### The Penal Paradox

#### What is to be Done?

18<sup>th</sup> Council of Europe Conference of Directors of Prison Administration with Directors of Probation Services, Brussels

#### **Prof dr Cyrus Tata**

#### Strathclyde Centre for Law, Crime and Justice, Scotland



#### Management of Execution of Penal Sanctions: Underlying Issues



### **Entry and Release Dynamics**

#### Worn out release?

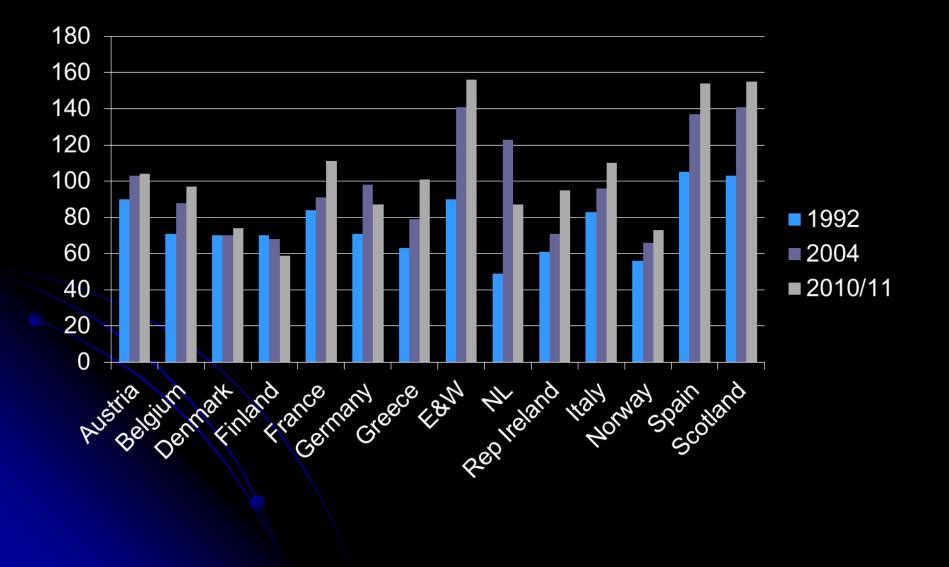
#### More 'efficient' release?





