Actions on Education:

“Strengthen Integrity and Combat Corruption in the Higher Education”
“Fostering a Democratic School Culture and Diversity in Schools”

The Council of Europe assists relevant authorities in Kosovo* to improve the quality of education based on Council of Europe standards and practices. Two actions on education are being implemented in partnership with the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology while involving a wider group of relevant stakeholders, including public universities, the Anti-Corruption Agency, the Accreditation Agency, education policy and research institutes, pilot schools and teacher training organisations.

The actions are co-funded by the European Union and Council of Europe as part of the European Union – Council of Europe programmatic framework “Horizontal Facility for Western Balkans and Turkey” and are implemented by the Council of Europe Education Department in cooperation with the Council of Europe Office in Pristina.

The duration of the actions is set at 26 months and it is expected to be completed by 30 November 2018, with an overall budget of 700,000 euros.

Objectives and Expected Results

Farmers and Small-Scale spark businesses

The overall goal is to strengthen integrity and combat corruption in the higher education system in Kosovo through applying preventive mechanisms based on Council of Europe standards and policies.

The first specific objective is to support relevant higher education institutions in developing ethical standards, combat corruption and promote best practices of quality and integrity in education. This objective shall be accomplished through the achievement of the following results:

✓ Relevant public authorities adopt mechanisms to prevent corruption and to strengthen ethics, transparency and integrity in higher education;
✓ Mechanisms in place take into account standards and good practices promoted by the Council of Europe’s Ethics in Education Platform (ETINED).

The second specific objective is to raise awareness and improve knowledge of the main education actors on ethical standards and how to address corruption. This objective shall be accomplished through the achievement of the following result:

✓ Educational professionals and students in public higher education institutions have increased competencies to recognise and address issues challenging the integrity in higher education.

* This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244 and the ICJ opinion on the Kosovo Declaration of Independence.
**Fostering a Democratic School Culture and Diversity in Schools**

**The overall** goal is to improve the quality of education by fostering a democratic culture in the formal education system through applying anti-discriminatory approaches based on the Council of Europe standards and practices.

**The first** specific objective is to enhance knowledge and awareness on the concept, policies, practices and benefits from inclusive education and a democratic school culture among teachers, staff, students and local communities. This objective shall be accomplished through the achievement of the following **results:**

- A number of examples of good practice for democratic school culture are identified and promoted throughout Kosovo.
- A roadmap is developed on how to upscale the experiences from pilot schools to the policy level.

The **second specific objective** is to enhance the capacities of pilot schools to remove prejudices and discriminatory approaches towards vulnerable groups and to address incidences of violence.

This objective shall be accomplished through the achievement of the following **result:**

- A number of pilot schools introduce specific anti-discrimination measures and mechanisms to monitor these measures.

**Background Information**

On 11 April 2016, the Secretary General of the Council of Europe, Thorbjørn Jagland, and the European Union’s Commissioner for European Neighbourhood Policy and Enlargement Negotiations, Johannes Hahn, announced a new co-operation initiative of the two organisations aimed at supporting South-East Europe and Turkey in their efforts to comply with European standards. The initiative is called the European Union/Council of Europe Horizontal Facility for Western Balkans and Turkey (Horizontal Facility). It is a three-year programme (May 2016 – May 2019), focusing on three themes: ensuring justice, fighting economic crime as well as combating discrimination and protecting the rights of vulnerable groups. It has a budget of €25 million, of which €20 million has been provided by the European Union and €5 million by the Council of Europe. Through the Horizontal Facility, the European Union and the Council of Europe will assist beneficiaries in South-East Europe and Turkey to comply with Council of Europe standards and the European Union acquis, through a complementary two-fold approach of technical co-operation and the provision of expertise. The Horizontal Facility relies on the Council of Europe’s unique working methods, whereby tailor-made technical co-operation activities are based on conclusions and recommendations of the Council of Europe’s monitoring bodies, which highlight areas where improvements are needed in legislation and policies of the beneficiaries to comply with the Organisation’s standards.

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The Council of Europe is the continent’s leading human rights organisation. It comprises 47 member states, 28 of which are members of the European Union. All Council of Europe member states have signed up to the European Convention on Human Rights, a treaty designed to protect human rights, democracy and the rule of law. The European Court of Human Rights oversees the implementation of the Convention in the member states.

The European Union is a unique economic and political partnership between 28 democratic European countries. Its aims are peace, prosperity and freedom for its 500 million citizens – in a fairer, safer world. To make things happen, EU countries set up bodies to run the EU and adopt its legislation. The main ones are the European Parliament (representing the people of Europe), the Council of the European Union (representing national governments) and the European Commission (representing the common EU interest).