

Risk Assessment of Radicalization to Violence Applications of VERA-2 in Prisons

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What is Risk Assessment

Risk is ubiquitous-omnipresent

RISK ASSESMENT INCLUDES

- 1. THE IDENTIFICATION (variables),
- 2. THE EVALUATION (indicators),
- 3. THE ESTIMATION OF LEVEL of RISK

RISK ASSESSMENTS FOR VIOLENCE DIFFER NOT ONLY ONE KIND OF RISK ASSESSMENT

RISK ASSESSMENT APPLICATIONS RELEVANT BUT NOT LIMITED TO PRISONS

PRISONS & JUSTICE: DIFFERENT TYPES TOOLS NEEDED TO RESPOND TO NEEDS

- General violence/recidivism (Traditional)
- Radicalization to violence (New- not same as OCVO requires new solutions, different outcomes)
- RISK ASSESSMENT BROAD CONTEXT OUTSIDE PRISONS-also examples
- Business Risks; Risk to Critical Infrastructure; Defence/Military, CYBER, Other

IDENTIFYING RISK AND THREAT: Definitions

- RISK = probability (of injury or damage) X severity of the loss (harm) [R= p x h]
 - RISK THE ACTOR (producing the harm X severity of loss or damage)
 - RISK –OBJECT (object of harm X severity)

THREAT= Intention to act -extremist violence)
 X capacity-successfully carry out act [T=i x c]

TERMS AND MEANING: RADICALIZATION & VIOLENT RADICALIZATION

- Radicalization: the process of adopting or promoting an extremist IDEOLOGY OR BELIEF intended to advance political, religious or social change.
- Violent Radicalization: process of adopting an EXTREMIST BELIEF SYSTEM with the intention and justification of USING VIOLENCE to achieve political, religious of social goals = violent extremism

VIOLENT EXTREMISM & TERRORSM: DIFFICULT TO DEFINE

- EXTREMISM: REFERS TO ANY POLITICAL THEORY THAT HOLDS TO UNCOMPROMISING AND RIGID POLICIES OR IDEOLOLOGY
- EXTREMIST: ONE WHO HOLDS TO SUCH VIEWS (LAWFUL)
- VIOLENT EXTREMIST: ONE WHO USES (SUPPORTS) VIOLENCE TO ADVANCE THESE VIEWS OR RELATED ACTIONS DEFINED BY STATUTE AS UNLAWFUL IN FURTHERANCE OF AN IDEOLOGY OR PROSCRIBED GROUP -[PROCESS TO VIOLENT EXTREMISM]
- TERRORIST: ONE WHO USES IDEOLOGICAL BASED VIOLENCE TO FURTHER GOALS WITH THE INTENTION TO CAUSE FEAR IN A CIVILIAN POPULATION

WHAT IS THE VERA*-2?

*VIOLENT EXTREMIST RISK ASSESSMENT

- RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL
 - 1. DEVELOPED SPECIFICALLY FOR RISK ASSESSMENT OF RADICALIZATION TO VIOLENT EXTREMISM [TERRORISM]
 - 2. VERA DEVELOPED IN 2008-9 PSC website
 - 3. REVISED IN 2010 as VERA-2 & 2015 VERA-2+REM
 - WITH NETHERLANDS INSTITUTE OF FORENSIC PSYCHIATRY & PSYCHOLOGY [NIFP] MIN. SECURITY AND JUSTICE, NL.
- TO ESTABLISH RISK LEVEL MEASURE FOR EACH INDICATOR AND OVERALL RISK (criterion defined levels)
- USED IN PRISONS + NATIONAL SECURITY APPLICATIONS, POLICING AND/OR PRISONS on 4 CONTINENTS - uses dynamic indicators - process

VERA 2 + REM RISK INDICATORS N=34 COMPLEX DYNAMIC CAUSAL MODEL



VERA & VERA -2 Risk Indicators

VERA (2009) N=28

VERA 2 (2010) N=31

Attitudes (10)

Beliefs & Attitudes (7)

Contextual (4)

Context & Intent (7)

Historical(6)

History & Capability (6)

Protective(5)

Commitment/Motivation (5)

Demographic (3)

Protective (6)

NEW VERA DEVELOPMENTS VERA-2 + REM*

NL, GERMANY SWITZERLAND, BELGIUM, UK

VERA 2 (2010) n=31

VERA 2 + REM [NIFP] N=34

Beliefs & Attitudes (7)

Beliefs & Attitudes (7)

Context & Intent (7)

Context & Intent (7)

History & Capability (6)

History & Capability (6)

Commitment/Motivation (5)

Commitment/Motivation (8)

Protective (6)

Protective (6)

VERA Revisions Informed By Empirical Experience & Expert Opinion from:

- Correctional Experts following use
- Forensic psychologists and psychiatrists
- Risk Assessment Methodologists-International Experts
- Law Enforcement-operational users
- Terrorism Researchers
- Input from Canada, USA, Europe, Australia, countries in S.E. Asia

DISTINCT TOOL NEEDED: MAJOR DIFFERENCES ORDINARY CRIMINAL VIOLENCE AND VIOLENT EXTREMISM

- PREVIOUS VIOLENCE
- YOUNG AGE AT 1ST VIOLENCE
- RELATIONSHIP INSTABILITY
- MALTREATMENT IN YOUTH
- POOR PARENTING
- EDUCATIONAL FAILURE
- EMPLOYMENT PROBLEMS
- PERSONAL GAIN

- MAJOR MENTAL ILLNESS
- PSYCHOPATHY
- PERSONALITY DISORDER
- LACK OF INSIGHT
- STRESS
- IMPULSIVITY
- PATHOLOGICAL LYING

VIOLENT EXTREMISTS: INDICATOR DIFFERENCES

- DEEP CONVICTION/ NOT SUPERFICIAL FEELING AS IN PSYCHOPATHY
- JUSTIFICATION for ACTION- OFTEN RELATED TO HIGHER AUTHORITY, THAT IS A MORAL JUSTIFICATION
- NOT USUALLY MOTIVATED BY CRIMINOGENIC NEEDS, ALCOHOL, DRUG ADDICTION, PHYSICAL COMPULSIONS

Violent Extremism: Differences from Ordinary Violent Offenders

- ACTION FOR GLORIFICATION- NOT PERSONAL GAIN+ MIXED MOTIVES
- SELECTIVE EMPATHY, NOT ABSENCE OF EMPATHY
- EDUCATION OR EMPLOYMENT FAILURE NOT NOTABLE
- CHILDREARING- ABUSE NOT USUALLY RELEVANT
- STABLE FAMILY FREQUENT

- LESS MENTAL ILLNESS
- PSYCHOPATHY NOT TYPICAL
- IMPUSLE CONTROL PROBLEMS MINIMAL
- ATTITUDES IDEOLOGICAL, MORALISTIC
- STRATEGIC LYING; NOT PATHOLOGICAL LYING
- PURPOSEFUL, PLANNED-NOT IMPULSIVE
- ACCEPTS RESPONSIBILITY

SPECTRUM OF VIOLENT EXTREMISM: PRISONS: ACTION VERSUS CONVICTION

- ISIS/ISIL; Al-Qaeda inspired actors;
- Right-wing extremism Left-wing extremism
- Anarchists: Rejection of laws –Freemen; Sov Cit.
- Returning/aspiring Foreign Terrorist Fighters
- Eco-terrorists- (attacks on critical infrastructure +)
- Nationalists, Separatists
- Other ideological-based extremism: political-religious-ideological
- ISIS infiltration of migrant, other populations

WHO CAN USE THE VERA-2

- TRAINED INDIVIDUALS IN VERA 2 PROTOCOL
- REQUIRES KNOWLEDGE OF TERRORISM*
- ANALYTICAL EXPERIENCE DESIRABLE
- PREFERENCE TO USE AS PART OF BATTERY-
- USE WITH ALL REPORTS, CASE FILE DATA, OBSERVATIONS, INTELLIGENCE
- POSSIBLE TO APPLY WITH FILE DATA, REPORT INFORMATION, ONSEERVATIONS
 - ACCESS PROBLEMS & ROLE OF DECEPTION

KNOWLEDGE BASE OF TERRORISM (VIOLENT EXTREMISM)



BEHAVIORAL SYSTEMMATIC ASSESSMENT APPROACH Risk indicators
USING SPJ &
evidence based
approach

PRISONS & RISK ASSESSMENT PROTOCOLS: BASIC PREMISES

- 1. NOT ALL RISK ASSESSSMENTS RELATE TO MENTAL HEALTH
- 2. VERA-2 ADMINISTRATION: NOT NECESSARILY BY PSYCHOLOGISTS: (e.g. Intelligence personnel, social work, other counselors)
- 3. DIRECT ACCESS TO CLIENT NOT ESSENTIAL: (e.g. use of file data, observations, reports, trajectory of risk)
- 4. DIFFERENT TYPES OF VALIDITY EXIST: NOT ONLY PREDICTIVE VALIDITY- RELEVANCE TO DYNAMIC PROCESSES & PURPOSEFUL ACTION

STRUCTURED PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT [SPJ]

- 1. Systematic, STRUCTURED way to make decisions
- 2. Criterion-definition based ratings provide reliability
- 3. Accepted methodology used in other violence risk tools (HCR-20, SAVRY....)
- 4. Appropriate for indicator complexity of VE (not binary)

STRUCTURED PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT

- 5. Provides judgment of the likelihood of reoffending-(estimation) – based on inductive logic
- 6. Assists decision transparency (e.g. court)
- 7. Provides for repeat administrations for identifying/measuring change
- 8. Assist judgment, not replaces judgment