#### Prison Population Rates 1992-2011

**ICPS/Allen 2012** 

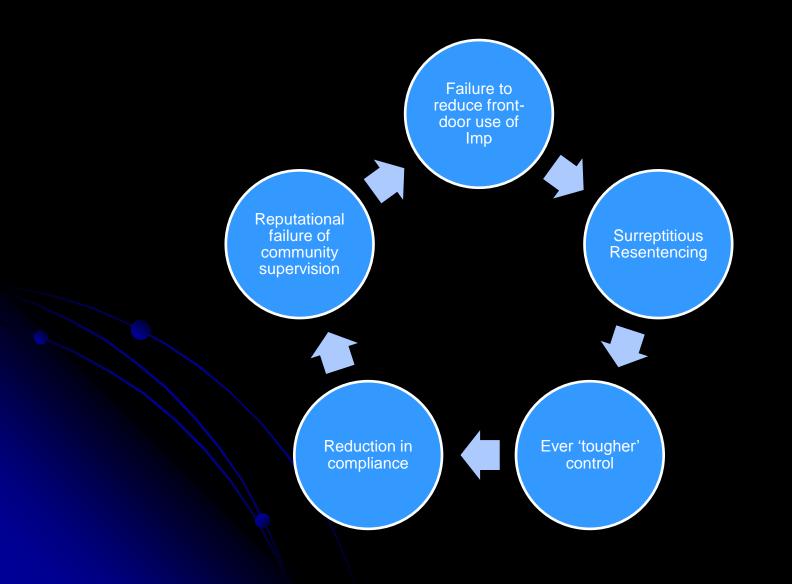




More of the Same? Executive Release

Back-Door Release
Conditional /Unconditional
Unintended Consequences

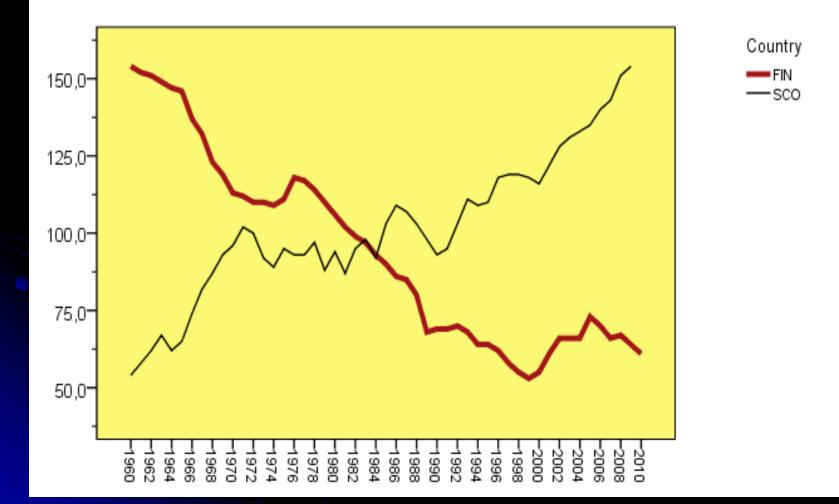
#### **A Counter-Productive Cycle?**



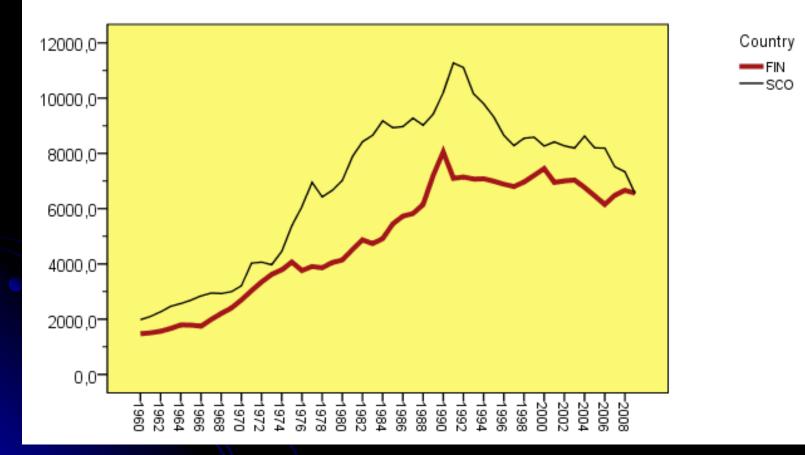
### Paradox

- Rising Imprisonment yet falling crime
- So does prison cut crime?
- At best Marginal Impact, overall
- Other non-CJS factors more important

# Imprisonment Rates: Finland & Scotland 1960-2010

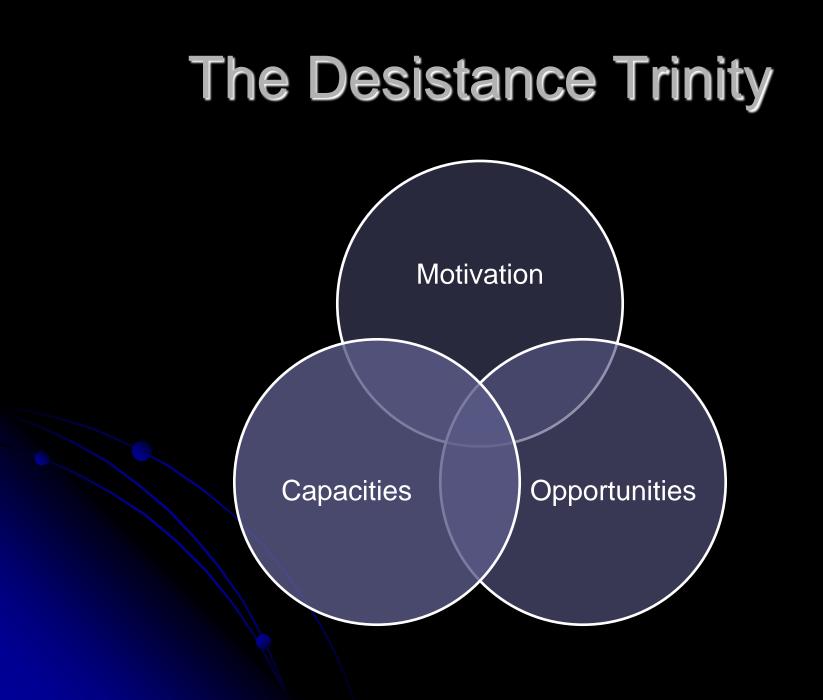


### Total Reported Crime Finland and Scotland



What Facilitates stopping/reducing? Understanding 'Desistance'

