

28. Conference of Directors of Prison and Probation Services Berlin | 6. & 7. June 2023

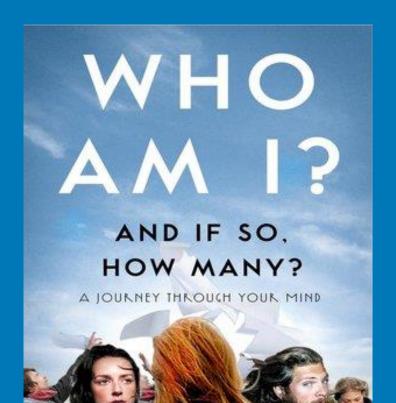




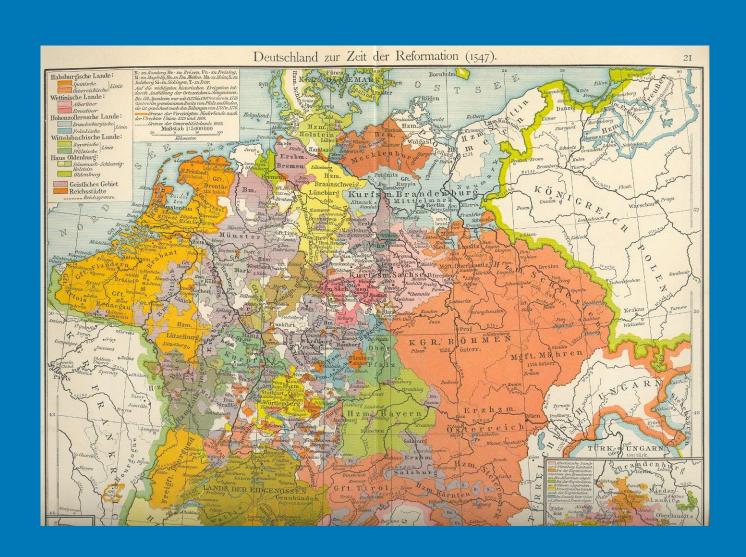
- 1 Who is Germany (and if so how many)?
- 2 Who has the power?
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- 7 Who is in German prisons?
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# Who is Germany (and if so – how many?)

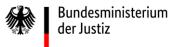
Bundesministerium







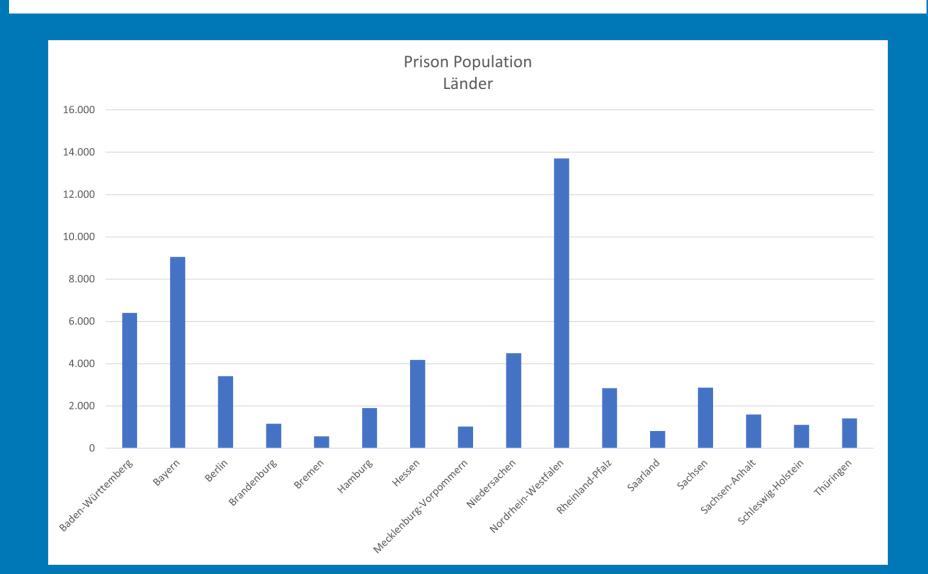




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## Who has the power?

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#### Federal State

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- → Länder have State quality
- → Principle of Subsidiarity
- → As a rule: public powers are assigned to the Länder, if not stated otherwise

#### What is criminal law?

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#### **Criminal Code**

- Criminal offences
- Criminal liability
- Sanctions

#### **Code of Criminal Procedure**

- Investigation
- Court proceedings
- Execution of sentence

#### Länder:

- Rules for implementation of prison sentence and probation regime

# What is a prison sentence in Germany?

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#### Länder laws

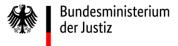
- for the execution of every kind of detention
   (Custodial sentence, Pre-trial detention, Youth custodial sentence Preventive detention, Short term youth detention)
- Differences in form, details, implementation
- Overall: great similarities

## Is there a magic force?

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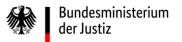
#### **Federal Contitutional Court**

- Fundamental rights remain valid
- Parliamentary legislation needed
- Social re-integration
- Emperical effectiveness
- Chance of life in liberty
- Insuficiant staffing no justification for violation of fudamental rights
- Obligation to work only as means of rehabilitation
- Family ties
- Leaves to maintain coping abilities
- Enforced medical treatment, physical restraint

## How to cooperate?

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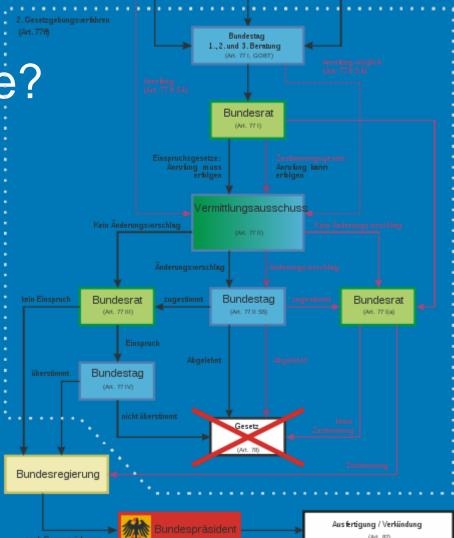
(Art. 82)





How to cooperate?

**Procedure of Legislation** 



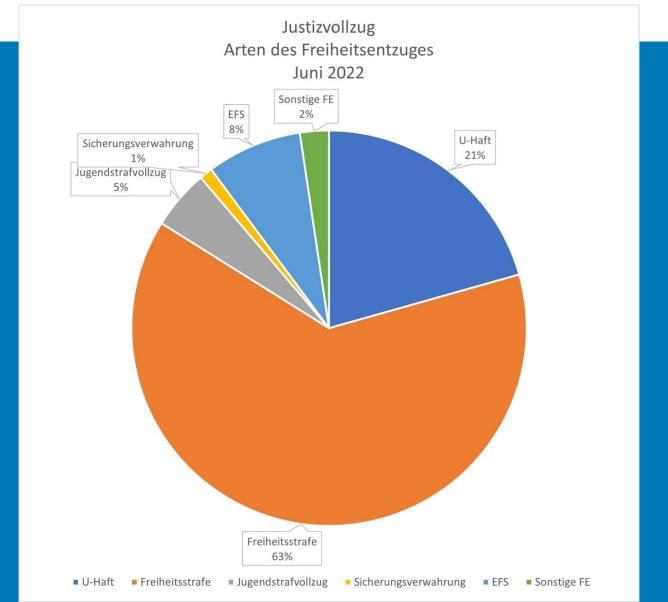


#### How to cooperate?

- 1. Procedure of Legislation
- 2. System of Government and Administration Conferences
- 3. Joint Institutions

## Who is in German prisons?

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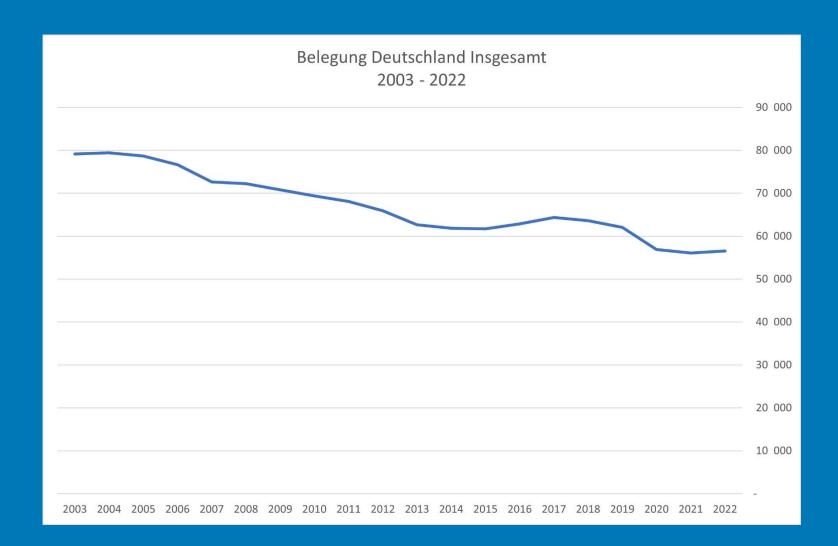


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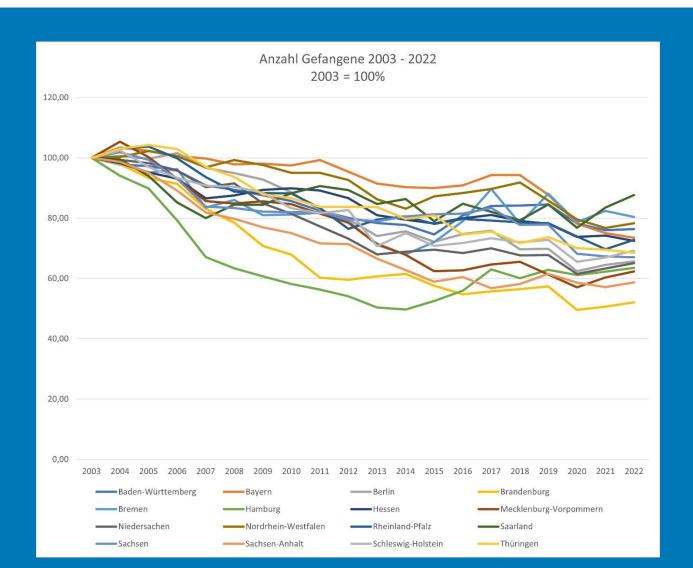


