

# EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR THE EFFICIENCY OF JUSTICE (CEPEJ)

## PILOT-SCHEME FOR EVALUATING JUDICIAL SYSTEMS

### SCHEME FOR EVALUATING JUDICIAL SYSTEMS

Country: NORTHERN IRELAND			
Contact	Name: DEIDRE BOYLAN		
I. General inf	ormation		
Source:			reference: 2002
2. Total annua	al State/regional public budge	t	
Budget: Source:		Year of referen	nce:
3. Average gr	oss annual salary		
Salary: Source:		Year of reference:	

.....

II. Access to Justice and to all courts				
II. A. Legal aid/c	cost of justice			
4. Annual public	budget spent on legal aid			
Annual budget:	31.56 million euros	Year :2002		
Source:				
5. If possible, spe	ecify			
- the annual publ	ic budget spent on legal aid	d in criminal cases		
Annual budget:	17.30m. euros		Year :2002	
Source:				
- annual public b	udget spent on legal aid in	other court cases		
Annual budget:	14.24m auros	Year : <b>2002</b>		
	. 14.24III. Eui 08	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Source:				
6. Total number	of legal aid cases (in a year	·)		
Number of cases		Year :2002		
Source:	.88,233	•••••	••••	
•••				
7. If possible, spe	ecify:			

- the total number of legal aid cases in criminal matters (in a year)

	26,430	Year :2002	
Source:			
		s in other court cases (in a year)	
Number of cases: 6	1,803	Year <b>:2002</b>	
8. Does your country	have an incon	ne and asset test for granting legal aid?	
Yes / No: YES			
9. If yes, what is the	maximum inco	ome level for granting legal aid?	
does not exceed Eurosupport or an incomnot exceed Euro 704 Legal aid is availab (where legal aid is sproceedings which other case). A perso (where legal aid is so	ro 135 a week ne based job so 4. le to any perso lought in conn include a clain on may be refu lought in conn	sistance is available to any person if: his disposable in or he is (directly or indirectly) in receipt of income eeker allowance. In either case, his disposable capital on whose disposable income does not exceed Euro 6,5 ection with taking, defending or being a party to in respect of personal injuries) or Euro 5,945 (in an used legal aid if his disposable income exceeds Euro 6 ection with taking, defending or being a party to in respect of personal injuries) or Euro 4,753 (in an in respect of personal injuries) or Euro 4,753 (in an	I must 553 1y ,027
Year: 2002/2003			
-	_	for lack of the merit of the case? ons, or cases without merit)	
Yes / No: YES			

- the court - in criminal cases

- other:

- a body external to the court - in civil cases

- a mixed decision-making body (court and

What factors are taken into account?

If yes, is the decision taken by:

(please indicate the right answer)

external)

The "Merits Test" applied is that the applicant must show to have reasonable grounds for bringing, or defending, the proceedings and it must be reasonable in all the circumstances for the applicant to obtain legal aid.				
11. In general do litigants jurisdiction court?	have to pay a cour	t tax or fee to start a proceeding at a general		
Yes / No / Otherwise: YES				
If yes, is this true for:	- criminal cases	? Yes / No <b>NO</b> ninal cases? Yes / No <b>YES</b>		
12. Does your country hav	re a private system	of legal expenses insurance for individuals?		
Yes / No / Otherwise: YES				
13. Do judicial decisio paid by the parties	_	on who bears legal costs which are re?		
Yes / No / Otherwise: YE	S			
If yes, is this true for:		? Yes / No YES ninal cases? Yes / No YES		
concerning: - use	ve studies been car ers? Yes / No e State? Yes / No Y	ried out on the costs of cases brought to courts  ES		
If yes, please indicate the (Author / instance)	references of these (Title)	studies published in the year 2002 or 2003:  (Type of courts or costs reported on):		

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Northern Ireland Court Service – Annual Report 2002/2003: provides information on the Court Service's performance against its strategic objectives and performance indicators as set out in its Corporate Plan.

