

EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR THE EFFICIENCY OF JUSTICE (CEPEJ)

PILOT-SCHEME FOR EVALUATING JUDICIAL SYSTEMS

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SCHEME FOR EVALUATING JUDICIAL SYSTEMS

Country: LATVIA

Contact Name: E-mail:

I. General information

1. Number of inhabitants

 Number:
 2.319.100
 Year of reference:
 2003

 Source:
 Central statistic bureau of Latvia

2. Total annual State/regional public budget

Budget: 2.326.193.765,96 EUR (State)

Source: state budget

3. Average gross annual salary

Salary: 291,79 EUR

Source : Central statistic bureau of Latvia

Year of reference: 2002

Year of reference: 2002

II. Access to Justice and to all courts

II. A. Legal aid/cost of justice

Annual budget:	689.399,69 EUR	Year :	2002
Source :	State budget		
5. If possible,	specify		
- the annual p	public budget spent on legal aid in cri	minal cases	
Annual budget:	689.399,69 EUR	Year : 2002	
Source :	State budget		
- annual publ	ic budget spent on legal aid in other	court cases	
Annual budget:			Year
Source :			
6. Total num	ber of legal aid cases (in a year)	Year : 2002	
Source :	statistic made by Ministry of Justice		
7. If possible,			
- the total nu	mber of legal aid cases in criminal ma	atters (in a year)	
Number of cases:	1181	Year : 2002	
Source :	statistic made by Ministry of Justice		
- the total nu	mber of legal aid cases in other court	cases (in a year)	
Number of cases:		Year :	
Source :			

8. Does your country have an income and asset test for granting legal aid?

Yes / No: N

9. If yes, what is the maximum income level for granting legal aid?

Income level: Year :

10. Is it possible to refuse legal aid for lack of the merit of the case? (eg. for frivolous or vexatious actions, or cases without merit)

Yes / No: **N**

If yes, is the decision taken by :	- the court	
(please indicate the right answer)	 a body external to the court a mixed decision-making body other:	(court and external)

What factors are taken into account ?

Factors:

11. In general do litigants have to pay a court tax or fee to start a proceeding at a general jurisdiction court?

Yes / No / Otherwise: Y

If yes, is this true for : - criminal cases? Yes / No N - other than criminal cases? Yes / No Y

12. Does your country have a private system of legal expenses insurance for individuals?

Yes / No / Otherwise: N

13. Do judicial decisions have an impact on who bears legal costs which are paid by the parties during the procedure?

Yes / No / Otherwise: Y

If yes, is this true for : - criminal cases ? Yes / No Y - other than criminal cases ? Yes / No

- other than criminal cases? Yes / No Y

14. In your country, have studies been carried out on the costs of cases brought to courts concerning: - users? Yes / No N - the State? Yes / No N

If yes, please indicate the references of these studies published in the year 2002 or 2003: (Author/instance) (Title) (Type of courts or costs reported on):

II. B. Users of the courts and victims

15. Are there official internet sites/portals (eg. Ministry of justice, etc..) through which the general public may have free access to:

- legal texts (eg. codes, laws, regulations, etc..)? Yes / No Y internet address: www.likumi.lv; www.mk.gov.lv; www.saeima.lv; www.vestnesis.lv; www.ttc.lv
- to the case-law of the higher court/s? Yes / No Y internet address: <u>www.tiesas.lv; www.at.gov.lv; www.satv.tiesa.gov.lv;</u>
- to other documents (for examples legal forms)? Yes / No Y internet address: <u>www.legal.lv</u>; <u>www.juridica.lv</u>;

If yes, please give the internet address

16. Is there a public and free-of-charge specific information system to inform and to help victims of crimes? $_{\rm Yes\,/\,No}$ $_{\rm N}$

Comments:

17. Is there a public, free of charge and personalised specific information system, managed by the police or the justice system, on the follow up given to complaints by victims of crime? Yes / No

Comments:

18. Does your country have a public compensation fund to compensate financially victims of crimes? Yes / No N

Comments:

19. Does your country have users' or legal professionals' (judges, lawyers, officials, etc.) surveys to measure public trust and satisfaction with the services delivered by the judiciary? $\frac{Yes}{No}$ Y

If yes, are these surveys - at national level Yes / No Y - at court level Yes / No N

20. Is there a national or local procedure for making complaints about the performance of the judiciary (eg. through an ombudsman)? Yes / No Y

Please specify:	
- at court level/internal procedure Yes / No	Y
- at court level/external procedure Yes / No	Ν
- at national level/internal procedure Yes / No	Y
- at national level/external procedure Yes/No	Ν

Comments:

21. As a general rule, do the institutions which receive such complaints have an obligation to respond and/or to deal with the complaint within a certain time limit?

- time limit to respond:	Yes / No	Y		
- time limit for dealing with	n the complain	nt:	Yes / No	Y

III. Functioning of courts and efficiency of justice

III. A. Functioning

22. Total number of courts

Number of courts: 41

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23. Number of general jurisdiction first instance courts

Number of courts: 34

24. Number of specialised first instance courts

Please specify the different areas of specialisation

(area of specialisation) (number of courts) Administrative court 1

25. Number of professional judges sitting in courts *(present the information in full time equivalent and for permanent posts)*

Number of judges: 396 fte Year : 2002 Source : Ministry of Justice

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26. Number of non-professional judges sitting in courts (present the information in full time equivalent and for permanent posts)

Number of judges:	0	fte	Year :		
Source :					
	•••••				
Please give de	etails:	Latvia has no	t non-p	rofessional jud	ges

27. Number of non-judge administrative staff who are working in courts (*present the information in full time equivalent and for permanent posts*)

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Number of staff:	700	fte	Year :	2002
	•••••			
Source : Ministry	of Justice	:		
08 Appual b	udgot e	llocated to all	aourta	

28. Annual budget allocated to all courts

Annual budget:	15.527.091,18 EUR	Year :	2002
Source :	State budget		

29. Annual budget allocated to the Ministry of justice or the institution (for example Judicial Council) which is responsible for the functioning of the courts

Annual budget:	46.846.659,57 EUR	Year :	2002
Source :	State budget		

30. Has the budget for justice increased during the last 5 years? Yes / No Y What are the figures?

 Budget
 15.527.091,18 EUR
 Year
 2002

 Budget
 21.526.007,60 EUR

 Year
 2004

31. Which institution is formally responsible for setting up the budget devoted to courts?

- the ministry of Justice (or equivalent)	Yes / No Y
- the Government Yes / No Y	
- the Parliament Yes / No Y	
- the Judicial Council Yes / No	Ν
- the Courts Yes / No N	
- other:	

32. Who manages the budget of the courts?

- the President of the Court Yes / No N

- the person administratively responsible for the court $$_{\rm Yes}\,/\,{\rm NoN}$$

- other: Ministry of Justice

33. Which institution is responsible for arranging and scheduling the court hearings/sessions?

- in criminal cases: the court / public prosecutor / lawyer / other: the court

- in other than criminal cases $\$ the court / public prosecutor / lawyer / other:the court

III. B. Efficiency

34. Total number of criminal cases received by the public prosecutor (in a year)

Number of cases:	15029	Year :	2002
Source :	Report on pre-trial investigation institution's work		

35. Total number of criminal cases dropped by the public prosecutor (in a year)

Number of cases: 1389 Source : Report on pre-trial investigation institution's work Year : 2002

Please indicate also, out of this total, those dropped as the offender has not been identified

Year :	2002
	10411

36. Total number of criminal cases which are concluded by a sanction/measure, imposed or negotiated by the public prosecutor (in a year)

Number of cases:	734	Year :	2002
Source :	Report on pre-trial investigation institution's work		

37. Total number of criminal cases charged by the public prosecutor before the courts (in a year)

Number of cases:	13401	Year :	2002
Source :	Report on pre-trial investigation institution's work		

38. Total number of incoming criminal cases in the courts involving robbery cases (in a year)

Number of cases:	652	Year :	2002
Source :	Statistic made by the Ministry of Justice		

39. Total number of judicial decisions, involving robbery (in a year)

Number of cases:	651			Year :	2002		
Source :	Statistic made by the Ministry of Justice						
Please indicate,	, if possible:						
Number of con	nvicted persons:	849	% of convicted	l perso	ns:		6,7
Number of acc	quitted persons:	6	% of acquitted	•	ns:	5,5	
	••••••	•••		••••••	•		

40. Percentage of decisions involving robbery subject to an appeal to a higher court (in a year)

41. Total number of incoming criminal cases in the courts, involving intentional homicide (in a year)

Number of cases: 67

Source : Statistic made by the Ministry of Justice

42. Total number of judicial decisions, involving intentional homicide (in a year)

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Number of dec	cisions: 75		Year : 2002	
Source :	Statistic made by the Min	istry of Jus		
Please indic	cate also if possible:			
Number of	f convicted persons:	57	% of convicted persons:	0,45
Number of acquitted persons:		0	% of acquitted persons:	0

43. Percentage of decisions concerning intentional homicide subject to an appeal to a higher court (in a year)

Percentage of decisions: 52 Year : 2002 Source : Statistic made by the Ministry of Justice

44. Total number of incoming civil and administrative cases in the courts (in a year)

Number of cases:	50164	Year :	2002
Source :	Statistic made by the Ministry of Justice		

45. Total number of judicial decisions in civil and administrative matters (in a year)

Number of decision	s: 37598	Year: 200	02
Source :	Statistic made by the Ministry of Justice		

46. Percentage of decisions concerning civil and administrative matters subject to an appeal to a higher court (in a year)

47. Total number of incoming divorce cases in the courts (in a year)

Number of cases:	7591	Year :	2002
Source :	Statistic made by the Ministry of Justice	•••••	

Number of decision	ns:	6411		Year	:	2002
Source :	Statisti	c made by the M	Ainistry of Justice			
49. Percentag an appeal to	0		ncerning divorce n a year)	e cases subjec	et t	0
Percentage of decis	sions:	2%	Year : 2002			
Source : Statistic	made by	the Ministry of	Justice			
50. Total nur	nber o	f incoming	employment dis	missal cases	in	the courts (in a year)
Number of cases:	906			Year	:	2002
Source :	Statisti	c made by the M	Iinistry of Justice			
						1 (1)

48. Total number of judicial decisions in divorce cases (in a year)

51. Total number of judicial decisions of employment dismissal cases (in a year)

Year :

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2002

Source : Statistic mad	e by the Ministry of Justice

52. Percentage of decisions concerning employment dismissal cases subject

to an appeal to a higher court (in a year)

Percentage of decisions: 59% Year : 2002 Source : Statistic made by the Ministry of Justice

IV. Use of Information Technology in the court

53. Annual IT budget allocated to the courts (if possible in Euros)

 Annual budget:
 NA
 Year :

 Source :
 Comment: the annual budget, assigned to courts, do not mark out budget for IT.

54. In general, do the courts in your country have computer facilities?

- for judges Yes / No Y - for non-judges court staff Yes / No Y

00				1	ible for collectin s and judiciary f	0	Y
If yes, p	lease specify	the nat	me and the ac	ldress of this	institution		
	Ministry of Justice		(Address)		o, Riga, Latvia, LV-1530	6	
-	nt kind of faci nunicate with		an be used by ourts ?	the clients o	of the courts		
- Telephono - Mail Yes - Fax Yes - E-mail Y - Internet	/ No Zes / No	Y Y	N				

57. Is there an electronic form to carry out certain procedural steps? Yes / No

Ν

V. Fair trial

58. Percentage of adversary judgements in criminal cases in first instance

59. Is there a right to an interpreter for all those within your jurisdiction if the
persons cannot understand or speak the language used in court?Yes / NoY

60. Is there an effective remedy to a superior jurisdiction for all cases? Yes / No Y

61. Are reasons given for all prison sentences? Yes / No Y

62. Average length, in days, of robbery cases from the formal beginning of the prosecution until the first instance judgment

Average length:	365	days	Year :	2002
Source :		2	linistry of Justice	•••••

63. Average length, in days, of robbery cases from the formal beginning of the prosecution until the appellate judgment

Average length:	515	days	Year :	2002
Source :	statist	 ic made by Minis	stry of Justice	•••••

64. Average length, in days, of divorce cases from the deposit of the complaint until the first instance judgment

Average length:	180	days	Year :	2002
Source :	statistic r	nade by Ministry	of Justice	•••••

65. Average length, in days, of divorce cases from the deposit of the complaint until the appellate judgment

Average length:	410	days	Year :	2002
Source :	statisti	c made by Mini	stry of Justice	

66. Average length, in days, of employment dismissal cases from the deposit of the complaint until the first instance judgment

Average length:	365	days	Year :	2002
Source :	statisti		istry of Justice	•••••

67. Average length, in days, of employment dismissal cases from the deposit of the complaint until the appellate judgment

 Average length:
 545
 days
 Year :
 2002

 Source :
 statistic made by Ministry of Justice

Y

68. Do you, on a regular basis, measure the size of backlog cases in the courts?

Yes / No

69. Do you have a way of analysing queuing time during court procedures?

Yes / No	N
If yes, please sp	ecify:
VI. Judges	

70. Gross annual salary of a first instance professional judge at the beginning of his/her career

Annual salary :	490,50 EUR for month	Year :	2002
Source :	Ministry of Justice	•••••	

71. Gross annual salary of a judge of the Supreme Court or of the highest appellate court

Annual salary :	723,64 EUR for month	Year :	2002
Source :	Ministry of Justice		

72. Can judges combine their work with other professions (for example as a university professor, arbitrator, consultant)? Yes / No Y

If yes, please specify: can be lector of university

73. Are judges recruited and nominated by an independent institution? Yes / No Y

(if yes), who are represented in this institution:

- the members of the judiciary Yes / No

- officials not part of the judiciary Yes / No N

- a mixture of the two categories referred to above Yes / No N

Is the process of selection and nomination of judges carried out according to pre-established procedures ? $_{\rm Yes\,/\,No~\,Y}$

Y

74. Is there a system of induction l and continuation training for judges?

No / Yes, but not compulsory / Yes, compulsory Y, compulsory

What is the average percentage of judges who have attended a continuation training session each year?

75. Is there a system through appeal? Y	1	n and control on the courts - other	than
If yes, please specify: Ministry of Justice	in questions co	onnected with organisation of work the	supervision is made by
76. Is there in your	country a syste	em of temporary judges? Yes / No	Ν
If yes, are these tem	porary judges	paid on the basis of their activity?	'Yes / No
If yes, please specify:			
77. Annual number	of disciplinary	v proceedings against judges	
Number of proceedings:	NA	Year :	
Source :	•••••		

78. Annual number of sanctions against judges

Number of sanctions:	NA	Year :
Source :		•••••

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VII. Public prosecutors

79. Annual budget for the public prosecution

Annual budget:	11.340.186,93 EUR	Year :	2002
Source :	State budget		

80. Number of professional public prosecutors (in full time equivalent)

Number of prosecutors: 654 Year : 2002

Source : The Prosecutor-General's orders on structure and personnel of prosecution office

81. Gross annual salary of a public prosecutor at the beginning of his/her career

Year :

2002

Annual salary : 6626,14 EUR (regional level; for one year)

	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Source :	State budget

82. Gross annual salary of a public prosecutor of the Supreme Court or of the highest appellate court

Annual salary :	11007,60 EUR (the Prosecutor General Office's prosecutor's salary for one year) Year :	2002
Source :	State budget	

83. Can public prosecutors combine their work with other professions? Yes / No Y

If yes, please specify: prosecutor can combine their responsibilities with teaching, science and creative work.

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84. Are public prosecutors recruited and nominated by an independent institution? Yes / No $_{\rm Y}$

(If yes), who are represented in this institution:

- the public prosecutors ? Yes / No Y

- other stakeholders outside? Yes / No N

- a mixture of the two categories referred to above? Yes / No N

Is the process of selection and nomination of public prosecutors done according to preestablished procedures? $Y_{\text{es}/No} = Y$

Explanation: Before prosecutor's recruitment and nomination, prosecutor has to be evaluated at self regulating committees: certification commission and qualifications commission but the Prosecutor General recruits a prosecutor. The representatives in these committees are prosecutors.

85. Is there a system of induction and continuation training for public prosecutors?

No / Yes, but not compulsory / Yes, but compulsory Y, but not compulsory

What is the average percentage of prosecutors who have participated in continuation training each year?

Percentage of prosecutors: 68% Year : 2002

Source : Record of participated prosecutors in training

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86. Is there a system of supervision and control on public prosecutors? Yes / No Y

If yes, please specify: Head prosecutors, prosecutors, certification and qualification committees

87. Annual number of disciplinary proceedings against public prosecutors

88. Annual number of sanctions against public prosecutors

Number of sanctions: 28 Year : 2002

Source : The Prosecutor-General's and Head prosecutor's orders on disciplinary sanctions

VIII. Lawyers

89. Number of lawyers practising in your country

Number of lawyers: 582 Year : 2002 Source : Latvian Council of Sworn Advocates

90. Is there a national bar association? Yes / No = Y

91. Have quality standards been formulated for lawyers? Yes / No Y

If yes, who is responsible for formulating these quality standards?

- the bar association Yes / No	Y
- the legislature Yes / No	Y
- other Yes / No	Ν

92. Can disciplinary proceedings be instituted against lawyers? Yes / No Y

93. Annual number of disciplinary proceedings against lawyers

94. Annual number of sanctions against lawyers

95. Is it possible to complain about the performance of lawyers? Yes / No Y

If yes, please specify: to Latvian Council of Sworn Advocates

96. What is the amount paid to a lawyer by the State in respect of legal aid for a first instance divorce case?

Amount: Year: Source : Comment: Latvia do not pay for lawyer in respect of legal aid in divorce cases.

IX. Mediators and mediation proceedings

Latvia has not such institution.

97. Number of accredited or registered mediators

Number o	Year :	
Source :		•••••

98. How much public budget is devoted to mediation?

Amount:	Year :
Source :	 •••••

99. Number of incoming mediation cases (in a year)

Number of cases: Year : Source :

100. Number of cases solved through mediation (in a year)

Number of cases: Year : Source :

If possible, please specify:

- number of criminal cases solved through mediation:

- number of cases other than criminal solved through mediation:

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101. In which areas of law is mediation most practised and successful in your country?

- in criminal cases? Yes / No

- in other than criminal cases? Yes / No

Year : Source :

X. Enforcement agents and execution of court decisions

102. Number and types of enforcement agents

(Type) (Number) (Year) (Source)				
court bailiffs 115 2002 Latvian Council of Court Bailiffs Police NA	- in criminal cases: (Type) State revenue service		(Year)	(Source)
Police NA prisons NA Forced labour supervisory services of local governments NA - in other than criminal cases: NA				
prisons NA Forced labour supervisory services of local governments NA - in other than criminal cases: NA				
Forced labour supervisory services of local governments NA - in other than criminal cases: NA	•			
- in other than criminal cases:				
- in other than criminal cases:	Forced labour supervisory services of	local governments	NA	
			2002	Latvian Council of Court Bailiffs
	court pulling		2002	Eaction council of court Builling

103. Is there an institution to supervise or control the activities of enforcement agents? $_{\rm Yes\,/\,No}$

If yes, please specify: Minister of Justice, Latvian Council of Court Bailiffs

104. Annual number of disciplinary proceedings against enforcement agents

105. Annual number of sanctioned enforcements agents

Number of agents: NA Year :

Source :

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106. Is it possible to file a complaint against an enforcement agent? Yes / No Y

If yes, please specify: The complaints can be filed in Ministry of Justice, courts and also in Latvian Council of Court Bailiffs.

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107. Does the court play a role in the execution of court decisions? Yes / NoYIf yes, please specify:supervisory role, control of acts and inaction of court bailiff.

108. Are the courts competent to decide against public authorities? Yes / No Y

Are the courts involved in executing decisions against public authorities? Yes / No Y