)
[ ] Other

Comments - Please also specify the registration criteria: NAP

### 202-3. Is the registration of judicial experts limited in time?

( ) Yes, for how long	
(X) No	
Comments	
202-4. Can an expert who is not on the list or not re	egistered be appointed in a case?
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comment - If yes, please specify in which cases:	
203. Is the title of judicial experts protected?	
( ) Yes	
(X) No	
Comments - If appropriate, please explain the meaning of this protection	n:
203-1. Does the judicial expert have an obligation of	of training?
	Obligation of training
Initial training	( ) Yes
	(X) No
Continuous training	( ) Yes ( X ) No
Comments	(A)No
203-2. If yes, does this training concern:	
[ ] judicial proceedings	
[ ] the profession of expert	
[ ] other	
Comments	
=	
204. Is the function of judicial experts regulated by	legal norms?
(X)Yes	
( ) No	
Comments	
204-1. On the occasion of a task entrusted to him/ho	er, does the judicial expert have to report any
potential conflicts of interest?	
(X) Yes	
( ) No	
Comments - If yes, please specify:	
205. Number of accredited or registered judicial exp	perts:

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	Total	Males	Females
Number of experts			
	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP

Comments

## 206-1. Number of cases where an expert opinion was ordered by a judge or requested by the parties

	Number of cases
Total (1+2+3+4)	
	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP
1.Civil and commercial litigious cases	
	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP
2.Administrative cases	
2.Administrative cases	[ X ] NA
	[]NAP
3.Criminal cases	
5.Crimmar cases	[ X ] NA
	[ ] NAP
4.04	
4.Other cases	F X7 1 NT A
	[X]NA
	[ ] NAP

Comments

## 205-1. Who defines the amount of the expert remuneration?

	In civil/administrative cases	In criminal cases
	( ) V-z	( ) V
Defined by law/by-law or a special regulation	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	( X ) No	(X)No
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Defined by the court/judge	(X) Yes	(X)Yes
	( ) No	( ) No
	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Defined by the Ministry of Justice or another ministry	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
(setting a tariff for example)	(X)No	(X)No
South a unit for example,	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Salary of public official (in case of forensic or another	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
specialist – who is public employee)	(X)No	(X) No
specialist who is paone employee)	[ ] NAP	[ ] NAP
Freely agreed between expert and the parties	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	(X)No	(X)No
	[]NAP	[]NAP
Other	( ) Yes	( ) Yes
	(X)No	(X) No
	[]NAP	[]NAP

#### 206. Are there binding provisions for judicial experts regarding:

	Yes	No
Deadlines to provide expertise	( )	(X)
Quality of expertise	(X)	( )
Other	( )	(X)

[ ] NAP

Comments - If yes, please specify, and provide details in case there are possible sanctions:

#### 207-1. Does the judge or another body control the progress of the expertise?

( ) Yes

(X) No

If yes, please specify:

#### 207-2. Are judicial experts' associations involved in:

[ ] Selection processes

[ ] Initial or continuous training

[ ] Disciplinary procedures

[ X ] NAP

Comments

#### K1. Please indicate the sources for answering the questions in this part

Sources: Criminal Procedure Code, Civil Procedure Code, Administrative Procedure Code, information provided by the Supreme Judicial Council.

### 11.Reforms in judiciary

#### 11.1.Foreseen reforms

### <u>11.1.1Reforms</u>

208. Can you provide information on the current debate in your country regarding the functioning of justice? Are there undergoing or foreseen reforms? If possible, please observe the following categories:

#### 208-1. (Comprehensive) reform plans

[X] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[ X ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ ] No
[ ] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: The future reform plans are outlined in the "2022-2026 Strategy for Judicial and Legal Reforms" as adopted by N 1133- decree "On the approval of the strategy of judicial and legal reforms of the Republic of Armenia for 2022-2026 and the resulting action plan and the invalidation of the decree of the Government of the Republic of Armenia No. 1441-L dated October 10, 2019" dated on 21.07.2022 adopted by the Government of Armenia. The 2022-2026 Strategy for Judicial and Legal Reforms the continuous reforms of the judicial system, inter alia, shall pursue the following goals:

- To guarantee the effectiveness of justice and to ensure the unity of judicial practice, as well as to set a higher standard of legal certainty in the field of justice; to ensure the implementation of the target of more effective compliance with reasonable time limits of consideration of court cases, as well as the effective implementation of the principle of economy of the trial terms,
- To ensure the specializations of courts and the sub-specializations of judges in different sub-fields of the law, which, on the one hand, will guarantee more professional consideration of the cases, especially when it comes to consideration of complicated and complex legal relations, requiring highly specialized knowledge, and will redistribute the overall burden on the judiciary, on the other hand,
- To increase the objectivity and validity of the process of selection of candidates for judges,
- To ensure the continuous increase of judges' remuneration in the judiciary, starting from higher instances,
- To ensure the continuous integrity checks of the judges,
- To continue the process of improving the building conditions of the courts.

