

# Programmatic Cooperation Framework for Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Republic of Moldova, Ukraine and Belarus





# Satisfaction surveys on the Assessment of Sheki Appellate Court have been carried out

within the framework of the

"Support to Increased Efficiency of Courts, Improved Training of Judges and Judicial Self-governance in Azerbaijan" project of the Council of Europe and European Union

Eastern Partnership Programmatic Co-operation Framework 2015-2017.

**Final Report** 

on the satisfaction survey of

**Sheki Appellate Court** 

carried out in 2016

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# 1. Acknowledgement

Azerbaijan announced the protection of human rights as its primary goal and continues successful implementation of fundamental judicial legal reforms in close cooperation with influential international organizations towards improving the efficiency of justice and modernization of the judicial system. In this sense, the project on "Support to Increased Efficiency of Courts, Improved Training of Judges and Judicial Self-governance in Azerbaijan" implemented in Eastern Partnership countries within the Programmatic Co-operation Framework is very essential. Within the framework of the project implementation, for the first time, working group headed by the Project Coordinator Mr. Leonid Antohi held meetings on behalf of CEPEJ with the manager, judges and administration staff of the Court in the administrative building of Sheki Appellate Court. During the meetings, the essence of the CEPEJ tools within the framework of relevant educational programs developed for improving the efficiency and quality of justice were clarified, and views exchanged towards implementation of these tools. At later stages, reports in accordance with CEPEJ tools have been prepared and submitted, and discussion of the reports has been carried out by the CEPEJ experts during the meetings in Baku with the participation of the representatives of another 4 (Sumgayit Appellate, Baku City Yasamal District, Oghuz District and Sumgait City Administrative-Economic) pilot courts as well as the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Azerbaijan and Judicial Legal Council where the status of implementation of the SATURN Guidelines for judicial time management has been evaluated.

In addition, meetings outside the country (in Strasbourg, France and Tallin and Tartu, Estonia) with the representatives of the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Azerbaijan and Judicial Legal Council and five pilot courts have been conducted within the framework of the project, where the lectures were presented on the methodology of the satisfaction surveys in compliance with the CEPEJ recommendations, and visual aids translated into Azerbaijani were introduced describing the experiences gained in this field. In particular, we would like to note that we got well-acquainted with the Estonian judicial system during the visits to the Estonian Supreme Court and Tartu Appellate Court.

Over the past period, satisfaction surveys on evaluating the Sheki Appellate Court have been carried out by applying CEPEJ tools among the court users, judges and court employees; statistical data from the last year has been collected and analysis have been carried out on both features. As a result of the satisfaction surveys, areas for improvement have been discovered and objectives were identified to fix them. Using the indicators recommended by CEPEJ experts during the statistical data analysis, it is possible to clearly observe how the court operates, particularly, the its challenges and obstacles. For example, the prolonged use of the recommended indicators such as "Clearance Rate (CR)" and "Disposition Time (DT)" could evaluate the effectiveness of judges and overall judicial activity.

Finally, we would like to thank the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Azerbaijan, Judicial Legal Council of the Republic of Azerbaijan, everyone who contributed as well as the European Union for its financial support and Project Coordinator Mr. Leonid Antohi and the expert group for supporting our participation in the project of the Council of Europe and European Union's Eastern Partnership Programmatic Co-operation Framework 2015-2017 on "Support to Increased Efficiency of Courts, Improved Training of Judges and Judicial Self-governance in Azerbaijan" implemented by the Council of Europe, for the theoretical and practical knowledge received about the ways of improving the judicial activities and for the opportunity to be part of interesting and useful events abroad, and we hope to meet again within the framework of the implementation of similar useful projects at the international events and at Sheki Appellate Court which was built in accordance with the modern standards.

We would like to express confidence that the knowledge acquired during the project implementation, and the promotion of the use of CEPEJ tools and checklist among all the courts will enhance the effectiveness of justice.

# 2. List of diagrams

- **Diagram** 1: Indicator on age of court users;
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- **Diagram** 13: Indicator on material resources of the court according to the lawyers;
- **Diagram** 14: Indicator on court's staff resources according to the lawyers;
- **Diagram** 15: Indicatror on the gender of the court's staff;
- **Diagram** 16: Indicator on the age of the court's staff;
- **Diagram** 17: Indicator on the work experience of the court's staff.

#### 3. Introduction

#### 3.1 About the project

One of the main goals of the "Support to Increased Efficiency of Courts, Improved Training of Judges and Judicial Self-governance in Azerbaijan" project of the Council of Europe and European Union, Eastern Partnership Programmatic Co-operation Framework for 2015-2017 is to support the implementation of CEPEJ tools in five pilot courts (Sheki Appellate, Sumgayit Appellate, Baku City Yasamal District, Oghuz District and Sumgait City Administrative-Economic) of the Republic of Azerbaijan as a public service to enhance the effectiveness and quality of justice.

It should be noted that the creation of the permanent commission composed of the experts of all member states became necessary in order to regulate and coordinate judicial legal reforms, and to monitor member states' compliance with the Council of Europe's standards on justice administration. Consequently, the European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice (CEPEJ) was set up on 18 September 2002 by the Resolution (Res(2012)12) of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe at the plenary meeting 808 initiated by the European Justice Ministries during the London summit in 2002.

During the course of the project, CEPEJ experts visited the pilot courts, conducted meetings with the court managers, judges and court staff, carried out analysis of the statistical data of the court and finally, developed satisfaction survey questionnaires on court assessment which were sent to the courts for execution. Satisfaction surveys are useful tools for court managers to understand the expectations of people, then to assess the functioning of the court and to plan possible amendments. In this respect, satisfaction surveys were conducted on the evaluation of the Sheki Appellate Court among the court users and lawyers in the Sheki Appellate Court, one of the pilot courts, during **August 15- October 1, 2016** and among the court staff on **October 10** by national experts of the project in order to allow a better evaluation of the expectations of respondents (court users, lawyers and court staff) regarding various aspects of the court's performance.

#### 3.2 About the Court

According to the Article 125 of the Constitution of the Republic of Azerbaijan, which has the highest and direct power, judicial power shall be implemented solely by judicial bodies. Judicial power shall be exercised via constitutional, civil and criminal legal proceedings and in other forms specified by the Law.

As stated in the Article 7 of the Law of Azerbaijan Republic on "Court and Judges", as set down in Article 25 of the Constitution of the Republic of Azerbaijan, justice in the Republic of Azerbaijan is administered on the basis of the principle of equality of everyone before the law and the court, irrespective of race, nationality, religion, language, sex, origin, proprietary status, public rank, conscience, membership in political parties, trade unions or other civil organizations. According to the Article 61 of the same law, subject to point I of Article 132, the court of appeal is a higher instance court on civil, administrative and economic disputes, and criminal and administrative offences cases.

New appellate courts were established in Ganja, Sumqayit, Sheki and Shirvan by the Decree of the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan on application of the Law of the Republic of Azerbaijan "On changes and amendments to some legislative acts of the Republic of Azerbaijan" dated 19 January 2006, and since 16 July 2007 appellate courts including Sheki Appellate Court started their operations in order to create favorable conditions for the administration of justice for the citizens.

Sheki Appellate Courts consist of 14 judges and 47 court employees. Criminal, military, civil, administrative-economical boards of the Court hear appeals and appeal protests made under court acts on the cases heard by the courts of first instance assigned to its territorial jurisdiction (Agdash District Court, Balakan District Court, Goychay District Court, Ismayilli District Court, Gakh District Court, Gebele District Court, Mingechevir City Court, Oghuz District Court, Sheki District Court, Yevlakh District Court, Zagatala District Court, Sheki Court on Grave Crimes, Sheki Administrative-Economic Court Ganja and Terter Military Courts (for cases on crimes committed in the territorial units included in the jurisdiction of Sheki Appellate Court and on other materials).

#### 3.3 Methodology

Several satisfaction survey methodologies were suggested to assess the satisfaction level of the court users and the lawyers. Sheki Appellate Court used the paper-based survey with the participation of internal resources, i.e. *questionnaires were filled out by the respondents in the courts*. Three places —two places near the court halls on the first floor of the court complex, and one place on the second floor- were identified for this purpose. Questionnaires were placed on the tables marked in front for the court users and lawyers, transparent boxes were placed in between the tables and favorable conditions were created for the respondents filling the questionnaires. In addition, information was placed on the columns on both sides of the public entrance and public zone of the court, and announcement board was put right in front of the general entrance in order to encourage the visitors of the court hearings to participate in the survey.

The information and the advertisement board stated that the measures to protect anonymity will be ensured. Moreover, in order to conduct satisfaction surveys among the court visitors, court staff involved in promotional activities were mentioning that information provided by respondents would be kept anonymous.

108 court users, 17 judges and 39 court staff participated in the satisfaction survey on assessment of the Sheki Appellate Court.

#### 4. Conclusions

#### 4.1 Satisfaction surveys of court users

Satisfaction surveys (Annex 7.1) among court users were conducted during August 15- October 1, 2016 with the participation of 108 respondents.

According to the survey, 37% of respondents were aged 31-51, 66% of them were a party at the court and 32% of respondents acting as a party were in favor of decisions made about them.

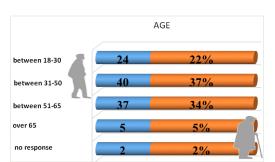
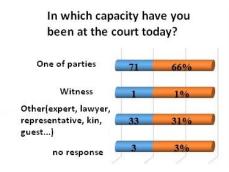
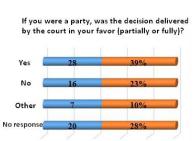


Diagram 1: Indicator on age of the court users

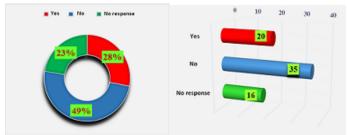


**Diagram 2:** Indicator on the capacity of court users acting in the court

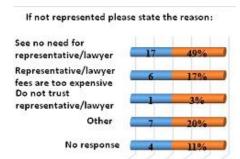


**Diagram 3:** Indicator on whether the decision of the court in relation to the court user acting as a party at the court is for his/her favor

It was identified that 49% of 71 respondents who were a party, were not represented by lawyer or representative and 48% reasoned it as seening no need for a representative.



**Diagram 4:** Indicator on whether the court user is represented by a lawyer or a representative when he/she is party at the court;



**Diagram 5:** Indicator on the reason for the court users not being represented by a lawyer

88% of respondents came with the aim to participate at the proceedings and 56% of them were going to participate at the civil proceedings.

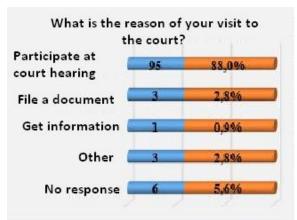


Diagram 6: Indicator on court users' reasons for the court visit;

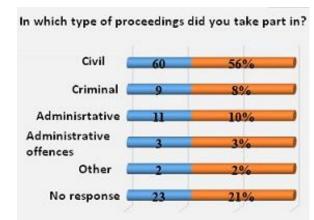


Diagram 7: Indictator on type of proceedings court users take part in

108 court users participating in the satisfaction survey expresed their satisfaction by selecting one of the answers on the questions defining the satisfaction:

- 1: very dissatisfied;
- 2: not satisfied;
- 3: neutral (neither dissatisfied nor satisfied);
- 4: satisfied;
- 5: very satisfied.
- or "don't know"

Answers expressing the satisfaction degree were analysed in order to define the satisfaction level. Number of respondents having **no response** or those with "**don't know**" replies were not included into the total responses during the analysis.

No		Question	Average score
1.	Q.8	Are you satisfied with the court activity?	3,7
2.	Q.9	Do proceedings last long?	3,5
3.	Q.10	Evaluate the court expenses excluding the lawyer/representative fees you	3,5
		have spent	
4.	Q.11	Do you trust the judicial system?	3,6
5.	Q.12	Overall satisfaction of the court	3,7
6.	Q.13	Was it easy to find information about your rights?	4,1

7.	Q.14	Are you satisfied with the information provided by the court?	4,04
8.	Q.15	The location of the court building	4
9.	Q.16	Signs inside the courthouse	4,7
10.	Q.17	Waiting conditions	4,7
11.	Q.18	Level of furnishing at the court room	4,8
12.	Q.19	Clarity of court notifications and summons	4,5
13.	Q.20	Was time lapse between court's notifications/ summons and court hearing satisfactory?	4,2
14.	Q.21	Was punctuality of hearings and conditions under which your case was called in good?	4,2
15.	Q.22	Your opinion about the attitude and politeness of court's staff	4,6
16.	Q.23	Level of competence of court's staff	4,3
17.	Q.24	Attitude and politeness of judges	4,4
18.	Q.25	Judge's way of expressing himself/herself	4,3
19.	Q.26	Judge's impartiality in conducting the oral proceedings	3,9
20.	Q.27	Time allocated to you or your lawyer/ representative to make submissions	4,2
21.	Q.28	Clarity of court's decision	4,04
22.	Q.29	Assess the material-technical resources of the court	4,6
23.	Q.30	Information provided in response to your request	4,3
		Average score for questions 8-30	4,2

As seen, average score of about  $\underline{74\%}$  of the questions determining the level of satisfaction was  $\underline{4 \text{ or above}}$ , and average score for  $\underline{23 \text{ questions}}$  determining the level of satisfaction was  $\underline{4,2}$ .

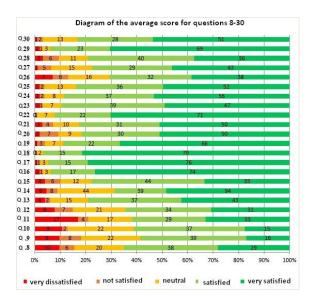
## 5 questions that had the highest average score during the analysis

No		Question	Average
			score
1.	Q.18	Level of furniture at the court room	4,8
2.	Q.16	Signs inside the courthouse	4,7
3.	Q.17	Waiting conditions	4,7
4.	Q.22	Your opinion about the attitude and politeness of court's staff	4,6
5.	Q.29	Assess the material-technical resources of the court	4,6

## and 5 questions with the lowest average score.

No		Question	Orta qiymət
1.	Q.9	Do proceedings last long?	3,5
2.	Q.10	Evaluate the court expenses excluding the lawyer/representative fees you have spent	3,5
3.	Q.11	Do you trust the judicial system?	3,6
4.	Q.8	Are you satisfied with the court activity?	3,7
5.	Q.12	Overall satisfaction of the court	3,7

#### Assessment of questions 8-30 determining the satisfaction level



As a result of analysis, it turned out that during the past year 41% of the court users used registry services to get documents (e.g. copy of the evidences),

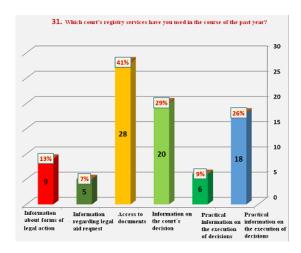


Diagram 8: Indicator on types of court's registry services used by the court users in the course of the past year

and 52% contacted the registry department via the post.

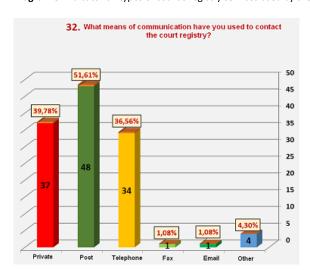


Diagram 9: Indicator on means of communication used by the court users to contact the court registry

## 4.2 Satisfaction surveys of the lawyers

Information about the performance of 15 lawyers out of 17 participating in the satisfaction survey conducted among the lawyers (**Annex 7.2**) during August 15- October 1, 2016 is shown below.

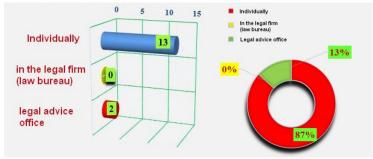


Diagram 10: Indicator on how the lawyers carry out their activities

<u>17 lawyers</u> participating in the satisfaction survey expressed their satisfaction by selecting one of the answers on the questions defining the satisfaction:

- 1: very dissatisfied;
- 2: not satisfied;
- 3: neutral (neither dissatisfied nor satisfied);
- 4: satisfied;
- 5: very satisfied.
- or "don't know"

Answers expressing the satisfaction degree were analysed in order to define the satisfaction level. Number of respondents having **no response** or those with "**don't know**" replies were not included into the total responses during the analysis.

No		Question	Average
			score
1.	Q.2	Overall satisfaction of the court	4,0
2.	Q.3	Court costs / fees	4,0
3.	Q.4	Access to the court's decisions	4,2
4.	Q.5	Communication between the court and lawyers	4,1
5.	Q.6	Promptness of responses to your requests	4,4
6.	Q.7	Quality and reliabilty of thet registry's responses	4,2
7.	Q.8	Quality of the website of the court	3,2
8.	Q.9	Signs inside the courthouse	4,8
9.	Q.10	Conditions for meeting with the clients	4,5
10.	Q.11	Furnishing and equipment of courtrooms	4,2
11.	Q.12	Politeness and attitude of the court's staff	4,5
12.	Q.13	Level of professionalism oft he court's staff	4,1
13.	Q.14	Availability of the court's staff	3,8
14.	Q.15	Clarity of court organisation and administrative responsibilities	4,5
15.	Q.16	Computerised management of proceedings	3,2
16.	Q.17	Punctuality of hearings	3,8
17.	Q.18	Judges' politeness and attitude	4,3
18.	Q.19	Judges' level of professionalism	4,3
19.	Q.20	Organisation and progression of hearings	4,4
20.	Q.21	Impartiality of the judges in conducting hearings	3,4
21.	Q.22	Independence of judges	3,8
22.	Q.23	Clarity of the decisions	4,2

24	Q.25 Enforcement of decisions  Average score for question 2-25	2,9
23	Q.24 Rapid handling of cases	3,9

As seen, average score of about  $\underline{64\%}$  of the questions determining the level of satisfaction was  $\underline{4 \text{ or above}}$ , and average score for  $\underline{24 \text{ questions}}$  determining the level of satisfaction was  $\underline{4,03}$ .

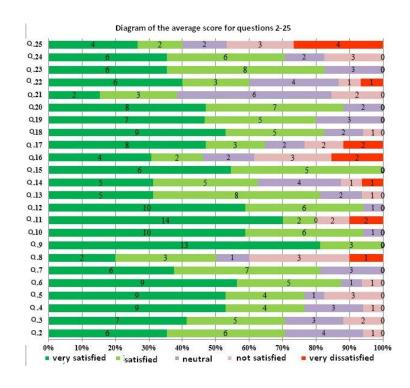
#### 5 questions that had the highest average score during the analysis

No		Question	Average
			score
1.	Q.9	Signs inside the courthouse	4,8
2.	Q.10	Conditions for meeting with the clients	4,5
3.	Q.12	Politeness and attitude of the court's staff	4,5
4.	Q.15	Clarity of court organisation and administrative responsibilities	4,5
5.	Q.20	Organisation and progression of hearings	4,4

#### and 7 questions with the lowest average score

No		Question	Average
			score
1.	Q.25	Enforcement of decisions	2,9
2.	Q.8	Quality of the website of the court	3,2
3.	Q.16	Computerised management of proceedings	3,2
4.	Q.21	Impartiality of the judges in conducting hearings	3,4
5.	Q.14	Availability of the court's staff	3,8
6.	Q.17	Punctuality of hearings	3,8
7.	Q.22	Independence of judges	3,8

## Assessment of the questions 2-25 determining the satisfaction level



During the analysis, it turned out that 69% of lawyers think functioning of the court has improved over the last 5 years,

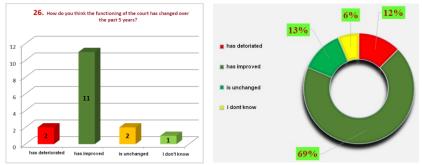
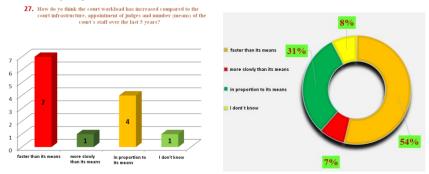


Diagram 11: Indicator on how, accoding to the lawyers, the court functioning changed during the past 5 years

54% think that over the last 5 years the court workload has increased faster than its means compared to infrastructure, appointment of judges and number (means) of the court's staff,



**Diagram 12:** Indicator on how, accoding to the lawyers, the court workload increased compared to the court infrastructure, appointment of judges and number (means) of the court's staff

#### 73% think material resources of the court are sufficient,

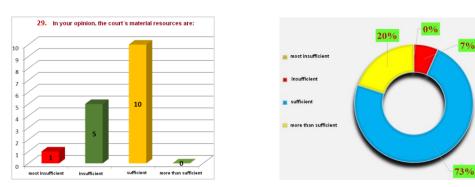
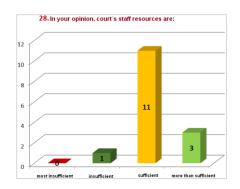
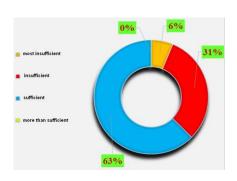


Diagram 13: Indicator on material resources of the court according to the lawyers

#### 63% think resources of the court staff are sufficient.





## 4.3 Satisfaction survey of the court's staff

On October 10, national experts conducted satisfaction surveys (**Annex 7.3**) among the court's staff to evaluate the Sheki Appellate Court.

Below are the answers of 39 staff who participated in the satisfaction survey. On gender indicator 24 of 35 respondents were male and 11 females.

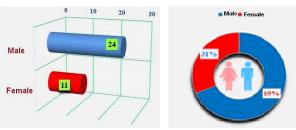


Diagram 15: Indicator on the gender of the court's staff

28 out of 34 court's staff were between the ages 25-44,

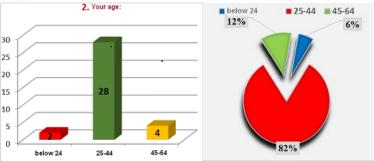


Diagram 16: Indicator on the age of the court's staff

14 out of 27 respondents had 5-10 years of work experience.

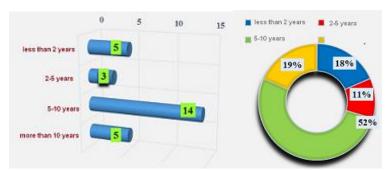


Diagram 17: Indicator on the work experience of the court's staff

<u>39 court's staff</u> participating in the satisfaction survey expressed their satisfaction by selecting one of the numbers shown below:

#### to a very small extent ------ 1 2 3 4 5 ----- to a great extent

Answers expressing the satisfaction degree were analysed in order to define the satisfaction level. Number of respondents having <u>no response</u> or those with <u>"don't know"</u> replies were not included into the total responses during the analysis.

No		Question	Average
			score
1.	Q.6	In general, how satisfied are you with your job?	4,3
2.	Q.7	To what extent does your job require you to take initiative?	4,5
3.	Q.8	To what extent are you able to acquire new knowledge through your job?	4,2
4.	Q.9	To what extent does your job allow you to use your professional	4,2

		knowledge and skills?	
5.	Q.10	To what extent do you feel your job is important?	4,6
6.	Q.11	To what extent do you find your job interesting?	4,4
7.	Q.12	How often do you feel unfairly divided workload?	4,0
8.	Q.13	How often do you feel need for extra time to complete your job?	3,5
9.	Q.14	To what extent do you feel informed in advance about important	4,0
		decisions, changes or future?	,
10.	Q.15	To what extent do you feel you have sufficient information to do your job	4,3
		properly?	
11.	Q.16	To what extent are you aware of what is expected from you?	4,2
12.	Q.17	To what extent are you aware of your job responsibilities?	4,8
13.	Q.18	To what extent does your immediate supervisor provide feedback about	4,2
		your job?	
14.	Q.19	To what extent is the head of administration (or supervisor) is capable of	4,5
		handling the disputes?	
15.	Q.20	To what extent can you share your opinions and suggestions with the head	4,2
		of the administration (or supervisor)?	
16.	Q.21	Are there good relations between your colleagues?	4,6
17.	Q.22	How often one can witness good relations between your colleagues in the	4,2
		workplace?	
18.	Q.23	To what extent do you feel a part of the team?	4,2
19.	Q.24	To what extent does the management acknowledge and appreciate your	4,0
		work?	
20.	Q.25	To what extent does the management treat you with respect?	4,3
21.	Q.26	To what extent do you get fair treatment at work	4,2
22.	Q.27	In your opinion, to what extent do you get paid fairly compared to the	3,6
		same level jobs within the organization?	
22	0.40		
23.	Q.28	To what extent is the payroll system acceptable to you	3,2
24.	Q.29	To what extent does the payroll system encourage you to do more?	3,3
25.	Q.29 Q.30	To what extent does the payton system electriage you to do more:  To what extent do you trust the decisions of the court manager in relation	4,6
25.	Q.50	to court organization?	4,0
26.	Q.31	To what extent does the court manager make effective decisions?	4,4
27.	Q.31 Q.32	To what extent unbiased is the court as an employer?	4,5
28.	Q.32 Q.33	How innovative is your court?	4,4
29.	Q.34	How often do you think about searching for the new job?	3,7
30.	Q.35	How often do you take part in the events for improving the professional	3,4
50.	<b>Q.</b> 55	knowledge?	J, <del>T</del>
		Average score for the questions 6-35	4,1
		11. Clage bedie for the questions of the	•9-

As seen, average score of the <u>78%</u> of the questions determining the level of satisfaction was <u>4 or above</u>, and average score for <u>30 questions</u> determining the level of satisfaction was <u>4,1</u>.

## 6 questions that had the highest average score during the analysis

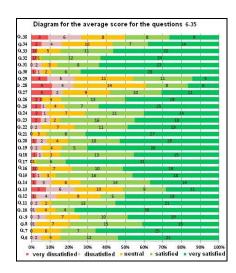
No		Question	Average
			score
6.	Q.17	To what extent are you aware of your job responsibilities?	4,8
7.	Q.10	To what extent do you feel your job is important?	4,6
8.	Q.21	Are you in good relations with your colleagues?	4,6
9.	Q.30	To what extent do you trust the decisions of the court manager in relation	4,6
		to court organization?	
10.	Q.19	To what extent is the head of administration (or supervisor) is capable of	4,5
		handling the disputes?	

11	0.32	How unbiased is the court as an employer?	4.5	
	V.U.	Tiow anotabed is the court as an emptoyer.	-,-	- 1

#### and 6 questions with the lowest average score.

No		Question	Average
			score
1.	Q.28	How acceptable is the payroll system to you?	3,2
2.	Q.29	To what extent does the payroll system encourage you to do more?	3,3
3.	Q.35	How often do you take part in the events for improving the professional	3,4
		knowledge?	
4.	Q.13	How often do you feel need for extra time to complete your job?	3,5
5.	Q.27	In your opinion, how fairly do you get paid compared to the same level	3,6
		jobs within the organization?	
6.	Q.34	How often do you think about searching for the new job?	3,7

Assessment of the questions 6-35 determining the satisfaction level



# 5. Action Plan based on the results

The following Action Plan was developed by Sheki Appellate Court in order to eliminate the shortcomings identified as a result of the analysis of satisfaction surveys:

No	Objectives	Actions	Person(s)	Timeline	Resources	Notes
			Responsible			
1.	To take necessary	To analyse the status	Relevant	Twice a year	Internal	
	measures in order to	of the implementation	judges and		resources	
	accelerate the execution	of decisions via	court's			
	of decisions	reviewing the archived	administration.			
		cases of the Court.				
2.	To ensure the court's staff	To ensure transparancy	Head of	Regularly	Internal	
	accessibility, to monitor	of information about	Administration		resources	
	their compliance with the	the internal telephone				
	requirements of the	numbers and electronic				
	procedural law.	communication means,				
		to conduct monitorings				

3.	To ensure punctuality of hearings	To summarize the results by conducting monitorings.	Management and the Head of Administration	Regularly	Internal resources
4.	To ensure efficiency of the judicial proceedings (Do proceedings take a long time)	collection of evidences essential before the oral hearings and discuss the summary results on "Disposition Time (DT)"	Judges and Court Administration	Periodically	Internal resources
5.	To ensure professional capacity building of the court's administration	To invite all staff of the administration to regular seminars conducted in the Court and review the possibility of internal certification	Court Administration	Regularly	Internal resources
6.	To summarize the status of compliance with the procedural law by boards	To investigate by selection the preparation of the procedural documents and the quality of the court's service for the court users	Board Chairpersons and Court Administration	Periodically	Internal resources

# 6. Summary

Sheki Appellate Court constantly analyses its activities in order to increase the level of satisfaction between the users, and takes necessary measures to improve the quality of the service. In this direction, opinions of the users are treated with special attention and care, and there are plans to conduct satisfaction surveys in future as well.

# 7. Annexes

# 7.1 Annex. Questionnaire for court users

Time:   _   Date:   _   2016 Questionnaire number:   _   _							
(filled by a respondent)			(fil	led by a si	urveyor)		
1. Age							
□ between 18-30		□b	etween 3	31-50			
□ between 51-65		□a	bove 65				
2. Did you have any case in other court besides	Sheki A	Appe	llate Co	urt?			
□Yes		1					
3. In which capacity have you been at the Cour	t today						
☐ One of parties			Vitness				
Other (expert, representative, lawyer, kin, guest	etc.):	1					
4. What was the reason of your visit to the cour	rt?						
☐ Court hearing / Court appearance		□F	File a do	cument			
☐ To get information			Other:				
<u>If you didn't</u>	t come f	or the	e hearin	g			
Please pro		th qu	estion 8	_			
5. In which type of proceeding did you take par	rt in?						
☐ Civil case			Criminal	case			
☐ Administrative case			Administ	rative offe	ences cas	se	
□ Other:							
6. If you were a party, was the decision delivered	ed in yo	ur fa	vor (pai	rtially or i	fully)?		
□Yes			□ No				
□ Other:							
7. If you were a party, were you represented by	a lawy			sentative	?		
□ Yes			No.				
7a. If no, please explain why:							
☐ No need for a lawyer/representative		□ I	_awyer/r	epresentat	tive fees	are too e	expensive
☐ I don't trust lawyers/representatives			Other :				•
Your opinion about the Court							
Please rate the following questions on scale of 1-5.  1: very dissatisfied;  2: not satisfied;	Please 1			nt rating s ( <b>neither d</b>			atisfied):
4: Satisfied; 5: Very satisfied				`			,,
		1	2	3	4	5	Do not know
8. Are you satisfied about the court's performance?							
9. Do proceedings last long?							
10. Assess the court expenses excluding your expenses							
for the lawyer/representtaive							
11. Do you trust the judicial system?	T TT 1 TT						
OPINION ABOUT THE COURT WHERE YOU	U <b>HAV</b>	EAS	PECIF	IC CASE			Decret
	1		2	3	4	5	Do not know
OVERALL SATISFACTION							KIIUW
12. Overall satisfaction of the court							
ACCESS TO INFORMATION			_				

13. Was it easy to find information about your rights?						
14. Were you satisfied with information provided						
by the court?	TIP TO					
ACCESSIBILITY AND INTERIOR OF THE CO						
15. Location of the court						
16. Signs inside the courthouse (orientation)						
17. Waiting conditions						
18. Level of furnishing of the courtroom						
PROCEEDINGS						
19. Clarity of the court notifications and summons						
20. Was the time lapse between court's notifications/ summons and court hearing satisfactory?					_	_
21. Was the punctuality of hearings and conditions under which your case was called in satisfactory?						
COURT'S STAFF						
22. Your opinion on attitude and politeness of court's staff						
	1	2	3	4	5	Do not know
23. Level of competence of court's staff						
JUDGES AND HEARINGS						
24. Attitude and politeness of judges						
25. Judge's way of expressing himself/herself						
26. Judge's impartiality in conducting the oral proceedings						
27. Time allocated to you or your lawyer to make submissions						
28. Clarity of court's decision						
RESOURCES	_	_	_	_	_	_
29. Material resources available to the court						
COURT'S REGISTRY SERVICES						
30. Information provided in response to your	_	_	_	_	_	_
request						
31. Which court's registry services have you used in the course of the past year?	☐ Inform☐ Acces☐ Inform	mation on mation on ss to documation on ical inform:	legal aid ments (e.g the court	request g. copy of 's decision	evidence	
32. What means of communication have you used to contact the court registry?	☐ in per☐ post☐ teleph☐ fax☐ e-mai☐ other	none				

# 7.2 Annex. Questionnaire for lawyers

Time:    Date:   2016	Questionnaire number :
(filled by a respondent)	(filled by a surveyor)

How do you practise?							
☐ individually		☐ in legal firm (law bureau)					
☐ in legal advice office							
PERCEPTION OF THE FU	NCTIONING OF TH	E COU	RT				
Please rate the following quest							
1: very dissatisfied;	2: not satisfied;	3	: Neutral	l (neither	dissatis	fied nor s	satisfied);
4: Satisfied;	5: Very satisfied						
		1	2	3	4	5	I don't know
OVERALL SATISFACTION							
2. Overall satisfaction of the co							
3. Costs / fees of access to just							
ACCESS TO INFORMATION							
4. Access to the court's decision	ons						
5. Communication between the	e court and lawyers						
6. Promptness of responses to	your requests						
7. Quality and reliability of reg	gistry department's						
8. Quality of the website of the	court						
o. Quanty of the weessite of the		_	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>			I don't
		1	2	3	4	5	know
MATERIAL RESOURCES							
9. Signs inside the courthouse	(orientation)						
10. Conditions of meetings with							
11. Furnishing and equipment	of courtrooms						
COURT STAFF							
12. Politeness and attitude of c							
13. Level of professionalism of	f court staff						
14. Availability of court staff							
15. Clarity of court organisation	n and administrative						
responsibilities							
PROCEEDINGS	4 - C						
16. Computerised management proceedings	t of court						
17. Punctuality of hearings							
JUDGES AND HEARINGS		_					
18. Judges' politeness and attit	ude						
19. Judges' level of profession							
20. Organisation and progressi							
21. Impartiality of the judges in							
hearings							
COURT DECISIONS							
22. Independence of judges							
23. Clarity of decisions							
24. Rapid handling of cases							
25. Enforcement of decisions							
26. How do you think the fun	ctionality of the cour				st 5 years	s?	
has deteriorated			unchange				
☐ has improved		□ I d	on't knov	V			

27. How do you think the court workload increased compared to the court nfrastructure, appointment of judges and number (means) of the court's staff?					
☐ faster than its means	☐ in proportion to its means				
☐ more slowly than its means	☐ I don't know				
28. In your opinion, are the court's material resources:					
☐ most insufficient	☐ insufficient				
□ sufficient	☐ more than sufficient				
29. In your opinion, resources of the court staff:					
☐ most insufficient	☐ insufficient				
□ sufficient	☐ more than sufficient				

# 7.3 Annex. Survey questionnairy for court staff

	Time:   _   Date	:// 2016	Questionnaire number:   _ _		
	(filled by a res	spondent)	(filled by a surveyor)		
1. Sex:	□ male	☐ female			
2. Age:	□ below 24	□ 25-44	□ 45-64		
3. Work experience	: □ 2 years or below	□ 2-5 □ 5-10	□ above 10 years		
4. Education:	□ secondary	☐ incomplete high	her		
5. Position:	□ vocational	☐ higher			
Please rate the follow		of 1-5. Please note	that is from 1 (negative) to 5 (positive).		
6. In general, how s	satisfied are you with y	your job?			
very dissatisfied	1 2 3 4	5 very sa	tisfied		
JOB PERSPECTIVE	E AND DEVELOPMEN	VT OPPORTUNITIE	ES		
7. To what extent d	loes your job require y	ou to take initiativ	e?		
to a very small exten	t 1 2 3	4 5 to	a very large extent		
8. To what extent	are you able to acquir	e new knowledge t	hrough your job?		
to a very small exten	t 1 2 3	4 5 to	a very large extent		
9. To what extent d	loes your job allow you	ı to use your profes	ssional knowledge and skills?		
to a very small exter	nt1 2 3	4 5 to	a very large extent		
IMPORTANCE OF	YOUR JOB				
10. To what extent	do you feel your job is	important?			
to a very small exten	t 1 2 3	4 5 to a	a very large extent		
11. To what extent	do you find your job i	nteresting?			
to a very small exten	t 1 2 3	4 5 to a	a very large extent		
MANAGEMENT O	F RESPONSIBILITIES	/WORKLOAD			
12. How often do you feel unfairly divided workload?					
almost always 2 3 4 5 very rarely					
13. How often do yo	ou feel need for extra t	ime to complete yo	ur job?		
almost always	-1 2 3 4 5	very rarely			

AWARENESS
14. To what extent do you feel informed in advance about important decisions, changes or future?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
15. To what extent do you feel you have sufficient information to do your job properly?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
JOB RESPONSIBILITIES
16. To what extent are you aware of what is expected from you?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
17. To what extent are you aware of your job responsibilities?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
MANAGEMENT
18. To what extent does your immediate supervisor provide feedback about your job?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
19. To what extent is the head of administration (or supervisor) is capable of handling the disputes?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
20. To what extent can you share your opinions and suggestions with the head of the administration (or supervisor)?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
WORKPLACE ENVIRONMENT
21. Are relations between your colleagues good?
very poor 1 2 3 4 5 very good
22. How often one can witness good relations between your colleagues in the workplace?
vary rarely 1 2 3 4 5 almost always
23. How often do you feel a part of the team?
vary rarely 1 2 3 4 5 almost always
APPRECIATION OF YOUR WORK
24. To what extent does the management acknowledge and appreciate your work?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
25. To what extent does the management treat you with respect?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent

to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
PAYROLL
27. In your opinion, to what extent do you get paid fairly compared to the same level jobs within the organization?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
28. To what extent is the payroll system acceptable to you
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
29. To what extent does the payroll system encourage you to do more?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
ROLE OF THE COURT MANAGER IN COURT MANAGEMENT
30. To what extent do you trust the decisions of the court manager in relation to court organization?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
31. To what extent does the court manager make effective decisions?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
REPUTATION OF THE COURT AS AN EMPLOYER
32. To what extent unbiased is the court as an employer?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
33. To what extent innovative is he court?
to a very small extent 1 2 3 4 5 to a very large extent
WORK COMMITTMENT
34. How often do you think about searching for the new job?
vary rarely 1 2 3 4 5 almost always
35. How often do you take part in the events for improving the professional knowledge?
vary rarely 1 2 3 4 5 almost always

26. To what extent do you get fair treatment at work?