REPORTING TEMPLATE/ QUESTIONNARE FOR EAP PARTNER COUNTRIES: ARMENIA, AZERBAIJAN, BELARUS, GEORGIA, MOLDOVA, UKRAINE) ANTI-CORRUPTION AND GOOD GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK: GENERAL REVIEW OF EaP STATUS AND NEEDS FOR REFORM

NR	SECTOR	STATUS (LEGAL/TIMELINES)	INSTITUTIONS RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTATION AND MONITORING	ISSUES OF CONCERN AND CHALLENGES
1.	Policy			
Guidance	Please list below any relevant anti-corruption and/or /good governance policy documents, including a national strategy/action plan for preventing and fighting corruption and for improving good governance.	Please provide timelines for the implementation of the policies listed in the previous column.	Please provide the name and status of institutions that are in charge of the policies listed in the first column, including responsibility for: - Design; - Endorsement, approval, solicitation of reporting on policy implementation; - Monitoring and evaluation of policy implementation and revision or change of policy documents/strategies.	Describe/list issues of concern related to implementation and impact of policies in your countries.
1.1				
1.2				
2.	Institutional			
Guidance	Which are anti-corruption and/or good governance institutions in your country? Describe their nature and mandate (preventive, law enforcement, or investigative, policy advice or hybrid)	What are the legal bases for these institutions, and how are thy regulated(for example decree, or government decision)?	Describe the inter-institutional relationships and reporting lines?	Describe/list any issues of concern related to the implementation and, impact of work of the institutions.
2.1				
2.2				
3.	Legislative			
Guidance	Describe the content and the level of legislative reform concerning anti-corruption and good governance in your country?	Please indicate or give an example of any improvement achieved as a result of new legislation and its efficient implementation concerning anti-corruption reforms.	Is the anti-corruption regulatory framework regulated by primary legislation (laws passed by Parliament), or secondary legislation (mostly Decrees and Government Decisions).	Which legislation/regulatory initiative has been the most challenging in terms of implementation and achievement of results?
3.1				
3.2				

4.	Other		
Guidance	Please provide any additional information concerning anti- corruption reforms in your country, role of NGOs, or result oriented reforms in particular such that could be shared as <u>good practice</u> in the region in terms of (legislative, institutional and policy-oriented reforms aimed at the fight and prevention of corruption.		
4.1			
4.2			

Please attach any relevant information including strategies, legislation, policy papers, or any other documentation you may feel is relevant.