

### 17° CDAP – ROME 2012



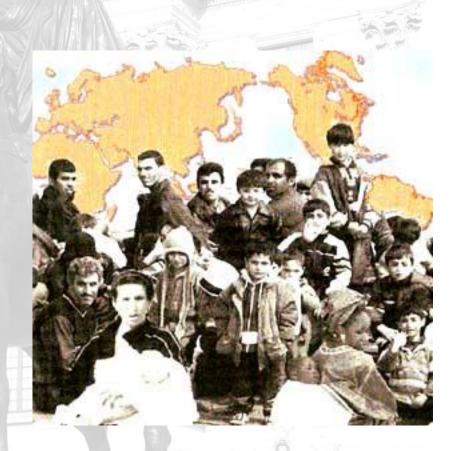
"Foreign Prisoners"

# Considerations on Rule 35 of the Recommendation Rec(2012)12 on Foreign Prisoners

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#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners General background

- European Parliament
   resolution of 5 April
   2011 on migration flows:
   scope and role of EU
   foreign policy
   (2010/2269(INI))
- Aims: to limit and to regulate immigration flows, in order to avoid any actions bringing to violations of human rights connected with illegal immigration



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners General background



- Rec(2012)12: in the same wake of European Parliament Resolution.
- Replaces CoE Rec. of 1984.
- Establishes some
   <u>important innovations</u>
   concerning social
   inclusion of foreigners.

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Innovations

- Trans-national
   dimension of support
   interventions and social
   integration measures
- Establishment of a <u>wide</u>, <u>structured network of</u> <u>assistance</u> to foreigners
- Integrated services between prisons and the local community



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Innovations

Support network aimed at facilitating access to:

- Judicial/legal information;
- Administrative information;
- Social/healthcare information;
- Information on job-placement,

in order to provide prisoners, upon their release, with <u>more</u> <u>chances of successful social inclusion</u>



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Need of fighting against illegal migration

Illegal migration exposes people to conditions of discomforts, fragility and precariousness, which favour:

- trafficking in human beings;
- exploitation of people in the job field;
- radicalisation;
- micro-criminality and deviant behaviours in general.



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Foreign Prisoners in Italy (data as of 31st October 2012)

NUMBER OF FOREIGN PRISONERS	TOTAL NUMBER OF PRISONERS	% of foreign prisoners
23.789	66.685	35,67 %

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Foreign prisoners in Italy

Foreign prisoners in Italy mainly come from:

• Morocco (4,592),

• Romania (3,637),

• Tunisia (3,085),

• Albania (2,855)

• Nigeria (1,057)

• Algeria (648), etc.

In Italian prisons, there are foreigners representing about <u>150 nationalities</u>

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Foreign prisoners in Italy



- 5 foreign prisoners out of 10 are waiting for final judgment;
- Most of foreign prisoners are <u>irregular and/or</u> <u>illegal immigrants</u>;
- Thus, they can be the object of exclusion (or "removal", in EU terms)

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.1

- "35.1 Preparation for release of foreign prisoners shall start in good time and in a manner that facilitates their reintegration into society"
- Offenders' reintegration into society (in its wider sense) should be the main aim of their preparation to release.
- Such aim also guides the modalities and the times of preparation to release.

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.2

- "35.2 In order to facilitate the reintegration of foreign prisoners into society:
  - a. their legal status and their situation after release shall be determined as early as possible during their sentence;"
- the definition of their legal status and of their situation has to be made <u>not only "during their sentence"</u>, but even <u>"as early as possible"</u>
- The aim of such provision is to avoid to restrain foreign nationals again, in other structures, after release.

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.2 – Italian project



- Establishment of a "Unit of State Police agents Immigration Office" <u>at the prisons</u> carrying out procedures relevant to foreign prisoners during their detention;
- to acknowledge their <u>right to stay as refugees or asylum</u> <u>seekers</u> or due to other higher needs of protection, or,
- alternatively, in order to facilitate their removal and to avoid their prolonged stay in other centres after release.

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.2 – Italian project

• That unit of **State Police** collaborates with the **penitentiary staff** and with the **Penitentiary Police** in performing a wider task of support to foreign prisoners, in compliance with other rules of this Recommendation.



CDAP 2012 – "Rec(2012)12, Rule 35" – Francesco Ottaviano, Italy

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.2 – Italian situation

- In Italy, it is not possible to remove those foreign prisoners who in their country of origin risk to be persecuted for reasons of race, politics, religion, gender, language, citizenship.
- Apart from those cases, if regular foreigners are arrested or convicted, their permit to stay can be revoked, if they are assessed as dangerous.
- Possibly, even the offender's removal can be ordered



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35 – Italian situation: a wish

- it would be desirable that, under certain conditions, irregular or illegal foreign prisoners can <u>access procedures for their</u> <u>regularization</u>,
- to <u>increase the efficiency</u> of reintegration programmes, without frustrating:
  - Actions and resources employed for their rehabilitation treatment during the enforcement of the sentence, both inside and outside the prison;
  - the positive outcomes of the treatment.



CDAP 2012 – "Rec(2012)12, Rule 35" – Francesco Ottaviano, Italy

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35 – Italian situation: a wish

- It is time to consider the sentence served and the positive outcomes of the treatment as requirements fulfilled for the "rehabilitation" of the migrants' illegal condition.
- Increase the value of foreign prisoners' good behaviour:
  - Their **commitment in work** and treatment activities;
  - Their <u>willingness to</u> <u>integrate</u> in the country where they are serving sentences, or where they will be moved.



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35 – Italian situation: a wish

Give a further opportunity to those who left their countries, in most cases, not to offend, but to find a job and to lead a decent life.