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#### II. B. Users of the courts and victims

15. Are there official internet sites/portals (eg. Ministry of justice, etc..) through which the general public may have free access to: **YES** 

- legal texts (eg. codes, laws, regulations, etc..)? Yes / No internet address:
- to the case-law of the higher court/s? Yes / No internet address:
- to other documents (for examples legal forms)? Yes / No internet address:

If yes, please give the internet address

http://www.courtsni.gov.uk

16. Is there a public and free-of-charge specific information system to inform and to help victims of crimes? Yes / No

NO

Comments:

17. Is there a public, free of charge and personalised specific information system, managed by the police or the justice system, on the follow up given to complaints by victims of crime? Yes / No

NO

Comments:

The Victims Liaison Unit of the NIO do some work in this area.

18. Does your country have a public compensation fund to compensate financially victims of crimes? Yes / No

#### YES

Comments:

**The Compensation Agency** 

19. Does your country have users' or legal professionals' (judges, lawyers, officials, etc.) surveys to measure public trust and satisfaction with the services delivered by the judiciary? Yes / No

#### YES

If yes, are these surveys

- at national level Yes / No
- at court level Yes / No

Public attitude surveys are carried out to ascertain confidence levels in the justice system.

20. Is there a national or local procedure for making complaints about the performance of the judiciary (eg. through an ombudsman)? Yes / No YES

#### Please specify:

- at court level/internal procedure Yes / No
- at court level/external procedure Yes / No
- at national level/internal procedure Yes / No
- at national level/external procedure Yes / No

Comments: see scheme for England & Wales

- 21. As a general rule, do the institutions which receive such complaints have an obligation to respond and/or to deal with the complaint within a certain time limit?
- time limit to respond: Yes / No YES
- time limit for dealing with the complaint: Yes / No YES

#### III. Functioning of courts and efficiency of justice

III. A. Functioning	
22. Total number of courts	
Number of courts:	
23. Number of general jurisdiction first instance courts	
Number of courts: 22	
24 N. 1. C 1: 1 C	
24. Number of specialised first instance courts  Please specify the different areas of specialisation	
(area of specialisation) (number of courts	)
Appeals to the Social Security Commissioner 1 Enforcement of Judgments 1	
25. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (present the information in full time equivalent and for permanant	nent posts)
Number of judges: fte Year : 2002	••
Source : Northern Ireland Office	

26. Number of non-professional judges sitting in courts (present the information in full time equivalent and for permanent posts)

Number of judges: fte Year:

There are no full time non-professional judges in Northern Ireland. However, there are 78 deputy judges who may be called upon on an ad hoc basis. There are also 879 Justices of Peace and 143 Lay Panel Members who may be called upon to provide judicial assistance.

The latter two roles are due to be consolidated in a new Lay Magistracy role in the course of 2004.		
Source : Northern Ireland Office		
27. Number of non-judge administrative staff who are working in courts (present the information in full time equivalent and for permanent posts)		
Number of staff: fte Year : 2002		
Source: NIO		
28. Annual budget allocated to all courts		
Annual budget: 20 million euros Year :2002/2003		
Source : Northern Ireland Court Service.		
29. Annual budget allocated to the Ministry of Justice or the institution (for example Judicial Council) which is responsible for the functioning of the courts		
Annual budget:  There is no Ministry of Justice. See figures in question 28 which include courts and judiciary		
Source:  NICtS		
30. Has the budget for justice increased during the last 5 years? Yes / No What are the figures?		

Budget	Year	
S	Year	
31. Which institution i devoted to courts?	s formally responsible	for setting up the budget
<ul> <li>the ministry of Justic</li> <li>the Government Y</li> <li>the Parliament Yes</li> <li>the Judicial Council</li> <li>the Courts Yes / N</li> <li>other:</li> </ul>	es / No s / No Yes / No	s / No
	Ireland Court Service	ce
32. Who manages the	budget of the courts?	
- other:	tively responsible for	the court Yes / No NO
33. Which institution i hearings/sessions?	s responsible for arran	ging and scheduling the court
- in criminal cases:	he court / public pro	secutor / lawyer / other: The court
- in other than crimina court	cases the court / p	ublic prosecutor / lawyer / other: The
III. B. Efficiency		
J.J J		
34. Total number of cr	iminal cases received	by the public prosecutor (in a year)
Number of cases:		Year:

Source:		
35. Total nu	mber of criminal cases dropped by the public prosecutor (in a year	ar)
Number of o	cases: Year:	
Source:		
Please indic	ate also, out of this total, those dropped as the offender has not be	een identified
Number of o	cases: Year:	
	mber of criminal cases which are concluded by a asure, imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor (in a year)	
Number of o	cases: Year:	
Source:		
37. Total nu the courts (	mber of criminal cases charged by the public prosecutor before in a year)	
Number of o	eases: Year:	
Source:		
38. Total nu cases (in a y	mber of incoming criminal cases in the courts involving robbery tear)	
Number of o	cases: Year:	
Source:		

39. Total number of judicial decisions, involving robbery (in a year)  Year:				
robbery. This excludes attempted and conspiracy to rob.  * This figure is not the number prosecuted at proceedings was appeared at more than one proyear: 2001 is the most up-to-defined and conspirately appeared at more than one proyear.		hijacking – property number of persons		
Number of convicted persons: % of convicted persons: Number of acquitted persons: % of acquitted persons:	93 76% 30 24%			
Source :				
Please indicate, if possible:				
Number of convicted persons:	% of convicted persons:			
Number of acquitted persons:	% of acquitted persons:			
40. Percentage of decisions involvir an appeal to a higher court (in a year				
Percentage of decisions:	Year:			
Source :				
41. Total number of incoming crimi involving intentional homicide (in a				

attempts but includes aiding and abetting murder. 2001 Year: Source: **Northern Ireland Office Statistics & Research Branch** \* This figure is not the number of incoming cases but the number of persons prosecuted at proceedings which resulted in a finding. Persons may have appeared at more than one proceeding. Year · Source: 42. Total number of judicial decisions, involving intentional homicide (in a year) Number of decisions: Number of decisions: 10 Year: 2001 Northern Ireland Office Statistics & Research Branch Source: Number of convicted persons: 60% % of convicted persons: Number of acquitted persons: 4 40% % of acquitted persons: Year: ..... 43. Percentage of decisions concerning intentional homicide subject to an appeal to a higher court (in a year) Percentage of decisions: Year: Source: 44. Total number of incoming civil and administrative cases in the courts (in a year) Number of cases: 93,000 Year ·

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Source:

Number of cases: Ten persons were proceeded against for murder – excludes

45. Total number of judicial decisions in	civil and administrative n	natters (in a year)	
Number of decisions: 93,000		Year:	
Source:			
46. Percentage of decisions concerning of subject to an appeal to a higher court (in		atters	
Percentage of decisions:	Year:		
Source:			
47. Total number of incoming divorce ca	ases in the courts (in a year	r)	
Number of cases: 2,500		Year:	
Source:			
48. Total number of judicial decisions in	divorce cases (in a year)		
Number of decisions: 75 defended case	es. 2,425 undefended	Year:	
Source:		•••••	
49. Percentage of decisions concerning of an appeal to a higher court (in a year)	divorce cases subject to		
Percentage of decisions:	Year:		
Source:			

50. Total number of incoming emplo	syment dismissal cases in the courts (in a year)
Number of cases:	Year:
Source:	
51. Total number of judicial decision	ns of employment dismissal cases (in a year)
Number of decisions:	Year:
Source:	
52. Percentage of decisions concernit to an appeal to a higher court (in a y	ng employment dismissal cases subject rear)
Percentage of decisions:	Year:
Source:	
IV. Use of Information Technology	in the court
53. Annual IT budget allocated to the	e courts (if possible in Euros)
Annual budget: <b>7,007,751</b>	Year:
Source:	

54. In general, do the courts in your country have computer facilities? YES

55. Is there a centralised institution which is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary? Yes / No YES
If yes, please specify the name and the address of this institution
The N.I. Court Service collects information relating to the provision of judicial time. Information relating to judicial decisions is not held centrally.
56. What kind of facilities can be used by the clients of the courts to communicate with the courts ?
- Telephone Yes - Mail Yes - Fax Yes - E-mail Yes - Internet Yes
57. Is there an electronic form to carry out certain procedural steps? Yes
V. Fair trial
58. Percentage of adversary judgements in criminal cases in first instance
Percentage of judgements: Year:
Source:
59. Is there a right to an interpreter for all those within your jurisdiction if the persons cannot understand or speak the language used in court? <b>Yes</b>
60. Is there an effective remedy to a superior jurisdiction for all cases? Yes

- for judges Yes / No YES - for non-judges court staff Yes / No YES

61. Are reasons given for all	prison sentenc	es? Yes
62. Average length, in days, prosecution until the first ins	•	es from the formal beginning of the t
Average length:	days	Year:
Source:		
63. Average length, in days, prosecution until the appella	•	es from the formal beginning of the
Average length:	days	Year:
Source:		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
64. Average length, in days, until the first instance judgm		es from the deposit of the complaint
Average length:	days	Year:
Source:		
65. Average length, in days, until the appellate judgment	of divorce case	es from the deposit of the complaint
Average length:	days	Year:
Source:		

66. Average length, in days, of employment dismissal cases from the deposit of the complaint until the first instance judgment

Average length:	days	Year:	
Source :			
67. Average length, in d complaint until the appe		ment dismissal cases from the o	deposit of the
Average length:	days	Year:	
Source :			
68. Do you, on a regular	basis, measure	e the size of backlog cases in th	e courts?
Yes			
69 Do you have a way o	of analysing o	ueuing time during court proce	dures?
No	<i>91 mm/y smg</i> 40	wearing amore auring court proce	
If yes, please specify:			
VI. Judges			
70. Gross annual salary at the beginning of his/h		nce professional judge	
Annual salary : Residen County (	nt Magistrate Court Judge -		Year :2002
euros Source :		•••••••••••	

71. Gross annual salary of a judge of	the Supreme Court or of the highest appellate court
Annual salary :	Year:
Source:	
72. Can judges combine their work w university professor, arbitrator, consu	ith other professions (for example as a ltant)? <b>No</b>
If yes, please specify:	
No. The Justice Northern Irelar Commission which would had Legislation is being brought Appointments pre-devolution to	ed by an independent institution? Yes / No and Act 2002 provided for a Judicial Appointments have responsibility for judicial appointments. forward to set up a Commissioner for Judicial have the responsibility of bringing justice matters by. Currently appointments are made via an open stem.
(if yes), who are represented in this in - the members of the judiciary Yes / - officials not part of the judiciary Yes - a mixture of the two categories refer	No s / No
Is the process of selection and nomina procedures? Yes / No	ation of judges carried out according to pre-established
74. Is there a system of induction 1 and	d continuation training for judges?
Yes, compulsory	
What is the average percentage of jud session each year?	ges who have attended a continuation training
Percentage of judges: N/A	Year:

Source:	
75. Is there a system of supervision and through appeal ? <b>No</b>	d control on the courts - other than
If yes, please specify:	
76. Is there in your country a system o	f temporary judges? Yes / No
If yes, are these temporary judges paid	I on the basis of their activity? Yes / No
If yes, please specify:	
77. Annual number of disciplinary pro	ceedings against judges
Number of proceedings: None	Year:
Source :	
78. Annual number of sanctions agains	st judges
Number of sanctions: None	Year:
Source :	
Source .	
VII. Public Prosecutors	
79. Annual budget for the public prose	ecution
Annual budget:	Year:

Source:		
80. Number of professional public prosec	eutors (in full time equivalent)	
Number of prosecutors:	Year:	
Source :		
81. Gross annual salary of a public prosec	cutor at the beginning of his/her career	
Annual salary:	Year:	
Source :		
82. Gross annual salary of a public prosechighest appellate court	cutor of the Supreme Court or of the	
Annual salary :	Year:	
Source:		
83. Can public prosecutors combine their	work with other professions? Yes / No	
If yes, please specify:		
84. Are public prosecutors recruited and a	nominated by an independent institution?	Yes / No
(If yes), who are represented in this instit - the public prosecutors? Yes / No - other stakeholders outside? Yes / No	ution:	

