

Capacity building on

Targeting crime proceeds on the Internet iPROCEEDS

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Cybercrime economy...in numbers

- \$1.5 trillion in revenues every year, if cybercrime were a country it would have the 13th highest GDP in the world (2018)
- \$600 billion or 0.8% of global GDP (2018)
- Social media-enabled cybercrimes are generating at least \$3.25 billion in global revenue annually (2019)
- England and Wales: 4.5 million cybercrimes (3.24 million online frauds and about 1.23 million were related to computer misuse) with around £130 billion being stolen (2018)
- 10% of the estimated \$1.6-\$2 trillion of laundered money in circulation can be attributed to cybercrime – totalling up to \$200 billion

Cybercrime economy

Most lucrative varieties of revenue-generating cybercrimes:

- Ransomware
- Illicit online markets
- Data trading
- Crimeware
- Payment frauds
- Online frauds
- BEC/CEO fraud

- A wide range of methods and mechanisms for generating revenues, often at industrial scales
- Digitally specific currencies and currency exchange tools
- Data as a commodity and object of value for illicit trading
- A range of specialised economic agents, such as producers, suppliers, service providers and consumers
- Specialised tool supply, technical support and provision of skills and expertise
- Dedicated marketplaces (drugs, firearms, stolen data, fake goods, fake services, fake identity, crime-as-aservice, etc.)

Proceeds of crime/follow the money approach

- Low sanctions for cybercrime (usually suspended sentence, 6 months, 2 years)
- Confiscation of proceeds undermines the financial motive of the cybercrimes
- Attacking assets of cybercriminals undermines their investment in crime/illicit funds
- Re-use confiscated proceeds for crime prevention and social purposes
- Compensate society and businesses
- Raising public confidence in the financial and criminal justice system

iPROCEEDS

EU/COE Joint Project on targeting crime proceeds on the internet in South Eastern Europe and Turkey

To strengthen the capacity of authorities in the IPA region to search, seize and confiscate cybercrime proceeds and prevent money laundering on the Internet.

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Duration	48 months (Jan 2016 – December 2019)	
Budget	EUR 5,56 million	
Funding	European Union (IPA II Multi-country action programme 2014) and Council of Europe	
	 Albania Bosnia and Herzegovina Montenegro Serbia Serbia North Macedonia Kosovo* 	

*This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSC 1244 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo Declaration of Independence.



Public reporting systems (with preventive functions) on online fraud and other cybercrime improved or established

Legislation strengthened regarding the search, seizure and confiscation of cybercrime proceeds and the prevention of money laundering on the Internet in line with data protection requirements

Cybercrime units, financial investigators and financial intelligence units cooperate with each other at the domestic level in the search, seizure and confiscation of online crime proceeds

Guidelines on the prevention and control of online fraud and criminal money flows for financial sector entities developed and disseminated, and indicators for the prevention of online money laundering reviewed and updated



Public/private information sharing and intelligence exchange mechanisms on cybercrime established or enhanced at domestic and regional levels

Judicial training academies are providing training on cybercrime and electronic evidence and related financial investigations and anti-money laundering measures

International cooperation and information sharing strengthened between cybercrime units, financial investigation units and financial intelligence units (FIUs) as well as between competent authorities for judicial cooperation



iPROCEEDS: results and impact

Increased number and relevance of cybercrime investigations accompanied by parallel financial investigations

Protocols and procedures established for interagency cooperation in the search, seizure and confiscation of online crime proceeds

Increased technical and practical skills of LEA to search, seize and confiscate online crime proceeds

New cybercrime indicators for the financial sector

Public/private information sharing and intelligence exchange mechanisms on cybercrime with financial sector established at domestic level

Training on cybercrime and electronic evidence and related financial investigations and anti-money laundering measures is part of the regular curriculum of judicial training academies

Enhanced partnerships between IPA national authorities with counterparts from other countries and international organisations

Structured and documented procedures (domestic protocols) for inter-agency cooperation in the search, seizure and confiscation of online crime proceeds

Workshops on inter-agency cooperation and General guide on Protocols on interagency and international cooperation for investigations involving proceeds from crime online



Pristina, Kosovo*, December 2016

Institutionalised interagency cooperation in the search, seizure and confiscation of online crime proceeds

Working together to investigate cybercrime and its financial gain

Regional and national case simulation exercises on cybercrime and financial investigations



Bucharest, Romania, November 2018

Efficient cross-sector information and evidence sharing between cybercrime units, financial investigation units, FIUs and prosecution services



Dublin, Ireland, December 2018

"Little did I know that UCD could have such a profound impact on me". Ibrahim ÖZDEMİR, Cybercrime Department, Turkish National Police

Master Programme in Forensics Computing and Cybercrime Investigations, University College of Dublin

Equipped with increased knowledge and improved investigatory skills

Responding to the needs and current challenges related to investigation of cybercrime and online crime proceeds





Ankara, Turkey, October 2018

More than 20 specialised trainings and workshops for law enforcement authorities

New investigative techniques to search, seize and confiscate online crime proceeds

Support in improving and developing indicators for the prevention and control of online fraud and criminal money flows on the Internet for financial sector entities

Assessment missions to all project countries/areas and reports on indicators, regional workshop on guidelines and indicators, working groups for the review/update of indicators



Ljubljana, Slovenia, October 2017





Working with the financial sector

Public/private meetings for fighting cybercrime and online crime proceeds in all project



Belgrade, Serbia, April 2017

countries/areas

Public-private information sharing and intelligence exchange mechanisms on cybercrime established

Improving the knowledge and skills of judges and prosecutors

Review of the current state of judicial training curricula on cybercrime in all project countries/areas; development/update of introductory and advanced training modules; training of trainers; national delivery of training courses in all project countries/areas.



Budva, Montenegro, June 2017



Cybercrime training integrated in the curriculum of judicial training institutions. A pool of national trainers available in each project country/area. More than 350 judges and prosecutors trained.

www.coe.int/cybercrime



Thank you!

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