

## The Bureau of the Congress

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## Co-operation activities of the Congress in member States and neighbouring regions

Situation at 22 October 2018

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<sup>1</sup> This document is classified confidential until its examination by the Bureau of the Congress.

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## Introduction

1. In 2011, the Bureau of the Congress of Local and Regional Authorities adopted a new orientation<sup>2</sup> for the Congress' activities by contributing to the Council of Europe Action Plans, which supports member States and States in neighbouring regions in the implementation of legal and institutional reforms, in line with Council of Europe standards. Co-operation activities aim to provide practical responses to the shortcomings and problems identified by the various monitoring bodies of the Council of Europe, with regards to local democracy, and in particular during monitoring visits on the implementation of the European Charter of Local Self-government (ETS No.122). The *Guidelines for co-operation activities*<sup>3</sup> further specified the framework and the principles of such co-operation activities, whose importance was reiterated in the *Priorities of the Congress 2017-2020*.

2. The Congress is the benchmark in local and regional democracy, whose expertise and experience are widely recognised. Due to this expertise the Congress is in a position to provide local and regional authorities, and their associations, with the assistance and means to acquire new skills and 'know-how', and to strengthen their institutional capacities. The recognition of the Congress' role has led to a substantial increase in the number of Congress co-operation projects. Since October 2012, the total amount contributed by donors has been € 6 000 000.<sup>4</sup> The activities are based on political dialogue and the monitoring of the provisions of the European Charter of Local Self-Government and complement the statutory activities of the Congress, its chambers and committees. They provide a link between the recommendations and resolutions adopted at the sessions and the situation on the ground.

3. The interventions are undertaken in two main directions. Firstly, the programmes and activities that are implemented **bilaterally** in the framework of the Council of Europe Action Plans for specific member States or within the Council of Europe Policy towards neighbouring regions;<sup>5</sup> and secondly, those that are implemented **multilaterally** in the framework of specific partnerships, such as the European Union's Eastern Partnership. Moreover, the activities organised within the Council of Europe Policy towards neighbouring regions have been implemented following the creation by the Congress of the status of Partner for Local Democracy in 2014.<sup>6</sup>

4. Peer exchanges are the main component of the Congress' intervention, for which members of the Congress have a key role to play. Since 2011, over 50 local and regional elected representatives from 23 member States have taken part in co-operation projects implemented by the Congress. Where necessary, their contribution and the work of the Congress Secretariat are complemented by members of the Group of Independent Experts on the European Charter of Local Self-Government, and experts from the beneficiary countries or other European countries.

5. This document presents the main results that the Congress has attained in partnership with the beneficiaries, and, in this respect, summarises the main developments made by the Congress within each of the thematic fields highlighted in the Guidelines for co-operation activities, as well as the activities implemented in the context of the Council of Europe Policy towards neighbouring regions.

## I. Themes and areas of co-operation

6. The 47 member States of the Council of Europe committed themselves to apply provisions of the European Charter of Local Self-Government (hereinafter "the Charter"), which are complemented by the thematic recommendations of the Congress. In addition to these standards of local and regional democracy, the specific needs of the beneficiaries and the local context are taken into account to adapt the methodology of co-operation activities. They are therefore the outcome of an approach based on dialogue and partnership.

7. This chapter presents thematic co-operation activities along four lines of action: [1] empowering of local and regional authorities by fostering dialogue between central government and local and regional authorities and strengthening their associations; [2] building the capacities of local and regional elected

<sup>2</sup> Framework document for co-operation activities of the Congress of Local and Regional Authorities – Document CG/BUR/2011(21)4): <https://rm.coe.int/168071aeb0>

<sup>3</sup> "Improving the impact of Congress recommendations: Guidelines for co-operation activities in Council of Europe member States", CG/BUR/2015(27)31, Bureau of the Congress, 23 March 2015. Available at <https://rm.coe.int/168071a684>

<sup>4</sup> Details of the contributions per project can be found in the appendix.

<sup>5</sup> Report on the implementation of the Council of Europe Policy towards neighbouring regions: [https://search.coe.int/cm/Pages/result\\_details.aspx?ObjectId=0900001680712371](https://search.coe.int/cm/Pages/result_details.aspx?ObjectId=0900001680712371)

<sup>6</sup> Resolution 376(2014): <https://wcd.coe.int/ViewDoc.jsp?p=&id=2248385&Site=COE&direct=true>

representatives as agents of change; [3] making young people aware of the principles of local democracy, and engaging them at local level; and [4] learning by doing through involvement in local initiatives to improve governance, including through citizen participation.

## 1. Empowerment of local and regional authorities and their associations

8. The following section highlights the Congress' various interventions such as the introduction of an institutionalised consultation mechanism, measures to strengthen associations' institutional and/or administrative capacities, or a political mediation between several associations of local and regional authorities. It gives an overview of the Congress' country-specific examples in **Albania, Armenia, Georgia and Ukraine**; and transnational co-operation between **Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, the Republic of Moldova, Ukraine and Belarus**.

### 1.1. Dialogue between local and regional authorities and central government

9. The right to consultation is one of the cornerstones of the Charter. The integration of this right into member States' legislation and the complexity of its practical implementation are regularly underlined in the monitoring of the application of the Charter. It is a priority for the Congress and new guidelines on consultation mechanisms are to be adopted by the Congress during its 35th session.

10. The Congress encourages dialogue between local and regional authorities and central government. Moreover, given the asymmetrical nature of the relationship between national and local level, the Congress defends the role of national associations of local and regional authorities as key partners of both – the central government and the authorities they represent. Therefore, the Congress offers its expertise to stakeholders, including national associations of local and regional authorities, who wish to enhance the exercise of the local and regional authorities' right to be consulted by central government. The consultation process may vary due to the context in different countries; therefore, the Congress does not seek to promote a uniform pattern since the States and their local and regional authorities are better placed to decide on the suitable consultation model.

11. **Albania** represents a good example of the Congress assistance in the process of improving and increasing consultation of local authorities. Following the major reform on administrative and territorial decentralisation and organisation in 2013, the Congress provided legislative assistance, including a long and intense process of political mediation. The Congress intervention led to the incorporation of the right to be consulted into the Organic Law on Local Self-Government, adopted in December 2015 and to the establishment of a Consultative Council of Local and Central Authorities<sup>7</sup> in January 2017.

12. The Congress' intervention took place in an extremely polarised and tense political context, in which local and regional authorities, represented by strongly polarised associations, were neither in a position to present their concerns to central government nor to identify joint lines of action. To set up a joint platform for dialogue, the Congress has maintained regular dialogue with all stakeholders, including the political parties, since 2012. The representation of local authorities on a pluralistic platform still remains a challenge in Albania and it is of utmost importance that national and local authorities ensure the sustainable functioning of the Albanian Consultative Council.

13. In **Armenia**, in line with the activities of the Communities Association of Armenia (CAA) to improve the culture of participation, a workshop on consultation mechanisms was held in September 2018. The workshop aimed to contribute to the establishment of a consultation mechanism in Armenia in order to enable local authorities to deliver the tasks conferred on them and fully comply with the Charter.

14. In **Ukraine**, the "Day of the Dialogue with the Government"<sup>8</sup> held in September 2018 facilitated the dialogue between all levels of government and was a step forward to allow local elected representatives to be more proactive in the process of policy formulation and to pave the way for shared synergies. This has also contributed to the regular dialogue between national authorities and their national associations.

15. The Congress will continue to support the process of decentralisation and regular and effective consultation between central and local authorities and their associations through the projects implemented in

<sup>7</sup> Institutionalised consultative body where national associations of local and regional authorities represent all local and regional authorities on a parity basis. Within the framework of this new body, the Albanian associations of local and regional authorities were able to present their proposals on the Law on Local Finances, which were taken into account in the final text which came into force in May 2017. Subsequently, they have discussed about the budgetary stances for 2018.

<sup>8</sup> "The day of the Dialogue with the Government" was organised by the Association of Ukrainian Cities (AUC), with the support of the Congress.

the member States.

## **1.2. Strengthening associations of local and regional authorities**

16. National associations of local and regional authorities are key partners for the central government, as well as for the authorities they represent. It is the associations' duty to advocate the interests of local and regional authorities and to hold internal consultations with their members on subjects relevant to local and regional democracy. Thus, strengthening the right of local and regional authorities to be consulted by higher levels of government also requires strengthening the capacities of their associations.

17. The co-operation with the Communities Association of **Armenia** (CAA) highlights the Congress' contribution in this respect. Following the recommendations of the assessment of the CAA's situation in 2015, the Congress supported the CAA to develop institutional capacities, to actively involve the Association's members in decision-making and motivate them to advocate with the central government, to promote the establishment of a network of institutional partners, and to improve communication with the public.

18. The adoption of a new CAA five-year strategic orientation (2016) and an advocacy strategy (2017), revision of its statute, and holding of its first General Assembly for a number of years, has increased the CAA's capacity to regularly address proposals to the central government on priority political issues or in response to legislative proposals. The Association has actively worked on administrative-territorial reform and decentralisation in Armenia through the adoption of policy positions, organising the Forum on Local Democracy in Armenia and a consultative meeting with the Government of Armenia, in 2017. Moreover, to ensure greater transparency within the CAA management and decision-making, the CAA has developed Financial and Human Resources (HR) management manuals, a draft Financial Sustainability Strategy and established six thematic committees.<sup>9</sup> The organisational development was further strengthened by increasing the number of secretariat members and strengthening their competencies, including in the areas of advocacy, fundraising and financial management.

19. Currently, the CAA is increasingly recognised as a key actor in the development of local democracy in Armenia by the central authorities, its institutional partners, and the general public. The Association reinforced its partnerships<sup>10</sup> and is continuing to develop its administrative structures and statutory bodies, as well as its network of experts, and to improve its public image and communication capacities with the introduction of a new graphic charter, a new website and the organisation of joint events with the Government.

20. Other objectives of the Congress are to establish close co-operation and lasting relations with the different national associations of local and regional authorities in member States, as well as to provide advocacy support. In **Georgia**, the co-operation with the National Association of Local Authorities of Georgia (NALAG) in 2017 led to the drafting of proposals for amendments to the Code of Local Self-Government concerning citizens' participation in local affairs. Similarly, the Congress supported the Association of Ukrainian Cities (AUC) to elaborate comprehensive proposals for the amendments of two draft laws, concerning the status of local councillors and State supervision and control over local self-governments' activities. The adoption of the amendments to these laws is pending.

21. In **Ukraine**, regular meetings are held between representatives of the associations,<sup>11</sup> members of the Ukrainian delegation to the Congress, and the beneficiaries of the project implemented in Ukraine. The Memorandum of Understanding, signed in September 2018, emphasizes the Congress and the Association of Ukrainian Cities' (AUC) commitment to enhance institutional capacities and support local elected representatives in their efforts to promote ethical decision-making and more citizen-oriented, inclusive and transparent governance. Moreover, peer-to-peer exchanges, with the participation of AUC representatives of the management board and its regional branches, have opened a debate on the role of national associations

<sup>9</sup> The meetings of the thematic committees are taking place as of February 2018. E.g. CAA Gender, Social and Healthcare Issues Committee addressed a call on the Government to strengthen women's political participation/representation in the local governance system of Armenia.

<sup>10</sup> Conference "Women and local governance" was jointly organised between MTAD, CAA, GIZ, SDC, USAID, UNDP and the Congress on 7 March 2018 in Yerevan. The CAA also concluded a number of co-operation agreements with other associations, such as the Association of rural mayors of France.

<sup>11</sup> The Association of Ukrainian Cities, the Association of Village and Settlement Councils of Ukraine, and the Ukrainian Association of District and Regional Councils.

of local authorities in promoting gender equality at local level.<sup>12</sup>

22. In addition to the country-specific work, the Congress encourages exchanges between the associations of different countries. The associations' intention to strengthen their co-operation was confirmed by the Memorandum of Understanding, signed in June 2017, between the National Association of Local Authorities of Georgia (NALAG), the Congress of Local Authorities of Moldova (CALM) and the Association of Ukrainian Cities (AUC), under the auspices of the Congress. Furthermore, the Community of Practice on local democracy,<sup>13</sup> established in January 2016, which involved the representatives of the national associations of **Armenia, the Republic of Moldova, Georgia and Ukraine**, as well as representatives of **Azerbaijan and Belarus**, has served as an excellent networking and discussion platform to improve the quality of local democracy and build sustainable transnational relations for strengthening local governance in the region. A side event to the 5th Open Government Partnership Global Summit 2018, which was a follow-up to the activities within the "Partnership for Good Governance" programme, was yet another good opportunity for interaction between **Georgian and Ukrainian** local authorities and their associations, who shared good practices and existing challenges in the implementation of open government principles at the local level.<sup>14</sup>

## 2. Capacity building of local and regional elected representatives as agents of change

23. Delivering meaningful, successful decentralisation requires ongoing political support from all the relevant stakeholders, both authorities and citizens. It also requires these stakeholders to have a sense of ownership over, and be deeply committed to, local governance in keeping with European principles.

24. Mayors and local councillors are the level of government closest to citizens. Their primary responsibility is to promote the principles of local democracy and the values of their community, while complying with the national legislation and exercising the competences entrusted to them. Furthermore, local and regional elected representatives have a duty to ensure transparency in public action, to adopt appropriate measures for the prevention of corruption and to develop democratic tools for enhancing citizen participation in local affairs.

25. The promotion of the principles of the Charter and supporting the adoption of innovative and participatory approaches, in response to citizens' wishes and needs, was the rationale behind designing targeted activities for mayors and councilors.

26. The programme "Leaders for Change" served this purpose and facilitated peer-to-peer exchanges as well as the sharing of good practices with Congress members. The programme focused on specific themes such as the roles and responsibilities of elected representatives, communication with citizens, promoting values at local level, and effective and ethical strategic decision-making. The discussions, with the participation of national and international experts, afforded participants an opportunity to identify ways to effectively and practically implement the above-mentioned principles.

27. The programme "Leaders for Change" proved to be successful in **Armenia**<sup>15</sup> and **Ukraine**<sup>16</sup>. It has better placed local elected representatives to lead innovative policies and to involve citizens in decision-making processes. Moreover, interaction between participants and Congress members had an added value to facilitate meaningful change in their local communities.<sup>17</sup>

28. Likewise, under the programme implemented within the Council of Europe – European Union "Partnership for Good Governance" (PGG), over 60 mayors and representatives of their national associations from **Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine** have taken part in thematic activities and peer-to-peer exchanges on the subjects of public ethics, prevention of corruption, transparency

<sup>12</sup> Workshop on "Gender equality at local level: challenges and opportunities in Ukraine" was organised jointly with the Association of Ukrainian Cities (AUC).

<sup>13</sup> The Community of practice on local democracy is a network of experts and practitioners in the fields of local governance and ethics, representatives of national associations of local and regional authorities, and civil society.

<sup>14</sup> Workshop 'Open governance at local level: cities take action' held on 17 July 2018, in Rustavi, Georgia, organised by the Congress and the NALAG was a side event to the 5<sup>th</sup> Open Government Partnership Summit as a follow up to the activities within the PGG programme.

<sup>15</sup> Within the scheme some twenty mayors took part from 2013 to 2016 in Armenia and helped to create a space for experimenting with citizen participation. The experiences of Armenian elected officials have been compiled into a publication entitled *Toolkit on Citizen Participation* for the attention of their peers: <https://rm.coe.int/16806cf43c>

<sup>16</sup> Over 150 mayors and 220 local councillors have benefitted from the Congress activities since 2014 in Ukraine.

<sup>17</sup> The project's closing conference was organized in December 2016, where Armenian Mayors acknowledged the significance of the programme "Leaders for change" for their capacity building.

and citizen participation. The four country-specific handbooks on transparency and citizen participation<sup>18</sup> and the *Management of change: a tool guide for local and regional authorities*<sup>19</sup> were the practical tools used to support them in developing accountable, effective and transparent institutions.

29. Furthermore, in November 2018, mayors, local councilors, municipal civil servants and representatives of national associations of local and regional authorities from **Ukraine** and **Georgia** will have an opportunity to attend the World Forum for Democracy 2018 on the issue of gender equality and women's rights. Due to the importance of the subject, an additional workshop for Georgian and Ukrainian representatives will be organised to allow them to exchange experiences and improve knowledge on how to foster women's political participation and ensure equal opportunities at local level.

30. The Congress' peer-to-peer exchange programme helps to disseminate new practices and to forge closer ties between elected representatives within their countries. This modus operandi has also led to the creation of various policy-making platforms and opportunities for experimentation. Improved understanding of the principles of local democracy and their rights, as well as the heightened awareness on advantages of co-operation/joint actions have encouraged mayors and local councillors to uphold the interest of local populations and invest more in them.

### 3. Making young local leaders aware of the principles of local democracy

31. The preamble of the Revised Charter on the Participation of Young People in Local and Regional Life<sup>20</sup> states the following:

*"Participation in the democratic life of any community is about more than voting or standing for election, although these are important elements. Participation and active citizenship is about having the right, the means, the space and the opportunity and where necessary the support to participate in and influence decisions and engage in actions and activities so as to contribute to building a better society."*

32. This is a guiding notion for the Congress to develop youth-oriented co-operation activities, targeted to the young people who are already engaged at local level, who have been elected to the local council for the first time or might run for office in future elections, or who represent civil society or the media. Since 2014, young local leaders from **Armenia**<sup>21</sup> and **Ukraine**<sup>22</sup> benefited from the Congress's activities.

33. The seminars designed for young local leaders have three main objectives: [1] to make young people aware of the principles of local and regional democracy; [2] to enhance their capacity to develop and implement initiatives involving both citizens and local authorities; and [3] to give them the desire and the means to participate in local and/or regional elections.

34. In **Ukraine**, where the authorities stressed the need for renewal of the political class, the Congress worked along several lines of action. In addition to the awareness raising seminars, the Congress enabled young Ukrainian leaders to participate in study visits organised alongside the World Forum of Democracy.<sup>23</sup> These study visits to Strasbourg are a good platform to meet and talk with elected representatives, journalists and activists from other countries as well as to learn good practices from French and German local authorities. An assessment of the impact of the Congress' youth activities in Ukraine has shown that young Ukrainian local leaders' meetings with other young people and Congress members have inspired them and there is evidence of initiatives being implemented by one in five young local leaders.

35. Furthermore, the Congress facilitated the interaction between young local leaders and local elected representatives, and as a result an informal support network was created. The first Local Democracy Forum, held in Ukraine in July 2017, marked a first step in the direction of the on-going dialogue between mayors, local councillors and young local leaders. The Forum was a chance to discuss topical issues related to the principles of good local governance, in particular youth participation in local public affairs, transparency in public decision-making, gender equality or the implementation of new democratic tools, as well as existing challenges to build local democracy in Ukraine. A joint declaration adopted at the end of the Forum reiterated the commitment of young local leaders, mayors and municipal councillors and expressed their desire for

<sup>18</sup> <https://www.coe.int/en/web/congress/-/handbooks-on-transparency-and-citizen-participation>

<sup>19</sup> <https://www.coe.int/en/web/congress/-/management-of-change-a-tool-guide-for-local-and-regional-authorities>

<sup>20</sup> Adopted by the Congress of Local and Regional Authorities of Europe (10th session – 21 May 2003 – Appendix to Recommendation 128)

<sup>21</sup> Two seminars held on European principles of local democracy for young local leaders gathered around 50 Armenian participants.

<sup>22</sup> Nearly 300 young Ukrainians have taken part in activities proposed by the Congress since 2014.

<sup>23</sup> Approximately sixty young Ukrainian leaders have participated since 2014.



closer co-operation with the Congress. The forum “United Ukraine” organised within the European Local Democracy Week<sup>24</sup> in October 2018 was another good opportunity to share experiences and examples of good practice in implementing projects on citizen participation and transparent governance in their communities between local elected representatives and young local leaders from eight regions of Ukraine.

36. The Congress encourages sustainable operation of the informal support network and endeavours to design future co-operation activities in response to the needs of young local leaders from Ukraine, as well as from other beneficiary countries.

#### 4. Local pilot initiatives: learning by doing

37. Local democracy, which is crucial for the functioning of a democratic society, cannot prosper unless local and regional elected authorities are required to act with integrity and to set an example. It is vital that local and regional authorities respond to citizens’ needs and expectations quickly in a transparent, ethical and accountable manner and at the same time encourage greater citizen participation based on regular and open exchanges.

38. The implementation of local pilot initiatives is a way of “learning by doing”. The Congress offers selected local authorities operational and tailor-made support and expertise. Its activities enabled the mayors and their local administrations to put new skills in practice, using the tools, methodologies and examples of good practice exchanged. Consultative councils, forums and opinion-polling mechanisms are just a few examples of good practice that have resulted from local initiatives.

39. In **Armenia**, four towns were selected in 2015, at the end of the “Leaders for Change” programme, to explore citizen participation in areas such as local development, infrastructure projects and budgetary planning. The idea was also to implement new provisions of the organic law adopted in 2013 following the ratification of the Additional Protocol to the Charter of Local Self-Government (CETS No. 207), and to embrace new processes for citizen participation in decision-making.

40. A similar approach was employed in **Ukraine**, where the launching of a call for projects resulted in the selection of five municipalities in 2017.<sup>25</sup> A number of local policies and mechanisms, which improved dialogue and strengthened co-operation between local authorities and citizens, were introduced in these five municipalities. These policies represent a concrete and highly visible means to demonstrate the determination of local authorities to lead the change through accountable, transparent and fully democratic governance, committed to the community. The selected municipalities have benefited from peer reviews, expert support and funding in order to adopt a more transparent and participatory mode of governance, and to promote a gender perspective in their public policies. Finally, an important bridge of trust was built between the government and its constituencies, enhancing both the quantity and quality of citizen engagement in local decision-making.

41. Furthermore, under the PGG programme, the Congress has enabled 12 municipalities (three per country, in **Armenia, Georgia, the Republic of Moldova and Ukraine**) to devise procedures and adopt mechanisms for more effective and integrated governance, and greater citizen participation.<sup>26</sup> These initiatives were led by mayors determined to deliver meaningful change in their municipalities, who, through an inclusive approach involving citizens, delivered a better quality of local democracy and of public services for their communities. The fact that some tools are now being promoted at national level, with the opportunity to be replicated in other municipalities, highlights their success towards the establishment of a professional, depoliticised, accountable and ethical public administration. In addition, their results were disseminated to mayors in other countries by means of a regional conference in December 2017, which favoured the sustainability of the reforms made and has encouraged others to replicate and generate more efficient, accountable and transparent policy-making in their own municipalities.

<sup>24</sup> The event on the youth participation, organised in the City of Fastiv, Ukraine, on the occasion of its third consecutive participation in the ELDW, on 11 October 2018, was a follow-up to the activities implemented from 2015 to 2017 within the Council of Europe Congress project “Promoting local democracy in Ukraine”

<sup>25</sup> The call for projects can be consulted at the following address:  
<https://mycloud.coe.int/index.php/s/Dw70WwSNnwpt3Xg#pdfviewer>

<sup>26</sup> The call for projects can be consulted at the following address:  
<https://wcd.coe.int/com.instranet.InstraServlet?command=com.instranet.CmdBlobGet&InstranetImage=2950123&SecMode=1&DocId=2391056&Usage=2>



## II. Co-operation activities as part of the Council of Europe's policy towards neighbouring countries

42. The co-operation programme "South-Med Partnership" was designed to strengthen local and regional governance in the southern Mediterranean countries, in particular Morocco and Tunisia.<sup>27</sup> In the light of the programme, the Congress Spokesperson and three substitute Spokespersons on the South-Med Partnership were appointed by the Bureau in December 2016 and in February 2017. The "Partner for Local Democracy"<sup>28</sup> status introduced by the Congress in 2014 further enables delegations from the beneficiary countries to participate in the work of the Congress without voting rights and is a tool to strengthen political dialogue, decentralised co-operation and experience sharing.

43. Within the programme, the Congress has provided legislative assistance as well as implemented various activities to develop the capacities of local elected authorities and their associations. The activities mainly focused on regionalisation and decentralisation reforms and the development of participatory democracy. To accelerate the progress of the programme, a number of key documents on European principles and standards in the field of local democracy<sup>29</sup> have been produced in Arabic.

44. In **Morocco**, the Congress helped to elaborate the Law on Advanced Regionalisation, adopted in May 2015, which paved the way for local and regional elections in September 2015. To build capacities and raise awareness on the principles of decentralisation, a study on the skills and training resources of elected representatives in Morocco was produced and a parliamentary colloquium on "Regionalisation in Morocco: opportunities and challenges for consolidating decentralised governance" was organised with the Moroccan Parliament in November 2017. Furthermore, a conference on "Building an inclusive community: integrating migrants, fighting violent extremism, involving citizens" was co-organised with the City of Rabat also in November 2017. The conference brought together elected representatives and administrative officials from Moroccan towns and cities, as well as their European counterparts who shared their experiences.

45. Recently, the Ministry of the Interior of Morocco, and the two associations of local and regional authorities – the Association of the Regions of Morocco (ARM) and the Moroccan Association of Presidents of Municipal Councils (AMPCC) – submitted an application for Partner for Local Democracy status to the Congress President. The draft resolution granting the status to Morocco was approved by the Bureau on 18 June 2018. The Ministry of the Interior of Morocco has been invited to designate, in consultation with AMPCC and ARM, a delegation of Moroccan elected representatives mandated until the next renewal session, in October 2020. A Memorandum of Understanding on the granting of the status, aimed at reaffirming the mutual commitment to cooperation, is being discussed with Morocco.

46. In **Tunisia**, the Congress was involved in drafting the chapter on "local democracy" of Tunisia's new Constitution, adopted in January 2014. The Congress has also contributed to the discussion on Tunisia's draft legislation on local elections, through comparative research on the right to vote of members of the armed forces, in December 2016; the enactment of this legislation in January 2017 prepared the ground for Tunisia's first-ever local elections on 6 May 2018. Furthermore, in July 2017, the Congress commented on four aspects (competences, local goods and services, finances and control) of the draft Code of local authorities, which was later discussed with the members of the Assembly of People's Representatives in September 2017 and adopted in April 2018. The Congress has also prepared eight implementation decrees of the Code on the statute and organisation of elected councils.

47. In terms of capacity building, the Congress organised training of trainers of the Decentralisation Training and Support Centre (CFAD) on political mediation, in the perspective of the conflicts that could emerge following the first municipal elections of 6 May 2018. Training in project management was offered to the Secretariat of the National Federation of Tunisian Towns (FNVT). As regards the promotion of gender equality, a conference on "Women in local politics",<sup>30</sup> in September 2017, facilitated an exchange of views

<sup>27</sup> Following the Congress Secretariat's visits to Rabat and Tunis in November 2016 the programme was adopted by the Congress Bureau on 10 February 2017. For further information, see document [CG32\(2017\)26](#) "Congress South-Med Partnership", submitted to members of the Congress on 16 March 2017 for information.

<sup>28</sup> Resolution 376 (2014) Partner for Local Democracy status can be consulted at the following address: [https://www.coe.int/fr/web/congress/partner-for-local-democracy-status?p\\_id=82&p\\_p\\_lifecycle=1&p\\_p\\_state=normal&p\\_p\\_mode=view&\\_82\\_struts\\_action=%2Flanguage%2Fview&\\_82\\_redirect=%2Ffr%2Fweb%2Fcongress%2Fpartner-for-local-democracy-status&\\_82\\_languageId=en\\_GB](https://www.coe.int/fr/web/congress/partner-for-local-democracy-status?p_id=82&p_p_lifecycle=1&p_p_state=normal&p_p_mode=view&_82_struts_action=%2Flanguage%2Fview&_82_redirect=%2Ffr%2Fweb%2Fcongress%2Fpartner-for-local-democracy-status&_82_languageId=en_GB)

<sup>29</sup> European Charter of Local Self-Government; the revised European Charter for the Participation of Young People in Local and Regional Life; and the European Code of Conduct for the political integrity of local and regional elected representatives.

<sup>30</sup> The conference was organised jointly by the Tunisian Ministry of Women, Family Affairs and Childhood and Ministry of Local Affairs and the Environment and the Council of Europe's Directorate General of Democracy in Tunis on 26-27 September 2017.

and experiences on national and international legal frameworks, the challenges of implementing legislative safeguards and the role of different stakeholders in strengthening women's participation in local affairs.

48. To identify the most appropriate consultation models for **Morocco and Tunisia**, a comparative study on existing consultation mechanisms in Europe has been prepared. A joint study visit for a delegation of Moroccan and Tunisian partners, which took place during the 32nd Session of the Congress in March 2017, provided an opportunity for peer-to-peer exchanges on the principles of local and regional democracy, and on the framework required for decentralised co-operation. Among those taking part in the exchanges, there were some key players in this area.<sup>31</sup> Moreover, during the visit, each of the delegations expressed an interest in exploring the possibility of obtaining Partner for Local Democracy status of the Congress.

## Conclusion

49. Through its co-operation activities, the Congress contributes to promoting local and regional democracy in the beneficiary countries and encourages the implementation of the principles of the Charter and the recommendations and resolutions adopted by the Congress. Furthermore, the proximity to field work opens up new avenues to explore and feeds into the Congress' work and thematic debates.

50. The operational component of the Congress' action is a demand-driven response and it provides local and regional authorities, their associations, and young people engaged at local level with a platform where they can express their aspirations, needs and concerns, and share their experiences and innovative practices with Congress members and with each other. This approach creates a network of players who are committed to improve the quality of local and regional democracy across Europe, as well as in the Council of Europe's neighbouring regions.

51. The Congress' interventions in the field are vital for strengthening local democracy and the Secretariat is currently developing proposals for new bilateral projects in Eastern European countries (**Armenia, Georgia, the Republic of Moldova, and Belarus**), Southern Mediterranean countries (**Morocco and Tunisia**), and in **Bosnia and Herzegovina** with a specific focus on the situation of the City of Mostar. The projects are focused on cross-cutting themes related to local governance, such as the fight against corruption, the promotion of human rights at local level, gender equality, integration of all the various population groups living on the same territory, and combating radicalisation.

52. The Congress co-operation activities also contribute to the implementation of the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, as part of the wider Council of Europe contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) – in particular to the implementation of the SDGs 5, 11, 16 and 17. Moreover, the Congress co-operation activities contribute to the EU Eastern Partnership 20 deliverables for 2020, chiefly in the enhancement of the skills of local public administrations and in the prevention of corruption.

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<sup>31</sup> Presidents of the Association of the Regions of Morocco (ARM) and of the Moroccan Association of Presidents of Municipal Councils (AMPCC), the mayor of the City of Rabat, the Director General for Local Authorities, and representatives of the Parliament and the Economic, Social and Environmental Council (CESE) in the case of **Morocco**; and the Chair of the Commission on Decentralisation of the Assembly of People's Representatives (ARP), the president of the Independent High Authority for Elections (ISIE), the president and executive director of the National Federation of Tunisian Towns and Cities (FNVT), the Director General for Local Authorities (DGCL), and the director of the Decentralisation Training and Support Centre (CFAD) in the case of **Tunisia**.

## APPENDIX – Summary of projects

(Situation as of 22 October 2018)

### I. Bilateral projects implemented in Council of Europe member countries

#### A. Projects in progress

**ARMENIA** [Council of Europe Action Plan for Armenia 2015-2018](https://rm.coe.int/1680471d82)<sup>32</sup>

<b>Project title</b>	Institutional support to the Communities Association of Armenia (CAA)
<b>Dates</b>	November 2014 – December 2018
<b>Budget</b>	1 104 500 €
<b>Funding</b>	Federal Government of Switzerland
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>To establish the regular participation of local authorities in framing national policies within a sustainable institutional framework and to formalise a consultation mechanism between the CAA and the Armenian government;</p> <p>To support the CAA in the process of achieving financial sustainability;</p> <p>To strengthen the capacity of the CAA to improve its image as a recognised political institution and communicate effectively.</p>
<b>Main activities</b>	<p>Consolidation of the CAA's decision-making procedures to make them more transparent and democratic: revision of the CAA Charter in 2016 and clear definition of the functions of the governing bodies, new elections in 2017 for the Presidency in 2017, Republican Council (108 members), Board (36 members) and oversight committee, with a gender representation quota;</p> <p>Regular meetings of the governing bodies and consultations with members (regional seminars and specialised working groups);</p> <p>Six thematic committees established in 2017 on: Financial, economic, budgetary issues; Legal affairs; Education, culture, sport and youth issues; Sustainable development; Gender, social and healthcare issues; and Rural, mountainous, borderline communities' development and inter-community cooperation;</p> <p>1st General Assembly for more than 10 years organised in February 2017, with high attendance (400 mayors);</p> <p>5 meetings of the Republican Council and 2 meetings of the Board in 2017;</p> <p>2 meetings of the Republican Council and 1 meeting of the Board in 2018;</p> <p>1 meeting of the Oversight Committee of the CAA in 2017</p> <p>7 meetings of the Standing Committees in 2018;</p> <p>Adoption of 8 policy papers/recommendations, 4 policy briefs, 3 calls addressed to the Government and 1 call addressed to the new Prime Minister;</p> <p>Strengthening of the association's capacities to advocate, with input from experts and implementation of trainings;</p> <p>Second grant to the CAA being implemented from March 2018 with four staff members employed as a part of the development of institutional capacities of the CAA;</p> <p>On-the-job coaching for the CAA Secretariat ensured through the engagement of experts such as human resources, communication, advocacy, fund raising, etc.;</p> <p>Modernisation of the association's communication tools (visual identity, website, etc.);</p> <p>Restructuring of internal financial procedures; Financial Sustainability Strategy developed; rules of procedure drafted and in the process of adoption;</p>

<sup>32</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/1680471d82>

Forum on local democracy in Armenia organised in cooperation with the government on Local Self-Government Day (10 November), themes: transfer of competencies to local level and financial decentralisation;

Consultative meeting between the Republican Council of the CAA and the Government of Armenia led by the President of Armenia (on 8-9 December): an exchange between the mayors and the Government on mutual expectations vis-à-vis the local government reform agenda;

Study visit to Serbian national association of local authorities and exchanges with two municipalities organised in July 2018 for the CAA Heads of thematic committees and the CAA leadership and staff;

Forum on local democracy being organised on 12 November 2018 on the theme “Decentralisation and local economic development”;

Workshop on good governance and citizen participation organised jointly with the CAA and the Ministry of Territorial Administration and Development in September 2018 to discuss an effective mechanisms at local level;

‘Workshop on consultation mechanisms between local and national authorities’ organised in September 2018 to create a framework for institutionalisation of a functional consultation mechanism in Armenia;

Forum of rural communities organised on 5 October jointly with the Ministry of Territorial Administration and Development of Armenia;

Mid-term assessment finalised in July 2018.

## UKRAINE

[Council of Europe Action Plan for Ukraine 2018-2021](#)<sup>33</sup>

### Project title

Strengthening democracy and building trust at local level in Ukraine<sup>34</sup>

### Dates

July 2018 – February 2021<sup>35</sup>

### Budget

1 500 000 € (secured funding until June 2019 = 550 000 €)

### Funding

Action Plan for Ukraine donors<sup>36</sup>

### Objectives

To implement genuine decentralisation and local self-government reforms through regular and effective consultation mechanisms between local authorities, their associations, and the national authorities;

Local elected representatives implement ethical, innovative and inclusive policies and practices in their municipalities.

### Main activities

Participation in the 5th Open Government Partnership (OGP) Global Summit in Tbilisi, Georgia, on 16-19 July 2018 and co-organisation between the Congress and the National Association of Local Authorities of Georgia (NALAG) of the workshop “Open Governance at Local Level: Cities Take Action”, as a side-event to the Summit, held in Rustavi, Georgia, on 17 July 2018. Both the Summit and the workshop brought together Ukrainian and Georgian local authorities and representatives of their associations, who strengthened their knowledge of and commitment to open government principles.

Expert support to the Association of Ukrainian Cities’ (AUC) advocacy role by providing analysis on the draft Law on amendments to the national legislation on the status of local councillors<sup>37</sup>, and on the draft Law on amendments to the Law of

<sup>33</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/1680794dc5>

<sup>34</sup> This project is based on the needs and recommendations voiced by relevant stakeholders and beneficiaries during the implementation of the project ‘Promoting local democracy in Ukraine’ (2015-2017) and builds upon the Congress co-operation activities carried out in Ukraine since 2014.

<sup>35</sup> A follow-up to this project under the framework of the Action Plan for Ukraine 2018-2021 (approved by the Committee of Ministers on 21 February 2018) was submitted for funding in November 2017 and is still pending.

<sup>36</sup> Funded by 20 member States: Germany, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Hungary, Ireland, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Czech Republic, Romania, United Kingdom, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey.

<sup>37</sup> “Analysis report on the Draft Law on amendments to the national legislation on the Status of Local Councillors”, Congress of Local and Regional Authorities of the Council of Europe, 8 October 2018. Available at <https://rm.coe.int/analysis-report-on-the-draft-law-on->

Ukraine “On Local Self-Government in Ukraine” and certain legislative acts of Ukraine concerning reducing measures and streamlining the system of State supervision and control over local self-governments’ activities.<sup>38</sup>

Baseline assessment of the institutional position of the AUC, in view of the development of its mid-term strategy, the needs and expectations of its members, and the current context of local self-government reform in Ukraine. This will allow for a strengthened leadership and institutional capacities of the AUC to advocate for the interest of its members.

Participation in the “Day of the Dialogue with the Government”, a forum between Ukrainian central and local authorities organised by the AUC in Ternopil, Ukraine, on 24 September 2018, for discussion and consultation between all relevant stakeholders involved in the reform process.

Signature of a Memorandum of Understanding between the Congress and the AUC for the implementation of the project, on 25 September 2018 in Kyiv, Ukraine.<sup>39</sup>

Participation in the European Local Democracy Week (ELDW) event organised by the City of Fastiv, Ukraine, on 11 October, which brought together local elected representatives and young local leaders from eight regions of Ukraine to share their experiences and examples of good practice in implementing projects on citizen participation and transparent governance in their communities

Participation in the “Focus group on introducing e-governance tools at local level” held in Kyiv, Ukraine, on 12 October 2018. It gathered representatives of local authorities, the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine, the National Agency of E-Governance and the AUC, who discussed about e-governance tools and instruments which could enhance transparency and improve trust of citizens to local authorities in Ukraine.

**Publications and tools** “Analysis report on the Draft Law on amendments to the national legislation on the Status of Local Councillors”: <https://rm.coe.int/analysis-report-on-the-draft-law-on-local-councillors-eng/16808e62e4>  
 “Analysis Report on the Draft Law on Supervision”: <https://rm.coe.int/analysis-report-on-the-draft-law-on-supervision-eng/16808e6315>

## **B. Completed projects**

<b>ALBANIA</b>	<a href="https://rm.coe.int/co-operation-programme-for-albania-2012-2014/16808e62e4">Co-operation programme for Albania 2012-2014</a> <sup>40</sup> <a href="https://rm.coe.int/co-operation-programme-for-albania-2015-2017/16808e6315">Co-operation programme for Albania 2015-2017</a> <sup>41</sup>
<b>Project title</b>	Strengthening local and regional government structures and cooperation between local elected representatives in Albania <sup>42</sup>
<b>Congress Component</b>	<i>To build a sustainable, pluralistic and unified platform of dialogue for local government representatives in Albania</i>
<b>Dates</b>	October 2012 – June 2017
<b>Budget</b>	1 630 473 € (of which 637 018 € for the Congress component)
<b>Funding</b>	Federal Government of Switzerland
<b>Objectives</b>	Strengthening local and regional government structures;

[local-councillors-eng/16808e62e4](https://rm.coe.int/analysis-report-on-the-draft-law-on-supervision-eng/16808e6315)

<sup>38</sup> “Analysis Report on the Draft Law on Supervision”, Congress of Local and Regional Authorities of the Council of Europe, 11 October 2018. Available at <https://rm.coe.int/analysis-report-on-the-draft-law-on-supervision-eng/16808e6315>

<sup>39</sup> Memorandum of Understanding (English): <http://rm.coe.int/mou-between-the-congress-and-the-auc-eng/16808da1ae>

<sup>40</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16802ed0b9>

<sup>41</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16802f95e4>

<sup>42</sup> Programme jointly implemented with the Centre of Expertise for Local Government Reform, a unit of the Directorate General of Democracy of the Council of Europe Secretariat.

