



How AFRINIC can support Law Enforcement in Cybercrime Investigation

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www.afrinic.net



blog.afrinic.net



[/afrinic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/afrinic)

- AFRINIC is the Regional Internet Registry for Africa, including nearby islands
- Responsible for issuing Internet number resources (IP addresses and ASNs) throughout the continent
 - >1600 members from all over Africa
 - Most members are ISPs
 - Some are universities, governments, commercial enterprises
- AFRINIC keeps records of which IP addresses are allocated or assigned to each member
- These records may be useful to investigators

- AFRINIC keeps a database of all number resources issued to our members
 - Called the “WHOIS” database
 - Accessed via a standard protocol, or a web form
- Includes every block of IP addresses issued by AFRINIC
- Other Regional Internet Registries (RIRs) do the same in other parts of the world

- Included:
 - Block of IP addresses allocated by AFRINIC
 - Organisation name (AFRINIC member)
 - Contact people (admin contact, tech contact)
 - Address, phone number, email address
- Sometimes included:
 - Smaller blocks given by ISPs to their customers (business customers, or smaller ISPs)
- Not included:
 - IP addresses for individual users

- The WHOIS database is publicly accessible
 - Some items of information may be hidden
- Web interface at <http://whois.afrinic.net>
- Command line interface available in some operating systems (e.g. Unix/Linux)
- Use for legitimate investigation or operational purposes, not for spam, market research, etc.
- Bulk access can be arranged
- AFRINIC may also have non-public information, which is unlikely to help investigators, but could potentially be requested via court order.

- Suppose that the early part of an investigation gives you an IP address implicated in cybercrime
- Look up the IP address in AFRINIC (or other RIR) WHOIS database
- WHOIS lookup provides an organisation name (typically an ISP), country, contact person names, address, phone number
- Approach the ISP for more information about the individual who used that IP address at that time

- Example: Looking up an IP address
- Go to the web form at whois.afrinic.net
- Enter the IP address
- Also select the “B” flag, or else email addresses will be hidden
- Click the SEARCH button

https://whois.afrinic.net/

Search

Please fill in the whois object you want to query.
You may also select the object type, flags for lookup as well as make inverse queries.

196.192.113.1 53

Search

Reset

Whois command :

Object Types

Flags

Inverse lookup

☒ B - Show full object details.

- Result is several paragraphs of information.
 - First paragraph is most relevant. “inetnum” is a block of IP addresses, containing the address you asked about

```
inetnum:      196.192.112.0 - 196.192.113.255
netname:      AFRINIC-MU-OPS
descr:        AfrinIC Ltd
country:      MU
org:          ORG-AFNC1-AFRINIC
admin-c:      CA15-AFRINIC
tech-c:       IT7-AFRINIC
mnt-by:       AFRINIC-HM-MNT
mnt-lower:    AFRINIC-IT-MNT
mnt-routes:   AFRINIC-IT-MNT
mnt-irt:      IRT-AFRINIC-IT
changed:      hostmaster@afrinic.net 20151027
source:       AFRINIC
parent:       196.0.0.0 - 196.255.255.255
```

Yellow: database key; green: information;
blue: reference to related information

Inetnum: The block of IP addresses.

Descr: free text description, sometimes misleading.

Country: 2-letter code.

Org: Organisation handle.

Tech-c, admin-c: Technical contact, admin contact.

Mnt-by: Who may edit this record.

Mnt-irt: refers to an abuse contact.

Parent: Larger block of IP addresses that contains this block.

Org, admin-c, tech-c, mnt-* are “handles” to be used in a subsequent database lookup.



The “org” is the organisation

organisation: ORG-AFNC1-AFRINIC
org-name: African Network Information Center - (AfriNIC Ltd.)
org-type: RIR
country: MU
address: 11th Floor, Standard Chartered Tower
address: 19, Cybercity
address: Ebène
phone: tel:+230-403-5100
fax-no: tel:+230-466-6758
e-mail: contact@afrinic.net
admin-c: CA15-AFRINIC
tech-c: IT7-AFRINIC
mnt-ref: AFRINIC-HM-MNT
mnt-ref: AFRINIC-IT-MNT
mnt-ref: AFRINIC-DB-MNT
notify: hostmaster@afrinic.net
mnt-by: AFRINIC-HM-MNT
changed: hostmaster@afrinic.net 20180906
source: AFRINIC

Organisation: The “handle” for this organisation. You saw it before as “org” under the address block.

