

**Resolution CM/ResDip(2008)1
on the revised regulations for the European Diploma for Protected Areas**

*(Adopted by the Committee of Ministers on 20 February 2008
at the 1018th meeting of the Ministers' Deputies)¹*

Appendix 5: Model plan for annual reports

Annual report for the year 2024

Annual reports should describe the changes that have taken place since the previous year in dynamic terms of management and function and not be limited to basic data. Any new text or map introducing a change in the situation of the area should be attached to the annual report.

State: Armenia

Name of the area: "Khosrov Forest" state reserve.

Year and number of years since the award or renewal of the European Diploma for Protected Areas:

"Khosrov forest" state reserve has been granted with the European Diploma Status in 2013, award has been renewed in 2018.

Resolution CM/ResDip(2013)2 on the award of the European Diploma of Protected Areas to the Khosrov Forest Reserve (Armenia) (Adopted by the Committee of Ministers on 10 July 2013 at the 1176th meeting of the Ministers' Deputies). Award has been renewed in 2018.

Central authority concerned:

Name: Ministry of Environment of Armenia

Address: 3 Government Bldg. Republic sq., Yerevan, Armenia

Tel: (374 11) 818 555

Fax: N/A

e-mail: minenv@env.am

Authority responsible for its management:

Name: "Khosrov Forest" State Reserve " SNCO

Address: Ararat region, Vedi city , Kasyan 79 str.

Tel: (374 234) 2 13 52

Fax: N/A

e-mail: info@khosrovreserve.am

www:

¹ As amended by Resolution CM/ResDip(2014)2 on 2 July 2014 at the 1204th meeting of the Ministers' Deputies.
Internet : <http://www.coe.int/cm>

1. Conditions: List here all conditions which were attached to the award or the renewal of the European Diploma. Explain either how the conditions have been totally complied with or detail the progress in complying with the conditions. Please also indicate any unresolved difficulties that you have encountered.

The European Diploma was awarded to the "Khosrov Forest" State Reserve SNCO, taking into account the importance of the reserve, as the reserve has magnificent landscapes, a diverse natural environment, rich biodiversity, and vast forests, which are the result of conscientious long-term conservation and a proper management plan and structure.

1. Reserve managers take steps to ensure that the existing water resources facilities do not expand within the area and remain completely compatible with the preservation of the European interest of the area
2. Public motor transport traffic, including the transportation of tourists is strictly forbidden within the area and takes place only by the existing pedestrian natural trails, the movement of the transport is carried out only for management purposes and in case of emergencies.

2. Recommendations: List here all recommendations which were attached to the award or the renewal of the European Diploma. Explain either how the recommendations have been totally complied with or detail the progress in complying with the recommendations. Please also indicate any unresolved difficulties that you have encountered.

1. Appropriate efforts are carried out by the managers to protect the reserve and prevent from illegal activities. An eco-patrol service has been formed, which carries out conservation in the reserve area.
2. The explanatory and eco-educational activities were developed and are carried out in the neighboring communities of the reserve by the employees of the reserve. The investigative visits are organized to the reserve museum and its area for schoolchildren of the neighboring communities. During 2024 about 1500 students have visited the museum of the state reserve.
3. There are 9 eco-touristic routes that are approved by the reserve management plan. The routes include attractions of Garni, Khosrov and Khachadzor areas. Groups taking eco-touristic tours have to consist of not more than 10 people and have to move by pedestrian trails or by horses. The entrance to the reserve has to be allowed by the authorized or executive body.
4. Funds provided by the state budget and non-budget are fully allocated.
5. The issues concerning the development of the new management plan of the reserve are in the discussion phase.

3. Site Management: List here any changes to the European Diploma holding site management, in relation to both terrestrial and aquatic environments (as appropriate), and in relation to staff and finances, since the last annual report was submitted to the Council of Europe. Please also indicate any unresolved difficulties that you have encountered.

There have not been changes in the management of Khosrov Forest State Reserve and the new management plan is currently being revised.

4. Boundaries: Give details of any changes to the boundaries of the European Diploma holding site since the last annual report was submitted to the Council of Europe. If there are any changes, please attach an appropriate map to this report. Please also indicate any unresolved difficulties that you have encountered.

The borders of Khosrov Forest State Reserve are planned to change after the adaptation of the new management plan. Currently there are no changes. The total area of Khosrov Forest State Reserve is 23.213.5 ha.

5. Other information: List here any other information about the European Diploma holding site which you consider should be provided to the Council of Europe.

The following sections of the form should only be filled in if your area is in the year before a renewal of its European Diploma for Protected Areas, i.e. year 4 after the award of the European Diploma or year 9 after its renewal.

6. Natural heritage (general abiotic description: geomorphology, geology and hydrogeology, habitats, flora, fauna, landscape) – State of conservation

- 6.1. Environment: changes or deterioration in the environment, of natural or anthropic origin, accidental or permanent, actual or anticipated
- 6.2. Flora and vegetation: changes in the plant population and in the vegetational cover; presumed causes
- 6.3. Fauna: changes in the sedentary or migratory populations; congregating, egg-laying and breeding grounds

7. Cultural heritage and socio-economic context

- 7.1. Cultural heritage
 - 7.1.1. Changes concerning cultural heritage
- 7.2. Socio-economic context
 - 7.2.1. Changes concerning the socio-economic context

8. Education and scientific interest

- 8.1. Visitors – Information policy
 - 8.1.1. Arrangements for receiving and informing the public (building, booklets, maps, cards, etc.)
 - 8.1.2. Frequentation by visitors and behavior (number, distribution in time and space)
 - 8.1.3. Special visits (distinguished persons, groups, etc.)
- 8.2. Scientific research
 - 8.2.1. Current or completed research (observation, experimentation, etc.; identification or inventory of the species listed in the appendices to the Bern Convention, etc.)
 - 8.2.2. Scientific publications

9. Site description (vulnerability, protection status, ownership, documentation)

- 9.1. Changes in legislation or regulations
- 9.2. Changes in ownership title (conversion to public property, rentals, etc.)
- 9.3. Extension or transfer, new uses (for example, conversion into total reserve)

10. Site management (management plans, budget and personnel)

- 10.1. Improvements made
 - 10.1.1. Ecological action affecting the flora and biotopes; controls of fauna
 - 10.1.2. Protection against the elements (fire, water regime)
 - 10.1.3. Approaches and thoroughfares (paths, roads, car parks, signposting, fencing, etc.)
 - 10.1.4. Field equipment (hides and study facilities)
 - 10.1.5. Waste management
 - 10.1.6. Use of renewable energy systems
- 10.2. Management
 - 10.2.1. Administrative department: changes made
 - 10.2.2. Wardens' department: changes made
 - 10.2.3. Internal policing measures
 - 10.2.4. Infringement of regulations and damage; legal action

11. Influence of the award of the European Diploma for Protected Areas

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