Strengthening cooperation between local elected representatives in Albania to ensure effective decentralisation and local self-government, in line with the principles enshrined in the European Charter of Local Self-Government

### Main activities

3 regional workshops for 150 local government representatives to contribute to the ongoing legislative process, as regards territorial and administrative reform;

5 round tables between experts and representatives of municipalities on specific issues related to the territorial and administrative reform;

Development of a report on the functions of local authorities and their finances, with 49 recommendations;

Study on reinforcing the political role of local and regional authorities and their associations in Albania, with 11 guidelines for improved cooperation between Albanian associations for local authorities;

3 workshops on "Mayors, leaders for change";

Study visit by 8 municipal representatives to Switzerland to observe Swiss practices of direct democracy;

Pilot initiatives on direct democracy in the municipalities of Tirana and Mallakastra: 15 meetings with 250 citizens, schoolchildren, members of municipal staff and municipal councillors;

Study visit by 5 representatives of local and regional authorities and 1 representative of the Latvian Agency for Implementation of Territorial Reform to observe the functioning of consultation in the country and the role of the Latvian Association of Local and Regional Governments;

National conference for representatives of newly formed municipalities, organised jointly with the government, CoE, SDC, USAID, UNDP and SIDA, on the challenges following Territorial and Administrative Reform, and the needs to improve local democracy in Albania;

Contribution to the National Strategy on Decentralisation 2015-2020, amendments on the right to be consulted in law 8652/2000, and Organic Law on Local Self-Government;

Establishment of the Local Self-Government and Central Government Consultative Council, on the basis of the draft Decision of the Council of Ministers on the Consultative Council, explanatory memorandum and draft rules of procedures developed;

Consultancy assistance and peer-to-peer approach training for the Consultative Council/Technical Secretariat;

4 regional workshops to inform Albanian mayors of the setting up of the Consultative Council and explain how it works.

**Publications and tools** Study on the strengthening of the political role of Local and Regional Authorities and their Associations in Albania [[English](#)]<sup>43</sup>

### ARMENIA

[Council of Europe Action Plan for Armenia 2012-2014](#)<sup>44</sup>  
[Council of Europe Action Plan for Armenia 2015-2018](#)<sup>45</sup>

**Project title** Support for the consolidation of local democracy in Armenia<sup>46</sup>

*Congress Component* *Strengthening local elected representatives' leadership*

**Dates** October 2013 - December 2016<sup>47</sup>

**Budget** 1 579 301 € (of which 606 419 € for the Congress component)

<sup>43</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/168071af10>

<sup>44</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16802ed0ba>

<sup>45</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/1680471d82>

<sup>46</sup> Programme jointly implemented with the Centre of Expertise for Local Government Reform, a unit of the Directorate General of Democracy of the Council of Europe Secretariat.

<sup>47</sup> A follow-up to this project was submitted for funding in January 2017 and is still pending.



<b>Funding</b>	Government of Denmark
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>To establish a legal framework in line with European principles and standards of local democracy;</p> <p>To raise awareness of these principles and standards;</p> <p>To strengthen ethical governance and the prevention of corruption;</p> <p>To reinforce leadership and governance skills and capacities of local authorities;</p> <p>To strengthen the involvement of young people and create mechanisms enabling citizens to participate in decision-making at local level.</p>
<b>Main activities</b>	<p>Consultation with mayors and councillors on the implementation of Recommendation 351 (2014) on local democracy in Armenia, resulting in a "Call to the government of Armenia", made public in January 2015, by the three associations dealing with local self-government issues;</p> <p>2 series of regional seminars on the participation of citizens in decision-making at local level in Armenia, attended by over 170 Armenian mayors and councillors;</p> <p>Leadership programme for a group of Armenian mayors in the form of 6 thematic interactive workshops aimed at supporting them in their role as leaders of change;</p> <p>Support programme for the implementation of citizen participation initiatives in 4 Armenian communities, to enable mayors having participated in the leadership programme to put the skills developed into practice - these initiatives were followed up by peer reviews;</p> <p>3 regional workshops for newly elected municipal councillors and councillors of merged communities;</p> <p>2 seminars on European principles of local democracy for young local leaders;</p> <p>Closing ceremony for the project to provide the Armenian participants (mayors, councillors and young local leaders) with an opportunity to present and share their experience with their peers, local and international experts, representatives of the Armenian government, associations of local authorities, as well as members of the Congress.</p>
<b>Publications and tools</b>	Toolkit "Enhancing Citizen Participation in Armenia" [ <a href="#">English</a> <sup>48</sup>   <a href="#">Armenian</a> <sup>49</sup> ]

<b>UKRAINE</b>	<a href="#">Council of Europe Action Plan for Ukraine 2015-2017</a> <sup>50</sup>
<b>Project title</b>	Promoting local democracy in Ukraine <sup>51</sup>
<b>Dates</b>	July 2015 – December 2017 + January – February 2018
<b>Budget</b>	1 826 949 € (2015-2017) + 123 108 € (2018)
<b>Funding</b>	Action Plan for Ukraine donors <sup>52</sup>
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>To support local elected representatives in the strengthening of their institutional and leadership capacities, to encourage them to be more responsive, be accountable in the exercise of their powers and better involve citizens in their policies;</p> <p>To support the implementation of local self-government reform by strengthening</p>

<sup>48</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16806cf43c>

<sup>49</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16806cf43e>

<sup>50</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16802f600e>

<sup>51</sup> This project is a follow-up to activities implemented within the framework of the "Immediate measures package for Ukraine" in 2014 (275 969 €) and the project entitled "Strengthening the capacity of local authorities in Ukraine" in 2015, funded by Denmark (184 462 €).

<sup>52</sup> Funded by 20 member states: Germany, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Hungary, Ireland, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Czech Republic, Romania, United Kingdom, Sweden, Switzerland, and Turkey.



the capacities of local elected representatives to provide better co-ordination, planning and management;

To promote active democratic citizenship and support the implementation of local democratic participatory processes, including the observation of local elections.

## Main activities

### 2015-2017:

6 "Mayors, leaders for change" workshops, involving over 130 Ukrainian mayors;

6 "Councillors: everyday actors of local democracy" workshops, with over 200 participants in total;

1 workshop organised specifically for the municipal council of the city of Kyiv (50 participants);

3 round tables organised in partnership with the Ukrainian delegation to the Congress and the Association of Ukrainian Cities;

1 round table on good governance in metropolitan areas;

7 seminars for over 200 young local leaders;

3 study visits organised for 50 young local leaders, at the occasion of the World Forum for Democracy;

The first Forum for local democracy in Ukraine, with the participation of around 100 mayors, municipal councillors and young local leaders;

5 municipalities selected to implement local initiatives for more transparent and participatory governance (involving financial support, input from specialist experts, exchanges between peers and a study visit by mayors during the 33rd session of the Congress).

Discussion paper on gender equality in local political life in Ukraine;

Meeting and debate with representatives of the Ukrainian Parliament on the law on the status of municipal councillors;

Seminar for exchange of good practices following the implementation of initiatives supported by the Congress, in Kyiv, Ukraine (around 75 participants).

### 2018:

External assessment of the results of the project "Promoting local democracy in Ukraine";

1 workshop on the challenges and opportunities for gender equality at the local level in Ukraine, jointly organised with the Association of Ukrainian Cities (AUC).

