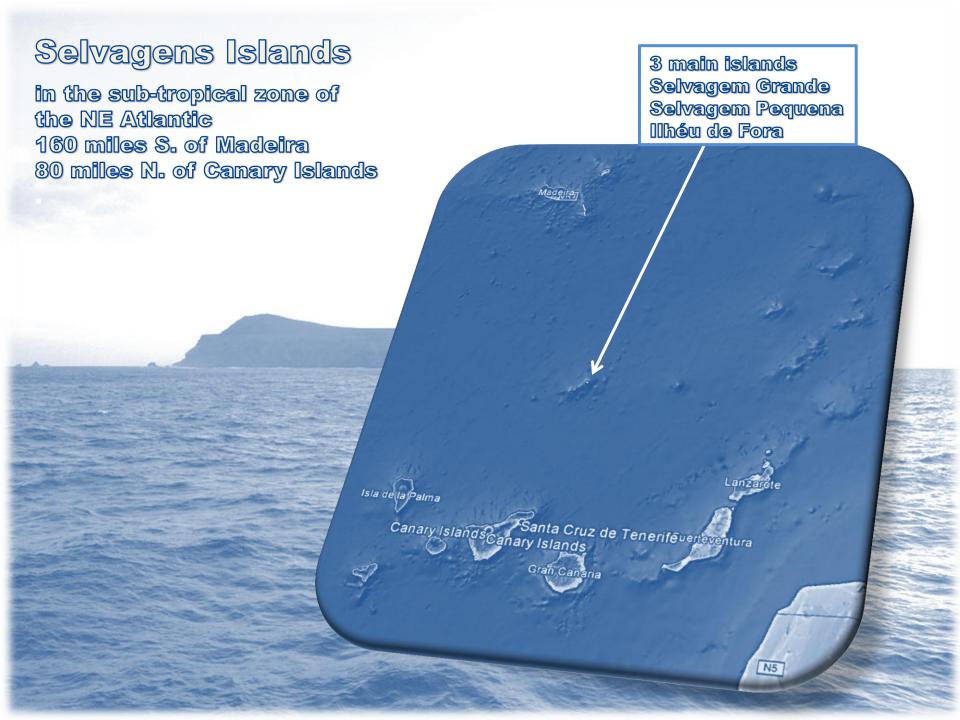
50th anniversary of the European Diploma for Protected Areas

The eradication of the introduced species on Selvagens Islands









Selvagem Pequena (20 ha.):
low and flat - irregular shape almost totally covered with calcerous sand and a huge rock outcrop with a 45m high pinnacle - rocky shore



lihéu de Fora (8.1 ha.)
highest altitude 18m - almost totally covered with calcerous sand

Islands of considerable botanical interest - original flora, including several endemic species.



The Selvagens host important sea bird colonies Latest estimates of breeding pairs of shearwaters and petrels

Species	Breeding Pairs
Calonectris borealis	ca. 30,000
Pelagodroma marina hypoleuca	98,000 - 121000
Bulweria bulwerii	ca. 4000
Oceanodroma castro	ca. 1500
Puffinus assimilis baroli	2050-4900







A quantitive evaluation of rabbit impact on the natural flora of Selvagem Grande

An investigation of the control of the invasive Tobacco plant *Nicotiana glauca*







During the eradication project

After the eradication project the vegetation conservation status greatly improved





















The eradication of alien species on Selvagem Grande was a success story

The recommendations in my last report included all precautions should continue to be taken to ensure that no species of plants and animals are introduced

studies to survey the effect of the eradication of the alien species on the flora and fauna should be continued for the next few years.