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35 – Italian situation: 2 cases

- Our law provides for <u>two cases</u> where the <u>irregular or illegal foreign prisoner</u> can exceptionally <u>obtain a permit to stay</u>.
- The first case is when " ... situations of violence on or of serious exploitation of a foreigner are verified, and there is concrete danger to his/her life, in consequence of his/her efforts to get out of the conditioning by an association"
- In that case a residence permit is issued, valid for six months and which can be extended.
- That is a clear instrument of fight against organised crime and of protection of the foreign person's safety

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35 – Italian situation: 2 cases

- <u>Second case</u>: a residence permit granted <u>at the end of the sentence</u> to the <u>foreigner</u> who has served a sentence for a crime perpetrated <u>when he/she was a minor</u> and who demonstrated <u>active participation in the social integration treatment</u>.
- This case has the marked character of <u>rehabilitation</u> which the Italian law assigns to the <u>treatment of</u> <u>minors</u>.
- In our system, provisions and measures initially provided for minors have often been extended to all offenders.
- Concretely, a <u>further path of regularization</u> would thus be established as follows: <u>prison – compliance to</u> <u>treatment – granting of residence permit</u>.

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.3

• Once established the legal status of those who will remain in the country where they served their sentence, Rule 35.3 invites to provide them with instruments aimed at offenders' reintegration.



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.3

- For the foreign offenders who are to be transferred or to be removed, two options are possible:
  - to serve their sentence or a part of it in their country of origin;
  - to be removed once the sentence has been served.



# The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners <u>New Possible Model</u>



- Recommendation
   (2012)12: provisions
   referable to forms of
   "hybrid enforced return"
   or "assisted return",
   implying the
  - preparation,
  - accompanying and
  - help to reintegration of the removed migrant

## The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Prisoners' consent

- Rules 35.4 and 35.5 involve the issue of the "prisoners' consent", required to forward documents and information necessary.
- That consent could be a big <u>limit</u>.
- In general, the foreign prisoners put up a <u>strong</u> <u>resistance to reintegration in their countries</u> of origin, because of the reasons which pushed them to migrate;
- That is "pushing" factors (i.e. reasons to leave: climatic, economical and political reasons) and factors of "attraction" (in the countries of destination: social and economical well-being, democratic institutions, etc.)
- Often they also <u>fear a negative response from their</u> families.

### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Prisoners' consent

- It is therefore necessary to induce the foreigners to give their consent, by:
- making the <u>possibility of</u>
   reintegration concrete
   through an efficient and functioning <u>network of</u>
   assistance;
- enabling them to keep contacts with their families through the use of all the available instruments.



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.4

- Rule 35.4 : "efforts shall be made", should be intended in the sense that the maximum possible effort is to be made.
- The <u>success</u> of the Recommendation is based not only <u>upon the excellent functioning of the network built</u> <u>around the foreign offender</u>,
- but also <u>upon the necessary "LINK-BRIDGE"</u> with the <u>networks and the agencies situated in the countries of</u> <u>destination or of origin of the prisoners ...</u>
- ... towards the same, **shared objective** of the subjects' **social reintegration**.
- Contact <u>State authorities as well as assistance services</u> <u>should be contacted</u>, to inform them about the arrival of the subjects and to provide those agencies with the necessary information.

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.4 – Continuity of treatment



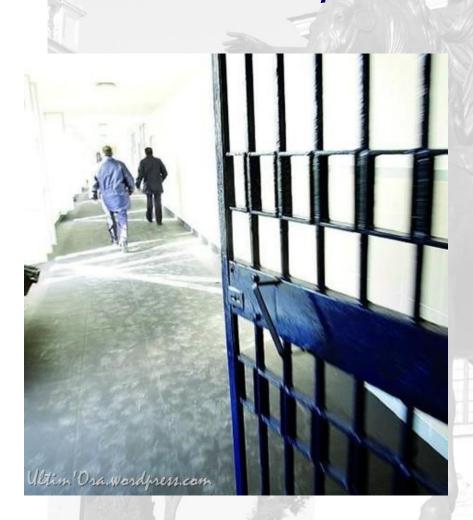
- To ensure the continuity of treatment, the offenders' personal record should follow the foreign nationals when they are transferred to other prisons
- That record <u>contains all the</u> <u>personal and judicial data</u> of the offenders
- it is therefore necessary to define the modalities of programmes communication and implementation, through bilateral or multilateral agreements

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.4 – Prisoners' consent

- Crucial issue: the prisoners'
   consent, in matter of
   communication of personal data.
- Exchange the sole information useful for the prisoner's social reintegration, then
- identification of the authority responsible for keeping and processing the personal data.
- Penitentiary authorities hand over the medical file with a document of synthesis drafted with the interested offender's participation and approved by a magistrate



#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.6 – Independent advice and information



- Rule 35.6 requests to provide foreign prisoners with assistance enabling the access to independent advice.
- Assistance means above all information.
- In Italy, all the prisoners are entitled to receive, since the beginning of their imprisonment, detailed information about the prison regulations and about the possible benefits they can obtain.

# The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Italian Charter of prisoners' Rights and Duties

- Soon available a <u>Charter of prisoners' Rights and Duties</u> containing many <u>information on obligations and opportunities for prisoners</u> as well as on <u>services provided in prisons</u>.
- That charter was drafted with the decisive contribution of the top-management of the Department of Penitentiary Administration

#### The CoE Recommendation on foreign prisoners Rule 35.7 – Information on regimes





- Rule 35.7 recommends to <u>provide a wide range of information</u> concerning the detention conditions, the prison regimes and the possibilities of release.
- In this rule the desire is implicit <u>to progressively homologate</u> the judicial regimes, and <u>the penitentiary regimes</u> in particular.
- PROPOSAL: some information to be published and disseminated by each Country in printed leaflets as well on the Internet.



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THANK YOU FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION!