



Implemented by the Council of Europe

Summary and workplan

December 2021

Project title / number: CyberEast - Action on Cybercrime for Cyber Resilience in the Eastern

Partnership region (PMM 2088)

Project area: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Republic of Moldova, Ukraine

Duration: 54 months (20 June 2019 – 20 December 2023)

Budget: EURO 5,333,333

Funding: European Union (90%) and the Council of Europe (10%)

Implementation: Cybercrime Programme Office (C-PROC) of the Council of Europe

BACKGROUND AND JUSTIFICATION

Cybercrime and other cyber-enabled offences involving electronic evidence remain major challenges for societies of the EaP region. Likewise, attacks against and by means of computers emanating from those countries are of concern to other geographical areas including the EU Member States.

These crimes consist, *inter alia*, of the theft of personal data, fraud and other types of financial crime, distributed denial of service attacks or website defacements against media, civil society, individuals or public institutions, as well as attacks against critical infrastructure and others. In this regard, cooperation at all levels is essential.

Countries of the EaP have committed to implement the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime as a framework for domestic measures and for international cooperation on cybercrime and access to electronic evidence. All countries – with the exception of Belarus – are Parties to the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime and are thus members of the Cybercrime Convention Committee (T-CY). It is therefore an international obligation for them to implement and comply with it.

Furthermore, the EaP countries adopted in October 2013 (Kyiv, Ukraine) a <u>Declaration on Strategic Priorities for the Cooperation against Cybercrime in the EaP Region</u>. They committed to pursue the necessary actions in key areas, such as procedural law, safeguards and guarantees, data protection and protection of children against online sexual abuse and exploitation with the objective of adopting an overarching effective framework to combat cybercrime on the basis of the Budapest Convention.

The European Union and the Council of Europe supported Eastern Partnership countries between 2011 and 2014 through the CyberCrime@EaP II project. Two follow up projects, CyberCrime@EaP III, were launched in May and December 2015, with focus respectively on international cooperation and public-private partnerships on cybercrime and electronic evidence. CyberCrime@EaP III and III projects, focused on the same subjects of international and public-private cooperation on cybercrime and electronic evidence.

¹ Belarus participates in the T-CY as ad-hoc observer and has expressed its commitment to implement this treaty.







The projects implemented helped the EaP countries mutual legal assistance and police cooperation authorities to significantly increase their capabilities to deal with the cybercrime and electronic evidence-related requests for cooperation; all cooperation authorities received international cooperation training tailored directly to their needs to increase and make uniform relevant skills and knowledge across the region; they are now able to utilize the tools developed with their own input during the project, such as the International Cooperation advanced information sections under the Octopus Cybercrime Community, international cooperation training materials developed under the project, and standard templates for Article 29-30 (data preservation) and Article 31 (MLA requests for subscriber information) requests under the Budapest Convention.

In order to enhance public-private cooperation between the law enforcement and Internet service providers for efficient access to data, capacity building efforts focused on four necessary elements of public-private cooperation: clear regulatory framework; identified and engaged counterparts; voluntary compliance mechanisms; and efficient access to data beyond national jurisdictions. The project pursued strong focus on legislation, with five out of six EAP states engaged in review of their procedural and related legislation - namely, introduction of less intrusive procedural powers required by the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime whilst ensuring compliance with safeguards and guarantees requirements under Article 15 of the treaty. To strengthen trust and engage partners, technical cybercrime exercises, contribution to industry-driven international forums of discussion and bringing country teams into direct contact with multinational service providers was practiced. A number of regional studies on various aspects of cooperation supported EaP countries in improving the public-private cooperation frameworks.

