Biennial Report 2015-2016

Article 9 to the Bern Convention permits exceptions from the obligations accepted by Contracting Parties in pursuance of Articles 4 to 8. The possibility of derogating from the mentioned articles of the Convention is subject to two very clearly defined general conditions, and some non cumulative specific reasons, listed exhaustively in Article 9.

The two general conditions that must be met are:

- a. that there is no other satisfactory solution; and
- b. that the exception will not be detrimental to the survival of the population concerned.

These two conditions are mandatory and cumulative.

The specific reasons for which the exceptions may be granted are the following:

- i. for the protection of flora and fauna;
- ii. to prevent serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property;
- iii. in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (please, specify);
- iv. for the purposes of research and education, of repopulation, of reintroduction and for the necessary breeding;
- v. to permit, under strictly supervised conditions, on a selective basis and to a limited extent, the taking, keeping or other judicious exploitation of certain wild animals and plants in small numbers
- vi. falconry (falconry is dealt with separately)

These specific reasons are mandatory and non cumulative.

According to Article 9§2, Contracting Parties shall report every two years to the Standing Committee on the exceptions made. The reports must specify:

- a. the populations which are or have been subject to the exceptions and, when practical, the number of specimens involved;
- b. the means authorised for the killing or capture;
- c. the conditions of risk and the circumstances of time and place under which such exceptions were granted;
- d. the authority empowered to declare that these conditions have been fulfilled, and to take decisions in respect of the means that may be used, their limits and the persons instructed to carry them out;
- e. the controls involved.

Respondent details

Country

> Principality of Liechtenstein

Entity

> Office of Environment

EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (ART. 6 - APPENDIX II)

Article 6 of the Convention prohibits the following:

- a) all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;
- b) the deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites;
- c) the deliberate disturbance of wild fauna, particularly during the period of breeding, rearing and hibernation, insofar as disturbance would be significant in relation to the objectives of this Convention;
- d) the deliberate destruction or taking of eggs from the wild or keeping these eggs even if empty;
- e) the possession of and internal trade in these animals, alive or dead, including stuffed animals and any readily recognisable part or derivative thereof, (where this would contribute to the effectiveness of the provisions of this article).

Vertebrates

MAMMALS > CHIROPTERA

Vespertilionidae

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Barbastella barbastellus)

Confirmation of species occurrence

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 1

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☑ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted

> Only capture and release for rehabilitating injured animals

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 10. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Eptesicus nilssonii)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country

The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 3

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☑ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for research purposes

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Restrictions on methods used to capture, wildlife licence

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square$ 10. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Myotis daubentonii) Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country
☑ The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 2

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☑ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted

> Only capture and release for rehabilitating injured animals

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 10$. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Myotis myotis)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 1

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☐ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for rehabilitating injured animals

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square$ 10. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Myotis mystacinus)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country

The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 4

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☑ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for research purposes (3x) and for rehabilitating injured animals (1x)

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office, National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence and restrictions on methods used to capture

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 10$. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Nyctalus leisleri)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 4

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☑ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for rehabilitating injured animals

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 10$. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Pipistrellus kuhlii)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 1

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☑ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for rehabilitating injured animals

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 10$. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Pipistrellus nathusii)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country

The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 6

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☑ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted

> Only capture and release for rehabilitating injured animals

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 10$. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Plecotus auritus)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 3

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☐ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for research purposes

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Restrictions on methods used to capture, wildlife licence

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 10$. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Plecotus austriacus)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country

The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical)

> 1

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☐ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for rehabilitating injured animals

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \ \, \square$ 10. Nets

All species of Microchiroptera except Pipistrellus pipistrellus (Vespertilio murinus)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of specimens involved (when practical) > 2

Authorised action (art. 6, a. to f.)

☑ all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

No. of licences

> 1

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for rehabilitating injured animals

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 10$. Nets

EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING FALCONRY

Accipitridae

Buteo rufinus

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)

Origin of birds:

% reared in captivity	% imported	% captured from the wild in the State
100	100	0

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)

> 0

No. of birds captured from the wild each year

> 0

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)

> 1

Means authorised for capture

> National Food and Veterinary Office

Controls involved

> Inspection of premises, esp. enclosures, wildlife licence

Aquila chrysaetos

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)

Origin of birds:

	% reared in captivity	% imported	% captured from the wild in the State
	100	100	0

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)

> 1-2 breeding pairs

No. of birds captured from the wild each year > 0

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)

> 1

Means authorised for capture

> National Food and Veterinary Office

Controls involved

> Inspection of premises, esp. enclosures, wildlife licence

Aquila nipalensis

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)

Origin of birds:

% reared in captivity	% imported	% captured from the wild in the State
100	100	0

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)

> 0

No. of birds captured from the wild each year

> 0

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)

> 1

Means authorised for capture

> National Food and Veterinary Office

Controls involved

> Inspection of premises, esp. enclosures, wildlife licence

Falconidae

Falco peregrinus

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)

> 1

Origin of birds:

	% reared in captivity	% imported	% captured from the wild in the State
	100	100	0

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)

> 1-2 breeding pairs

No. of birds captured from the wild each year > 0

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)

· 1

Means authorised for capture

> National Food and Veterinary Office

Controls involved

> Inspection of premises, esp. enclosures, wildlife licence

Falco cherrug

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of birds in captivity (after entry into force of the Convention)

Origin of birds:

% reared in captivity	% imported	% captured from the wild in the State
100	100	0

Estimated population in the wild (in the State)

> 0

No. of birds captured from the wild each year

> C

No. of birds imported (specify country of origin)

> 1

Means authorised for capture

> National Food and Veterinary Office

Controls involved

> Inspection of premises, esp. enclosures, wildlife licence

EXCEPTIONS CONCERNING PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES (ART. 7 APPENDIX III)

According to article 7 of the Convention, any exploitation of wild fauna specified in Appendix III shall be regulated in order to keep the populations out of danger.

Measures to be taken shall include:

- i. closed seasons and/or other procedures regulating the exploitation;
- ii. the temporary or local prohibition of exploitation, as appropriate, in order to restore satisfactory population levels;
- iii. the regulation as appropriate of sale, keeping for sale, transport for sale or offering for sale of live and dead wild animals.

Exceptions to species listed in Appendix III concern the use of means of capture and killing specified in Appendix IV.

Vertebrates

FISHES > SALMONIFORMES

Salmonidae

Thymallus thymallus

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical) > 202

Exception made

> 164 fishing licences were issued by the National Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Only fishing with a rod is permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Fishing is regulated by the fisheries law (LGBI. 1990, Nr. 44). It aims to protect the diversity and populations of all native fish, crabs and aquatic animals they rely on as well as their habitats. It furthermore governs the sustainable management of fishing in Liechtenstein, which is for example achieved by issuing fishing licences, restricting the type of fishing equipment permitted, limiting catch size as well as numbers, prohibiting fishing in certain areas as well as for certain species, closed fishing seasons as well as the right to prohibit fishing temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed fishing seasons, catch size and number limits, protected areas

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 18$. Hooks

Coregonus all species (Coregonus wartmanni)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 108

Exception made

> 164 fishing licences were issued by the National Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Only fishing with a rod is permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Fishing is regulated by the fisheries law (LGBI. 1990, Nr. 44). It aims to protect the diversity and populations of all native fish, crabs and aquatic animals they rely on as well as their habitats. It furthermore governs the sustainable management of fishing in Liechtenstein, which is for example achieved by issuing fishing licences, restricting the type of fishing equipment permitted, limiting catch size as well as numbers, prohibiting fishing in certain areas as well as for certain species, closed fishing seasons as well as the right to prohibit fishing temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed fishing seasons, catch size and number limits, protected areas

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 18$. Hooks

REPTILES > OPHIDIA (SERPENTES)

Colubridae

All species of Reptiles not included in Annex II (Natrix natrix)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 1

Exception made

> 1 licence was issued by the National Office of Environment for capture and release (relocation)

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > capture and release

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Capture method (by hand)

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 1. Snares

BIRDS > ANSERIFORMES

Anatidae

All species of Birds not included in Appendix II (Anas platyrhynchos)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country <a>I The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 40

Exception made

> 204 hunting licences were issued by the national Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Restrictions on rifle types permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Hunting is regulated by the game law (LGBI. 1962, Nr. 4) and governs the sustainable use of huntable wildlife. It ensures healthy population levels by e.g. issuing closed hunting seasons and the right to prohibit hunting temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels, but also ensures populations are kept within a range to avoid unacceptable damage to protect forests by e.g. foraging.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed hunting season, protected areas / nature reserves, shooting plan

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 14. Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more that two rounds of ammunition.

MAMMALS > RODENTIA

Sciuridae

Marmota marmota

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 61

Exception made

> 204 hunting licences were issued by the national Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Restrictions on rifle types permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Hunting is regulated by the game law (LGBI. 1962, Nr. 4) and governs the sustainable use of huntable wildlife. It ensures healthy population levels by e.g. issuing closed hunting seasons and the right to prohibit hunting temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels, but also ensures populations are kept within a range to avoid unacceptable damage to protect forests by e.g. foraging.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed hunting season, protected areas / nature reserves, shooting plan

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 14. Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more that two rounds of ammunition

Castoridae

Castor fiber

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country $\ \square$ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 9

Exception made

> 4 licences were issued by the national Office of Environment to the national gamekeepers

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iii.: in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests (which?)

Please specify

> public safety -> beavers damaged dams of flood control basins

Impact on the population

> none

You have attached the following Web links/URLs to this answer.

Bibermonitoring - The document shows population trend of beavers in Liechtenstein

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Beavers damaged dams of flood control basins. The licences were locally and temporally limited issued only for these locations, where flood control basins are and only for the time, when beavers have no offspring.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Beaver selective traps were used

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 11. Traps

MAMMALS > CHIROPTERA

Vespertilionidae

Pipistrellus pipistrellus

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country <a>I The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 15

Exception made

> Only capture and release for research purposes (1x) and for rehabilitating injured animals (14x)

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Only capture and release for research purposes (1x) and for rehabilitating injured animals (14x)

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Food and Veterinary Office, National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Inspection of premises, wildlife licence and restrictions on methods used to capture

Additional details

Where appropriate, please add a text providing information on:

Comments/notes

> There is an animal haven for native bats in Liechtenstein

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing \square 10. Nets

MAMMALS > CARNIVORA

Mustelidae

Meles meles

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical) > 10

Exception made

> 204 hunting licences were issued by the national Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Restrictions on rifle types permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Hunting is regulated by the game law (LGBI. 1962, Nr. 4) and governs the sustainable use of huntable wildlife. It ensures healthy population levels by e.g. issuing closed hunting seasons and the right to prohibit hunting temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels, but also ensures populations are kept within a range to avoid unacceptable damage to protect forests by e.g. foraging.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed hunting season, protected areas / nature reserves, shooting plan

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 14. Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more that two rounds of ammunition

MAMMALS > ARTIODACTYLA

Cervidae

All species of Cervidae (Cervus elaphus)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 326

Exception made

> 204 hunting licences were issued by the national Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Restrictions on rifle types permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Hunting is regulated by the game law (LGBI. 1962, Nr. 4) and governs the sustainable use of huntable wildlife. It ensures healthy population levels by e.g. issuing closed hunting seasons and the right to prohibit hunting temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels, but also ensures populations are kept within a range to avoid unacceptable damage to protect forests by e.g. foraging.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed hunting season, protected areas / nature reserves, shooting plan

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 14. Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more that two rounds of ammunition

All species of Cervidae (Capreolus capreolus)

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country

The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 533

Exception made

> 204 hunting licences were issued by the national Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Restrictions on rifle types permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Hunting is regulated by the game law (LGBI. 1962, Nr. 4) and governs the sustainable use of huntable wildlife. It ensures healthy population levels by e.g. issuing closed hunting seasons and the right to prohibit hunting temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels, but also ensures populations are kept within a range to avoid unacceptable damage to protect forests by e.g. foraging.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed hunting season, protected areas / nature reserves, shooting plan

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 14. Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more that two rounds of ammunition

Bovidae

Capra ibex

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 4

Exception made

> 204 hunting licences were issued by the national Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Restrictions on rifle types permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Hunting is regulated by the game law (LGBI. 1962, Nr. 4) and governs the sustainable use of huntable wildlife. It ensures healthy population levels by e.g. issuing closed hunting seasons and the right to prohibit

hunting temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels, but also ensures populations are kept within a range to avoid unacceptable damage to protect forests by e.g. foraging.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed hunting season, protected areas / nature reserves, shooting plan

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 14. Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more that two rounds of ammunition

Rupicapra rupicapra

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 294

Exception made

> 204 hunting licences were issued by the national Office of Environment

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ v.: judicious exploitation of certain wild plants in small numbers and under certain conditions

How have the activities allowed been controlled and by whom?

> National Office of Environment

How is the selectivity granted

> Restrictions on rifle types permitted

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > Hunting is regulated by the game law (LGBI. 1962, Nr. 4) and governs the sustainable use of huntable wildlife. It ensures healthy population levels by e.g. issuing closed hunting seasons and the right to prohibit hunting temporarily/spatially to restore satisfactory population levels, but also ensures populations are kept within a range to avoid unacceptable damage to protect forests by e.g. foraging.

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Closed hunting season, protected areas / nature reserves, shooting plan

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing

☑ 14. Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more that two rounds of ammunition

Invertebrates

ARTHROPODA > MALACOSTRACA

Decapoda

Astacus astacus

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 17

Exception made

> 1 catching licence was issued by the National Office of Environment for research purposes and for education purposes

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

☑ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > capture and release

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Capture method (restricted to the use of fish traps)

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 11$. Traps

Austropotamobius pallipes

Confirmation of species occurrence

Please confirm the occurrence of the species in the country ☐ The species occurs in the country

No. of individuals involved (when practical)

> 448

Exception made

> 1 catching licence was issued by the National Office of Environment for research purposes and for education purposes

Reasons for issuing of licences (art. 9, i. to v.)

 $\ensuremath{\square}$ iv.: for research / education / repopulation / reintroduction / necessary breeding

Impact on the population

> none

Conditions of risk and the circumstances and the time and place under which exceptions where granted > only capture and release was allowed

The authority empowered to declare that the conditions have been fulfilled

> National Office of Environment

The controls involved

> Capture method (restricted to the use of fish traps)

Where appropriate: indiscriminate means of capture and killing $\ \square \ 11.$ Traps