

EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR THE EFFICIENCY OF JUSTICE (CEPEJ)

PILOT-SCHEME FOR EVALUATING JUDICIAL SYSTEMS

SCHEME FOR EVALUATING JUDICIAL SYSTEMS

Country:

Switzerland

Contact Name: Daniel Fink (pour les réponses en anglais)

Frank Schürmann (réponses en français).....

I. General information

1. Number of inhabitants

Number: 7'317'873 Year of reference: 2002

Source: Swiss Federal Statistical Office, Population

2. Total annual State/regional public budget

Budget: 82'271'000'000 euros Year of reference: 2001

Source:

3. Average gross annual salary

Salary: 3'300 euros Year of reference: 2002

Source: Swiss Federal Statistical Office, Wages and Working Conditions

II. Access t	o Justice and to all courts	
II. A. Legal	aid/cost of justice	
4. Annual pu	blic budget spent on legal aid	
Annual budget:	39'000'000 euros	Year: 2002 / 2003
Source:	réponses de 17 cantons sur 26	
5. If possible	, specify	
- the annual	public budget spent on legal aid in	criminal cases
Annual budget:	13'000'000 euros	Year: 2002 / 2003
Source:	réponses de 10 cantons sur 26	
- annual pub	lic budget spent on legal aid in othe	er court cases
Annual budget:	20'000'000 euros	Year: 2002 / 2003
Source:	réponses de 10 cantons sur 26	
6. Total num	ber of legal aid cases (in a year)	
Number of cases:	36'709	Year: 2002 / 2003
Source:	réponses de 9 cantons sur 26	
7. If possible	, specify:	
- the total nu	mber of legal aid cases in criminal	matters (in a vear)
Number of cases:		Year:
Source:		
	mber of legal aid cases in other cou	ırt cases (in a year)
Number of cases:		Year :

.....

Source:

8. Does your country have an income and asset test for granting legal aid? You	8. Does your	country have	an income	and asset test	for granting	legal aid? Ye
--	--------------	--------------	-----------	----------------	--------------	---------------

9. If yes, what is the maximum income level for granting legal aid?

Income level: le minimum vital Year :

10. Is it possible to refuse legal aid for lack of the merit of the case? (eg. for frivolous or vexatious actions, or cases without merit)

Yes

If yes, is the decision taken by: - the court

- a body external to the court

(please indicate the right answer) - a mixed decision-making body (court and external)

- other:

What factors are taken into account?

Factors: les chances de succès, la situation financière et la complexité de l'affaire

11. In general do litigants have to pay a court tax or fee to start a proceeding at a general jurisdiction court?

Yes

If yes, is this true for: - criminal cases? Yes / No

- other than criminal cases? Yes / No

- 12. Does your country have a private system of legal expenses insurance for individuals? Yes
- 13. Do judicial decisions have an impact on who bears legal costs which are paid by the parties during the procedure?

Yes

If yes, is this true for : - criminal cases ? Yes / No

- other than criminal cases? Yes / No

14. In your country, have studies been carried out on the costs of cases brought to courts concerning: - users? $_{\rm Yes\,/\,No}$

- the State? Yes / No

If yes, please indicate the references of these studies published in the year 2002 or 2003: (Author / instance) (Title) (Type of courts or costs reported on):

none, all studies are of earlier periods

II. B. Users of the courts and victims

- 15. Are there official internet sites/portals (eg. Ministry of justice, etc..) through which the general public may have free access to:
- legal texts (eg. codes, laws, regulations, etc..)? Yes internet address: www.admin.ch/ch/f/rs/rs.html
- to the case-law of the higher court/s? Yes internet address: www.bger.ch
- to other documents (for examples legal forms)? Yes internet address: www.ofj.admin.ch

If yes, please give the internet address

16. Is there a public and free-of-charge specific information system to inform and to help victims of crimes? Yes

Comments: prévu par la Loi sur l'aide aux victimes d'infractions (LAVI)

17. Is there a public, free of charge and personalised specific information system, managed by the police or the justice system, on the follow up given to complaints by victims of crime? Yes

Comments: prévu par la LAVI et les codes de procedure pénale

18. Does your country have a public compensation fund to compensate financially victims of crimes? Yes

Comments: prévu par la LAVI

19. Does your country have users' or legal professionals' (judges, lawyers, officials, etc.) surveys to measure public trust and satisfaction with the services delivered by the judiciary? $_{Yes/No}$

If yes, are these surveys

- at national level Yes / No
- at court level Yes / No

existe seulement dans quelques cantons et pas de matière systématique

20. Is there a national or local procedure for making complaints about the performance of the judiciary (eg. through an ombudsman)? Yes

Please specify:

- at court level/internal procedure Yes/No
- at court level/external procedure Yes/No
- at national level/internal procedure Yes/No
- at national level/external procedure Yes/No

Comments:

- 21. As a general rule, do the institutions which receive such complaints have an obligation to respond and/or to deal with the complaint within a certain time limit?
- time limit to respond: Yes / N
- time limit for dealing with the complaint: Yes / No

Toute personne a droit à ce que sa cause soit traitée équitablement et jugée dans un délai raisonnable (droit constitutionnel d'être entendu; article 6 CEDH).

III. Functioning of courts and efficiency of justice

III. A. Functioning

22. Total number of courts

Number of courts: 316 réponses de 18 cantons sur 26

23. Number of general jurisdiction first instance courts

Number of courts: 197 réponses de 18 cantons 26

24. Number of specialised first instance courts *Please specify the different areas of specialisation*

(area of specialisation) (number of courts)

82 (réponses de 14 cantons sur 26)

25. Number of professional judges sitting in courts (present the information in full time equivalent and for permanent posts)

Number of judges:	770 fte	Year:	2002 / 2	2003			
Source:	réponses de 18	cantons	s sur 26				
	of non-profess formation in ful		0	0			
Number of judges:	1273 fte	Year:	2002 / 2	2003			
Source:	réponses de 19	cantons	sur 26				
Please give de	etails:						
	of non-judge a	dminis	trative s		working in c	ourts	
Number of staff:	2469 fte		Year:	2002 / 2003			
Source:	réponses de 19	cantons	s sur 26				
28. Annual b	udget allocate	d to all	courts				
Annual budget:	751'279'000 eu	ros	Year:	2001			
Source:	Swiss Federal S	Statistica	al Office, l	Public Finances	3		
29. Annual budget allocated to the Ministry of justice or the institution (for example Judicial Council) which is responsible for the functioning of the courts							
Annual budget:					Year:		
Source:							
30. Has the budget for justice increased during the last 5 years? Yes What are the figures?							
Budget	7'000 euros 0'000 euros	Year Year	1996 1999				

31. Which institution is formally responsible for setting up the budget devoted to courts?

 the ministry of Justice (or equivalent) Yes/No the Government Yes/No the Parliament Yes (niveau fédéral) the Judicial Council Yes/No the Courts Yes/No other: au niveau cantonal: solutions diverses
32. Who manages the budget of the courts?
- the President of the Court $_{\rm Yes/No}$ - the person administratively responsible for the court $_{\rm Yes/No}$ - other: différent selon les cantons
33. Which institution is responsible for arranging and scheduling the court hearings/sessions?
- in criminal cases: the court / public prosecutor / lawyer / other:
- in other than criminal cases the court / public prosecutor / lawyer / other:
III. B. Efficiency
34. Total number of criminal cases received by the public prosecutor (in a year) Number of cases: Source: Year:
35. Total number of criminal cases dropped by the public prosecutor (in a year)
Number of cases: Year:
Source:
Please indicate also, out of this total, those dropped as the offender has not been identified
Number of cases: Year:
Source :
36. Total number of criminal cases which are concluded by a sanction/measure, imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor (in a year)

Number of cases: 81'435 toward adults (entries in the register of convictions – almost no

contraventions and no summary penalty order) 12'854 toward minors Year: 2002

Source: Swiss Federal Statistical Office, Statistics on Criminal Convictions

Comment: The figure relates to the total number of convictions imposed by all instances entitled to hand down sanctions/measures and entered into the central penal registry. The number of convictions imposed by all these instances which are not entered into the central penal registry must be a multiple of the figures mentioned.

37. Total nun the courts (in		rged by the public prosecutor	before				
Number of cases:		Year:					
Source:							
38. Total nun cases (in a ye	_	cases in the courts involving	robbery				
Number of cases:	1'500 suspects	Year : 2002					
Source:	Swiss Federal Police Office: Police crime statistics						
39. Total nun	nber of judicial decisions,	involving robbery (in a year))				
Number of cases:	351 sentences (towards adult	s), 219 convictions (towards min	ors)Year 2002				
Source:	Swiss Federal Statistical Offi	ce, Statistics on Criminal Convict	ions				
Please indicate	, if possible:						
	nvicted persons: quitted persons:	% of convicted persons: 0,6% % of acquitted persons:					
Comment: Nu	umber of convicted persons	understood as convictions.					
	ge of decisions involving r a higher court (in a year)	robbery subject to					
Percentage of decis	sions: Year :						
Source:							
	nber of incoming criminal entional homicide (in a ye						
Number of cases:	232 registered suspects	Year: 2002					

Swiss Federal Police Office: Police crime statistics

Source:

42. Total nun	iber of judicial decis	sions, involving intentional homicide (in a year)				
Number of decision	s: 56 sentences (towar	ds adults) Year : 2002				
Source:	Swiss Federal Statistic	cal Office, Statistics on Criminal Convictions				
Please indicate	also if possible:					
	nvicted persons: quitted persons:	% of convicted persons: 0,05% % of acquitted persons:				
Comment: N	umber of convicted	l persons understood as convictions.				
	ge of decisions conce to a higher court (in	erning intentional homicide subject a a year)				
Percentage of decis	ions:	Year :				
Source:						
44. Total nun	nber of incoming civ	ril and administrative cases in the courts (in a year)				
Number of cases:	200'585	Year: 2002 / 2003				
Source:	réponses de 19 cantor	as sur 26				
45. Total nun	nber of judicial decis	sions in civil and administrative matters (in a year)				
Number of decision	as: 204'300	Year: 2002 / 2003				
Source:	réponses de 19 cantor	as sur 26				
	ge of decisions conce appeal to a higher of	erning civil and administrative matters court (in a year)				
Percentage of decis	ions: 6,5%	Year: 2002 / 2003				
Source:	réponses de 1	3 cantons sur 26				
47. Total nun	ber of incoming div	vorce cases in the courts (in a year)				
Number of cases:	16'835	Year: 2002				
Source:	Swiss Federal Statistic	cal Office, Population				

48. Total number of judicial decisions in divorce cases (in a year)

Number of decisions:	16'363	Year: 2002						
Source:	Swiss Federal Statistical Office, Population							
49. Percentage of de an appeal to a highe		rning divorce cases subject to year)						
Percentage of decisions:		Year:						
Source:	•••••							
50. Total number of	incoming em	aployment dismissal cases in the courts (in a year)						
Number of cases:	O	Year:						
Source:								
Total number of	indicial decisi	ions of analogue out dismissal aggs (in a year)						
	judiciai decisi	ions of employment dismissal cases (in a year)						
		Year :						
Source:								
52. Percentage of de to an appeal to a hig		rning employment dismissal cases subject a year)						
Percentage of decisions:		Year:						
Source:								
IV. Use of Inform	ation Techr	nology in the court						
52 Annual IT hudge	et allocated to	the courts (if possible in Euros)						
Annual budget:	t anocated to	Year:						
Source:								
54. In general, do th	e courts in yo	our country have computer facilities?						
- for judges Yes / No - for non-judges court s	staff <u>Yes</u> / No							

55. Is there a centralised institution which is responsible for collecting statistical data regarding the functioning of the courts and judiciary? Yes
If yes, please specify the name and the address of this institution
(Name) (Address)
au niveau fédéral: office fédéral de la statistique
au niveau cantonal: les tribunaux ou les autorités de surveillance
56. What kind of facilities can be used by the clients of the courts to communicate with the courts?
- Telephone Yes / No - Mail Yes / No - Fax Yes / No - E-mail Yes / No - Internet Yes / No
pour la communication informelle: l'ensemble des moyens pour la communication formelle: courier uniquement
57. Is there an electronic form to carry out certain procedural steps? pas encore
V. Fair trial
V. Fair trial
V. Fair trial 58. Percentage of adversary judgements in criminal cases in first instance
58. Percentage of adversary judgements in criminal cases in first instance
58. Percentage of adversary judgements in criminal cases in first instance Percentage of judgements: Source: Year:
58. Percentage of adversary judgements in criminal cases in first instance Percentage of judgements: Year: Source: 59. Is there a right to an interpreter for all those within your jurisdiction if the

62. Average le prosecution u		-		-		m the	forma	ıl begi	nning o	f the
Average length:		days	Ye	ear:						
Source:	•••••				•••••					
63. Average le		in days o				m the	forms	ıl hagi	nning Δ	f tho
prosecution u					.505 110.	iii tiic	1011116	u begi	iiiiiig 0.	i tiic
Average length:		days	Ye	ear:						
Source:	•••••				•••••					
	•••••	•••••								
64. Average lountil the first	0 ,			ce cas	ses fron	m the	depos	it of th	ne comp	laint
Average length:		days	Ye	ear:						
Source:	•••••									
65. Average lountil the appe	0 ,		f divor	ce cas	ses fror	n the o	deposi	it of th	ne comp	laint
Average length:	259	days	Ye	ear : 20	002					
Source:	Swiss Federal Statistical Office, Population									
66. Average le	0 ,		_			nissal	cases	from t	the depo	osit of the
Average length:		days	Ye	ear:						
Source:	•••••				•••••					
67. Average le			f emplo	oyme:		nissal (cases i	from t	he depo	osit of the
Average length:		days	Ye	ear:						
Source:	•••••				•••••					
	•••••		•••••		•••••					

68. Do you, on a regular basis, measure the size of backlog cases in the courts? Yes

69. Do you have a way of analysing queuing time during court procedures? Yes

If yes, please specify: par le biais d'un recours auprès du tribunal compétent pour violation

du "délai raisonnable" (cf. aussi question 21)

VI. Judges

70. Gross annual salary of a first instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career

Annual salary: 100'000 euros Year: 2002 / 2003

Source: réponses de 19 cantons sur 26

71. Gross annual salary of a judge of the Supreme Court or of the highest appellate court

Annual salary: au niveau fédéral 200'000 euros

au niveau cantonal 150'000 euros Year: 2002 / 2003

Source:

72. Can judges combine their work with other professions (for example as a university professor, arbitrator, consultant)? Yes

If yes, please specify: pour les juges travaillant à temps partiel

pour les juges travaillant à plein temps dans la mesure où l'exercice de leur fonction de juge, l'indépendance et le prestige du tribunal n'en sont

pas entravés

73. Are judges recruited and nominated by an independent institution?

en principe nomination par le parlament (plus rarement par le peuple ou par un organe mixte)

(if yes), who are represented in this institution:

- the members of the judiciary Yes / No
- officials not part of the judiciary ${\tt Yes}\,/\,{\tt No}$
- a mixture of the two categories referred to above Yes / No

Is the process of selection and nomination of judges carried out according to pre-established procedures?

pas dans une loi formelle

74. Is there a system of induction I and continuation training for judges?							
oui, mais en principe pas obligatoire							
What is the average percentage of judges who have atended a continuation training session each year?							
Percentage of judges: Year:							
Source:							
75. Is there a system of supervision and control on the courts - other than through appeal? Yes							
If yes, please specify: contrôle administratif par l'autorité de surveillance							
76. Is there in your country a system of temporary judges? Yes							
If yes, are these temporary judges paid on the basis of their activity? Yes							
If yes, please specify: dans la forme des juges suppléants ou des juges travaillant à temps partiel							
77. Annual number of disciplinary proceedings against judges							
Number of proceedings: Year:							
Source:							
78. Annual number of sanctions against judges							
Number of sanctions: Year:							
Source:							
VII. Public prosecutors							
79. Annual budget for the public prosecution							
Annual budget: Year:							
Source:							

.....

80. Number of professional public prosecutors (in full time equivalent)

Number of prosecutors: 300 Year: 2002 (not in full time equivalent)

Source: Swiss Conference of Prosecutors, former President

81. Gross annual salary of a public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career

Annual salary: 63'000 euros Year: 2002

Source: Swiss Conference of Prosecutors, former President of the Conference

82. Gross annual salary of a public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or of the highest appellate court

Annual salary: 139'000 euros Year: 2002

Source: Swiss Conference of Prosecutors, former President of the Conference

83. Can public prosecutors combine their work with other professions? Yes

If yes, please specify: mêmes conditions que pour les juges (cf. question 72)

84. Are public prosecutors recruited and nominated by an independent institution?

selon les cantons et selon la position du procureur (procureur "ordinaire" ou procureur général)

(If yes), who are represented in this institution:

- the public prosecutors? No
- other stakeholders outside? No
- a mixture of the two categories referred to above? No

Is the process of selection and nomination of public prosecutors done according to preestablished procedures? Yes

85. Is there a system of induction and continuation training for public prosecutors?

Yes, but not compulsory: Ecole nationale de magistrature, since 2002; decentralized; every two years: 5x3 days; embrionic state of a school.

pour le niveau cantonal cf. question 74

What is the average percentage of prosecutors who have participated in continuation training each year?

Percentage of prosecutors:	Year:
Source:	
86. Is there a system	n of supervision and control on public prosecutors? Yes
If yes, please specify:	Depends on the legislation of the cantons, no national system. Prosecutor generals supervise subordinate prosecutors. en plus autorité de surveillance et voie de recours contre les activités des procureurs
87. Annual number	of disciplinary proceedings against public prosecutors
Number of proceedings:	Year:
Source:	
88. Annual number	of sanctions against public prosecutors
Number of sanctions:	Year:
Source:	
VIII. Lawyers	
89. Number of lawy	ers practising in your country
Number of lawyers: 7'056	membres de la Fédération Suisse des Avocats Year : 2004
Source: WWW.S	wisslawyers.com
bource. www.s	<u>MISSIAW y CTS. COM</u>
90. Is there a nation	al bar association? No
91. Have quality star	ndards been formulated for lawyers? Yes
- the bar association	le for formulating these quality standards? Yes: Barreaux cantonaux : Loi fédérale sur la libre circulation des avocats (LLCA)
92. Can disciplinary	proceedings be instituted against lawyers? Yes (LLCA)

93. Annual number of dis	ciplinary proceedings against lawyers				
Number of proceedings:	Year:				
Source:					
94. Annual number of san	ctions against lawyers				
Number of sanctions:	Year:				
Source:					
95. Is it possible to compl	ain about the performance of lawyers? Yes				
If ves, please specify: par l	autorité chargée de la surveillance des avocats cantonaux (LLCA				
V /1 1 V 1					
	nid to a lawyer by the State in respect of legal aid				
for a first instance divorce	case?				
Amount:	Year:				
Source:					
dépend des tarifs applica	bles selon les lois cantonales				
IX. Mediators and med	liation proceedings				
97. Number of accredited	or registered mediators				
Number of mediators:	Year:				
Source:					
98. How much public bud	get is devoted to mediation?				
Amount:	Year:				
Source:					
99. Number of incoming 1	nediation cases (in a year)				
Number of cases:	aber of cases: Year:				

Source:					
100. Number Number of cases:	of cases solved	l through med	iation (in a ye	ar)	
Source:	•••••				
If possible, please specify: - number of criminal cases solved through mediation: - number of cases other than criminal solved through mediation:					
101. In which areas of law is mediation most practised and successful in your country? - in criminal cases? $_{Yes/No}$ - in other than criminal cases? $_{Yes/No}$					
Year:	Source:				
X. Enforcement agents and execution of court decisions					
102. Number and types of enforcement agents					
- in criminal ca (Type)		(Number)	(Year)	(Source)	

Prison system (Warden(Admn.) 3000 2002 SFSO, Catalogue of Pentientiaries

Probation Officers 300 2002 SFSO, Probation statistics

- in other than criminal cases:

611 2002 / 2003 réponses de 11 cantons sur 26

juges d'exécutions, préposés aux poursuites (Loi fédérale sur la poursuite pour dettes et la faillite LP), préposés aux faillites (LP)

103. Is there an institution to supervise or control the activities of enforcement agents? Yes

If yes, please specify: Head of Prisons/penitentiaries, Directions of probation offices

Head of prison / probation administration of cantons or in some cases supervising body of foundations autorité de surveillance (plainte et recours)

104. Annual number of disciplinary proceedings against enforcement agents				
Number of proceedings:	Year:			
Source:				
	············			
105. Annual number	r of sanctioned enforcements agents			
Number of agents:	Year:			
Source :	· ········			
106. Is it possible to	file a complaint against an enforcement agent? Yes			
If yes, please specify:	autorité de surveillance (plainte et recours)			
107. Does the court	play a role in the execution of court decisions? Yes			
If yes, please specify:	selon le droit cantonal applicable le juge ou le tribunal (pas nécessairement le juge de fond) peuvent intervenir au stade de l'exécution			
108. Are the courts o	competent to decide against public authorities? Yes			
Are the courts invol	ved in executing decisions against public authorities? Yes			
cf. question 107				