



Third Workshop

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Revision Process of the AML/CFT Law

H Zammit LaFerla
AML/CFT Consultant







Project against Economic Crime (PECK) www.coe.int/peck

Legal Opinion on Amendments and Supplements to the AML/CFT Law

Introduction





Objectives:

 to provide a legal opinion on the proposed amendments to the AML/CFT Law

through

 a review of draft amendments with comments and recommendations to ensure compliance with international standards





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Output:

- Legal Opinion in the form of a Technical Paper with comments and recommendations
- Proposed drafting text where appropriate as guidance to the authorities to redraft some of the proposed or new amendments





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Methodology: based upon

- The English version of the AML/CFT Law with proposed amendments as at 5 June 2015 - incomplete;
- The Concept Document on Upgrading the Level of Prevention of ML and TF (Government Decision No. 08/12 of 5 February 2015);
- The PECK AR on Compliance with International AML/CFT Standards as adopted on 2 December 2014;
- The Joint Report of the PECK Mission to Pristina on 25 27 March 2015;
- International Standards (FATF and European Union).





Legal Opinion on Amendments and Supplements to the AML/CFT Law

Executive Summary





Some positives...

- The proposed amendments to the AML/CFT Law should aim to enhance its harmonisation with international standards;
- The amendments have addressed various weaknesses that had been identified in the PECK Assessment Report;
- The amendments have removed some of the identified legal inconsistencies, ambiguities and uncertainties.





..... but...

- In some instances the objective of the review seems to deviate from that of harmonisation with international standards – powers for the FIU-K;
- In general the revised AML/CFT Law remains fragmented: creating inconsistencies, at times verging on the discriminatory, in the process;
- Moreover the verbatim approach for the transposition of certain international obligations continues to feature in these amendments – treatment for Trusts (unless provided with services).





Repressive Measures & FIU - some identified shortcomings

- The keeping of a duplicative set of ancillary offences for ML and issues related to criminal corporate liability;
- The duplicate criminalisation of TF creating legal uncertainty and posing a serious risk to the effective application of the TF criminal provisions;
- An incomplete framework for the implementation of UNSCRs concerning targeted financial sanctions related to terrorism and TF;
- Structure and operations of the FIU-K regarding the effect of non-core functions on the efficiency of the FIU-K; and
- Administrative Sanctions and Remedial Measures.





Repressive Measure & FIU - some recommendations

- Further considerations regarding the criminalisation of money laundering and the criminalisation of terrorist financing;
- A rethink of the rationale for the non-core functions of the FIU-K and implications on its efficiency and effectiveness;
- A rethink of the entire sanctioning regime for administrative, prudential and criminal offences including the introduction of graduated remedial measures; and
- Consideration of the proposed additional amendments to the AML/CFT Law recommended in the Legal Opinion.





Preventive Regime some identified shortcomings....

- Sporadic provisions for the assessment and prevention of risk;
- Non-application of all CDD measures to all reporting subjects;
- CDD issues related to PEPs, beneficial owners and beneficiaries of life or other investment related insurance business;
- Protection and prohibition of disclosure;
- Supervision and compliance regime;
- No provisions for maintenance of meaningful and comprehensive statistics.

11





Preventive Regime some recommendations....

- Consideration of further recommendations made in the PECK Assessment Report;
- A rethink on the fragmentation of the Law;
- A rethink of the compliance supervisory regime;
- A review of proposed approach to risk assessment and risk management provisions;
- Consideration of the proposed additional amendments to the AML/CFT Law.







Contact at:

zammitlh@go.net.mt