



COUNCIL OF EUROPE
EUROPEAN LANDSCAPE CONVENTION

***National Workshop on the implementation
of the European Landscape Convention
in Bosnia and Herzegovina***

Drawing landscape policies for the future

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CONCLUSIONS

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- The category of landscape is very often identified as a “protected area”, according to the Law on nature protection. In practice it turned out that term is not being interpreted in the right way and leads to misunderstanding with users of documents;
- The term “landscape” is not sufficiently represented in the spatial and planning documents;
- There are no defined measures and recommendations for the identification, valorisation and preservation of landscapes, or for the management of landscapes;
- The potentials of the landscape for the needs of tourism and economic development has not recognised.

What should we do in the future?

- ✓ identify landscape in laws (law on cultural heritage, law on nature conservation, law on forestry etc.);
- ✓ integrate the category of landscape into policies;
- ✓ achieving wider co-operation (intersectoral and trans-boundary);

- ✓ respect and enable the application of the principles of subsidiarity (to determine the governmental institution that will be responsible for these issues). It is recommended to select the institutions were the national coordinators for the implementation of the European Landscapes Convention are employed;
- ✓ develop and adopt a methodology and guidelines for identification, assessment and landscape management;
- ✓ carry out identification of landscapes;
- ✓ make an assessment of landscapes (landscape valuation);
- ✓ determine the objectives of the quality of the landscapes;
- ✓ monitor the changes within the landscapes (monitoring);
- ✓ continually work on education and training of staff to deal with landscape issues;
- ✓ work on raising public awareness;
- ✓ fostering an integrated approach (culture and nature);
- ✓ use the experiences and knowledge of other countries to achieve all of the above.