#### 208-2. Budget

[X] Yes (planned)
[ X ] Yes (adopted)
[ $X$ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference $+1$
[ ] No
[ ] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: In 2022 the budget spent on judiciary was 97 105 632 €. The remuneration of Judges in higher courts has been revised by at least 50 percent.

208-3. Courts and public prosecution services (e.g. powers and organisation, structural changes - e.g. reduction of the number of courts (geographic locations), competences of the courts, management and working methods, information technologies, backlogs and efficiency, court fees, renovations and construction of new buildings)

[X] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[ $X$ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference $+1$ )
[ ] No
[ ] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Implemented in 2022:

- An Anti-Corruption Court of Appeal has also been created and two separate chambers Civil and Administrative Chambers have been formed in the Court of Cassation instead of one civil and administrative chamber, a new anti-corruption chamber has been created, providing the entire chain of three-stage consideration of anti-corruption cases.
- In order to ensure specialized consideration of court cases and minimize the workload of courts in the city of Yerevan, civil and criminal courts of first instance of general jurisdiction have been allocated.

#### 208-4. Access to justice and legal aid

	X ] Yes (planned)
[ ]	X] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
Г	1 NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: In the context of legal assistance, emphasis is placed on elaborating mechanisms for making it available to the people in need, wherein the most common types are the state-guaranteed free legal support and the voluntary free aid provided by the advocates themselves. The circle of beneficiaries of free legal aid was supplemented by 3 more groups, the composition of public defenders was

increased by 10 and it is expected that over the next year; about 300 beneficiaries of new groups will have received free legal aid. Measurable bases of insolvency of persons in relation to receiving free legal aid and structures for verifying their reliability will be planned and launched. The number of positions in the Office of the Public Defender will be increased by at least three (3). The directions for the development or pro bono legal aid frameworks are highlighted; a draft of legislative amendments has been elaborated or a study ruling out the need for changes has been carried out. Within three years after the implementation of the pro-bono platform, 10 percent of lawyers are involved in the pro-bono electronic platform.

A draft legal act has been developed providing for amendments to the law "On Advocacy", which supplemented the circle of beneficiaries receiving free legal assistance. Revised regulations on the provision of public protection have been established as well.

#### 208-5. High Judicial Council (competent for judges and/or prosecutors)

	X ] Yes (planned)
[ ]	X] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
Γ	] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Planned reforms:

- The weight of the votes of the non-Judge members in the Ethics and Disciplinary Commission of the General Assembly of Judges will be increased by at least 15 percent.
- Currently, there is no legal possibility to appeal the decisions regarding the disciplinary action of Judges. Although the Judicial Code envisages the possibility of reviewing such decisions under new or newly emerged circumstances, this is not, in fact, a sufficient reason for appeal that is checking the legitimacy and credibility of the decision made by another body (group composition) on the basis of the same (not newly revealed) facts and evidence. Draft Legal Act will be developed for amendments in the Constitutional Law on Judicial Code, which provides for the legal possibility of appealing the decisions of the Supreme Judicial Council in disciplinary cases within the framework or the supreme judicial Council.

## 208-6. Legal professionals (judges, public prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, enforcement agents, etc.): organisation, education and training, etc.

[X] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[ $X$ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference $+1$
[ ] No
[ ] NA

 $Comments \hbox{ - If yes, please specify: } 2022\hbox{--}2026 \hbox{ Strategy for Judicial and Legal Reforms: }$ 

Goals

- Guaranteeing the effectiveness of justice and ensuring unity of judicial practice.

- Setting higher standards of legal certainty.
- Specialization of courts and sub-specialization of judges in different sub-fields of law for more professional consideration of cases, especially complex legal relations.
- Increasing the objectivity and validity of the process of selecting candidates for judges.
- Continuous integrity checks of judges.
- In order to replenish the judicial system with new professional personnel, more flexible procedures for involving judges are provided, allowing them to be included in the list of candidates for judges without training at the Academy of Justice, but with passing a qualitatively more complex exam, and there is also a requirement for persons with a certain professional experience to take only an oral exam for inclusion in the list of candidates for judges.