However, despite progress made, the following concerns and challenges have been identified:

- Criminal procedural law powers to secure electronic evidence and obtain data from private sector service providers. Specific provisions in criminal procedural law enabling the powers for criminal law enforcement and judicial authorities to secure electronic evidence in accordance with rule of law and fundamental rights conditions and safeguards will enhance trust and will contribute to improve public/private and international cooperation.
- Build confidence and trust to allow for and enable cooperation between criminal justice
 authorities and the private sector, as well as between public institutions and between countries.
 Improving trust is an overriding theme for the project.
- Need to improve the operational capacities of specialised cybercrime units, including capacities to deal with child online sexual abuse material and financial crime online and crime proceeds.
- Addressing and reducing conflicts of competence; and strengthening interagency, international, and public/private partnership cooperation, extending also to financial intelligence and investigations.
- Sharing of relevant data held by Computer Security Incident Response Teams (CSIRTs) on incidents and attacks with all concerned authorities, as well as lack of harmonised reporting systems for cybercrime and computer incidents. This information sharing may be most valuable to law enforcement and judicial authorities for follow-up investigation and prosecution purposes. Without this cooperation, it is difficult to determine the scale and trends of cybercrime and threats to cybersecurity and thus to inform cybercrime and cybersecurity strategies in this region.

Thus, further capacity building efforts are necessary to remedy these problems in the region.

APPROACH

CyberEast project is a direct follow-up to previous <u>capacity building</u> efforts in the Eastern Partnership and continues to build upon similar themes – strong legislative framework implementing the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime, enabling efficient regional and international cooperation, and improving public/private cooperation regarding cybercrime and electronic evidence in the Eastern Partnership region. However, the project also features new and strong focus on enhancing the operational capacities of cybercrime units, increasing accountability, oversight and public visibility of action on cybercrime, as well as strengthening interagency cooperation on cybercrime and electronic evidence, in particular by improving information sharing between Computer Security Incident Response Teams (CSIRTs) on incidents and attacks with all concerned authorities. Through extension of the project until the end of 2023, the CyberEast project also gains additional resources to reinforce practical aspects of CSIRT and law enforcement cooperation, to improve cybercrime and computer incident reporting systems and their interoperability, to measure public perception of cybercrime, and to address the challenges of investigating child online sexual abuse material as well as search, seizure and confiscation of cybercrime proceeds and prevention of money laundering on the Internet.

Immediate Outcome 1 of the project aims at adoption and further improvement of legislative and policy frameworks compliant to the Budapest Convention as well as related standards, such as Istanbul and Lanzarote Conventions. The Outputs under this Outcome focus on the development of national action plans or similar strategic documents regarding the criminal justice response to cybercrime and electronic evidence; revision and improvement of substantive criminal law (where necessary) in line with Articles 2 to 12 of the Budapest Convention with additional focus on Istanbul and Lanzarote Conventions; and improvement of procedural law for the purposes of domestic investigations in line with Articles 16 to 21 of the Budapest Convention. Human rights and rule of law approach is ensured, primarily but not exclusively, by supporting reform of regulatory framework on the basis of updated Study on Article 15 Safeguards in the Eastern Partnership region. Additionally, under extension of the project through 2023, legal framework for search, seizure and confiscation of cybercrime proceeds and prevention of money laundering on the Internet will be improved; in addition, introducing Europol iOCTA methodology in region's countries to assess cybercrime threats and trends will contribute to more informed policies and action plans on cybercrime and electronic evidence.

Immediate Outcome 2 of the project seeks to reinforce the capacities of judicial and law enforcement authorities and interagency cooperation, seeking to encompass all criminal justice stakeholders in the EaP countries into coherent, sustainable and skills-oriented experience sharing and training framework. To achieve this, the Outputs under this Outcome aim at strengthening skills and institutional setup of operational cybercrime units in law enforcement authorities, as well as improving interagency cooperation of relevant law enforcement and criminal justice authorities, agencies and bodies including through improved data sharing. Additional element under extension of the project through 2023 will be further focus on practical tools for CSIRT/law enforcement cooperation (including work on interoperable reporting systems) and improving skills of criminal justice to tackle child online sexual abuse material and crime proceeds online. The extension will also allow the project to deliver more training activities to law enforcement, prosecution and judiciary, and to ensure further integration of cybercrime and electronic evidence into the training programmes of institutions concerned.

Immediate Outcome 3 of the Project pursues the increase of efficient international cooperation and trust on criminal justice, cybercrime and electronic evidence, as well as trust between criminal justice and private entities. As a continuation of the previous capacity building efforts in the EaP on international and public/private cooperation, the Outputs under this outcome strive to further strengthen skills, set up and competencies of the 24/7 points of contact, putting in place guidelines and procedures for mutual legal assistance and data requests, strengthening operational skills for international judicial and police authorities cooperation on cybercrime and crime proceeds online, and implementing existing

agreements on public/private cooperation while concluding such agreements in the remaining countries. This Outcome overall seeks to increase the capacity of state authorities, tasked with cooperation in criminal cases, to effectively handle increased workload and complexity of cases related to cybercrime and electronic evidence, including the use of Joint Investigative Teams (JITs). Human rights and rule of law component is addressed through continued public-private dialogue, work with ISP regulators and data protection authorities, and review of cybercrime reporting systems in terms of their focus on citizens' security.

The project is managed by the Cybercrime Programme Office of the Council of Europe (C-PROC) in Romania by the project team involving a core group of project staff from previous Cybercrime@EaP projects, aided by two new staff members responding to increased scope and volume of the project.

The project is implemented in close cooperation and coordination with the <u>CyberSecurity EAST project</u>, which is implemented under the common Trust and Security Thematic Area of the <u>EU4Digital Initiative</u> of the European Union. The objective of the project is to develop technical and cooperation mechanisms that increase cybersecurity and preparedness against cyber-attacks, in line with the EU standards.

OBJECTIVE, EXPECTED OUTPUTS AND ACTIVITIES

Project Objective/ Impact

To increase and enhance the cyber-resilience and criminal justice capacities of the Eastern Partnership countries to better address the challenges of cyber threats and improve their overall security.

The action will strengthen criminal justice capacities of Eastern Partnership countries on cybercrime and electronic evidence in terms of legislation and policies, capacities for investigation, prosecution and adjudication as well as international and public/private cooperation, in line with the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime and the EU 20 Deliverables for 2020.

Overall outcomes/objectively verifiable indicators for this action will include:

- Level of implementation of Budapest Convention in terms of substantive law and procedural powers into national laws;
- Revised and adopted strategies and action plans related to cybercrime;
- Stronger and operational specialized cybercrime units;
- Better interagency cooperation and information sharing;
- Improved civic participation, oversight and visibility of action on cybercrime;
- International cooperation on cybercrime and electronic evidence improved;
- Public-private partnerships between law enforcement / private sector are in place.

Result/ Outcome 1

To adopt legislative and policy frameworks compliant to the Budapest Convention and related instruments.

Outcomes/objectively verifiable indicators:

- Availability of cybercrime strategies or action plans (drafted/adopted) and extent to which existing cybercrime policy documents have been reviewed/updated;
- Level of compliance with all three regulatory pillars (substantive, procedural and international cooperation) of the Budapest Convention and with relevant provisions of the Lanzarote and Istanbul Conventions.
- Reforms of criminal procedure laws completed, draft amendments available.
- Level of reforms implemented for the regulatory framework to address issues of Article 15 Budapest Convention.

Output 1.1	National action plans or similar strategic documents regarding response to cybercrime and electronic evidence developed.	g criminal justice
Activities		
	High-level Regional Meeting of criminal justice authorities, policy makers and members of Parliament to assess key issues and design action plans of legislative reform in the EaP countries, prepared on basis of background research and policy documents.	2022
	Support to EaP countries in the preparation of country reports on cybercrime and cybersecurity trends and threats based on Europol iOCTA methodology and, where possible, contribute to the yearly iOCTA report; conduct in-country public perception surveys to identify threats, trends and reporting of incidents and crime (with focus on victims), as well as other data for improving policies, with country-specific and regional reports.	Continuous – on request
	Contribution to development/update of cybercrime strategies or action plans through national discussion forums, advisory missions and discussions at regional meetings (where necessary), involving national policy makers and MPs, aiming to increase visibility and transparency of strategic process on cybercrime.	Continuous – on request
Output 1.2	Substantive criminal law, if necessary, in line with Articles 2 to Budapest Convention and selected provisions of the Istanbul a Conventions revised and improved.	
Activities	Conventions revised and improved.	
received	Assessment of compliance with substantive law provisions of Articles 2 to 12 of the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime as well as Articles 18 to 23 of the Lanzarote Convention and Articles 34 (Stalking) and 40 (Sexual harassment) of the Istanbul Convention.	Summer 2020
	Support to reforms of substantive law frameworks in line with Articles 2 to 12 of the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime as well as Articles 18 to 23 of the Lanzarote Convention and Articles 34 (Stalking) and 40 (Sexual harassment) of the Istanbul Convention, where necessary.	Continuous
Output 1.3	Procedural law for the purposes of domestic investigations in	line with Articles
Activition	16 to 21 of the Budapest Convention improved.	
Activities	Continued support to reforms of procedural law frameworks in line with Articles 16 to 21 Budapest Convention and related legislation through national seminars and workshops, and regional Working Groups of experts (including national experts), based on needs and requests of EaP states, and with particular view of possible adoption of Protocol II to the Convention.	Continuous
	Further advice and reform of regulatory framework in line with findings of the updated Study on Article 15 Safeguards in the Eastern Partnership region as a pre-requisite for application of procedural powers under Articles 16 to 21 Budapest Convention. Legislation strengthened regarding the search, seizure and confiscation of cybercrime proceeds and the prevention of money laundering on the Internet in line with data protection requirements.	Continuous – on request
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Result/	To reinforce the canacities of judicial and law enforcement	authorities and	
Outcome 2	To reinforce the capacities of judicial and law enforcement authorities and interagency cooperation.		
Outcome 2	Outcomes/objectively verifiable indicators: - Extent to which the capacities and competencies of cybercrime units (law enforcement and criminal justice authorities) are improved; - Availability of training plans; - Number of training and simulation exercises and participants trained; - Availability of procedures on CERTs/CSIRT - law enforcement cooperation on data sharing;		
	 Extent to which the capacities of data protection and oversight mechanisms exist; Cybercrime-centric public communication campaign on-going; Availability of procedures and practices serving to assure trust with general public and private entities. 		
Output 2.1	Skills and institutional setup of operational cybercrime units in authorities' and judicial authorities dealing with cybercrime evidence strengthened.		
Activities			
	Assessment of EaP countries institutional setup, capacities, competencies, training needs as well as interagency cooperation gaps and opportunities for cybercrime units in the Eastern Partnership region, with regional report.	September- October 2019	
	National seminars/advisory missions to update and/or develop training plans for cybercrime and electronic evidence and to include into the curricula with a view to establishing sustainable knowledge sharing and training frameworks at criminal justice training institutions.	Continuous, on request	
	Design and delivery of revised first responder courses for the EaP.	2020-2023	
	Design and delivery of introductory judicial training courses for the EaP.	2019-2023	
	Design and delivery of advanced judicial training courses for the EaP.	2020-2023	
	Participation in Cybercrime Masters Programme at established academic institution by supporting enrolment of specialized cybercrime investigators from the EaP.	2020-2023	
	Design and delivery of training for law enforcement, prosecution and judiciary on investigating and prosecuting online child sexual abuse (OCSEA) on the basis of materials and research of other projects run by C-PROC.	2021-2023	
Output 2.2	Improvement of interagency cooperation of the relevant law	enforcement and	
	criminal justice authorities, agencies and bodies including the data sharing.	nrough improved	
Activities			
	Business analyses and development of agreed procedures for cybercrime/incident reporting and sharing of data by Computer Security Incidents Response Teams (CSIRTs) with criminal justice authorities through country-specific workshops with regional conclusions.	September- October 2020	
	Support to cooperation forums and meetings for networking between cybercrime and cybersecurity professional communities, including	Continuous	

	discussion on practical use of agreed Standard Operating Procedures for cooperation.	
	Support to national cyber exercises on the basis of cybercrime/cybersecurity institutions.	On request
	Yearly Regional Cyber exercises to improve interaction between CSIRTs and law enforcement agencies in real-time environment.	
	Case simulation exercises and mock trials on cybercrime investigations (specific topics, such as virtual currencies/Darknet, etc.) and digital forensics for relevant agencies/entities, with major focus on ECTEG materials and in possible cooperation with other C-PROC projects.	2021-2023, on request
	"Effective access to data" Programme: training exercises for law enforcement and ISPs	2020-2023
	In-country workshops, with elements of training and interagency cooperation exercises (where requested and necessary) for cybercrime units, economic crime units, financial investigators, FIUs and specialised prosecutors on virtual currencies, Darknet and similar topics focusing on public-private cooperation.	2021-2023, on request
	In-country training sessions for law enforcement units on cyber incident taxonomy and handling, and for CSIRT/CERT teams on cybercrime reporting and handling of electronic evidence, in accordance with agreed Standard Operating Procedures for cooperation.	2022-2023
	Specialised workshops and trainings on cybercrime and parallel financial investigations in cooperation with the European Cybercrime Training and Education Group (ECTEG).	2022-2023
Output 2.3	Internal and external accountability and oversight including ro	le of civil society
	organisations reinforced.	ic of civil society
Activities	Our print and support well-bone (a serieur on liniaire with sivil as siste.	June 2020
	Organize and support workshops/sessions on liaising with civil society organisations involved in cybersecurity, cybercrime, criminal justice and Internet governance through annual EuroDIG conferences.	June 2020 June 2021 June 2022 June 2023
	Organise meetings between criminal justice authorities, civil society and the private sector in view of enhanced transparency of law enforcement action on cybercrime and electronic evidence.	2021-2023, on request
	Prepare an assessment on data protection in the law enforcement sector in EaP countries.	March-July 2020
	Cooperate with personal data protection authorities and national communications regulators to increase their role in ensuring trust and cooperation between public and private sector in terms of access to	2021-2022, on request
	data in criminal cases.	
Output 2.4		me actions.
Output 2.4 Activities	data in criminal cases.	me actions.
	data in criminal cases.	me actions. Continuous

Output 2.5	Reinforce mechanisms for trusted cooperation between the citizens and criminal justice authorities.	private sector,
Activities		
	Direct support to organization of national and regional Internet industry and technology events in EaP countries with focus on increasing trust between the public, the state and the private sector in ensuring security of cyberspace.	2019-2023, on request
	Discussion roundtables on cybercrime/e-evidence aspects with defence attorneys, with a view to ensuring further participation in project activities (e.g. mock trials).	2021-2023, on request
	Assessment of efficiency of cybercrime reporting systems (both public and industry-based) through in-country visits and advisory missions, with experience sourced from other capacity building projects run by the Council of Europe, with regional conclusions.	September- December 2021
	Development, in cooperation with authorities of individual EaP states, of new and/or additional modules for efficient online reporting of cybercrime, based on agreed taxonomies and ensuring interoperability with computer incident reporting systems.	2022-2023
Result/ Outcome 3	To increase efficient international cooperation and trust on cybercrime and electronic evidence, including between service law enforcement. Outcomes/objectively verifiable indicators: - Number of requests handled by 24/7 contact points; - Time needed for processing MLA requests related to cybercriment in the number of cases where templates have been used; - Number of training events and participants trained; - Availability of cooperation agreements concluded and extending ones have been revised.	ne/e-evidence;
Output 3.1	Skills, set up and competencies of the 24/7 points of strengthened.	contact further
Activities	National, regional and international workshops, trainings and hands- on simulations for improvement of the skills, set-up and competencies of 24/7 points of contact.	2020-2023 (on request)
	Regional/international case simulation exercises developing skills for international cooperation on cybercrime and electronic evidence for judicial and police cooperation authorities, focusing also on multinational service providers (MSPs), using and testing their platforms for cooperation.	Tbilisi, Georgia, February 2020
Output 3.2	Guidelines and procedures for mutual legal assistance and oplace.	data requests in
Activities	Development of standard step-by-step guidelines for drafting and processing of mutual legal assistance requests for criminal cases involving cybercrime and electronic evidence; adoption of guidelines in a regional meeting.	Two regional meetings: November 2020 April 2021

	National training sessions for cybercrime units and prosecutors on the use of templates for international requests for data preservation and subscriber information.	2021-2023 (in view of II Add. Protocol)
	Continued support to reforms of procedural law frameworks and	2021-2023 (in
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	related legislation through national seminars and workshops, based	view of II Add.
	on needs and requests of EaP states, and with particular view of	Protocol)
	possible adoption of II Additional Protocol to the Convention.	
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Output 3.3	Operational skills for international judicial and police authorities cybercrime strengthened.	es cooperation on
Activities	dyberer mie berengeneneur	
Activities	Continued approxit for portionation at INTERPOLITING	Combinuous
	Continued support for participation at INTERPOL/Europol	Continuous
	conferences, T-CY/Octopus, Pompidou Group, Eurojust and other	
	relevant events.	0 1:
	Continued support to development of cooperation tools through	Continuous
	maintenance of the online resource on international cooperation.	
	Support to organization or participation in operational meetings for	10 meetings in
	the EaP law enforcement for high-profile cases involving the EU states	2021-2023, on
	and/or EaP countries (on request and where necessary).	request
	National and regional meetings to improve international cooperation	2022-2023
	and information sharing between cybercrime units, financial	
	investigation units and financial intelligence units (FIUs) as well as	
	between competent authorities for judicial cooperation.	
		2022 2022
	Regional training on setup and use of Joint Investigative Teams (JITs)	2022-2023
	for law enforcement, prosecutors and international cooperation	
	for law enforcement, prosecutors and international cooperation authorities, on the basis of existing and upcoming international	
	authorities, on the basis of existing and upcoming international	
Output 3.4	authorities, on the basis of existing and upcoming international	cooperation and
Output 3.4	authorities, on the basis of existing and upcoming international standards.	cooperation and
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Annex: CyberEast Workplan 2022

Date	Activity	Place	Туре
January-February	Guidelines on the prevention and control of online fraud and criminal money flows	EAP	Desktop research
January-April	Further development of revised Georgian Information Security Law	Georgia	Online / Desktop research
January-May	Workshop with Georgian authorities on cybercrime/cybersecurity strategy and action plan (with CyberSecurity EAST)	Georgia	In-Country
January-May	Workshop with Armenian authorities on cybercrime/cybersecurity strategy and action plan (with CyberSecurity EAST)	Armenia	In-Country
January-May	Workshop with Azerbaijani authorities on cybercrime/cybersecurity strategy and action plan (with CyberSecurity EAST)	Azerbaijan	In-Country
19-21 January	Training on interagency cooperation and financial investigations / intelligence (with OSCE)	Armenia	In-country
26-28 January	Judicial training for prosecutors of Azerbaijan	Baku, Azerbaijan	Online
2-4 February	Training on interagency cooperation and financial investigations / intelligence	Tbilisi, Georgia	In-Country or Hybrid
7-9 February	First Responder training for investigators with MIA Academy	Baku, Azerbaijan	Online
Feb TBD	Support to CyberWeek Moldova 2021	Chisinau, Moldova	Regional Conference
Feb TBD	Follow up on strategy and public private cooperation (during CyberWeek MD)	Chisinau, Moldova	In-country Meeting or Hybrid
14-16 February	First Responder training for investigators with MIA Academy	Chisinau, Moldova	Online
21-23 February	First Responder training for investigators with MIA Academy	Georgia	Online
24-25 February	Support cooperation forums between cybercrime and cybersecurity experts (with CyberSecurity EAST) - Practical use cases for SOPs	Istanbul, TR	Regional Meeting
28 February - 2 March	First Responder training for investigators with MIA Academy	Kyiv, Ukraine	Online
March-April	Review of 2017 Study on Cooperation with Multinational Service Providers	EAP	Desktop research
March-April	Review of 2017 Study on Liabilities of Internet Service Providers	EAP	Desktop research
March-May	Review of EaP 2017 Report on Public–Private Cooperation - Development of guidelines for effective access to data	EAP	Desktop research
7-10 March	Regional Cyber Exercise (with CyberSecurity EAST project)	Athens GR	Regional Exercise
14-17 March	Introductory judicial training at the National School of Judges (Odessa and Dnipro regions)	Odessa, Ukraine	In country event
21-23 March	Cybercrime and electronic evidence training for defence attorneys with Bar Association	Ukraine	Online guided HELP course
29-30 March	Cybercrime and electronic evidence training for defence attorneys with Bar Association	Georgia	Online guided HELP course
March TBD	Visit to Europol Analysis/iOCTA Unit	Hague, NL	Virtual Visit

4-6 April	Cybercrime and electronic evidence training for defence attorneys with Bar Association - pilot session	Armenia	Online guided HELP course
11-13 April	Cybercrime and electronic evidence training for defence attorneys with Bar Association	Moldova	Online guided HELP course
20-22 April	Cybercrime and electronic evidence training for defence attorneys with Bar Association - pilot session	Azerbaijan	Online guided HELP course
April/May TBD	Study Visit to ENISA with Cybersecurity EAST project	Athens, Greece	Study visit
May-June	Update of the 2018 Study on Cybercrime Threats and Strategies in the EaP	EAP	
Week of 2-6 May	Forum of criminal justice, civil society and private sector on transparency of cybercrime action	Moldova	In-Country or Hybrid
Week of 2-6 May	Forum of criminal justice, civil society and private sector on transparency of cybercrime action	Ukraine	In-Country or Hybrid
Week of 9-13 May	Forum of criminal justice, civil society and private sector on transparency of cybercrime action	Armenia	In-Country or Hybrid
Week of 9-13 May	Forum of criminal justice, civil society and private sector on transparency of cybercrime action	Georgia	In-Country or Hybrid
16-20 May	Advanced judicial training for the judiciary	Kyiv, Ukraine	In-Country
Week of 16-20 May	Forum of criminal justice, civil society and private sector on transparency of cybercrime action	Azerbaijan	In-Country or Hybrid
May TBD	UCD Master Programme - Graduation event	Dublin, IE	Regional Meeting
2-3 June	Support cooperation forums between cybercrime and cybersecurity experts (with CyberSecurity EAST) - Cooperation networks	Bucharest, RO	Regional Meeting
6-10 June	National exercise for police, prosecutors and judges	Kyiv, Ukraine	In-Country
June TBD	Steering Committee (possibly at side-lines of EuroDIG 2022)	TBD	Regional Meeting (possibly online)
20-22 June	EuroDIG 2022 / WS on transparency of cybercrime action	Trieste, Italy (hybird)	International Conference
27 June -1 July	Regional Cyber Exercise (with CyberSecurity EAST project)	EAP (Kyiv, Ukraine)	Regional Meeting
30 June - 1 July	Assessment of efficiency of cybercrime reporting systems	Ukraine	Assessment visit
01-Jul	Roundtable discussion with stakeholders (including academia) on coordinated and non-fragmented iOCTA reporting	Ukraine	In-Country
July-August	Legislation strengthened regarding the search, seizure and confiscation of cybercrime proceeds and the prevention of money laundering on the Internet in line with data protection requirements	EAP	Desktop review
July-August	Design and delivery of training for law enforcement, prosecution and judiciary on investigating and prosecuting online child sexual abuse (OCSEA) on the basis of materials and research of other projects run by C-PROC.	EAP countires	Desktop review / In-Country
4-5 July	Assessment of efficiency of cybercrime reporting systems	Armenia	Assessment visit
05-Jul	Roundtable discussion with stakeholders (including academia) on coordinated and non-fragmented iOCTA reporting	Armenia	In-Country
7-8 July	Assessment of efficiency of cybercrime reporting systems	Georgia	Assessment visit
08-Jul	Roundtable discussion with stakeholders (including academia) on coordinated and non-fragmented iOCTA reporting	Georgia	In-Country