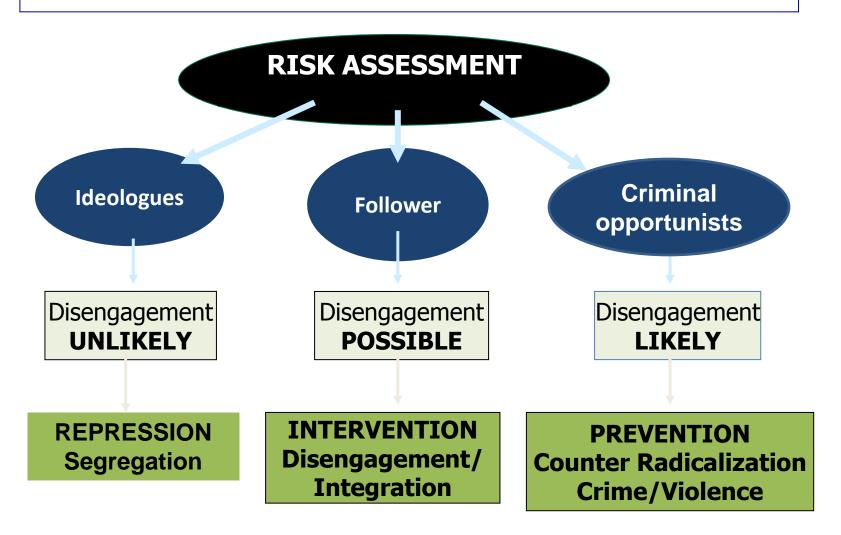
ROLE IN PRISONS

- CLASSIFICATION
- PROGRAMS
- PLACEMENT
- EARLY RELEASE
- DETAINED AWAITING TRIAL
- PROGRAMS PLANNING /IMPLEMENTATION: [RAN]

CASE-BY CASE: NEED DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL TO IDENTIFY SPECIFIC GOALS

AWARNESS * FIRST LINE CONTACTS [RAN]

Example of Rehabilitation Program Model USING VERA-2



VIOLENT EXTREMIST Risk Assessment

Linked intelligence/security information, behavioral analysis

+

General crime/violence risk



Terrorism risk (VERA-2)



RISK JUDGEMENT



Decisions/Action

Classification, Placement, Associations, Programs, Progression

WHY USE THE VERA-2 + REM

- 1. RELEVANCE: Appropriate indicators for ideologically motivated violence- spectrum
- 2. NEED: in prison setting for violent extremists
- 3. VALIDITY: independent study support 2013

 CONSTRUCT VALIDITY; CONTENT VALIDITY;

 USER/EXPERT CONSUMER VALIDITY; DEDUCTIVE

 VALIDITY, FACE VALIDITY: DATA /ACCESS /BASE-RATE

 PROBLEMS: PLANS FOR INTERNATIONAL DATA BASE
- 4. RELIABILITY: independent support- 2013 +

WHY USE THE VERA-2+ REM

5. SPJ: ACCEPTED, APPROPRIATE METHOD

Actuarial not feasible, less structured is less accurate

6. PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT:

Role retained: important for a complex dynamic model

7. USERS IN METHOD- COMPETENCE

Prison staff, intelligence officers, * availability

8. MEASUREMENT CAPABILITY

Ratings permit collection of information to provide behavioral evidence of change

9. MULTI-EU COUNTRY INITIATIVE FOR DATA-BASE DEVELOPMENT — LED BY NL + GERMANY; BELGIUM, SWITZERLAND, UK WITH DISCUSSIONS FOR OTHERS

VERA-2 [+REM] INDIVIDUAL RISK ASSESSMENT

- NOT A SILVER BULLET BEST PRACTICE-
- Reasoned Systematic, Consistent, Scientific, Transparent Approach
- Independent support obtained for validity and reliability – important for repeat measures
- More data required + broader evaluation [NIFP]

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES CAN BE MET

- 1) TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ON THE LIKELIHOOD OF VIOLENT EXTREMIST ACTION AND HOW TO TRY TO PREVENT THIS; COLLABORATION; INCREASE AWARENESS IN STAFF WITH INDICATORS
- 2) TO PROVIDE INFORMATION TO ASSIST INTERVENTION ACTION- CASE-BY-CASE as recommended by [RAN]

RAN, (2015). Preventing Radicalization to Terrorism and Violent Extremism. http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/home-affairs/what-we-do/networks/radicalisation_awareness_network/ran-best-practices/docs/ran_collection-approaches_and_practices_en.pdf

- 3) TO MONITOR PROGRAM EFFICACY
- 4) EARLY SIGNS OF RADICALIZATION IN PRISONS MONITORING
- 5) PERTINENT INFORMATION FOR EARLY RELEASE DECISIONS

Thank you. Questions?

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