- From 'Risk & Needs' to Motivation
- Object >>> Subject
- Fatalism >>> Discovering Autonomy
- Life Course a re-lapsing condition



### Basic Principles of Desistance-Centred Practice

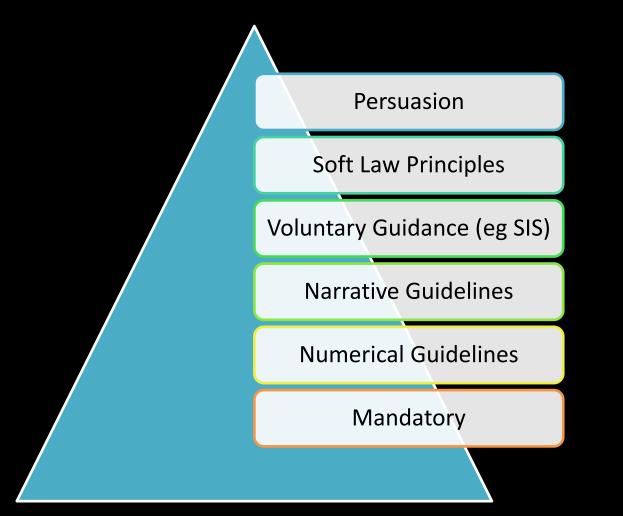
- Realism about Re-lapse
- Avoid stigma
- Help to build positive soc bonds
- Respect for individuality
- Recognise social situation
- Role of language in new identity
- Redemption is in sight
- >>> Use imprisonment very sparingly

### **Penal Reduction**

- "Rationales for sentencing should be set by the legislator or other competent authorities with a view to, inter alia, reducing the use of imprisonment..."
- "last resort...only, where the seriousness of the offence would make any other sanction or measure clearly inadequate"

• Council of Europe Committee of Ministers Recommendation No. R(99) 22

#### **Sentencing Reform Options**



### Strategy 1: Mandatory Reduction

#### Advantages

- Direct
- De-criminalise
- Non-imprison-able offences
- Abolish short-term imprisonment (explicit / implicit)

#### Questions

- Almost always Presumptive?
- Exceptions and caveats?
- Secondary effects?

### **Toothpaste Tube Effect**



### Strategy 2: Numerical Sentencing Guidelines

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### Strategy 2: Numerical Guidelines

#### Advantages

- Many different types
- Precise
- Democratise

#### Questions

- Who Decides and how?
- Loss of sensitivity?
- Toothpaste Tube Effect
- Worries about politicisation
- Resistance
- Globalisation?



#### **American Trickle-down effect?**



### **Strategy 3: Narrative Guidelines**

Advantages Legislature/Council Court of Appeal develops Jurisprudence 'Starting points' Questions

- Multi-offence cases?
- Measure Compliance?
- Needs to combine with systematic information

### Strategy 4: Voluntary Guidance Eg Sentencing Information System Advantages Questions

- Draws on existing knowledge
- Taxonomy can be tailored
- Flexible/sensitive

- Too conservative? can combine with Guidelines
- Measure compliance?
- Authority

### Strategy 5: Soft Law:

#### Advantages

#### Questions

- Principles can matter
- Normative Lead -Authoritative statement to set standards
- A way of encouraging discussion and informed debate
- A start!

- Principles used defensively
- Achieving consensus?
- Compliance?

### **Possible Soft Law in Action?**

- "The severity of penalties must not be disproportionate to the criminal <u>offence</u>." [EU (2000) Charter of Fundamental Rights Article 49.3]
- "last resort...only, where <u>the seriousness</u> <u>of the offence</u> would make any other sanction or measure clearly inadequate"
- ECtHR has noted imprisonment can assist rehabilitation/reintegration, but <u>not as an</u> <u>express primary purpose for</u> prison sentencing

## Strategy 5: Persuade Judiciary (and public) about non-custodial Community Sentences

#### Advantages

#### Questions

- Sweet Subtle persuasion
- Eg Pre-Sentence Reports
- Credibility of Communitybased Sentences
- Doesn't interfere with judicial status

- Is Impact contingent?
- How communicated?
- Danger of encoded messages?

### Conclusions

We need to think about the *dynamic* relationship of Entry <u>and</u> Release Until now, many states relied on just one strategy Mixed Approach

Email: Cyrus.Tata@strath.ac.uk





#### **One Club is Not Enough**



#### Email : Cyrus.Tata@strath.ac.uk