#### Planned Reforms:

- Ensuring specializations of courts and sub-specializations of judges in different sub-fields of law.
- Improving the consideration of complicated and complex legal relations.
- Conducting continuous integrity checks of judges.

#### 208-7. Gender equality

[ }	X ] Yes (planned)
[ }	X] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
Γ	1 NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: The Gender Policy Implementation Strategy of Armenia for 2019-2023 sets the government's priorities and way forward to mainstream gender across diverse sectors. The strategy defines 5 priorities: 1) Improving the National Mechanism for the Advancement of Women, Ensuring Equal Participation of Women and Men in Governance, at the Decision-Making Level, 2) Overcoming gender discrimination in the socio-economic sphere, expanding women's economic opportunities, 3) Enhancing full and effective participation of women and men in education and science, 4) Enhancing equal opportunities for women and men in the field of healthcare, 5) Prevention of Gender Discrimination.

Promoting Gender Equality through:

- Implementation of the Gender Policy Implementation Strategy (2019-2023) across diverse sectors, including the judiciary.

## 208-8. Reforms regarding civil, criminal and administrative laws, international conventions and cooperation activities

[ }	X ] Yes (planned)
[ }	X] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
Г	1 NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: The New Criminal Code was adopted in 2021.

The Strategy for Judicial and Legal reforms aims to adopt a new code on Administrative Offenses. It is planned to:

-Elaborate draft laws aimed at making amendments to the Civil Code of the Republic of Armenia and other legal acts. The package of projects affects contracts concluded electronically, general terms of the contract (approximate terms), provides for new consumer protection tools, including clarifying the concept of an accession agreement and providing in the accession agreements and general terms concluded with consumers

It is planned to make amendment in the Civil Procedure Code which should include the following:

- 1. More effective provisions prescribed for electronic notifications, taking into consideration that making judicial notifications electronic is among the key prerequisites for ensuring the effectiveness of proceedings and examination of cases within short period.
- 2. Regulations on electronic documentation and data administration, including the electronic submission of procedural documents.

  Particularly, the Civil Procedure Code provides an opportunity for the electronic submission of the procedural documentation (statement

of claim, application, appeal, response to statement of claim, motion, etc.), although the procedure of their submission, application, use and maintenance should be specified in more detail simultaneously with the introduction of the e-justice instruments.

- 3. Regulations on electronic proofs, taking into consideration that the opportunities and the scope of technical means for the acquisition thereof is increasingly high, including the growing number of cases for their application in the judicial practice.
- 4. Regulations for the implementation of simplified proceedings with the use of electronic tools, which will contribute to enhancing the effectiveness thereof.
- -A package of draft regulatory legal acts has been developed, providing for amendments to the Civil Code and, if necessary, to other legal acts. The package of projects affects contracts concluded electronically, general terms of the contract (approximate terms), provides for new consumer protection tools, including clarifying the concept of an accession agreement and providing in the accession agreements and general terms concluded with consumers.
- The use of simplified and written procedures for the consideration of cases has been expanded, judges have been given the opportunity through a single system to receive electronically the data necessary for the consideration of a case without contacting state bodies.
- In order to stimulate the arbitration procedure for dispute resolution, there is no need to obtain a court writ of execution for the enforcement of arbitration decisions on the recovery of up to 5 million AMD.

## 208-9. Enforcement of court decisions and in particular regarding decisions against public authorities

	X ] Yes (planned)
[	] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
ſ	] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: The electronic platform "personal account" was introduced on the official website of the Enforcement Service by registering on which

citizens and legal entities can get full information about the enforcement proceedings initiated against them.

The system or automatic registration or enforcement proceedings has been implemented, a personal office or enforcement proceedings search and electronic platforms "payment and termination" have been introduced on the official website of the NCOC, the electronic module of group completion of enforcement proceedings for the amount to be recovered up to 100,000 AMD has been upgraded, a new electronic module has been introduced, the launch of which excluded non-fulfillment of requests to competent state bodies and commercial banks after the initiation of enforcement proceedings of a confiscatory nature and the non-use of arrest. A new electronic module has been introduced, transfers to treasury accounts carried out with the use of which are automatically identified, automatic distribution is made, if the amount is sufficient, also termination of production.

#### 208-10. Mediation and other Alternative Dispute Resolution

[X] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[ X ] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[ ] No
[ ] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Efforts were made to enhance the practice of mediation and advance alternative dispute resolution methods through comprehensive reforms in the RA Law "On Mediation" which were adopted in 2022. Notably, these reforms included the implementation of mandatory mediation procedures for select family cases prior to court proceedings, effectively alleviating the burden on the judicial system. Additionally, provisions were introduced to enable online mediation, further modernizing the process. Also, new electronic platform will be created by the end of 2023 to help digitalize the mediation experience. The recent adjustments to the legal framework encompass explicit guidelines regarding the constitution and authorities of self-regulating organizations of mediators. Furthermore, improvements were made to the training and qualification processes for mediators, incentivizing their engagement. The reforms also clarified the management procedures of self-regulating organizations of mediators and the mechanisms for holding mediators

accountable through disciplinary measures. These legislative reforms are designed to encourage and facilitate the mediation process throughout the Republic of Armenia.

For arbitration there are active preparation for the establishment of the new Arbitration and Mediation Center of Armenia which will have the capacity to also resolve international disputes. The Center will commence its operations by the second half of 2023. In 2023 e-mediation.am electronic mediation platform will be launched. - The directions of creation and development of a new arbitration center in Armenia are outlined, its organizational and legal form, structure, management system, financial model are predetermined.

- A package of projects has been adopted providing for changes to the law "On Mediation' - The establishment of the new Arbitration and Mediation Center of Armenia which will have capacity to handle international disputes is planned.

#### 208-11. Fight against crime

[ X	] Yes (planned)
[ X	] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
[	] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: - As part of the legislative reforms implemented during 2022, the investigative service in the State Revenue Committee of the Republic of Armenia was terminated, and the preliminary investigation of criminal proceedings under the jurisdiction of former investigators of the SC was transferred to the Investigative Committee of the Republic of Armenia from January 1, 2023.

- In order to ensure the application of preventive measures that are an alternative to arrest -house arrest and administrative control, as well as punishment that restricts freedom, the necessary means of electronic control (200 units for wearing on the leg or arm) and software have been purchased.
- At the moment, 46 persons have been subjected to preventive measures in the form of house arrest or administrative control, of which 36 are house arrest, and 10 are administrative control.
- Preventive measures were applied both at the stage of the preliminary investigation and in criminal cases considered in court proceedings, ensuring the proper behavior of the accused during criminal proceedings.
- The staffing of the preliminary investigation bodies and the prosecutor's office staff was also revised, increasing the number of staff of the Investigative Committee by 210, the Anti-Corruption Committee by 100, the Prosecutor's Office by 20:
- Legislative reforms aimed at improving the unified e-notification system were carried out. Through the single electronic notification platform (azdararir.am), in compliance with the Law of the Republic of Armenia "On the notification system," individuals can anonymously report instances of corruption. Armenia, represented by the Ministry of Justice, ensures the informant's protection and anonymity through this platform. The informant's anonymity is safeguarded by encrypting their Internet Protocol Address. Platform visitors can choose to submit their notifications anonymously or by providing their information. They can fill in the relevant fields corresponding to their chosen notification method, attach electronic materials related to their message, verify the completed data, and send it to the system's transmission control module.
- Upon submission, the message undergoes verification following the procedures outlined in the Law of the Republic of Armenia "On Operational Investigative Activities." This verification process occurs if the provided information is sufficiently substantiated, pertains to a specific official or entity, and contains verifiable data.
- The protection mechanisms provided to informants have been clarified, a new type of notification is provided- public notification. The Human rights Defender is defined as the competent authority that will collect statistics obtained by state bodies. In addition, the Human rights defender was entrusted with the powers to monitor the implementation of the protection of informants, collect data on the protection or informants and other powers.

#### 208-12. Prison system

[ ]	X ] Yes (planned)
[ ]	X] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
ſ	l No

Comments - If yes, please specify: Since September 2022, convicts in penal institutions have had the opportunity to receive secondary education also after the age of 19 at the expense of the state budget.

In order to carry out safe and reliable transportation of convicts, 10 modern vehicles were purchased and equipped with appropriate equipment.

Large-scale construction works were carried out in the Abovyan, Armavir, and Sevan penal institutions, creating specially adapted conditions for persons in custody who have problems with the musculoskeletal system.