**Publications and tools** *Metropolitan Governance in Europe and in Ukraine: Legitimacy, Ownership and Efficiency* [[English](#)<sup>53</sup> | [Ukrainian](#)<sup>54</sup>];

"Study on the Ukrainian Law on the Status of Local Councillors" [[English](#)<sup>55</sup> | [Ukrainian](#)<sup>56</sup>];

Study on "Powers and Duties of Local Councillors in the Framework of Decentralisation of Power in Ukraine" [[English](#)<sup>57</sup>];

Discussion paper on "Gender Equality in Local Political Life and the Gender Perspective in Local Policies in Ukraine" [[English](#)<sup>58</sup> | [Ukrainian](#)<sup>59</sup>].

<sup>53</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/metropolitan-governance-in-eur-and-ukr-eng/168078549e>

<sup>54</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/metropolitan-governance-ukr-ukr-web/1680785e45>

<sup>55</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/2018-01-24-study-law-on-local-councillors-eng/1680783ffd>

<sup>56</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/2018-01-25-study-law-on-local-councillors-ukr/1680784064>

<sup>57</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/study-on-powers-and-duties-of-local-councillors-in-the-framework-of-de/168078fafa>

<sup>58</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/gender-equality-in-local-political-life-and-the-gender-perspective-in-/16807bebdde>

<sup>59</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16808a2a51>

**UKRAINE**

<b>Project title</b>	Strengthening the capacity of local authorities in Ukraine <sup>60</sup>
<i>Congress Component</i>	<i>Congress post-monitoring dialogue and training of young political leaders</i>
<b>Dates</b>	April 2014 – May 2015
<b>Budget</b>	600 000 € (of which 120 000 € for the Congress component)
<b>Funding</b>	Government of Denmark
<b>Objectives</b>	Improving the quality of local self-governance; Developing national legal framework in line with the principles of the European Charter for Local self-government and standards on local democracy
<b>Main activities</b>	3 regional seminars in Chernihiv, Odessa or Dnipro for around 75 young local leaders to exchange on the European standards and of the principles of local democracy; 2 thematic round tables, in Kyiv, on constitutional revision and transfer of competencies and on constitutional reform and the financial independence of local authorities, organised with the relevant ministry around the main Congress recommendations.

**UKRAINE**

<b>Project title</b>	Immediate Measures Package for Ukraine
<i>Congress Component</i>	<i>Local Democracy</i>
<b>Dates</b>	April 2014 – December 2014
<b>Budget</b>	2 500 000 € (of which 376 000 € for the Congress component)
<b>Funding</b>	Pool of donors
<b>Objectives</b>	Implementation of democratic reforms in line with the principles and standards of local and regional democracy; Improvement of local political governance.
<b>Main activities</b>	Observation of the pre-term municipal elections on 25 May 2014; High level visit to Kyiv and Odessa; 1 thematic roundtable as part of the Congress post-monitoring dialogue with Ukrainian national authorities; 1 regional seminar for around 25 young local leaders on European standards of local and regional democracy; 1 study visit for 20 young local leaders in Strasbourg, in parallel to the 2014 World Forum for democracy; 1 workshop “Mayors, leaders for change”, for 30 mayors who have been newly elected in May 2014.

<sup>60</sup> Programme jointly implemented with the Centre of Expertise for Local Government Reform, a unit of the Directorate General of Democracy of the Council of Europe Secretariat.

## II. Multilateral projects implemented in the framework of specific partnerships

[Partnership for good governance between the European Union and the Council of Europe for Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Republic of Moldova, Ukraine and Belarus \(2015-2017\)](https://www.coe.int/en/web/congress/european-union-council-of-europe-partnership-for-good-governance)<sup>61</sup>

<b>Project title</b>	Thematic programme “Strengthening institutional frameworks for local governance” <sup>62</sup>
<b>Dates</b>	January 2015 – December 2017
<b>Budget</b>	1 332 745 €
<b>Funding</b>	European Union
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>To support the ongoing process of local self-government reform in the beneficiary countries;</p> <p>To promote the adoption of ethical standards and practices by local elected representatives in the region;</p> <p>To support the alignment of local administrations’ financial and human resources management with European standards, led in co-operation with the Centre of Expertise for Local Government Reform.</p>
<b>Main activities</b>	<p>3 meetings of the Steering Committee of the thematic programme;</p> <p>Introductory conference in Tbilisi, Georgia, with around 100 participants from the 6 Eastern Partnership countries (local elected representatives, members of the Congress, experts, representatives of central authorities, representatives of national associations of local and regional authorities and civil society);</p> <p>Study on the roles and responsibilities of mayors and local councillors in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Moldova, Ukraine and Belarus;</p> <p>7 national “Mayors, Leaders for change” workshops for 14 Armenian, 9 Georgian, 20 Moldovan and 19 Ukrainian mayors, on defining and leading successful public policies based on ethical values and standards;</p> <p>Regional seminar on “Local public ethics: from vision to action”, Kyiv, Ukraine, with around 80 participants (local elected representatives, members of the Congress, experts, representatives of central authorities, representatives of national associations of local and regional authorities and civil society);</p> <p>Regional seminar on “Citizen participation: an essential tool in local democracy”, Chisinau, Republic of Moldova, with around 50 participants (local elected representatives, members of the Congress, experts, representatives of central authorities, representatives of national associations of local and regional authorities and civil society);</p> <p>5 meetings of the Community of practice on local democracy in the Eastern Partnership countries in Strasbourg, France, Kyiv, Ukraine, and Tbilisi, Georgia;</p> <p>12 municipalities (in Armenia, Georgia, Republic of Moldova and Ukraine) selected (benefiting from support from their peers and input from experts) to implement local initiatives for more efficient and accountable governance;</p> <p>Conference on local governance in Georgia and the effectiveness of the institutionalised mechanisms for citizen participation, for around 65 participants (representatives of central and local authorities, officials, international organisations, NALAG, members of the Congress and experts);</p> <p>Study on institutionalised citizen participation: assessment of existing mechanisms in Georgia, developed on the basis of working groups with experts and providing recommendations to amend the Code of Local Self-Government in Georgia;</p> <p>Signature of a Memorandum of Understanding between the National Association of Local Authorities of Georgia, the Congress of Local Authorities from Moldova, and</p>

<sup>61</sup> <https://www.coe.int/en/web/congress/european-union-council-of-europe-partnership-for-good-governance>

<sup>62</sup> Thematic programme jointly implemented with the Centre of Expertise for Local Government Reform, a unit of the Directorate General of Democracy of the Council of Europe Secretariat.

the Association of Ukrainian Cities;

Further exchanges between mayors and their respective national associations were organised during the 5th Open Government Summit in Tbilisi, Georgia from 16 to 19 July 2018;

A workshop 'Open Governance at Local Level: Cities Take Action' was organised as a side event to the OGP Summit on 17 July 2018, allowing for the exchange of practices and experiences between peers from Georgia and Ukraine;

Meeting and peer reviews on "Sharing the vision: local democracy and ethical governance in practice" for 3 Moldovan mayors implementing local initiatives and 7 mayors from the municipalities of the Stefan Voda district;

Handbook on 'Transparency and citizen participation in Ukraine' is used as a basis for the development of new activities within the Congress project 'Strengthening democracy and building trust at local level in Ukraine', in particular the e-learning tool and training curricula for local councillors;

Management of change: a tool guide for local and regional authorities available in English, Armenian, Georgian, Romanian and Ukrainian;

Country-specific Handbooks on transparency and citizen participation for local and regional representatives in Armenia, Georgia, Republic of Moldova and Ukraine (available in English and in their respective national languages);

Meeting on "Local initiatives: Managing and communicating the change", Tbilisi, Georgia, with around 30 participants (mayors and project co-ordinators for the local initiatives on ethical governance and transparency, representatives of national associations of local and regional authorities, and experts);

Regional conference for exchange of good practices following the implementation of initiatives supported by the Congress, Tbilisi, Georgia, with around 100 participants (local elected representatives, experts, representatives of central authorities, representatives of national associations of local and regional authorities and civil society).

- Publications and tools** *Roles and responsibilities of mayors and local councillors in Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Moldova, Ukraine and Belarus* [[English](#)<sup>63</sup> | [Russian](#)<sup>64</sup>];
- Institutionalised citizen participation: assessment of existing mechanisms - Georgia* [[English](#)<sup>65</sup> | [Georgian](#)<sup>66</sup>];
- Management of Change: A tool guide for local and regional authorities* [[English](#)<sup>67</sup> | [Armenian](#)<sup>68</sup> | [Georgian](#)<sup>69</sup> | [Romanian](#)<sup>70</sup> | [Ukrainian](#)<sup>71</sup>];
- Handbook on Transparency and Citizen Participation in Armenia* [[English](#)<sup>72</sup> | [Armenian](#)<sup>73</sup>];
- Handbook on Transparency and Citizen Participation in Georgia* [[English](#)<sup>74</sup> | [Georgian](#)<sup>75</sup>];
- Handbook on Transparency and Citizen Participation in the Republic of Moldova* [[English](#)<sup>76</sup> | [Romanian](#)<sup>77</sup>];
- Handbook on Transparency and Citizen Participation in Ukraine* [[English](#)<sup>78</sup> | [Ukrainian](#)<sup>79</sup>];

<sup>63</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/168071b235>

<sup>64</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/168071b345>

<sup>65</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/geo-institutionalised-citizen-participation-eng/1680784817>

<sup>66</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/geo-institutionalised-citizen-participation-kat/1680784818>

<sup>67</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/tool-guide-management-of-change-eng-web-version/16807848d6>

<sup>68</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/management-of-change-hye-web/1680786ae4>

<sup>69</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/management-of-change-kat-web/1680785c77>

<sup>70</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/management-of-change-ron-web/1680786ac6>

<sup>71</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/management-of-change-ukr-web/16807850ef>

<sup>72</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/handbook-arm-eng/168078a58c>

<sup>73</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/handbook-armenia-hye/168078bbe6>

<sup>74</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/handbook-georgia-eng/1680786b7d>

<sup>75</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/handbook-georgia-kat/1680793678>

<sup>76</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/handbook-moldova-eng/168078406b>

<sup>77</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/handbook-moldova-ron/1680788ff5>

<sup>78</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/handbook-ukraine-eng/168078406c>

<sup>79</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/handbook-ukraine-ukr/168078541c>

### III. Projects implemented in the framework of the Council of Europe's policy towards neighbouring regions

<b>MOROCCO</b>	<a href="https://rm.coe.int/16802f7c60">Neighbourhood Partnership with Morocco 2015-2017</a> <sup>80</sup>
<b>Project title</b>	Strengthening local and regional democracy in Morocco
<b>Dates</b>	January 2016 – December 2017 <sup>81</sup>
<b>Budget</b>	196 770 €
<b>Funding</b>	Norway, Estonia, France, Italy, Liechtenstein, Malta, Monaco and Portugal
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>To strengthen the implementation of local and regional democracy in Morocco by enhancing the capacities of local elected representatives and their associations;</p> <p>To promote and raise awareness of European standards of local and regional democracy.</p> <p>To enhance political dialogue between European elected representatives and their counterparts from the South and increasing decentralised co-operation between local and regional authorities on the two sides of the Mediterranean;</p> <p>To bring legislative assistance and expertise in drafting and implementing legislation concerning decentralisation and local and regional governance; and assisting with the electoral process and, where applicable, observing local and regional elections;</p> <p>To raise awareness and train local and regional elected representatives and their officials, with a particular focus on the role of women and young local leaders;</p> <p>To strengthen the role and capacities of associations of local and regional authorities (especially in terms of leadership);</p> <p>To enhance the capacities of local and regional associations to defend their interests, particularly in the regionalisation process;</p> <p>To support the development of participatory democracy, with a particular focus on the role of young people, women and civil society.</p>
<b>Main activities</b>	<p>Study visit during the 32nd session of the Congress (Strasbourg, 27 to 30 March 2017);</p> <p>Study on the role of national associations of local and regional authorities in the national consultation mechanisms in Europe, with a view to the development of such a mechanism in Morocco and Tunisia;</p> <p>Study on the powers and responsibilities of local and regional authorities in Morocco and their training resources, with a view to the setting up of a training mechanism for local and regional elected representatives (future project);</p> <p>Study on the modalities of the organisation of study visits for local and regional elected representatives;</p> <p>Arrangements between the Regions of Morocco (ARM) and Région Grand Est for the organisation of a study visit of Moroccan elected representatives and administrators;</p> <p>International conference “Building an inclusive community: integrating migrants, fighting violent extremism, involving citizens”, organised with the city of Rabat (Rabat, 20 - 22 November 2017);</p> <p>Parliamentary colloquy “Regionalisation in Morocco: opportunities and challenges for consolidating decentralised governance”, organised with the Moroccan Parliament (Rabat, 28 - 29 November 2017);</p> <p>Meeting with a Moroccan delegation, composed of representatives of the Moroccan Ministry of Foreign Affairs, of the DGCL (General Directorate of Local Authorities), of the Moroccan Ministry of the Interior, as well as the Consul General and Vice-</p>

<sup>80</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16802f7c60>

<sup>81</sup> A follow-up to this project under the framework of the Neighbourhood Partnership with Morocco 2018-2021 (which is going to be approved by the Committee of Ministers on 21 March 2018) was submitted for funding in October 2017 and is still pending.

Consul of Morocco. In 2018, Morocco submitted request for the Partner for Local Democracy status with the Congress, approved by the Bureau on 18 June, 2018 for adoption by the Congress.

<b>TUNISIA</b>	<a href="#">Neighbourhood Partnership with Tunisia 2015-2017</a> <sup>82</sup>
<b>Project title</b>	Promoting local and regional democracy in Tunisia
<b>Dates</b>	January 2016 – December 2017 <sup>83</sup>
<b>Budget</b>	99 358 €
<b>Funding</b>	Norway, Estonia, France, Italy, Monaco and Portugal
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>To enhance political dialogue between European elected representatives and their Tunisian counterparts and increase decentralised co-operation between local and regional authorities on the two sides of the Mediterranean;</p> <p>To provide legislative assistance and expertise in drafting and implementing legislation concerning decentralisation and local and regional governance; and assisting with the electoral process and, where applicable, observing local and regional elections;</p> <p>To Raise awareness and train local and regional elected representatives and their officials, with a particular focus on the role of women and young local leaders;</p> <p>To strengthen the role and capacities of associations of local and regional authorities (especially in terms of leadership);</p> <p>To support the development of participatory democracy, with a particular focus on the role of young people, women and civil society.</p>
<b>Main activities</b>	<p>Revision of the Charter of the National Federation of Tunisian Towns and preparation of a manual of internal procedures and rules (in progress);</p> <p>Study visit during the 32nd session of the Congress (Strasbourg, 27-30 March 2017);</p> <p>Study on the role of national associations of local and regional authorities in national consultation mechanisms in Europe, with a view to the development of such a mechanism in Morocco and Tunisia;</p> <p>International conference on "Women in local politics" (Tunis, 26-27 September 2017) intended to promote the exchange of knowledge and better practices regarding the role of women in politics at local level and the building of their capacities, with a view to the next local elections;</p> <p>Legislative assistance towards the draft Code of local authorities submitted to the Assembly of the Representatives of the People and a workshop organised with the participation of Tunisian and Congress experts to exchange on and debate the draft code, as well as decentralisation;</p> <p>Expert support to the drafting of eight implementation decrees of the Code of Local authorities (in progress);</p> <p>Training of Trainers of the Training and Support Centre for Decentralisation in conflict management and political mediation (Tunis, 16-18 November 2017);</p> <p>Training for the staff of the National Federation of Tunisian Towns (FNVT) in project management (Tunis, November 2017).</p> <p>Drafting of a training module on prevention and management of conflict at municipal level (January-February 2018);</p>

<sup>82</sup> <https://rm.coe.int/16802f7dfa>

<sup>83</sup> A follow-up to this project under the framework of the Neighbourhood Partnership with Tunisia 2018-2021 (which is going to be approved by the Committee of Ministers on 21 March 2018) was submitted for funding in October 2017 and is still pending.

Activities in Tunisia not funded by the voluntary contribution

Mission of electoral assessment of the 6 May 2018 municipal elections (Tunisia, 4-6 May 2018);

Participation in Franco-Tunisian local elected representatives meetings organised by the Institut Français and the National Federation of Tunisian Towns (FNVT) (Tunis, 20-21 October 2018).