

### The UNODC Global Programme on Cybercrime Alexandru Caciuloiu CYBERCRIME COORDINATOR SOUTHEAST ASIA AND THE PACIFIC



# UNODC is mandated to assist Member States in their struggle against illicit drugs, crime and terrorism.

The three pillars of the UNODC work programme are:

- Field-based technical cooperation projects to enhance the capacity of Member States to counteract illicit drugs, crime and terrorism
- Research and analytical work
- Normative work to assist States in the ratification and implementation of the relevant international treaties and the development of domestic legislation



## Origins

- UNODC tasked by UN Member States via the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice in 2010.
- Established an Open-Ended Intergovernmental Expert Group on Cybercrime in 2011.
- Published, in draft, a Comprehensive Study on Cybercrime in 2013.
- Established a Global Programme also in 2013.



### **Global reach, Local delivery**



**Central America** 



Vienna HQ



#### Eastern Africa





South East Asia



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### **Building a cross-government response**

Diplomacy: working with Permanent Missions to the UN and Ministries.

**Policy:** Ministries of Justice, Communication, Foreign Affairs, Home Affairs, National Security, Education...

Law Enforcement: National Police, National Security, Local Police, International Law Enforcement and Intelligence.

Prosecution / Judiciary: State & National Prosecutors and Judges.

**Prevention:** Ministry of Education, NGOs, Faith Groups, Private Sector and more.

#WePROTECT National Model Response



## **El Salvador and Guatemala**

- El Salvador since 2014, Guatemala since 2016.
- El Salvador now has a proactive National Cyber Crime Unit within the National Civil Police.
- Regular, ongoing training and mentoring.
- Smartphone App public outreach.
- 4000+ children sensitized





# The Programme in South East Asia





**Beneficiary agencies**: Specialized units of the Law Enforcement Agencies, Prosecution and Judiciary of ASEAN Countries

**The objective** of the Southeast Asian Programme on Cybercrime is to respond to identified needs in developing countries by supporting Member States to prevent and combat cybercrime in a holistic manner through the delivery of crime prevention and criminal justice technical support, based on UNODC assessment protocols and technical assistance tools.



#### **Major focus:**

1. Framework: Assessments of capabilities including legal framework and threat situation

#### 2. Capacity building:

A. Cybercrime - Addressing new and emergent threats: darknets, cryptocurrencies, combatting terrorism online/cyberterrorism

B. Child Sexual Exploitation -Strengthen capabilities of law enforcement and prosecution to investigate OCSE C. Digital evidence - Establish regional capabilities in digital forensics

#### 3. Cooperation

4. Raise awareness on cybercrime on several levels: Government officials, crim-just apparatus, industry and civil society



### MAJOR CYBERCRIME THREATS IN THE REGION



### ADDRESSING THE THREATS

#### **Upcoming activities:**

- Cryptocurrencies trainings throughout the region (how to trace bitcoin transactions and identify traces of money laundering and terrorist financing)
- Workshop on law enforcement use of social media
- Study on Darknet penetration and impact in Southeast Asia
- Conference on Online Child Sexual Exploitation
- Training for judges and prosecutors on basic cybercrime and digital evidence



### Thank-you

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