In 2022, an inventory and acceptance of property, weapons and other means of penal institutions were carried out "Kosh" and "Hrazdan", closed in December 2021.

As part of the reforms in the field of prison medicine, a telemedicine program has also been introduced in penal institutions.

As part of the re-socialization and rehabilitation of probation beneficiaries, a Vocational training Center has been opened in Armenia for the first time, where courses aimed at developing various skills will be taught.

It is planned to commission a new facility within the next 3-4 years, corresponding to the comb model of a penal institution, which will have the conditions provided for the detention of 800-850 people. In connection with the construction of a new Penal institution, the Nubarashen, Yerevan Center, Hospital for Convicts and Vardashen penal institutions will be closed.

According to this, persons holding the relevant positions of the penal enforcement service will be required to undergo certification within three years.

Speaking about the indicators of the prison population density, it should be emphasized that as of 2022, on an average daily basis, 2,265 people were held in penal institutions, of which 1,055 were convicts, and 1,210 were arrested persons.

#### 208-13. Child friendly justice

[X] Yes (planned)
[ ] Yes (adopted)
[ $X$ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference $+1$ )
[ ] No
[ ] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: Completed actions under the 2020-2022 Strategy for human rights protection in Armenia: Creation of the electronic platform e-rights.am.

Legislation for Child Protection in the Criminal Justice System:

- Adoption of legislation in line with international standards for the protection of children's rights in the criminal justice system.

  Introduction of provisions for children in the new Criminal and Criminal Procedure Codes of Armenia.
- Establishment of a juvenile justice council to review national legislation, including the draft of the new Criminal Procedure Code, with a focus on international standards and the best interests of the child.
- Inclusion of a provision for the involvement of a qualified psychologist in investigative actions in the Code of Criminal Procedure. Improvement of Child Adoption Procedures:
- Conducted studies to identify problems related to the adoption procedure.
- Development of a draft law "On Amendments and Additions to the Family Code of the Republic of Armenia" addressing issues raised in discussions.
- Circulation of the draft law for public consideration.

Establishment of a Single Statistical System for Child Rights:

- Drafted a government decree consolidating mechanisms for cooperation between relevant authorities in a single statistical system.
- Pending submission to official circulation after finalizing cooperation mechanisms.

Legislation on Child Custody and Welfare Agencies:

- Proposed legislative changes in the draft law "On Amendments and Additions to the Family Code of the Republic of Armenia" clarifying the role and responsibilities of trusteeship and custodianship.
- Consideration of changes to the commissions on trusteeship and custodianship based on research and community enlargement.

Legislation on Child Visitation in Legal Enforcement Proceedings:

- Approval of guidelines for the implementation of enforcement proceedings related to child visitation.
- Regulation of visitation proceedings with guidelines covering various aspects such as place, time, duration, participants, and the role of a

#### 208-14. Domestic violence

[ X	[ ] Yes (planned)
[ X	[ ] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
[	] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: - In December 2017, Armenia adopted the RA Law on Prevention of Violence within the Family, Protection of Violence within the Family and Restoration of Peace in the Family (DV Law). After the approval of the DV Law, several government decisions were made to ensure appropriate support and protection defined by the law. MLSA continues to take Measures to Combat Domestic violence by implementing the following 3 directions: 1.Support Center: Domestic violence centers launched in all regions of the country which are co-funded by the state budget continued to provide support services to beneficiaries, such as social-psychological and legal support. With the co-funds provided by the state budget, there have been 2 shelters for victims of domestic violence. The support centers provide services to beneficiaries, such as social-psychological and legal assistance (legal aid, hotline services) and protection measures stipulated in the law, make a decision to transfer victims of violence within the family and persons under their care to the shelter upon their consent and in cases and following the procedure specified in the law, assist the victims of violence within the family in finding job and receiving social assistance from the state or relevant organizations.

It is worth mentioning that Around 1700 people benefited from the assistance provided by the support centers are intended exclusively for persons subjected to domestic violence and may include: socio-psychological

It is worth mentioning that Around 1700 people benefited from the assistance provided by the support centers in 2022. The services provided by the support centers are intended exclusively for persons subjected to domestic violence and may include: socio-psychological support, legal assistance, assistance in employment issues, counseling through the hotline service, as well as other services provided by law.