11-12 July	Assessment of efficiency of cybercrime reporting systems	Azerbaijan	Assessment visit
12-Jul	Roundtable discussion with stakeholders (including academia) on coordinated and non-fragmented iOCTA	Azerbaijan	In-Country
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14-15 July	Assessment of efficiency of cybercrime reporting systems	Moldova	Assessment visit
15-Jul	Roundtable discussion with stakeholders (including academia) on coordinated and non-fragmented iOCTA reporting	Moldova	In-Country
September TBD	Support cooperation forums between cybercrime and cybersecurity experts (with CyberSecurity EAST) - theme TBD	TBD	Regional? EAP/Brussels?
September TBD	Regional training on setup and use of Joint Investigative Teams (JITs)	Hague or GLACY+	Regional
September TBD	In-country training sessions for law enforcement units on cyber incident taxonomy and handling, and for CSIRT/CERT teams on cybercrime reporting and handling of electronic evidence, in accordance with agreed Standard Operating Procedures for cooperation.	EAP countires	In-Country
September-	Revised Article 15 Report for the Eastern Partnership	EAP	Desktop review /
November	countries	EAP	Virtual interviews
September TBD	Case simulation exercises and mock trials on cybercrime investigations (specific topics, such as virtual currencies/Darknet, etc.) and digital forensics for relevant agencies/entities, with major focus on ECTEG materials and in possible cooperation with other C-PROC projects.	EAP countires	Regional - Cooperate with iProceeds?
September TBD	Regional Meeting on Reporting Systems	TBD	Regional
September TBD	Effective access to data: standard templates and procedures for access to data between LEA and ISPs	Armenia	In-Country
September TBD	Effective access to data: standard templates and procedures for access to data between LEA and ISPs	Azerbaijan	In-Country
September TBD	Effective access to data: standard templates and procedures for access to data between LEA and ISPs	Ukraine	In-Country
September TBD	Effective access to data: standard templates and procedures for access to data between LEA and ISPs	Georgia	In-Country
September TBD	Effective access to data: standard templates and procedures for access to data between LEA and ISPs	Moldova	In-Country
September TBD	Forum of criminal justice, civil society and private sector on transparency of cybercrime action (with IGF UA)	Ukraine	In-Country
October TBD	Visit to Europol Analysis/iOCTA Unit	Hague	Study visit
October TBD	Development, in cooperation with authorities of individual EaP states, of new and/or additional modules for efficient online reporting of cybercrime, based on agreed taxonomies and ensuring interoperability with computer incident reporting systems (start of series)		In-Country
October TBD	National and regional meetings to improve international cooperation and information sharing between cybercrime units, financial investigation units and financial intelligence units (FIUs) as well as between competent authorities for judicial cooperation (start of series)		In-Country
October TBD	Conference with Eurojust on cooperation	The Hague, NL	International
October TBD	INTERPOL/Europol Conference and 24/7 Network Meeting	TBD	International

November TBD	High-level Regional Meeting on cybercrime policies and legislation / New Declaration of Strategic Priorities	Bucharest, RO	Regional Conference
November TBD	T-CY/Octopus sessions	Strasbourg, FR	International
December TBD	Steering Committee	TBD	Regional Meeting

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