- a mixture of the two categories referre	ed to above? Yes / No		
Is the process of selection and nomination of public prosecutors done according to preestablished procedures? Yes / No			
•			
85. Is there a system of induction and o	continuation training for public prosecutors?		
No / Yes, but not compulsory	/ Yes, but compulsory		
What is the average percentage of prose each year?	ecutors who have participated in continuation training		
Percentage of prosecutors:	Year:		
Source:			
86. Is there a system of supervision and	l control on public prosecutors? Yes / No		
If yes, please specify:			
87. Annual number of disciplinary proc	ceedings against public prosecutors		
Number of proceedings:	Year:		
Source:			
88. Annual number of sanctions against	t public prosecutors		
Number of sanctions:	Year:		
Source:			
	••		

VIII. Lawyers	
89. Number of lawyers practising in you	ur country
Number of lawyers: 552 barristers	Year : 2004
Source:	
Database held by the General Ireland	al Council of the Bar of Northern
90. Is there a national bar association?	Yes
91. Have quality standards been formula	ated for lawyers? Yes / No
If yes, who is responsible for formulating the bar association <b>Yes</b> - the legislature <b>NO</b> - other <b>No</b>	ng these quality standards?
	tituted against lawyers? Yes cocedures to monitor the conduct of lawyers. The Bar Committee to handle complaints about barristers.
93. Annual number of disciplinary proc	eedings against lawyers
Number of proceedings: 22	Year : 2002
Source:Report of the Chairman of t	the Bar of Northern Ireland to the AGM
94. Annual number of sanctions against	lawyers
Number of sanctions: 14	Year : <b>2002</b>
Source :	

Report of the Chairman of the Ba	r of Northern
Ireland	
	onitors and acts upon complaints against Committee of the Bar of Northern Ireland
96. What is the amount paid to a lawyer by the for a first instance divorce case?	e State in respect of legal aid
Amount: Y	ear:
Source :	
IX. Mediators and mediation proceedings	
97. Number of accredited or registered media	ators
Approximately 50 are available to the mediators are involved in the pilot for	ear : ne Dispute Resolution Service. Additional or family mediation but the number is not also performed by voluntary organisations er Surveyors.
Source:	
98. How much public budget is devoted to me	diation?
Amount: N/K Y	ear:
99. Number of incoming mediation cases (in a	year)

Not known but estimated very low.

But you may care to note -

Information is held on the use of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) by central Government.

The Government itself has pledged to use alternative dispute resolution to resolve its own disputes wherever possible and does collect information on its own use of ADR, including mediation, centrally.

During 2002 - 2003, Government Departments offered to attempt a method of ADR in 617 cases. 163 of those offers were accepted.

100. Number of cases solved through mediation (in a year)
Number of cases: Year: Not known but estimated to be a high success rate. But you may care to note - To follow on from the previous question, of the 163 cases where central Government used ADR to resolve its own disputes, 118 led to settlement without recourse to the courts.
If possible, please specify: - number of criminal cases solved through mediation:
- number of cases other than criminal solved through mediation:
101. In which areas of law is mediation most practised and successful in your country?  - in criminal cases? Yes / No
- in other than criminal cases? Yes / No Not known. Mediation in family cases is currently being piloted in Northern Ireland. It is known that mediation is utilised in commercial litigation.
Year: Source:

X. Enforcement age	nts and executi	on of court de	ecisions		
102. Number and typ	oes of enforceme	ent agents			
- in criminal cases: (Type)	(Numb	er)	(Year)	(Source)	
•				which is responsible for enfor Demploys 15 enforcement	cing
Yes If yes, please specify	: The EJO is	a branch of t	he Northe	es of enforcement agents?  ern Ireland Court Service whi	
104. Annual number	of disciplinary	proceedings ag	gainst enfo	orcement agents	
Number of proceeding	ngs: None		Ye	ear:	
Source :					
105. Annual number Number of agents:	of sanctioned en	nforcements ag	gents		
Source:					
	file a complaint		orcement	agent? <b>Ves</b>	

If yes, please specify: Under the complaints procedure of the NICtS
107. Does the court play a role in the execution of court decisions? $\mathbf{No}$
If yes, please specify:

108. Are the courts competent to decide against public authorities? **Yes** Are the courts involved in executing decisions against public authorities? **Yes**