2.Shelter: With the co-funds provided by the state budget, there have been 2 shelters for victims of domestic violence. Victims of violence within the family and persons under their care may be accommodated at the shelter upon their request if there is a reasonable belief that the violence may repeat or continue. The Shelter shall: Freely provide to beneficiaries safe living space, psychological, legal and social assistance drawing, if needed, on the relevant specialists, food and clothing as well as space with appropriate furniture and supplies for lessons to children; Arrange referral of beneficiaries to healthcare facilities for medical treatment and assistance, if needed and with the consent of beneficiaries.

In 2022, Around 200 people benefited from the shelter service.

- 3. Financial support: In order to support the victims of domestic violence, a lump-sum financial assistance programme is being provided to the victims of domestic violence (up to 150 thousand AMD annually from the state budget). Arround 120 people benefited from the financial assistance in 2022.
- Within the framework of the five-year action plan of the Government (2021-2026) a number of measures have been developed, which will continuously expand the assistance provided to women belonging to vulnerable groups. The Government's five-year plan also envisages the expansion and introduction of sustainable cooperation mechanisms for the activities of the Women's Resource Centers operating in different regions with aim to strengthen the capacity of rural women.
- The Ministry also implements support programs for women belonging to vulnerable groups, especially women who have been subjected to domestic violence. in particular, starting from 2023, Programmes to empower women in 3 regions (Tavush, Aragatson, Gegharkunik) has been implemented and it is expected to expand to target beneficiaries belonging to other regions.
- In order to properly carry out the centralized registration of domestic violence cases, the "Electronic Information System for Centralized Registration of Domestic Violence Cases" is under development, through the system, all data related to domestic violence will be collected and statistics and their progress will be conducted electronically. The procedure for registration of victims of domestic violence has been developed; it will be sent to the concerned agencies soon, as well as the electronic system for this category is being established in parallel.
- In cooperation with local and international NGOs, a number of training courses was provided in 2022 for social assistance centers' social workers, to frontline workers such as help line workers (114-911), social workers, and psychologists and MLSA staffs, which will contribute to the development of their professional skills in the framework of the fight against domestic violence and promoting gender equality.

### 208-15. New information and communication technologies

[X] Yes (planned)
[X] Yes (adopted)
[ $X$ ] Yes (implemented during year of reference $+1$ )
[ ] No
[ ] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: In future it is planned to:

**Electronic Court Management Systems** 

- Creation of the unified "e-court" system.
- Improvement of electronic systems for official publication of judicial acts and case distribution in courts.
- Modernization of the penitentiary electronic management system.
- Launch of the electronic criminal case management system.
- Introduction of an electronic system for notaries certifying contracts for the sale of goods on credit.

Outputs are planned to be:

- 20% electronic performance of court functions in Civil, Bankruptcy, Administrative, and Criminal proceedings.
- Online receipt of judicial statistical information.
- 30% increase in public availability of judicial statistical data.
- 100% registration of Mediators in the e-Register of Mediators.
- 100% electronic processing of mediator appointments and submissions.

Judicial and Enforcement Services

- Establishment of the unified "e-justice" management system.
- Introduction of electronic control system in the probation service.
- Implementation of an electronic bankruptcy system.
- Digitization and modernization of public functions and databases assigned to the Ministry of Justice.

Outputs are planned to be:

- Upgraded technical features of the official website of Public Notices.
- 20% reduction in Probation Service paperwork and deadlines.
- 30% reduction in document circulation time for the enforcement service.
- 50% reduction in risks related to personal data loss.
- 10% reduction in financial resources spent on enforcement proceedings.
- 80% digital access to information and documents related to enforcement proceedings.
- 50% expansion of electronic enforcement actions and users of the personal e-office.
- 40% upgrade of the penitentiary's electronic system.
- Creation of an electronic environment for pre-trial criminal proceedings.
- Reduction in the cost of investigating criminal cases and increased efficiency.

Legal Registration and Notary Services

- Upgraded/modernized electronic e-register system of the Agency of the State Register of Legal Entities.
- Operation of a digital archive with 60% digitization of documents.
- 20% increase in registration of legal persons and individual entrepreneurs through the electronic system.
- Implementation of a system for automatic electronic certification of sale of goods contracts by a Notary.
- Validation of 20% unilateral transactions by notaries through electronic communication.

#### 208-16. Other

[	] Yes (planned)
]	] Yes (adopted)
[	] Yes (implemented during year of reference +1)
[	] No
[	X ] NA

Comments - If yes, please specify: