

COUNCIL OF EUROPE

CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE

Strasbourg, 28 April 1988

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SECOND CONFERENCE OF EUROPEAN MINISTERS RESPONSIBLE FOR YOUTH

Oslo, 11-12 April 1988

REPORT

FINAL TEXT

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

16.905
04.9

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REPORT

The second Conference of European Ministers responsible for Youth met in Oslo on 11 and 12 April 1988 following an invitation formulated by the Norwegian Government at the first Conference and confirmed by Mr. Hallvard BAKKE, Norwegian Minister of Cultural and Scientific Affairs.

The Conference was attended by representatives of the Contracting Parties to the European Cultural Convention, with the exception of Malta, who had apologised for absence. The Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe was represented by seven of its members, including the Chairman of the Sub-Committee on Youth and Sport of the Committee on Culture and Education. The Standing Conference of Local and Regional Authorities of Europe (CLRAE) was represented by the Conseiller d'Etat of the Canton de Vaud.

The Commission of the European Communities participated in the Conference. Amongst the international organisations, the International Labour Office, the United Nations Organisation for Education, Science and Culture (UNESCO), the World Health Organisation, the Nordic Council of Ministers, the Franco-German Youth Office, and, at youth level, ECB, CENYC and the Youth Forum were represented as observers. The Chairperson of the Governing Board of the European Youth Foundation and the Vice-Chairperson of the Governing Board of the European Youth Centre also attended the Conference.

The full list of participants is given in Appendix II.

The Conference was opened by Mr. Gaetano ADINOLFI, Deputy Secretary General of the Council of Europe, who welcomed participants at the Conference and delivered an address.

His Majesty King Olaf V honoured the opening ceremony with his presence.

The Norwegian Minister was elected Chairperson further to a proposal by the French Minister. The Portuguese and Swiss Ministers were elected Vice-Chairpersons.

The French Secretary of State responsible for Youth and Sport, in the name of the host country of the first Conference, presented a report on the follow-up to the recommendations of the first Conference.

The subject of the Conference was "Strategies for European youth policies towards the year 2000".

This subject was introduced by the Norwegian Minister in his capacity as Chairperson of the Conference. It was developed through two themes: "Basic conditions for a comprehensive youth policy at national, regional and local level", by the Portuguese and Greek Ministers, and "International co-operation in developing youth policies, with special emphasis on the Council of Europe's activities in this field", by the Swiss Minister.

The Conference took place in the presence of representatives of youth organisations designated by the European Co-ordination Bureau for International Youth Organisations (ECB) and by the Council of European National Youth Committees (CENYC). These representatives took an active part in the proceedings, presenting contributions on each of the Conference themes. These contributions resulted, inter alia, from a youth event which took place in Oslo on 8-9 April at the invitation of the Norwegian National Youth Committee (LNU).

The youth organisations put particular emphasis on the follow-up to ministerial conferences and on the necessity to reach tangible results in sectors such as employment, housing, youth exchanges and the role of youth organisations as privileged interlocutors in policies concerning youth participation at local, regional, national and European level.

The representative of the Commission of the European Communities presented a contribution on the follow-up given by the Commission to the relevant recommendations of the first Conference, and reported on the development of Community programmes such as ERASMUS, COMETT and Youth for Europe.

The observers from UNESCO and OFAJ also underlined the connections between the first and second Conferences and the activities carried out by their organisations.

The conclusions of the Conference are contained in the Final Text adopted at the close of the meeting (see Appendix I). This text contains a number of points on which agreement was reached and are such as to strengthen European co-operation in the youth field. Many suggestions were put forward for the intergovernmental work programme of the Council of Europe, the activities of the Centre and the Foundation and on the subject of co-operation between the European Community and the Council of Europe in the youth field. All the participants stressed the important role of co-management in the youth sector and were in favour of its maintenance in the new structures the Committee of Ministers are called upon to adopt as a follow-up to Recommendation 24b of the first Conference.

A special meeting on youth questions brought together Ministers, senior officials, a Parliamentary Assembly delegation, representatives of youth organisations, observers from international organisations, and was the occasion of a fruitful exchange of views on the various themes of the Conference.

The Conference expressed its warmest thanks to Mr. Fernando COUTO DOS SANTOS for having confirmed the Portuguese Government's invitation to the Committee of Ministers to hold the third Conference in Portugal in the autumn of 1990. It also took note of the invitation extended by Mr. Cemil CICEK, Turkish Minister of State responsible for Youth, concerning the fourth Conference, as well as the wish of the Austrian Government, expressed by Ms. Marilies FLEMMING, Austrian Minister for Environment, Youth and Family, to host a future Conference of Ministers responsible for Youth.

The Conference also took note of Turkey's proposal that the week 15-21 May be declared by the Council of Europe "International Youth Festival" and that Turkey be chosen as the host of the first International Youth Festival in 1989.

APPENDIX I

FINAL TEXT

STRATEGIES FOR EUROPEAN YOUTH POLICIES TOWARDS THE YEAR 2000

INTRODUCTION

The year 2000 is just around the corner. Strategies for the turn of the millenium have to be medium-term strategies. They need to be anchored in today's situation and have to remain valid for the foreseeable future.

The Europe of the year 2000 will even more than today be marked by the existence of a large European market. The cultural, social, economic and political reality of most European countries will be determined by its degree of competitiveness within Europe. If young people are to cope with this development they need to be acquainted with new technologies, to learn languages and to develop social and cultural understanding. Provision within the formal education system alone is not sufficient to prepare young people for this development. Training in the work place has grown considerably in recent years. These developments and changes do not, however, occur in a general and equal manner in all European countries. Such differences reflect comparative industrialisation, geography and educational tradition. These differences are likely to be a continuing feature of Europe in the year 2000. Youth work should seek to develop equal opportunities for all young people.

Positive answers to this challenge may not only be found in Western Europe. Both East-West and North-South relations for example provide a potential for economic and cultural development and human contacts. This is much welcomed by young people. Opinion polls show that young people are strongly committed to international cooperation, human rights, the protection of the environment and the maintenance of peace. If they play their role within the political and institutional life of their countries they can be an asset and a sign of hope for the future of international relations.

However, youth policy items under discussion today may suggest a less optimistic picture of the situation of young people. Youth unemployment, in many parts of Europe continues to present difficulties for school leavers in building careers of their choice and securing appropriate qualifications. Young women and young people from ethnic minorities may face particular difficulties. Youth ministers expressed strong concern about the present level of youth unemployment in Europe, and agreed that in taking measures to help young people, Governments should pay particular account to the needs of the young unemployed and to provide equal opportunities for all.

Many young people face a housing problem. Appropriate accommodation may often be lacking and new projects and initiatives to

help increase the supply of accommodation are needed. Youth ministers welcome action to meet the housing needs of young people, where necessary through special agencies and services, information and counselling, and the involvement of young people in decision making at local, regional and national level.

Youth policy items in Europe are thus centred around education, employment, housing and leisure time. Strategies for the year 2000 need to be both general and specific. They should reflect a broad view of the conditions facing young people in the the year 2000, and reflect specific issues such as regional differences, and the position of ethnic minorities and young women. It is not sufficient to wait until the demographic movements alleviate the problems. Planning and political decision-making should take into account effects and new needs resulting from the demographic development. Governments' concern is the situation of young people today as well as in the year 2000.

Taking as a basis the principles and recommendations of the first Conference of European Ministers responsible for Youth, strategies for youth for the year 2000 will be both national and European youth policies, providing step by step the full integration of young people and helping them to find their place in a society of which they can form an effective part. All young people should have equal rights without any discrimination.

THEME 1: BASIC CONDITIONS FOR A COMPREHENSIVE YOUTH POLICY AT NATIONAL, REGIONAL AND LOCAL LEVEL

- 1.1. Models of youth participation and initiatives in society implemented in various European countries, and youth participation and initiatives in developing youth policies and plans at local level.

The participation of young people in influencing the conditions of their own lives is crucial. Participation is more than involvement in institutions and decision making. Participation is a pattern of how one lives in a democracy; it is relevant to work, housing, leisure, education and social relations. Participation is also a question of young people's rights and obligations in shaping the future society.

It is important to stress the role of youth organisations in participation, because youth organisations can provide the links at social, cultural, spiritual, economic and political level between youth and governmental institutions. Recognising that the foundation of any policy which seeks to encourage youth participation in the cultural, social, economic and political life lies at local level, the Conference draws attention to and stresses the importance of:

- youth participation at local level for example through a comprehensive approach to matters affecting young people; participation of young people in local youth policy planning and the development of appropriate infrastructures for youth activities at local level;

- innovative educational, social and cultural projects in the fields of paid employment, leisure time projects, environmental protection, health education, social work and neighbourhood activities, combatting alcohol and drug abuse;
- ensuring that young people may play the fullest possible part in school and college life in ways appropriate to their ages and abilities;
- enlarging the possibilities for young people to participate in society through appropriate provision of education and information services in close co-operation with youth organisations.

Young people have made creative attempts to test new approaches to work and to take initiatives in the social and cultural fields. These are important additions to traditional youth work. Recognition by regional, national and European authorities will give such initiatives room to develop. The Conference draws attention to the importance of:

- recognising youth initiatives and promoting these initiatives at local, regional, national and European level, also including the programmes of the European Youth Centre and the European Youth Foundation;
- recognising networks of youth initiatives at different levels with a view to exchanging information and improving working methods;
- involving youth organisations in the promotion and development of youth initiatives;
- the participation of young people in the decision-making process so as to give them scope for their own creativity and initiative.

1.2. The social and cultural situation of young people, inter alia among immigrants and ethnic minorities in view of educational provisions, employment and promotion of intercultural learning. The social integration of marginalised youth groups.

1.2.1

Immigrants, refugees and minority ethnic groups enrich society culturally, economically and socially. Young people within these groups need appropriate education and training to enable them to participate fully in society. Youth organisations and youth groups are in the forefront in the struggle against racism. In this respect the Conference directs attention to:

- training programmes and educational provision for young immigrants, refugees and minority ethnic groups to enable them to play a full part in society, to develop their cultural heritage, and to benefit in their daily lives from the same rights as all other young people;
- measures and programmes to prevent and combat racial prejudice and xenophobia, especially amongst young people;
- encouraging youth organisations and youth services at local, national and international level to be more engaged in integrating young immigrants, refugees and ethnic minorities in their work in order to promote mutual understanding and prevent racial prejudice;

- encouraging direct involvement of organisations by and for young immigrants, refugees and minority ethnic groups.

1.2.2

Social cohesion is weakened if there is an increasing number of young people "marginalised" through alienation, for example, from existing educational provision. As part of a coherent youth policy, projects to meet the needs of these young people should be developed with their participation. In this respect the Conference draws attention to and stresses the importance of:

- supporting the family in its role of helping young people to integrate into society;
- programmes and projects aimed at meeting the needs of these young people by strengthening networks at local level, involving agencies concerned with improving training and job opportunities, counselling and youth service provision;
- the work of specialised services, agencies and organisations working with marginalised and disadvantaged youth with a view to securing work, proper housing and integration in society;
- the further development or establishment of counselling services, together with close cooperation with other youth workers, social workers, detached workers and others, for the benefit of young people at risk;
- promoting campaigns to combat the use of drugs, alcohol and tobacco abuse and AIDS in ways which will reach young people effectively.

- 1.3. The situation of girls and young women in society in view of their possibilities for education, full employment and social integration and participation in public life.

The policy concerning the position of girls and young women has to be located at the crossroads of youth policy and the policy for the advancement of women. Being young, girls are newcomers on eg. the labour market and hardly influence decision making at any level. Being women, they only use a relatively small range out of the considerable amount of education possibilities, work in a limited range of occupations, have lower incomes than men, don't equally profit from leisure facilities and can be victims of sexual harassment.

Faced with this situation specific programmes aiming at full equality, integration and participation are still needed. In particular, the Conference:

- recommends the promotion of measures in education to influence the orientation of both girls and boys towards a life with public as well as with family responsibilities;
- recommends that measures be taken to provide young women with better access to and promotion in education, vocational training and employment, including the non-traditional areas;
- recommends the improvement, for both young women and men, of the possibilities for combining a professional life and social and political activities with private responsibilities through facilities such as parental leave, childcare and equal distribution of tasks within the family;
- recommends measures to ensure a fair tax regime and property

- rights;
- recommends measures to prevent and combat sexual violence and harassment against girls and young women;
 - draws attention to the vital contribution which youth work and youth organisations can make in this field and recommends action to promote the participation of girls in political decision-making at all levels in society;
 - endorses efforts to create equal opportunities in all aspects of economic, social, cultural, industrial and political life, and where appropriate the creation of equal opportunities commissions.

THEME 2: INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION IN DEVELOPING YOUTH POLICIES, WITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS ON THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE'S ACTIVITIES IN THE FIELD

- 2.1. Research and studies of the situation and needs of young people on national and international levels, and the encouragement of comparative approaches to youth research in Europe.

Youth policy planning at local, regional, national and international level needs reliable data on the situation of young people based on appropriate research. Young people and their organisations could usefully be involved in the youth research process and should not only be an object of such research. The Conference recommends to the contracting parties to the European Cultural Convention that they:

- encourage independent youth researchers and institutes to undertake comparable youth research and studies on national and European level;
- promote the development of a multidisciplinary national network of youth researchers, and appropriate European coordination in this field;
- encourage the dissemination to youth workers and youth organisations of the results obtained in research by local, regional, national and international authorities, with a view to wider application as appropriate;
- draw attention to these points, as well as a further discussion on questions presented to the Conference on this matter, to the relevant bodies within the Council of Europe;

- 2.2. Youth exchange and mobility in Europe, the emergence of a youth information network and the extension of the youth card project.

Youth exchange and increased youth mobility are important aspects of strategies to prepare young people for the future. By the year 2000 the cultural, social, political and economic situation may be marked by a freer flow of information, persons, goods and services, and by more fully developed international mass media. Youth information and counselling services, programmes for intercultural learning and the introduction of a European Youth Card can be contributions to the promotion of mobility and youth exchange.

With regard to youth exchange in Europe, the Conference:

- invites each member state which is a contracting party to the Cultural Convention to include within existing cultural agreements a paragraph on youth;
- recommends that, as far as possible, the benefits of youth exchange and youth mobility should be made available to young people in all countries contracting parties to the Cultural Convention, and encourages an opening to other countries;
- notes the benefits of youth exchange programmes established and managed by young people, to secure the involvement and co-responsibility of the young and to secure equal participation of girls and boys;
- stresses the importance of improving the educational quality of youth exchange programmes, and trying to secure for participants equal opportunities as youth of the host country;
- welcomes exchange programmes for handicapped youth and other disadvantaged youth groups;
- notes the advantages of intercultural learning in international work and improved opportunities for the young to participate in the programmes of the European Youth Centre and the European Youth Foundation;
- takes note of the study of existing barriers to youth mobility in Europe.

With regard to the concept of a European Youth Card, the Conference:

- notes the progress achieved in this field since its first meeting in December 1985, especially through the Lisbon Convention of 1 June 1987 and the declaration signed in Paris 10 March 1988;
- encourages the establishment or further development of national youth card schemes where appropriate taking into account each country's needs, legislation, practice and tradition and, where appropriate the views of youth organisations;
- recommends that the advantages and reductions offered by a Youth Card in each country concerned cover the following fields in particular: cultural, sport, leisure time, transport and lodging, in order to arrive at a unified European system.

With regard to youth information in Europe the Conference:

- underlines the need to develop different concepts of information, documentation and counselling for young people, based on different models and working methods and different needs of the young people, and to improve the methods for identifying young people's needs in this respect;
- encourages co-operation between youth organisations and local authorities concerned with matters of informing and counselling young people;
- underlines the need for international co-operation and coordination in the field of youth information services and acknowledges the experience acquired by ERYICA in developing a European network of youth information and counselling services;
- endorses the need to develop training programmes for improving

the skills of personnel in youth information and counselling services.

- 2.3. The role and methods of the Council of Europe in promoting European youth co-operation with a view to improving the possibilities of international youth organisations, the need to include new partners in the work, and the relations to the youth policy of the European Communities.

The Council of Europe's approach to youth work and youth initiatives and its close connection to youth organisations through the principle of co-management in decision making on questions of concern to youth, remains valid and original. It should be maintained and enlarged wherever appropriate.

On the basis of a recommendation from the first Conference of Ministers responsible for youth, a special working party has analysed the Council of Europe youth structure. The Conference welcomes the report of the Working party and expresses the hope that the Committee of Ministers will arrive at a good solution. With regard to the future activities of the Council of Europe in the youth field, the Conference:

- bearing in mind the importance of ensuring a growth in all young people's identity as Europeans regardless of whether they are citizens of a member state of the European Communities;
- bearing in mind the intentions when establishing the European Youth Foundation that it should be open towards the broadest possible concept of Europe;
- reaffirms its support for the role of the European Youth Centre with regard to its vocation in the fields of education, training, information, documentation and research on youth matters, and of the European Youth Foundation with regard to its flexibility, independence and openness in respect of the forms and types of support to youth activities;
- reaffirms the important role of intergovernmental co-operation in the youth field with regard to implementing youth policy recommendations on participation, mobility and information, and as a basis for an exchange of information of experience on national youth policies;
- underlines the equal possibilities of all states, contracting parties to the European Cultural Convention, to participate in the Council of Europe's activities in the youth field;
- recommends to the appropriate bodies within the Council of Europe further consideration of the introduction, subject to the resources available, of
 - * a fellowship programme for youth workers, youth information and counselling staff and youth researchers
 - * a trainee programme with emphasis on intercultural learning and teaching practice at the European Youth Centre

- * model programmes for the training needs of youth information staff and youth exchange organisers.
- asks the Commission of the European Communities, through the appropriate channels of the Council of Europe, to consider how and on what basis participation in their youth programmes might be opened to countries party to the European Cultural Convention.
- agrees to recommend that the Governing Board of the European Youth Foundation should be invited to:
 - * consider what priorities it intends for the use of its existing resources
 - * study possibilities to enlarge and place great significance on the action of the European Youth Foundation by envisaging measures aimed at, for example:
 - . expanding the number of participating states
 - . increasing the resources for its actions by diversifying the origin of these resources beyond those of governments
 - . diversifying its fields of activity and co-operation
 - . encouraging greater participation of youth in activities and planning
 - * initiate a comparative study concerning the encouragement and support to youth organisations and initiatives at both governmental and non-governmental level
 - * consider what steps can be taken to associate European institutions working in the field of youth with the activities of the European Youth Foundation, through the appropriate institutional procedures and in the framework of possible revised statutes
- agrees to examine, at their next meeting, an interim report on the evolution of these matters and more specific recommendations arising from the report requested here.

APPENDIX II

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS / LISTE DES PARTICIPANTS

Member states of the European Cultural Convention

AUSTRIA	Ms. FLEMMING Dr. Marilies Dr. FINDER Josef Ms. WOLF Dr. Maria Mr. ENT Herbert Ms. HEINISCH Irene Mr. KARAS Otmar Mr. SCHEIBELREITER Reinhard Mr. ECKHARD Reinhold Mr. HIETSCH Dr. Walter Mr. GROSCH Mathieu Ms. JASSEN Madeleine Mr. BREUER Ralph Mr. KRIESCHER Uwe Mr. BELLEMANS Wilfried Mr. VEREECKE Guido Mr. VAN DEN BOGAERT Guido Mr. MOLLE Maurice Mr. GROSJEAN Etienne Mr. DEMAEGD Alain Mr. HOORNAERT Xavier Mr. PHILIPPOU Andreas Mr. KONIS Takis Mr. LARSEN K.E Mr. NISSEN Carl Ms. HARRIT Ibbi Ms. HENRIKSEN Lotte Mr. THOMSEN Viggo Ernst Ms. PIIPARI Anna-Liisa Mr. KUKKONEN Jorma Ms. HELSINGIUS Ulla Mr. SIURALA Lasse Mr. TUKIAINEN Matti Mr. PAKARINEN Heikki	Minister of Environment, Youth and Family Ministerialrat Official General director Chairman of the Austrian Youth Council Repr. Austrian Youth Council repr. Austrian Youth Council repr. Austrian Youth Council Ambassador to Norway Ministre de la Jeunesse Membre du Cabinet ministériel Secrétaire d'administration President of the Youth Council Repr. du Ministre de la Culture Conseiller Repr. of VPIJ Directeur de cabinet adjoint du Ministre Directeur d'administration de la Jeunesse Conseiller adjoint Président of CRIJ Minister of Education Director of the department of social welfare services Director of Education General Inspector of Education Head of Section Chairman of the Youth council Secretary General DUF Minister of Culture Political secretary of Minister Piipari Secretary of Cultural Affairs, Ministry of Education Associate Professor Vice-chairman of National Youth Council Repr. of SNT	Communauté germanophone Communauté flamande Communauté française
Belgium			
Cyprus			
Denmark			
Finland			

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FRG	Mr. KARLSSON Reynir Mr. KRISTJASSON Erlendur Mr. SIGFUSSON Arni Mr. FAHEY Francis Mr. WYSE Francis Ms. O'BRIEN Eleanor Mr. GRAHAM Alan Ms. AGNELLI Susanna Mr. VELENSISE Michele Mr. VELARDI Pierre Luigi Mr. MELILLI Fabio Mr. WILLE Dr. Herbert Mr. SELE Peter Mr. BODEN Fernand Mr. MULLER Frantz-Charles	Head of Division/delegation The State Youth Counsellor State Youth Council Minister of state for Youth Affairs Private Secretary to the Minister of State for Youth Principal Officer, Youth Affairs section Representative of NYCI Under secr. of state Forreign Aff. Head of Section Conseiller Repr. of CIGRI Minister for Culture and Youth Collaborator, Youth and Welfare Office Minister of Education and Youth Directeur du Service National de la Jeunesse
Greece		
Holy See		
Iceland		
Ireland		
Italy		
Liechtenstein		
Luxembourg		
Malta		Apologised for absence/Excused

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Mr. RYPMA Siem
Ms. ODJIK Ada
Ms. HILDERVINK Pink
Mr. BAKKE Hallvard
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Ms. WALAAS Elisabeth
Mr. JENSEN Svein-Erik
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Mr. GANGSØ Tor Arne
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Mr. GARCIA-PLIEGO Francisco
Ms. RODRIGUEZ Estrella
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Mr. BRYNTESSON Lars
Mr. KARLBERG Lars
Mr. SJØBERG Rune
Ms. HEMINGSSON Margareta
Mr. FRANK Per Uno
Mr. CARLSSON Kent
Mr. COTTI Flavio
Mr. STÜCHELI Rolf
Mr. SEGOND Guy-Olivier
Mr. DANIOETH Hans
Mr. ARQUINT Romedi
Mr. ROTHER Jürg
Ms. BORN Züsi

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Spain

Sweden

Switzerland

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Head of directorate for Youth Policy
Staff-member, department of social affairs
repr. of PIJON
Minister of Cultural and Scientific Affairs
State secretary for Cultural and Scientific Affairs
Personal secretary to Minister Bakke
Director General
Ambassador, Permanent Representative of Norway to the Council of Europe
Head of section
1. Executive Officer.
Chairman of LNU
Vice Chairman of LNU
Assistant Minister to the Prime Minister and Minister for Youth
Asseur pour les relations Internationales
Director of FAOJ
Chairman of the Youth Council

Ambassador, Permanent Representative of Portugal to the Council of Europe
Minister of Education and Culture
Segretario Particolare, Ministero Educazione e Cultura
Minister for Youth
Director General Instituto de la Juventud
Consejera de Juventud
Jefe Servicio de Cooperacion Exterior, Instituto Juventud
President of the Youth Council
Minister of Youth, Sports and tourism
political advisor
First secretary
Second Secretary
Member of Parliament
Swedish Youth Council
Chairman of LSU
Conseiller fédéral chef du dep. federal de L'interieur
2nd. secretary
Conseiller National
Conseiller des Etats
Secr. de la comm. fédéral de la jeunesse
President du Cartel suisse des association de jeunesse
Secr. Int. du CSAJ

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Mr. UMUNC Dr. Himmet
Mr. UNVER Erdogan
Mr. USENMEZ Suayip
Mr. KONAKLI Nurettin
Ms. MIHCIOGLU Gulsev
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Professor of english language and literature
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Advisor of the State Minister
Advisor of the State Minister
Expert, Ministry of National Education, Youth and Sports
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Private secretary to the minister
Director, Youth service unit, Dep. of education and science
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Chairperson of the British Youth Council
Member of Presidency of Union of Socialist Youth

Yugoslavia

Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe
Assemblée Parlementaire du Conseil de l'Europe

Mr. PARRY Robert
Mr. WORRELL Joop
Mr. BUCHNER Peter
Ms. PACK Doris
Mr. DE PUIG Lluís Maria
Mr. BASSINET Philippe
Sir JOHNSTON Russell

Standing Conference of Local and Regional Authorities of Europe
Conférence Permanente des Pouvoirs locaux et régionaux de l'Europe

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 Nordic Council of Ministers
 OFAJ
 ECB / BEC
 CENYC
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 Mr. Dag ENDAL

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 Technical Officer
 Head of Section
 Secretary General
 President
 President
 Member of Governing Board
 Chairman

GUESTS / INVITES

Atlantis

BYC
 CENYC
 CENYC
 CENYC
 CES
 CJE
 CRIJ
 CRIJ
 CRIJ
 DEMYC
 DNK
 DUF
 ECB
 ECB
 ECB
 ECB
 ESONE
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 Mr. BERNASCONI Paulo
 Mr. RESTOUEIX Jean Philippe
 Ms. FRASSONI Monica
 Mr. PENNICKX Patrick
 Ms. SANDNES Elise
 Mr. ULSTEIN HATLEBREKKE Kristen
 Mr. GOMES Rui
 Mr. FJØRTOFT Torgeir

Chairman of the board
 Repr. of BYC
 Bureau member of CENYC
 Secretary General CENYC
 Repr. of CES
 Repr. of CJE
 Repr. of the CRIJ
 Repr. of the CRIJ
 Repr. of the CRIJ
 Repr. of DEMYC
 Repr. of DNK
 Repr. of DUF
 Bureau member of BEC
 Bureau member of BEC
 Bureau member of BEC
 Repr. of BEC
 Repr. of ESONE
 l. sekr.
 Repr. of ICYE
 Repr. of IFM/SEI
 Repr. of IGTYF
 Repr. of JDCE
 Repr. of JECI
 Repr. of JEF
 Repr. of JOCE
 International secr. of LNU
 Repr. of LNU
 Repr. of MCP
 Executive Officer

Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Aff. Mr. FJØRTOFT Torgeir