## Where have all the prisoners gone?

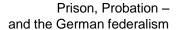






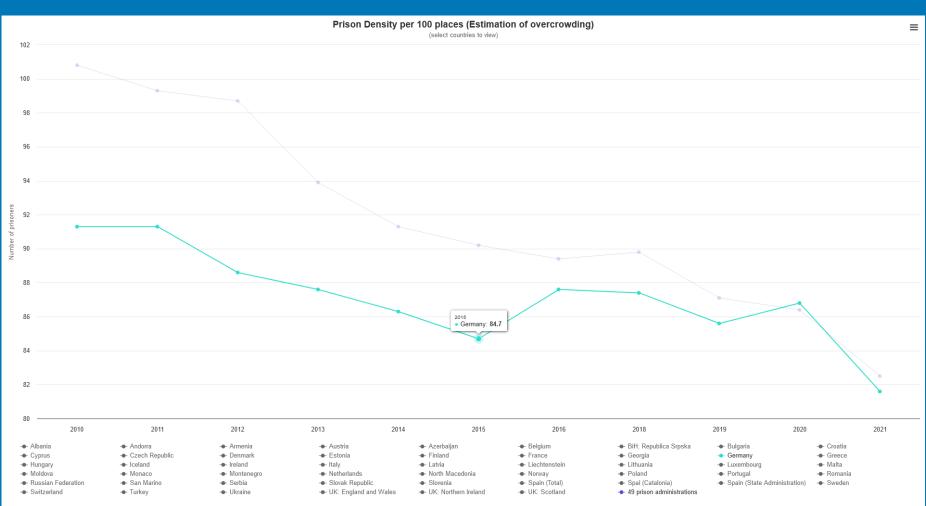






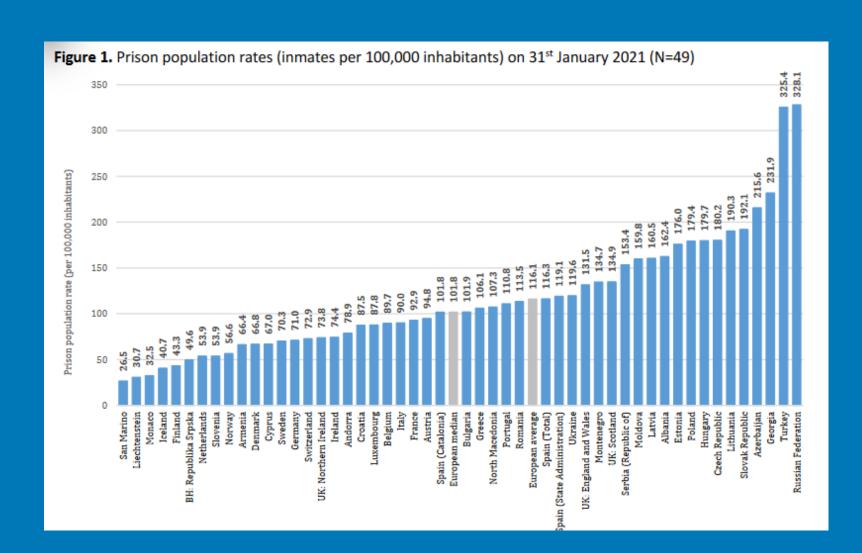
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<sup>\*</sup> Data for 2010-2016 had a date of reference to 1st September for each reporting year. The date of reference was later changed to 31st January meaning that there is no value for 2017.

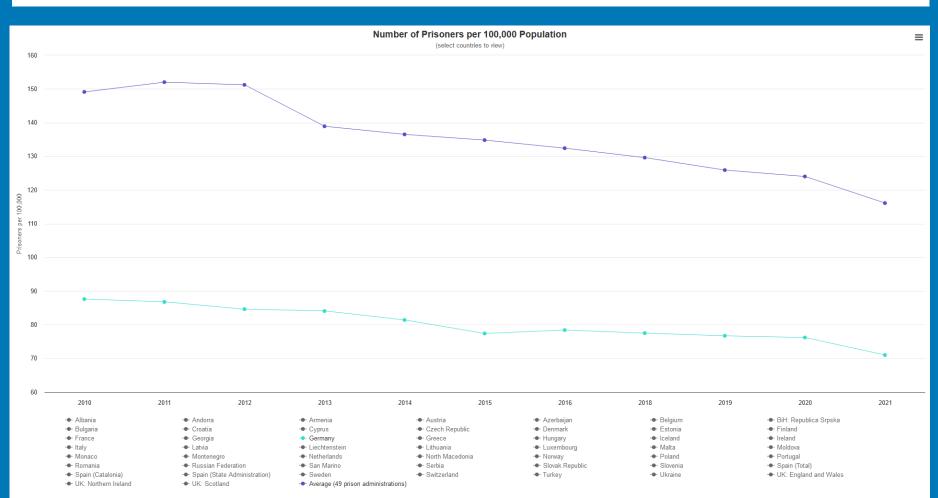
<sup>†</sup> Missing data has been added to this graph using linear interpolation. This is indicated on the data point where this occurs.







