



Institute for Environment and Nature

Habitats of Croatia

Condition of the habitat

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1. time reporting: 2013 – 1018

Terrestrial non-forest habitats

= Map of terrestrial non-forest habitats 2016 (https://bioportal.hr/gis/) → contained few information about the condition in EN sites (no specific instructions were given to the field experts)

Forest habitats

= prepared by specialists from the Faculty of Forestry and Wood Technology using the spatial data (https://webgis.hrsume.hr/arcgis/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=8bb3e1d6b80d49ad9e0193f 8b62380e2) (informations for GIS were based on Forest Management Plans which are being revised every 10 years) → no information about condition – just the expert judgment

Marine habitats

- = Croatian Habitat map 2004 (https://bioportal.hr/gis/)
 - the representation of marine habitats was indicative and was obtained using the spatial modeling method no information about condition

Condition of the habitat 2018 Marine and very rare habitats 16% - between 1 - 96% of the 30% particular habitat has been evaluated in the fieldmedian value is 43% of the habitat 54% Habitats with very small areas UnkonwnCompletely knownPartly known forests

Habitats in which less then 50% of the territory has been visited in 2018:

4030 European dry heaths

62A0 Eastern sub-Mediterranean dry grasslands (Scorzoneratalia villosae)

6210 Semi-natural dry grasslands and scrubland facies on calcareous substrates (Festuco-Brometalia) (* important orchid sites)

6540 Sub-Mediterranean grasslands of the Molinio-Hordeion secalini

2110 Embryonic shifting dunes

6220 Pseudo-steppe with grasses and annuals of the Thero-Brachypodietea

6170 Alpine and subalpine calcareous grasslands

1410 Mudflats and sandflats not covered by seawater at low tide

3150 Natural eutrophic lakes with *Magnopotamion* or *Hydrocharition* - type vegetation

6430 Hydrophilous tall herb fringe communities of plains and of the montane to alpine levels

6510 Lowland hay meadows (Alopecurus pratensis, Sanguisorba officinalis)

1210 Annual vegetation of drift lines

3130 Oligotrophic to mesotrophic standing waters with vegetation of the *Littorelletea uniflorae* and/or of the *Isoëto-Nanojuncetea*

32A0 Tufa cascades of karstic rivers in the Dinaric Alps

1420 Mediterranean and thermo-Atlantic halophilous scrubs (Sarcocornetea fruticosi)

6410 Molinia meadows on calcareous, peaty or clayey-silt-laden soils (Molinion caeruleae)

HOW TO EVALUATE CONDITION IN NEW REPORTING PERIOD?

- 2021-2023 Operational Programme Competitiveness and cohesion Project KK.06.5.1.03.0001

"Development of a system for monitoring the conservation status of species and habitat types"

= our consultants (Oikon d.o.o.) have developed programms for all terrestrial habitat types and tested them

Detailed instructions about habitat condition assessment



6510 Lowland hay meadows (Alopecurus pratensis, Sanguisorba officinalis)

INDICATOR	GOOD	MEDIUM	BAD
Representation of typical species	species composition typical of the habitat type, typical species predominate	the composition of typical species is depleted, but the species typical of the habitat type still predominate	he species composition does not correspond to the typical
Representation of competitive species	Representation of unfavorable species on the transect < 5% or in the observation area only single individuals of competing species were observed	Presence of unfavourable species on transect 5 – 20% or in the area of observation of a competitive species, but it cannot be determined whether it shows signs of spreading	Representation of unfavourable species on the transect > 20% or in the observation area, competitive species with signs of spread, i.e. significantly negatively impact the observed habitat type
Optional indicator			
STRUCTURE	GOOD	MEDIUM	BAD

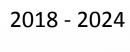
6510 Lowland hay meadows (Alopecurus pratensis, Sanguisorba officinalis)

INDICATOR	GOOD	MEDIUM	BAD		
Presence of grazing/mowing	extensive	intensive	no grazing/mowing		
Succession	not present	moderate	very present		
Spatial distribution of the habitat	The habitat is continuous (> 75% of the area covered), and the negative edge effect is not significant and does not show a tendency to spread.	The habitat is fragmented (in a mosaic or mixed with other habitat types), but target habitat type still predominates. Individual habitat segments are more than 2 m apart and/or the areas of individual segments are less than 10 m2	The habitat is in several smaller units ("spotted") and the target habitat type is represented by less than 50% of the area. Significant edge effect recorded. Individual habitat segments are more than 5 m apart and/or the areas of individual segments are less than 5 m2		
FUNCTION	GOOD	MEDIUM	BAD		

en Transition

6510 Lowland hay meadows (Alopecurus pratensis, Sanguisorba officinalis)

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Optional indicator				
STRUCTURE	GOOD	MEDIUM	BAD	
INDICATOR	GOOD	MEDIUM	BAD	
INDICATOR Presence of grazing/mowing	extensive	MEDIUM intensive	no grazing/mowing	
Presence of grazing/mowing	extensive	intensive	no grazing/mowing	
Presence of grazing/mowing Succession	extensive not present The habitat is continuous (> 75% of the area covered), and the negative edge effect is not significant and does not show a	intensive moderate The habitat is fragmented (in a mosaic or mixed with other habitat types), but target habitat type still predominates. Individual habitat segments are more than 2 m apart and/or the areas of individual segments are	no grazing/mowing very present The habitat is in several smaller units ("spotted") and the target habitat type is represented by less than 50% of the area. Significant edge effect recorded. Individual habitat segments are more than 5 m apart and/or the areas of individual segments are	



- Habitats covering small areas have been visited and evaluated
- Habitats covering big surfaces have not been visited enough?
 What is enough?

			CONDITION GOOD min	CONDITION GOOD max	CONDITION BAD min	CONDITION BAD max	Unknown min	Unknown max
91K0	Illyrian Fagus sylvatica forests (Aremonio-Fagion)	ALP	14.12	14.12	0	C	3746.93	3746.93
91K0	Illyrian Fagus sylvatica forests (Aremonio-Fagion)	CON	12.47	12.47	0.09	0.09	945.43	945.43
91K0	Illyrian Fagus sylvatica forests (Aremonio-Fagion)	MED	1.18	1.18	0	C	340.92	340.92
91R0	Dinaric dolomite Scots pine forests (Genisto januensis- Pinetum)	ALP	2.36	2.36	0	C	30.83	30.83
6510	Lowland hay meadows (Alopecurus pratensis, Sanguisorba officinalis)	ALP	0.42	0.42	0.17	0.17	94.75	94.75
	Lowland hay meadows (Alopecurus pratensis,							
6510	Sanguisorba officinalis) Lowland hay meadows (Alopecurus pratensis,	MED	0.02	0.02	0.38	0.38	4.25	4.25
6510	Sanguisorba officinalis)	CON	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.07	212.72	212.72

REMOTE SENSING:

CLCplus Backbone 2021 (raster 10 m), Europe, 3-yearly

https://land.copernicus.eu/en/products/clc-backbone

FORESTS:

- Overlap known polygons with CLC + - estimate the % of the forest currently

being in the fase of regrowth

GRASSLANDS:

- Overlap known polgons with CAP payments map

Thank you for your attention!

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