Albania – national procedures for extradition Updated 20.05.2019

The information contained in this table should be updated on a yearly basis.

The Central Authority (name of the institution, address, telephone, fax and e-mail where available) responsible for extradition:	Ministry of Justice Department of Foreign Jurisdictional Relations Address: Blv. "Zog I", Postal Code: 256, Tirana, Albania Tel: +355 4 2230247 Fax:+3554234560 Contact Email: <u>Odeta.Thengjilli@drejtesia.gov.al</u> Email :foreigndepart@drejtesia.gov.al
If different from the Central Authority the authority to which the request should be sent (name of the institution, address, telephone, fax and e-mail where available):	
Channels of communication for the request for extradition (directly, through diplomatic channels or other):	Directly to Ministry of Justice, through diplomatic channels when required reciprocally or via Interpol in urgent cases
Means of communication (eg. by post, fax, e-mail ¹):	The requests on extradition should be sent directly to Ministry of Justice as central authority by post. In urgent cases the acts can be transmitted in advance by fax or email to the Ministry of Justice. Encryption or electronic signature is not required

¹ Please indicate if encryption or electronic signature is required.

Language requirements:	Albania has not made any rese language of acts. Extradition r documents have to be accomp Albanian or into one of the of of Europe (English or French)	equest and the relevant anied by a translation into
Documentation required:	The request of extradition must be -the copy of the sentenced by proceedings; -a report of the criminal offence in extradition indicating the time and offence and its legal qualification; -the text of legal provisions to be a criminal offence subject to extraditi provides death penalty.	imprisonment or of the act of n charge of the person subject to the place of the commission of the npplied, indicating whether for the
	-personal data and any other possi define the identity and the citiz extradition.	
Provisional arrest:	Time limit for presentation of formal extradition request if the person is in provisional arrest	In cases of provisional arrest pending extradition the request for extradition should be submitted within 18 days. It should not exceed 40 days from the date of such arrest. (Provided by article 16/4 of European Convention on Extradition)
	Is there a need for an explicit request for prolongation of the provisional arrest beyond the 18 days mentioned in Article 16, paragraph 4 of the European Convention on Extradition (ETS No.24)?	Yes. According to Albanian Code of Criminal Procedure the coercive measures on extradition purpose are revoked if, within eighteen days and anyhow in a maximum of forty days from

		the notification herein of, the request for extradition and the documents enclosed do not arrive to the Ministry of Justice
Extradition procedures: Please describe shortly the different types of procedure (e.g. normal, simplified, other) indicating the main differences:	In accordance with internal law extradition are regulated: nor procedure. Normal procedure : The request submitted by Ministry of Justice Office which submits then accor procedure the request on extrad the court which evaluates and of are for the approval of surrende appealed. The Minister of Justice, based on is no political grounds securi refused, decides the approval of days from the date the dece executable. After the expiration case the decision is not rendered subject to extradition, if imprison Simplified Procedure: The person whose extradition i surrender himself to the requestion the benefit from the principle of procedure. This consent is given session that is held with the prosecutor and the defence attor examination of the request for ex-	mal procedure or simplified and the accompanying acts are e to the General Prosecution's ording to the criminal code of ition to the competent court. It decides whether the conditions er or not. This decision can be a the decision of Court, if there ity for the extradition to be or not of extradition within 30 ision has become final and n of this time period, even in ed by the Minister, the person hed, shall be released.
Detention before and after the receipt of the extradition request, (deadlines, conditional release, etc.):	In cases of provisional arrest performed for extradition should be submitted. It should not exceed 40 days (Provided by article 16/4 of Extradition) The coercive measures are revolution.	ted within 18 days. from the date of such arrest. f European Convention on

	from the start of their execution it has not terminated the proceedings before the court. Upon the request of the prosecutor the time period can be prolonged, but not longer than one month, when necessary to make particularly complex verifications.
Statutes of limitation for the purpose of prosecution and for the execution of sentences (general principles):	Statute of limitations for criminal prosecutiona) twenty years on offences for which the law providessentences of no lower than ten years of imprisonment or otherheavier punishment.b) ten years on offences for which the law provides sentencesbetween five and ten years of imprisonment;c) five years on offences for which the law provides sentencesup to five years of imprisonment or fine;ç) three years for criminal contraventions which providesentences up to two years of imprisonment;d) two years for criminal contraventions which provide fines.There is no statute of limitation operative for the criminalprosecution against war crimes and crimes against humanity.Statute of limitations on the execution of sentences:a) twenty years for imprisonment sentences between fifteen totwenty-five years;b) ten years for imprisonment sentences of up to five years orother lighter sentences.
Provisions concerning extradition of nationals:	Albania cannot grant extradition of own nationals based on the Constitution unless it is specifically provided for as such in a bilateral agreement.

Surrender (eg. deadlines):	The Minister of Justice communicates the decision to the requesting state and, when this is favourable, the place of the surrender and the date by which it is expected to start. The time period of the surrender is fifteen days from the fixed date and, upon motivated request of the requesting state, it may be also extended to fifteen other days.
Other particularly relevant information (such as, specific requirements concerning double criminality):	Yes. Procedure is based on principle of double criminality.
Links to national legislation, national guides on procedure,	The internal legislation in English can be found at http://www.drejtesia.gov.al Ministry of Justice web site: www.drejtesia.gov.al General Prosecution Office: web site: www.pp.gov.al http://www.drejtesia.gov.al/al/dokumente/legjislacioni/legjisl acioni-i-brendshem