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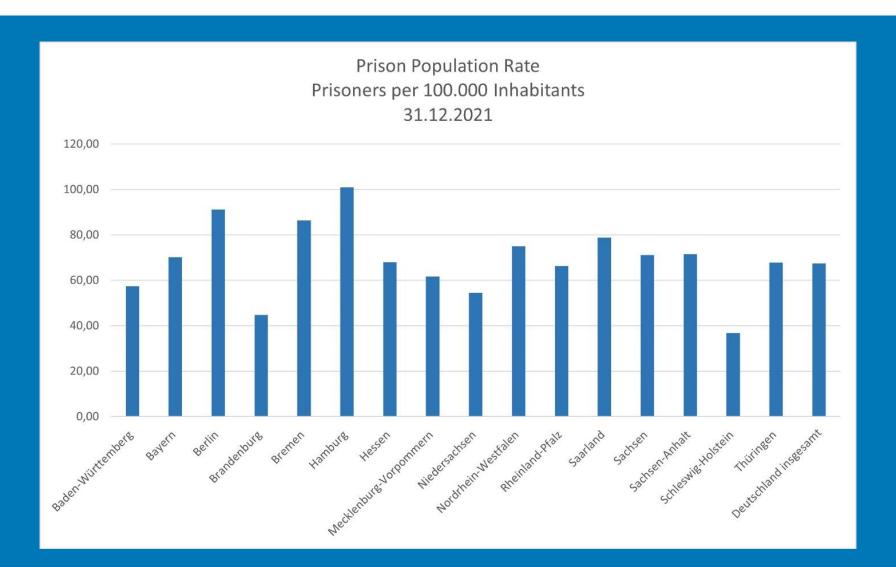


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<sup>†† 2019</sup> figures have been used from alternative sources (Bosnia & Herzegovina: http://wp.unil.ch/space/space-i/prison-stock-on-1-january/prison-stock-on-1st-january) (Belgium, Malta, Ukraine: https://www.prisonstudies.org).







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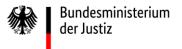
How to avoid a prison term:

Diversion, Community Sanctions, Probation

- → Diversion: 60%
- → Non-custodial sentences: 85%
- → Prison sentences suspended on probation: 69%
- → 186 probationers per 100.000
- → Probation success rate: 70%

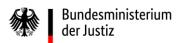
## What challenges do we face?

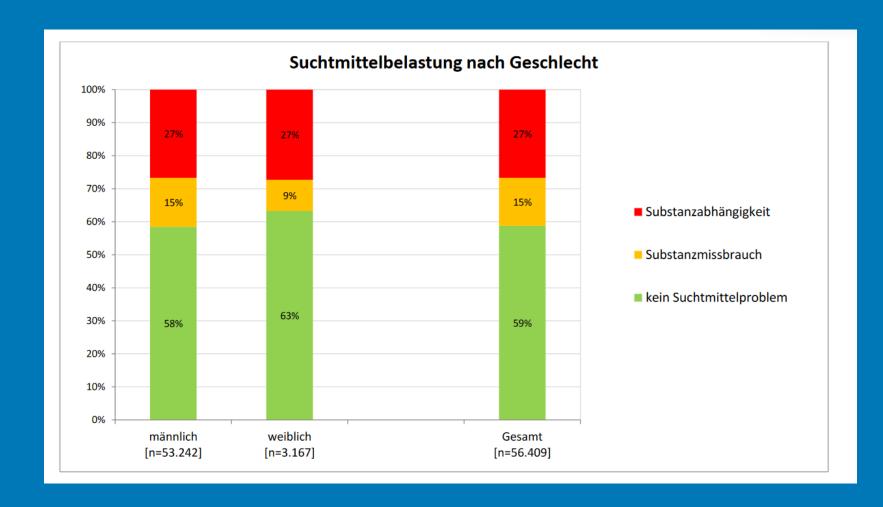
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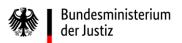


#### **Challanges**

- Drug misuse
- Mental disorders
- Overcrowding in forensic hospitals
- Data and evidence









#### What to take home?

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- 1.) Federalism: rooted in German history; complex issue.
- 2.) Criminal law <-> Prison and Probation law
- 3.) Statistics and criminological research: not easy
- 4.) International participation: not easy
- 5.) Federal Constitutional Court: force of reform
- 6.) Good staffing, respectful treatment, rehabilitation treatment
- 7.) Cautious enforcement of criminal law safe societies
- 8) Many laws simpler and speedier law making

## Thank you for your attention!!!

Jochen Goerdeler

Bundesministerium

der Justiz

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