Org-name, address, phone, fax-no: Self-explanatory.
Admin-c, tech-c: Admin contact and tech contact for the organisation.

Admin-c and tech-c handles can be used in a subsequent database lookup.

Yellow: database key; green: information;
blue: reference to related information



The “tech-c” and “admin-c” are responsible people

person: CTO AFRINIC
address: 11th Floor, Standard Chartered Tower
address: Cybercity, Ebène
address: Mauritius
phone: tel:+230-403-5100
e-mail: cto@afarinic.net
nic-hdl: CA15-AFRINIC
mnt-by: CTO-MNT
changed: daniel@afarinic.net 20171108
source: AFRINIC

person: Infrastructure Team
address: AFRINIC Ltd
address: 11th Floor, Standard Chartered Tower
address: Cybercity, Ebène
address: Mauritius
phone: tel:+230-403-5100
e-mail: sysadmin@afarinic.net
nic-hdl: IT7-AFRINIC
mnt-by: AFRINIC-IT-MNT
changed: daniel@afarinic.net 20171108
source: AFRINIC

Yellow: database key; green: information;
blue: reference to related information

Nic-hdl: The “handle” for this person, which you have seen before under “tech-c” and “admin-c” on previous slides.

Person: Sometimes a person’s name, or sometimes a job function.
Address, phone, e-mail: self-explanatory.

Email address is hidden if you do not select the -B option on the web form.



Sometimes there is also a “route” object, which may help expand the search to another ISP

route: 196.192.113.0/24
descr: AFRINIC-MUR-OPS
origin: AS37708
mnt-by: AFRINIC-IT-MNT
changed: madhvi@afrinic.net 20151030
source: AFRINIC

Route: Another way of referring to a block of IP addresses, which contains the address of interest.

Descr: free text description, sometimes misleading.

Origin: An “autonomous system number” identifying an ISP.

You can use the AS number in a subsequent WHOIS lookup, which might lead you to a different ISP. (The ISP that routes the traffic is not always the same as the ISP that manages the addresses.)

Yellow: database key; green: information;
blue: reference to related information

- Lookup by IP address (IPv4 or IPv6) or ASN
- Result gives “handles” for organisation, admin contact, tech contact, etc.
- Then perform another lookup by handle
- Result gives name, email address, phone number, etc.
- The second lookup by handle might be done for you automatically

- You usually get an ISP name, address, and contact details.
- It could also be an organisation other than an ISP.
- You sometimes get an anonymised reference to a customer of an ISP.
- Information applies to a block of many IP addresses.

- WHOIS will not provide information about individual IP addresses, or the people using them.
 - The information in WHOIS is for blocks of IP addresses.
- You can approach the ISP for more information about the individual IP address, and the person using it at a specific time.

- AFRINIC members are contractually obligated to keep their contact information up to date
 - and to register similar information for their large customers
- We understand that LEAs are concerned about accuracy
- AFRINIC is proactively contacting all our members to check the accuracy of the contact information
 - As of Q3 2018, we have contacted 100% of members, and >80% have verified their information

- Article on tracing the culprits:
- <http://www.afrinic.net/en/library/corporate-documents/769-spam-hacking-and-network-abuse-tracing-the-culprits>
- Ask us for help: contact@afrinic.net
- We will assist you in interpreting public WHOIS results, suggesting where to look next
- We can't release non-public information, unless you have a court order valid in Mauritius
 - Don't worry, the public information is usually enough to identify the correct ISP.

- AFRINIC holds two public meetings per year
 - See <http://meeting.afrinic.net>
 - Technical presentations
 - Discussion of policy
- AFRINIC Government Working Group (AfGWG)
 - Aims to strengthen relationships with regulators and law enforcement
 - Closed side-meeting during the larger AFRINIC meetings
 - Mailing list
- Planning to develop training specifically to help LEAs interact with AFRINIC

- AFRINIC policies define the rules for how Internet number resources are managed
- Policies are set by the community through discussion, ratified by the Board
- Discussion is open to anybody with an interest
- LEAs can get involved in policy discussion
- In some other regions, LEAs have started discussions on policy changes to address WHOIS data accuracy, and contact points for dealing with network abuse

- AFRINIC would like to learn more about the challenges faced by law enforcement
- How we can help, while respecting our members' privacy?
- You are welcome to participate in AFRINIC public policy process, attend AfGWG meetings, subscribe to AfGWG mailing list.

Thank you for your Attention Questions?



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