



Last update: 04/10/2018

San Marino

Membership to the Council of Europe	16 November 1988
Entry into force of the European Convention on Human Rights	22 March 1989
First case under supervision of execution	<i>Buscarini and Others</i> (24645/94) Judgment final on 18 February 1999
Total number of cases transmitted for supervision since the entry into force of the Convention	15
Total number of cases closed by final resolution	14

MAIN ISSUES BEFORE THE COMMITTEE OF MINISTERS - ONGOING SUPERVISION*

> Access to a court - length of proceedings related to expropriation

Denial of access to a court and excessive length of proceedings concerning the partial restitution of a land formerly belonging to a church institution amounting also to a violation of the right to peaceful enjoyment of possessions.

Beneficio Cappella Paolini (40786/98)
Judgment final on 13/10/2004

Status of execution
Standard supervision

* Detailed information concerning the Committee of Ministers' supervision of the execution of judgments and decisions of the European Court of Human Rights, notably the distinction between enhanced and standard supervision, are available on [the website of the Department for the Execution of Judgments](#).



SUPERVISION CLOSED - MAIN REFORMS ADOPTED**

> Foreigners - lawfulness and conditions of detention in view of extradition

An accessible, precise and foreseeable extradition procedure was enacted in 2014 reducing the risk of arbitrary detention pending extradition.

Toniolo (44853/10)
Judgment final on 19/11/2012

Final Resolution
CM/ResDH(2014)283

> Functioning of justice - fairness of criminal proceedings

Repealing of the possibility for judges to combine several judicial functions (e.g. investigating and trial functions).

Tierce and Others (24954/94+)
Judgment final on 25/07/2000

Recognition in 2003 of the right of accused persons to be heard in person by the judge at a public hearing in first instance and appeal proceedings.

Final Resolution
ResDH(2004)3

> Length of civil proceedings

Adoption of procedural and organisational changes to the judicial system in order to shorten the trial process, notably through the establishment of time limits for courts to deal with a case, punishment for parties prolonging cases through inactivity, and a redistribution of competences between judges.

Tierce (69700/01)
Judgment final on 03/12/2003

Final Resolution
CM/ResDH(2011)261

> Private life - use, disclosure or retention of information

Change of judicial practice and adoption of awareness-raising measures improving the protection against any divulgation of documents containing personal data.

M.N. and Others (28005/12)
Judgment final on 07/10/2015

Final Resolution
CM/ResDH(2017)250

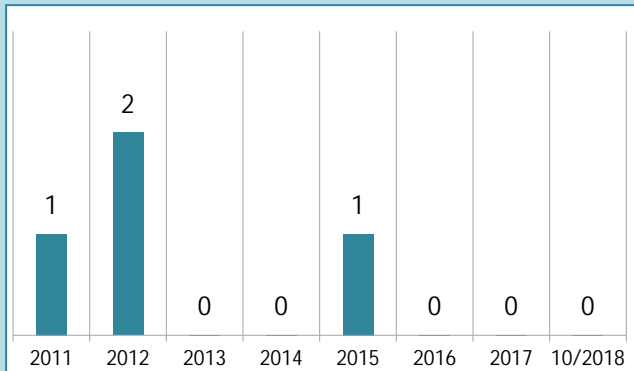
** This section may also include certain major reforms already implemented in the context of cases still pending.
For a thorough overview of reforms adopted since the entry into force of Protocol No. 11 in 1998 see the [Annual Report 2015](#), Part IV "Main achievements".
As regards the period 1959-1998, see the overview provided by the European Court in its special publication "[Survey : 40 years of activity](#)", section IV "Effects of judgments and decisions" – both documents, together with a number of additional ones, are available also on the website of the [Department for the Execution of Judgments of the European Court of Human Rights](#).



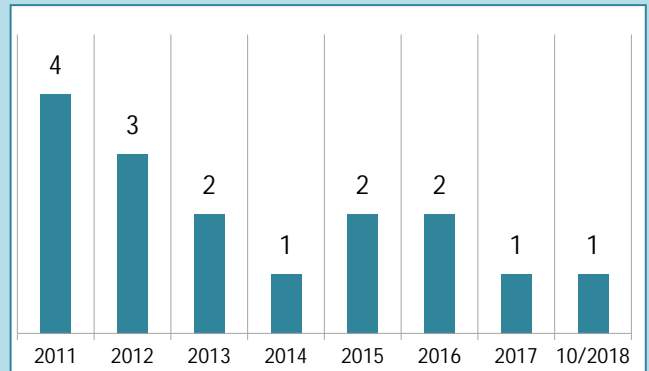
STATISTICS***

New cases

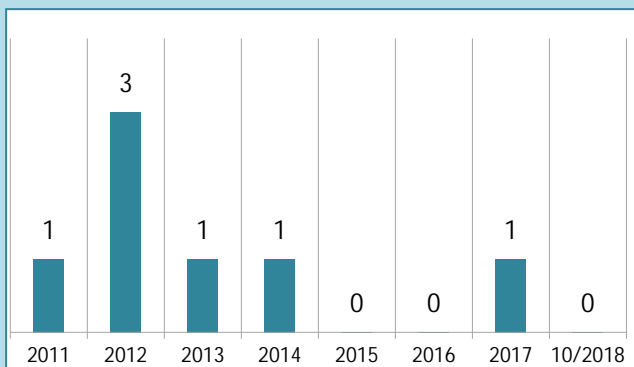
(judgments transmitted for supervision of their execution during the year)



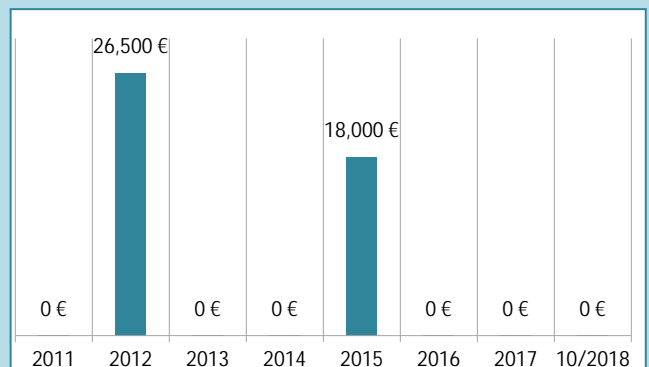
Total of pending cases



Cases closed by final resolution



Just satisfaction awarded



*** Detailed statistics are available in the [annual reports](#) of the Committee of Ministers. Figures are reported as they appear in the annual report for each year.