

Questions about Temporary Protection from Ukrainian Refugees

UNHCR Regional Bureau for Europe
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Legal Status



Uncertainty about the future - alternatives to temporary protection



Transitions to other forms of legal status



Applications for asylum



Moving to another host country – need to renounce temporary protection?



Impact of visits to Ukraine



37% respondents visited Ukraine at least once (UNHCR regional protection monitoring)



94% stayed in Ukraine for less than 3 months



Main reasons for travel: visit family, obtain documents, access healthcare



9% faced challenges on return to host countries

Identity documents and civil registration



20% reported missing documentation – most commonly biometric passports (UNHCR regional protection monitoring)



20% unable to obtain replacement in host countries



10% reported changes in household composition – birth, marriage, death, etc (UNHCR regional protection monitoring)



17% reported challenges registering these changes in host countries – lack of info, long waiting times, etc



Exploitative labour practices



42% respondents employed (UNHCR regional protection monitoring)



15% without employment contract



8% reported no or irregular / partial access to earnings



3% reported confiscation of documents by employer

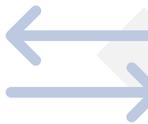
Access to accommodation



Challenges accessing information on national reception systems



Accommodation assistance schemes mostly short term



7% need to leave current accommodation within next 3 months (UNHCR regional protection monitoring)



Multifaceted impact on other rights



Access to information



Key information needs: healthcare, employment, legal status, accommodation



Complex national systems + language barriers



Challenges understanding eligibility for services and assistance



Preferred information channels: digital vs in person